SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Logan Elm Local School District Pickaway County 9579 Tarlton Road Circleville, Ohio 43113

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan Elm Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Logan Elm Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 3, during 2011, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 17, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Logan Elm Local School District Pickaway County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 17, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The management's discussion and analysis of the Logan Elm Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2011 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$1,054,367 which represents a 9.36% increase from 2010.
- General revenues accounted for \$18,379,376 in revenue or 78.35% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$5,078,414 or 21.65% of total revenues of \$23,457,790.
- The District had \$22,403,423 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$5,078,414 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$18,379,376 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and capital projects fund. The general fund had \$19,599,453 in revenues, \$19,106,317 in expenditures, and \$2,500,000 in other financing uses. During fiscal year 2011, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$2,006,864 from a restated balance of \$7,957,766 to \$5,950,902.
- The District's other major governmental fund is the capital projects fund. The capital projects fund had \$96,468 in expenditures and \$2,500,000 in other financing sources. During fiscal year 2011, the capital projects fund's fund balance increased to \$2,403,532.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net assets* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and capital projects fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2011?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net assets* and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

On the statement of net assets and in the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major and other governmental funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported on the statement of net assets and in the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for dental self-insurance. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets on pages 23 and 24. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-54 of this report.

Net Assets

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2011 and 2010.

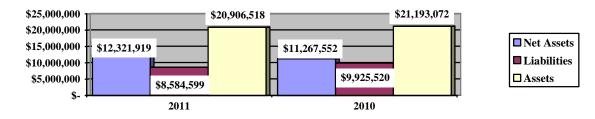
	Net Assets		
	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010	
Assets	• • • • • • • • • •		
Current and other assets	\$ 16,901,251	\$ 17,217,200	
Capital assets	4,005,267	3,975,872	
Total assets	20,906,518	21,193,072	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities	7,329,314	8,616,427	
Long-term liabilities	1,255,285	1,309,093	
Total liabilities	8,584,599	9,925,520	
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets	4,005,267	3,975,872	
Restricted	773,284	550,797	
Unrestricted	7,543,368	6,740,883	
Total net assets	<u>\$ 12,321,919</u>	<u>\$ 11,267,552</u>	

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2011, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$12,321,919. Of this total, \$7,543,368 is unrestricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 19.16% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets at June 30, 2011, were \$4,005,267. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

A portion of the District's net assets at June 30, 2011, \$773,284, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets is \$7,543,368.



Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,520,829	\$ 1,403,396
Operating grants and contributions	3,557,585	2,581,964
General revenues:		
Property taxes	7,231,099	5,652,083
Income taxes	2,392,754	2,340,302
Grants and entitlements	8,710,556	9,867,970
Investment earnings	25,090	23,283
Other	19,877	35,830
Total revenues	\$ 23,457,790	\$ 21,904,828
		-continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Change in Net Assets (Continued)

<u>Expenses</u>	Governmental Activities 2011	Governmental Activities 2010
Program expenses: Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 10,110,471	\$ 10,246,708
Special	2,344,940	2,324,753
Vocational	2,544,940	2,324,733
Other	319,293	304,959
Support services:	519,295	504,959
Pupil	766,830	943,806
Instructional staff	1,184,599	1,329,171
Board of education	95,084	105,970
Administration	1,437,010	1,477,208
Fiscal	525,709	501,202
Business	4,101	3,776
Operations and maintenance	1,959,373	1,976,746
Pupil transportation	1,857,523	1,676,696
Central	338,546	250,777
Food service operations	881,876	938,776
Extracurricular activities	562,804	531,212
Total expenses	22,403,423	22,626,658
Change in net assets	1,054,367	(721,830)
Net assets at beginning of year	11,267,552	11,989,382
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 12,321,919</u>	\$ 11,267,552

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities increased \$1,054,367. Total governmental expenses of \$22,403,423 were offset by program revenues of \$5,078,414 and general revenues of \$18,379,376. Program revenues supported 22.67% of the total governmental expenses.

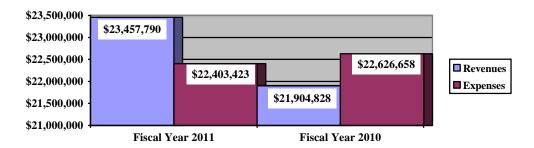
In the area of program revenues, the significant increase was in operating grants and contributions which increased \$975,621. This increase is attributable to funding through the State of Ohio for PAthway for Student Success (PASS) funding which offsets special education costs. PASS funding has been reported as program revenue in fiscal year 2011 versus general revenue in fiscal year 2010.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property and income taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 78.16% of total governmental revenue. The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$12,789,968 or 57.09% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2011.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011	Total Cost of Services 2010	Net Cost of Services 2010
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 10,110,471	\$ 8,112,209	\$ 10,246,708	\$ 8,839,364
Special	2,344,940	1,055,503	2,324,753	1,568,387
Vocational	15,264	9,150	14,898	14,898
Other	319,293	111,673	304,959	114,499
Support services:				
Pupil	766,830	710,414	943,806	872,074
Instructional staff	1,184,599	889,960	1,329,171	1,036,157
Board of education	95,084	95,084	105,970	105,970
Administration	1,437,010	1,431,896	1,477,208	1,450,105
Fiscal	525,709	525,709	501,202	501,202
Business	4,101	4,101	3,776	3,776
Operations and maintenance	1,959,373	1,959,373	1,976,746	1,976,746
Pupil transportation	1,857,523	1,844,016	1,676,696	1,667,625
Central	338,546	315,768	250,777	230,888
Food service operations	881,876	(35,968)	938,776	(2,778)
Extracurricular activities	562,804	296,121	531,212	262,385
Total expenses	\$ 22,403,423	\$ 17,325,009	\$ 22,626,658	\$ 18,641,298

