GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants



Board of Directors Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority 385 Center Street Chardon, Ohio 44024

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Geauga County, prepared by James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

July 9, 2013



GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority Chardon, Ohio Regional Inspector General of Audit Department of Housing and Urban Development

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio, (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Authority's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's basic financial statements. The Statement of Modernization Costs - Completed and the Financial Data Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Modernization Cost - Completed, the Financial Data Schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Statement of Modernization Cost-Completed, the Financial Data Schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 5, 2013, on our consideration of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

June 5, 2013

As management of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority ("the Authority"), we offer this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority's net position decreased by \$482,427, during 2012, resulting from changes in operations. Since the Authority engages only in business-type activities, the decrease is all in the category of business-type net position. Net position was \$7,171,374 and \$7,653,801 for 2012 and 2011, respectively.
- The Authority's cash balance at December 31, 2012 was \$1,377,214, representing a decrease of \$6,925 from December 31, 2011.
- Revenues decreased by \$373,432, or 13 percent, during 2012 and were \$2,421,583 and \$2,795,015 for 2012 and 2011, respectively.
- The total expenses of all the Authority's programs decreased by \$53,284, or 2 percent. Total expenses were \$2,904,010 and \$2,957,294 for 2012 and 2011, respectively.

THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Authority's financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the entire Authority.

These statements include a *Statement of Net Position*, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The Statement is presented in the format where assets minus liabilities equal "Net Position", formerly known as equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year) and "Non-current".

The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets and net liabilities, for the entire Authority. Net Position (formerly equity) are reported in three broad categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u>: This component of Net Position consists of all capital assets, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u>: This component of Net Position consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u>: Consists of Net Position that does not meet the definition of "Net Investment in Capital Assets", or "Restricted Net Position".

The Authority's financial statements also include a <u>Statement of Revenues</u>, <u>Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position</u> (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement includes Operating Revenue, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, and maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as capital grant revenue, investment income, and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position is the "Change in Net Position", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Fund Financial Statements

The Authority consists of exclusively enterprise funds. Enterprise funds utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The enterprise method of accounting is similar to accounting utilized by the private sector accounting.

Many of the programs maintained by the Authority are required by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Others are segregated to enhance accountability and control.

THE AUTHORITY'S PROGRAMS

<u>Conventional Public Housing</u> – Under the Conventional Public Housing Program, the Authority rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidy and Capital Grant funding to enable the PHA to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30 percent of household income. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Funds Program, which is the primary funding source for physical and management improvements to the Authority's properties.

<u>Housing Choice Voucher Program</u> – Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Authority administers contracts with independent landlords that own the property. The Authority subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD. HUD provides Annual Contributions funding to enable the Authority to structure a lease that sets the participants' rent at 30 percent of household income.

<u>Capital Fund Program (CFP)</u> – This is the current primary funding source for the Authority's physical and management improvements. While the formula funding methodology used for the CGP was revised for the CFP, funds are still provided by formula allocation and based on size and age of the Authority's units.

THE AUTHORITY'S STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior year

Table 1 - Condensed Statement of Net Position Compared to Prior Year

	2012	2011
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,421,209	\$ 1,467,655
Capital Assets	6,182,333	6,479,838
Total Assets	\$7,603,542	\$ 7,947,493
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 204,909	\$ 157,658
Noncurrent Liabilities	227,259	136,034
Total Liabilities	432,168	293,692
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,156,027	6,479,838
Restricted	62,870	85,229
Unrestricted	952,477	1,088,734
Total Net Position	7,171,374	7,653,801
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 7,603,542	\$ 7,947,493

For more detail information, see Statement of Net Position presented on page 10.

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Net Position

During 2012, Current and Other Assets decreased by \$46,446 and Current Liabilities increased by \$47,251. The Current and Other Assets, primarily Accounts Receivable, decreased due to the collection of outstanding government receivables. The increase in Current Liabilities is mainly due to the increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at year end.

Capital Assets also changed, decreasing from \$6,479,838 to \$6,182,333. The \$297,505 decrease may be contributed primarily to a combination of net acquisitions of \$221,454, less current year depreciation of \$518,959. For more detail see "Capital Assets".

