



INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT JEFFERSON COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Indian Creek Local School District Jefferson County 587 Bantam Ridge Road Wintersville. Ohio 43953

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Indian Creek Local School District, Jefferson County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Indian Creek Local School District, Jefferson County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Indian Creek Local School District Jefferson County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information if not part of the basic financial statements, the Government Accounting Standards Board consider it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards expenditure schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditure schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 18, 2012

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The management's discussion and analysis of Indian Creek Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for fiscal year 2012 are as follows:

- The School District's capital assets increased due to additions to construction in progress on the new middle school building.
- Outstanding debt obligations decreased during fiscal year 2012 due to annual payments on general obligation debt and notes payable.
- The School District's enrollment decreased from 2,378 students in fiscal year 2011 to 2,368 students in fiscal year 2012.
- Program expenditures decreased in fiscal year 2012. Student intervention instruction and administration did have increases but these were more than offset by decreases in regular and special instructional services due to a reduction in staffing levels.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Indian Creek Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Indian Creek Local School District, the general fund and the classroom facilities capital projects fund are the more significant funds.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The *Statement of Net Assets* and the *Statement of Activities* answers this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

These two statements report the School District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the classroom facilities capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund The School District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District's internal service fund accounts for medical, surgical and dental self-insurance. The proprietary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a comparison of the School District's Net Assets for 2012 compared to 2011:

(Table 1) Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2012	2011	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$20,184,097	\$28,116,352	(\$7,932,255)
Capital Assets	14,634,117	7,049,040	7,585,077
Total Assets	34,818,214	35,165,392	(347,178)
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	11,606,765	11,354,918	(251,847)
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	740,298	709,330	(30,968)
Due in More than One Year	12,305,840	12,456,024	150,184
Total Liabilities	24,652,903	24,520,272	(132,631)
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets			
Net of Related Debt	3,150,232	3,234,343	(84,111)
Restricted for:			
Capital Projects	5,879,083	5,622,127	256,956
Debt Service	554,212	532,157	22,055
Other Purposes	1,021,330	770,360	250,970
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(439,546)	486,133	(925,679)
Total Net Assets	\$10,165,311	\$10,645,120	(\$479,809)

The School District had a decrease in total assets mainly due to decreases in cash from payments to contractors in the building process. An increase in capital assets resulted from current year additions to construction in progress on the new middle school building.

Total liabilities decreased slightly due to a decrease in severance payments owed offset by the lease of two new buses. The School District also continued annual payments on the School District's general obligation bonds and tax anticipation notes.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net assets for the current year, the following table gives further details regarding the results of activities for 2012 and 2011.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

(Table 2) Change in Net Assets Governmental Activities

	2012	2011	Change
Revenues Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,535,206	\$2,456,529	\$78,677
Operating Grants, Interest and Contributions	2,788,395	3,320,934	(532,539)
Capital Grants	356,611	665,920	(309,309)
Total Program Revenues	5,680,212	6,443,383	(763,171)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	7,371,150	7,495,723	(124,573)
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted	9,599,580	9,746,302	(146,722)
Investment Earnings	53,151	95,765	(42,614)
Miscellaneous	27,395	154,526	(127,131)
Total General Revenues	17,051,276	17,492,316	(441,040)
Total Revenues	22,731,488	23,935,699	(1,204,211)
Program Expenses			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	10,815,633	11,159,299	343,666
Special	2,285,458	2,656,020	370,562
Vocational	236,301	214,640	(21,661)
Adult/Continuing	2,510	1,249	(1,261)
Student Intervention Services	245,042	157,415	(87,627)
Support Services:			
Pupils	771,069	789,654	18,585
Instructional Staff	1,153,395	1,141,140	(12,255)
Board of Education	18,857	16,295	(2,562)
Administration	1,778,626	1,652,123	(126,503)
Fiscal	485,703	458,485	(27,218)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,071,837	2,076,062	4,225
Pupil Transportation	1,170,517	1,131,891	(38,626)
Central	153,244	141,912	(11,332)
Extracurricular Activities	370,294	374,739	4,445
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	104,021	96,806	(7,215)
Operation of Food Service	953,707	872,118	(81,589)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	595,083	602,922	7,839
Total Program Expenses	23,211,297	23,542,770	331,473
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(479,809)	392,929	(872,738)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	10,645,120	10,252,191	392,929
Net Assets End of Year	\$10,165,311	\$10,645,120	(\$479,809)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay less than \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

Thus School District's dependence upon property taxes is hampered by a lack of revenue growth so it must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Although the School District relies upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset operating costs. Intergovernmental revenue in the form of grant awards was significantly reduced as Federal award programs concluded at the end of fiscal year 2011.

Instructional expenses decreased due to a reduction in certified teaching staff. In addition to reducing the overall number of staff, the School District also had retirements from staff that were replaced by entry level teachers. The School District continues to show vigilance in monitoring all facets of spending.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for government activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2012 compared to 2011.

