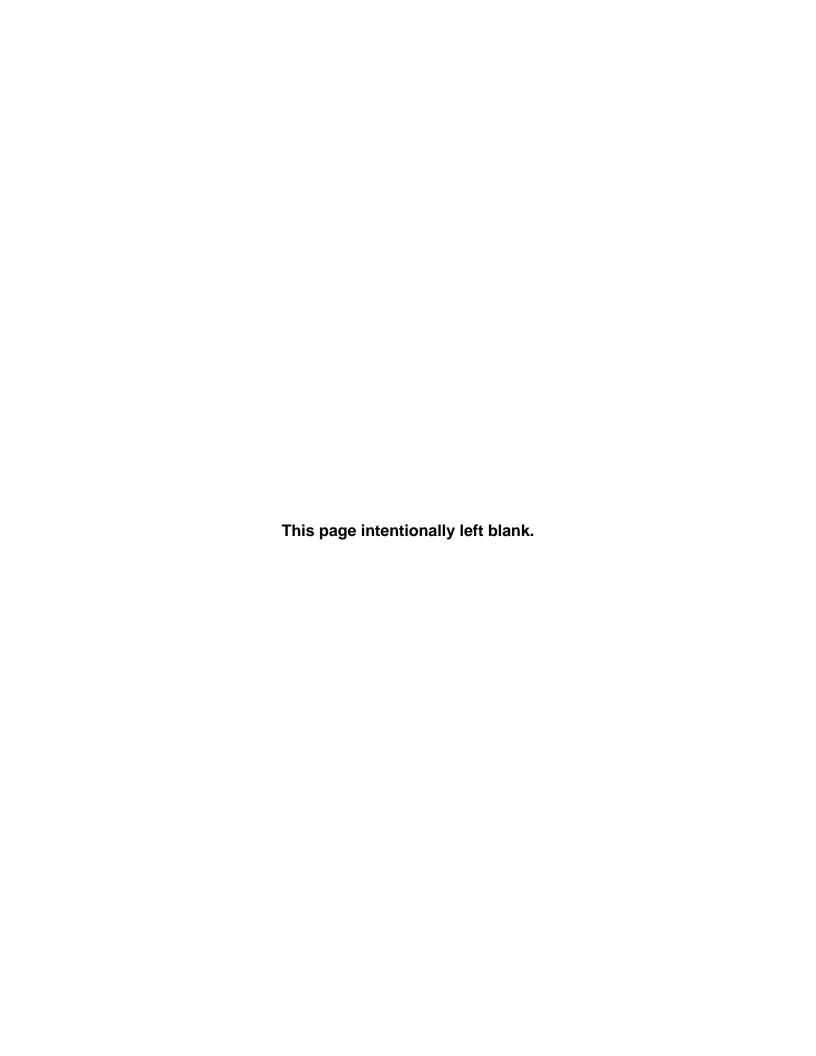




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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Bellevue City School District Huron County 125 North Street, P.O. Box 8003 Bellevue, Ohio 44811-8003

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue City School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue City School District, Huron County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the District adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions".

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 12, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Bellevue City School District Huron County Independents Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of federal awards receipts and expenditures provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 12, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of the Bellevue City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$2,765,320 which represents a 10.94% increase from 2010.
- General revenues accounted for \$19,947,220 in revenue or 77.28% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$5,863,084 or 22.72% of total revenues of \$25,810,304.
- The District had \$23,044,984 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$5,863,084 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$19,947,220 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$18,917,088 in revenues and other financing sources and \$18,029,347 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2011, the general fund's fund balance, increased \$880,487 from a restated fund balance of \$3,446,985 to \$4,327,472.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$10,771,739 in revenues and \$4,167,636 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance, increased \$6,604,103.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the classroom facilities fund are by far the most significant funds and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2011 and 2010.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 53,580,710 10,888,262	\$ 54,108,894 6,871,682
Total assets	64,468,972	60,980,576
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	9,666,588 26,758,329	8,707,433 26,994,408
Total liabilities	36,424,917	35,701,841
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted	10,276,025 13,574,241	6,466,780 17,131,391
Unrestricted	4,193,789	1,680,564
Total net assets	\$ 28,044,055	\$ 25,278,735

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2011, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$28,044,055.

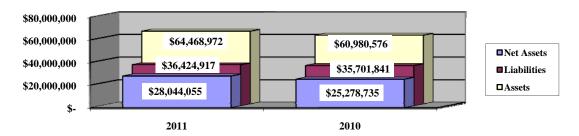
At year-end, capital assets represented 16.90% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2011, were \$10,276,025. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$13,574,241, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$4,193,789 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities assets, liabilities, and net assets for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2011 and 2010. The 2010 balance of operating grants and contributions and general revenues – grants and entitlements have been restated to conform to 2011 presentation of Pathway to Student Success (PASS) funding from the State of Ohio which was reported as an operating grant and contribution rather than as general revenue.

Change in Net Assets

	G	overnmental Activities 2011	G	Restated Governmental Activities 2010		
<u>Revenues</u>		<u> </u>				
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$	1,113,228	\$	1,028,458		
Operating grants and contributions		4,565,896		3,535,261		
Capital grants and contributions		183,960		887,881		
General revenues:						
Property taxes		8,715,855		7,474,303		
School district income taxes		1,236,902		1,560,972		
Grants and entitlements		9,792,871		25,644,109		
Investment earnings		86,272		94,024		
Other		115,320		247,012		
Total revenues	\$	25,810,304	\$	40,472,020		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 8,353,720	\$ 7,695,342
Special	3,388,438	3,030,444
Vocational	396,797	402,596
Adult		5,308
Other	1,017,544	979,914
Support services:		
Pupil	1,170,406	1,338,750
Instructional staff	958,918	877,519
Board of education	21,870	20,924
Administration	1,423,335	1,823,552
Fiscal	529,413	505,727
Business	12,623	12,618
Operations and maintenance	1,960,048	1,871,032
Pupil transportation	1,048,891	1,296,022
Central	65,983	70,994
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Other non-instructional services	148,486	88,971
Food service operations	815,121	798,773
Extracurricular activities	702,909	658,592
Interest and fiscal charges	1,030,482	349,947
Total expenses	23,044,984	21,827,025
Change in net assets	2,765,320	18,644,995
Net assets at beginning of year	25,278,735	6,633,740
Net assets at end of year	\$ 28,044,055	\$ 25,278,735

Governmental Activities

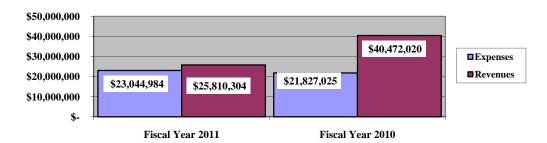
Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$2,765,320. Total governmental expenses of \$23,044,984, were offset by program revenues of \$5,863,084 and general revenues of \$19,947,220. Program revenues supported 25.44% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, income taxes and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 76.50% of total governmental revenue. During the current fiscal year grants and entitlements decreased \$15,851,238. This decrease is primarily due to the \$15,921,195 receivable that was book in the previous fiscal year when the District was awarded the State's share of the Ohio School Facilities Commission project. This entire grant amount was recorded in fiscal year 2010 when it was awarded. The fiscal year 2011 grants and entitlements are comparable to fiscal year 2009 (\$9,760,086).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2011 compared to 2010. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. The 2010 net cost of services for special instruction has been restated to conform to 2011 presentation of PASS funding from the State of Ohio which was reported as an operating grant and contribution offsetting special instruction.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

