



# Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

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Accounting, Auditing and Consulting Services for Federal, State and Local Governments

[www.bhscpas.com](http://www.bhscpas.com)

Scioto Valley Local School District  
Pike County

Single Audit

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011  
Fiscal Year Audited Under GAGAS: 2011

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bhs

Circleville

Ironton

Piketon

Wheelersburg

Worthington





# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Members of the Board of Education  
Scioto Valley Local School District  
P. O. Box 600  
1414 Piketon Road  
Piketon, Ohio 45661

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Scioto Valley Local School District, Pike County, prepared by Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Scioto Valley Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Dave Yost".

Dave Yost  
Auditor of State

February 28, 2012

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**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
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# Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

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## Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Education  
Scioto Valley Local School District  
1414 Piketon Road  
Piketon, OH 45661

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Scioto Valley Local School District, Pike County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

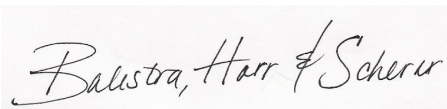
In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Scioto Valley Local School District, Pike County, Ohio as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2011, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America required this presentation to include Management's Discussion and Analysis as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures provides additional information required by the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial. This statement was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

As described in Note 19, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.



Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.  
December 16, 2011



**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*  
*Unaudited*

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The discussion and analysis of the Scioto Valley Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

**FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2011 are as follows:

- Net assets of governmental activities decreased \$808,544.
- General revenues accounted for \$13,304,976 in revenue or 75% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,358,495 or 25% of total revenues of \$17,663,471.
- The School District had \$18,472,015 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,358,495 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants and contributions.

**USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities and conditions.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*  
*Unaudited*

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***Reporting the School District as a Whole***

*Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities*

While this document contains information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities for students, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2011?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

- In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities including instruction, support services, operation of non instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

***Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds***

*Fund Financial Statements*

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 8. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Bond and Coupon Fund.

***Governmental Funds*** Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

***Proprietary Funds*** Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating revenues over (under) operating expenses and changes in net assets. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service and the School District only has an internal service fund which is used to account for its self-insurance program for employee medical and dental claims. This fund is reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

***Fiduciary Funds*** The School District's fiduciary fund is an agency fund. The School District's fiduciary fund is reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*  
*Unaudited*

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**THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE**

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net assets for 2011 compared to 2010.

	Table 1	
	Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010
<b>Assets</b>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 12,127,832	\$ 11,680,511
Capital Assets, Net	23,292,021	24,200,467
Total Assets	35,419,853	35,880,978
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Long-term Liabilities	2,356,871	2,406,724
Current and Other Liabilities	4,197,030	3,799,758
Total Liabilities	6,553,901	6,206,482
<b>Net Assets</b>		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Debt	21,597,738	22,395,467
Restricted	2,056,446	1,748,083
Unrestricted	5,211,768	5,530,946
Total Net Assets	\$ 28,865,952	\$ 29,674,496

Total net assets of the School District as a whole decreased \$808,544. Current and Other Assets increased due primarily to an increase to intergovernmental receivables as a result of the School District participating in the Rate to the Top Grant program. Current and Other liabilities increased to an increase in claims payable. Capital Assets decreased due primarily to the current year depreciation, which was offset by capital asset additions.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011  
Unaudited

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010.

Table 2  
Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010
<b>Revenues</b>		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 910,394	\$ 748,418
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,448,101	3,331,753
Total Program Revenues	<u>4,358,495</u>	<u>4,080,171</u>
General Revenues		
Property Taxes	1,855,279	1,847,376
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted	11,220,368	10,843,194
Gifts and Donations not Restricted	-	4,016
Investment Earnings	29,954	26,931
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	9,825	-
Miscellaneous	189,550	122,572
Total General Revenues	<u>13,304,976</u>	<u>12,844,089</u>
Total Revenues	<u>17,663,471</u>	<u>16,924,260</u>
<b>Program Expenses</b>		
Instruction:		
Regular	7,457,590	7,384,358
Special	2,418,877	2,413,570
Other	9,746	71,885
Support Services:		
Pupil	699,162	733,981
Instructional Staff	983,035	1,006,041
Board of Education	20,272	15,688
Administration	2,063,273	1,851,779
Fiscal	396,528	327,740
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,815,796	1,862,945
Pupil Transportation	1,342,226	1,256,873
Central	114,004	112,752
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	612,134	632,858
Extracurricular Activities	436,061	437,830
Intergovernmental	52,800	43,200
Interest and Fiscal Charges	50,511	32,981
Total Expenses	<u>18,472,015</u>	<u>18,184,481</u>
Decrease in Net Assets	(808,544)	(1,260,221)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	<u>29,674,496</u>	<u>30,934,717</u>
Net Assets, End of Year	<u>\$ 28,865,952</u>	<u>\$ 29,674,496</u>

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*  
*Unaudited*

The increase to Charges for Services and Sales is due to increases in open enrollment, lunchroom sales and extracurricular receipts. The decrease in other instruction is directly related to the decrease in monies received from the Title I School Improvement program. The increase to administration is primarily due to buyout/severance payments, open enrollment paid to other districts, legal services, and a change in coding by the School District of a clerical position. The increase to Grants and Entitlements is due primarily to an increase in monies received for unrestricted aid. The increase in miscellaneous revenue is due to the School District receiving a refund from ERate during the year.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of those services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state entitlements.