(Table 3)
Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011
Instruction	\$13,584,944	\$9,843,673	\$14,188,623	\$9,736,885
Support Services:				
Pupils and Instructional Staff	1,924,464	1,305,709	1,930,794	1,238,913
Board of Education,				
Administration and Fiscal	2,283,186	2,243,259	2,126,903	2,085,724
Operation and				
Maintenance of Plant	2,071,837	2,071,837	2,076,062	2,041,930
Pupil Transportation	1,170,517	1,137,854	1,131,891	1,131,891
Central	153,244	142,444	141,912	118,482
Extracurricular Activities	370,294	197,423	374,739	176,063
Operation of Non-Instructional				
Services	104,021	21,324	96,806	16,320
Operation of Food Service	953,707	(27,521)	872,118	(49,743)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	595,083	595,083	602,922	602,922
Total Expenses	\$23,211,297	\$17,531,085	\$23,542,770	\$17,099,387

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent from Table 3. The majority of expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues.

The School District's Funds

Information about the School District's major funds starts on page 14. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Despite a substantial decrease in expenditures, the general fund had a slight decrease in fund balance as a result of expenditures and other financing uses exceeding revenues. The classroom facilities capital projects fund had a decrease in fund balance resulting from a decrease in grant monies and an increase in capital outlay expenditures.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

Budgeting is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code. Essentially, the budget is the School District's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the Revised Code. During the course of fiscal year 2012, the School District amended its general fund budget numerous times to allow for insignificant amendments. The School District uses a site-based budgeting system designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, the final budget basis revenue estimate was lower than the original budget estimate. The change was mainly attributed to a decrease in miscellaneous income as projections became more accurate. The final budget appropriations were lower than the original budget appropriations of the general fund due mainly to decreases in instructional expenses.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to fiscal year 2011:

(Table 4)
Capital Assets at June 30
Net of Depreciation
Governmental Activities

	2012	2011	Change
Land	\$87,783	\$87,783	\$0
Construction in Progress	10,205,787	2,440,977	7,764,810
Land Improvements	139,409	200,533	(61,124)
Buildings and Improvements	3,421,465	3,599,474	(178,009)
Furniture and Fixtures	216,958	237,547	(20,589)
Vehicles	562,715	482,726	79,989
Total	\$14,634,117	\$7,049,040	\$7,585,077

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited

The increase in capital assets was due in large part to current year additions to construction in progress on the new middle school building and leases for two new buses. This increase was partially offset by an additional year of depreciation being taken. Ohio law requires school districts to set aside three percent of certain revenues for capital improvements. For fiscal year 2012, this amounted to \$380,871. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the School District's capital assets and Note 21 for additional information regarding required set-asides.

Debt

Table 5 summarizes the long-term debt outstanding:

(Table 5)
Outstanding Long-Term Debt - Governmental Activities

	2012	2011	Change
School Facilities Bonds Energy Conservation Bonds	\$11,157,177 383,314	\$11,347,443 457,594	(\$190,266) (74,280)
Total General Obligation Bonds	11,540,491	11,805,037	(264,546)
Capital Leases	194,797	125,620	69,177
Totals	\$11,735,288	\$11,930,657	(\$195,369)

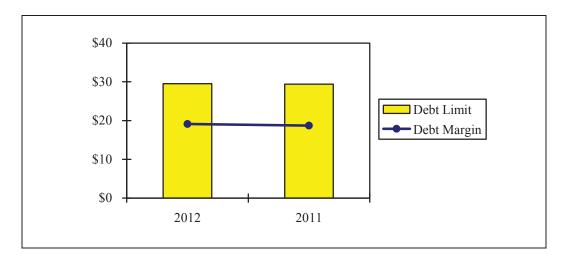
The School Facilities general obligation bonds were issued for the School District's portion of the Ohio School Facilities Commission project. These bonds will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2037. The Energy Conservation bonds were issued for the purpose of upgrading buildings and reducing energy consumption and will be fully retired in fiscal year 2017.

The School District's overall legal debt margin increased in fiscal year 2012. This is the additional amount of debt the School District could issue. The debt margin increased from fiscal year 2011 due to an increase in assessed property tax values as well as to a decrease in total outstanding debt as a result of annual debt payments. Additional information concerning debt issuances can be found in Note 17 to the basic financial statements.

Graph 1
Legal Debt Margin
(in millions)

	2012	2011
Overall Debt Limit	\$29.5	\$29.4
Overall Debt Margin	19.1	18.7

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 Unaudited



Challenges and Opportunities

Indian Creek Local School District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community. The School District is always presented with challenges and opportunities. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. Recent national events and their impact on the Indian Creek Local School District and the surrounding area are very much under review and analysis. Economic recession has had major impact on our industries. We have limited local industry, but we are a much diversified community with many residents working outside our School District in varying types of employment.