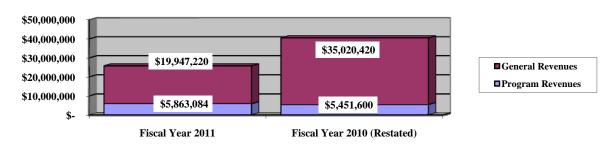
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011	Total Cost of Services 2010	Restated Net Cost of Services 2010
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 8,353,720	\$ 6,392,667	\$ 7,695,342	\$ 6,482,411
Special	3,388,438	1,544,317	3,030,444	1,297,296
Vocational	396,797	288,790	402,596	295,393
Adult			5,308	5,308
Other	1,017,544	990,414	979,914	968,674
Support services:				
Pupil	1,170,406	1,090,645	1,338,750	1,238,995
Instructional staff	958,918	809,507	877,519	755,082
Board of education	21,870	21,870	20,924	20,924
Administration	1,423,335	1,418,260	1,823,552	1,812,398
Fiscal	529,413	529,413	505,727	505,727
Business	12,623	12,623	12,618	12,618
Operations and maintenance	1,960,048	1,956,718	1,871,032	1,868,463
Pupil transportation	1,048,891	1,028,472	1,296,022	1,264,722
Central	65,983	60,983	70,994	65,994
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	148,486	(6,473)	88,971	(38,943)
Food service operations	815,121	(88,589)	798,773	(79,955)
Extracurricular activities	702,909	390,314	658,592	(449,629)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,030,482	741,969	349,947	349,947
Total expenses	\$23,044,984	\$17,181,900	\$ 21,827,025	\$ 16,375,425

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 70.05% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 74.56%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$37,312,444, which is higher than last year's restated balance of \$28,909,776 (as described in note 3.B). The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2011 and 2010.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2011	Restated Fund Balance June 30, 2010	Increase		
General Classroom Facilities Other Governmental	\$ 4,327,472 30,049,965 2,935,007	\$ 3,446,985 23,445,862 2,016,929	\$ 880,487 6,604,103 918,078		
Total	\$ 37,312,444	\$ 28,909,776	\$ 8,402,668		

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$880,487. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to revenues exceeding expenditures during the year.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

	2011 Amount	Restated 2010 Amount	Percentage Change	
Revenues	*			
Taxes	\$ 7,756,726	\$ 7,625,380	1.72 %	
Tuition	333,809	304,731	9.54 %	
Earnings on investments	31,842	27,420	16.13 %	
Intergovernmental	10,476,493	10,436,673	0.38 %	
Other revenues	290,756	423,569	(31.36) %	
Total	\$ 18,889,626	\$ 18,817,773	0.38 %	
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Instruction	\$ 10,630,917	\$ 10,200,335	4.22 %	
Support services	6,680,639	7,040,590	(5.11) %	
Operation of non-instructional services	38,573	13,407	187.71 %	
Extracurricular activities	466,268	436,314	6.87 %	
Facilities acquisition and construction	4,858	39,539	(87.71) %	
Capital outlay	22,330	13,664	63.42 %	
Debt service	89,625	99,533	(9.95) %	
Total	\$ 17,933,210	\$ 17,843,382	0.50 %	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Tuition received is based on the number of open enrollment students coming into the District. Earnings on investments increased due to an increase in the amount that the District had invested in federal agency securities at year end compared to the prior year. Other revenues decreased due to a decrease in miscellaneous local revenues.

Instruction expenditures increased due to an increase in personnel expenses and support services decreased due to a decrease in transportation expenses. Expenditures related to operation of non-instructional services increased due to an increase in supplies purchased during the year. During the current fiscal year the District's general fund spent less on site improvements compared to the prior fiscal year. This caused facilities acquisition and construction expenditures to decrease.

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$10,771,739 in revenues and \$4,167,636 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2011, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance, increased \$6,604,103. This increase in the fund balance was the result of poor weather conditions delaying the construction project.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$18,350,341 remained unchanged from the original budget amounts. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2011 were \$18,659,798. This represents a \$309,457 increase over final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$19,089,979 remained the same in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2011 totaled \$18,011,215, which was \$1,078,764 less than the final budget appropriations. Actual expenditures were significantly less than expected through budget savings measures being implemented and less than anticipated staffing retirements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2011, the District had \$10,888,262 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The 2010 capital assets were restated so that the beginning balances were stated correctly (see Note 9 for detail).

The following table shows fiscal year 2011 balances compared to 2010:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2011	Restated 2010			
Land Construction in progress Land improvements Building and improvements Furniture and equipment Vehicles	\$ 1,090,200 4,154,755 211,338 3,506,738 1,237,041 688,190	\$ 1,014,926 450,955 175,148 3,861,580 602,102 766,971			
Total	\$ 10,888,262	\$ 6,871,682			

Total additions to capital assets for 2011 were \$4,945,190. The overall increase in capital assets of \$4,016,580 is primarily due to capital outlays of \$4,945,190, exceeding depreciation expense of \$452,535 and disposals of \$476,075 (net of accumulated depreciation) for fiscal year 2011.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2011, the District had \$150,161 in capital lease obligations, \$1,123,000 in Energy Conservation Notes and \$23,295,819 in school facilities construction and improvement bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$497,755 is due within one year and \$24,071,225 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the outstanding obligations for fiscal year 2011 compared to 2010.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010		
Capital lease obligations	\$ 150,161	\$ 211,229		
Energy Conservation Notes	1,123,000	1,200,000		
School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds	23,295,819	23,415,428		
Total	\$ 24,568,980	\$ 24,826,657		

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District closely monitors its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. The Board of Education and Administration continue to spend within the budgeted expenditure levels and keep a very close watch on revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 UNAUDITED (Continued)

A half percent school district income tax was passed February 2001 with hopes of not needing any additional operating levies for many years. Economic events do affect the District. Unfortunately, the income tax revenue collections have not increased as originally thought due to the economy. Changes in school funding, flat real estate values and projected decreases in state per student funding have forced school districts across the State to ask residents for additional revenue. Bellevue, which met 25 out of 26 indicators on the 2010-11 state report card, rated an excellent district, was in such a situation in 2008. With the District's revenue growth not keeping up with the increase in expenditures, the District first asked the voters to approve an additional 3.75 mill property tax in November 2008, however, the proposed tax levy was defeated.

