Audit Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

CHARLES E. HARRIS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

Certified Public Accountants and Government Consultants



Board of Education Columbia Local School District 25796 Royalton Road Columbia Station, Ohio 44028

We have reviewed the *Report of Independent Accountants* of the Columbia Local School District, Lorain County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Columbia Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 22, 2013



AUDIT REPORT

For the Year Ending June 30, 2012

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Columbia Local School District Lorain County 25796 Royalton Road Columbia Station, OH 44028

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio, (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 20, the District is experiencing certain financial difficulties. Note 20 describes management's plans to address these matters. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedule of federal awards expenditures provides additional information as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of federal award expenditures is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Chouler Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

December 7, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The management's discussion and analysis of the Columbia Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$980,544 or 37.96%.
- General revenues accounted for \$9,404,572 in revenue or 86.70% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, operating grants and contributions accounted for \$1,442,659 or 13.30% of total revenues of \$10,847,231.
- The District had \$11,827,775 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,442,659 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, operating grants and contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$9,404,572 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$9,516,735 in revenues and other financing sources and \$10,530,171 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2012, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$1,013,436 from a fund balance of \$620,583 to a deficit of \$392,853.
- The Permanent Improvement fund had \$7,571,697 in revenues and other financing sources and \$6,131,974 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2012, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$1,439,723 from a deficit of \$112,491 to a fund balance of \$1,327,232.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and permanent improvement fund are the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, food service operations, extracurricular activities, and interest and fiscal charges.

The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District' most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary assets and liabilities on page 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21-50 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011:

Net Assets

Acceta	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011
Assets Current and other assets	\$ 9.081,351	¢ 14 102 244
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$ 14,193,344
Capital assets, net	8,472,989	2,636,461
Total assets	17,554,340	16,829,805
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	7,492,393	7,294,736
Long-term liabilities	8,459,145	6,951,723
Total liabilities	15,951,538	14,246,459
Net Assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	1,071,926	2,571,366
Restricted	1,731,441	328,390
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,200,565)	(316,410)
Total net assets	<u>\$ 1,602,802</u>	\$ 2,583,346

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2012, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,602,802.

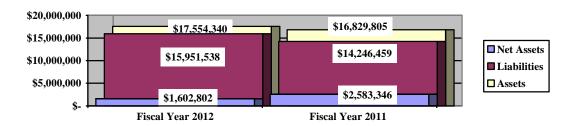
At year-end, capital assets represented 48.27% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2012, were \$1,071,926. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,731,441, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental	Governmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2012	2011		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 895,485	\$ 900,543		
Operating grants and contributions	547,174	1,087,261		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	6,225,242	6,154,919		
Grants and entitlements	3,098,745	3,268,289		
Investment earnings	8,192	4,220		
Other	72,393	150,525		
Total revenues	\$ 10,847,231	\$ 11,565,757		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011			
<u>Expenses</u>					
Program expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 4,626,958	\$ 4,647,012			
Special	1,137,677	1,014,655			
Vocational	168,747	177,237			
Other	389,210	385,394			
Support services:					
Pupil	711,195	671,912			
Instructional staff	402,991	395,448			
Board of education	34,933	26,334			
Administration	1,070,331	980,350			
Fiscal	372,077	379,192			
Operations and maintenance	1,041,177	1,063,056			
Pupil transportation	719,878	797,116			
Central	124,575	148,860			
Food service operations	379,065	379,463			
Other non-instructional services	100	100			
Extracurricular activities	450,366	383,044			
Interest and fiscal charges	198,495	45,343			
Total expenses	11,827,775	11,494,516			
Change in net assets	(980,544)	71,241			
Net assets at beginning of year	2,583,346	2,512,105			
Net assets at end of year	\$ 1,602,802	\$ 2,583,346			

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$980,544. Total governmental expenses of \$11,827,775 were offset by program revenues of \$1,442,659 and general revenues of \$9,404,572. Program revenues supported 12.20% of the total governmental expenses. The decrease in operating grants is due to the receipt of American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) funding in 2011. The District received fewer federal grants in fiscal year 2012.

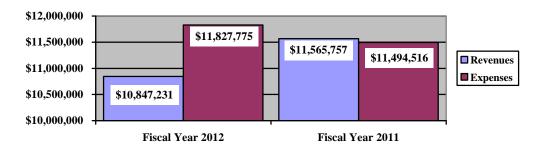
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 85.96% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,322,592 or 53.46% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2012 and 2011:

