## $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS} \\ \textbf{(AUDITED)} \end{array}$

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



Board of Education West Branch Local School District 14277 Main Street Beloit, Ohio 44609

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the West Branch Local School District, Mahoning County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The West Branch Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 7, 2011



### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education West Branch Local School District 14277 Main Street Beloit, Ohio 44609

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Branch Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the West Branch Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the West Branch Local School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Branch Local School District, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2010 on our consideration of the West Branch Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measuring and presenting of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Independent Auditor's Report West Branch Local School District Page Two

Julian & Sube the

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise West Branch Local School District's basic financial statements. The schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 17, 2010

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The management's discussion and analysis of the West Branch Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2010 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$959,506 which represents a 2.36% decrease from 2009.
- General revenues accounted for \$17,264,136 in revenue or 76.70% of all revenues. Program specific revenue in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$5,243,972 or 23.30% of total revenues of \$22,508,108.
- The District had \$23,467,614 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$5,243,972 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$17,264,136 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$18,312,825 in revenues and other financing sources and \$17,996,726 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal 2010, the general fund's fund balance increased \$316,099 from \$1,638,821 to \$1,954,920.

### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has one major fund: the general fund.

### Reporting the District as a Whole

### Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2010?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include non-fiduciary assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 14-15 of this report.

### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

### Governmental Funds

All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 21 and 22. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-50 of this report.

### The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2010	2009
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 12,492,600	\$ 11,727,124
Capital assets, net	42,647,572	44,352,222
Total assets	55,140,172	56,079,346
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	7,706,907	7,288,498
Long-term liabilities	7,680,433	8,078,510
Total liabilities	15,387,340	15,367,008
Net assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	36,292,514	37,745,501
Restricted	2,156,253	2,007,634
Unrestricted	1,304,065	959,203
Total net assets	\$ 39,752,832	\$ 40,712,338

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2010, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$39,752,832.

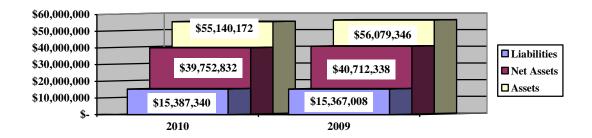
At year-end, capital assets represented 77.34% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, textbooks and library books and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2010, were \$36,292,514. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$2,156,253, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,304,065 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2009.

### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

### **Change in Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities 2010	Governmental Activities 2009	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,531,602	\$ 2,717,178	
Operating grants and contributions	2,712,370	2,352,827	
Capital grants and contributions	-	11,659	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	4,696,435	4,849,243	
Grants and entitlements	12,277,539	12,098,459	
Investment earnings	16,691	66,024	
Other	273,471	64,470	
Total revenues	22,508,108	22,159,860	

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **Change in Net Assets**

	Governmental Activities  2010	Governmental Activities 2009		
<u>Expenses</u>				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 10,452,503	\$ 10,253,670		
Special	2,618,170	2,245,724		
Vocational	420,870	411,736		
Other	46,751	66,842		
Support services:				
Pupil	1,125,985	1,029,070		
Instructional staff	1,242,689	1,166,828		
Board of education	37,549	36,734		
Administration	1,563,045	1,503,905		
Fiscal	458,662	436,110		
Business	26,287	-		
Operations and maintenance	1,964,442	2,228,932		
Pupil transportation	1,290,436	1,598,047		
Central	289,110	270,727		
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	875,089	919,906		
Other non-instructional services	54,514	60,809		
Extracurricular activities	667,059	691,271		
Interest and fiscal charges	334,453	346,022		
Total expenses	23,467,614	23,266,333		
Change in net assets	(959,506)	(1,106,473)		
Net assets at beginning of year	40,712,338	41,818,811		
Net assets at end of year	\$ 39,752,832	\$ 40,712,338		

### **Governmental Activities**

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$959,506. Total governmental expenses of \$23,467,614 were offset by program revenues of \$5,243,972 and general revenues of \$17,264,136. Program revenues supported 22.35% of the total governmental expenses.

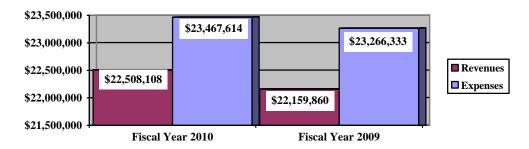
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 75.41% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The District is located in Mahoning, Columbiana and Portage Counties and as a result is continually in a sexenial or triennial update. With the increase in property valuation, the District is now operating at the 20 mill floor which is the state minimum required property tax funding for a school district's operations. Due to this, the District is able to receive the full advantage of property tax valuation increases.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

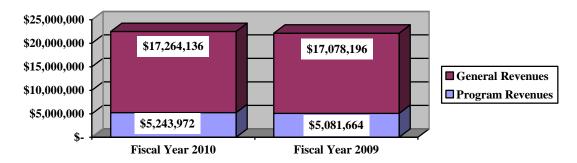
### **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services  2010	Net Cost of Services 2010	Total Cost of Services 2009	Net Cost of Services 2009
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 10,452,503	\$ 8,052,704	\$ 10,253,670	\$ 8,678,954
Special	2,618,170	1,645,565	2,245,724	734,360
Vocational	420,870	322,227	411,736	313,827
Other	46,751	3,649	66,842	66,842
Support services:				
Pupil	1,125,985	981,995	1,029,070	846,736
Instructional staff	1,242,689	959,978	1,166,828	942,008
Board of education	37,549	37,549	36,734	36,734
Administration	1,563,045	1,550,180	1,503,905	1,496,531
Fiscal	458,662	458,662	436,110	436,110
Business	26,287	26,287	-	-
Operations and maintenance	1,964,442	1,950,421	2,228,932	2,224,842
Pupil transportation	1,290,436	1,160,315	1,598,047	1,483,363
Central	289,110	277,678	270,727	87,334
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	875,089	(102,791)	919,906	(50,253)
Other non-instructional services	54,514	50,196	60,809	47,601
Extracurricular activities	667,059	514,574	691,271	493,658
Interest and fiscal charges	334,453	334,453	346,022	346,022
Total expenses	\$ 23,467,614	\$ 18,223,642	\$ 23,266,333	\$ 18,184,669

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 74.04% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 77.65%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$3,889,287, which is greater than last year's total of \$3,616,021. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2010 and 2009.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2010	Fund Balance June 30, 2009	Increase (Decrease)	
General Other governmental	\$ 1,954,920 1,934,367	\$ 1,638,821 	\$ 316,099 (42,833)	
Total	\$ 3,889,287	\$ 3,616,021	\$ 273,266	