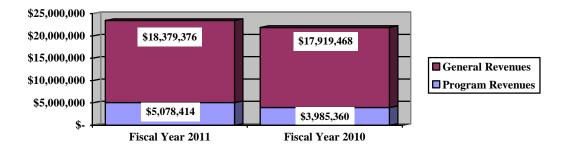
Governmental Activities

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 72.62% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 77.33%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$8,605,670, which is higher than last year's total of \$7,978,438. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2011 and 2010. The District restated fund balances at June 30, 2010 as described in Note 3.B.

		Restated	
	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	(Decrease)
General	\$ 5,950,902	\$ 7,957,766	\$ (2,006,864)
Capital projects	2,403,532	-	2,403,532
Other governmental	251,236	20,672	230,564
Total	\$ 8,605,670	\$ 7,978,438	\$ 627,232

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$2,006,864 during fiscal year 2011. While this is a negative net result, the primary reason for the decrease is a result of the \$2,500,000 transfer out to the capital projects fund, as the District prepares for facility improvements. The following table summarizes changes in general fund financial activity in 2011 and 2010. The increase in expenditures of 1.15% was outpaced by the increase in revenue of 6.50%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	2011 Amount	Restated 2010 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
<u>Revenues</u>			<u> </u>	
Taxes	\$ 9,481,400	\$ 7,808,240	\$ 1,673,160	21.43 %
Tuition	711,691	592,737	118,954	20.07 %
Earnings on investments	21,990	23,283	(1,293)	(5.55) %
Intergovernmental	9,210,353	9,803,491	(593,138)	(6.05) %
Other revenues	174,019	174,766	(747)	(0.43) %
Total	\$ 19,599,453	\$ 18,402,517	\$ 1,196,936	6.50 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 11,108,086	\$ 11,077,935	30,151	0.27 %
Support services	7,692,911	7,532,655	160,256	2.13 %
Extracurricular activities	305,320	278,704	26,616	9.55 %
Total	\$ 19,106,317	\$ 18,889,294	\$ 217,023	1.15 %

Capital Projects Fund

The District's capital projects fund balance increased to \$2,403,532 during fiscal year 2011. While this is a positive net result, the primary reason for the increase is a result of the \$2,500,000 transfer in from the general fund, as the District prepares for facility improvements.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2011, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$18,469,404 and \$18,406,874 respectively. Actual revenues and other financing sources for the fiscal year were \$18,836,069.

General fund original appropriations (expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$19,024,060 were increased to \$21,651,104 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2011 totaled \$21,644,262, which were \$6,842 lower than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2011, the District had \$4,005,267 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

The following table shows fiscal year 2011 balances compared to 2010 balances as detailed in Note 9:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	Governmental Activities		
	2011	2010		
Land	\$ 213,048	\$ 213,048		
Land improvements	378,486	421,851		
Building and improvements	2,343,842	2,324,902		
Furniture and equipment	233,507	255,673		
Vehicles	836,384	760,398		
Total	\$ 4,005,267	\$ 3,975,872		

The overall increase in capital assets of \$29,395 is due to capital outlays of \$329,371 exceeding depreciation expense of \$299,976 during fiscal year 2011.

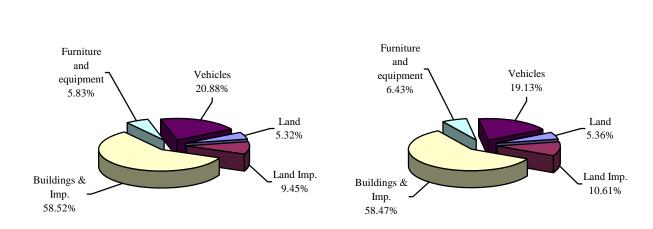
Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

2010

The graphs below present the District's capital assets for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities

2011



Debt Administration

At June 30, 2011, the District had no debt obligations outstanding.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Current Financial Related Activities

As stated above, "over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position." The District's net assets increased \$1,054,367 in fiscal year 2011. However, this result is somewhat skewed by an increase in Property Tax revenue of \$1,579,016.

Neither the District's tax rate or tax valuation increased significantly for 2011. Rather, this increase is due to an increase in the amount available for advance as of June 30, 2011. This amount is provided by the County Auditor and used in the calculation for current Property Taxes Receivable. As it fluctuates, it can significantly affect the year-to-year reported financial results on the accrual basis. And in this case, it may give a misleading picture that the District's finances are improving.