Change in Unrestricted Net Position

Details on the change in unrestricted net position can be found in Table 2 below:

Table 2- Changes of Unrestricted Net Position

Beginning Balance - December 31, 2011	\$1,088,734
Results of Operations	(482,427)
Adjustments:	
Current Year Depreciation Expense (1)	518,959
Capital Expenditures (2)	(221,454)
Net Lease Activity	26,306
Transfer from Restricted Net Position	22,359
Ending Balance - December 31, 2012	<u>\$ 952,477</u>

- (1) Depreciation is treated as an expense and reduces the results of operations but does not have an impact on Unrestricted Net Position.
- (2) Capital expenditures represent an outflow of unrestricted net position, but are not treated as an expense against Results of Operations, and therefore must be deducted.

While the results of operations are a significant measure of the Authority's activities, the analysis of the changes in Unrestricted Net Position provides a clearer change in financial well-being.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

Table 3 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	2012	2011
Revenues		
Total Tenant Revenues	\$ 651,763	\$ 614,176
Operating Subsidies	1,528,093	1,734,408
Capital Grants	144,907	364,592
Investment Income	243	1,171
Other Revenues	96,577	80,668
Total Revenues	2,421,583	2,795,015
<u>Expenses</u>		
Administrative	533,436	576,556
Tenant Services	127,008	107,799
Utilities	285,962	301,083
Maintenance	454,953	499,552
General Expenses	172,089	105,331
Housing Assistance Payments	811,603	818,844
Depreciation	518,959	548,129
Total Expenses	2,904,010	2,957,294
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$ (482,427)	\$ (162,279)

Total revenues decreased \$373,432 during 2012 in comparison to 2011. Total revenue decreased due to the decrease in the HUD Operating and Capital Fund Grants in 2012.

Total expenses decreased in comparison to 2011. Total expense decrease of \$53,284 was mainly due to decreases in administrative, depreciation and maintenance expenses.

Capital Assets

As of year-end, the Authority had \$6,182,333 invested in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease (current purchases less depreciation) of \$297,505 or 5 percent from the end of last year.

Table 4 - Condensed Statement of Changes in Capital Assets

2012 \$ 727,075 22,882,053 912,802 (18,339,597)	2011 \$ 727,075 22,734,801 881,134 (17,863,172)
\$ 6,182,333	<u>\$ 6,479,838</u>
	\$6,479,838
	221,454
	(518,959)
	\$ 6,182,333

Table 6 - Current Year Breakout of Additions to Assets

Dwelling Structures - CFP	\$ 51,286
Land Improvements	95,966
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment	 74,202
Total	\$ 221,454

(Unaudited)

Debt

In 2012, the Authority entered into 2 capital lease agreements with the Lease Corporation of America (LCA) in the amount of \$28,148 bearing interest at 10.20 percent. The leases are payable in monthly installments of \$300.54 each, including interest, and is collateralized by the equipment.

Table 7 - Condensed Statement of Changes in Debt Outstanding

	 2012	 2011
Current Portion of Long Term Debt	\$ 4,746	\$ 0
Long Term Portion of Debt	 21,560	 0
Total	\$ 26,306	\$ 0

Additional Information on the Authority's long-term debt can be located in the footnotes of this report.

Economic Factors

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

- Federal funding provided by Congress to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. It is projected that 2013 grant revenue from HUD will be 70 percent 80 percent of expense level.
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates
- Local inflationary, recessionary, and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and, therefore, the amount of rental income
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies, and other costs.

Financial Contact

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Neva Rodgers, Executive Director of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, at (440) 286-7413. Specific requests may be submitted to the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority at 385 Center Street, Chardon, Ohio 44024.