The Administration responded with a restructuring plan that the Board approved for the 2010 fiscal school year. The plan consisted of closing two elementary buildings, relocating elementary students to grade level specific buildings and relocating all sixth graders to the middle school (from the elementary buildings). All preschool through first grade students were housed at Shumaker Elementary. District second graders were housed at Ridge Elementary while all third through fifth grade students were housed at York Elementary. The Ellis and Lyme Elementary buildings were closed. A savings of \$1.2 million resulted from the restructuring. The majority of the savings came from a staff reduction of over 40 staff members. This eliminated the need to ask residents for additional taxes at this point in time.

The District's opportunity to receive State monies through the Ohio School Facilities Commission became apparent during the 2009 fiscal year. The District qualified for 41% of the master plan cost to come from the State if local voters approved a tax issue to pay the remaining 59%. After obtaining community input, the master plan was approved which included the building of one new central elementary for grades preschool through five, building one middle school for grades six through eight and renovation of the current high school. Community input also pointed to segmenting the master plan to put a tax issue on the ballot for the elementary and middle school buildings now, but to wait to ask voters for taxes to renovate the high school. In addition to the 41% State share, District officials applied and were granted the ability to issue Qualified School Constructions Bonds (QSCB) through the federal stimulus monies at zero to very low interest rates. The District successfully passed a 4.9 mill bond issue that was on the November 3, 2009 ballot. The ability to issue QSCBs and Build America Bonds versus traditional general obligation bonds resulted in an interest savings of \$11 million and shortened tax collection period by ten years. The true interest cost for the total issue was 3.48%.

As part of the master plan for the Ohio School Facilities Commission project, the Shumaker Elementary School was demolished after the 2010 school year to make way for the construction of the new middle school. For the 2011 and 2012 school years, students that were housed at Shumaker Elementary were moved to the following buildings: Preschool to Seybert Methodist Church, kindergarten to Ellis Elementary, first and second grade students to Ridge Elementary.

The District is currently in the construction phase of one central elementary building and a middle school. Construction bids were approved the spring of 2011 with construction commencing as soon as the weather broke. The buildings are to open for the start of the 2012-13 school year. The District administration appreciates the trust the district residents have placed in them in approving the construction of two new buildings. It is a most exciting time for the District!

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mrs. Nancy Beier, Treasurer, Bellevue City School District, 125 North Street, P.O. Box 8003, Bellevue, Ohio 44811-8003.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 38,287,485
Cash and investements with escrow agent Receivables:	31,528
Property taxes	9,188,694
Income taxes	432,780
Accounts	92,154
Accrued interest	12,284
Intergovernmental	4,970,214
Loans	10,672
Prepayments	62,232
Materials and supplies inventory	152,672
Unamortized bond issuance costs	339,995
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	5,244,955
Depreciable capital assets, net	5,643,307
Capital assets, net	10,888,262
Total assets	64,468,972
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	208,261
Contracts payable	1,209,938
Accrued wages and benefits	1,778,664
Pension obligation payable	474,614
Intergovernmental payable	109,050
Accrued interest payable	81,648
Unearned revenue	5,804,413
Long-term liabilities:	3,33 1, 1.3
Due within one year	989,709
Due in more than one year	25,768,620
Total liabilities	36,424,917
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	40.070.005
of related debt	10,276,025
Restricted for:	44 477 040
Capital projects	11,477,949
Classroom facilities maintenance	320,963
Debt service	1,152,210
Locally funded programs	8,022
State funded programs	8,926
Federally funded programs	259,593
Student activities	160,002
Other purposes	186,576
Unrestricted	4,193,789
Total net assets	\$ 28,044,055

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net (Expense)

			Ch	narges for		ram Revenues	Cap	ital Grants	R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets overnmental
	Expenses			es and Sales	•	Contributions	•	ontributions		Activities
Governmental activities:	-	•		_						
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	8,353,720	\$	413,172	\$	1,363,921	\$	183,960	\$	(6,392,667)
Special		3,388,438				1,844,121				(1,544,317)
Vocational		396,797				108,007				(288,790)
Other		1,017,544		4,413		22,717				(990,414)
Support services:										
Pupil		1,170,406				79,761				(1,090,645)
Instructional staff		958,918				149,411				(809,507)
Board of education		21,870								(21,870)
Administration		1,423,335				5,075				(1,418,260)
Fiscal		529,413								(529,413)
Business		12,623								(12,623)
Operations and maintenance		1,960,048		3,330						(1,956,718)
Pupil transportation		1,048,891		-,		20,419				(1,028,472)
Central		65,983				5,000				(60,983)
Operation of non-instructional services:		52,525				5,252				(==,===,
Other non-instructional services		148,486		34,617		120,342				6,473
Food service operations		815,121		408,273		495,437				88,589
Extracurricular activities		702,909		249,423		63,172				(390,314)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,030,482				288,513				(741,969)
Total governmental activities	\$	23,044,984	\$	1,113,228	\$	4,565,896	\$	183,960		(17,181,900)
		neral Revenues: roperty taxes lev								
	(General purpose	S							7,053,517
	9	Special revenue								127,304
	[Debt service								1,177,481
	(Capital projects.								357,553
	S	chool district inco	ome tax .							1,236,902
	G	rants and entitle	ments no	t restricted						
	t	o specific progra	ıms		-					9,792,871
	In	vestment earning	gs							86,272
	М	iscellaneous								115,320
	Tota	al general revenu	ies							19,947,220
	Cha	nge in net asset	s							2,765,320
	Net	assets at begin	ning of	year						25,278,735
	Net	assets at end o	of year .						\$	28,044,055

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

		General	(Classroom Facilities	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	4,314,536	\$	31,189,391	\$	2,783,558	\$	38,287,485
Cash and investements with escrow agent						31,528		31,528
Receivables:								
Property taxes		7,384,985				1,803,709		9,188,694
Income taxes		432,780						432,780
Accounts		27,757				64,397		92,154
Intergovernmental				4,488,839		481,375		4,970,214
Accrued interest		282		11,926		76		12,284
Interfund loans		209,339						209,339
Loans		10,672						10,672
Prepayments		56,180				6,052		62,232
Materials and supplies inventory		95,862				56,810		152,672
Total assets	\$	12,532,393	\$	35,690,156	\$	5,227,505	\$	53,450,054
							-	
Liabilities:	_				_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	88,054	_		\$	120,207	\$	208,261
Contracts payable			\$	1,209,938				1,209,938
Accrued wages and benefits		1,538,227				240,437		1,778,664
Compensated absences payable		358,606				7,806		366,412
Pension obligation payable		413,823				60,791		474,614
Interfund loans payable						209,339		209,339
Intergovernmental payable		96,575				12,475		109,050
Deferred revenue		1,048,987		4,430,253		497,679		5,976,919
Unearned revenue		4,660,649				1,143,764		5,804,413
Total liabilities		8,204,921		5,640,191		2,292,498		16,137,610
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		95,862				56,810		152,672
Prepaids		56,180				6,052		62,232
Restricted:								
Debt service						1,056,158		1,056,158
Capital improvements				30,049,965		984,172		31,034,137
Classroom facilities maintenance						320,963		320,963
Food service operations						141,914		141,914
Non-public schools						28,452		28,452
Special education						200		200
Other purposes						27,097		27,097
Extracurricular						160,002		160,002
Committed:								
Capital improvements						197,482		197,482
Assigned:								
Student instruction		16,481						16,481
Student and staff support		142,572						142,572
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,360						1,360
Uniform school supplies		2,027						2,027
Other purposes		21,656						21,656
Unassigned (deficit)		3,991,334				(44,295)		3,947,039
Total fund balances		4,327,472		30,049,965		2,935,007		37,312,444
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	12,532,393	\$	35,690,156	\$	5,227,505	\$	53,450,054

