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Village of West Rushville Fairfield County P.O. Box 63083 West Rushville, Ohio 43163

To the Village Council:

As you are aware, the Auditor of State's Office (AOS) must modify the *Independent Accountants' Report* we provide on your financial statements due to an interpretation from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). While AOS does not legally require your Village to prepare financial statements pursuant to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), the AICPA interpretation requires auditors to formally acknowledge that you did not prepare your financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Our Report includes an adverse opinion relating to GAAP presentation and measurement requirements, but does not imply the amounts the statements present are misstated under the non-GAAP basis you follow. The AOS report also includes an opinion on the financial statements you prepared using the cash basis and financial statement format the AOS permits.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

September 26, 2012

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Village of West Rushville Fairfield County P.O. Box 63083 West Rushville, Ohio 43163

### To the Village Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Village of West Rushville, Fairfield County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in Note 1, the Village has prepared these financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Although we cannot reasonably determine the effects on the financial statements of the variances between these regulatory accounting practices and GAAP, we presume they are material.

Instead of the combined funds the accompanying financial statements present, GAAP require presenting entity wide statements and also presenting the Village's larger (i.e. major) funds separately. While the Village does not follow GAAP, generally accepted auditing standards requires us to include the following paragraph if the statements do not substantially conform to GAAP presentation requirements. The Auditor of State permits, but does not require Governments to reformat their statements. The Village has elected not to follow GAAP statement formatting requirements. The following paragraph does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis the Auditor of State permits. Our opinion on the fair presentation of the amounts reported pursuant to its non-GAAP basis is in the second following paragraph.

In our opinion, because of the effects of the matter discussed in the preceding two paragraphs, the financial statements referred to above for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010 do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2011 and 2010, or its changes in financial position for the years then ended.

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined fund cash balances as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 of the Village of West Rushville, Fairfield County, Ohio and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended on the accounting basis Note 1 describes.

Village of West Rushville Fairfield County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

As described in Note 2, during 2011 the Village of West Rushville adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2012, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

September 26, 2012

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

	 General	Special evenue	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 2,873	\$ -	\$	2,873
Intergovernmental	19,369	99,302		118,671
Fines, Licenses, Permits	1,553	-		1,553
Earnings on Investments	-	2		2
Miscellaneous	 57	 		57
Total Cash Receipts	 23,852	 99,304		123,156
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
Security of Persons and Property	-	1,288		1,288
Public Health Services	384	-		384
Community Environment	34	-		34
Transportation	137	6,047		6,184
General Government	11,639	-		11,639
Capital Outlay	-	95,207		95,207
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	 	 342		342
Total Cash Disbursements	 12,194	 102,884		115,078
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	 11,658	 (3,580)		8,078
Other Financing Receipts				
OPWC Debt Proceeds	 	 5,133	-	5,133
Total Other Financing Receipts	 	 5,133		5,133
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	11,658	1,553		13,211
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	 13,224	 9,748		22,972
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	-	11,301		11,301
Unassigned	 24,882			24,882
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 24,882	\$ 11,301	\$	36,183

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Go	Governmental Fund Types				
	General		Special Revenue		(Mem	otals orandum Only)
Cash Receipts:						
Property and Local Taxes	\$	3,068	\$	_	\$	3,068
Intergovernmental	Ψ	7,767	Ψ	7,563	Ψ	15,330
Earnings on Investments				5		5
Miscellaneous		232				232
Total Cash Receipts		11,067		7,568		18,635
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
Security of Persons and Property		-		1,206		1,206
Public Health Services		383		-		383
Community Environment		81		-		81
Transportation		-		10,738		10,738
General Government		5,062				5,062
Total Cash Disbursements		5,526		11,944		17,470
Total Receipts Over/(Under) Disbursements		5,541		(4,376)		1,165
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		7,683		14,124		21,807
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	13,224	\$	9,748	\$	22,972

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of West Rushville, Fairfield County, Ohio (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides general government services. The Fairfield County Sheriff's department provides security of persons and property. Richland Township provides fire and emergency protection services.