In fact, the opposite is true. In addition to these financial statements, the District is required to annually prepare a five-year financial forecast. This forecast is prepared in accordance with guidelines prescribed by the Ohio Department of Education. This forecast only includes the District's General Fund, but it is certainly a useful indicator of what lies ahead. Here is a summary of the District's Five-Year Forecast approved by the Board of Education on October 10, 2011:

Five-Year Forecast October 2011					
	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Revenue	18,770,147	18,080,249	18,143,020	18,207,165	18,450,222
Expenditures	18,597,196	18,675,829	19,639,934	20,453,999	21,320,880
Net Result	172,951	-595,579	-1,496,915	-2,246,834	-2,870,658
Cash Balance	4,462,526	3,866,947	2,370,033	123,199	-2,747,459

As you can see, the District managed to balance its budget for 2011-12. However, it took a salary freeze, the elimination of 35 positions, and cuts to nearly every discretionary non-personnel line item. General operating revenue will continue to decline going into 2012-13 for the following reasons:

- Conversion of the 1% income tax to the "earned" income tax base, which does not include retirement income, investment earnings, rental activities, and other sources of "unearned" income.
- State reductions to direct reimbursement payments for the elimination of the tangible personal property tax.
- Loss of federal stimulus dollars.

Minimal revenue growth is expected in the first few years following 2012-13 as experts predict a "slow economic recovery".

The District is working on another round of budget cuts in an effort to balance the 2012-13 budget. We are currently conducting meetings with parent groups to discuss possible elementary restructuring. The goal of which would be to get more students of a particular grade level in one building to more effectively balance class sizes and/or operate more efficiently. It will likely take efforts to reduce future growth in expenditures and additional revenue in some form to balance budgets beyond 2012-13.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Steve McAfee, Treasurer, Logan Elm Local School District, 9579 Tarlton Road, Circleville, Ohio 43113-9448.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

	 overnmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,542,574
Investments	104,300
Receivables:	
Property taxes	6,650,764
Income taxes.	846,055
Accounts.	14,807
Intergovernmental	711,961
Accrued interest	3,100
Materials and supplies inventory	27,690
Capital assets:	,
Land and construction in progress.	213,048
Depreciable capital assets, net	3,792,219
Capital assets, net	 4,005,267
	 1,003,207
Total assets	 20,906,518
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	195,923
Accrued wages and benefits	1,932,974
Pension obligation payable.	468,092
Intergovernmental payable	82,174
Unearned revenue	4,631,993
Claims payable.	18,158
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	105,000
Due in more than one year.	1,150,285
Total liabilities	 8,584,599
	 0,501,577
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets	4,005,267
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	3,516
Permanent fund:	
Expendable	8,421
Nonexpendable.	104,300
Locally funded programs	22,078
State funded programs	197
Federally funded programs	484,240
Student activities	142,970
Other purposes	7,562
Unrestricted	7,543,368
	 i
Total net assets	\$ 12,321,919

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

			Program	Revenues	5	R	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses		arges for ces and Sales	-	rating Grants Contributions	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:			 				
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	10,110,471	\$ 800,051	\$	1,198,211	\$	(8,112,209)
Special		2,344,940	-		1,289,437		(1,055,503)
Vocational		15,264	-		6,114		(9,150)
Other		319,293	-		207,620		(111,673)
Support services:							
Pupil		766,830	13,065		43,351		(710,414)
Instructional staff		1,184,599	17,047		277,592		(889,960)
Board of education		95,084	-		-		(95,084)
Administration		1,437,010	-		5,114		(1,431,896)
Fiscal		525,709	-		-		(525,709)
Business		4,101	-		-		(4,101)
Operations and maintenance		1,959,373	-		-		(1,959,373)
Pupil transportation		1,857,523	9,403		4,104		(1,844,016)
Central		338,546	3,785		18,993		(315,768)
Food service operations.		881,876	427,042		490,802		35,968
Extracurricular activities		562,804	 250,436		16,247		(296,121)
Total governmental activities	\$	22,403,423	\$ 1,520,829	\$	3,557,585		(17,325,009)

General Revenues:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	7,049,129
Capital projects	181,970
Income taxes	2,392,754
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	8,710,556
Investment earnings	25,090
Miscellaneous	 19,877
Total general revenues	 18,379,376
Change in net assets	1,054,367
Net assets at beginning of year	 11,267,552
Net assets at end of year	\$ 12,321,919

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	General	Capital Projects	Go	Other wernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		 *				
Equity in pooled cash and and investments	\$ 5,665,874	\$ 2,475,376	\$	329,426 104,300	\$	8,470,676 104,300
Receivables: Property taxes. Income taxes Accounts Intergovernmental. Accrued interest Interfund loans Materials and supplies inventory.	 6,450,815 846,055 14,661 18,158 3,100 50,000	 - - - - - -		199,949 - 146 693,803 - - 27,690		6,650,764 846,055 14,807 711,961 3,100 50,000 27,690
Total assets	\$ 13,048,663	\$ 2,475,376	\$	1,355,314	\$	16,879,353
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Compensated absences payable Interfund loans payable Pension obligation payable Intergovernmental payable Deferred revenue Unearned revenue	\$ 94,459 1,662,842 25,444 402,294 71,164 358,344 4,483,214	\$ 71,844 - - - - - - - -	\$	29,620 270,132 - 50,000 65,798 11,010 528,739 148,779	\$	195,923 1,932,974 25,444 50,000 468,092 82,174 887,083 4,631,993
Total liabilities	 7,097,761	 71,844		1,104,078		8,273,683
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. Permanent fund - library purposes.	-	-		27,690 104,300		27,690 104,300
Restricted: Food service operations Special education Targeted academic assistance Extracurricular Permanent fund Other purposes		- - - -		2,704 73 9,611 142,970 8,421 29,749		2,704 73 9,611 142,970 8,421 29,749
Committed: Capital improvements	-	2,403,532		-		2,403,532
Assigned. Student instruction	 16,616 24,474 5,909,812	 - - -		(74,282)		16,616 24,474 5,835,530
Total fund balances	5,950,902	2,403,532		251,236		8,605,670
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 13,048,663	\$ 2,475,376	\$	1,355,314	\$	16,879,353
	 <u> </u>	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2011