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

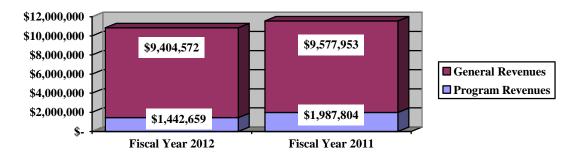
	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011	
Program expenses					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 4,626,958	\$ 4,016,366	\$ 4,647,012	\$ 3,775,727	
Special	1,137,677	985,089	1,014,655	790,040	
Vocational	168,747	165,384	177,237	173,874	
Other	389,210	389,210	385,394	370,455	
Support services:					
Pupil	711,195	575,796	671,912	416,526	
Instructional staff	402,991	392,166	395,448	378,954	
Board of education	34,933	22,016	26,334	18,065	
Administration	1,070,331	1,031,750	980,350	972,358	
Fiscal	372,077	372,077	379,192	379,192	
Operations and maintenance	1,041,177	1,019,050	1,063,056	1,043,887	
Pupil transportation	719,878	695,298	797,116	769,032	
Central	124,575	124,575	148,860	46,252	
Food service operations	379,065	58,334	379,463	36,813	
Other non-instructional services	100	100	100	100	
Extracurricular activities	450,366	339,410	383,044	290,094	
Interest and fiscal charges	198,495	198,495	45,343	45,343	
Total expenses	\$ 11,827,775	\$ 10,385,116	\$ 11,494,516	\$ 9,506,712	

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 87.88% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 87.80%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2012 and 2011:

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$1,305,484 which is higher than last year's balance of \$638,444. This increase is primarily a result of the issuance of bonds and facilities acquisition and construction expenditures in the permanent improvement fund. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	-	and Balance (Deficit) ne 30, 2012	(nd Balance (Deficit) ne 30, 2011	Increase (Decrease)	
General	\$	(392,853)	\$	620,583	\$ (1,01	13,436)
Permanent Improvement		1,327,232		(112,491)	1,43	39,723
Other Governmental		371,105		130,352	24	40,753
Total	\$	1,305,484	\$	638,444	\$ 66	57,040

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

General Fund

The District's general fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,013,436. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2012			2011	Percentage		
	Amount		Amount		Change		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	5,718,760	\$	5,900,576	(3.08) %		
Tuition		514,241		516,577	(0.45) %		
Earnings on investments		1,001		2,022	(50.49) %		
Intergovernmental		3,093,281		3,331,547	(7.15) %		
Other revenues	_	159,449		189,367	(15.80) %		
Total	\$	9,486,732	<u>\$</u>	9,940,089	(4.56) %		
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	5,934,741	\$	5,823,298	1.91 %		
Support services		4,135,053		3,996,158	3.48 %		
Extracurricular activities		335,035		287,082	16.70 %		
Capital outlay		30,003		39,174	(23.41) %		
Debt service		29,339		26,567	10.43 %		
Total	\$	10,464,171	\$	10,172,279	2.87 %		

Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$238,266 or 7.15% due to a decrease in State foundation revenues recorded in the general fund. Support services increased \$138,895 or 3.48%, which can primarily be attributed to the increase in salary and benefit costs. All other revenues and expenditures remained comparable.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$10,048,024 and final revenues and other financing sources were \$9,894,146. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2012 were \$9,411,267. This represents a \$482,879 decrease from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations and other financing uses were \$10,592,985 and final appropriations and other financing uses were \$10,687,485. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$10,509,218, which was \$178,267 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2012, the District had \$8,472,989 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal 2012 balances compared to 2011:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011				
Land	\$ 400,614	\$ 400,614				
Construction in progress	4,912,953	288,691				
Land improvements	337,688	242,099				
Building and improvements	2,241,461	1,096,702				
Furniture and equipment	323,504	310,423				
Vehicles	223,873	258,611				
Infrastructure	32,896	39,321				
Total	\$ 8,472,989	\$ 2,636,461				

The overall increase in capital assets of \$5,836,528 is primarily due to capital outlays of \$6,119,610 exceeding depreciation expense of \$278,885 and disposals of \$4,197 for fiscal 2012.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$70,170 in capital lease obligations, \$6,004,419 in general obligation bonds, and \$1,086,754 in qualified school construction bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$247,760 is due within one year and \$6,913,583 is due in more than one year.

At June 30, 2012, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$11,431,041, and the unvoted debt margin was \$202,270. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to the students, parents and community. The District is continually presented with challenges and opportunities.

As the preceding information shows, the District heavily depends on its residential property taxpayers. The community's commitment to the District was demonstrated by the February 2010 passage of a renewal of a \$625,000 emergency levy, the November 2010 passage of a 2.0 mil Permanent Improvement Levy which will help take the burden of repairs and equipment purchases from the general fund, and the February 2011 passage of a \$6 million bond issue, which will enable the District to close a building and build an addition on the existing middle school and become a two building district.

The continued financial support of the District demonstrates the strong belief of parents and community members that their schools are one of the highest priorities and one of the most important public institutions in their community.