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net Inventories, Net Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets Total Current Assets	\$ 1,189,298 187,916 3,688 8,826 31,481 1,421,209
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net Total Noncurrent Assets	727,075 5,455,258 6,182,333
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 7,603,542</u>
LIABILITIES Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Intergovernmental Payables Tenant Security Deposits Current Portion of Long-Term Debt Deferred Revenue Total Current Liabilities	\$ 25,573 62,788 34,484 67,361 4,746 9,957 204,909
Noncurrent Liabilities Long-Term Debt Accrued Compensated Absences Non-Current Other Non-Current Liabilities Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	21,560 148,014 57,685 227,259 432,168
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	6,156,027 62,870 952,477 7,171,374 \$ 7,603,542

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Operating Revenues	
Tenant Revenues	\$ 651,763
Government Operating Grants	1,528,093
Other Revenues	93,577
Total Operating Revenues	2,273,433
Fr &	
Operating Expenses	
Administrative	533,436
Tenant Services	127,008
Utilities	285,962
Maintenance	454,953
General	170,924
Housing Assistance Payments	811,603
Depreciation	518,959
Total Operating Expenses	2,902,845
Operating Income (Loss)	(629,412)
Non-Operating Revenues	
Gain on Disposal of Asset	3,000
Interest Expense	(1,165)
Interest and Investment Revenue	243
Total Non-Operating Revenues	2,078
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(627,334)
Capital Grants	144,907
Change in Net Position	(482,427)
Total Net Position at Beginning of Year	7,653,801
	.
Total Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 7,171,374</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Federal Operating Grants Cash Received From Tenants Cash Payments for Housing Assistance Cash Payments for Administrative Expenses Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	\$ 1,554,657 656,238 (811,603) (472,009) (1,006,240)
Cash Received - Other Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	120,195 41,238
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of Capital Assets Capital Grants Capital Lease Payments	(221,454) 144,907 (3,007)
Proceeds from Capital Lease Proceeds from Capital Asset Sale Net Cash Provided by Capital and Other Related Financing Activities	28,148 3,000 (48,406)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest and Investment Income Received Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	243 243
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(6,925)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,384,139
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>\$ 1,377,214</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Net Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$ (629,412)
Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in:	518,959
Accounts Receivable - HUD Accounts Receivable - Other Prepaid Expenses Inventory	26,564 55 7,253 5,649
Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts Payable Intergovernmental Payable	14,818 4,887
Accrued Compensated Absences Tenant Security Deposits Accrued Wages and Payroll Taxes Non-Current Liabilities	53,809 1,465 7,618 26,618
Deferred Revenue Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	2,955 \$ 41,238

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority (the Authority) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority was created under the Ohio Revised Code Section 3735.27. The Authority contracts with the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to provide low and moderate income persons with safe and sanitary housing through subsidies provided by HUD. The Authority depends on the subsidies from HUD to operate.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provision of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions for which the Authority is financially accountable. This report includes all activities considered by management to be part of the Authority by virtue of Section 2100 of the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Section 2100 indicates that the reporting entity consists of **a**) the primary government, **b**) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and **c**) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's government body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, or activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by, the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government a) is entitled to the organization's resources; b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the Authority over which the Authority is financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance, Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, the Authority follows GASB guidance as applicable to enterprise funds.

The Authority's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

Fund Accounting

The Authority uses the proprietary fund to report on its financial position and the results of its operations for the HUD programs. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The Authority uses the proprietary category for its programs.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Authority's ongoing activities, which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Description of Programs

The following are the various programs which are included in the Authority's single enterprise fund:

A. Public Housing Program

The public housing program is designed to provide low-cost housing within Geauga County. Under this program, HUD provides funding via an annual contribution contract. These funds, combined with the rental income received from tenants, are available solely to meet the operating expenses of the program.

B. Capital Fund Program

The Capital Fund Program provides funds annually, via a formula, to public housing agencies for capital and management activities, including modernization and development housing.

C. Housing Choice Voucher Program

The Housing Choice Voucher Program was authorized by Section 8 of the National Housing Act and provides housing assistance payments to private, not-for-profit, or public landlords to subsidize rentals for low-income persons.

Investments

The provisions of the HUD regulations restrict investments. Investments are valued at market value. Interest income earned in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012 totaled \$243.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. The capitalization policy of the Authority is to depreciate all non-expendable personal property having a useful life of more than one year and purchase price of \$1,500 or more. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged directly to expense as they are incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 40 years
Building Improvements 15 years
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery 3-7 years

Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position are recorded as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use by internal or external restrictions.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities of the proprietary fund and expenses incurred for the day to day operation. For the Authority, operating revenues are tenant rent charges, operating subsidy from HUD, and other miscellaneous revenue.