The School District is not without its share of challenges. The need for additional funds for operations is seen as the newest challenge for the School District the last couple fiscal years. Some of the challenges include the unpredictable future of State funding and the struggle to keep a competitive salary scale to retain quality personnel. Another example is seen in low interest rates being very good for issuing debt, but not attractive for maintaining investment revenues. And finally, actions of local and State governments continue to impact the School District. Like many school districts in the State of Ohio, the Indian Creek Local School District remains vigilant to financially meet the academic needs of all of the students as well as remain cost efficient in its operations.

As a result of the challenges mentioned, it is imperative the School District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to meet the vision of the School District over the next several years. This vision is to provide all students with the opportunity to acquire the knowledge and skills to reach their potential within a secure and positive learning environment. In addition, the School District strives to assist students to become responsible citizens in an ever-changing society through effective programs and community involvement.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact, Denise Todoroff, Treasurer at Indian Creek Local School District, 587 Bantam Ridge Road, Wintersville, Ohio 43953.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,535,624
Cash and Cash Equivalents With Fiscal Agents	16,346
Accounts Receivable	3,479
Intergovernmental Receivable	472,337
Inventory Held for Resale	27,354
Materials and Supplies Inventory	72,903
Property Taxes Receivable	9,899,343
Deferred Charges	156,711
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	10,293,570
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	4,340,547
1 ,	, , ,
Total Assets	34,818,214
Liabilities	50.052
Accounts Payable	50,853
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,784,075
Contracts Payable	552,708
Intergovernmental Payable	526,227
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	509,330
Accrued Interest Payable	45,971
Deferred Revenue	7,437,614
Notes Payable	699,987
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	740,298
Due in More Than One Year	12,305,840
Due in More Than One Tear	12,303,640
Total Liabilities	24,652,903
Net Assets	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	3,150,232
Restricted for:	3,130,232
Capital Projects	5,879,083
Debt Service	554,212
Other Purposes	1,021,330
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(439,546)
Smoothett (Dollott)	(437,340)
Total Net Assets	\$10,165,311

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

					Net Revenue/(Expense) and Changes
		I	in Net Assets		
			Operating Grants,		
		Charges for	Interest and	G : 1G :	Governmental
C	Expenses	Services and Sales	Contributions	Capital Grants	Activities
Governmental Activities Instruction:					
	010.015.622	01.725.425	0.554.006	#222 040	(00.202.174)
Regular	\$10,815,633	\$1,735,425	\$554,086	\$323,948	(\$8,202,174)
Special	2,285,458	277,540	753,359	0	(1,254,559)
Vocational	236,301	39,794	0	0	(196,507)
Adult/Continuing	2,510	203	0	0	(2,307)
Student Intervention Services	245,042	39,387	17,529	0	(188,126)
Support Services:				_	
Pupils	771,069	0	16,861	0	(754,208)
Instructional Staff	1,153,395	0	601,894	0	(551,501)
Board of Education	18,857	0	0	0	(18,857)
Administration	1,778,626	0	18,152	0	(1,760,474)
Fiscal	485,703	0	21,775	0	(463,928)
Operation and Maintenance					
of Plant	2,071,837	0	0	0	(2,071,837)
Pupil Transportation	1,170,517	0	0	32,663	(1,137,854)
Central	153,244	0	10,800	0	(142,444)
Extracurricular Activities	370,294	157,521	15,350	0	(197,423)
Operation of Non-Instructional					
Services	104,021	0	82,697	0	(21,324)
Operation of Food Service	953,707	285,336	695,892	0	27,521
Interest and Fiscal Charges	595,083		0	0	(595,083)
Totals	\$23,211,297	\$2,535,206	\$2,788,395	\$356,611	(17,531,085)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Levi	ed for:		
		General Purposes			6,306,325
		Debt Service			723,069
		Capital Outlay			205,055
		Classroom Faciliti	ies Maintenance		136,701
		Grants and Entitleme			,,,,,
		to Specific Program			9,599,580
		Investment Earnings	110		53,151
		Miscellaneous			27,395
		Total General Rever	nues		17,051,276
		Change in Net Asset	S		(479,809)
		Net Assets Beginning	g of Year		10,645,120
		Net Assets End of Ye	ear		\$10,165,311