The District has communicated to the community the extent upon which it relies on their support for the major part of its operations, and will continue to work diligently to carefully monitor expenses, staying within the District's five-year financial plan. State law retards the growth income generated by local levies rendering revenues relatively constant. This lack of growth, however, forces the District to come back to the voters from time to time and ask for additional financial support.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Patricia Weber, Treasurer, at Columbia Local School District, 25796 Royalton Road, Columbia Station, Ohio 44028.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,207,805		
Cash with escrow agent		226,060		
Receivables:				
Taxes		6,427,485		
Accounts		8,145		
Intergovernmental		16,750		
Materials and supplies inventory		2,711		
Unamortized bond issuance costs		192,395		
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress		5,313,567		
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,159,422		
Capital assets, net		8,472,989		
Total assets		17,554,340		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		27,429		
Contracts payable		52,032		
Retainage payable		226,060		
Accrued wages and benefits		1,023,530		
Pension obligation payable		266,332		
Intergovernmental payable		43,765		
Unearned revenue		5,853,245		
Long-term liabilities:		3,033,213		
Due within one year		365,624		
Due in more than one year		8,093,521		
Due in more than one year		6,093,321		
Total liabilities		15,951,538		
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt		1,071,926		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		1,327,232		
Debt service		313,502		
Locally funded programs		10,968		
State funded programs		46		
Federally funded programs		32,307		
Student activities		47,386		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,200,565)		
Total net assets	\$	1,602,802		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		TISCAL TEA		Program		ıes	R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in Net Assets		
	Expenses		Expenses			harges for rvices and Sales	O G	perating rants and ntributions	Go	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		_		_				_		
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	4,626,958	\$	566,031	\$	44,561	\$	(4,016,366)		
Special		1,137,677		-		152,588		(985,089)		
Vocational		168,747		-		3,363		(165,384)		
Other		389,210		-		-		(389,210)		
Support services:		511 105				107.000		(555.50.6)		
Pupil		711,195		-		135,399		(575,796)		
Instructional staff		402,991		-		10,825		(392,166)		
Board of education		34,933		12,917		-		(22,016)		
Administration		1,070,331		-		38,581		(1,031,750)		
Fiscal		372,077		-		-		(372,077)		
Operations and maintenance		1,041,177		20,748		1,379		(1,019,050)		
Pupil transportation		719,878		-		24,580		(695,298)		
Central		124,575		-		-		(124,575)		
Other non-instructional services		100		-		-		(100)		
Food service operations		379,065		196,940		123,791		(58,334)		
Extracurricular activities		450,366		98,849		12,107		(339,410)		
Interest and fiscal charges		198,495		-		-		(198,495)		
Total governmental activities	\$	11,827,775	\$	895,485	\$	547,174		(10,385,116)		
	Pr () (G t In	neral Revenues: roperty taxes lev. General purposes Debt service Capital projects . rants and entitle ro specific progra vestment earnin liscellaneous	ied for:	ot restricted				5,711,304 169,104 344,834 3,098,745 8,192 72,393		
	Tota	al general revenu	ies					9,404,572		
	Cha	inge in net assets						(980,544)		
	Net	assets at begin	ning of	year				2,583,346		
	Net	assets at end of	year .				\$	1,602,802		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	General		Permanent General Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash		252 115	ф	4.245.005		405.000	Φ.	2 20 7 00 7
and cash equivalents	\$	373,117	\$	1,346,806	\$	487,882	\$	2,207,805
Cash with escrow agent		-		226,060		-		226,060
Receivables:		5 705 641		251.000		240.046		C 427 495
Property taxes		5,725,641 8,021		351,998		349,846 124		6,427,485
Accounts		28,022		-		124		8,145 28,022
Intergovernmental		26,022		-		16,750		16,750
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		2,711		2,711
Total assets	\$	6,134,801	\$	1,924,864	\$	857,313	\$	8,916,978
Liabilities:								
	\$	23,728	\$		\$	3,701	\$	27,429
Accounts payable	Ф	23,726	φ	52,032	φ	3,701	Ф	52,032
Retainage payable		_		226,060		_		226,060
Accrued wages and benefits		940,751		220,000		82,779		1,023,530
Compensated absences payable		72,216		_		-		72,216
Pension obligation payable		251,145		-		15,187		266,332
Intergovernmental payable		40,735		-		3,030		43,765
Interfund loans payable		, <u>-</u>		-		28,022		28,022
Deferred revenue		15,220		-		3,643		18,863
Unearned revenue		5,183,859		319,540		349,846		5,853,245
Total liabilities		6,527,654		597,632		486,208		7,611,494
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:						2.711		2.711
Materials and supplies inventory Restricted:		-		-		2,711		2,711
Debt service		-		-		313,502		313,502
Capital improvements		-		1,327,232		-		1,327,232
Special education		-		-		13,889		13,889
Targeted academic assistance		-		-		15,181		15,181
Other purposes		-		-		11,194		11,194
Extracurricular		-		-		47,386		47,386
Unassigned (deficit)		(392,853)				(32,758)		(425,611)
Total fund balances (deficit)		(392,853)		1,327,232		371,105		1,305,484
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,134,801	\$	1,924,864	\$	857,313	\$	8,916,978

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 1,305,484
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,472,989
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 15,220 3,643	
Total		18,863
Bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		192,395
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		(436,534)
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Capital leases payable	(70,170)	
Compensated absences payable	(789,052)	
General obligation current interest bonds	(5,945,000)	
General obligation capital appreciation bonds	(55,000)	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(4,419)	
Qualified school construction bonds	 (1,086,754)	
Total		 (7,950,395)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 1,602,802