### General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$316,099. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2010	2009	Increase	Percentage
	Amount	<u>Amount</u>	(Decrease)	<u>Change</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,044,411	\$ 4,034,912	\$ 9,499	0.24 %
Tuition	1,631,398	1,507,654	123,744	8.21 %
Earnings on investments	11,889	58,893	(47,004)	(79.81) %
Intergovernmental	12,312,220	12,978,442	(666,222)	(5.13) %
Other revenues	309,478	287,312	22,166	7.71 %
Total	\$18,309,396	\$18,867,213	\$ (557,817)	(2.96) %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$10,177,528	\$10,613,799	\$ (436,271)	(4.11) %
Support services	7,322,487	7,349,555	(27,068)	(0.37) %
Operation of non-instructional services	45,570	39,773	5,797	14.58 %
Extracurricular activities	376,634	367,869	8,765	2.38 %
Total	\$17,922,219	\$18,370,996	\$ (448,777)	(2.44) %

The increase in tuition is due to increased open enrollment payments made to the District during the fiscal year. Earnings on investments decreased due to decreasing interest rates during the fiscal year. All other revenues and expenditures remained consistent with the prior year.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

During the course of fiscal year 2010, the District amended its general fund budget. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$18,661,893 which was decreased from the original budgeted revenues estimate of \$20,688,554. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2010 was \$18,505,013. This represents a \$156,880 decrease over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$18,334,905 were increased to \$19,348,374 in the final budget. Actual expenditures plus other financing uses for fiscal year 2010 were \$18,085,644, which is less than the final budgeted amount by \$1,262,730.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2010, the District had \$42,647,572 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, textbooks and library books. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2010 balances compared to 2009:

## Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2010	2009			
Land	\$ 643,930	\$ 643,930			
Land improvements	2,088,152	2,242,538			
Building and improvements	38,529,719	40,030,124			
Furniture and equipment	714,812	721,472			
Vehicles	623,468	579,331			
Textbooks and library books	47,491	134,827			
Total	\$ 42,647,572	\$ 44,352,222			

Total additions to capital assets for 2010 were \$271,434. Disposals to capital assets for 2010 were \$7,666 (net of accumulated depreciation). The District had \$1,968,418 in depreciation expense for the 2010 fiscal year. Overall, capital assets of the District decreased \$1,704,650.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

### Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the District had \$6,602,361in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$410,456 is due within one year and \$6,191,905 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds outstanding.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities  2010	Governmental Activities	
General obligation bonds:			
School improvement bonds - Series 2001	\$ 345,456	\$ 663,563	
Refunding bonds - Series 2007	6,256,905	6,262,749	
Total	\$ 6,602,361	\$ 6,926,312	

At June 30, 2010, the District's legal voted debt margin was \$14,572,945 with an unvoted debt margin of \$224,857.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

### **Current Financial Related Activities**

As the preceding information indicates, the District relies heavily upon grants, entitlements and property taxes. This reliance presents certain internal and external challenges with respect to the future financial stability of the District.

The District must look towards a combination of increased reliance on local property taxes and expenditure reductions in order to fund its operations as State revenue, already the major source of operational revenue, is expected to provide little if any growth in the foreseeable future. At the same time, the District does not foresee any sustainable growth in revenue from current levied property taxes due to slow economic growth and recent year's lack of growth in property valuation. Management must diligently adjust planned expenditures to fit within projected revenues in response to the recent five year financial forecast (fiscal year 2011 through fiscal year 2015).

State funding sources, consisting of unrestricted state aid, restricted state aid and property tax allocation are expected to comprise 66% of daily operating funds in fiscal year 2011. The Evidence Based Model (EBM) became the state aid funding mechanism effective with the 2010-11 biennial budget. As established, it was expected that it would be a number of years until all provisions of the EBM were fully funded. With the budgetary challenges being faced by the State and the Evidence Based Model being called into question as the future funding vehicle, the District has provided for a decline in State revenue over the forecast period.

Local property taxes, consisting of real property and tangible property collections, are expected to comprise 21% of daily operating funds in fiscal 2011. In recent years, tangible property tax collections have continued to be phased out and there has been little change in residential and commercial property values. As such, there was no growth in property valuations for calendar years 2008 and 2009 and five year financial projections would indicate less than one percent growth in valuations per year. The District has provided for only modest increases in property tax revenue over the forecast period.

The District continues to face an ongoing decline in district of residence enrollment. Through fiscal 2010, open enrollment of out of district students has served to maintain a relatively steady if not slightly increasing total enrollment. Any decline in open enrollment in future years would serve to impact state funding.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

West Branch Local School District has committed itself to academic and financial excellence for many years. West Branch Local Schools have been rated "Excellent" by the Ohio Depart of Education for the past 3 academic years. Annual financial audit reports are filed as required by law and an unqualified audit opinion, absent findings, citations, items for adjustment and material weaknesses in internal controls, was received for the most recent audit year. Early in calendar 2010, Standard and Poor's Rating Services conducted surveillance that led to a rating action with respect to the District's 2007 general obligation bond reissue. That rating action resulted in an upgrade from a previous rating of "A-" to "A+". This rating upgrade could have a favorable impact upon future debt issuance and could also improve the perception of outstanding debt currently in the marketplace.

Improvements continue in the quality of fiscal management as demonstrated by a proactive approach to cash management, not only to maximize funds but also to achieve optimal income on cash balances. With the ongoing banking environment, safety of the District's dollars remains top priority. Meeting the needs of the natural budget cycles continues to be our greatest challenge.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Daniel J. Telzrow, Treasurer, West Branch Local School District, 14277 Main Street, Beloit, Ohio 44609.