The Village participates in a jointly governed organization and a public entity risk pool. Notes 8 and 10 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Jointly Governed Organization:

Fairfield County Regional Planning Commission

Public Entity Risk Pool:

Ohio Municipal Joint Self-Insurance Pool

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

### **B.** Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Village recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

### C. Fund Accounting

The Village uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Village classifies its funds into the following types:

### 1. General Fund

The General Fund reports all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### 2. Special Revenue Fund

This fund accounts for proceeds from specific sources (other than from private-purpose trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditure for specific purposes. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village streets. The Village also received a grant and loan from the State of Ohio to resurface streets.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### D. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

### 1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Appropriations lapse at year end.

### 2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

### 3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Village did not use the encumbrance method of accounting.

A summary of 2011 and 2010 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

### E. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

### 1. Nonspendable

The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

### 2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

### 3. Committed

Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### E. Fund Balance (Continued)

### 4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

### 5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

### F. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

### 2. Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2011, the Village adopted Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54. The implementation of this statement had no effect on the Village's financial statements.

### 3. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Village maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	 2011	 2010
Demand deposits	\$ 36,183	\$ 22,972

**Deposits:** Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

### 4. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2011 and 2010 follows:

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts		Receipts Receipts		V	ariance
General	\$	10,833	\$	23,852	\$	13,019
Special Revenue		101,996		104,437		2,441
Total	\$	112,829	\$	128,289	\$	15,460

2011 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation		Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	12,391	\$	12,194	\$	197
Special Revenue		104,907		102,884		2,023
Total	\$	117,298	\$	115,078	\$	2,220

2010 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Βι	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	R	Receipts		Receipts		Variance	
General	\$	11,005	\$	11,067	\$	62	
Special Revenue		6,165		7,568		1,403	
Total	\$	17,170	\$	18,635	\$	1,465	

2010 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appro	opriation	n Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	-	\$	5,526	\$	(5,526)
Special Revenue		-		11,944		(11,944)
Total	\$	-	\$	17,470	\$	(17,470)

Contrary to Ohio law, appropriations ledger was not maintained, appropriations were not adopted, and budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the General and Special Revenue Funds \$5,526 and \$11,944, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2010.

### 5. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

### 5. Property Tax (Continued)

Tangible personal property tax is assessed by the property owners, who must file a list of such property to the County by each April 30.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

### 6. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2011 was as follows:

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan CQ03N relates to the Village Street Resurfacing Project. The Village received \$5,133 in loan proceeds in 2011 and repaid \$342. The Village repays the loan in semi-annual installments of \$171, over 15 years. The loan is backed by the full faith and credit of the Village.

Amortization of the above debt is scheduled as follows:

Year ending December 31:	 VC Loan Q03N
2012	\$ 171
2013	342
2014	342
2015	342
2016	342
2017-2021	1,711
2022-2026	1,540
Total	\$ 4,790

### 7. Retirement Systems

Village officials belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2011 and 2010, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2011.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

### 8. Risk Management

### **Risk Pool Membership**

The Village belongs to the Ohio Municipal Joint Self-Insurance Pool (the Pool), an unincorporated non-profit association available to municipal corporations and their instrumentalities. The Pool is a separate legal entity per Section 2744 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Pool provides property and casualty insurance for its members. The Pool pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting for covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

The Pool cedes portions of its gross contribution written to a reinsurer under excess reinsurance agreements in order to limit its losses. Treaty basis excess-of-loss contracts in force protect the Pool against losses over the retention level; at December 31. 2010, retention levels are \$150,000 for property and casualty coverage.

The Pool remains liable to the extent the reinsuring companies are unable to meet their contractual obligations under reinsurance agreements.

The Pool's financial statements (audited by other auditors) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained surplus at December 31, 2010 and 2009 (the latest information available):

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Assets	\$1,950,167	\$ 2,109,514
Liabilities	(1,656,732)	(1,920,839)
Accumulated deficit	<u>\$293,435</u>	<u>\$188,675</u>

### 9. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

### 10. Jointly Governed Organization

**Fairfield Regional Planning Commission:** The Village appoints a member of Council to represent the Village on the 47 member board of the Fairfield Regional Planning Commission. The Village pays a small membership fee annually based on the per capita of the Village. There is no ongoing financial responsibility by the Village.

## INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Village of West Rushville Fairfield County P.O. Box 63083 West Rushville, Ohio 43163

To the Village Council:

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of West Rushville, Fairfield County, Ohio (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2012, wherein we noted the Village prepared its financial statements using accounting practices the Auditor of State prescribes or permits rather than the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We also noted for the year ended December 31, 2011, the Village adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Therefore, we cannot assure that we have identified all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected. We consider finding 2011-04 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

Village of West Rushville
Fairfield County
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
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### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2011-01 through 2011-03.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated September 26, 2012.