Table 3  
 Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2011		2010	
Program Expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 7,457,590	\$ 6,558,664	\$ 7,384,358	\$ 6,853,893
Special	2,418,877	1,279,386	2,413,570	1,347,734
Other	9,746	9,254	71,885	17,732
Support Services:				
Pupil	699,162	628,684	733,981	532,801
Instructional Staff	983,035	566,926	1,006,041	688,289
Board of Education	20,272	19,248	15,688	15,015
Administration	2,063,273	1,964,656	1,851,779	1,760,158
Fiscal	396,528	363,021	327,740	88,712
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,815,796	1,208,527	1,862,945	1,202,549
Pupil Transportation	1,342,226	1,283,649	1,256,873	1,208,693
Central	114,004	101,585	112,752	97,244
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	612,134	(156,278)	632,858	(24,427)
Extracurricular Activities	436,061	237,072	437,830	278,310
Intergovernmental	52,800	(1,385)	43,200	4,626
Interest and Fiscal Charges	50,511	50,511	32,981	32,981
Total	<u>\$ 18,472,015</u>	<u>\$ 14,113,520</u>	<u>\$18,184,481</u>	<u>\$ 14,104,310</u>

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*  
*Unaudited*

**THE SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS**

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$17,346,540 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$16,867,448. The School District remains financially stable in terms of healthy carryovers, ability to pay bills, and has no current operating levy needs.

The fund balance of the General fund increased \$255,899. This fund balance increase is primarily due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues and miscellaneous revenue, in addition to, a decrease in expenditures.

The fund balance of the Bond and Coupon Fund increased by \$123,449 as revenues exceeded debt service payments.

***General Fund Budgeting Highlights***

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. During the course of fiscal year 2011, the School District amended its General Fund budget.

For the General Fund, final budget basis revenue was \$13,686,953, which was above original estimates of \$13,240,465. The increase was attributed to an increase to intergovernmental revenues. For the General Fund, final budget basis expenditures were \$13,612,079, which was below original estimates of \$13,972,200. The decrease was due to decreases in regular and special instruction that were partially offset by an increase in pupils and capital outlay expenditures.

The School District's ending unobligated General Fund cash balance was \$6,902,741.

**CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

***Capital Assets***

At the end of fiscal year 2011, the School District had \$23,292,021 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, library books and textbooks, and infrastructure. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 8 to the basic financial statements. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2011 balances compared to 2010.

Table 4  
 Capital Assets  
 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities	
	2011	2010
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 2,859,874	\$ 3,047,350
Buildings and Improvements	19,543,893	20,122,731
Furniture and Equipment	381,285	402,678
Vehicles	389,206	502,299
Library Books and Textbooks	4,694	10,567
Infrastructure	113,069	114,842
Totals	\$ 23,292,021	\$ 24,200,467

Changes are a result of current year additions and depreciation.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*  
*Unaudited*

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***Debt***

At June 30, 2011, the School District had general obligation bonds outstanding of \$705,000, of which \$50,000 is due within one year. The bonds were issued to refund the classroom facilities general obligation bonds for school construction. The School District also had a capital lease obligation outstanding of \$989,283 of which \$61,931 is due within one year. The lease proceeds were used to finance the installation, construction and repair of energy conservation equipment. For additional information on debt, see Notes 12 and 13 to the basic financial statements.

**CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Megan Williams, Treasurer, at Scioto Valley Local School District, P.O. Box 600, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Net Assets*  
*June 30, 2011*

	Governmental Activities
<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 9,084,567
Cash with Fiscal Agents	20,000
Accrued Interest Receivable	7,774
Accounts Receivable	2,164
Intergovernmental Receivable	409,357
Property Taxes Receivable	2,603,970
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	830,500
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	22,461,521
<i>Total Assets</i>	35,419,853
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Accounts Payable	38,388
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,377,351
Accrued Interest Payable	2,361
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable	20,000
Claims Payable	662,000
Deferred Revenue	1,538,251
Intergovernmental Payable	558,679
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	176,425
Due In More Than One Year	2,180,446
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	6,553,901
<b>Net Assets</b>	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	21,597,738
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	68,813
Debt Service	1,254,217
Set Asides	60,854
Race to the Top	475,940
Other Purposes	196,622
Unrestricted	5,211,768
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	\$ 28,865,952