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:		4 400 000		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	6,608,278		
Receivables:		5.460.005		
Taxes		5,469,907		
Accounts		10,259		
Accrued interest		6,216		
Intergovernmental		238,408		
Prepayments		42,742		
Materials and supplies inventory		25,253		
Unamortized bond issue costs		91,537		
Capital assets:				
Land		643,930		
Depreciable capital assets, net		42,003,642		
Capital assets, net		42,647,572		
Total assets		55,140,172		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		156,158		
Accrued wages and benefits		2,283,242		
Pension obligation payable		481,949		
Intergovernmental payable		117,048		
Accrued interest payable		18,786		
Unearned revenue		4,649,724		
Long-term liabilities:		,,		
Due within one year		551,018		
Due within more than one year		7,129,415		
Total liabilities		15,387,340		
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		36,292,514		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		490,350		
Debt service		669,982		
Classroom facilities maintenance		449,285		
Federally funded programs		11,562		
Public school support		27,031		
Student activities		39,709		
Other purposes		468,334		
Unrestricted		1,304,065		
Total net assets	\$	39,752,832		

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net (Expense)

	Expenses			Program	Reve	nues	R (	evenue and Changes in Net Assets
				Charges for Services and Sales	(	Operating Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:	_		_		_		_	
Regular	\$	10,452,503	\$	1,677,846	\$	721,953	\$	(8,052,704)
Special		2,618,170		40,200		932,405		(1,645,565)
Vocational		420,870		-		98,643		(322,227)
Other		46,751		-		43,102		(3,649)
Support services:		1 125 085		126 104		17 996		(081 005)
Pupil		1,125,985 1,242,689		126,104 306		17,886 282,405		(981,995) (959,978)
Board of education		37,549		300		262,403		(37,549)
Administration		1,563,045		_		12,865		(1,550,180)
Fiscal		458,662		_		12,005		(458,662)
Business		26,287		_		_		(26,287)
Operations and maintenance		1,964,442		1,387		12,634		(1,950,421)
Pupil transportation		1,290,436		-,		130,121		(1,160,315)
Central		289,110		-		11,432		(277,678)
Operation of non-instructional services:								, , ,
Other non-instructional services		54,514		121		4,197		(50,196)
Food service operations		875,089		539,652		438,228		102,791
Extracurricular activities		667,059		145,986		6,499		(514,574)
Interest and fiscal charges		334,453		-				(334,453)
Totals	\$	23,467,614	\$	2,531,602	\$	2,712,370		(18,223,642)
			Pı	neral revenues	vied fo			4 000 617
								4,080,617
								78,617
			G	rants and entitle	ements	s not restricted		537,201
								12,277,539
					_			16,691
			M	liscellaneous .				273,471
								17,264,136
				C				(959,506)
			Net	assets at begin	nning	of year		40,712,338
			Net	assets at end	of year	r	. \$	39,752,832

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

Assets:           Equity in pooled cash and investments.         \$ 4,436,254         \$ 2,172,024         \$ 6,608,278           Receivables:         Taxes.         4,755,893         714,014         5,469,907           Accounts.         6,971         3,288         10,259           Intergovernmental         38,627         199,781         238,408           Accrued interest         6,216         99,781         238,408           Acrued interest         53,464         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         25,253         25,253           Total assets         9,332,595         3,121,932         12,454,527           Liabilities.           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accounts payable         \$ 1689         2         2         2,232,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         2         1,689         1         1,689         1         1,689         1         1,689         1         1,689         1         1,689         1         1,689         1         1,689         1         1,689         1		General		Go	Other evernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
and investments.         \$ 4,436,254         \$ 2,172,024         \$ 6,608,278           Receivables:         Taxes.         4,755,893         714,014         5,469,907           Accounts.         6,971         3,288         10,259           Intergovernmental         38,627         199,781         238,408           Accrued interest         6,216         -         6,216           Interfund loans.         53,464         -         53,464           Prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 12,454,527           Liabilities           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accounts payable         \$ 1,689         \$ -         \$ 1,689           Pension obligation payable         \$ 431,449         \$ 50,500         \$ 481,949								
Receivables:         Taxes.         4,755,893         714,014         5,469,907           Accounts.         6,971         3,288         10,259           Intergovernmental         38,627         199,781         238,408           Accrued interest.         6,216         -         6,216           Interfund loans.         53,464         -         53,464           Prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 12,454,527           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accouge wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable.         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966								
Taxes.         4,755,893         714,014         5,469,907           Accounts.         6,971         3,288         10,259           Intergovernmental         38,627         199,781         238,408           Accrued interest         6,216         -         6,216           Interfund loans.         53,464         -         53,464           Prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 124,454,527           Liabilities:           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         41,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,886         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         7		\$	4,436,254	\$	2,172,024	\$	6,608,278	
Accounts.	Receivables:							
Intergovernmental         38,627         199,781         238,408           Accrued interest         6,216         -         6,216           Interfund loans         53,464         -         53,464           Prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 12,454,527           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable.         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities.         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for								
Accrued interest         6,216         -         6,216           Interfund loans.         53,464         -         53,464           Prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 12,454,527           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable.         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478								
Interfund loans.         53,464         -         53,464           Prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets.         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 12,454,527           Liabilities:           Accounts payable.         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits.         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable.         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable.         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable.         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable.         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue.         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue.         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities.         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for prepayments.         35,170	2				199,781		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 124,545,227           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         <			,		-		*	
Materials and supplies inventory.         -         25,253         25,253           Total assets         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 12,454,527           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,53           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for					-			
Liabilities:         \$ 9,332,595         \$ 3,121,932         \$ 12,454,527           Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for tax revenue         unavailable for appropriation         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved, undesignated, reported in:         General fund.         1,812,642         -         1,812,642 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>35,170</td><td></td><td>7,572</td><td></td><td>42,742</td></t<>			35,170		7,572		42,742	
Liabilities:         Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         General fund.         1,812,642         -         1,812,642           Speci			-					
Accounts payable         \$ 122,681         \$ 33,477         \$ 156,158           Accrued wages and benefits         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         33,630         5,192         38,822           Special revenue funds         -         787,008 <td>Total assets</td> <td>\$</td> <td>9,332,595</td> <td>\$</td> <td>3,121,932</td> <td>\$</td> <td>12,454,527</td>	Total assets	\$	9,332,595	\$	3,121,932	\$	12,454,527	
Accrued wages and benefits.         2,000,093         283,149         2,283,242           Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable.         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue.         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities.         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments.         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         31,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,	Liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable         1,689         -         1,689           Pension obligation payable         431,449         50,500         481,949           Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for tax revenue         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         General fund.         1,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920	Accounts payable	\$	122,681	\$	33,477	\$	156,158	
Pension obligation payable       431,449       50,500       481,949         Intergovernmental payable       90,086       26,962       117,048         Interfund loans payable       -       53,464       53,464         Deferred revenue       689,089       132,877       821,966         Unearned revenue       4,042,588       607,136       4,649,724         Total liabilities       7,377,675       1,187,565       8,565,240         Fund balances:         Reserved for encumbrances       73,478       22,764       96,242         Reserved for materials and supplies inventory       -       25,253       25,253         Reserved for prepayments       35,170       7,572       42,742         Reserved for tax revenue       33,630       5,192       38,822         Reserved for debt service       -       596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       General fund       1,812,642       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287	Accrued wages and benefits		2,000,093		283,149		2,283,242	
Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         31,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287	Compensated absences payable		1,689		-		1,689	
Intergovernmental payable         90,086         26,962         117,048           Interfund loans payable         -         53,464         53,464           Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         31,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287			431,449		50,500		481,949	
Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         unavailable for appropriation         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved, undesignated, reported in:         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         -         787,008         787,008           General fund         1,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287	Intergovernmental payable		90,086		26,962		117,048	
Deferred revenue         689,089         132,877         821,966           Unearned revenue         4,042,588         607,136         4,649,724           Total liabilities         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:           Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         unavailable for appropriation         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved, undesignated, reported in:         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         -         787,008         787,008           General fund         1,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287	Interfund loans payable		-		53,464		53,464	
Fund balances:         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:         Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         General fund         1,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287	- ·		689,089		132,877		821,966	
Fund balances:         7,377,675         1,187,565         8,565,240           Fund balances:         Reserved for encumbrances         73,478         22,764         96,242           Reserved for materials and supplies inventory         -         25,253         25,253           Reserved for prepayments         35,170         7,572         42,742           Reserved for tax revenue         33,630         5,192         38,822           Reserved for debt service         -         596,228         596,228           Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         General fund         1,812,642         -         1,812,642           Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287	Unearned revenue		4,042,588		607,136		4,649,724	
Reserved for encumbrances       73,478       22,764       96,242         Reserved for materials and supplies inventory       -       25,253       25,253         Reserved for prepayments       35,170       7,572       42,742         Reserved for tax revenue       -       -       33,630       5,192       38,822         Reserved for debt service       -       596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       -       1,812,642       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287			7,377,675		1,187,565		8,565,240	
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory       -       25,253       25,253         Reserved for prepayments       35,170       7,572       42,742         Reserved for tax revenue       -       -       -       38,822         Reserved for debt service       -       -       596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       -       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287	Fund balances:							
Reserved for materials and supplies inventory       -       25,253       25,253         Reserved for prepayments       35,170       7,572       42,742         Reserved for tax revenue       -       -       -       38,822         Reserved for debt service       -       -       596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       -       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287	Reserved for encumbrances		73,478		22,764		96,242	
Reserved for prepayments.       35,170       7,572       42,742         Reserved for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation       33,630       5,192       38,822         Reserved for debt service       -       596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       -       1,812,642       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287	Reserved for materials and supplies inventory		-				*	
Reserved for tax revenue unavailable for appropriation       33,630       5,192       38,822         Reserved for debt service       - 596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       General fund       1,812,642       - 1,812,642         Special revenue funds       - 787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       - 490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287			35,170					
Reserved for debt service       -       596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       General fund.       1,812,642       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287	1 1 2		,		,		,	
Reserved for debt service       -       596,228       596,228         Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:       General fund.       1,812,642       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287	unavailable for appropriation		33,630		5,192		38,822	
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:         General fund.       1,812,642       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287			-		596,228		596,228	
General fund.       1,812,642       -       1,812,642         Special revenue funds       -       787,008       787,008         Capital projects funds       -       490,350       490,350         Total fund balances       1,954,920       1,934,367       3,889,287	Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:							
Special revenue funds         -         787,008         787,008           Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287			1,812,642		-		1,812,642	
Capital projects funds         -         490,350         490,350           Total fund balances         1,954,920         1,934,367         3,889,287	Special revenue funds		_		787,008		787,008	
	Capital projects funds				490,350		490,350	
Total liabilities and fund balances	Total fund balances		1,954,920		1,934,367		3,889,287	
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,332,595	\$	3,121,932	\$	12,454,527	