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		General	Permanent Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:		_		•				
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	5,718,760	\$	344,834	\$	169,104	\$	6,232,698
Tuition		514,241		_		-		514,241
Charges for services		-		-		199,133		199,133
Earnings on investments		1,001		-		7,191		8,192
Extracurricular		19,668		-		80,055		99,723
Classroom materials and fees		50,916		_		-		50,916
Rental income		18,555		_		-		18,555
Contributions and donations		12,917		_		12,110		25,027
Other local revenues		57,393		_		131		57,524
Intergovernmental - Intermediate		-		-		11,849		11,849
Intergovernmental - State		3,078,281		52,442		27,580		3,158,303
Intergovernmental - Federal		15,000		_		623,035		638,035
Total revenue		9,486,732		397,276		1,130,188		11,014,196
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		4,338,048		-		196,137		4,534,185
Special		1,039,720		_		110,288		1,150,008
Vocational		167,763		_		-		167,763
Other		389,210		_		-		389,210
Support services:								
Pupil		555,078		_		152,047		707,125
Instructional staff		415,775		-		11,124		426,899
Board of education		34,816		-		-		34,816
Administration		1,016,486		-		43,525		1,060,011
Fiscal		365,664		5,622		2,824		374,110
Operations and maintenance		985,472		-		4,180		989,652
Pupil transportation		646,750		_		-		646,750
Central		115,012		_		5,957		120,969
Food service operations		-		-		374,718		374,718
Extracurricular activities		335,035		-		114,757		449,792
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		6,033,037		-		6,033,037
Capital outlay		30,003		-		-		30,003
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		24,928		-		-		24,928
Interest and fiscal charges		4,411		66,296		128,207		198,914
Bond issuance costs		-		-		196,208		196,208
Total expenditures		10,464,171		6,104,955		1,339,972		17,909,098
Deficiency of revenues under								
expenditures		(977,439)		(5,707,679)		(209,784)		(6,894,902)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Premium on bonds		-		_		445,185		445,185
Sale of bonds		-		1,086,754		6,000,000		7,086,754
Transfers in		-		6,087,667		93,019		6,180,686
Transfers (out)		(66,000)		(27,019)		(6,087,667)		(6,180,686)
Capital lease transaction		30,003		-		-		30,003
Total other financing sources (uses)		(35,997)		7,147,402		450,537		7,561,942
Net change in fund balances		(1,013,436)		1,439,723		240,753		667,040
Fund balances (deficit)								
at beginning of year		620,583		(112.401)		130 352		638 444
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	(392,853)	\$	1,327,232	\$	130,352 371,105	\$	1,305,484
rung palances (uchen) at end of year	φ	(394,033)	ф	1,341,434	φ	371,103	Ф	1,303,404

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	667,040
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation expense Total	\$ 6,119,6 (278,8		5,840,725
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			(4,197)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Taxes Intergovernmental revenue Total	(7,4 (159,5	156) 509)	(166,965)
The issuance of bonds are recorded as an other financing source in the governmental funds; however, the proceeds increase long-term liabilities on the statement net assets.			(7,086,754)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.			24,928
Capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net assets.			(30,003)
Premiums on bonds and bond issuance costs related to the issuance of bonds are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following transactions occurred in the year: Premiums on bonds	(445,1		
Bond issuance costs Total	196,2	208_	(248,977)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities:			
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Total	(3,8	419) 313) 551	419
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as			
expenditures in governmental funds.			23,240
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$	(980,544)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive Jegative)
Revenues:				-			
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$ 6,695,	274	\$ 6,502,320	\$	5,721,839	\$	(780,481)
Tuition	507,	645	491,592		514,241		22,649
Earnings on investments	2,	031	1,984		1,001		(983)
Classroom materials and fees	24,	494	23,704		25,745		2,041
Rental income	18,	477	17,897		18,555		658
Contributions and donations		-	-		3,228		3,228
Other local revenues	41,	732	40,624		29,106		(11,518)
Intergovernmental - State	2,743,	143	2,801,340		3,078,281		276,941
Total revenue	10,032,	796	9,879,461		9,391,996		(487,465)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	4,579,	017	4,449,244		4,427,357		21,887
Special	817,	672	938,639		935,321		3,318
Vocational	164,	529	169,158		166,852		2,306
Other	343,	369	400,210		400,210		-
Support services:							
Pupil	449,	195	458,591		448,118		10,473
Instructional staff	376,	916	396,141		388,157		7,984
Board of education	35,	992	38,171		34,841		3,330
Administration	1,072,	255	1,065,412		1,049,952		15,460
Fiscal	374,	268	371,764		368,826		2,938
Operations and maintenance	1,118,	217	1,092,259		1,010,865		81,394
Pupil transportation	768,	361	759,956		752,751		7,205
Central	111,	990	121,713		113,078		8,635
Extracurricular activities	340,	901	337,727		331,890		5,837
Total expenditures	10,552,	682	10,598,985		10,428,218		170,767
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(519,	886)	(719,524)		(1,036,222)		(316,698)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures	15,	228	14,685		19,271		4,586
Transfers (out)	(40,	303)	(88,500)		(66,000)		22,500
Advances (out)		-	-		(15,000)		(15,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(25,	075)	(73,815)		(61,729)		12,086
Net change in fund balance	(544,	961)	(793,339)		(1,097,951)		(304,612)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,298,	.065	1,298,065		1,298,065		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	81,	646	81,646		81,646		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 834,	750	\$ 586,372	\$	281,760	\$	(304,612)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	Agency	
Assets:		_
Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	76,964
		_
Total assets	\$	76,964
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	2,181
Due to students		74,783
Total liabilities	\$	76,964

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Columbia Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State.