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Activities*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expense)
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
				Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 7,457,590	\$ 280,893	\$ 618,033	\$ (6,558,664)
Special	2,418,877	62,579	1,076,912	(1,279,386)
Other	9,746	492	-	(9,254)
Support Services:				
Pupil	699,162	33,506	36,972	(628,684)
Instructional Staff	983,035	30,517	385,592	(566,926)
Board of Education	20,272	1,024	-	(19,248)
Administration	2,063,273	98,617	-	(1,964,656)
Fiscal	396,528	16,414	17,093	(363,021)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,815,796	58,460	548,809	(1,208,527)
Pupil Transportation	1,342,226	58,577	-	(1,283,649)
Central	114,004	5,415	7,004	(101,585)
Operation of Non-Instructional				
Services	612,134	160,983	607,429	156,278
Extracurricular Activities	436,061	102,917	96,072	(237,072)
Intergovernmental	52,800	-	54,185	1,385
Interest and Fiscal Charges	50,511	-	-	(50,511)
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<u>\$ 18,472,015</u>	<u>\$ 910,394</u>	<u>\$ 3,448,101</u>	<u>(14,113,520)</u>
<b>General Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
General Purposes				1,836,812
Classroom Facilities Maintenance				18,467
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs				11,220,368
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets				9,825
Investment Earnings				29,954
Miscellaneous				189,550
<i>Total General Revenues</i>				<u>13,304,976</u>
<i>Change in Net Assets</i>				(808,544)
<i>Net Assets Beginning of Year</i>				<u>29,674,496</u>
<i>Net Assets End of Year</i>				<u>\$ 28,865,952</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Balance Sheet*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*June 30, 2011*

	General	Bond and Coupon Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 7,015,669	\$ 1,254,217	\$ 571,620	\$ 8,841,506
Cash with Fiscal Agents	-	20,000	-	20,000
Receivables:				
Accrued Interest	7,774	-	-	7,774
Property Taxes	2,561,393	-	42,577	2,603,970
Accounts	1,219	-	179	1,398
Interfund	120,000	-	-	120,000
Intergovernmental	9,497	-	399,860	409,357
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	60,854	-	-	60,854
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$ 9,776,406</u>	<u>\$ 1,274,217</u>	<u>\$ 1,014,236</u>	<u>\$ 12,064,859</u>
<b>Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>				
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	\$ 36,516	\$ -	\$ 1,872	\$ 38,388
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,159,124	-	218,227	1,377,351
Interfund Payable	-	-	120,000	120,000
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable	-	20,000	-	20,000
Intergovernmental Payable	511,767	-	46,912	558,679
Deferred Revenue	2,221,313	-	83,987	2,305,300
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>3,928,720</u>	<u>20,000</u>	<u>470,998</u>	<u>4,419,718</u>
<b>Fund Balances</b>				
Restricted	60,854	1,254,217	711,279	2,026,350
Assigned	150,377	-	-	150,377
Unassigned	5,636,455	-	(168,041)	5,468,414
<i>Total Fund Balances</i>	<u>5,847,686</u>	<u>1,254,217</u>	<u>543,238</u>	<u>7,645,141</u>
<i>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$ 9,776,406</u>	<u>\$ 1,274,217</u>	<u>\$ 1,014,236</u>	<u>\$ 12,064,859</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to  
 Net Assets of Governmental Activities  
 June 30, 2011*

<b>Total Governmental Fund Balances</b>		\$7,645,141
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		23,292,021
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes	484,559	
Intergovernmental	282,490	
Total	767,049	767,049
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individuals. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		(479,027)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, capital leases, accrued interest, and the long-term portion of compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Accrued Interest Payable	(2,361)	
Compensated Absences	(662,588)	
Capital Lease Obligations	(989,283)	
General Obligation Bonds	(705,000)	
Total	(2,359,232)	(2,359,232)
<b>Net Assets of Governmental Activities</b>		<b>\$28,865,952</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

	General	Bond and Coupon Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>				
Taxes	\$ 1,796,654	\$ 191	\$ 17,696	\$ 1,814,541
Intergovernmental	11,011,415	204,299	3,170,605	14,386,319
Investment Earnings	29,867	-	87	29,954
Rent	13,559	-	-	13,559
Tuition and Fees	633,046	-	-	633,046
Extracurricular Activities	12,882	-	89,924	102,806
Gifts and Donations	-	-	2,300	2,300
Customer Sales and Services	-	-	160,983	160,983
Miscellaneous	188,049	-	1,501	189,550
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>13,685,472</u>	<u>204,490</u>	<u>3,443,096</u>	<u>17,333,058</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	5,537,805	-	602,237	6,140,042
Special	1,237,030	-	1,036,392	2,273,422
Other	9,746	-	-	9,746
Support Services:				
Pupil	674,825	-	36,027	710,852
Instructional Staff	609,590	-	375,737	985,327
Board of Education	20,272	-	-	20,272
Administration	1,910,707	-	-	1,910,707
Fiscal	323,910	-	16,656	340,566
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,157,706	-	532,755	1,690,461
Pupil Transportation	1,158,519	-	-	1,158,519
Central	107,179	-	6,825	114,004
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	-	-	593,963	593,963
Extracurricular Activities	257,143	-	93,617	350,760
Capital Outlay	350,941	-	-	350,941
Debt Service:				
Principal	60,717	50,000	-	110,717
Interest and Fiscal Charges	19,651	31,041	-	50,692
Intergovernmental	-	-	52,800	52,800
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>13,435,741</u>	<u>81,041</u>	<u>3,347,009</u>	<u>16,863,791</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</i>	<u>249,731</u>	<u>123,449</u>	<u>96,087</u>	<u>469,267</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	9,825	-	-	9,825
Operating Transfers In	-	-	3,657	3,657
Operating Transfers Out	(3,657)	-	-	(3,657)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>6,168</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,657</u>	<u>9,825</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	255,899	123,449	99,744	479,092
<i>Fund Balances Beginning of Year - As Restated, See Note 19</i>	<u>5,591,787</u>	<u>1,130,768</u>	<u>443,494</u>	<u>7,166,049</u>
<i>Fund Balances End of Year</i>	<u>\$ 5,847,686</u>	<u>\$ 1,254,217</u>	<u>\$ 543,238</u>	<u>\$ 7,645,141</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

**Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds** \$479,092

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital asset additions in the current period.