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2010}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 3,889,287
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		42,647,572
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 781,361 5,475 35,130	
Total		821,966
Unamortized bond issue costs are not recognized in the funds		91,537
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance are not recognized in the funds.		(400,091)
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		305,419
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(18,786)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences payable General obligation bonds payable	 (981,711) (6,602,361)	
Total		 (7,584,072)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 39,752,832

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Taxes	\$	4,044,411	\$	608,309	\$	4,652,720
Tuition		1,631,398		-		1,631,398
Earnings on investments		11,889		837		12,726
Charges for services		-		539,652		539,652
Extracurricular		1,236		275,909		277,145
Classroom materials and fees		1,407		30,113		31,520
Other local revenues		306,835		42,505		349,340
Intergovernmental - intermediate		3,672		-		3,672
Intergovernmental - state		12,226,527		181,146		12,407,673
Intergovernmental - federal		82,021		2,446,109		2,528,130
Total revenues		18,309,396		4,124,580		22,433,976
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		8,049,348		902,033		8,951,381
Special		1,707,637		922,736		2,630,373
Vocational		417,790		-		417,790
Other		2,753		43,998		46,751
Support services:						
Pupil		989,065		152,787		1,141,852
Instructional staff		896,172		282,079		1,178,251
Board of education		37,549		-		37,549
Administration		1,539,359		12,741		1,552,100
Fiscal		436,409		13,613		450,022
Business		26,287		-		26,287
Operations and maintenance		1,845,374		93,824		1,939,198
Pupil transportation		1,280,354		47,833		1,328,187
Central		271,918		11,432		283,350
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations		-		870,116		870,116
Other non-instructional services		45,570		7,660		53,230
Extracurricular activities		376,634		214,759		591,393
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		12,649		12,649
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		425,000		425,000
Interest and fiscal charges				234,500		234,500
Total expenditures		17,922,219		4,247,760		22,169,979
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		387,177		(123,180)		263,997
over (under) expenditures		307,177	-	(123,100)		203,771
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of assets		2,341		-		2,341
Transfers in		1,088		74,507		75,595
Transfers (out)		(74,507)		(1,088)		(75,595)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(71,078)		73,419		2,341
Net change in fund balances		316,099		(49,761)		266,338
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,638,821		1,977,200		3,616,021
Increase in reserve for inventory		-		6,928		6,928
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,954,920	\$	1,934,367	\$	3,889,287