Capital Contributions

This represents contributions made available by HUD with respect to all federally aided projects under an annual contribution contract.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The Authority accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments. To calculate the liability, these accumulated are reduced to the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment. All employees who meet the termination policy of the Authority for years of service are included in the calculation of the compensated absence accrual amount.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met: 1) the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee, and 2) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

In the proprietary fund, the compensated absences are expenses when earned with the amount reported as a fund liability.

Budgetary Accounting

The Authority is required by contractual agreements to adopt annual operating budgets for all its HUD funded programs. The budget for its programs are prepared on a HUD basis, which is materially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The Board of Commissioners adopts the budget through passage of a budget resolution.

Accounting and Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions

The Authority accounts for non-exchange transactions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions*. Non-exchange transactions occur when the Authority receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in return.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits

State statutes classify monies held by the Authority into three categories:

- A. Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Authority's treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawal on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.
- B. Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Authority has identified as not required for use within the two-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of the depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.
- C. Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the Authority's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by collateral held by the Authority, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

At fiscal year end, December 31, 2012, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits totaled \$1,377,214, and its bank balance was \$1,395,364. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure*, as of December 31, 2012, \$1,145,364 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority will not be able to recover the deposits. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits.

Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve banks or at member banks of the Federal Reserve System in the name of the respective depository bank, and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds, or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Authority.

NOTE 3: **RESTRICTED CASH**

The restricted cash balance of \$187,916 on the financial statements represents the following:

Excess cash advanced to the Housing Choice Voucher Program by HUD for Housing Assistance Payments	\$ 62,870
Tenant Security deposits in the Low Rent Public Housing Program	67,361
FSS Escrow Liability Total Restricted Cash	\$ 57,685 187,916

NOTE 4: **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes:

Capital Assets Not	Balance 12/31/11	Transfers	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/12
Being Depreciated: Land	\$ 727,075	\$ 0	\$ 0	<u>\$</u>	\$ 727,075
Total Capital Assets No Being Depreciated	727,075	0	0_	0	727,075
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	22,734,801	0	147,252	0	22,882,053
Furniture, Machinery,					
and Equipment	881,134	0	74,202	(42,534)	912,802
Total Capital Assets	22 (15 025	0	221 454	(12.52.1)	22 524 055
Being Depreciated	23,615,935	0	221,454	(42,534)	23,794,855
Accumulated Deprecia	tion:				
Buildings	(17,022,259)	0	(490,594)	0	(17,512,853)
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	(840,913)	0	(28,365)	42,534	(826,744)
Total Accumulated	(840,913)		(28,303)	42,334	(820,744)
Depreciation 1	(17,863,172)	0	(518,959)	42,534	(18,339,597)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,					
Net	5,752,763	0	(297,505)	0	5,455,258
Total Capital Assets,					
Net	\$ 6,479,838	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$ (297,505)</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 6,182,333

NOTE 5: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All full-time employees of the Authority participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Ohio Public Employees Retirement Board. OPERS provides basic retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, based on eligible service credit to members and beneficiaries. Benefits are established by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for OPERS. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-PERS.

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- The Member-Directed Plan (MD) a benefit contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- The Combined Plan (CO) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor, death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377 or by using the OPERS website at www.opers.org.

NOTE 5: **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (Continued)

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2012, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans (TP, MD, and CO). Plan members are required to contribute 10.00 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. The employer pension contribution rate for the Authority was 14.00 percent of covered payroll. The Authority's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$85,131, \$84,436, and \$85,409, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2012, 2011, and 2010. The Authority had no employees participating in the Member-Directed or Combined Plans for the years ended 2012, 2011, and 2010.