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2011

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 37,312,444
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the	
statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	10,888,262
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-	
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	
Taxes receivable \$ 1,300,532	
Accrued interest receivable 10,912	
Intergovernmental receivable 4,665,475	
Total	5,976,919
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not	
recognized in the funds.	(340,003)
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.	339,995
On the statement of net assets, interest is accrued on outstanding	
bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is reported when due.	(81,648)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and	
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	
School facilities construction and improvement bonds (23,295,819)	
Energy conservation notes (1,123,000)	
Capital lease obligation (150,161)	
Compensated absences payable (1,482,934)	
Total	 (26,051,914)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 28,044,055

	General		lassroom Facilities	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	Ceneral		 acintics		Tunus		i unus
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$ 6,519,8	324		\$	1,541,570	\$	8,061,394
Income taxes	1,236,9			•	,- ,-	•	1,236,902
Tuition	333,8						333,809
Charges for services	,				408,273		408,273
Earnings on investments	31,8	342	\$ 54,190		6,792		92,824
Extracurricular	39,0		,		249,423		288,453
Classroom materials and fees	79,						79,363
Rental income		330					3,330
Contributions and donations	24,	575			3,850		28,425
Other local revenues	144,4	458			58,016		202,474
Intergovernmental - state	10,412,0	023	10,717,549		700,644		21,830,216
Intergovernmental - federal	64,				3,121,151		3,185,621
Total revenues	18,889,6		10,771,739	-	6,089,719		35,751,084
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	6,931,9	985			959,152		7,891,137
Special	2,306,6				1,076,718		3,383,349
Vocational	401,4	418					401,418
Other	990,8	383			19,324		1,010,207
Support services:							
Pupil	1,131,4	144			81,955		1,213,399
Instructional staff	774,9	980			160,884		935,864
Board of education	21,8	370					21,870
Administration	1,447,	255			3,028		1,450,283
Fiscal	494,	585			37,506		532,091
Business	12,0	523					12,623
Operations and maintenance	1,782,4	138			36,209		1,818,647
Pupil transportation	948,8	375					948,875
Central	66,	569			4,999		71,568
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Operation of non-instructional	38,	573			111,228		149,801
Food service operations					799,982		799,982
Extracurricular activities	466,2	268			225,081		691,349
Facilities acquisition and construction	4,8	358	4,167,636		581,904		4,754,398
Capital outlay	22,						22,330
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	76,4	146			228,952		305,398
Interest and fiscal charges	13,	179			985,306		998,485
Total expenditures	17,933,2	210	4,167,636		5,312,228		27,413,074
Excess of revenues over expenditures	956,4	116	6,604,103		777,491		8,338,010
Other financing sources (uses):							
Sale of assets	5,	132			49,139		54,271
Transfers in					96,137		96,137
Transfers (out)	(96,	137)					(96,137)
Capital lease transaction	22,	330					22,330
Total other financing sources (uses)	(68,0	675)			145,276		76,601
Net change in fund balances	887,	741	6,604,103		922,767		8,414,611
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	3,446,9	985	23,445,862		2,016,929		28,909,776
Decrease in reserve for inventory		254)			(4,689)		(11,943)
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,327,4		\$ 30,049,965	\$	2,935,007	\$	37,312,444
•							

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	8,414,611
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those		
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as		
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital		
outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 4,751,190	
Current year depreciation	 (452,535)	4.000.055
Total		4,298,655
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving		
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to		
decrease net assets.		(282,075)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide		
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in		
the funds.		
Property taxes	654,461	
Earnings on investments	(5,013)	
Intergovernmental	 (10,590,228)	
Total		(9,940,780)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when		
purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are		
reported as an expense when consumed.		(11,943)
Repayment of bond, note and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the		
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities		
on the statement of net assets. Principal payments during the year were:		
Bonds	145,000	
Notes	77,000	
Capital leases	 83,398	
Total		305,398
Proceeds of capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources		
in the funds however, on the statement of activities, the proceeds increase		
the liabilities on the statement of net assets.		(22,330)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,		
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported		
when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being		
reported in the statement of activities:		
Increase in accrued interest payable	(6,607)	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(25,391)	
Amortization of bond issuance costs	(12,870)	
Amortization of bond premiums	 12,871	
Total		(31,997)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,		
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current		
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.		35,781
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	2,765,320

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Budgeted Amounts				Antori		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	6,289,914	\$	6,289,914	\$	6,289,913	\$	(1)
Income taxes	φ	1,175,665	Φ	1,175,665	Φ	1,212,482	φ	36,817
Tuition		278,878		278,878		353,679		74,801
Earnings on investments		40,000		40,000		34,680		(5,320)
Classroom materials and fees		55,080		55,080		50,686		(4,394)
Rental income		1,500		1,500		3,626		2,126
Other local revenues		109,971		109,971		113,539		3,568
Intergovernmental - state		10,217,744		10,217,744		10,412,023		194,279
Intergovernmental - federal		60,000		60,000		64,470		4,470
Total revenues		18,228,752		18,228,752		18,535,098		306,346
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		7,245,315		7,245,315		6,702,897		542,418
Special		2,436,434		2,436,434		2,273,211		163,223
Vocational		402,630		402,630		412,118		(9,488)
Adult/continuing		5,425		5,425				5,425
Other		986,250		986,250		986,607		(357)
Pupil		1,126,364		1,126,364		1,136,243		(9,879)
Instructional staff		932,488		932,488		783,393		149,095
Board of education		38,560		38,560		21,310		17,250
Administration		1,600,660		1,600,660		1,482,645		118,015
Fiscal		525,515		525,515		489,814		35,701
Business		12,634		12,634		12,549		85
Operations and maintenance		1,973,042		1,973,042		1,898,584		74,458
Pupil transportation		1,037,842		1,037,842		967,663		70,179
Central		67,757		67,757		67,043		714
Extracurricular activities		458,166		458,166		448,486		9,680
Facilities acquisition and construction		21,589		21,589		6,580		15,009
Total expenditures		18,870,671		18,870,671		17,689,143		1,181,528
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(641,919)		(641,919)		845,955		1,487,874
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures						3,979		3,979
Refund of prior year's receipts		(500)		(500)				500
Transfers (out)		(98,808)		(98,808)		(102,061)		(3,253)
Advances in		115,589		115,589		115,589		
Advances (out)		(120,000)		(120,000)		(220,011)		(100,011)
Sale of capital assets		6,000		6,000		5,132		(868)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(97,719)		(97,719)		(197,372)		(99,653)
Net change in fund balance		(739,638)		(739,638)		648,583		1,388,221
Fund balance at beginning of year (restated).		2,987,444		2,987,444		2,987,444		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		402,046		402,046		402,046		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,649,852	\$	2,649,852	\$	4,038,073	\$	1,388,221
	Ψ	_,0 .0,002	7	_,0 10,002	<u> </u>	.,000,010		.,550,221