Capital Asset Additions	429,525	
Current Year Depreciation	(1,337,971)	
Total	(908,446)	(908,446)

Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. This is the amount of the gain on the disposal of capital assets and the proceeds from the sale of capital assets.

Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	(9,825)	
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	9,825	
Total	-	-

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Taxes	40,738	
Intergovernmental	279,850	
Total	320,588	320,588

Repayment of bond and lease principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.

110,717

The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.

(749,812)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Increase in Compensated Absences	(60,864)	
Decrease in Interest Payable	181	

Total	(60,683)	
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**Net Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities** (\$808,544)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes*  
*In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual*  
*(Budgetary Basis)*  
*General Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget		
Total Revenues and Other Sources	\$ 13,240,465	\$ 13,686,953	\$ 13,687,024	\$ 71
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>13,927,200</u>	<u>13,612,079</u>	<u>13,612,079</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(686,735)	74,874	74,945	71
Fund Balance, July 1, 2010	6,669,463	6,669,463	6,669,463	-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>158,333</u>	<u>158,333</u>	<u>158,333</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, June 30, 2011	<u><u>\$ 6,141,061</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,902,670</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,902,741</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 71</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Fund Net Assets*  
*Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund*  
*June 30, 2011*

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	<u>Internal Service Fund</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 182,207
Accounts Receivable	<u>766</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>182,973</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Current Liabilities:	
Claims Payable	<u>662,000</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>662,000</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>	
Unrestricted	<u><u>\$ (479,027)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenses and  
 Changes In Fund Net Assets*  
 Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund  
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	<b>Internal Service Fund</b>
<b>Operating Revenues</b>	
Charges for Services	\$ 2,432,192
<i>Total Operating Revenues</i>	2,432,192
<b>Operating Expenses</b>	
Purchased Services	379,863
Claims Expense	2,802,141
<i>Total Operating Expenses</i>	3,182,004
<i>Net Change in Net Assets</i>	(749,812)
<i>Net Assets at Beginning of Year</i>	270,785
<i>Net Assets at End of Year</i>	\$ (479,027)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.



**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Cash Flows*  
*Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

	<b>Internal Service Fund</b>
<b><i>Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i></b>	
<i>Cash Flows for Operating Activities:</i>	
Cash Received from Transactions with Other Funds	\$ 2,432,031
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Services	(379,863)
Cash Payments for Claims	(2,316,141)
<i>Net Cash Used for Operating Activities</i>	(263,973)
<i>Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	(263,973)
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year</i>	446,180
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year</i>	\$ 182,207
 <b><i>Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</i></b>	
Operating Loss	\$ (749,812)
<i>Changes in Assets and Liabilities:</i>	
Increase in Accounts Receivable	(161)
Increase in Claims Payable	486,000
Total Adjustments	485,839
<i>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</i>	\$ (263,973)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities*  
*Agency Fund*  
*June 30, 2011*

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<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 13,448</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>13,448</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Undistributed Monies	<u>13,448</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u><u>\$ 13,448</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY**

Scioto Valley Local School District (the "School District") operates under a locally-elected Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state or federal agencies. This Board controls the School District's four instructional/support facilities staffed by 76 non-certificated employees and 102 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,628 students and other community members.

Scioto Valley Local School District was established in January, 1960 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts and is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District serves an area of approximately 132.54 square miles. It is located in Pike County, including all of the Village of Piketon, Ohio, and portions of Camp Creek, Scioto, Seal, Sunfish, Pee Pee, and Newton Townships.

*Reporting Entity:*

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Scioto Valley Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District does not have any component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the School District's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the School District is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the School District.

- Village of Piketon
- Parent Teacher Organization
- Ross-Pike County Educational Service District

The School District is associated with two organizations which are defined as jointly governed organizations. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association and the Pike County Joint Vocational School. These organizations are presented in Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The financial statements of the Scioto Valley Local School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

**A. Basis Of Presentation**

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

*Government-wide Financial Statements:*

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the Internal Service Fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are classified as business-type. However, the School District has no activities that are classified as business-type.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

*Fund Financial Statements:*

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

**B. Fund Accounting**

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds used by the School District can be classified using three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

**Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the School District's major governmental fund:

**General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources not account for and reported in another fund. The General Fund is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

**Bond and Coupon Fund**

The Bond and Coupon Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of financial resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of general long-term debt. The major source of revenue for this fund is tax levy proceeds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

**Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

**Internal Service Fund**

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund accounts for the self-insurance program for employee medical and dental claims.

**Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The School District's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The School District has a student activity agency fund which accounts for assets and liabilities generated by student managed activities.

*Measurement Focus*

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets.

**Fund Financial Statements** - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of the proprietary activity.

**C. Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary and fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

*Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions*

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditures requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, and fees.

