AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 & 2011





Board of Township Trustees Bloomfield Township 3235 State Route 327 Jackson, Ohio 45640

We have reviewed the *Report of Independent Accountants* of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Bloomfield Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

July 24, 2013



Audit Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

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Certified Public Accountants

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Bloomfield Township Jackson County 3235 State Route 327 Jackson, Ohio 45640

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Administrative Code Section 117-2-03, which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy requirements.

Bloomfield Township Jackson County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonable determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis of Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permits, described in Note 1.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 9 to the financial statements during 2011 Bloomfield Township adopted new accounting guidance in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this mater.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2013 on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. June 21, 2013

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS,

AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES -ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Governmental **Fund Types Totals** Special Capital (Memorandum Revenue **Projects** Only) General Receipts: Property and Other Local Taxes \$ 31,242 \$ \$ 57,224 88,466 Intergovernmental 104,506 \$ 89,376 210,645 16,763 Interest 27 54 81 Miscellaneous 1,067 1,067 **Total Receipts** 49,099 161,784 89,376 300,259 Disbursements: Current: General Government 60,030 60,030 **Public Safety** 41,325 41,325 Public Works 108,100 108,100 Public Health 1,111 1,111 Capital Outlay 66,511 66,511 Debt Service: Redemption of Principal 12,494 12,494 Interest and Fiscal Charges 1,072 1,072 61,141 149,425 80,077 290,643 **Total Disbursements** Total Receipts Over(Under) Disbursements (12,042)12,359 9,299 9,616 Fund Balance January 1, 2012 24,083 46,587 71,149 141,819 **Fund Cash Balances** Restricted 80,448 139,394 58,946 Unassigned 12,041 12,041

\$

12,041

\$

58,946

\$

80,448

\$

151,435

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

Fund Balance December 31, 2012

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS,

AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

Governmental **Fund Types Totals** (Memorandum **Special** Capital General Revenue **Projects** Only) Receipts: Property and Other Local Taxes \$ 30,528 \$ 54,791 \$ 85,319 \$ Intergovernmental 22,059 100,602 82,120 204,781 Interest 110 165 55 Miscellaneous 1,994 1,994 **Total Receipts** 54,636 155,503 82,120 292,259 **Disbursements:** Current: General Government 63,226 63,226 39,065 Public Safety 39,065 **Public Health Services** 8,850 8,850 Public Works 115,442 115.442 Capital Outlay 56,022 56,022 Debt Service: 26,003 Principal 26,003 Interest 2,297 2,297 **Total Disbursements** 72,076 154.507 84,322 310,905 Total Receipts Over(Under) Disbursements (17,440)996 (2,202)(18,646)Fund Balance January 1, 2011 41,523 45,591 73,351 160,465 **Fund Cash Balances** Restricted 46,587 71,149 117,736 Unassigned 24,083 24,083 Fund Balance December 31, 2011 \$ 24,083 \$ 46,587 \$ 71,149 \$ 141,819

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

Bloomfield Township, Jackson County (the Township) is a body corporate and politic established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly-elected three member Board of Trustees. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection. The Township contracts with the Bloomfield Township Volunteer Fire Department to provide fire services.

The Township's management believes these financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the Township over which the Township has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

B. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Township prepares its financial statements following the basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State, which is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved.)

The statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as prescribed or permitted by the Auditor of State.

C. CASH

Investments are included in the fund cash balances. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

D. <u>FUND ACCOUNTING</u>

The Township maintains its accounting records in accordance with the principles of "Fund" accounting. Fund accounting is a concept developed to meet the needs of governmental entities in which legal or other restraints require the recording of specific receipts and disbursements. The transactions of each fund are reflected in a self-balancing group of accounts, an accounting entity, which stands separate from the activities reported in other funds. The restrictions associated with each class of funds are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

D. <u>FUND ACCOUNTING</u> - (Continued)

Governmental Fund Types:

<u>General Fund</u>: The general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required by law or contract to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for proceeds from special sources (other than from trusts or for capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The Township has the following significant Special Revenue funds:

- Gasoline Tax Fund This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining and repairing Township roads.
- *Fire Fund* This fund receives property tax proceeds to pay for the fire protection for the Township.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for receipts that are restricted for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects (except those financed through enterprise or trust funds). The Township had the following significant Capital Projects Fund:

 Sales Tax Permanent Fund – This fund receives a portion of the monies collected for sales tax from the County Auditor for permanent improvement and repayment of debt relating to capital expenditures.