The Village's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Village's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, Village Council, and others within the Village. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

September 26, 2012

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### **FINDING NUMBER 2011-01**

### **Noncompliance Citation**

### **Appropriation Ledger**

Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-02(D)(3) provides that all local public offices may maintain accounting records in a manual or computerized format. The records used should be based on the nature of operations and services the public office provides, and should consider the degree of automation and other factors. Such records should include: an appropriation ledger, which may assemble and classify disbursements or expenditure/expenses into separate accounts for, at a minimum, each account listed in the appropriation resolution. The amount, fund, date, check number, purchase order number, encumbrance amount, unencumbered balance, amount of disbursement, and any other information required may be entered in the appropriate columns.

The Village did not maintain an appropriations ledger during the audit period. Failure to maintain an appropriations ledger can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

We recommend the Village develop an appropriation ledger consistent with the requirements applicable to OAC 117-2-02 (D)(3).

### Official's Response:

An appropriation ledger was set up in 2012.

### **FINDING NUMBER 2011-02**

### **Noncompliance Citation**

### **Permanent Appropriations**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.38 requires that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure be passed. The Village may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet their ordinary expenses until April 1, at which time a permanent appropriation measure must be passed.

The Village did not adopt a permanent appropriation measure for 2010. As a result, expenditures made during 2010 were in excess of appropriations contrary to Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) which can lead to negative fund balances and spending more money that is available to spend.

The Village should adopt a permanent appropriation measure by April 1 each year.

### Official's Response:

The Village passed an appropriation ordinance in 2011.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### **FINDING NUMBER 2011-03**

### **Noncompliance Citation**

### **Certification of Funds**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract, or ordering any expenditure of money, unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Every such contract made without such a certificate shall be void and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due therein.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

- 1. "Then and Now" Certificate If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the fiscal officer can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Village has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.
  - Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Village.
- 2. Blanket Certificate The fiscal officer may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Village may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Fiscal Officer did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for seventy-two (72%) of the expenditures tested and there was no evidence the Village followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### **FINDING NUMBER 2011-03 (Continued)**

### **Noncompliance Citation**

### **Certification of Funds (Continued)**

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Village's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend the Fiscal Officer certify that funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Village. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer certify purchases to which section 5705.41(D) applies. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Village incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

### Official's Response:

The Village will implement procedures to use purchase orders correctly in the future.

### **FINDING NUMBER 2011-04**

### **Material Weakness**

### **Ohio Public Works Commission Funds**

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.42 states in part, when the state or any department, division, agency authority or unit thereof makes a grant or loan of money to any political subdivision of this state to aid in paying the cost of any program, activity or function of such subdivision, the amount is deemed appropriated and shall be recorded as such by the fiscal officer of the subdivision. Additionally, AOS Bulletins 2000-008 and 2002-004 provide guidance for cash basis accounting for on-behalf funding. In short, the Bulletins advise that when a local government enters into an on-behalf-of program agreement with another local government or the State (or the federal government, if applicable), whereby the local government or its residents are the beneficiaries under the agreement, the cash value benefit of the program received under the agreement should be recorded as memorandum receipts and disbursements in the year on-behalf-of disbursements are made. In addition, the applicable budgetary legal requirements should be followed for the program the same as if the moneys were received and expended by the local government.

In accordance with Auditor of State Bulletin 2002-004, the Village should record each direct payment of Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) monies to the contractor as a receipt and corresponding expenditure.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010 (Continued)

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

### **FINDING NUMBER 2011-04 (Continued)**

### **Material Weakness (Continued)**

### **Ohio Public Works Commission Funds (Continued)**

During 2011, the Fiscal Officer did not record OPWC grant and loan monies in the Street Fund totaling \$95,207. This includes \$92,394 in grant monies that were received through a direct payment to the vendor and \$2,813 in loan proceeds, for which the Village did not record the receipt and the corresponding expenditure.

We recommend the Village record each payment of OPWC monies as a receipt and expenditure when OPWC payments are made on the Village's behalf to project vendors. The Village's financial statements and, where applicable, the accounting records have been adjusted to accurately reflect OPWC monies.

### Official's Response:

If the Village is awarded a grant of this type in the future, we will implement procedures to record onbehalf payments made by the grantor.

### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2011 AND 2010

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2009-001	Appropriations exceeded the total estimated resources available for expenditure – ORC 5705.39.	Yes	





### **VILLAGE OF WEST RUSHVILLE**

### **FAIRFIELD COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 8, 2012