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Privat 			
	Sch	Scholarship		Agency
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	8,403	\$	81,447
Receivables:				
Accounts				32
Total assets		8,403	\$	81,479
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable			\$	2,140
Due to students				68,667
Loans payable				10,672
Total liabilities			\$	81,479
Net assets:				
Held in trust for scholarships		8,403		
Total net assets	\$	8,403		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Private Purpose Trust		
	Sch	olarship	
Additions:			
Interest	\$	23	
Gifts and contributions		300	
Total additions		323	
Deductions:			
Scholarships awarded	<u></u>	2,000	
Change in net assets		(1,677)	
Net assets at beginning of year		10,080	
Net assets at end of year	\$	8,403	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bellevue City School District (the "District") operates under a locally-elected, five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized or mandated by State and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the District's seven instructional/support facilities staffed by 90 non-certified employees and 159 certified teaching personnel to provide services to approximately 2,123 students and other community members.

The District was established in 1968 through the consolidation of existing land areas and is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District serves an area of approximately 137 square miles. It is located in Erie, Huron, Sandusky and Seneca Counties and includes all of the City of Bellevue, Ohio and portions of surrounding townships.

The District is the 239th largest in the State of Ohio (among 918 public and community school districts) in terms of enrollment. It currently operates 3 elementary schools, 1 middle school, 1 comprehensive high school, 1 administration building and 1 bus garage.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Bellevue Public Library

The District is not involved in budgeting or management of the Bellevue Public Library facilities, nor does it subsidize or finance the operation of the library. The selection of directors and budget approval is conducted merely to comply with State code requirements.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG)

The BACG is a jointly governed organization. Members of the BACG consist of a number of area school districts representing seven counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood and Crawford). The BACG was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the BACG are natural gas and insurance. The cost to the District is an administrative charge, assessed only if it participates. The BACG consists of the superintendent of each school district. The Board of Directors of the BACG consists of one elected representative of each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and two non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent). Members of the Board serve two-year terms, which are staggered. The District paid \$87,231 to the Bay Area Council of Governments for natural gas in fiscal year 2011. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the North Point Educational Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

The District is a participant in the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA), which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of a number of public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees, and a representative from the fiscal agent. The District paid \$48,890 to NOECA for services in fiscal year 2011. Financial information can be obtained from its fiscal agent, the North Point Educational Service Center, Betty Schwiefert, who serves as Controller, 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Sheakley Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Plan

The District participates in a group retrospective rating plan for workers' compensation. The Sheakley Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Plan is a program where the District will continue to pay their individual bureau of workers' compensation premiums for the program year as required. The Bureau of Workers Compensation will evaluate the group's claim losses (compensation and medical costs, as well as claim reserves), at 12, 24 and 36 months following the end of the group retro policy year. If the Bureau of Workers Compensation findings result in a group retrospective premium calculation lower than the group's standard premium, participating employers may be entitled to a refund. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to Sheakley to cover the costs of administering the program.

Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (Association) is a public entity risk pool comprised of a number of school districts in the area. The Association assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the program administrator. The Association is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the program administrator at the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association, located at 2900 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have proprietary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - The classroom facilities capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources and expenditures related to the school facilities construction project.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activity.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, income taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 7).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period, including delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2011, are recorded as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the fiscal year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for is as follows:

 Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. By no later than January 31, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Sandusky County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the first and final amended certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2011.
- 4. By July 1, the annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.) Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present the general fund budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals at the legal level of control.
- 5. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. Short-term interfund loans are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource, and are intended to be repaid.
- 6. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 7. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions.
- 8. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2011. All amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the original appropriations plus all modifications legally enacted by the Board.
- 9. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2011, investments were limited to Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, United States Treasury bills, U.S. Government money markets and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposits, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2011. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2011.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$31,842, which includes \$8,481 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. On the fund financial statements, inventories are valued at cost and accounted for using the consumption method. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those related to government activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
<u>Description</u>	•
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 70 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	10 - 18 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service or any age with twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2011, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and contractually required pension obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes include amounts restricted for food service and special trusts. The District had no net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Unamortized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and accreted over the term of the bonds. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 11A.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions of events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2011, the District did not incur any transactions that would be classified as an extraordinary item or special item.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", and GASB Statement No. 59, "Financial Instruments Omnibus".

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarifies the definitions of governmental fund types.

GASB Statement No. 59 updates and improves guidance for financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 59 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Fund Reclassifications

Fund reclassifications are required in order to report funds in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54. These fund reclassifications had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

	General	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
Fund balance as previously reported	\$ 3,386,036	\$ 23,445,862	\$ 2,077,878	\$ 28,909,776
Fund reclassifications:				
Public school support fund	51,107		(51,107)	
Uniform school supplies fund	6,675		(6,675)	
Special trust fund	3,167		(3,167)	
Total fund reclassifications	60,949		(60,949)	
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$ 3,446,985	\$ 23,445,862	\$ 2,016,929	\$ 28,909,776

The fund reclassifications did not have an effect on net assets as previously reported.

C. Budgetary Prior Period Adjustment

In prior years certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds were considered part of the general fund on a budgetary basis. The District has elected to report, only the legally budgeted general fund in the budgetary statement; therefore, a restatement to the beginning budgetary balance is required. The restatement of the general fund's budgetary-basis fund balance at June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Budgetary Basis

	General Fund	
Fund balance at June 30, 2010 Funds budgeted elsewhere	\$	3,006,894 (19,450)
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$	2,987,444

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

D. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2011 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	De	eficit
Management information systems	\$	51
Vocational education enhancements		1
Race to the top		464
Title VI-B		4,250
Title I	2	25,491
Reducing class size	1	14,038

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

 United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value
 of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the
 agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Cash and Investments with Escrow Agent