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$926,402	\$6,797,965	\$1,811,257	\$9,535,624
Accounts Receivable	3,479	0	0	3,479
Intergovernmental Receivable	8,871	0	463,466	472,337
Interfund Receivable	129,785	0	0	129,785
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	27,354	27,354
Materials and Supplies Inventory	68,085	0	4,818	72,903
Property Taxes Receivable	8,604,777	0	1,294,566	9,899,343
Total Assets	\$9,741,399	\$6,797,965	\$3,601,461	\$20,140,825
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$38,678	\$0	\$12,175	\$50,853
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,514,365	0	269,710	1,784,075
Contracts Payable	4,878	547,830	0	552,708
Intergovernmental Payable	423,087	0	103,140	526,227
Interfund Payable	0	0	129,785	129,785
Accrued Interest Payable	0	0	2,905	2,905
Deferred Revenue	8,085,615	0	1,314,691	9,400,306
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	445,050	0	64,280	509,330
Notes Payable	0	0	699,987	699,987
Total Liabilities	10,511,673	547,830	2,596,673	13,656,176
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	68,085	0	32,172	100,257
Restricted	0	6,250,135	1,501,165	7,751,300
Committed	76,368	0	0	76,368
Assigned	627,583	0	0	627,583
Unassigned (Deficit)	(1,542,310)	0	(528,549)	(2,070,859)
Total Fund Balances	(770,274)	6,250,135	1,004,788	6,484,649
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$9,741,399	\$6,797,965	\$3,601,461	\$20,140,825

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2012

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$6,484,649
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	14,634,117
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Property Taxes 1,840,523 Grants 122,169	
Total	1,962,692
Bond issuance costs will be amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of net assets.	156,711
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	16,346
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding general obligation bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(43,066)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: General Obligation Bonds (11,540,491) Compensated Absences (1,310,850) Capital Leases Payable (194,797)	
Total	(13,046,138)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$10,165,311

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Classroom	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Facilities	Funds	Funds
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$6,607,800	\$0	\$1,095,053	\$7,702,853
Intergovernmental	9,477,911	323,948	2,958,242	12,760,101
Interest	2,237	22,712	368	25,317
Charges for Services	3,309	0	285,336	288,645
Tuition and Fees	2,030,282	0	0	2,030,282
Extracurricular Activities	62,067	0	154,212	216,279
Contributions and Donations	24,536	0	21,042	45,578
Miscellaneous	18,136	449	7,214	25,799
Total Revenues	18,226,278	347,109	4,521,467	23,094,854
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	9,627,349	0	586,787	10,214,136
Special	1,599,028	0	661,290	2,260,318
Vocational	228,825	0	1,195	230,020
Adult/Continuing	1,510	0	1,000	2,510
Student Intervention Services	222,315	0	17,529	239,844
Support Services:				
Pupils	742,684	0	19,038	761,722
Instructional Staff	568,293	0	563,764	1,132,057
Board of Education	18,857	0	0	18,857
Administration	1,645,804	0	18,733	1,664,537
Fiscal	450,239	0	30,614	480,853
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,908,512	0	2,298	1,910,810
Pupil Transportation	1,188,985	0	39,733	1,228,718
Central	142,444	0	10,800	153,244
Extracurricular Activities	231,055	0	121,401	352,456
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	18,005	0	85,977	103,982
Operation of Food Service	0	0	944,122	944,122
Capital Outlay	14,679	8,089,242	37,540	8,141,461
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	105,039	0	289,280	394,319
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,581	0	558,993	564,574
Total Expenditures	18,719,204	8,089,242	3,990,094	30,798,540
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(492,926)	(7,742,133)	531,373	(7,703,686)
Other Financing Sources				
Inception of Capital Lease	174,216	0	0	174,216
Transfers In	1,030,000	0	0	1,030,000
Total Other Financing Sources	1,204,216	0	0	1,204,216
Net Change in Fund Balances	711,290	(7,742,133)	531,373	(6,499,470)
Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(1,481,564)	13,992,268	473,415	12,984,119
Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year	(\$770,274)	\$6,250,135	\$1,004,788	\$6,484,649