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 8,605,670
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,005,267
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds		
Accrued interest receivable	\$ 346,950 3,100	
Intergovernmental receivable	537,033	887,083
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		53,740
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore not reported in the funds.		(1,229,841)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 12,321,919

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	G	eneral		Capital Projects		Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:				110,000		- 41145		- 41145
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	7,088,646	\$	-	\$	181,725	\$	7,270,371
Income taxes.		2,392,754		-		-		2,392,754
Tuition.		711,691		-		-		711,691
Transportation fees.		9,403		-		-		9,403
Earnings on investments		21,990		-		611		22,601
Charges for services		-		-		427,042		427,042
Extracurricular.		103,461		-		227,954		331,415
Classroom materials and fees		41,278		-		-		41,278
Rental income		2,208		-		-		2,208
Contributions and donations		500		-		19,724		20,224
Other local revenues		17,169		-		13,987		31,156
Intergovernmental - state		9,179,177		-		186,624		9,365,801
Intergovernmental - federal		31,176		-		2,524,081		2,555,257
Total revenues	1	9,599,453		-		3,581,748		23,181,201
		- , ,				- , ,		-, -, -
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		9,347,267		-		816,782		10,164,049
Special		1,634,612		-		712,397		2,347,009
Vocational		12,310		-		-		12,310
Other		113,897		-		205,836		319,733
Support services:								
Pupil		910,155		-		66,447		976,602
Instructional staff		901,332		-		290,990		1,192,322
Board of education		95,084		-		-		95,084
Administration		1,432,995		-		4,772		1,437,767
Fiscal		520,638		-		4,133		524,771
Business		4,101		-		-		4,101
Operations and maintenance		1,815,302		71,844		107,523		1,994,669
Pupil transportation		1,707,048		-		4,342		1,711,390
Central		306,256		-		21,884		328,140
Food service operations		-		-		888,879		888,879
Extracurricular activities		305,320		-		212,126		517,446
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		24,624		15,073		39,697
Total expenditures	1	9,106,317		96,468		3,351,184		22,553,969
Energy (definition on) of movements of an (under)								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		402 126		(06.469)		220 564		627 222
expenditures		493,136		(96,468)		230,564		627,232
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in.		-		2,500,000		-		2,500,000
Transfers (out)	((2,500,000)		-		-		(2,500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,500,000)		2,500,000		-		
-								
Net change in fund balances	((2,006,864)		2,403,532		230,564		627,232
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).		7,957,766		-		20,672		7,978,438
Fund balances at end of year	-	5,950,902	\$	2,403,532	\$	251,236	\$	8,605,670
	¥	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4	2,.00,002	<u> </u>	201,200	4	0,000,070

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 627,232
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation	\$ 329,371 (299,976)	
Total	 <u>,</u> _	29,395
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Earnings on investments Miscellaneous revenues	(39,272) 312,761 3,100 18,158	
Total	 	294,747
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		79,252
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		 23,741
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 1,054,367

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Budgeted	Amou	unts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		legative)
Revenues:		Original		Гша		Actual	(1	(egative)
From local sources:								
	\$	5,998,291	\$	5,977,983	\$	6,117,372	\$	139,389
Property taxes	φ	2,324,527	φ	2,316,657	φ	2,370,675	φ	54,018
Tuition		697,837		695,475		2,370,073		16,216
Transportation fees.		5,749		5,729		5,863		10,210
Earnings on investments		26,172		26,084		26,692		608
Extracurricular.		38,760		38,628		39,529		901
Classroom materials and fees				40.337		41,278		901
Rental income		40,474 2,165		2,158		2,208		50
Contributions and donations		2,103 490		2,138 489		2,208		30 11
Other local revenues		490 10,444		489 10,408		10,651		243
Intergovernmental - state		9,000,495		8,970,022		9,179,177		209,155
•								
Intergovernmental - federal		34,493 18,179,897		34,376 18,118,346		35,178		<u>802</u> 422,468
Total revenues		18,179,897		18,118,340		18,540,814		422,408
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		8,176,636		9,305,753		9,302,812		2,941
Special.		1,409,593		1,604,245		1,603,738		507
Vocational		10,700		12,178		12,174		4
Other		97,611		111,090		111,055		35
Support services:								
Pupil		785,422		893,881		893,599		282
Instructional staff		808,009		919,588		919,297		291
Board of education		83,705		95,264		95,234		30
Administration		1,239,423		1,410,576		1,410,130		446
Fiscal		461,213		524,902		524,736		166
Business		3,605		4,102		4,101		1
Operations and maintenance		1,593,573		1,813,630		1,813,057		573
Pupil transportation		1,485,749		1,690,916		1,690,382		534
Central		230,048		261,816		261,733		83
Extracurricular activities.		265,629		302,310		302,214		96
Total expenditures		16,650,916		18,950,251		18,944,262		5,989
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures.		1,528,981		(831,905)		(403,448)		428,457
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year expenditures		44,374		44,224		45,255		1,031
Transfers (out).		(2,197,356)		(2,500,790)		(2,500,000)		790
Advances in		245,133		244,304		250,000		5,696
Advances (out)		(175,788)		(200,063)		(200,000)		63
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,083,637)		(2,412,325)		(2,404,745)		7,580
Net change in fund balance		(554,656)		(3,244,230)		(2,808,193)		436,037
Fund balance at beginning of year (restated) .		7,006,600		7,006,600		7,006,600		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		60,676		60,676		60,676		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,512,620	\$	3,823,046	\$	4,259,083	\$	436,037
- and summer at the of year + + + + + + + + + + +	Ψ	0,012,020	Ψ	5,025,040	Ψ	1,207,005	Ψ	100,007