E. BUDGETARY PROCESS

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. The County Budget Commission must also approve the annual appropriation measure. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> – (Continued)

E. BUDGETARY PROCESS – (Continued)

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must also approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2012 and 2011 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

F. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources.

- 1. Nonspendable- The Township classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.
- 2. Restricted- Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.
- 3. Committed- The Board of Trustees can commit amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.
- 4. Assigned-Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restrict or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Trustees.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> - (Continued)

F. FUND BALANCE - (Continued)

5. Unassigned-Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

2. <u>EQUITY IN POOLED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>

The Township maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of cash at December 31 was as follows:

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Demand Deposits	\$151,435	\$141,819

Deposits: Deposits are either (1) insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, (2) collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township, or (3) collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

3. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied, assessed and collected on a calendar year basis. They include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property located in the Township. Taxes collected on real property (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the Jackson County Auditor at 35% of appraised market value. All property is required to be revalued every six years. The last revaluation for the Township was completed in 2010. The next revaluation is scheduled for 2013.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31. If paid semi-annually, the first payment is usually due December 31, with the remainder payable June 20.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

3. PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Taxes collected from tangible personal property (other than public utility) received during calendar year 2012 represent the collection of 2011 taxes levied against local and inter-exchange telephone companies. Tangible personal property taxes on business inventory, manufacturing and equipment, and furniture and fixtures is no longer levied and collected. Tangible personal property taxes received from telephone companies in calendar year 2012 were levied April 1, 2011 on the values listed as of December 31, 2010. Public utility real and public utility personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Real property is assessed at 35% of market value and personal property is assessed at 100% of market value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The Jackson County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of the Township. The Jackson County Auditor remits the collected taxes to the Township. Tax settlements are made each March and August for real property taxes and each June and October for personal property.

4. <u>BUDGETARY ACTIVITY</u>

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011 follows:

2012 Budgeted vs Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
<u>Funds</u>	Receipts	Receipts	<u>Variance</u>
General	\$ 50,707	\$ 49,099	\$(1,608)
Special Revenue	151,960	161,784	9,824
Capital Projects	82,121	89,376	7,255

2012 Budgeted vs Actual Budgetary Basis Disbursements

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
<u>Funds</u>	<u>Authority</u>	Disbursements	<u>Variance</u>
General	\$ 72,861	\$ 61,141	\$ 11,720
Special Revenue	198,530	149,425	49,105
Capital Projects	153,267	80,077	73,190

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

4. <u>BUDGETARY ACTIVITY</u> – (Continued)

2011Budgeted vs Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
<u>Funds</u>	Receipts	Receipts	<u>Variance</u>
General	\$ 49,469	\$ 54,636	\$ 5,167
Special Revenue	163,212	155,503	(7,709)
Capital Projects	80,205	82,120	1,915

2011 Budgeted vs Actual Budgetary Basis Disbursements

	Appropriation	Budgetary	
<u>Funds</u>	<u>Authority</u>	Disbursements	<u>Variance</u>
General	\$ 90,372	\$ 72,076	\$ 18,296
Special Revenue	209,415	154,507	54,908
Capital Projects	153,556	84,322	69,234

5. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Employees of the Township belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a state operated, cost sharing, multiple employer plan. This plan provides retirement benefits, including postretirement healthcare, and survivor and disability benefits to participants as prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code.

Contribution rates are also prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. For 2012 and 2011, members of OPERS contributed 10 percent of their wages. The Township contributes an amount equal to 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2012.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

6. RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides OTARMA with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2012, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2012 and 2011 (the latest information available):

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Assets	\$34,771,270	\$35,086,165
Liabilities	(9,355,082)	(9,718,792)
Net Position	<u>\$25,416,188</u>	\$25,367,373

At December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$8.7 and \$9.1 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$7.96 and \$8.6 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 944 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2012, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

6. RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA			
<u>2012</u> <u>2011</u>			
\$4,676	\$ 4,143		

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

7. <u>DEBT</u>

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2012 was as follows.