The District is located in Columbia Station, Ohio, Lorain County. The District operates under a locally-elected five member board form of government and provides educational services as authorized and mandated by State and Federal agencies. Each member is elected to a four year term.

The Board of Education (the "Board") controls the District's three instructional and three support facilities staffed by 55 non-certified personnel, 84 certified teaching personnel and 6 administrators who provide services to 989 students. The District's three support facilities include an administration building, transportation center, and a maintenance garage. The District operates one elementary school (K-4), one middle school (5-8) and one high school (9-12). The District ranks as the 476th largest by total enrollment among the 918 public school districts and community schools in the State.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Lake Erie Educational Computer Association (LEECA)

The Lake Erie Educational Computer Association (LEECA) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 31 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports LEECA based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. The LEECA assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and a representative from the fiscal agent. LEECA is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership of the LEECA assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. The District paid \$20,603 to LEECA for services during fiscal year 2012.

Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Lorain County, which serves as fiscal agent, located at 1885 Lake Avenue, Elyria, Ohio 44035.

Lake Erie Regional Council of Governments (LERC)

The Lake Erie Regional Council of Governments (LERC) is a jointly governed organization comprised of 14 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of promoting cooperative agreements and activities among its members in dealing with problems of mutual concern such as media center, gas consumption, driver education, food service and insurance. Each member provides operating resources to LERC on a per pupil or actual usage charge. The LERC assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating school district and the fiscal agent. LERC is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Lorain County, who serves as fiscal agent, at 1885 Lake Avenue, Elyria, Ohio.

Lorain County Joint Vocational School District (LCJVSD)

The Lorain County JVSD (LCJVSD) is a separate body politic and corporate established by the Ohio Revised Code to provide for vocational and special education needs to students. The Board of the LCJVSD is comprised of representatives from each participating school district and is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel, and accounting and financing related to activities. The District's students may attend LCJVSD. Each school district's control is limited to its representation on the Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the LCJVSD, 15181 State Route 58, Oberlin, Ohio 44074.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Ohio Schools Council Association

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 121 school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2012, the District paid \$790 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Dr. David A. Cottrell, the Executive Secretary/Treasurer of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

The District participates in the Council's prepaid natural gas purchase program. This program allows school districts to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Compass Energy has been selected as the supplier and program manager for the period October 1, 2010 through March 31, 2013. There are currently 143 participants in the program including Columbia Local School District. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

In September 2009, the Council negotiated and approved a contract for discounted electric generation with Duke Energy Retail Sales, LLC for schools in the FirstEnergy territory - Ohio Edison, Cleveland Electric Illuminating and Toledo Edison. The price was \$.051 per kWh for all district facilities and was guaranteed through May 31, 2011. There are 110 school districts participating in this program including Columbia Local School District.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA)

The District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority Board (SORSA), an insurance purchasing pool. SORSA's business affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of directors consisting of a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and five delegates. SORSA was created to provide joint self-insurance coverage and to assist members to prevent and reduce losses and injuries to the District's property and person. It is intended to provide liability and property insurance at reduced premiums for the participants. SORSA is organized as a nonprofit corporation under provisions of Ohio Revised Code 2744.

Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO)/CompManagement, Inc. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP). The GRP is sponsored by OASBO and administered by CompManagement, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. Refer to Note 12.C. for further information on the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Lake Erie Employee Protection Plan (LEEPP)

The District participates in LEEPP to provide health and dental insurance. LEEPP is a program administered by Lake Erie Regional Council of Governments (See Note 11.B.) The LEEPP is a shared risk pool comprised of fifteen regional school districts. LEEPP is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district, usually the superintendent or designee. The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. A member can withdraw from participation in the plan by notifying the fiscal agent on or before January 15 of the preceding fiscal year in which the school district will withdraw. If the school district withdraws, no further contribution would be made, but the benefits under the insurance contract shall be paid in accordance with the terms of the contract. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the plan. Plan revenues are generated from charges for services.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have any proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement fund is used to account for taxes levied for the replacement and updating of equipment and facilities essential for the instruction of students.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District maintains two agency funds to account for student activities and a soft drink sales operation.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period, including delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2012, have also been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the fair value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds, except agency funds. The specific timetable is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Lorain County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, unless a later date is approved by the Tax Commissioner, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificates issued for fiscal year 2012.
- 4. By July 1, the annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation total.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2012. All amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the original appropriations and the final appropriations, including all modifications legally enacted by the Board.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012 investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments in STAR Ohio are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$1,001.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market value and donated commodities are reported at the entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method. On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available, spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 15 years
Vehicles	10 years
Infrastructure	50 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for those absences are attributable to services rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District or the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2012, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 10 current years of service with the District were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2012, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital lease obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when they are due. Bonds and leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

K. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2012.

Q. Unamortized Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt. On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 10.A.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2012, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", and GASB Statement No. 64, "Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 53".