*Deferred Revenue*

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2011, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

*Expenses/Expenditures*

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation, personal leave and sick leave are reported as fund liabilities upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

**D. Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution, and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer maintains budgetary information at the fund and object level and has the authority to allocate appropriations at the function and object level without resolution by the Board.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts from the certificate of estimated resources in effect when the permanent appropriations were passed. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the amended certificate in effect when final appropriations for the fiscal year were passed.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

**E. Cash and Investments**

To improve cash management, all cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2011, the School District had investments in federal agency securities and money markets.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited during fiscal year 2011 amounted to \$29,867 to the General Fund and \$87 to the other non-major governmental funds.

For purposes of presentation on the financial statements, investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are considered to be cash equivalents.

The School District has \$20,000 in a bank account set aside for matured bonds and interest payable which is recorded as "Cash with Fiscal Agents."

The School District has recorded restricted cash in the basic financial statements for set asides for capital improvements. This cash is recorded in the basic financial statements as "restricted equity in pooled cash and investments". For more information on these set asides, see Note 15.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

**F. Capital Assets and Depreciation**

All capital assets of the School District are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 50 years for buildings and improvements, 5 to 15 years for furniture and equipment, 10 to 25 years for land improvements, 5 years for textbooks and library books, 6 to 10 years for vehicles and 5 years for infrastructure.

**G. Interfund Activity**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Interfund transfers within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of activities. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

**H. Compensated Absences**

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after 15 years of current service with the School District.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

**I. Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services to the various funds to cover the costs of the self insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods and/or services that are the primary activities of the fund.



**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

**J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities, that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

**K. Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

***Nonspendable*** The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in the spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

***Restricted*** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

***Committed*** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

***Assigned*** Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education.

***Unassigned*** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

**L. Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

**M. Net Assets**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, instruction, support services, and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Of the School District's \$2,056,446 in restricted net assets, none is restricted by enabling legislation.

**N. Interfund Balances**

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" or as "interfund receivable/payable." All unpaid reimbursements between funds are report as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

**NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY**

At June 30, 2011, the Lunchroom, Title I, Title VI-B, and ATIP Non-major Special Revenue Funds had fund balance deficits of \$136,024, \$15,799, \$6,285, and \$9,933, respectively which were created by the application of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

**NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis); and
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restriction, commitment, or assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING** (continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	\$ 255,899
Revenue Accruals	26,005
Expenditure Accruals	(57,687)
Perspective Difference:	
Activity of Funds Reclassed for GAAP Reporting Purposes	4,290
Encumbrances	<u>(153,562)</u>
Budget Basis	<u>\$ 74,945</u>

**NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim money as provided in section 135.08 of the Revised Code;

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
9. Linked deposits as authorized by ordinance adopted pursuant to section 135.80 of the Revised Code;
10. Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, and to which notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services; the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation; the notes mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase; and
11. Bankers' acceptances of banks that are members of the federal deposit insurance corporation to which obligations both the following apply: obligations are eligible for purchase by the federal reserve system and the obligations mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

**Deposits** Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The School District's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2011, the School District's bank balance of \$1,457,641 was either covered by the FDIC or collateralized by the financial institutions' public entity deposit pools in the manner described above.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

**NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

*Investments* As of June 30, 2011, the School District had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Less than 12 months	1-2 Years
Federal Home Loan Mtg. Assoc. Notes	\$4,824,272	\$978,366	\$3,845,906
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	2,123,169	0	2,123,169
Federal National Mtg. Assoc. Notes	780,237	0	780,237
Money Market	15,593	0	15,593
Total Investment Portfolio	<u>\$7,743,271</u>	<u>\$978,366</u>	<u>\$6,764,905</u>

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the School District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District’s investment policy does not address credit risk beyond the requirements of State law. The School District limits their investments to securities issued by federal government agencies or instrumentalities, and money market accounts. Investments in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association Notes, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes, and Federal National Mortgage Association Notes, were rated AAA by Standard & Poor’s and Aaa by Moody’s. Investments in money markets were rated AAA by Standard & Poor’s and Aaa by Moody’s.

Concentration of credit risk – The School District’s investment policy allows investments in: United States Treasury bills, notes, bonds or any other obligations issued by the United States Treasury; bonds, notes, debentures of any other obligations issued by federal government agencies; interim deposits to the extent that they are properly insured and collateralized; bonds and other obligations of the State; no-load money market mutual funds provided that investments in securities are made only through eligible financial institutions; written repurchase agreements; maximum of twenty five percent of the School District’s interim funds in commercial paper and/or bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the FDIC; STAR Ohio; and certificates of deposit.

The School District has invested in securities issued by federal government agencies or instrumentalities. 99.8 percent of the School District’s investments are in federal government agencies or instrumentalities; Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association Notes comprised 62.3 percent of these investments, Federal Home Loan Bank Notes comprised 27.4 percent, and Federal National Mortgage Association Notes comprised 10.1 percent. The remaining amount was invested in Money Market accounts.

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the School District’s securities are either insured and registered in the name of the School District or at least registered in the name of the School District.

**NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

**NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES** (continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in business) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2011 represents collections of calendar year 2010 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2010, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2011 represents collections of calendar year 2010 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected in 2011 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenue received during calendar year 2011 (other than public utility property tax) represents the collection of 2011 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2008 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2011 were levied after April 1, 2010, on the value as of December 31, 2010. Payments by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2011 taxes were collected are:

	2010 Second- Half Collections		2011 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$82,215,890	82.65%	\$84,421,600	81.95%
Public Utility	16,892,920	16.98%	18,383,270	17.85%
Tangible Personal Property	<u>371,150</u>	<u>0.37%</u>	<u>207,910</u>	<u>0.20%</u>
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$99,479,960</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$103,012,780</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$27.61		\$27.61	

The School District receives property taxes from Pike County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2011, are available to finance fiscal year 2011 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2011 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim.

Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not levied to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance is recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011, was \$163,467 in the General Fund and \$3,110 in the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

**NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2011, consisted of property taxes, interfund, interest, accounts, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Fund	Amount
General Fund	\$9,497
<i>Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:</i>	
Title I	141,174
Race to the Top	237,970
Title IV-A	79
Title II-A	8,331
IDEA Special Education Part B	12,306
Total Non-Major Funds	399,860
Total All Funds	\$409,357

**NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Ending Balance 06/30/10	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 06/30/11
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 830,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 830,500
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	830,500	-	-	830,500
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Land Improvements	4,014,698	-	-	4,014,698
Buildings and Improvements	31,913,327	343,245	-	32,256,572
Furniture and Equipment	1,118,341	86,280	-	1,204,621
Vehicles	2,399,227	-	(46,067)	2,353,160
Library Books and Textbooks	399,872	-	-	399,872
Infrastructure	149,342	-	-	149,342
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	39,994,807	429,525	(46,067)	40,378,265
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,797,848)	(187,476)	-	(1,985,324)
Buildings and Improvements	(11,790,596)	(922,083)	-	(12,712,679)
Furniture and Equipment	(715,663)	(107,673)	-	(823,336)
Vehicles	(1,896,928)	(113,093)	46,067	(1,963,954)
Library Books and Textbooks	(389,305)	(5,873)	-	(395,178)
Infrastructure	(34,500)	(1,773)	-	(36,273)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,624,840)	(1,337,971)	46,067	(17,916,744)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	23,369,967	(908,446)	-	22,461,521
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 24,200,467	\$ (908,446)	\$ -	\$23,292,021

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

**NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS** (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	1,025,314
Support Services:		
Instructional Staff		3,322
Administration		396
Business		55,005
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		30,461
Pupil Transportation		117,942
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		20,230
Extracurricular Activities		85,301
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,337,971</u>

**NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011, the School District contracted with Ohio School Plan for property and fleet insurance, professional liability insurance and inland marine coverage. Total coverage amounted to \$46,264,800 with a \$1,000 deductible.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. The School District evaluated insurance coverages and therefore reduced their coverage for the current year.

Medical/surgical and dental insurance is offered to employees through a self-insurance program. The claims liability of \$176,000 reported in the Internal Service Fund at June 30, 2011 is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported.

Changes in claims payable for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance End of Year
2010	\$272,000	\$1,969,276	\$2,065,276	\$176,000
2011	176,000	2,802,141	2,316,141	662,000

**NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

**A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

*School Employees Retirement System*

The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained on SERS' website, [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org), under *Employers/Audit Resources*.



**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 10- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (continued)

**A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Continued**

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS; Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2011, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 11.81 percent. The remaining 2.19 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The School District's contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were \$312,893, \$286,181, and \$219,175, respectively; 46 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2010 and 2009. \$142,631 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2011 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

*State Teachers Retirement System*

The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

**Plan Options** - New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

**DB Plan Benefits** – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the “formula benefit” or the “money-purchase benefit” calculation. Under the “formula benefit,” the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member’s three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the “money-purchase benefit” calculation, a member’s lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

**DC Plan Benefits** – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members’ accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member’s designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member’s account balance.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 10- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (continued)

**A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Continued**

**Combined Plan Benefits** – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member’s defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member’s final average salary by the member’s years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians’ fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years’ credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members’ beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District’s contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009 were \$816,407, \$782,496, and \$795,262, respectively; 83 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2011 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal years 2010 and 2009. \$140,088 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2011 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

STRS Ohio issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771 or by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

*Social Security System*

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2011, none of the members of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The Board’s liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**  
(continued)

**B. Postemployment Benefits**

*State Teachers Retirement System*

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a defined benefit plan; a self-directed defined contribution plan; and a combined plan which is a hybrid of the defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to Section 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Financial Annual Report by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. For the School District, these amounts equaled \$62,721, \$60,192, and \$61,681, for fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

*School Employees Retirement System*

In addition to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) administers two post employment benefit plans.

Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal years 2011, 2010, and 2009, the actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent, 0.76 percent, and 0.75 percent. For the School District, contributions for the years ended June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, were \$19,179, \$17,019, and \$17,205, which equaled the required contributions for those years.

Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**  
(continued)

**B. Postemployment Benefits - Continued**

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e).

Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2011, 2010, and 2009, the health care allocations were 1.43 percent, 0.46 percent, and 4.16 percent, respectively. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2011, the minimum compensation level was established at \$35,800. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. For the School District, the amounts assigned to health care, including the surcharge, during the 2011, 2010, and 2009 fiscal years equaled \$74,530, \$41,184, and \$109,107, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. The report can be obtained by contacting SERS, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by calling toll free (800) 878-5853. It is also posted on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

**NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

**A. Compensated Absences**

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 210 days for all personnel. Upon retirement and after being employed by the School District for three years, payment is made for twenty-five percent for classified employees and twenty-five percent for certified employees of accrued, but unused sick leave credit, up to a maximum of forty-five days.

**B. Life Insurance**

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through American United Life.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

**NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2011 were as follows:

	Principal Outstanding 06/30/10	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding 06/30/11	Due Within One Year
Refunding Bonds - 2005 - 4.25%	\$ 755,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 705,000	\$ 50,000
Capital Leases	1,050,000	-	60,717	989,283	61,931
Compensated Absences	601,724	699,576	638,712	662,588	64,494
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 2,406,724</u>	<u>\$ 699,576</u>	<u>\$ 749,429</u>	<u>\$ 2,356,871</u>	<u>\$ 176,425</u>

On June 29, 2005, the Scioto Valley Local School District issued \$975,000 in refunding bonds at an annual interest rate of 4.25%. The bonds were issued for a 16 year period with the final maturity date being December 1, 2021. The bonds will be paid from property tax revenues received in the Bond Retirement Fund.

In connection with refunding bonds, the School District has pledged future tax revenues to repay this debt. However, the Debt Service funds on hand are sufficient to repay these bonds over the life of the refunding bonds.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, with the General Fund being the most significant.

The School District's voted legal debt margin was \$8,566,150 with an unvoted debt margin of \$103,013 at June 30, 2011.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation debt outstanding June 30, 2011, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2012	\$50,000	\$28,900	\$78,900
2013	55,000	26,669	81,669
2014	55,000	24,331	79,331
2015	60,000	21,888	81,888
2016	60,000	19,338	79,338
2017-2021	345,000	54,720	399,720
2022	80,000	1,700	81,700
Totals	<u>\$705,000</u>	<u>\$177,546</u>	<u>\$882,546</u>

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

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**NOTE 13 – LEASE OBLIGATION**

During a previous fiscal year, the School District entered into a lease for the installation, construction, and repair of energy conservation equipment. The lease is being paid from the General Fund. The annual requirements to amortize the lease obligation outstanding as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2012	\$ 80,306
2013	81,545
2014	82,808
2015	84,096
2016	85,412
2017-2021	447,711
2022-2025	384,655
Total	1,246,533
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(257,250)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 989,283

**NOTE 14 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION**

*South Central Ohio Computer Association* - The School District is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA) which is a computer consortium. SCOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Highland, Adams, Pike, Scioto, Brown, Jackson, Vinton, Pickaway, Gallia, Ross and Lawrence Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOCA consists of two representatives from each county, elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county, two treasurers elected by majority vote of all charter school districts, and one representative from the fiscal agent. The School District paid SCOCA \$41,905 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Pike County Joint Vocational School, at P. O. Box 577, 23365 St. Rt. 124, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

*The Pike County Joint Vocational School* - The Pike County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of the Pike County Board of Education and two representatives from the Waverly City Schools Board of Education, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to the Pike County Joint Vocational School, Tonya Cooper, who serves as Treasurer, at P. O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek Road, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

**NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the purchase of textbooks and other instructional materials and an equal amount for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for textbooks and instructional materials, and capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Textbooks	Capital Improvements
Set-aside Reserve Balance June 30, 2010	\$0	\$313,150
Current year set-aside requirement	217,870	217,870
Excess Qualified Expenditures from Prior Years	(699,172)	0
Current year offsets	0	(36,846)
Current Year Qualifying Expenditures	(374,646)	(433,320)
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2012	(\$855,948)	\$60,854
Set-aside Reserve Balance June 30, 2011	\$0	\$60,854

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero in the textbooks reserve. This extra amount may be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

**NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

**A. Grants**

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2011.

**B. Litigation**

The School District is party to legal proceedings. However, the School District is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of claims will not have a material adverse effect, if any, on the financial condition of the School District.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**NOTE 17 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

***Interfund Transfers***

Transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, were as follows:

Fund	Transfer From	Transfer To
Major Fund:		
General	\$3,657	\$0
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:		
Athletic Fund	0	3,657
Total Non-major Funds	0	3,657
Total All Funds	\$3,657	\$3,657

The transfers were made from the General Fund (a major fund) to other funds to provide support for operating activities of those funds.

***Interfund Advances***

Interfund balances at June 30, 2011, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables, which are expected to be repaid during the 2012 fiscal year:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Major Fund:		
General	\$120,000	\$0
Non Major Special Revenue Fund:		
Lunchroom	0	120,000
Total Non Major Special Revenue Fund	0	120,000
Total	\$120,000	\$120,000

The amounts due to the General Fund are the result of the School District moving unrestricted monies to support the Lunchroom Fund. The General Fund will be reimbursed when funds become available in the Lunchroom Fund.

**NOTE 18 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

School District employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.



**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

**NOTE 19 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND RESTATEMENT OF BALANCES**

For fiscal year 2011, the School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, “Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.”