At fiscal year end, \$31,363 was on deposit with an escrow agent for monies held in relation to the District's sinking fund deposits that are required for the District's Series 2010A bonds (See Note 11.C.). These funds are included as "investments" below.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,265,098. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2011, \$4,088,488 of the District's bank balance of \$4,389,056 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$300,568 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturity					
	6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 1	8	Grea	ater than
Fair Value	less	months	month	<u>s</u>	24	months
\$ 10,603,342	\$ 10,603,342					
800,119	800,119					
9,335,118	2,350,329	\$ 6,152,843	\$ 803	,149	\$	28,797
2,100,146			2,100	,146		
2,837,345		2,837,345				
703,878		703,878				
20,926	20,926					
7,742,891	1,949,050	5,793,841				
\$ 34,143,765	\$ 15,723,766	\$ 15,487,907	\$ 2,903	,295	\$	28,797
	\$ 10,603,342 800,119 9,335,118 2,100,146 2,837,345 703,878 20,926 7,742,891	Fair Value less \$ 10,603,342 \$ 10,603,342 800,119 800,119 9,335,118 2,350,329 2,100,146 2,837,345 703,878 20,926 7,742,891 1,949,050	Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months \$ 10,603,342 \$ 10,603,342 months \$ 800,119 800,119 6,152,843 \$ 2,100,146 2,837,345 2,837,345 \$ 703,878 703,878 703,878 \$ 20,926 7,742,891 1,949,050 5,793,841	Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months 13 to 1 month \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 803,250,329 \$ 6,152,843 \$ 803,200 \$ 803,200 \$ 2,100,146 <td< td=""><td>Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months 13 to 18 months \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 803,149 9,335,118 2,350,329 \$ 6,152,843 2,100,146 \$ 803,149 \$ 2,100,146 2,837,345 703,878 703,878 \$ 2,837,345 \$ 703,878 20,926 7,742,891 1,949,050 5,793,841 \$ 5,793,841</td><td>Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months 13 to 18 months Great months \$ 10,603,342 \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 803,149 \$ 2,100,146</td></td<>	Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months 13 to 18 months \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 803,149 9,335,118 2,350,329 \$ 6,152,843 2,100,146 \$ 803,149 \$ 2,100,146 2,837,345 703,878 703,878 \$ 2,837,345 \$ 703,878 20,926 7,742,891 1,949,050 5,793,841 \$ 5,793,841	Fair Value 6 months or less 7 to 12 months 13 to 18 months Great months \$ 10,603,342 \$ 10,603,342 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 800,119 \$ 803,149 \$ 2,100,146

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal securities and U.S. Treasury bills were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury bills are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2011.

Investment type	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 10,603,342	31.06
FFCB	800,119	2.34
FHLB	9,335,118	27.34
FHLMC	2,100,146	6.15
FHLB discount notes	2,837,345	8.31
FHLMC discount notes	703,878	2.06
U.S. Government money market	20,926	0.06
U.S. Treasury bill	7,742,891	22.68
Total	\$ 34,143,765	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2011:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,265,098
Investments	 34,143,765
Total	\$ 38,408,863
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 38,319,013
Private-purpose trust fund	8,403
Agency fund	81,447
Total	\$ 38,408,863

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2011 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund		Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	_	\$ 209,339

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:</u>	
General fund	\$ 96,137

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers made in fiscal year 2011 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statement of activities.

C. Loans between governmental funds and the agency fund are reported as "loans receivable/payable" on the financial statements. The District had the following loan outstanding at fiscal year end:

Loan from	Loan to	Amount
General fund	Agency fund	\$ 10,672
Total Loans receivable/payable		\$ 10,672

This loan is expected to be repaid in the subsequent year as resources become available in the agency fund.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien on December 31, 2009, were levied after April 1, 2010, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Erie, Huron, Sandusky and Seneca Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$1,675,349 in the general fund, \$119,206 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$289,194 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2010 was \$1,444,377 in the general fund, \$102,895 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$266,854 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

	2010 Second Half Collections		2011 Firs Half Collecti	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 244,132,420 7,251,750	97.12 2.88	\$ 244,769,200 7,592,780	97.00 3.00
Total	\$ 251,384,170	100.00	\$ 252,361,980	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of the full voted tax rate	\$43.10		\$43.10	

NOTE 7 - SCHOOL DISTRICT INCOME TAX

The District maintains a five year .5% income tax through 2011 on the income of individuals and estates. The tax is to be used for normal operating expenses of the District, and is credited to the general fund. Total income tax revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 was \$1,236,902.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Total	\$ 14,69	6,126
Accrued interest	1	2,284
Intergovernmental	4,97	0,214
Accounts	g	2,154
Income taxes	43	32,780
Property taxes	\$ 9,18	88,694

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year, with the exception of the Ohio Schools Facilities Commission intergovernmental receivable of \$4,488,839, which will be collected over the duration of the construction project.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The beginning balance of land improvements and building and improvements has been restated by (\$606,567) and \$606,567, respectively, to properly classify a prior year addition. In addition, the beginning balance of accumulated depreciation in building and improvements and furniture and equipment has been restated by (\$51,240) and \$51,250, respectively, to properly classify the beginning accumulated depreciation balances. These reclassifications had no effect on total capital assets, net reported at June 30, 2010. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

	Balance 06/30/10	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/11
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	A. 4.044.000	0 450 474	Φ (00.000)	Φ 4000000
Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,014,926 450,955	\$ 156,174 3,897,800	\$ (80,900) (194,000)	\$ 1,090,200 4,154,755
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,465,881	4,053,974	(274,900)	5,244,955
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	775,935	94,400	(47,258)	823,077
Buildings and improvements	8,184,376	-	(572,744)	7,611,632
Furniture and equipment	3,243,701	780,093	(181,608)	3,842,186
Vehicles	1,464,483	16,723		1,481,206
Total capital assets, being depreciated	13,668,495	891,216	(801,610)	13,758,101
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(600,787)	(18,199)	7,247	(611,739)
Buildings and improvements	(4,322,796)	(193,678)	411,580	(4,104,894)
Furniture and equipment	(2,641,599)	(145,154)	181,608	(2,605,145)
Vehicles	(697,512)	(95,504)		(793,016)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,262,694)	(452,535)	600,435	(8,114,794)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,871,682	\$ 4,492,655	\$ (476,075)	\$ 10,888,262

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction: Regular Special Other	\$ 209,572 13,923 7,337
Support services:	
Instructional staff	17,269
Administration	6,682
Operations and maintenance	93,094
Pupil transportation	84,915
Extracurricular activities	11,560
Food service operations	8,183
Total depreciation expense	\$ 452,535

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior fiscal years and during the current fiscal year, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment, vehicles and other miscellaneous equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of furniture and equipment and vehicles have been capitalized in the amount of \$394,807. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2011 was \$272,308, leaving a current book value of \$122,499. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide statement of net assets. Principal payments in the 2011 fiscal year were as follows: \$76,446 paid by the general fund and \$6,952 paid by the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2012	93,886
2013	47,831
2014	14,233
2015	6,332
2016	2,396
Total minimum lease payments	164,678
Less: amount representing interest	(14,517)
Total	\$ 150,161

In calculating invested in capital assets, net of related debt on the statement of net assets, capital leases capitalized have outstanding debt at June 30, 2011 in the amount of \$146,458.