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 57 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 64 clarifies the circumstances in which a hedge accounting should continue when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2012 included the following individual fund deficits:

Major fund	<u>Deficit</u>
General	\$ 392,853
Nonmajor funds	

Education jobs 566 Food services 29,481

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,200 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Cash with Escrow Agent

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$226,060 on deposit in retainage accounts related to various construction projects. This amount is included on the financial statements as "cash with escrow agent" and is not included in deposits with financial institutions below.

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,280,386. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2012, \$1,640,534 of the District's bank balance of \$2,390,534 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$750,000 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the District had the following investment and maturity:

		Investment Maturity
		6 months or
Investment type	Fair Value	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 3,183	\$ 3,183
Total	\$ 3,183	\$ 3,183

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in investments so that the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2012:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 3,183	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2012:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 2,280,386
Investments	3,183
Cash with escrow agent	226,060
Cash on hand	1,200
Total	\$ 2,510,829
Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 2,433,865
Agency funds	76,964
Total	\$ 2,510,829

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2012 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 28,022

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	<u>A</u>	mount
Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from: General fund	\$	66,000
Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from: Permanent improvement fund		27,019
Transfers to permanent improvement fund from: Nonmajor governmental funds	_6,	,087,667
Total	<u>\$6,</u>	,180,686

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS – (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The transfer from the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) is for principal and interest payments on the bond anticipation notes, a fund liability of the permanent improvement fund.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Lorain County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$526,562 in the general fund and \$32,458 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2011 was \$529,641 in the general fund and \$35,206 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES – (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second		2012 First	
	Half Collections		Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 194,738,160	97.02	\$ 195,941,120	96.87
Public utility personal	5,982,030	2.98	6,328,800	3.13
Total	\$ 200,720,190	100.00	\$ 202,269,920	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$52.78		\$54.54	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees) and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 6,427,485
Accounts	8,145
Intergovernmental	16,750
Total	\$ 6,452,380

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2011	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 400,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400,614
Construction in progress	288,691	4,624,262		4,912,953
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	689,305	4,624,262		5,313,567
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	440,648	117,649	-	558,297
Buildings and improvements	3,530,542	1,206,741	-	4,737,283
Furniture and equipment	1,999,986	132,266	(89,928)	2,042,324
Vehicles	1,127,868	32,304	-	1,160,172
Infrastructure	92,062	6,388		98,450
Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,191,106	1,495,348	(89,928)	8,596,526
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(198,549)	(22,060)	_	(220,609)
Buildings and improvements	(2,433,840)	(61,982)	-	(2,495,822)
Furniture and equipment	(1,689,563)	(114,988)	85,731	(1,718,820)
Vehicles	(869,257)	(67,042)	-	(936,299)
Infrastructure	(52,741)	(12,813)		(65,554)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,243,950)	(278,885)	85,731	(5,437,104)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,636,461	\$ 5,840,725	\$ (4,197)	\$ 8,472,989

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 150,489
Special	5,148
Support Services:	
Pupil	6,657
Instructional staff	314
Board of education	117
Administration	7,828
Operations and maintenance	18,282
Pupil transportation	70,625
Central	3,606
Operation of non-instructional services	100
Food service operations	12,378
Extracurricular activities	3,341
Total depreciation expense	\$ 278,885

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2012 and in prior years, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease as defined by FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$175,958. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2012 was \$100,475, leaving a current book value of \$75,483. A corresponding liability was recorded on the statement of net assets. Principal retirement and interest and fiscal charges in fiscal year 2012 totaled \$24,928 and \$4,411, respectively, in the general fund on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, Amou	
2013	\$ 27,640
2014	16,840
2015	16,840
2016	13,661
2017	6,692
Total minimum lease payments	81,673
Less: Amount representing interest	(11,503)
Total	\$ 70,170

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2012, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due in
	June 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2012	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
2011 Series issue					
Bond - 2011 Issue	\$ -	\$ 5,945,000	\$ -	\$ 5,945,000	\$ 160,000
Capital Appreciation Bond	-	55,000	-	55,000	-
Accreted Interest	-	4,419	-	4,419	-
Bond anticipation notes 2.00%	6,000,000	_	(6,000,000)	-	-
Qualified school construction bonds	-	1,086,754	-	1,086,754	64,908
Capital lease obligation	65,095	30,003	(24,928)	70,170	22,852
Compensated absences	886,628	95,519	(120,879)	861,268	117,864
Total	\$ 6,951,723	\$ 7,216,695	\$ (6,145,807)	8,022,611	\$ 365,624
	Add:	unamortized	premium bonds	436,534	
Total on statement of net assets				\$ 8,459,145	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, primarily the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The capital lease obligation will be paid from the general fund, see Note 9 for detail.

- **B.** Notes Payable On April 26, 2011, the District issued \$6,000,000 in notes in anticipation of the issuance of bonds for the purpose of various construction projects throughout the District. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.00% and matured on January 19, 2012. In accordance with FASB Statement No. 6 "Classification of Short-Term Obligations Expected to Be Refinanced", the bond anticipation notes were classified as long-term obligations because they had been replaced with long-term bonds before the financial statements had been issued.
- **C.** <u>Series 2011 General Obligation Bonds</u>: On December 15, 2011, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2011 Bonds) to repay \$6,000,000 of notes originally issued to pay costs of the project.