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances -Total Governmental Funds	(\$6,499,470)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period: Capital Asset Additions 7,959,124	
Current Year Depreciation (374,047)	
Total	7,585,077
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Property Taxes Grants Total (331,703) (61,392)	(393,095)
Repayment of bond, loan and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	394,319
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Accrued Interest 755 Amortization of Bond Issuance Cost (6,530) Amortization of Bond Premiums 15,126 Amortization of Bond Discount (7,215) Annual Accretion (32,645) Total	(30,509)
Inception of a capital lease is an other financing source in the governmental funds, but increases liabilities in governmental activities.	(174,216)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	(1,285,762)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(76,153)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	(\$479,809)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$6,635,078	\$6,790,496	\$6,790,496	\$0
Intergovernmental	9,434,235	9,477,911	9,477,911	0
Interest	2,215	2,050	2,237	187
Charges for Services	3,577	3,309	3,309	0
Tuition and Fees	1,942,716	1,987,932	1,988,051	119
Rentals	50	0	0	0
Contributions and Donations	50,000	7,500	7,500	0
Miscellaneous	884,268	53,712	53,726	14
Total Revenues	18,952,139	18,322,910	18,323,230	320
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	9,947,346	9,894,540	9,894,540	0
Special	1,985,646	1,737,489	1,737,489	0
Vocational	250,243	244,395	244,395	0
Student Intervention Services	189,974	222,930	222,930	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	816,883	778,402	778,402	0
Instructional Staff	594,355	614,721	614,721	0
Board of Education	16,780	18,822	18,822	0
Administration	1,590,103	1,649,010	1,649,010	0
Fiscal	446,129	452,898	452,898	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,947,345	2,011,638	2,011,638	0
Pupil Transportation	1,162,403	1,172,809	1,172,809	0
Central	70,761	145,677	145,677	0
Extracurricular Activities	232,682	229,009	229,009	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	9,448	9,448	0
Capital Outlay	19,994	25,944	25,944	0
Total Expenditures	19,270,644	19,207,732	19,207,732	0
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(318,505)	(884,822)	(884,502)	320
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	58,507	58,507	58,507	0
Advances Out	(48,058)	(129,785)	(129,785)	0
Transfers In	0	1,030,000	1,030,000	0
Transfers Out	(72,000)	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(61,551)	958,722	958,722	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(380,056)	73,900	74,220	320
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	212,168	212,168	212,168	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	199,329	199,329	199,329	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$31,441	\$485,397	\$485,717	\$320

Statement of Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund June 30, 2012

	Insurance
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	\$16,346
Liabilities	0
Net Assets Unrestricted	\$16,346

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Miscellaneous	\$1,596
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	66,633
Claims	218,858
Total Operating Expenses	285,491
Operating Loss	(283,895)
Non-Operating Income Interest	28,133
Loss before Transfers	(255,762)
Transfers Out	(1,030,000)
Change in Net Assets	(1,285,762)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	1,302,108
Net Assets End of Year	\$16,346
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Insurance
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Other Sources	\$1,596
Cash Payments for Services	(66,633)
Cash Payments for Claims	(358,436)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(423,473)
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	
Transfers Out	(1,030,000)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest on Investments	28,133
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,425,340)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	1,441,686
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$16,346
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	(\$283,895)
Adjustments: Decrease in Claims Payable	(139,578)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$423,473)
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship	Agency
Assets		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$36,086	\$55,142
Liabilities Due to Students	0	\$55,142
Net Assets Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$36,086	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Scholarship
Additions	
Interest	\$415
Contributions and Donations	2,500
Total Additions	2,915
Deductions	
College Scholarships Awarded	5,390
Change in Net Assets	(2,475)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	38,561
Net Assets End of Year	\$36,086

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Indian Creek Local School District (the School District) is organized under article VI, Section 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms.

The School District was established in 1966 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The School District serves an area of approximately 75 square miles. It is located in Jefferson County, and includes all of the Village of Wintersville, the Village of Mingo Junction, the Village of Bloomingdale, and Cross Creek Township and portions of the City of Steubenville, Island Creek, Salem, Wayne and Steubenville Townships. It is staffed by 113 non-certified personnel, 145 certified teaching personnel and 11 administrative employees to provide services to 2,368 students and other community members. The School District operates six instructional buildings, one administrative building and three bus garages.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, agencies and offices that are not legally separate from the School District. For the Indian Creek Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service, preschool and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with two jointly governed organizations, two insurance purchasing pools and one risk sharing pool. These organizations are the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency, Jefferson County Joint Vocational School, the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) Self-Insurance Plan and the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority. These organizations are presented in Note 18 and Note 19 of the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities and internal service fund provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. The fiduciary fund is reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Classroom Facilities Capital Projects Fund The classroom facilities capital projects fund accounts for the proceeds of notes and bonds as well as grants restricted for the building and equipping of classroom facilities

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self insurance fund that accounts for medical, surgical, and dental claims for School District employees.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for a college scholarship program for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities managed by the student body.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e.; revenues) and decreases (i.e.; expenses) in total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the fund are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its internal service fund activity.

The private purpose trust fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements presented for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within each fund

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. Prior to year end, the School District requested and received an amended certificate of estimated resources that closely reflects actual revenue for the fiscal year. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues by fund. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year. Prior to fiscal year-end, the School District passed an amended appropriation measure which matched appropriations to expenditures plus encumbrances in the majority of categories.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to STAR Ohio. Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's net asset value per share which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2012.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$2,237, none of which was assigned from other School District funds. Interest revenue credited to the classroom facilities capital project fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$22,712, none of which was assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

The School District participated in the OME-RESA insurance consortium for self-insurance. These monies are reflected on statement of net assets as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents." The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent for the insurance consortium. The balances in these accounts are also presented as "cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents."

Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food held for resale, and materials and supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of capital assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the capital asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost of the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	5 to 20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 to 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 to 20 years
Vehicles	6 to 10 years

Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs for underwriting fees and bond insurance for the general obligation bonds are being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the bonds on the government-wide statements. The straight-line method of amortization is not materially different from the effective-interest method.

