AMANDA CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FAIRFIELD COUNTY

SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

AMANDA CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FAIRFIELD COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Amanda Clearcreek Local School District Fairfield County 328 E. Main Street Amanda, Ohio 43102

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amanda Clearcreek Local School District, Fairfield County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amanda Clearcreek Local School District, Fairfield County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 29, 2013, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us Amanda Clearcreek Local School District Fairfield County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditures schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 29, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the Amanda-Clearcreek Local School District's financial performance provides an overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review our notes to the basic financial statements and the financial statements themselves to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Amanda-Clearcreek Local School District exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2012 by \$29,221,245. This balance was comprised of a \$26,145,477 balance in capital assets net of related debt and net asset amounts restricted for specific purposes and a balance of \$3,075,768 in unrestricted net assets.
- < In total, net assets of governmental activities increased by \$595,998, which represents a 2.08 percent increase from 2011.
- < General revenues accounted for \$12,391,381 or 77.71 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,554,919 or 22.29 percent of total revenues of \$15,946,300.
- The District had \$15,350,302 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,554,919 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes and grants and entitlements) of \$12,391,381 were used to provide for the remainder of these programs.
- The District recognizes two major governmental funds: the General and Bond Retirement Funds. In terms of dollars received and spent, the General Fund is significantly larger than all the other funds of the District combined. The General Fund had \$13,638,101 in revenues and \$11,905,175 in expenditures in fiscal year 2012.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are presented following the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, and are organized so the reader can understand Amanda-Clearcreek Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets are important because they serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. The cause of this change may be the result of several factors, some financial and some not. Nonfinancial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required but unfunded educational programs, and other factors. Ultimately, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In both of the government-wide financial statements, the District activities are shown as governmental activities. All of the District's programs and services are reported here including instructional services, support services and operation of non-instructional services. These services are funded primarily by taxes, tuition and fees, and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's two major governmental funds are the General and Bond Retirement Funds.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objective. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into one of three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term requirements. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Fund

The District's only proprietary fund is an internal service fund. Since the internal service fund operates on a break-even, cost-reimbursement basis, the District reports it as a proprietary fund using the accrual basis of accounting. The internal service find is included with governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The District's fiduciary funds include a private purpose trust fund and an agency fund. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Private purpose trust funds are held in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole, showing assets, liabilities, and the difference between them (net assets). Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2012 compared to fiscal year 2011:

Table 1

Net Assets at Year End

	Governmental Activities		
	2012	2011	
<u>Assets:</u>			
Current and Other Assets	\$10,214,284	\$8,468,703	
Capital Assets, Net	27,211,871	28,576,751	
Total Assets	37,426,155	37,045,454	
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities	4,794,984	4,819,403	
Long-Term Liabilities	3,409,746	3,600,624	
Total Liabilities	8,204,730	8,420,027	
<u>Net Assets:</u>			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	24,426,200	25,633,108	
Restricted	1,719,457	1,239,884	
Unrestricted	3,075,768	1,752,435	
Total Net Assets	\$29,221,425	\$28,625,427	

Current and other assets increased \$1,745,581 from fiscal year 2011 due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents held by the District.

Capital assets decreased \$1,364,880, which is due to deletion of vehicles and equipment and annual depreciation.

Current (other) liabilities decreased \$24,419 or 0.51 percent, primarily due to a decrease in deferred revenue related to property taxes receivable.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$190,878 due to schedule debt payments made by the District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

The District's largest portion of net assets is related to amounts invested in capital assets, net of related debt. The District used these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to pay these liabilities.

The District's smallest portion of net assets is restricted assets. The restricted net assets are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The remaining balance of \$3,075,768 is unrestricted. These net assets represent resources that may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its students and creditors.

Table 2 shows the changes in net assets for fiscal year 2012 and provides a comparison to fiscal year 2011.

	Governmental Activities		
	2012	2011	
<u>Revenues:</u>			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,286,266	\$1,450,447	
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,256,653	2,894,699	
Capital Grants and Contributions	12,000	6,000	
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	2,818,020	2,898,969	
Income Taxes	441,231	0	
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	9,016,092	8,336,121	
Investment Earnings	13,743	24,439	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	23,309	
Miscellaneous	102,295	113,961	
Total Revenues	15,946,300	15,747,945	

Table 2Changes in Net Assets

(continued)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Changes in Net Assets			
	Governmental Activities		
	2012	2011	
Expenses:			
Program Expenses:			
Instruction:			
Regular	6,493,316	6,901,013	
Special	2,240,295	2,201,530	
Vocational	257,691	448,389	
Student Intervention Services	30,028	175,859	
Other	48,227	42,471	
Support Services			
Pupils	638,235	588,570	
Instructional Staff	179,182	425,612	
Board of Education	91,722	72,429	
Administration	971,951	912,518	
Fiscal	314,852	347,688	
Business	36,316	33,946	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,420,123	1,418,070	
Pupil Transportation	1,231,946	1,224,080	
Central	194,942	20,512	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service	813,135	738,155	
Extracurricular Activities	251,723	310,462	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	136,618	142,494	
Total Disbursements	15,350,302	16,003,798	
Change in Net Assets	595,998	(255,853)	
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	28,625,427	28,881,280	
Net Assets - End of Year	\$29,221,425	\$28,625,427	

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

The most significant program expenses for the District are Regular Instruction, Special Instruction, Operation and Maintenance of Plant, Pupil Transportation, and Administration. These programs account for 80.50 percent of the total governmental activities. Regular Instruction, which accounts for 42.30 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing general educational services. Special Instruction, which represents 14.59 percent of the total, represents costs associated and other special needs students. Operation and Maintenance of Plant, which represents 9.25 percent of the total, represents costs associated with operating and maintaining the District's facilities. Pupil Transportation, which represents 8.03 percent of the total, represents costs associated with providing transportation services for students between home and school and to school activities. Administration, which represents 6.33 percent of the total, represents costs as a whole

The majority of the funding for the most significant programs indicated above is from property taxes, operating grants, and grants and entitlements not restricted for specific programs. Property taxes, operating grants and grants and entitlements not restricted for specific programs accounts for 88.36 percent of total revenues for governmental activities.