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$5,945,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$55,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.50% - 5.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on November 1, 2039 (interest rates from 20.36 - 22.33%%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$600,000. Total accreted interest of \$4,419 has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2012.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is November 1, 2039.

	Interest Rate	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2011	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2012	Amounts Due in One Year
Current interest bonds	1.50 - 5.00%	\$ -	\$ 5,945,000	\$ -	\$ 5,945,000	\$ 160,000
Capital appreciation bonds		-	55,000	-	55,000	-
Accreted interest			4,419		4,419	
Total		\$ -	\$ 6,004,419	\$ -	\$ 6,004,419	\$ 160,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – (Continued)

D. Principal and interest requirements to retire the refunding bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Curre	nt Iı	nterest Bonds	s - 2	011_	(Capital A	ppr	eciation B	ond	ls - 2011
Ending June 30,		Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	Pı	incipal	_	Interest	_	Total
2013	\$	160,000	\$	226,947	\$	386,947	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2014		115,000		224,597		339,597		-		-		-
2015		120,000		222,247		342,247		-		-		-
2016		125,000		219,797		344,797		-		-		-
2017		130,000		217,247		347,247		-		-		-
2018 - 2022		770,000		1,036,585		1,806,585		40,000		360,000		400,000
2023 - 2027		460,000		962,037		1,422,037		15,000		185,000		200,000
2028 - 2032		1,320,000		760,240		2,080,240		-		-		-
2033 - 2037		1,605,000		463,234		2,068,234		-		-		-
2038 - 2040	_	1,140,000	_	87,000	_	1,227,000					_	
Total	\$	5,945,000	\$	4,419,931	\$	10,364,931	\$	55,000	\$	545,000	\$	600,000

E. On September 22, 2011, the District issued \$1,086,754 of Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) to finance energy conservation improvements. This issue is comprised of current interest term bonds, par value \$1,086,754.

These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for on the statement of net assets. Payments of interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the permanent improvement fund.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issues is December 1, 2026.

For QSCBs, the District receives a direct payment subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to 100% of the lesser of the interest payments on the bonds or the federal tax credits that would otherwise have been available to the holders of the bonds. The District recorded this subsidy from the federal government in the amount of \$33,750 in the bond retirement fund.

Fiscal	C	Current Interest Bonds				
Year Ended,	Principal	Interest	Total			
2013	\$ 64,90	8 \$ 100,954	\$ 165,862			
2014	67,91	3 55,223	123,136			
2015	68,66	51,405	120,065			
2016	69,41	5 47,546	116,961			
2017	70,17	9 43,645	113,824			
2018 - 2022	362,64	5 158,184	520,829			
2023 - 2037	383,03	53,996	437,030			
Total	\$1,086,75	<u>4</u> \$ 510,953	\$ 1,597,707			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – (Continued)

F. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2007. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2012, are a voted debt margin of \$11,431,041 and an unvoted debt margin of \$202,270.

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiating agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn up to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Administrators may cash out and/or carry over up to ten days of vacation. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one fourth days per month. A percentage of unused sick time is paid at retirement. The number of sick days which can accumulate is restricted.

B. Health Care Benefits

The District contracted with Lake Erie Employee Protection Plan (LEEPP) to provide health and dental insurance. LEEPP is a program administered by Lake Erie Regional Council of Governments (LERC).

C. Life Insurance

Life insurance is offered to employees through Lake Erie Regional Council of Governments (LERC) through Dearborn National Life Insurance. The Treasurer, Superintendent, Building Principals, Transportation Supervisor, Maintenance Supervisor, Psychologist, Superintendent's Secretary and Treasurer's Staff member receive 4 times their salary up to \$250,000 coverage for \$30 per month; and certified employees receive coverage equal to their pay to the nearest thousand up to \$50,000, custodial and classified employees who work 4hrs plus receive \$20,000 for \$2.40 per month, and classified employees who work under 4 hours receive \$9,000 for \$1.08 per month.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the District has contracted with the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) to provide insurance coverage in the following amounts:

Type of Coverage	<u>Amount</u>
Building and contents	\$20,492,942
(replacement cost)	\$30,482,842
Flood Liability	2,000,000
General liability: Per occurrence	6,000,000
Automobile liability:	
Combined single limit	6,000,000
Bodily injury per occurrence	5,000
Employee benefits	6,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Bonding

Public officials bonds of \$20,000 are maintained for the Superintendent and the Board President by Western Surety Company. The Treasurer is covered by Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America in the amount of \$20,000.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the OASBO/CompManagement, Inc. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2012, 12.65 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$224,771, \$201,561 and \$220,456, respectively; 60.37 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$690,843, \$682,733 and \$679,382, respectively; 83.59 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$31,362 made by the District and \$22,402 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2012, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 (latest information available) was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$42,300, \$50,725 and \$33,627, respectively; 60.37 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$13,274, \$12,971 and \$13,110, respectively; 60.37 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$53,142, \$52,518 and \$52,260, respectively; 83.59 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (1,097,951)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	22,273
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(14,804)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	33,232
Funds budgeted elsewhere	1,551
Adjustment for encumbrances	42,263
GAAP basis	\$ (1,013,436)

Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP-basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis). The funds include uniform school supplies, mental health rotary, underground storage tank fund and public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants and ADM