As permitted by State Statute, the School District paid bond issuance costs from the bond proceeds and therefore does not consider that portion of debt to be capital-related debt. That portion of the debt was offset against the unamortized bond issuance costs which were included in the determination of unrestricted net assets. Reporting both within the same element of net assets prevents one classification from being overstated while another is understated by the same amount.

Bond Premiums and Discounts

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are presented as an increase of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond premiums are receipted in the year the bonds are issued. On the governmental-wide financial statements, bond discounts are presented as a decrease of the face amount of the general obligation bonds payable. On the fund financial statements, bond discounts are expended in the year the bonds are issued.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net assets.

Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees with at least five years of service with the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the general fund.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the internal service fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, and are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and retirement incentives that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for the payment during the current fiscal year. Bonds and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the School District Board of Education.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for the self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenue and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 3 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Inventory	\$68,085	\$0	\$32,172	\$100,257
Restricted for				
Food Service Operations	0	0	277,217	277,217
Athletics	0	0	64,705	64,705
Community Involvement	0	0	18,315	18,315
Classroom Facilities Maintenance	0	0	577,070	577,070
Non-Public Schools	0	0	1,066	1,066
Preschool	0	0	2,341	2,341
Instructional Services	0	0	4,981	4,981
Debt Service Payments	0	0	519,928	519,928
Capital Improvements	0	6,250,135	35,542	6,285,677
Total Restricted	0	6,250,135	1,501,165	7,751,300
Committed to				
Other Purposes	76,368	0	0	76,368
Assigned to				
Other Purposes	627,583	0	0	627,583
Unassigned (Deficit)	(1,542,310)	0	(528,549)	(2,070,859)
Total Fund Balances	(\$770,274)	\$6,250,135	\$1,004,788	\$6,484,649

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 4 – Accountability

Fund balances at June 30, 2012, included the following individual fund deficits:

General Fund	\$770,274
Special Revenue Funds:	
Education Jobs	15,150
Title I	48,616
Reducing Class Size	6,768
Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund	458,015

The general fund, special revenue funds and the capital projects fund have deficits caused by the recognition of expenditures on a modified accrual basis of accounting which are substantially greater than the expenditures recognized on a cash basis. The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides operating transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Advances-In and Advances-Out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).
- 5. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies and the public school support funds are classified to the general fund for GAAP reporting purposes.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements on a fund type basis for the general fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balance			
GAAP Basis	\$711,290		
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	45,001		
Advance In	58,507		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			
Uniform School Supplies	(22,128)		
Public School Support	10,554		
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(335,945)		
Advance Out	(129,785)		
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(263,274)		
Budget Basis	\$74,220		

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

At June 30, 2012, the School District's self-insurance internal service fund had a cash balance of \$16,346 with OME-RESA, a claims servicing pool (See Note 10). The money is held by the claims servicer in a pooled account which is representative of numerous entities and therefore cannot be classified by risk under GASB No. 40. The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments for OME-RESA Self-Insurance Plan as a whole may be obtained from the Plan's fiscal agent, the Jefferson County Educational Service Center. To obtain financial information, write to the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency Self-Insurance Plan, Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, \$8,419,499 of the School District's bank balance of \$9,676,974 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the School District had \$622 invested with STAR Ohio with an average maturity of 52.5 days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the School District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase and that the School District's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity. To date, no investments have been purchased with a life greater than three years.

Credit Risk The Moody's rating's of the School District's investments are listed in the table above. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represents collections of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 become a lien December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011 and are collected in calendar year 2012 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Jefferson County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$528,033 in the general fund, \$63,252 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$11,968 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund and \$17,953 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

2011 was \$710,729 in the general fund, \$83,489 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$15,793 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund and \$23,689 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been deferred.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second		2012 First		
	Half Collections		Half Collections		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/Residental			_		
and Other Real Estate	\$312,545,550	95.80 %	\$313,401,505	95.65 %	,)
Public Utility Personal	13,691,630	4.20	14,268,583	4.35	
Total	\$326,237,180	100.00 %	\$327,670,088	100.00 %)
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$42.65		\$42.65		

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2012, consisted of taxes, accounts and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities	Amounts
Title I Grant	\$215,616
Title VI-B Grant	119,292
Education Jobs Grant	73,471
Public School Preschool Grant	28,687
Reducing Class Size Grant	21,768
State Employees Retirement System	8,871
Title II-D Grant	4,632
Total	\$472,337