GASB Statement No. 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of this statement resulted in the reclassification of certain funds, and resulted in the following restatement of the School District’s financial statements:

	General	Bond and Coupon	All Other Governmental	Total
Fund Balances, June 30, 2010	\$5,582,667	\$1,130,768	\$452,614	\$7,166,049
GASB 54 Fund Reclassifications	9,120	0	(9,120)	0
Restated Fund Balances, June 30, 2010	<u>\$5,591,787</u>	<u>\$1,130,768</u>	<u>\$443,494</u>	<u>\$7,166,049</u>

**NOTE 20 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Bond and Coupon	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Restricted for</b>				
Other Purposes	0	0	257,872	257,872
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	384,594	384,594
Capital Maintenance	60,854	0	0	60,854
Debt Services Payments	0	1,254,217	0	1,254,217
Capital Improvements	0	0	68,813	68,813
Total Restricted	<u>60,854</u>	<u>1,254,217</u>	<u>711,279</u>	<u>2,026,350</u>
<b>Assigned to</b>				
Other Purposes	<u>150,377</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>150,377</u>
<b>Unassigned (Deficit)</b>	<u>5,636,455</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(168,041)</u>	<u>5,468,414</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$5,847,686</u>	<u>\$1,254,217</u>	<u>\$543,238</u>	<u>\$7,645,141</u>

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
<u>United States Department of Agriculture</u>						
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Education</i>						
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster:</i>						
School Breakfast Program	3L70	10.553	\$ 119,713	\$ -	\$ 119,713	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	3L60	10.555	308,863	41,714	308,863	41,715
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			428,576	41,714	428,576	41,715
Total United States Department of Agriculture			428,576	41,714	428,576	41,715
<u>United States Department of Education</u>						
<i>Passed through Ohio Department of Education</i>						
<i>Special Education Cluster:</i>						
Special Education - Grants to States	3M20	84.027	403,408	-	378,765	-
Special Education - Grants to States - ARRA	3DJ0	84.391	146,019	-	165,937	-
Total Special Education Cluster			549,427	-	544,702	-
<i>Title I Cluster</i>						
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	84.010	592,097	-	641,083	-
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - ARRA	3DK0	84.389	217,181	-	234,299	-
Total Title I Cluster			809,278	-	875,382	-
Safe and Drug Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	3D10	84.186	68	-	147	-
Education Technology State Grants	3S20	84.318	1,980	-	1,980	-
Rural Education	3Y80	84.358	34,865	-	34,865	-
State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Education						
State Grants - ARRA	GRF	84.394	821,654	-	857,519	-
Improving Teacher Quality	3Y60	84.367	145,228	-	142,201	-
Race to the Top - ARRA	3FD0	84.395	30,640	-	30,640	-
Total United States Department of Education			2,393,140	-	2,487,436	-
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 2,821,716</u>	<u>\$ 41,714</u>	<u>\$ 2,916,012</u>	<u>\$ 41,715</u>

N/A=Not Available  
N=Direct award

See accompanying notes to Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures.

**Scioto Valley Local School District**

Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

**NOTE A – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

**NOTE B – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

**NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received.



# Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

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## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the Board of Education  
Scioto Valley Local School District  
1414 Piketon Road  
Piketon, OH 45661

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Scioto Valley Local School District, Pike County, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2011, wherein we noted the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 54. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Governmental Auditing Standards*.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Members of the Board of Education  
Scioto Valley Local School District  
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and  
Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*  
Page 2

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management, members of the Board, federal awarding agencies, others within the School District, and pass-through entities. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Balestra, Harr & Scherer". The signature is written in black ink on a light-colored background.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.  
December 16, 2011



# Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.

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## Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Members of the Board of Education  
Scioto Valley Local School District  
1414 Piketon Road  
Piketon, OH 45661

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Scioto Valley Local School District (the School District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Scioto Valley Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the School District's major federal programs. The School District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and *OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Scioto Valley Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

**Internal Control Over Compliance  
(Continued)**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or to timely detect and correct noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management, members of the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, other within the School District, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.



Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.  
December 16, 2011

**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Schedule of Findings*  
*OMB Circular A-133 Section .505*  
*For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

**1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material non-compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under section .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Ed Cluster: Special Education Grants to States-CFDA #84.027; Special Education Grants to States, ARRA- CFDA #84.391 Title I Cluster: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies-CFDA #84.010; Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, ARRA- CFDA# 84.389 State Fiscal Stabilization Fund – ARRA, CFDA #84. 394 Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program-CFDA #10.553; National School Lunch Program-CFDA #10.555
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No



**Scioto Valley Local School District**  
*Schedule of Findings*  
*OMB Circular A-133 Section .505*  
*(Continued)*  
*For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011*

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**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

**None**

**3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS**

**None**



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## Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure

Members of the Board of Education  
Scioto Valley Local School District  
1414 Piketon Road  
Piketon, OH 45661

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Scioto Valley Local School District (the School District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board did not amend its anti-harassment policy to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

Ohio Revised Code Section 3313.666 required the Board to amend its definition by September 28, 2010.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balestra, Harr & Scherer, CPAs, Inc.  
December 16, 2011



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

SCIOTO VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

PIKE COUNTY

## CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

*Susan Babbitt*

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED  
MARCH 13, 2012