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund				
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$	71,898			
Total assets.		71,898			
Liabilities:					
Claims payable		18,158			
Total liabilities		18,158			
Net assets:					
Unrestricted		53,740			
Total net assets	\$	53,740			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund				
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	274,134			
Total operating revenues		274,134			
Operating expenses:					
Claims		250,393			
Total operating expenses		250,393			
Operating income/change in net assets		23,741			
Net assets at beginning of year		29,999			
Net assets at end of year	\$	53,740			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from charges for services	\$	274,134		
Cash payments for claims.		(247,376)		
Net cash provided by				
operating activities		26,758		
Net increase in cash and cash				
cash equivalents		26,758		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		45,140		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	71,898		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	23,741		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in claims payable		3,017		
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	\$	26,758		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2011

	Private Purpose Trust				
	Scholarship		Scholarship		 Agency
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash	\$	52 202	\$ 57 706		
and cash equivalents	<u></u>	53,203	\$ 57,796 3,511,263		
Total assets.		53,203	\$ 3,569,059		
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-	\$ 434		
Due to other governments		-	2,712,143		
Due to students.		-	57,362		
Claims payable		-	 799,120		
Total liabilities		-	\$ 3,569,059		
Net assets:					
Held in trust for scholarships		53,203			
Total net assets	\$	53,203			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		te Purpose Frust
Additions:	Sch	olarship
Additions. Interest Gifts and contributions. Total additions	\$	108 9,425 9,533
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		10,398
Change in net assets		(865)
Net assets at beginning of year		54,068
Net assets at end of year	\$	53,203

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Logan Elm Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (five members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District ranks as the 238th largest by enrollment among the 918 public and community school districts in the State. The District employs 14 administrators, 114 non-certified and 150 certified employees to provide services to approximately 2,219 students and community groups. The District provides regular and special instruction. The District also provides support services for the pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisitions and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services. The District co-operates with the Pickaway County Educational Service Center, a separate entity, for curricular services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental type activity and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Metropolitan Education Council (MEC)

MEC is a not for profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The Governing Board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the Governing Board. MEC is its own fiscal agent. The District paid \$872 to MEC for services provided during fiscal year 2011.

South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA)

The District is a participant in SCOCA which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Jackson, Vinton, Pickaway, Gallia, Ross, and Lawrence counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The Governing Board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county in the SCOCA service region designated by the Ohio Department of Education, two representatives of the school treasurers, plus a respresentative of the fiscal agent. The District paid SCOCA \$121,077 for computer services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School District, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P.O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Central Ohio Special Education Regional Resource Center (COSERRC)

COSERRC is a jointly governed organization operated by a Governing Board that is composed of superintendents of member school districts in central Ohio which comprise sixty percent of the Board, two parents of children with disabilities, one representative of a chartered nonpublic school, one representative of a County Board of Development Disabilities, representatives of universities and students and persons with disabilities representations. COSERRC assists the District in complying with mandates of Public Law 99-456 for educating children with disabilities. There is no financial commitment made by the districts involved in COSERRC. COSERRC is not dependent upon the continued participation of the District and the District does not maintain an equity interest in or financial responsibility for the Council.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Pickaway County Public Employer Benefits Program (PCPEBP)

During fiscal year 2010, the District joined together with Circleville City School District, Teays Valley Local School District, and Westfall Local School District to form the PCPEBP, a new insurance consortium. The PCPEBP is a public entity shared risk pool organized to provide health care benefits to its member organizations. The Board of Directors exercises control over the operation of the PCPEBP. Each member school district is represented on the Board of Directors by their superintendent or superintendent's designee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District serves as fiscal agent for the PCPEBP. Financial assets and liabilities for fiscal year 2010 are reported in the basic financial statements as an agency fund. To obtain financial information, write Steve McAfee, Treasurer, Logan Elm Local School District, 9579 Tarlton Road, Circleville, Ohio 43113-9448.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan The District participates in a workers' compensation group rating plan (GRP) conducted by a fourteen member committee consisting of various representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Each year the superintendent or treasurer from each participating school district serves on the general assembly. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. Refer to Note 12.E. for further information on this GRP.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Capital projects fund</u> - The capital projects fund is used to accumulate money for one or more capital projects.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition of construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the district, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides dental benefits to employees.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities and the PCPEBP.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service fund is charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2011 are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2011 is as follows.