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 9 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 06/30/11	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/12
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$87,783	\$0	\$0	\$87,783
Construction in Progress	2,440,977	7,764,810	0	10,205,787
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	2,528,760	7,764,810	0	10,293,570
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	1,638,463	0	0	1,638,463
Buildings and Improvements	8,841,946	0	0	8,841,946
Furniture and Equipment	1,097,412	20,098	(14,404)	1,103,106
Vehicles	1,901,632	174,216	0	2,075,848
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	13,479,453	194,314	(14,404)	13,659,363
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	(1,437,930)	(61,124)	0	(1,499,054)
Buildings and Improvements	(5,242,472)	(178,009)	0	(5,420,481)
Furniture and Equipment	(859,865)	(40,687)	14,404	(886,148)
Vehicles	(1,418,906)	(94,227)	0	(1,513,133)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(8,959,173)	(374,047) *	14,404	(9,318,816)
Total Assets being Depreciated, Net	4,520,280	(179,733)	0	4,340,547
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$7,049,040	\$7,585,077	\$0	\$14,634,117

^{*} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follow:

\$104,442
777
1,501
3,724
58,949
94,923
88,539
3,354
17,838
\$374,047

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 10 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the School District contracted with Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA) for various types of insurance. Coverage is as follows:

Coverage	Amount
Property	\$56,121,539
Earth movement limit (\$50,000 Deductible)	2,000,000
Flood limit (\$50,000 Deductible)	2,000,000
Equipment Breakdown	50,000,000
Crime Coverage (\$250 Deductible)	100,000
General Liability	12,000,000
Employee benefits liability	12,000,000
Employee stop gap liability	12,000,000
General annual aggregate	14,000,000
Fire legal liability	500,000
Medical payments - occurrence	5,000
Aggregate limit	25,000
Educator's Legal Liability	12,000,000
Automobile Liability	
Bodily injury & property damage - per occurrence	12,000,000
Medical payments - occurrence	5,000
Aggregate limit	25,000
Uninsured/underinsured motorist - per occurrence	1,000,000
Automobile physical damage (\$500 Deductible)	Actual Cash Value
Garage keepers physical damage	100,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

Worker's Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 19). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Employee Insurance Benefits

The School District participated in the OME-RESA self insurance plan through March 31, 2011. The School District's monthly premiums are paid to the fiscal agent who in turn pays the claims on the School District's behalf. OME-RESA will continue to pay claims for those claims incurred through March 31, 2011. The runout period with OME-RESA was through December 31, 2011.

Effective April 1, 2011, the School District exited the self-funded plan through OME-RESA. The School District is fully self-insured for medical, prescription, dental, life and vision insurance. Medical Mutual administers the medical and prescription insurance plan. Guardian administers the dental and life insurance plan. Superior Vision is the third party administrator for vision insurance. The administrators review all claims which are paid by the School District.

There was no claims liability reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2012, as estimated by and based on the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which required that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Changes in the funds' claims liability amounts for 2011 and 2012 were:

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Current Year Claims	Claim Payments	Balance at End of Year
2011	\$362,159	\$2,345,274	(\$2,567,855)	\$139,578
2012	139,578	218,858	(358,436)	0

Note 11 – Interfund Transfers and Balances

Interfund Transfers

The transfer from the self insurance internal service fund for \$1,030,000 to the general fund was made to close out the self insurance fund. The District's health claims are not administered by Medical Mutual and the remaining cash balance in this fund is for any carry-over claims costs.

Interfund Balances

Interfund balances at June 30, 2012, consist of an interfund receivable/payable between the general fund and the nonmajor governmental funds in the amount of \$129,785. These loans were made to support programs and projects in various special revenue funds pending the receipt of grant money that will be used to repay the loans. These loans are expected to be repaid in one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 12 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 12.70 percent. The remaining 1.30 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Medicare B and Health Care funds. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$285,454, \$264,395 and \$295,845, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon the recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District's required contributions to STRS Ohio for the DB Plan and for the defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan were \$957,749 and \$4,383 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, \$990,237 and \$4,370 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, and \$1,007,575 and \$4,222 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. For fiscal year 2012, 82.43 percent has been contributed for the DB plan and for the Combined Plan, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Contributions made to STRS Ohio for the DC Plan and for fiscal year 2012 were \$31,277 made by the School District and \$22,341 made by the plan members. In addition, member contributions of \$3,131 were made for fiscal year 2012 for the defined contribution portion of the Combined Plan.

Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2012, one member of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages.

Note 13 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans administrated by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by SERS based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For fiscal year 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for fiscal year 2012, this amount was \$35,800. During fiscal year 2012, the School District paid \$33,619 in surcharge.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$12,362, \$32,014 and \$45,480, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, were \$16,858, \$17,014, and \$17,593 respectively. For fiscal year 2012, The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$73,673, \$76,172 and \$77,506 respectively. For fiscal year 2012, 82.43 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 14 - Other Employee Benefits

Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to thirty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Any employee receiving retirement severance pay is entitled to a dollar amount equivalent to thirty-five percent of all accumulated sick leave credited to that employee up to 40 days for certified and 40 days for classified employees. Classified employees can receive payment for up to an additional 22 days for every day over an accumulated 200 days.