The District had program revenue decreases of \$796,227, and increases in general revenues of \$994,587 primarily due to a reclassification of grant revenue from operating grants and contributions to unrestricted grants and entitlements during fiscal year 2012.

The District's expenses decreased \$653,496 or 4.08 percent, which is mostly due to the \$407,697 decrease in Regular Instruction.

Governmental Activities

Over the past several fiscal years, the District has remained in stable financial condition. This has been accomplished through strong voter support and good fiscal management. The District is heavily dependent on property taxes and intergovernmental revenue and, like most Ohio schools, is hampered by a lack of revenue growth. Property taxes made up 17.67 percent and intergovernmental revenue made up 70.77 percent of the total revenue for the governmental activities in fiscal year 2012.

The Ohio Legislature passed H.B. 920 (1976) and changed the way property taxes function in the State. The overall revenue generated by a levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, the District would receive from a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill, \$35.00 annually. If three years later the home were reappraised and the value increased to \$200,000 (and this increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mill and the District would still receive \$35.00 annually. Therefore, the District must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service.

The District's intergovernmental revenue consists of school foundation basic allowance, homestead and rollback property tax allocation, and federal and state grants. During fiscal year 2012, the District received \$9,100,754 through the State's foundation program, which represents 57.07 percent of the total revenue for the governmental activities. The District relies heavily on this state funding to operate at the current levels of service.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Instruction accounts for 59.08 percent of governmental activity program expenses. Support services expenses make up 33.09 percent of governmental activities program expenses. The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and charges for services and grants offsetting those services.

Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2012 compared with fiscal year 2011. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2012	2012	2011	2011
Program Expenses:				
Instruction	\$9,069,557	\$6,618,979	\$9,769,262	\$6,778,697
Support Services	5,079,269	4,996,597	5,043,425	4,656,195
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	813,135	16,746	738,155	36,387
Extracurricular Activities	251,723	26,443	310,462	38,879
Interest and Fiscal Charges	136,618	136,618	142,494	142,494
Total Expenses	\$15,350,302	\$11,795,383	\$16,003,798	\$11,652,652

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. (See Note 2 for discussion of significant accounting policies and procedures). All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$16,089,258 and expenditures of \$14,680,634.

Total governmental funds fund balance increased by \$1,408,624. The increase in fund balance for the year was most significant in the General Fund, which had an increase of \$1,732,926, due to an increase in revenues and a reduction in expenditures.

The District should remain stable in fiscal years 2013 and 2014. However, projections beyond fiscal year 2014 show the District may be unable to meet inflationary cost increases in the long-term without additional tax levies or a meaningful change in state funding of public schools as directed by the Ohio Supreme Court.

Budget Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a cash basis for receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2012, the District amended its General Fund budget several times. The District uses a modified site-based budget technique that is designed to control site budgets while providing building administrators and supervisors' flexibility for site management.

The District prepares and monitors a detailed cashflow plan for the General Fund. Actual cashflow is compared to monthly and year-to-date estimates, and a monthly report is prepared for top management and the Board of Education.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue was \$13,952,095 representing a \$1,192,051 increase from the original budget estimates of \$12,760,044. For the General Fund, the final budget basis expenditures were \$11,737,728 representing a \$293,222 increase from the original budget estimates of \$11,444,506. The final budget basis expenditures reflect a 2.5 percent increase from the original budgeted amount. Actual budgetary expenditures plus encumbrances were \$318,087 more than the final budgeted amount.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012 the District had \$40.5 million invested in capital assets, of which all was in governmental activities. That total carries an accumulated depreciation of \$13.3 million. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to fiscal year 2011.

Table 4Capital Assets & Accumulated Depreciation at Year End

	Governmental Activities		
	2012	2011	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:			
Land	\$292,457	\$292,457	
Depreciable Capital Assets:			
Land Improvements	2,707,262	2,707,262	
Buildings and Improvements	34,193,552	34,173,676	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,049,664	1,057,815	
Vehicles	1,355,223	1,401,157	
Textbooks	887,213	887,213	
Total Capital Assets	40,485,371	40,519,580	
Less Accumulated Depreciation			
Land Improvements	1,233,025	1,104,524	
Buildings and Improvements	9,381,216	8,311,514	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	653,434	585,671	
Vehicles	1,158,134	1,121,687	
Textbooks	847,691	819,433	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	13,273,500	11,942,829	
Capital Assets, Net	\$27,211,871	\$28,576,751	

More detailed information pertaining to the District's capital asset activity can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$2,785,671 in long-term debt outstanding with \$343,787 due within one year. Table 5 summarizes the long-term debt outstanding for fiscal year 2012 compared to fiscal year 2011.

Table 5Outstanding Debt, Governmental Activities at Year End

Purpose	2012	2011
School Construction Bonds	\$605,000	\$780,000
Refunding Bonds	2,044,998	2,084,998
Capital Leases	135,673	78,644
Total General Obligation Debt	\$2,785,671	\$2,943,642

More detailed information pertaining to the District's long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

Although considered a low-wealth district, Amanda-Clearcreek Local School District is seeing a declining financial status due in part to declining enrollment over the past two years and the state's declining economy. As indicated in the preceding financial information, the District is dependent on property taxes. Property tax revenue does not increase solely as a result of inflation. There has been minimal increases in the state funding in recent years and planned decreases in future years. Therefore, in the long-term, the current program and staffing levels will be dependent on increased funding to meet inflation. Careful financial planning has permitted the District to provide a quality education for our students. The District passed a 1.5% earned income tax to eliminate the need for significant reductions in personnel and educational services.

Several important legislative and judicial actions have occurred that have had significant impact on the District. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled in March 1997 that the State of Ohio was operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." The State has not yet developed a school-funding plan that has been deemed acceptable by the Court, and ultimate resolution still seems to be some time in the future. The State's passage of HB 153 (July 2011) requires a new school funding formula which is being developed and may be introduced with the new State budget legislation in spring, 2013. Departments and agencies of the State have been asked to develop two scenarios for their biennial budget requests: flat funding and a 10% decrease. As the current economic climate lags, there remains concern that the State may not have the ability to fully fund the previously approved subsidies for primary and secondary education in the current State budget; the MBR legislation (HB 487) passed in June, 2012 provides no increase in public education funding. The biennial budget which was approved by the State in the summer of 2011 for fiscal years 2012 and 2013 has provided reduced funding for the District in both years of the budget cycle.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 (Unaudited)

Residential growth has not been a major factor in the District over the past few years. Residential/agricultural property contributes over 96 percent of the District's real estate valuation.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it received. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information contact Jill Bradford, Treasurer of Amanda-Clearcreek Local School Board of Education, 328 East Main Street, Amanda, Ohio 43102.

Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets:</u>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,048,660
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,069,194
Property Taxes Receivable	3,451,534
Income Tax Receivable	328,001
Intergovernmental Receivable	23,793
Accrued Interest Receivable	4,632
Inventory Held for Resale	22,239
Deferred Charges	266,231
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	292,457
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	26,919,414
Total Assets	37,426,155
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	88,519
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,152,234
Intergovernmental Payable	331,218
Accrued Interest Payable	9,078
Deferred Revenue	2,900,869
Claims Payable	213,723
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	99,343
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due within One Year	379,133
Due in More Than One Year	3,030,613
Total Liabilities	8,204,730
<u>Net Assets:</u>	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	24,426,200
Restricted for:	
Capital Outlay	249,509
Debt Service	571,832
Other Purposes	898,116
Unrestricted	3,075,768
Total Net Assets	\$29,221,425

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net
Program Revenues	Assets
Charges for Operating Capital Services and Grants and Grants and	Governmental
Expenses Sales Contributions Contributions	Activities
ivities:	
	(\$5.070.700)
\$6,493,316 \$689,660 \$532,936 \$0	(\$5,270,720)
2,240,295 0 1,076,047 0 257,601 0 151,028	(1,164,248)
257,691 0 151,938 0 ion Services 30,028 0 0 0	(105,753)
	(30,028)
48,227 0 0 0	(48,227)
638,235 0 0 0	(638,235)
f 179,182 0 0 0	(179,182)
91,722 0 0 0	(179,182) (91,722)
971,951 2,972 0 0	(968,979)
314,852 0 0 0	(314,852)
36,316 0 0 0	(36,316)
aintenance of Plant 1,420,123 0 0 12,000	(1,408,123)
ion 1,231,946 0 64,097 0	(1,167,849)
194,942 0 3,600 0	(191,342)
Instructional Services:	(1)1,0 (2)
813,135 368,354 428,035 0	(16,746)
tivities 251,723 225,280 0 0	(26,443)
Charges 136,618 0 0 0	(136,618)
al Activities \$15,350,302 \$1,286,266 \$2,256,653 \$12,000	(11,795,383)
al Activities \$15,350,302 \$1,286,266 \$2,256,653 General Revenues:	\$12,000

Property Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	2,494,670
Debt Service	281,284
Capital Outlay	42,066
Income Taxes Levied for:	
General Purposes	441,231
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	9,016,092
Investment Earnings	13,743
Miscellaneous	102,295
Total General Revenues	12,391,381
Change in Net Assets	595,998
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	28,625,427
Net Assets at End of Year	\$29,221,425

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

Assets:	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,288,561	\$525,215	\$820,646	\$4,634,422
Property Taxes Receivable	3,049,266	351,838	50,430	3,451,534
Income Taxes Reveivable	328,001	0	0	328,001
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	0	23,793	23,793
Accrued Interest Receivable	4,632	0	0	4,632
Interfund Receivable	150,783	0	0	150,783
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	22,239	22,239
Total Assets	\$6,821,243	\$877,053	\$917,108	\$8,615,404
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$84,105	\$0	\$4,414	\$88,519
Accrued Wages and Benefits	974,400	0	177,834	1,152,234
Intergovernmental Payable	292,958	0	38,260	331,218
Interfund Payable	0	0	150,783	150,783
Deferred Revenue	3,011,635	347,981	49,787	3,409,403
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	99,343	0	0	99,343
Total Liabilities	4,462,441	347,981	421,078	5,231,500
Fund Balances:				
Restricted	0	529,072	732,593	1,261,665
Assigned	142,810	0	0	142,810
Unassigned	2,215,992	0	(236,563)	1,979,429
Total Fund Balances	2,358,802	529,072	496,030	3,383,904
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$6,821,243	\$877,053	\$917,108	\$8,615,404

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities

June 30, 2012

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$3,383,904
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		27,211,871
Some of the District's receivables will be collected after fiscal year-end, however are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. These receivables consist of:		
Property taxes		508,534
Unamortized issuance costs represent deferred charges which do not provide current financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds.		266,231
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. These liabilities consist of:		
General obligation bonds	(605,000)	
Refunding bonds	(2,044,998)	
Premium on refunding bonds	(266,232)	
Accrued interest on bonds	(9,078)	
Capital leases	(135,673)	
Compensated absences	(357,843)	
Total liabilities not reported in funds		(3,418,824)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental		
activities in the statement of net assets.		1,269,709
acuvities in the statement of net assets.	-	1,209,709
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$29,221,425

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Other	Total
		Bond	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Retirement	Funds	Funds
<u>Revenues:</u>				
Property Taxes	\$2,453,534	\$275,861	\$41,438	\$2,770,833
Income Tax	441,231	0	0	441,231
Intergovernmental	9,761,252	45,244	1,466,249	11,272,745
Interest	13,493	0	250	13,743
Tuition and Fees	649,133	0	0	649,133
Gifts and Donations	0	0	28,481	28,481
Rent	730	0	0	730
Extracurricular Activities	27,018	0	225,280	252,298
Charges for Services	0	0	368,354	368,354
Miscellaneous	101,565	0	0	101,565
Total Revenues	13,447,956	321,105	2,130,052	15,899,113
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:	4 (72) (17	0	(97.2()	5 250 882
Regular	4,672,617	0	687,266	5,359,883
Special Venetional	1,771,874	0	499,917	2,271,791 266,772
Vocational Student Intervention Services	266,772	0	0	,
Other	30,028	0 0	0 0	30,028
	48,879	0	0	48,879
Support Services:	645.025	0	0	645 025
Pupils Instructional Staff	645,025	0	0	645,025
	168,017	0	7,084	175,101
Board of Education	103,593	0	0	103,593
Administration Fiscal	1,004,143	0	1,731	1,005,874
Business	320,343 36,316	0 0	0 0	320,343 36,316
	1,318,651	0	132,869	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant			152,809	1,451,520
Pupil Transportation Central	1,159,500 199,925	0 0	150	1,159,500
	199,923	0	817,386	200,075
Operation of Non-Instructional Services Extracurricular Activities	0 7,687	0	236,491	817,386
				244,178
Capital Outlay	5,822	0	52,930	58,752
Debt Service:	122 116	215 000	0	249 116
Principal Retirement	133,116	215,000	0	348,116
Interest	12,867	124,635	0	137,502
Total Expenditures	11,905,175	339,635	2,435,824	14,680,634
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,542,781	(18,530)	(305,772)	1,218,479
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Inception of Capital Lease	190,145	0	0	190,145
				, -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	190,145	0	0	190,145
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,732,926	(18,530)	(305,772)	1,408,624
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	625,876	547,602	801,802	1,975,280
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$2,358,802	\$529,072	\$496,030	\$3,383,904