NOTE 6: **POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

A. Plan Description

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans; the Traditional Pension Plan - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan - a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan - a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTE 6: **POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

B. Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2012, the Authority contributed at a rate of 14.00 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.00 percent of covered payroll for state and local employers units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPER's Post-Employment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401 (h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines that portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 4.0 percent for calendar year 2012. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care coverage by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Actual Authority contributions for the year ended December 31, 2012, 2011 and 2010, which were used to fund post-employment benefits were \$24,323, \$24,124 and \$31,011, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006, January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

NOTE 7: **COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended December 31, 2012:

	I	Balance				Balance	Du	e Within
<u>Description</u>	_12	2/31/2011	Earned	 Used	12	2/31/2012	O	ne Year
Compensated Absences	\$	131,209	\$ 62,279	\$ 8,470	\$	185.018	\$	37,004

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM DEBT

In 2012, the Authority entered into two capital lease agreements with the Lease Corporation of America (LCA) in the amount of \$28,148 bearing interest at 10.20 percent. The leases are payable in monthly installments of \$300.54 each, including interest, and is collateralized by the equipment. The first payment was made on August 1, 2012. The agreement is for 72 months.

	Bal	ance				F	Balance	Due	Within
Description	12/3	1/2011	Issued	R	Letired	12	/31/2012	Or	e Year
Capital Lease	\$	0	\$ 28,148	\$	1,842	\$	26,306	\$	4,746

Debt maturities for the next six years are estimated as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>I</u> 1	nterest
2013	\$ 4,746	\$	2,466
2014	5,254		1,958
2015	5,816		1,396
2016	6,438		774
2017	4,052		138
Totals	\$ 26,306	\$	6,732

NOTE 9: NOTE TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is a summary of the activity of the Authority's federal awards programs. This schedule has been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending December 31, 2012, the Authority maintained comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for health, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage.

Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the last three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from last year.

NOTE 11: IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

For 2012, the Authority has implemented GASB No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCA's), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. A SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or non-governmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 changed the presentation of the Authority's financial statements to incorporate the concept of net position.

NOTE 11: IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements *deferred outflows of resources* and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term *deferred* in financial statement presentations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF MODERNIZATION COST - COMPLETED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. The total amount of modernization costs of the Capital Fund Housing Program grants are shown below:

OH12P042501-08 Project OH	
Funds Approved	\$ 341,267
Funds Expended	341,267
Excess of Funds Approved	\$ 0
Funds Advanced	\$ 341,267
Funds Expended	341,267
Excess of Funds Advanced	<u>\$ 0</u>
OH12P042501-09 Project OH	
Funds Approved	\$ 340,171
Funds Expended	340,171
Excess of Funds Approved	<u>\$ 0</u>
Funds Advanced	\$ 340,171
Funds Expended	\$ 340,171 340,171
Excess of Funds Advanced	·
Excess of Funds Advanced	<u>\$ 0</u>
OH12P042501-10 Project OH	
Funds Approved	\$ 336,983
Funds Expended	336,983
Excess of Funds Approved	\$ 0
••	
Funds Advanced	\$ 336,983
Funds Expended	336,983
Excess of Funds Advanced	<u>\$ 0</u>
OH12S042501-09 Project OH	
Funds Approved	\$ 431,976
Funds Expended	431,976
Excess of Funds Approved	<u>\$ 0</u>
Funds Advanced	\$ 431,976
Funds Expended	431,976
Excess of Funds Advanced	\$ 0
LACOSS OF Funds Advanced	$\frac{\Psi}{}$

- 2. All modernization work in connection with the Capital Fund Program has been completed.
- 3. The entire actual modernization cost or liabilities incurred by the Authority have been fully paid.
- 4. There are no discharged mechanics, laborers, contractors, or material-mens liens against such modernization work on file in any public office where the same should be filed in order to be valid against such modernization work.