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2011, the following changes occurred in the governmental activities long-term obligations:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

	Balance 06/30/10	 Additions	R	eductions_	Balance 06/30/11	mounts Due in ne Year
Governmental activities:						
Energy conservation notes	\$ 1,200,000	\$ -	\$	(77,000)	\$ 1,123,000	\$ 78,000
General obligation bonds:						
Series 2010A	9,400,000	-		(145,000)	9,255,000	260,000
Series 2010B and C	14,015,428	25,391		-	14,040,819	75,000
Capital lease obligation	211,229	22,330		(83,398)	150,161	84,755
Compensated absences	1,814,877	433,118		(398,649)	1,849,346	 491,954
Total long-term obligations	\$ 26,641,534	\$ 480,839	\$	(704,047)	26,418,326	\$ 989,709
Add: unamortized premium					 340,003	
Total on statement of net assets					\$ 26,758,329	

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee's salaries are paid, which for the District is primarily the general fund.

<u>Capital Lease Obligations</u>: The capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund and the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). See Note 10 for details.

B. Energy Conservation Notes: In a prior fiscal year, the District issued \$1,200,000 in energy conservation notes. Energy conservation notes outstanding are general obligations of the District, for which the District's full faith and credit are pledged for repayment. Accordingly, these notes are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to these notes will be recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). \$726,927 of the note proceeds were unspent at June 30, 2011.

The following is a summary of the District's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the energy conservation notes:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Fiscal Year

Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2012	\$	78,000	\$	5,420	\$	83,420
2013		78,000		5,030		83,030
2014		78,000		4,640		82,640
2015		79,000		4,248		83,248
2016		79,000		3,852		82,852
2017 - 2021		402,000		13,266		415,266
2022 - 2025		329,000		3,296		332,296
Total	\$	1,123,000	\$	39,752	\$	1,162,752

C. School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds - Series 2010A: On February 18, 2010, the District issued \$9,400,000 of Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) to finance building construction and improvements. This issue is comprised of current interest term bonds, par value \$9,400,000.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). \$9,172,423 of these bond proceeds were unspent at June 30, 2011.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2026. The following is a schedule of activity for the Series 2010A QSCBs:

	Balance June 30, 2010 Additions Reductions			Balance June 30, 2011
Current interest bonds - 2010 A series	\$ 9,400,000		\$ (145,000)	\$ 9,255,000

For QSCBs, the District receives a direct payment subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to 100% of the lesser of the interest payments on the bonds or the federal tax credits that would otherwise have been available to the holders of the bonds. The District records this subsidy from the federal government in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

\$3,000,000 of the QSCBs are subject to mandatory sinking fund deposits. The District is required to maintain a sinking fund account and deposit monies each December 1 into the account for payment of the bonds at maturity on December 1, 2026. During fiscal year 2011, the made \$31,363 in sinking fund deposits which represent the total deposits into the sinking fund since inception. The payments into the sinking fund are made through the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the financial statements, the fair value of the investments accumulated in the sinking fund in the amount of \$31,528 is reported as "cash and investments with escrow agent".

The following is a schedule of future sinking fund deposits required to be made into the District's sinking fund account:

Fiscal Year	Sinking Fund Required Deposit					
2012	\$	60,437				
2013		65,713				
2014		74,078				
2015		80,187				
2016		86,688				
2017 - 2021		598,644				
2022 - 2026		969,941				
Total	\$	1,935,688				

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity the \$3,000,000 portion of the QSCBs subject to the District's sinking fund account:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds - Series 2010A - Bullet Maturity						
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	
2012			\$	45,000	\$	45,000	
2013				45,000		45,000	
2014				45,000		45,000	
2015				45,000		45,000	
2016				45,000		45,000	
2017 - 2021				225,000		225,000	
2022 - 2026				225,000		225,000	
2027	\$	3,000,000		22,500		3,022,500	
Total	\$	3,000,000	\$	697,500	\$	3,697,500	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future debt service on the remaining \$6,400,000 of the QSCBs:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds - Series 2010A - Term Bonds						
Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total		
2012	\$	260,000	\$	91,875	\$	351,875	
2013		270,000		87,900		357,900	
2014		290,000		83,700		373,700	
2015		300,000		79,275		379,275	
2016		315,000		74,662		389,662	
2017 - 2021		1,865,000		295,312		2,160,312	
2022 - 2026		2,505,000		131,437		2,636,437	
2027		450,000		3,376		453,376	
Total	\$	6,255,000	\$	847,537	\$	7,102,537	

D. School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds - Series 2010B and 2010C: On March 10, 2010, the District issued Series 2010B current interest serial bonds, par value \$565,000, Series 2010b capital appreciation bonds, par value \$249,991, and Series 2010C current interest Building America Bonds (BABs), par value \$13,195,000, to finance building construction and improvements. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from .08% to 6.45%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2029 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,490,000. Total accreted interest of \$30,828 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2011. The proceeds of these bonds, along with the \$352,874 bond premium at issuance, were unspent at June 30, 2011.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond will be recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2037.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of activity for the Series 2010B and Series 2010C bonds:

	Balance June 30, 2010	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2011
Current interest bonds -				
2010B serial	\$ 565,000			\$ 565,000
2010C BABs	13,195,000			13,195,000
Capital appreciation bonds -				
2010B	249,991			249,991
Capital appreciation bonds -				
Accreted interest	5,437	\$ 25,391		30,828
Total	\$ 14,015,428	\$ 25,391		\$ 14,040,819

The District receives a direct payment subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to thirty-five percent of the corresponding interest payments due on the BABs. The District records this subsidy from the federal government in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2010B and Series 2010C bonds:

Fiscal Year	(Current Interest Bonds			ital Appreciation	Bonds
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2012	\$ 75,000	\$ 837,480	\$ 912,480			
2013	75,000	836,430	911,430			
2014	80,000	834,880	914,880			
2015	80,000	833,280	913,280			
2016	85,000	831,630	916,630			
2017 - 2021	465,000	4,114,591	4,579,591			
2022 - 2026	560,000	3,990,545	4,550,545			
2027 - 2031	2,590,000	3,600,510	6,190,510	\$ 249,991	\$ 1,240,009	\$ 1,490,000
2032 - 2036	6,540,000	2,132,838	8,672,838			
2037 - 2038	3,210,000	209,625	3,419,625			
Total	\$ 13,760,000	\$ 18,221,809	\$ 31,981,809	\$ 249,991	\$ 1,240,009	\$ 1,490,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

E. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2011, are a voted debt margin of \$503,745 (including available funds of \$1,056,158) and an unvoted debt margin of \$252,362.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are 90% coinsured. The following is a description of the District's insurance coverage:

		Limits of	
<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Insurer</u>	Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>
General liability:	Ohio School Plan		
Each occurrence		\$2,000,000	\$ -
Aggregate		4,000,000	-
Building and contents	Ohio School Plan	61,650,994	1,000
Fleet:	Ohio School Plan		
Comprehensive		1,000,000	1,000
Collision		1,000,000	1,000
Umbrella liability:	Ohio School Plan		
Each occurrence		included above	-
Aggregate		included above	-

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Employee Group Life, Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance

In 1981, the District joined 14 other districts in Huron and Erie Counties and formed the Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association.