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$1,408,624
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		(1,358,423)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are		(1,000,120)
received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(6,457)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. These revenues consist of:		47 197
Property taxes		47,187
Repayment of bond principal and capital leases are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		348,116
Other financing sources in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities: Inception of capital leases		(190,145)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		884
Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when due, but in the statement of activities these costs are accrued as deferred charges.		(24,203)
		(21,200)
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:		
Compensated absences Premium on bonds issued Total expenditures not reported in the funds	8,704 24,203	32,907
		52,907
The internal service fund used by management to charge the cost of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental		
expenditures and the related internal service fund revenue are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among activities.	_	337,508
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	=	\$595,998

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
D	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
<u>Revenues:</u> Property Taxes	\$2,569,880	\$3,308,782	\$2,637,281	(\$671,501)	
Income Tax	\$2,309,880 0	\$3,308,782 114,000	113,230	(\$071,301) (770)	
Intergovernmental	9,642,164	9,706,313	9,858,728	152,415	
Interest	25,000	25,000	19,143	(5,857)	
Tuition and Fees	492,000	692,000	649,133	(42,867)	
Rent	1,000	1,000	730	(42,807) (270)	
Miscellaneous	30,000	105,000	101,565	(3,435)	
Total Revenues	12,760,044	13,952,095	13,379,810	(572,285)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,888,771	4,825,268	4,956,034	(130,766)	
Special	1,628,332	1,713,690	1,760,131	(46,441)	
Vocational	258,518	295,986	304,007	(8,021)	
Student Intervention Services	0	29,236	30,028	(792)	
Other	25,000	62,455	64,148	(1,693)	
Support Services:	5 40, 60 0	605 101	<i></i>		
Pupils	549,603	627,181	644,178	(16,997)	
Instructional Staff	134,359	166,166	170,669	(4,503)	
Board of Education	74,943	91,902	94,393	(2,491)	
Administration	910,425	918,946	943,850	(24,904)	
Fiscal	334,301	315,448	323,997	(8,549)	
Business	36,500	37,388	38,401	(1,013)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,298,223	1,333,245	1,369,376	(36,131)	
Pupil Transportation	1,153,237	1,124,888	1,155,373	(30,485)	
Central	144,886	175,645	180,405	(4,760)	
Extracurricular Activities	2,349	16,202	16,640	(438)	
Capital Outlay	5,059	3,782	3,885	(103)	
Total Expenditures	11,444,506	11,737,428	12,055,515	(318,087)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,315,538	2,214,667	1,324,295	(890,372)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers Out	0	(23,483)	(23,483)	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	0	(23,483)	(23,483)	0	
Net Changes in Fund Balances	1,315,538	2,191,184	1,300,812	(890,372)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,946,738	1,946,738	1,946,738	0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	137,044	113,491	137,044	(23,553)	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$3,399,320	\$4,251,413	\$3,384,594	\$866,819	

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2012

Governmental Activities
Internal Service
\$414,238 1,069,194
1,483,432
213,723
213,723
\$1,269,709

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
<u>Operating Revenues:</u>	
Charges for Services	\$1,784,706
Other Revenues	170
Total Operating Revenues	1,784,876
Operating Expenses:	
Purchased Services	85,356
Claims	1,276,048
Other	85,964
Total Operating Expenses	1,447,368
Change in Net Assets	337,508
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	932,201
Net Assets at End of Year	\$1,269,709

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$1,784,706
Other Cash Receipts	170
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(85,356)
Cash Payments for Claims	(1,310,867)
Other Cash Payments	(85,964)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	302,689
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,180,743
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$1,483,432
Reconciliation of Operating Income <u>to Net Cash from Operating Activities:</u> Operating Income (Loss)	\$337,508
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income	
to Net Cash from Operating Activities:	
Decrease in Liabilities:	
Claims Payable	(34,819)
-	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$302,689

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

Assets:	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$18,260	\$111,507
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	5,785	\$0
Intergovernmental Payable	0	14,966
Due to Students	0	96,541
Total Liabilities	5,785	\$111,507
<u>Net Assets:</u> Held in Trust For Scholarships	\$12,475	

Statement of Change in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions: Gifts and Donations	\$12,222
<i>Deductions:</i> Payments in Accordance with Trust	17,937
Change in Net Assets	(5,715)
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	18,190
Net Assets at End of Year	\$12,475

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Description of the School District

Amanda-Clearcreek Local School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District is a local school district as defined by Ohio Revised Code Section 3311.03. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by state statute and/or federal guidelines.

The District was established through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. It is staffed by 98 non-certificated employees, 183 certificated full-time teaching personnel and 7 administrative employees who provide services to 1,739 students.

<u>Reporting Entity</u>

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Amanda-Clearcreek Local School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District has no component units.

The District is associated with two jointly governed organizations: the Metropolitan Education Council (MEC) and the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC). The District is also associated with one insurance purchasing pool: Ohio School Plan (OSP). These organizations are presented in Notes 21 and 22 to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statement consists of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the District fall within three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>- This fund is the operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund-</u> This fund is used to account for financial resources accumulated for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources of the District whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund focus is on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position and cash flows and is classified as internal service. The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund of the District accounts for a self-insurance program which provides health and dental benefits to employees.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's fiduciary funds include a private purpose trust fund that accounts for a trust held for scholarships and agency funds which are used to account for student managed activities and a worker's compensation clearing account.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u> (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the financial statements of the fiduciary fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means that the resources are collectible within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at the fiscal year-end: property taxes available for advance, accounts and grants.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

D. <u>Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$13,493, which includes \$4,422 assigned from other District funds.

F. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used, consumed or sold.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, and purchased food and donated food held for resale. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when consumed, used or sold.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

G. <u>Capital Assets</u>

General capital assets are associated with and generally arise from governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for governmental activities:

Description	Estimated Lives	
Land Improvements	50 years	
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years	
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 10 years	
Vehicles	10 years	
Textbooks	10 years	

H. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivable" and "Interfund Payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

I. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributed to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payments in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified and certified employees and administrators who have at least 10 years of service with the District.

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

I. <u>Compensated Absences</u> (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employees will be paid.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination of benefits and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Long-term bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

K. <u>Net Assets</u>

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. <u>Fund Balances</u>

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>**Restricted**</u> – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because either (a) constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation; or (b) constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

L. Fund Balances (Continued)

<u>**Committed</u>** – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal ordinances or resolutions of the Board of Education – the District's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes the specified use by taking the same type of action as when imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.</u>

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education, Superintendent and Treasurer have the authority to assign amount to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> – this is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Education has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

M. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the self-insurance service that is the primary activity of that fund.

N. Interfund Transactions

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

O. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

P. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriations must be approved by the Board of Education.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2012.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

NOTE 3 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For fiscal year 2012, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", and GASB No. 64, "Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions". The implementation of GASB Statement No. 57 and 64 had no effect on the prior period fund balances of the District.

NOTE 4 - <u>ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

The following funds had deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2012:

	Deficit Fund Balance	
Education Jobs Grant	\$174,272	
IDEA Part B	55,997	
Technology Grant	222	
Title I	6,072	

The deficits in these funds are the result of the application of generally accepted accounting principles and the requirement to accrue liabilities when incurred.

NOTE 4 – <u>ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (Continued)

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) states, in part, that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any expenditure of money unless it has been appropriated. In addition, **Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.40** states, in part, that any appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented as long as the entity complies with the same provisions of the law as are used in making the original appropriation. However, no appropriation may be reduced below an amount sufficient to cover all unliquidated and outstanding contracts or obligations against them.

At June 30, 2012, the following fund had expenditures and encumbrances in excess of appropriations:

Expenditures Plus					
Fund6/30/12 EncumbrancesAppropriationsVariance					
General	\$12,055,515	\$11,737,428	(\$318,087)		

NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law and described earlier is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) is presented for the General Fund on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and modified accrual GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance.
- 4. Advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP

basis).

NOTE 5 - <u>BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING</u> (Continued)

The following tables summarize the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
Budget Basis	\$1,300,812
Adjustments: Revenue Accruals	41,128
Expenditure Accruals	48,947
Encumbrances	121,049
Other Uses	213,628
Prospective Difference:	
Activity of Funds Reclassified For GAAP Reporting Purposes	7,362
GAAP Basis	\$1,732,926

NOTE 6 - <u>DEPOSITS</u>

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must be either evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim moneys. Interim moneys are those moneys which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTE 6 - <u>DEPOSITS</u> - (Continued)

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to fair value daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 7. Certain bankers acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of purchase in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of interim monies available for investment at any time; and
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTE 6 - <u>DEPOSITS</u> - (Continued)

The following information classifies deposits by categories of risk as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures."

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$5,178,427, which excludes \$1,069,194 cash with fiscal agent. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2012, \$4,895,805 of the District's bank balance of \$5,440,805 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed above while \$545,000 was covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. The \$4,895,805 exposed to custodial risk was collateralized with securities held by the District or its agency in the District's name.

NOTE 7 - <u>PROPERTY TAXES</u>

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half of tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property (used in telephone companies) located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2011 became a lien December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011 and are collected in 2012 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 (other than public utility property tax) represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property tax on business inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. The October 2009 tangible personal property tax settlement was the last property tax settlement for general personal property taxes.

NOTE 7 - <u>PROPERTY TAXES</u>- (Continued)

Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2012 were levied after October 1, 2011 on the value as of December 31, 2010. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20. Tangible personal property taxes paid by April 30 are usually received by the School District prior to June 30.

The District receives property taxes from Fairfield County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012 are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents the June 2012 personal property tax settlement, delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which become measurable as of June 30, 2012. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The total amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$42,601 and is recognized as revenue. Of this total amount, \$37,631 was available to the General Fund, \$4,327 was available to the Bond Retirement Fund, and \$643 was available to the Classroom Facilities Maintenance Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Secon Half Collect		2012 First - Half Collections		
	Amount	Amount Percent		Percent	
Argricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$145,575,720	96.86%	\$146,568,460	96.90%	
Public Utility Personal	4,719,520	3.14%	4,687,920	3.10%	
Total Assessed Value	\$150,295,240	100.00%	\$151,256,380	100.00%	
Total rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$37.80		\$37.80		

NOTE 8 – <u>SCHOOL INCOME TAXES</u>

The District currently benefits from a 1.5% income tax, which is assessed on earned income only for all residents of the District. The District apportions all the proceeds to the General Fund. During fiscal year 2012, the District received \$441,231 from the school income tax.

NOTE 9 - <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, interfund, intergovernmental, and interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Education Jobs	\$7,107
Title VI-B	16,686
Total	\$23,793

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset governmental activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2011	Transfers/ Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2012
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$292,457	\$0	\$0	\$292,457
Depreciable Capitla Assets:				
Land Improvements	2,707,262	0	0	2,707,262
Buildings and Improvements	34,173,676	19,876	0	34,193,552
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,057,815	5,598	(13,749)	1,049,664
Vehicles	1,401,157	0	(45,934)	1,355,223
Textbooks	887,213	0	0	887,213
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	40,227,123	25,474	(59,683)	40,192,914
Total Capital Assets	40,519,580	25,474	(59,683)	40,485,371
Accumulated Depreciaiton:				
Land Improvements	(1,104,524)	(128,501)	0	(1,233,025)
Buildings and Improvements	(8,311,514)	(1,069,702)	0	(9,381,216)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(585,671)	(75,055)	7,292	(653,434)
Vehicles	(1,121,687)	(82,381)	45,934	(1,158,134)
Textbooks	(819,433)	(28,258)	0	(847,691)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,942,829)	(1,383,897)	53,226	(13,273,500)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$28,576,751	(\$1,358,423)	(\$6,457)	\$27,211,871

Of the capital assets, \$586,898 are assets that are under capital lease.