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	266,338
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense  Total	\$ 271,434 (1,968,418		(1,696,984)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			(7,666)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.			6,928
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Taxes Interest revenue Intergovernmental revenue Total	43,715 4,350 30,006	)	78,071
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			425,000
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. More interest is reported in the statement of activities due to the following:  Decrease in accrued interest payable  Accreted interest on "capital appreciation bonds"  Amortization of bond issuance costs  Amortization of bond premiums  Amortization of deferred charges on refundings  Total	864 (101,049 (6,823 29,820 (22,765	9) 3) )	(99,953)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
expenditures in governmental funds.			68,760
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(959,506)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>						riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues:		Original				1101441		r (egutive)
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	4,603,451	\$	4,106,018	\$	4,062,036	\$	(43,982)
Tuition		1,726,624		1,647,221		1,631,398		(15,823)
Earnings on investments		60,405		9,527		10,017		490
Extracurricular		4,575		1,249		1,236		(13)
Classroom materials and fees		2,217		1,586		1,748		162
Other local revenues		304,619		291,809		291,412		(397)
Intergovernmental - intermediate		6,112		3,692		3,652		(40)
Intergovernmental - state		13,895,787		12,501,655		12,367,743		(133,912)
Intergovernmental - federal		79,818		92,380		91,390		(990)
Total revenues		20,683,608		18,655,137		18,460,632		(194,505)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		8,251,750		8,565,035		8,095,695		469,340
Special		1,269,006		1,776,035		1,692,073		83,962
Vocational		437,516		444,013		423,483		20,530
Other		9,164		12,167		4,007		8,160
Support services:								
Pupil		979,850		1,026,660		954,059		72,601
Instructional staff		841,110		920,399		870,971		49,428
Board of education		34,471		52,733		37,692		15,041
Administration		1,602,717		1,626,453		1,564,351		62,102
Fiscal		443,564		445,505		429,742		15,763
Business		6,567		6,556		6,346		210
Operations and maintenance		1,966,020		1,975,951		1,776,816		199,135
Pupil transportation		1,649,098		1,648,564		1,396,656		251,908
Central		297,769		311,708		288,396		23,312
Operation of non-instructional services		37,515		45,353		43,159		2,194
Extracurricular activities		419,671		416,735		375,125		41,610
Total expenditures		18,245,788		19,273,867		17,958,571		1,315,296
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		2,437,820		(618,730)		502,061		1,120,791
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		4,414		4,415		4,415		_
Transfers in		522		-,		1,088		1,088
Transfers (out)		(89,117)		(74,507)		(74,507)		-
Advances in		-		-		36,537		36,537
Advances (out)		_		_		(52,566)		(52,566)
Sale of assets		10		2,341		2,341		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(84,171)		(67,751)		(82,692)		(14,941)
Net change in fund balance		2,353,649		(686,481)		419,369		1,105,850
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,597,872		3,597,872		3,597,872		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		263,192		263,192		263,192		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,214,713	\$	3,174,583	\$	4,280,433	\$	1,105,850
•			<u> </u>		_			

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

	Private-Purpose Trust					
	Scholarship			Agency		
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	20,911	\$	31,292		
Total assets		20,911	\$	31,292		
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable		-	\$	2,801		
Intergovernmental payable		-		5		
Due to students				28,486		
Total liabilities			\$	31,292		
Net assets:						
Held in trust for scholarships		20,911				
Total net assets	\$	20,911				

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

		e-Purpose Trust
	Sch	olarship
Additions:		
Interest	\$	25
Total additions		25
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		251
Change in net assets		(226)
Net assets at beginning of year		21,137
Net assets at end of year	\$	20,911

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The West Branch Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Education (the "Board") elected by its citizens. The District ranks as the 197<sup>th</sup> largest by enrollment among the 905 public school districts and community schools in the State. It currently operates five school buildings staffed by 133 non-certified and 181 certified employees to provide services to 2,475 students in grades K through 12.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

### Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS)

Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS), a not-for-profit computer service, is jointly governed by 24 districts within Mahoning and Columbiana counties. ACCESS is governed by an assembly consisting of the superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the assembly. Members of ACCESS are assessed annual user fees and periodic capital improvement fees based on their average daily membership. The members do not have an ongoing financial interest in ACCESS, however, they do have an equity interest. Financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer for the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 100 DeBartolo Place, Youngstown, Ohio 44512-7019.

### Mahoning County Career & Technology Center

The Mahoning County Career & Technology Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of representatives from the participating school districts' elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Treasurer of the Career & Technology Center, at 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio 44406.

### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

### Ohio Association of School Business Officials

The District participates in a retrospective rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. This program is designed to reward participants that are able to keep their claim costs below a predetermined amount. The District pays an individual premium, however they have the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the program.

### Mahoning County School Employee Insurance Consortium

The Mahoning County School Employee Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of twelve Mahoning County School Districts. The consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operations of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and remitted to the fiscal agent Springfield Local School District. The fiscal agent will then remit the charges for services to Medical Mutual, who acts in the capacity of a third-party administrator (TPA) for claims processing.

### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have any proprietary funds.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities; (b) grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose; (c) the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; and (d) food service operations.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities.

### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2010, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2011 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period, including delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2010, are recorded as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for the fiscal year is as follows:

- 1. The Mahoning County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15<sup>th</sup> and the filing by January 20<sup>th</sup>. The Budget Commission now requires an alternate tax budget be submitted by January 20<sup>th</sup>, which no longer requires specific Board approval.
- 2. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificated of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate in effect when the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation total.
- 4. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 6. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2010. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board of Education during the fiscal year.
- 7. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2010, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. Government money market funds and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2010. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2010.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2010 amounted to \$11,889, which includes \$3,266 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

### G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method on the government-wide financial statements and the purchases method on the fund financial statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years
Textbooks and library books	6 years

### I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty seven or greater with two years of service, age fifty two or greater with seven years of service or any age with twenty seven years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2010 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

#### L. Unamortized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt. On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 9.A.

### M. Fund Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Unreserved fund balance indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation in future periods. Fund equity reserves have been established for encumbrances, materials and supplies inventory, prepayments, debt service and property taxes unavailable for appropriation. The reserve for property taxes unavailable for appropriation represents taxes recognized as revenue under GAAP, but not available for appropriation under State statute.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service, special trust, uniform school supplies, adult education, public school support and education foundation.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

#### R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District had no extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2010, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets", GASB Statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments", and GASB Statement No. 58, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies".