1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Pickaway County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final amended certificate issued for fiscal year 2011.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the one-digit object level within each two-digit function for the general fund and the fund level of expenditures for all other funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year).

Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations totals.

- 5. Any revisions that alter the appropriations at the one-digit object level within each two-digit function for the general fund and the fund level of expenditures for all other funds must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. The final budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the permanent appropriation amounts plus all supplemental appropriations legally enacted during the year.
- 8. Advances in and advances out are not required to be budgeted since they represent a temporary cash flow resource and are intended to be repaid.
- 9. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled, except for certificates of deposit in the Hitler Fund to benefit the library, the scholarship private purpose fund, the PCPEBP fund, and the governmental securities specific to the general fund. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2011, investments consisted of federal agency securities, a U.S. Government money market fund, U.S. Treasury bills and notes, STAR Ohio and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2011. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2011.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenues credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$21,990, which includes \$7,691 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investments at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District has a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

5

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental type activities columns of the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2011, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least ten years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2011 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Budget Stabilization Arrangement

The District has established a budget stabilization reserve in accordance with authority established by State law. Additions to the budget stabilization reserve can only be made by formal resolution of the Board of Education. Expenditures out of the budget stabilization reserve can only be made to offset future budget deficits. At June 30, 2011, the balance in the budget stabilization reserve was \$170,623. This amount is included in unassigned fund balance of the general fund and in unrestricted net assets on the statement of net assets.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2011, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting</u> and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", and GASB Statement No. 59, "<u>Financial Instruments</u> <u>Omnibus</u>".

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. GASB Statement No. 54 also clarifies the definitions of governmental fund types.

GASB Statement No. 59 updates and improves guidance for financial reporting and disclosure requirements of certain financial instruments and external investment pools. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 59 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Fund Reclassification

A fund reclassification is required in order to report funds in accordance with GASB Statement No 54. The fund reclassification had the following effect on the District's governmental fund balances as previously reported:

	 General	 Capital Projects	onmajor vernmental	Go	Total overnmental
Fund balance as previously reported	\$ 7,937,119	\$ -	\$ 41,319	\$	7,978,438
Fund reclassification: Public school support fund	 20,647	 	 (20,647)		
Restated fund balance at July 1, 2010	\$ 7,957,766	\$ _	\$ 20,672	\$	7,978,438

The fund reclassification did not have an effect on net assets as previously reported.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

C. Budgetary Prior Period Adjustment

In prior years certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue or agency funds were considered part of the general fund on a budgetary basis. The District has elected to report only the legally budgeted general fund in the budgetary statement; therefore, a restatement to the beginning budgetary balance is required. The restatement of the general fund's budgetary-basis fund balance at June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Budgetary Basis

	G	eneral Fund
Balance at June 30, 2010 Funds budgeted elsewhere	\$	8,403,792 (1,397,192)
Restated balance at July 1, 2010	\$	7,006,600

D. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2011 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Public school preschool	\$ 6,604
Education stabilization	60,036
Preschool grant for the handicapped	210
Improving teacher quality	1,084
Permanent improvement	6,348

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in item 1 or 2 of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash and Investments in Segregated Accounts

The cash and investments in segregated accounts relates to the PCPEBP. The balance is covered by federal depository insurance, by collateral held by the PCPEBP, or by collateral held by a qualified third-party trustee in the name of the PCPEBP. The amount held in segregated accounts at June 30, 2011 was \$3,511,263.

B. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$10,042 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2011, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,188,133. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2011, \$1,008,979 of the District's bank balance of \$1,312,238 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$303,259 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the District had the following investments and maturity:

			Investment Maturities					
			6	months	7 to 12		13 to 18	
Investment type	F	Fair Value		or less		months		months
FHLB	\$	250,571	\$	100,250	\$	-	\$	150,321
FHLMC		150,781		-		-		150,781
FNMA		302,197		-		302,197		-
FNMA discount note		174,999		174,999		-		-
FHLB discount note		174,996		174,996		-		-
U.S. Treasury bills		349,982		349,982		-		-
U.S. Treasury notes		1,656,651		827,552		150,586		678,513
STAR Ohio		4,361,767		4,361,767		-		-
U.S. Government money market		16,380		16,380		-		-
Certificates of deposit		121,374		121,374		-		_
	\$	7,559,698	\$	6,127,300	\$	452,783	\$	979,615

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury bills and notes were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investments in U.S. Government money market funds and certificates of deposit were not rated. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and U.S. Treasury bills are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2011:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% of Total</u>
FHLB	\$ 250,571	3.31
FHLMC	150,781	1.99
FNMA	302,197	4.00
FNMA discount note	174,999	2.31
FHLB discount note	174,996	2.31
U.S. Treasury bills	349,982	4.63
U.S. Treasury notes	1,656,651	21.92
STAR Ohio	4,361,767	57.70
U.S. Government money market	16,380	0.22
Certificates of deposit	121,374	1.61
Total	<u>\$ 7,559,698</u>	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2011:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	1,188,133
Investments		7,559,698
Cash and investments in segregated accounts		3,511,263
Cash on hand		10,042
Total	\$	12,269,136
Cash and investments per statement of net assets		
Governmental activities	\$	8,646,874
Private-purpose trust fund		53,203
Agency funds		3,569,059
Total	¢	12,269,136