NOTE 10 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$1,227,033
Special	6,573
Vocational	1,763
Support Services:	
Pupils	8,475
Instructional Staff	11,930
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,873
Administration	311
Pupil Transportation	96,209
Central	180
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	9,862
Extracurricular Activities	18,688
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,383,897

NOTE 11 - <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School District has joined together with other school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool. Each individual school district enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on types of coverage, limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The School District pays this annual premium to the OSP (See Note 22).

NOTE 11 - <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u> (Continued)

The types and amounts of coverage provided by the Ohio School Plan are as follows:

Building and Contents-replacement cost (\$1,000 deductible)	\$64,832,871
Automobile Liability (\$1,000 deductible): Bodily Injury and Property Damage-combined single limit	2,000,000
Medical Payments - each person	5,000
General Liability: Each Occurrence	3,000,000
Aggregate Limit	5,000,000
Product-Complete Operations Aggregate Limit	3,000,000
Fire Legal Liability	500,000
Medical Expense Limit-per person/accident	10,000
Employers Liability-Stop Gap: Per Accident	3,000,000
Per Disease Each Employee	3,000,000
Per Disease Policy Limit	3,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability: Per Claim	3,000,000
Aggregate Limit	5,000,000
Excess Liability Each Occurrence	2,000,000
Aggregate Limit	2,000,000

The School District joined four other school districts January 1, 1996, to form a regional council of governments in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167 and entered into an agreement establishing the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium for the purpose of carrying out a joint self-insurance program pursuant to Section 9.833 of the Ohio Revised Code, in an effort to minimize risk exposure and control claims and premium costs. SCOIC contracts with Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) for claims servicing. EBMC is the third party administrator for the consortium, with Safeco Life Insurance Company as the excess loss carrier. The individual excess loss coverage is \$35,000 individual deductible per person with a \$3,000,000 maximum lifetime reimbursement per person.

The South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium was established to accumulate balances sufficient to selfinsure basic medical and prescription drug coverage and permit excess umbrella coverage for claims over a predetermined level. The Board's share and the employee's share of premium contributions are determined by the negotiated agreement for certificated employees and by the Board action for administrators and classified employees.

NOTE 11 - <u>RISK MANAGEMENT</u> (Continued)

Premiums are paid to the South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium Fund and the Self Insurance Fund of the School District from the internal service fund. Claims payments are made on an as-incurred basis by the third party administrator with the balance of contributions remaining with the Fiscal Agent of the consortium.

The District is self insured for medical and pharmacy benefits but is not self insured for dental benefits. The risk for medical and pharmacy benefits remains with the member districts. The claims payable will be reported for medical and pharmacy claims as of June 30, 2012, and cash with fiscal agent for the balance of funds held by the Consortium that covers medical and pharmacy claims will be reported.

The claims liability reported at June 30, 2012, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs related to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. Changes in claims activity for the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claims Payments	Balance at End of Year
2011	\$292,911	\$1,606,438	\$1,650,807	\$248,542
2012	248,542	1,868,056	1,902,875	213,723

NOTE 12 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u>

School Employees Retirement System

The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute, Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746 or by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under "Employer/Audit Resources".

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate amount four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2012, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 12.70 percent. The remaining 1.30 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds.

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> (Continued)

<u>School Employees Retirement System</u> (Continued)

The District's required contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$338,387, \$255,833, and \$233,057, respectively. The District has contributed 53.20 percent of the required contributions for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal year 2011 and 2010, respectively.

State Teachers Retirement System

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Additional information or copies STRS Ohio Comprehensive Annual Financial Report can be requested by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3771 or by calling 1-888-227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

Plan Options -New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5% of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members transfer to the DB Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

DB Plan Benefits -Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31" year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation for every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance. Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for DB Plan participants.

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> (Continued)

DC Plan Benefits-Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Combined Plan Benefits — Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

Eligible faculty of Ohio's public colleges and universities may choose to enroll in either STRS Ohio or an alternative retirement plan (ARP) offered by their employer. Employees have 120 days from their employment date to select a retirement plan.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

The DB and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of members who *die* before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of\$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the DB Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

NOTE 12 - <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS</u> - (Continued)

Contribution requirements and the contributions actually made for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, were 10% of covered payroll for members and 14% for employers. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$668,891, \$768,779, and \$728,106, respectively. The District has contributed 87.47 percent of the required contributions for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal year 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2012, four members of the Board of Education have elected to pay into Social Security.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2012 was \$99.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$319.70 per month depending on their income and the SER's reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org under "Employers/Audit Resources".

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> - (Continued)

<u>School Employees Retirement System</u> (Continued)

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$61,868, \$74,707 and \$52,061 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$19,569, \$17,719 and \$16,625 respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description- STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a Defined Benefit Plan, a self-directed Defined Contribution Plan, and a Combined Plan that is a hybrid of the Defined Benefit Plan and the Defined Contribution Plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums.

Pursuant to Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - <u>POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u> - (Continued)

<u>State Teachers Retirement System</u> (Continued)

B. **Funding Policy**--Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14% employer contribution rate, 1% of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010. The 14% employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$51,453, \$59,137 and \$56,008, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

NOTE 14 - <u>EMPLOYEE BENEFITS</u>

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vested vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Administrators are generally granted twenty days of vacation per year. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators who work less than 260 days per year do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 280 days for all employees. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit up to a maximum of 70 days for all employees. A bonus of 40 days is granted if retirement is by the State Teachers Retirement System standard in the first year eligible.