GASB Statement No. 51 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for intangible assets, which are assets that lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Examples of intangible assets include easements, water rights, computer software, patents, and trademarks. GASB Statement No. 51 improves the quality of financial reporting by creating consistency in the recognition, initial measurement, and amortization of intangible assets. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 51 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 53 addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. Derivative instruments are financial arrangements used by governments to manage specific risks or to make investments. Common types of derivative instruments include interest rate and commodity swaps, interest rate locks, options, swaptions, forward contracts, and futures contracts. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 53 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 58 establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. GASB Statement No. 58 requires governments to remeasure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 58 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2010 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Management information systems	\$ 40
IDEA, Part B	25,677
Education stabilization fund	152,668

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances result from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,102,787. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2010, \$1,639,160 of the District's bank balance of \$3,126,890 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,487,730 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### **B.** Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the District had the following investments and maturities:

<u>Investment maturities</u>								
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24			
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair value	less	months	months	months			
FHLB	\$ 700,078	\$ -	\$ 350,016	\$ 350,062	\$ -			
FHLMC	250,023	-	-	-	250,023			
FNMA	544,520	149,865	229,424	-	165,231			
U.S. Government money market	6,525	6,525	-	-	-			
STAR Ohio	2,056,548	2,056,548						
Total	\$ 3,557,694	\$ 2,212,938	\$ 579,440	\$ 350,062	\$ 415,254			

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

*Interest Rate Risk:* Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal securities were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investments in STAR Ohio and U.S. government money market mutual funds carried a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard ratings service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2010:

Investment type	_1	Fair Value	% of Total
FHLB	\$	700,078	19.68
FHLMC		250,023	7.03
FNMA		544,520	15.31
U.S. Government money market		6,525	0.18
STAR Ohio	_	2,056,548	57.80
Total	\$	3,557,694	100.00

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2010:

Cash and investments per statement of net assets		
Governmental activities	\$	6,608,278
Private-purpose trust fund		20,911
Agency funds		31,292
m . 1	ф.	6 660 401
Total	\$	6,660,481
Cash and investments per note	Φ.	2 102 505
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	3,102,787
Investments		3,557,694
m . I	ф	6 660 401
Total	\$	6,660,481

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

**A.** Interfund balances at June 30, 2010 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 53,464

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

**B.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

	_A	<u>Amount</u>
<u>Transfers from general fund to</u> : Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	74,507
Transfers from nonmajor governmental fund: General fund		1,088
Total	\$	75,595

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The transfer from the adult education fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) to the general fund was to move the remaining fund balance out of the adult education fund.

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2010 were levied after April 1, 2009, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 represent the collection of calendar year 2009 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 became a lien on December 31, 2008, were levied after April 1, 2009, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2010 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009, on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Portage, Columbiana and Mahoning Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2010, are available to finance fiscal year 2010 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2010 was \$33,630 in the general fund, \$4,540 in the bond retirement (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$652 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonamjor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2009 was \$51,255 in the general fund, \$6,919 in the bond retirement fund and \$999 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2010 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2010 taxes were collected are:

		2009 Seco Half Collec			st cions	
	_	Amount	Percent		Percent	
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$	214,356,870	95.27	\$	214,551,490	94.68
Public utility personal		10,261,010	4.56		10,148,190	4.48
Tangible personal property	_	374,987	0.17		1,904,250	0.84
Total	\$	224,992,867	100.00	\$	226,603,930	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$35.30			\$35.30	

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2010 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

#### **Governmental activities:**

Taxes	\$ 5,469,907
Accounts	10,259
Intergovernmental	238,408
Accrued interest	6,216
Total	\$ 5,724,790

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/09	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 6/30/10
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 643,930	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 643,930
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	643,930			643,930
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	3,619,955	-	-	3,619,955
Building and improvements	48,867,357	-	-	48,867,357
Furniture and equipment	1,277,242	108,490	(28,000)	1,357,732
Vehicles	2,655,068	162,944	(117,576)	2,700,436
Textbooks and library books	833,270		(6,200)	827,070
Total capital assets, being depreciated	57,252,892	271,434	(151,776)	57,372,550
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(1,377,417)	(154,386)	-	(1,531,803)
Building and improvements	(8,837,233)	(1,500,405)	-	(10,337,638)
Furniture and equipment	(555,770)	(109,550)	22,400	(642,920)
Vehicles	(2,075,737)	(118,807)	117,576	(2,076,968)
Textbooks and library books	(698,443)	(85,270)	4,134	(779,579)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,544,600)	(1,968,418)	144,110	(15,368,908)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 44,352,222	\$ (1,696,984)	\$ (7,666)	\$ 42,647,572

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :		
Regular	\$	1,675,945
Special		1,356
Vocational		2,454
Support services:		
Instructional staff		57,013
Administration		4,113
Operations and maintenance		9,349
Pupil transportation		119,439
Central		10,315
Extracurricular activities		75,671
Food service operations	_	12,763
Total depreciation expense	\$	1,968,418

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During the fiscal year 2010, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	_	Balance 6/30/09	Additions		Additions Reductions			Balance 6/30/10	Amounts Due in One Year		
General obligation bonds Compensated absences	\$	6,926,312 1,050,471	\$	101,049 198,080	\$	(425,000) (265,151)	\$	6,602,361 983,400	\$	410,456 140,562	
Total	\$	7,976,783	\$	299,129	\$	(690,151)		7,585,761	\$	551,018	
Less: Unamortized deferred charge on refunding								(305,419)			
Add: Unamortized premium on refunding								400,091			
Total on statement of net assets							\$	7,680,433			

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

## **B.** General Obligation Bonds

On June 15, 2001, the District issued \$8,949,999 in general obligation bonds (Series 2001, classroom facilities improvement bonds), which represent the District's share of a construction and renovation project approved and significantly funded by the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). These bonds are a general obligation of the District, for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as an expenditure in the bond retirement fund. The source of payment is derived from a current 4.0 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy.

The general obligation bonds were issued to pay the local share of school construction under the OSFC Program, including construction of two elementary schools to house grades K-5, construction of a new K-8 school, renovations and additions to the existing high school to house grades 9-12 and abandonment and demolition of West Branch Beloit and Maple Ridge Elementary Schools.