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2011 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loan receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental fund	\$ 50,000

The primary purpose of the interfund balance is to cover costs in the permanent improvement nonmajor capital projects fund where revenues were not received by June 30. The interfund balance will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. The interfund balance is expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2011 are reported on the statement of net assets.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2011, consisted of the following transfer, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from General fund to:</u> Capital projects fund

\$ 2,500,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities. The transfer was made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property, public utility property, and certain tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2011 represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property taxes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 (other than public utility property) generally represent the collection of calendar year 2010 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2010 were levied after October 1, 2009 on the value as of December 31, 2009. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers were due September 20, 2010. Single county taxpayers could pay annually or semiannually. If paid semiannually, the first payment was due April 30, 2010, with the remainder payable by September 20, 2010.

The District receives property taxes from Pickaway County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011 was \$1,630,515 in the general fund and \$41,306 in the permanent improvement nonmajor capital projects fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2010 was \$659,241 in the general fund and \$16,718 in the permanent improvement nonmajor capital projects fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

	2010 Seco Half Collect		2011 Firs Half Collect		
	 Amount	Percent	Amour	nt	Percent
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 271,720,200	95.00	\$ 273,613	,140	94.13
Public utility personal	13,536,280	4.73	16,678	,380	5.74
Tangible personal property	 765,030	0.27	383	,900	0.13
Total	\$ 286,021,510	100.00	\$ 290,675	,420	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 40.10		\$ 4	0.10	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 7 - INCOME TAX

On November 2, 2010, District voters approved a replacement of the 1 percent income tax with a 1 percent income tax on earned income only for five years. The District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the state. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The state makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue credited to the general fund totaled \$2,392,754 in fiscal year 2011.

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2011 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental grants and entitlements, and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:	
Property taxes	\$ 6,650,764
Income taxes	846,055
Accounts	14,807
Intergovernmental	711,961
Accrued interest	3,100
Total	\$ 8,226,687

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/10	Additions	Disposals	06/30/11
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 213,048	\$	\$ -	\$ 213,048
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	213,048			213,048
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,312,088	-	-	1,312,088
Buildings and improvements	4,927,330	83,056	-	5,010,386
Furniture and equipment	2,403,782	32,450	(12,352)	2,423,880
Vehicles	2,234,455	213,865		2,448,320
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,877,655	329,371	(12,352)	11,194,674
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(890,237)	(43,365)	-	(933,602)
Buildings and improvements	(2,602,428)	(64,116)	-	(2,666,544)
Furniture and equipment	(2,148,109)	(54,616)	12,352	(2,190,373)
Vehicles	(1,474,057)	(137,879)		(1,611,936)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,114,831)	(299,976)	12,352	(7,402,455)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,975,872	\$ 29,395	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,005,267

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 50,537
Special	11,702
Vocational	2,954
Support services:	
Pupil	437
Instructional staff	1,863
Administration	5,603
Fiscal	458
Operations and maintenance	13,410
Pupil transportation	144,222
Central	9,015
Extracurricular activities	53,708
Food service operations	 6,067
Total depreciation expense	\$ 299,976

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance 6/30/10	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/11	Amounts Due in <u>One Year</u>
Governmental activities: Compensated absences	\$ 1,309,093	\$ 118,258	\$ (172,066)	\$ 1,255,285	\$ 105,000

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee's salaries are paid.

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2011, are a voted debt margin of \$26,126,237 and an unvoted debt margin of \$290,292.

NOTE 11 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Administrators and classified staff earn ten to thirty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service and position. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 50 days.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty Insurance Company for liability, property, fleet, crime, and inland marine coverage. The District also purchases faithful performance bonds from Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America. Coverage provided at June 30, 2011 is as follows:

Building and Contents (\$1,000 deductible)	\$41,564,700
Inland Marine (\$500 deductible)	100,000
Automobile Liability (\$500 deductible)	4,000,000
Crime (\$250 deductible)	
Employee Theft	50,000
Forgery or Alteration	50,000
Inside the Premises - Theft of Money and Securities	25,000
Outside the Premises - Theft of Money and Securities	25,000
General Liability	
Aggregate	3,000,000
Per Occurrence	1,000,000
Employer's Liability - Stop Gap Coverage Endorsement (\$5,000 deductible)	
Aggegate	3,000,000
Each Wrongful Act	1,000,000
Bodily Injury by Accident	1,000,000
Bodily Injury by Disease	1,000,000
Educational Legal Liability (\$2,500 deductible)	
Aggregate	3,000,000
Each Injury	1,000,000
Excess Liability Coverage	
Aggregate	3,000,000
Per Occurrence	3,000,000
Public Official Bonds	
Treasurer	50,000
Superintendent / Board President (each)	20,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Dental Insurance

Dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance internal service fund. Professional Risk Management, Inc. is the third party administrator for dental insurance. Dental insurance premiums are determined by the District Board of Education, which then pays all incurred claims. Professional Risk Management, Inc., a third party administrator, services all dental claims submitted by employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Changes in claim activity for the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010	
Claims liabilities at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 15,141	\$ 19,140	
Incurred claims	250,393	198,155	
Claims paid	(247,376)	(202,154)	
Claims liabilities at end of fiscal year	<u>\$ 18,158</u>	\$ 15,141	

C. Health Care Benefits

The District offers health care benefits to employees through the PCPEBP, a public entity shared risk pool, currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 4 member school districts. The PCPEBP was organized to provide health care benefits to its members.