NOTE 15 - <u>LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</u>

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities during fiscal year 2012 were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Principal Outstanding at July 1, 2011	Additions	Deductions	Principal Outstanding at June 30, 2012	Amount Due In One Year
School Construction Bonds	2000	5.45%	\$780,000	\$0	\$175,000	\$605,000	\$190,000
Refunding Bonds	2008	3.98%	2,084,998	0	40,000	2,044,998	40,000
Premium on Refunding Bonds			290,435	0	24,203	266,232	24,203
Capital Lease Payable			78,644	190,145	133,116	135,673	113,787
Compensated Absences Payable			366,547	256,424	265,128	357,843	11,143
Total Governmental Activities Long- Term Obligations			\$3,600,624	\$446,569	\$637,447	\$3,409,746	\$379,133

School Construction general obligation bonds were issued by the District on March 15, 2000 in amount of \$4,417,000 for the purpose of constructing a K-12 facility. These bonds were issued for a period of 22 years at a rate of 5.45%, mature December 1, 2022, and are in full compliance with the general laws of the State of Ohio, particularly Sections 133.01 to 133.48, inclusive, of the Ohio Revised Code and Section 133.09 thereof. These bonds will be paid from the Bond Retirement Fund using property tax revenues.

These bonds were issued to provide a partial cash match for the classroom facilities assistance program of \$24,738,919 for which the District was approved by the State Department of Education. As a requirement of the classroom facilities assistance program, the District was required to pass a 4.5 mill levy to the District's residents. The 4.5 mill levy, of which .5 mills must be set aside and used for facilities maintenance, will be in effect for twenty-two years.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - (Continued)

Refunding General Obligation Bonds - During fiscal year 2008, the District issued \$2,219,998 of general obligation bonds for the current refunding of \$2,219,998 of the 2000 series bonds. The \$363,044 premium on the issuance of the refunding bonds is netted against this new debt and will be amortized over the life of this new debt, which has the same remaining life of the refunded debt of 15 years. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$684,826 and a reduction of \$401,410 in future debt service payments. The refunding bonds are retired through the Bond Retirement Fund using tax revenues.

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid. The capital lease payable will be paid from the General Fund.

The District's overall legal debt margin was \$10,963,076 with an unvoted debt margin of \$151,256 at June 30, 2012.

The annual requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	Scho Constructio		Refunding	g Bonds	То	tal
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2013	\$190,000	\$33,150	\$40,000	\$76,087	\$230,000	\$109,237
2014	200,000	20,475	50,000	74,594	250,000	95,069
2015	215,000	6,988	50,000	72,875	265,000	79,863
2016	0	0	57,812	284,188	57,812	284,188
2017	0	0	47,186	294,814	47,186	294,814
2018-2022	0	0	1,470,000	217,000	1,470,000	217,000
2023	0	0	330,000	6,600	330,000	6,600
Total	\$605,000	\$60,613	\$2,044,998	\$1,026,158	\$2,649,998	\$1,086,771

NOTE 16 - <u>CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE</u>

Previously, the District entered into a capital lease for the acquisition of a new computer and peripheral equipment. During the year, the District entered into new capital leases for the acquisition of several copiers. The lease agreement is accounted for as program/function expenditures in the General Fund with an offsetting amount reported as another financing source, inception of capital lease. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the fund financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

NOTE 16 - <u>CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE</u> - (Continued)

Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in an amount equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability has been recorded as a long-term obligation. Principal payments in fiscal year 2012 totaled \$133,116.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012.

Fiscal Year June 3	Ending 0,	Lease Payments
2013	3	\$118,958
2014	Ļ	22,335
Total Debt Payments		141,293
Less: Am Representing		5,620
Total Prir	ncipal	\$135,673

NOTE 17 – <u>FUND BALANCES</u>

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	General	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted:				
Special Revenues:				
Athletics	\$0	\$0	\$52,905	\$52,905
Facilities Maintenance	0	0	341,569	341,569
Food Service	0	0	79,251	79,251
Local Grants	0	0	167	167
State Grants	0	0	5,744	5,744
Federal Grants	0	0	3,448	3,448
Debt Service	0	529,072	0	529,072
Capital Projects	0	0	249,509	249,509
Assigned:				
Encumbrances	121,049	0	0	121,049
Public School Support	21,761	0	0	21,761
Unassigned	2,215,992	0	(236,563)	1,979,429
Total Fund Balances	\$2,358,802	\$529,072	\$496,030	\$3,383,904

NOTE 18 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

As of June 30, 2012, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$150,783	\$0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
Education Jobs	0	77,878
Title VI-B	0	72,683
Technology Grant	0	222
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	0	150,783
Total	\$150,783	\$150,783

The balance of \$150,783 due to the General Fund from the funds listed is a result of negative cash balances in these funds. The General Fund is responsible for any deficit in these funds and interfund transactions were established to cover these expenditures. The purpose for these interfund balances is to eliminate the negative cash balances in these funds.

NOTE 19 - STATUTORY SET-ASIDES

The following changes occurred in the District's set-aside reserve accounts during fiscal year 2012:

Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	291,625
Current Year Offset	(93,313)
Qualifying Disbursements	(232,599)
Total	(34,287)
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$0

Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 20 – <u>ENCUMBRANCE COMMITMENTS</u>

At June 30, 2012, the District had encumbrance commitments in the Governmental Funds as follows:

Major Funds	
General	\$121,049
Nonmajor Funds	
Permanent Improvement	1,929
Food Service	2,268
Classroom Facilites	12,590
Athletics and Bands	2,610
Total Nonmajor Funds	19,397
Total Encumbrances	\$140,446

NOTE 21 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Metropolitan Education Council (MEC)

Metropolitan Education Council is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. MEC is a not for profit educational council whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing board consists of a representative from each of the Franklin County districts. Districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board. MEC is its own fiscal agent. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or ongoing financial responsibility for MEC. MEC provides computer services to the District. During 2012, the District paid \$43,167 to MEC for services provided.

South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium (SCOIC)

South Central Ohio Insurance Consortium is a regional council of governments organized under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167. The SCOIC's primary purpose and objective is establishing and carrying out a cooperative health program for its member organizations. The governing board consists of the superintendent or other designee appointed by each of the members of the SCOIC. The District does not have an ongoing financial interest in or financial responsibility for the SCOIC other than claims paid on behalf of the District for District employees.