The Board of Trustees of the consortium, with assistance of actuarial analysis, establishes premium rates for medical, dental, and prescription drug insurance, based upon the specific plan negotiated by each member district and its employees. Premiums are placed in a Trust Fund controlled by the Board of Trustees and invested prudently to produce income which additionally benefits the consortium. The agreement of the Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association provides that the Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for all claims. The Huron-Erie School Employee Insurance Association retains the risk. The pool purchased stop-loss coverage from private insurance carriers to cover claims in excess of \$200,000 for any employee in a year or to cover aggregate claims in excess of 120% of the prior year's total claims. Individual coverage per person cannot exceed \$2,000,000 in claims during his or her lifetime. The "reserves" in the Trust Fund include monies necessary to pay the "claims run-out", should the consortium ever be dissolved. Because the consortium is organized under Internal Revenue Code 501C (9), investment income is tax exempt.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 14. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

C. Worker's Compensation

For fiscal year 2011, the District participated in the Sheakley Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Plan (Group Retro). The intent of the Group Retro is to reward participants that are able to keep their individual claim costs below a predetermined amount. The District continues to pay their individual premium; however, the District will have the opportunity to receive retrospective premium adjustments (refunds or assessments) at the end of the three evaluation periods. The group's retrospective premium will be calculated at 12, 24, and 36 months after the end of the policy year. At the end of each period, the Bureau of Workers Comp (BWC) will take a snap-shot of the incurred claims losses for the entire group and calculate the group's retrospective premium. If the retrospective premium that is calculated is less than the group's total standard premium, all the participants will receive a refund. However, if the retrospective premium is greater than the group's total standard premium, an assessment will be levied by the BWC. Sheakley provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Group Retro program.

The Group Retro program is accounted for the general fund which pays for all claims, claim reserves and administrative costs of the program. The general fund generates revenues by charging each fund a percentage rate determined by the Bureau for the payroll during the reporting period. The claims liability is recorded based on an actuarial determination of future claims. Claims activity for fiscal year 2011 follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Balan	ice at	Current Y	ear Claims	CI	aims	Baland	ce at
<u>Beginning</u>	Beginning of Year and Changes in Estimates		_Pay	<u>Payments</u>		Year	
\$	-	\$	883	\$	(883)	\$	_

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2011, 11.77 percent and 0.04 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$333,130, \$348,726 and \$265,143, respectively; 53.99 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$1,198,704, \$1,170,959 and \$1,258,645, respectively; 82.90 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2011 were \$30,233 made by the District and \$21,595 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2011, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$96,463, \$56,322 and \$163,011, respectively; 53.99 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$21,438, \$20,738 and \$21,877, respectively; 53.99 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$92,208, \$90,074 and \$96,819, respectively; 82.90 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

		neral fund
Budget basis	\$	648,583
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		233,100
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(301,536)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		122,773
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(10,248)
Adjustment for encumbrances		195,069
GAAP basis	\$	887,741

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the special trust fund and the rotary fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings, however they are vigorously challenging and an amount of potential liabilities is not known.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 17 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Textbooks		<u>Im</u>	Capital Improvements	
\$	303,248	\$	303,248	
	(570,396)		(383,205)	
	(336,353)			
			(431,687)	
\$	(603,501)	\$	(511,644)	
	\$	\$ 303,248 (570,396) (336,353)	\$ 303,248 \$ (570,396) (336,353)	

The District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook set-aside amount to below zero. Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook set-aside is no longer required and has been removed from existing law. This negative balance is therefore not being presented as being carried forward to the future fiscal year. Although the District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 (Continued)

NOTE 18 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

On June 30, 2011, the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding related to the construction project described in Note 11. A summary of the primary contractual commitments follows:

Contractor		Contract Amount		Amount Paid Through June 30, 2011		Remaining Contract Amount	
Contractor	Amount		June 30, 2011		Amount		
ACI Construction Company	\$	1,005,297	\$	486,727	\$	518,570	
Adena Corporation Hi-Tech Electric		8,896,500 1,675,795		-		8,896,500 1,675,795	
Oakland Plumbing		1,480,226		-		1,480,226	
Telamon Construction Company		7,530,000		-		7,530,000	
Vaughn Industries, LLC.		4,137,300		-		4,137,300	
Vulcan Enterprises, Inc.		330,193		-		330,193	
Warner Mechanical		1,494,818		-		1,494,818	
Total	\$	26,550,129	\$	486,727	\$:	26,063,402	

NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	•	Year - End		
<u>Fund</u>	En	Encumbrances		
General	\$	315,154		
Classroom facilities		28,568,447		
Other governmental		547,187		
Total	\$	29,430,788		

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Droggom Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pagainta	Dichurcomente
Program Title U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	Number	Receipts	Disbursements
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Nutrition Cluster:			
National School Lunch Program			
Cash Assistance	10.555	\$297,613	\$297,613
Non-cash Assistance (Food Distribution)	10.555	114,270	114,270
Total National School Lunch Program	_	411,883	411,883
School Breakfast Program	10.553	60,036	60,036
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	_	471,919	471,919
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	84.027	446,136	480,741
Special Education - Preschool Grant (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	19,424	21,110
ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	84.391	239,057	291,232
ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.392	9,558	9,347
Total Special Education Cluster	·	714,175	802,430
Title I Cluster:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010	319,215	355,304
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, Recovery Act	84.389	71,042	117,740
Total Title I Cluster		390,257	473,044
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2,568	975
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	97,666	104,744
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund – Education State Fund	84.394	690,783	690,783
ARRA - Race to the Top	84.395	10,666	6,723
Education Jobs Fund	84.410 _	190,757	181,131
Total U.S. Department of Education	-	2,096,872	2,259,830
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES	=	\$ 2,568,791	\$ 2,731,749

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Bellevue City School District's (the District's) Federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends Federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE D - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the District to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The District has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bellevue City School District Huron County 125 North Street, P.O. Box 8003 Bellevue, Ohio 44811-8003

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bellevue City School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 12, 2012, wherein we noted the District adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement 54. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 Bellevue City School District Huron County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 12, 2012

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bellevue City School District Huron County 125 North Street, P.O. Box 8003 Bellevue, Ohio 44811-8003

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Bellevue City School District, Huron County, Ohio (the District), with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Bellevue City School District, Huron County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

Bellevue City School District
Huron County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, others within the District, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 12, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Title I Cluster - CFDA #84.010 and 84.389, Special Education Cluster - CFDA #84.027, 84.173, 84.391, and 84.392, State Fiscal Stabilization Fund - CFDA #84.394, Education Jobs Fund - CFDA #84.410.
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Bellevue City School District Huron County 125 North Street, P.O. Box 8003 Bellevue, Ohio 44811-8003

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code, Section 117.53, states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Bellevue City School District (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

We noted the District amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on July 15, 2010, to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 12, 2012





BELLEVUE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

HURON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 29, 2012