General Obligation Notes	<u>Principa</u> l	Interest Rate
Building Improvements	\$13,059	4.19%

The Township issued general obligation notes to finance building improvements to the Township Hall/Garage. The Township's full faith and credit is pledged for repayment.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	Building
Year End December 31	<u>Improvements</u>
2013	\$ 13,566

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITES/SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management believes there are no pending claims or lawsuits.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

9. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For 2011, the Township implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." GASB Statement No. 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 had no effect on the fund balances as previously reported.

10. BUDGETARY NONCOMPLIANCE

The Township had the following citations for budgetary noncompliance:

• Contrary to **Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)**, the Township did not obtain prior certification for expenditures.

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY $\underline{GOVERNMENT\ AUDITING\ STANDARDS}$

Bloomfield Township Jackson County 3235 State Route 327 Jackson, Ohio 45640

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2013, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permits. We also noted the Township implemented Governmental Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions."

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. We consider finding 2012-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

Bloomfield Township
Jackson County
Independent Accountant's Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by
Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed several instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2012-001 and 2012-002.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated June 21, 2013.

Entity's Response to Finding

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Township's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assaciation

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

June 21, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2012-001 Noncompliance Citation and Material Weakness

Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-02 states that all local public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements required by rule 117-2-03 of the Administrative Code. All local public offices may maintain accounting records in a manual or computerized format. The records used should be based on the nature of operations and services the public office provides, and should consider the degree of automation and other factors. Such records should include the following:

- (1) Cash journal, which typically contains the following information: The amount, date, receipt number, check number, account code, purchase order number, and any other information necessary to properly classify the transaction.
- (2) Receipts ledger, which typically assembles and classifies receipts into separate accounts for each type of receipt of each fund the public office uses. The amount, date, name of the payor, purpose, receipt number, and other information required for the transactions can be recorded on this ledger.
- (3) Appropriation ledger, which may assemble and classify disbursements or expenditure/expenses into separate accounts for, at a minimum, each account listed in the appropriation resolution. The amount, fund, date, check number, purchase order number, encumbrance amount, unencumbered balance, amount of disbursement, and any other information required may be entered in the appropriate columns.

The Fiscal Officer did not maintain an appropriation ledger or a receipts ledger during the audit period. These two records aid in monitoring financial information including budget versus actual receipts and expenditures. Since instances of estimated receipts exceeding actual receipts and expenditures exceeding appropriations were noted in the current audit period, these ledgers could be used as a tool to ensure budgetary compliance.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer maintain an appropriation ledger and a receipts ledger to help ensure budgetary compliance.

Official's Response: The officials chose not to respond to this finding.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS – (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS – (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2012-002 Noncompliance Citation

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the Fiscal Officer is attached thereto. The Fiscal Officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a Fiscal Officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in Sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

<u>"Then and Now" certificate</u> – If the Fiscal Officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the Fiscal Officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the Fiscal Officer without a resolution upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

<u>Blanket Certificate</u> – Fiscal Officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.

<u>Super Blanket Certificate</u> – The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the Fiscal Officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS – (Continued) DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS – (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2010-002 – (Continued)

The Township did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for 53 percent of the expenditures tested in 2012 and 60 percent tested in 2011, and there was no evidence that the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending funds and negative cash fund balances.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Township Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

Official's Response: The officials chose not to respond to this finding.

BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP JACKSON COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2011

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

			Not Corrected. Partially Corrected; Significantly
			Different Corrective
FINDING	FUNDING	FULLY	Action Taken; or
NUMBER	SUMMARY	CORRECTED?	Finding No Longer Valid; Explain
	Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-02 -		Not Corrected: Reissued
2010-001	not maintaining sufficient accounting	No	in current Schedule of
	records.		Findings as 2012-001.
	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1)		Not Corrected: Reissued
2010-002	- funds not being encumbered prior to	No	in current Schedule of
	purchase commitment.		Findings as 2012-002.
2010-003	Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) –	No	Partially corrected:
	Township had expenditures that		Included in the
	exceeded appropriations.		management letter.





BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP

JACKSON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 6, 2013