The District pays 94% of the health care insurance premiums for all full-time employees. This percentage is pro-rated for part-time employees. The health care coverage is administered by United Healthcare, a third party administrator. The stop-loss coverage is \$150,000 per covered person and an aggregate of \$2,000,000.

D. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance for all full-time employees based on negotiated agreements, Board policy, and individual contracts.

E. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP). The SOEPC contracts with Hunter Consulting to provide an insurance purchasing pool for workers compensation. The intent of the pool is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of grouping and representation with other participants in the pool. The workers compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as on experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the pool. Each participant pays this rate. Total savings percentage of the pool. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the pool. This equity pooling arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the pool. Participation in the pool is limited to school districts that can meet the pool's selection criteria. Hunter Consulting provides administrative cost control and actuarial services to the SOEPC. The District paid SOEPC \$1,500 in administrative fees during fiscal year 2011.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2011, 11.77 percent and 0.04 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$309,829, \$372,976 and \$232,891, respectively; 51.56 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by calling (888) 227-7877 or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "*Publications*".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$1,211,139, \$1,153,107 and \$1,141,933, respectively; 83.04 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2011 were \$37,854 made by the District and \$27,038 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2011, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Chapter 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 and SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Media/Financial Reports".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2011, 1.43 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$78,322, \$48,646 and \$141,810, respectively; 51.56 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2011, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$19,938, \$22,169 and \$19,215, respectively; 51.56 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$93,165, \$88,701 and \$87,841, respectively; 83.04 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011and 100 percent for fiscal years 2010 and 2009.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (2,808,193)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	994,707
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(86,370)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(95,255)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(42,243)
Adjustment for encumbrances	30,490
GAAP basis	<u>\$ (2,006,864)</u>

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds, internal service funds and agency funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2011.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State statute to annually set-aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	T	extbooks	Im	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2010	\$	-	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		303,370		303,370
Current year qualifying expenditures		(376,049)		(853,940)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		(85,005)		-
Current year offsets				(221,915)
Total	\$	(157,684)	\$	(772,485)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2012	\$	-	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$		\$	

The District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the textbook setaside amount to below zero. Effective July 1, 2011, the textbook set-aside is no longer required and has been removed from existing law. This negative balance is therefore not being presented as being carried forward to the future fiscal year. Although the District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE 18 - COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End	
Fund	Enc	Encumbrances	
General	\$	26,124	
Capital projects		10,586	
Other governmental		71,438	
Total	\$	108,148	

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/	Grant	Federal CFDA		
Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Year	Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
School Breakfast Program	2011	10.553	\$ 11,500	\$ 11,500
National School Lunch Program	2011	10.555	99,519	99,519
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	2011	10.553	38,307	38,307
National School Lunch Program	2011	10.555	331,496	331,496
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	-		480,822	480,822
				,.
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			480,822	480,822
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2010	84.010	47,412	50,506
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2011	84.010	304,891	297,678
ARRA- Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2011	84.389	96,718	106,678
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			449,021	454,862
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States	2010	84.027	39,277	56,736
Special Education Grants to States	2011	84.027	409,797	403,602
ARRA Special Education Grants to States	2011	84.391	241,021	255,186
Special Education - Preschool Grants	2011	84.173	7,398	7,635
ARRA- Special Education - Preschool Grants	2011	84.392	2,659	2,765
Total Special Education Cluster			700,152	725,924
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	2011	84.186	256	460
Education Technology State Grants	2010	84.318	45,000	47,444
Education Technology State Grants	2011	84.318	1,121	1,121
Total Education Technology State Grants			46,121	48,565
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2010	84.367	17,356	19,309
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2010	84.367	109,926	107,320
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2011	07.007	127,282	126,629
ista improving reaction during oldre orante			121,202	120,023
ARRA- State Fiscal Stabilization Fund- Education State Grants	2011	84.394	597,294	597,294
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,920,126	1,953,734
TOTALS			\$ 2,400,948	\$ 2,434,556
			. ,	

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Logan Elm Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Logan Elm Local School District Pickaway County 9579 Tarlton Road Circleville, Ohio 43113

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Logan Elm Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 17, 2012, wherein we noted the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We did note certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated February 17, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the finance committee, the Board of Education and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 17, 2012



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Logan Elm Local School District Pickaway County 9579 Tarlton Road Circleville, Ohio 43145

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Logan Elm Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Logan Elm Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that apply to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

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Page 2

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a matter involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated February 17, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the finance committee, management, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 17, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	ARRA/Title I Grants to States CFDA #84.010 & #84.389
		ARRA/Title VI-B Special Education Grants to States CFDA #84.027, #84.173, #84.391 & #84.392
		ARRA/State Fiscal Stabilization Funds CFDA #84.394
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Logan Elm Local School District Pickaway County 9579 Tarlton Road Circleville, Ohio 43113

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Logan Elm Local School District, Pickaway County, Ohio (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on June 14, 2010 to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 17, 2012

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LOGAN ELM LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

PICKAWAY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MARCH 8, 2012

> 88 East Broad Street, Fifth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.auditor.state.oh.us