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ENTITY WIDE BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Project Total	14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services	14.871 Housing Chaice Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Total
111 Cash-Unrestricted	1,109,653		79,645	1,189,298	8	1,189,298
113 Cash- Other Restricted	33,285		87,270	120,555		120,555
114 Cash- Tenant Security Deposits	67,361		2	67,361		67,361
100 Total Cash	1,210,299	0	166,915	1,377,214	0	1,377,214
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	1,000		S 0	1,000		1,000
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	1,623		10 TO	1,623		1,623
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	1,444			1,444		1,444
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Tenants	-379			-379		-379
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	0			0		0
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	3,688	0	0	3,688	0	3,688
142 PrepaidExpenses and Other Assets	31,481			31,481		31,481
143 Invertories	8,826			8,826		8,826
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	0			0		0
144 Inter Program Due From	20,222			20,222	-20,222	0
150 Total Current Assets	1,274,516	0	166,915	1,441,431	-20,222	1,421,209
161 Land	727,075		20	727,075	3	727,075
162 Buildings	22,882,053			22,882,053		22,882,053
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	420,971		S	420,971		420,971
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	488,356		3,475	491,831		491,831
166 AccumulatedDepreciation	-18,336,122		-3,475	-18,339,597		-18,339,597
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	6,182,333	0	0	6,182,333	0	6,182,333
180 Total Non-Current Assets	6,182,333	0	0	6,182,333	0	6,182,333
190 Total Assets	7,456,849	0	166,915	7,623,764	-20,222	7,603,542

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ENTITY WIDE BALANCE SHEET SUMMARY DECEMBER 31, 2012

		14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive	14.871 Housing Choice			
242 A	Project Total	Services	Vouchers	Subtota1	ELIM	Total
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	25,573			25,573		25,573
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	23,514			23,514		23,514
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	34,823		2,181	37,004		37,004
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	34,484			34,484		34,484
341 Tenant Security Deposits	67,361			67,361		67,361
342 Deferred Revenues	9,957			9,957		9,957
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue Bonds	4,746			4,746		4,746
346 AccruedLiabilities - Other	18	8	2,270	2,270		2,270
347 Inter Program - Due To	1		20,222	20,222	-20,222	0
310 Total Current Liabilities	200,458	0	24,673	225,131	-20,222	204,909
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage Revenue Bonds	21,560			21,560		21,560
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	33,285		24,400	57,685	W (6)	57,685
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	139,291		8,723	148,014		148,014
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	194,136	0	33,123	227,259	0	227,259
300 Total Liabilities	394,594	0	57,796	452,390	-20,222	432, 168
508.1 Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	6,156,027			6,156,027	3	6,156,027
511.1 Restricted Net Assets	0 24 500 5		62,870	62,870	7.	62,870
512.1 Unrestricted Net Assets	906,228	0	46,249	952,477	7	952,477
513 Total Equity/Net Assets	7,062,255	0	109,119	7,171,374	0	7,171,374
600 Total Liabilities and EquityNet Assets	7,456,849	0	166,915	7,623,764	-20,222	7,603,542

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ENTITY WIDE REVENUE AND EXPENSE SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive	14.871 Housing Choice			
70300 Net Terant Rental Revenue	Project Total	Services	Vouchers	Subtota1	ELIM	Total
	633,529	2	2 3	633,529 18.234		633,529
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	18,234	0	0		0	18,234
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	651,763	U	U	651,763	U	651,763
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	526,365	53,729	947,999	1,528,093		1,528,093
70610 Capital Grants	144,907			144,907		144,907
		D	0	,		21.00
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	243			243		243
71400 Fraud Recovery	23,036		552	23,588		23,588
71500 Other Revenue	65,688		4,301	69,989		69,989
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	3,000			3,000		3,000
70000 Total Revenue	1,415,002	53,729	952,852	2,421,583	0	2,421,583
91100 Administrative Salaries	254,263		51,603	305,866		305,866
91200 Auditing Fees	6,910		1,727	8,637		8,637
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	85,304		27,175	112,479		112,479
91600 Office Expenses	13,975	5		13,975		13,975
91700 Lega1Expense	5,956		188	6,144		6,144
91900 Other	72,632	5	13,703	86,335	1	86,335
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	439,040	0	94,396	533,436	0	533,436
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	4,496	38,302	37,666	80,464		80,464
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	4,450	15,427	21369	36,796		36,796
92400 Tenant Services - Other	9,748	10,127	22,000	9,748		9,748
92500 Total Tenant Services	14,244	53,729	59,035	127,008	0	127,008
	9					
93100 Water	60,805			60,805		60,805
93200 Electricity	74,932		0	74,932		74,932
93300 Gas	40,272			40,272		40,272
93600 Sewer	109,953			109,953		109,953
93000 Total Utilities	285,962	0	0	285,962	0	285,962
0400 0 5 3411	207.426		0 2	207.126		207126
94100 Ordinary/Maintenance and Operations - Labor	207,136			207,136		207,136
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and Other	99,827		8	99,827		99,827
94300 Ordinary/Maintenance and Operations Contracts	79,422			79,422	1	79,422
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	67,595	^	^	67,595	^	67,595
94000 Total Maintenance	453,980	0	0	453,980	0	453,980