In conjunction with the 4.0 mils which support the bond issue, the District also passed in fiscal year 2001 a .5 mil levy to ultimately fund the maintenance costs of the new facilities. Tax revenue from this levy has been reported in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund

This issue is comprised of current interest term bonds, par value \$6,350,000, serial bonds, par value \$2,235,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$344,999. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2010, (approximate initial offering yield at maturity of 8.4199%, on both bonds) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$360,000. Total accreted interest of \$180,065 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2010.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

On March 22, 2007, the District advance refunded the callable portion of the series 2001 current interest bonds (\$6,670,000) with proceeds of the series 2007 refunding bonds.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated on the remaining issue was December 1, 2008.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2010 on the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

	Balance 6/30/09				Additions		Reductions		Balance 6/30/10		Amounts Due in One Year	
General obligation bonds - series 2001: Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	\$	344,999 318,564	\$	41,893	\$	(179,608) (180,392)	\$	165,391 180,065	\$	165,391 180,065		
Total G.O. bonds - series 2001	\$	663,563	\$	41,893	\$	(360,000)	\$	345,456	\$	345,456		

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2001 series general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year	Capital Appreciation Bonds					
Ending June 30,	<u> </u>	Principal Interest		Principal Interest T		Total
2011	\$	165,391	\$	194,609	\$	360,000

On March 22, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2007 refunding bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2001 current interest general obligation bonds (callable principal \$6,670,000). The issuance proceeds of \$6,729,403 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net assets. The principal balances outstanding of the defeased bonds was \$6,350,000 at June 30, 2010.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest term bonds, par value \$1,240,000, serial bonds, par value \$4,845,000 and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$264,995. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2015 and December 1, 2016 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,000,000. Total accreted interest of \$161,910 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2010 on the 2007 series refunding bonds:

	Balance 6/30/09	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/10	Amounts Due in One Year
Refunding bonds - series 2007:					
Current interest bonds	\$ 5,895,000	\$ -	\$ (65,000)	\$ 5,830,000	\$ 65,000
Capital appreciation bonds	264,995	-	-	264,995	-
Accreted interest	102,754	59,156		161,910	
Total refunding bonds - series 2007	\$ 6,262,749	\$ 59,156	\$ (65,000)	\$ 6,256,905	\$ 65,000

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$379,403. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2023.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2007 series refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	Cı	Current Interest Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bonds			
Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2011	\$ 65,000	\$ 231,900	\$ 296,900	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
2012	430,000	222,000	652,000	-	-	-		
2013	450,000	204,400	654,400	-	-	-		
2014	460,000	186,200	646,200	-	-	-		
2015	480,000	167,400	647,400	-	-	-		
2016 - 2020	1,560,000	697,000	2,257,000	264,995	735,005	1,000,000		
2021 - 2024	2,385,000	1,955,000	4,340,000					
Total	\$ 5,830,000	\$ 3,663,900	\$ 9,493,900	\$ 264,995	\$ 735,005	\$ 1,000,000		

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

### C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2010, are a voted debt margin of \$14,572,945 (including available funds of \$596,228) and an unvoted debt margin of \$224,857.

#### NOTE 10 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and state laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty one days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made to both classified and certified employees for one-third of accrued, but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum of 60 days for those employees with 10-19 years of continuous service to the District, and 65 days for those with 20 or more years of continuous service.

#### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

<u>Comprehensive</u> - The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2010, the District contracted with private carriers for property and fleet insurance, liability insurance, and inland marine coverage. Coverage provided by these carriers is as follows:

Building and Contents - replacement cost - \$69,987,700 (\$2,500 deductible)

Contents - replacement cost - \$11,606,400 (\$2,500 deductible)

Boiler and Machinery - equipment breakdown - included in contents - (\$1,000 deductible)

Inland Marine Coverage - \$2,561,825 (\$500 deductible per category)

Automobile Liability - \$2,000,000 combined single limit

Uninsured Motorists - \$250,000 - limit each accident

General Liability - \$2,000,000 each occurrence / \$4,000,000 aggregate

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

<u>Mahoning County School Employee Insurance Consortium</u> - The District is a participant in the Mahoning County School Employee Insurance Consortium, a public entity shared risk pool, currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for twelve member school districts. The plan was organized to provide health care and other benefits to its member organizations. Rates are calculated and set through an annual update process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments and claims are made for all participating districts, regardless of cash flow. The District offers one health insurance plan with various options. Employee contributions range from 6.5 to 15 percent of the premium. The fiscal officer of the Mahoning County School Employee Insurance Consortium is the Treasurer of the Springfield Local School District. The fiscal agent pays Medical Mutual monthly for the actual amount of claims processed, the stop-loss premium, and the administrative charges.

The District also offers a dental plan. The District pays 93 percent of the premiums for the plan. The plan is administered by Medical Mutual.

### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a>, under <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">Employees/Audit Resources</a>.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2010, 12.74 percent and .04 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$328,814, \$226,422 and \$232,931, respectively; 47.32 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2010, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$1,148,006, \$1,133,145 and \$1,155,559, respectively; 82.77 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2010 were \$17,929 made by the District and \$12,807 made by the plan members.

### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2010, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2009 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2010, 0.46 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2010, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$49,264, \$154,361 and \$142,374, respectively; 47.32 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2010, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$19,554, \$18,682 and \$16,783, respectively; 47.32 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2010, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$88,308, \$87,165 and \$88,889, respectively; 82.77 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2010 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

### NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ 419,369
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(151,236)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(118,338)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	11,614
Adjustment for encumbrances	154,690
GAAP basis	\$ 316,099

#### **NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, state and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings seeking damages generally incidental to its operations. The District management is of the opinion that disposition of the claim and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

## **NOTE 16 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by State law to set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statute, into various reserves. These reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the reserve activity was as follows:

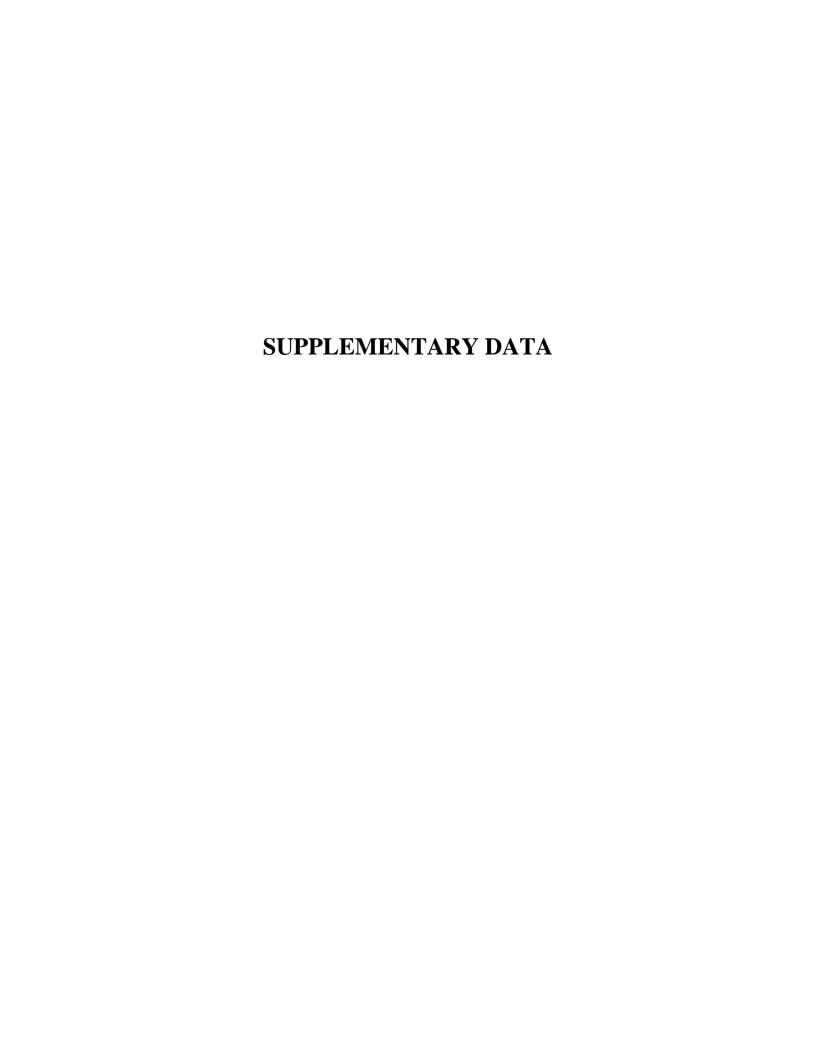
	Textbooks/ Instructional <u>Materials</u>	Capital <u>Acquisition</u>		
Set-aside balance as of June 30, 2009	\$ (706,894)	\$ (10,852,505)		
Current year set-aside requirement	331,356	331,356		
Qualifying disbursements	(218,042)	(439,442)		
Total	\$ (593,580)	\$ (10,960,591)		
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2011	\$ (593,580)	\$ (10,852,505)		

The District had qualifying expenditures during the year and an offset at the beginning of the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the capital acquisition reserve. Because the District was involved in an OSFC project, this negative amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years, and is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The District had qualifying expenditures during prior years that reduced the set-aside amount below zero for the textbooks/instructional materials reserve. This negative amount may be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years, and is therefore presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

### **NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On August 27<sup>th</sup>, 2010 the District issued energy conservation bonds in the amount of \$1,556,048 for school improvements. These bonds bear an interest rate of 4.67% and mature on December 1, 2022.



# WEST BRANCH LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Nutrition Cluster:					
(C)(D) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2010	\$ 31,366	\$ 31,366	
(D)(E) National School Lunch Program - Food Donation (C)(D) National School Lunch Program Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2010 2010	54,210 329,700 383,910	54,210 329,700 383,910	
Total Nutrition Cluster			415,276	415,276	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			415,276	415,276	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Title 1 Grant Cluster:					
(F)(H) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (F)(H) Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	2009 2010	11,661 335,354 347,015	24,207 324,096 348,303	
(F) ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389	2010	30,350	43,475	
Total Title I Grant Cluster			377,365	391,778	
Special Education Grant Cluster:					
(G) Special Education_Grants to States (G) Special Education_Grants to States Total Special Education_Grants to States	84.027 84.027	2009 2010	22,540 421,465 444,005	27,887 416,641 444,528	
(G) ARRA Special Education_Grants to States, Recovery Act	84.391	2010	252,517	267,404	
Total Special Education Grant Cluster			696,522	711,932	
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities_State Grants	84.186	2010	6,805	6,805	
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2010	3,016	3,016	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	2009 2010	12,009 93,191 105,200	13,932 90,881 104,813	
ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act	84.394	2010	768,233	768,233	
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,957,141	1,986,577	
<b>Total Federal Financial Assistance</b>			\$ 2,372,417	\$ 2,401,853	

#### NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) (B)
- OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2010.
  This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.
  Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.
- (C) (D)
- (E)
- (F)
- (G) (H)
- Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. Included as part of "Nutrition Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

  The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value.

  Included as part of "Title I Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

  Included as part of "Special Education Grant Cluster" in determining major programs.

  The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th and spent by September 30th). However, with Ohio Department of Education ("ODE")'s approval, a District can transfer unspent Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. Schools can document this by using special cost centers for each year's activity, and transferring the amounts ODE approves between the cost centers. During fiscal year 2010, the ODE authorized the following transfers:

Program Title	CFDA	Grant Year	Tran	nsfers Out	 Transfers In
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	2009 2010	\$	2,707	\$ 2,707
Totals			\$	2,707	\$ 2,707



## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

Board of Education West Branch Local School District 14277 Main Street Beloit, Ohio 44609

To the Members of the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the West Branch Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the West Branch Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the West Branch Local School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the West Branch Local School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the West Branch Local School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the West Branch Local School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Board of Education West Branch Local School District

Julian & Sube, the

As part of reasonably assuring whether the West Branch Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the West Branch Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the West Branch Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

December 17, 2010



## Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With *OMB Circular A-133* 

Board of Education West Branch Local School District 14277 Main Street Beloit, Ohio 44609

To the Members of the Board of Education:

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the West Branch Local School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the West Branch Local School District's major federal programs. The West Branch Local School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the West Branch Local School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the West Branch Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the West Branch Local School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the West Branch Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

The West Branch Local School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the West Branch Local School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the West Branch Local School District's internal control over compliance.

Board of Education West Branch Local School District

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management and Board of Education of the West Branch Local School District, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the West Branch Local School District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 17, 2010

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## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No			
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified			
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under \$.510(a)?	No			
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (listed):	Nutrition Grant Cluster: School Breakfast Program (CFDA #10.553) and National School Lunch Program (CFDA #10.555); Title I Grant Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (CFDA #84.010) and ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.389); Special Education Grant Cluster: Special Education Grants to States (CFDA #84.027) and ARRA Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.391); and ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education State Grants, Recovery Act (CFDA #84.394)			
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others			
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes			

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2010

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

## 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



#### WEST BRANCH LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### MAHONING COUNTY

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 17, 2011**