AMANDA-CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 22 - INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Ohio School Plan (OSP)

The District participates in the Ohio School Plan, an insurance purchasing pool. The OSP is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of directors consisting of school district superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. and a partner of Hylant Group, Inc. Hylant Group, Inc. is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Inc. is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

NOTE 23 - <u>CONTINGENCIES</u>

Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

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FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
	i cui	Number		Experiances
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
National School Lunch Program	2012	10.555	\$ 81,015	\$ 81,015
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	2012	10.553	100,343	100,343
National School Lunch Program	2012	10.555	239,506	239,506
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			420,864	420,864
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			420,864	420,864
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2012	84.010	195,352	201,774
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States	2012	84.027	236,350	309,033
ARRA- Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act	2012	84.391	18,516	14,214
Total Special Education Cluster			254,866	323,247
Education Technology State Grants	2012	84.318	2,445	2,445
Education Jobs Fund	2012	84.410	467,524	544,798
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2012	84.367	56,442	52,995
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2012	84.367	2,348	2,483
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			58,790	55,478
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race to the Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	2012	84.395	1,013	1,013
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			979,990	1,128,755
TOTALS			\$ 1,400,854	\$ 1,549,619

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports Amanda Clearcreek Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Amanda Clearcreek Local School District Fairfield County 328 E. Main Street Amanda, Ohio 43102

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Amanda Clearcreek Local School District, Fairfield County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 29, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. Therefore, we cannot assure that we have identified all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected. We consider findings 2012-002 and 2012-003 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses.

Amanda Clearcreek Local School District Fairfield County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2012-001 and 2012-002.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated April 29, 2013.

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 29, 2013



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Amanda Clearcreek Local School District Fairfield County 328 E. Main Street Amanda, Ohio 43102

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Amanda Clearcreek Local School District, Fairfield County, Ohio (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Amanda Clearcreek Local School District, Fairfield County, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 <u>www.auditor.state.oh.us</u> Amanda Clearcreek Local School District Fairfield County

Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance with a federal program compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We did note matters involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated April 29, 2013.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies, pass-through entities, and others within the District. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 29, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster CFDA #84.027 – Special Education Grants to States CFDA #84.391 – ARRA-Special Education Grants to States, Recovery Act CFDA #84.410 - Education Jobs Fund
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING 2012-001

Finding for Recovery – Payroll Overpayment

Former District Treasurer, Mary Meadows resigned effective February 28, 2012. Ms. Meadows and the Board executed a separation agreement, effective February 28, 2012. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the Board was required to pay out the remaining salary which would have been owed to Ms. Meadows under her employment contract from February 29, 2012 through July 31, 2012 in the amount of \$25,795 through final payment of contract or until other employment is acquired by Ms. Meadows. The District confirmed that Ms. Meadows was able to obtain other employment as of May 7, 2012; however, payments continued to be made to Ms. Meadows until July 5, 2012. This resulted in an overpayment to Ms. Meadows in the amount of \$8,835.

In accordance with the foregoing facts and pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.28, a Finding for Recovery for public monies illegally expended is issued against Mary Meadows in the amount of \$8,835 and in favor of the District's General fund in the amount of \$8,835.

Under Ohio law, any public official who either authorizes an illegal expenditure of public funds or supervises the accounts of a public office from which such illegal expenditure is strictly liable for the amount of the expenditure. *Seward v. National Surety Corp.* (1929), 120 Ohio St. 47; 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. No. 80-074; Ohio Rev. Code Section 9.39; *State, ex. Rel. Village of Linndale v. Masten* (1985), 18 Ohio St.3d 228. Public officials controlling public funds or property are liable for the loss incurred should such funds or property be fraudulently obtained by another, converted, misappropriated, lost or stolen to the extent that recovery or restitution is not obtained from the persons who unlawfully obtained such funds or property, 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. No. 80-074.

During the period of February 29, 2012 through July 5, 2012, District Interim Treasurer Barbara Overholser supervised the account from which the overpayments to Ms. Meadows were made. Accordingly, Barbara Overholser will be jointly and severally liable in the amount of \$8,835 and in favor of the District's General fund.

Officials' Response:

We will monitor our controls & communication to take steps to make sure this doesn't happen again.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING 2012-002

Material Noncompliance / Material Weakness - Posting of Revenues

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10 states in part that all revenue from a source which the law prescribes shall be used for a particular purpose, shall be paid into the fund for a particular purpose.

The District improperly posted Bond Retirement fund homestead and rollback receipts totaling \$45,232 to the General fund. The District also improperly posted the Classroom Facilities Maintenance fund half-mill equalization payment of \$52,244 to the General fund.

The District's financial statements and accounting ledgers have been adjusted to correct these errors.

We recommend the District implement internal control procedures to ensure all monies legally obligated to specific funds are only posted to those funds to ensure compliance with state laws.

Officials' Response:

We will monitor revenue postings to ensure proper classification of revenues.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING 2012-003

Material Weakness – Budgetary Posting

The District should post to its ledgers in a timely manner, appropriations as approved by the Board to allow for monitoring of budget vs. actual expenditures.

As of June 30, 2012, the budgeted expenditures posted to the District's accounting ledgers varied from appropriations approved by the Board as follows:

Fund	Appropriations Approved by Board	Appropriations Posted	Variance
General	\$11,737,428	\$13,053,574	(\$1,316,146)

Failure to post budgeted amounts accurately and timely results in the inability to monitor budgeted vs. actual receipts and expenditures, and thus, may impair the District's ability to detect possible errors or irregularities.

The General fund budget versus actual statement has been adjusted to properly reflect appropriations approved by the Board.

In order to effectively monitor budget versus actual activity of the District, we recommend the Treasurer implement procedures to ensure appropriations approved by the Board are timely and accurately posted to the accounting ledgers.

Officials' Response:

We will provide timely updates of appropriations through our accounting system.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (b) JUNE 30, 2012

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain
2011-001	Material Noncompliance/Material Weakness – Posting of Revenues	No	Similar comment is being reported in current audit as Finding 2012-002.
2011-002	Material Noncompliance/Significant Deficiency – Cash Management	Yes	

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Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Amanda Clearcreek Local School District Fairfield County 328 E. Main Street Amanda, Ohio 43102

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Amanda Clearcreek Local School District, Fairfield County, Ohio, (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on January 14, 2013 to include violence within a dating relationship within its definition of harassment, intimidation or bullying.

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

April 29, 2013

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.auditor.state.oh.us This page intentionally left blank.



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AMANDA CLEARCREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

FAIRFIELD COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JUNE 20, 2013

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