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY ENTITY WIDE REVENUE AND EXPENSE SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		14.870 Resident Opportunity and Supportive	14.871 Housing Choice			
	Project Total	Services	Vouchers	Subtotal	ELIM	Tota1
96110 Property Insurance	50,477		3	50,477	3	50,477
96100 Total insurance Premiums	50,477	0	0	50,477	0	50,477
96210 Compensated Absences	55,966			55,966		55,966
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	34,484		3	34,484	3	34,484
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	29,997	3	8	29,997	8 3	29,997
96000 Total Other General Expenses	120,447	0	0	120,447	0	120,447
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	1,165		2 2	1,165	20 34 20 24	1,165
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	1,165	0	0	1,165	0	1,165
96900 Total Operating Expenses	1,365,315	53,729	153,431	1,572,475	0	1,572,475
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	49,687	0	799,421	849,108	0	849,108
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	973			973		973
97300 Housing Assistance Payments		9	811,603	811,603	9 3	811,603
97400 Depreciation Expense	518,959		3	518,959	3	518,959
90000 Total Expenses	1,885,247	53,729	965,034	2,904,010	0	2,904,010
10010 Operating Transfer In	51,327			51,327	-51,327	0
10020 Operating transfer Out	-51,327	3	3	-51,327	51,327	0
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	0	0	0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total Expenses	-470,245	0	-12,182	482,427	0	482,427
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	4,748	0	0	4,748		4,748
11030 Beginning Equity	7,532,500	0	121,301	7,653,801	8 3	7,653,801
11170 Administrative Fee Equity			46,249	46,249	3	46,249
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity		9	62,870	62,870	9 3	62,870
11190 Unit Months Available	2904	9	2052	4956	9 3	4956
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	2899	3	1984	4883	9 3	4883
11270 Excess Cash	892,003	3		892,003	9 3	892,003
11620 Building Purchases	101,853	8	F 8	101,853	9 3	101,853
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases	43,054			43,054	8 8	43,054

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	
Program Title	Number	Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u> Direct Programs:		
Public Housing Programs Low Rent Public Housing Program	14.850	\$ 411,280
Capital Fund Program	14.872	259,992
Total Public Housing Programs		671,272
Section 8 Tenant Based Programs Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	14.871	947,999
Total Section 8 Tenant Based Programs		947,999
Resident Opportunity and Support Services Program Resident Opportunity and Support Services Program	14.870	53,729
Total Resident Opportunity and Support Services Program		53,729
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		1,673,000
Total Federal Awards		\$ 1,673,000

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority Chardon, Ohio Regional Inspector General for Audit Department of Housing and Urban Development

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio, (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James S. Zupha, C/A, Sac. James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

June 5, 2013

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REOUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority Chardon, Ohio Regional Inspector General of Audit Department of Housing and Urban Development

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Geauga Metropolitan Housing Authority, Ohio, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of the compliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for its major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

June 5, 2013

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 & .505 DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2012(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
2012(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level? (GAGAS)?	No
2012(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statements level (GAGAS)?	No
2012(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
2012(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major Federal programs?	No
2012(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiency2 conditions reported for major Federal programs?	No
2012(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
2012(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under .510?	No
2012(vii)	Major Programs (list):	
	Housing Choice Voucher - CFDA #14.871	
2012(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others
2012(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY STATUS OF PRIOR CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

The prior audit report, as of December 31, 2011, included no citations or management letter comments.





GEAUGA METROPOLITAN HOUSING AUTHORITY

GEAUGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 23, 2013