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data; however, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings. The District management is of the opinion that the ultimate disposition of these claims and legal proceedings will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		177,901
Contributions in excess of the current		
fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(13,507)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets		(400,024)
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		
Total	\$	(235,630)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2013	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
Fund Type	Encumbrances
General Permanent improvement Other governmental	\$ 37,470 1,133,098 68,386
Total	\$ 1,238,954

NOTE 19 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As a result of construction that was in progress at June 30, 2012, the District had the following outstanding contractual commitments at fiscal year end:

	Contract	Amount	Amount
Vendor	Amount	Paid	Outstanding
Mr. Excavator	\$ 949,263	\$ 560,922	\$ 388,341
C.T. Taylor Company	219,489	171,989	47,500
Platform Cement, Inc.	1,042,913	1,037,663	5,250
Lakeland Management Systems	1,410,039	1,179,853	230,186
RT Hampton Plumbing & Heating Inc.	223,449	220,605	2,844
Synergy, LLC	553,689	528,785	24,904
RJ Martin Electrical Services	922,219	870,006	52,213
FMD - Blueprints	11,070	11,070	
Total	\$ 5,332,131	\$ 4,580,893	\$ 751,238

NOTE 20 - FINANCIAL DISTRESS

During fiscal year 2013, the District has experienced financial difficulty due to the slowing economy and decreasing tax values. As of June 30, 2012, the District had a cash balance of \$373,117. As of December 13, 2012, the cash balance had fallen to \$205,241 with outstanding obligations of \$321,337. Once the obligations are paid, there will be projected negative fund balance of (\$116,096).

To alleviate the financial shortfall, the District is in the process of developing a strategy to stabilize its cash shortfall through the sale of certain assets, more grants, budget cuts and a tax levy vote in May 2013.

COLUMBIA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorain County, Ohio

Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass Trough Grantor Program Title	CFDA Number	Federal Receipts	Federal Disbursements		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):					
Title I - 2011	84.010	\$ -	\$ 21,689		
Title I - 2012	84.010	108,515	85,430		
ARRA - Title I - 2011	84.389	-	1,384		
Total Title I		108,515	108,503		
IDEA Part B-Special Education 2011	84.027	-	37,306		
IDEA Part B-Special Education 2012	84.027	189,026	167,289		
ARRA - IDEA Part B 2011	84.391	-	3,613		
Total IDEA-B		189,026	208,208		
Title II-D	84.318	525	525		
Title II-A 2011	84.367	-	2,599		
Title II-A 2012	84.367	31,779	30,322		
Total Title II-A		31,779	32,921		
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	152,497	128,626		
ARRA - State Fiscal Budget Stabilization	84.394		24,595		
TOTAL U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		482,342	503,378		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Passed through Ohio Department of Education:					
Cash Assistance:	10.555	104 240	104 240		
National School Lunch Program Direct Program: Non-Cash Assistance:	10.555	104,240	104,240		
National School Lunch Program - see Note 2	10.555	18,329	18,329		
Total Nutrition Cluster	10.000	122,569	122,569		
. Star Hutilion Oldstor		122,000	122,000		
TOTAL U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		122,569	122,569		
TOTAL FEDERAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES		\$ 604,911	\$ 625,947		
TO THE TEST TO AND EM ENDITORIES		Ψ 00-1,011	y 020,041		

See Notes to the Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures

COLUMBIA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Lorain County, Ohio Notes to the Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

1. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Consequently, certain revenues are recognized when received rather than when earned and certain expenditures are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

2. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the entitlement value of the commodities received and disbursed. Monies are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. At June 30, 2012, the District had food commodities in inventory.

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Columbia Local School District Lorain County 25796 Royalton Road Columbia Station, OH 44028

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Columbia Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2012. As described in Note 20, we noted the District is experiencing certain financial difficulties. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

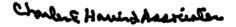
A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.



Charles E. Harris and Associates, Inc. December 7, 2012

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Columbia Local School District Lorain County 25796 Royalton Road Columbia Station, OH 44028

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Columbia Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the District's federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Columbia Local School District, Lorain County, Ohio complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Charles Having Association

CHARLES E. HARRIS & ASSOCIATES, INC.

December 7, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SECTION .505

COLUMBIA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(4)/4)/:)	Tuna of Financial Statement	Lingualitie d
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement	Unqualified
	Opinion	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control	No
	weaknesses reported at the	
	financial statement level	
	(GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant	No
	deficiencies reported at the	
	financial statement level	
	(GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material	No
	non-compliance at the financial	
	statement level (GAGAS)?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal	No
	control weaknesses reported	
	for major federal programs?	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant	No
	deficiencies reported for major	
	federal programs?	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs'	Unqualified
	Compliance Opinion	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings	No
	under section .510(a)	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs:	Education Jobs - CFDA #84.410
		National School Lunch Program-
		CFDA #10.555
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B	Type A: > \$300,000
	Programs	Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

COLUMBIA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT LORAIN COUNTY JUNE 30, 2012

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The prior audit report, for the year ending June 30, 2011, reported no material citations or recommendations.





COLUMBIA LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

LORAIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 5, 2013