Life Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to its employees. Coverage for administrators is \$100,000, certified teachers is \$50,000 and classified employees \$10,000 to \$50,000 depending on hours contracted per week. Life insurance is covered through Guardian Life Insurance.

Note 15 - Capital Leases

The School District has existing leases for five school buses and various copiers and office equipment. The lease obligation meets the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Number 13, "Accounting for Leases," and has been recorded on the government-wide statements. The original amounts capitalized for the capital leases and the book value as of June 30, 2012 follows:

	Amounts
Asset:	
Furniture and Equipment	\$86,438
Vehicles	420,354
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(142,264)
Current Book Value	\$364,528

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities
2013	\$96,953
2014	36,941
2015	36,941
2016	36,941
Total Minimum Lease Payments	207,776
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(12,979)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$194,797

Note 16 – Notes Payable

The School District's note activity, including amounts outstanding and interest rates is as follows:

	Principal			Principal
	Outstanding			Outstanding
	6/30/2011	Additions	Deductions	6/30/2012
Permanent Improvement Fund				
2009 4.98 %				
Tax Anticipation Notes	\$790,506	\$0	\$90,519	\$699,987

On March 20, 2009, the School District issued \$965,000 in permanent improvement levy tax anticipation notes for the purpose of building the Multi-Purpose Facility and for the Wintersville Elementary Masonry repair project. The coupon interest rate is 4.98 percent and the notes mature on December 1, 2018. The tax anticipation notes will be paid from the permanent improvement capital projects fund with property tax revenues. Principal and interest payments to retire the tax anticipation notes are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$92,773	\$32,549	\$125,322
2014	95,083	27,872	122,955
2015	97,451	23,078	120,529
2016	99,877	18,164	118,041
2017	102,364	13,128	115,492
2018-2019	212,439	10,644	223,083
Total	\$699,987	\$125,435	\$825,422

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 17 - Long-Term Obligations

Original issue amounts and interest rates of the School District's debt issues were as follows:

			Fiscal
			Year of
Debt Issue	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity
2009 School Facilities Construction Bonds:			
Capital Interest Serial Bonds	2.50% to 3.50%	\$2,285,000	2020
Capital Appreciation Bonds	33.63%	44,999	2018
Current Issue Term Bonds	4.37% to 5.12%	9,270,000	2037
Energy Conservation Bonds - 2002	4.97%	984,816	2017

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Principal			Principal	Amounts
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	6/30/11	Additions	Deductions	6/30/12	One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds:					
School Facilities Bonds					
Serial Bonds	\$1,790,000	\$0	\$215,000	\$1,575,000	\$220,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds	44,999	0	0	44,999	0
Accretion	44,653	32,645	0	77,298	0
Term Bonds	9,270,000	0	0	9,270,000	0
Premium on Bonds	378,161	0	15,126	363,035	0
Discount on Bonds	(180,370)	0	(7,215)	(173,155)	0
Total School Facilities Bonds	11,347,443	32,645	222,911	11,157,177	220,000
Energy Conservation Bonds	457,594	0	74,280	383,314	78,017
Total General Obligation Bonds	11,805,037	32,645	297,191	11,540,491	298,017
Other Long Term Obligations					
Capital Leases	125,620	174,216	105,039	194,797	90,329
Compensated Absences	1,234,697	428,105	351,952	1,310,850	351,952
Total General Long-Term Obligations	\$13,165,354	\$634,966	\$754,182	\$13,046,138	\$740,298

Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the general fund and the food service, auxiliary services, public school preschool, title VI-B, title I, preschool and reducing class size special revenue funds.

On May 20, 2002, the School District issued bonds in the amount of \$984,816 for the purpose of upgrading buildings and reducing energy consumption. The bonds were issued at a 4.97 percent interest rate for fifteen years. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement debt service fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

On March 17, 2009, the School District issued \$11,599,999 in school facilities construction bonds, which included serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amounts of \$2,285,000, \$9,270,000 and \$44,999, respectively. The bonds were issued at both a premium of \$408,414 and a discount of \$194,800. The school facilities construction bonds were issued for the purpose of building new schools within the Indian Creek Local Schools system. The bonds were issued for a twenty-eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2036. The bonds will be retired from the bond retirement debt service fund. The School District had \$684,212 in unspent proceeds as of June 30, 2012.

The serial, capital appreciation and current issue term bonds remained outstanding at June 30, 2012. The capital appreciation bonds were originally sold at a discount of \$525,001, which is being accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds, which is 2016 and 2017.

The maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012 is \$570,000. The accretion recorded for 2012 was \$32,645, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$122,297 at June 30, 2012.

The term bonds maturing on December 1, 2024, 2029, 2034, 2036 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Issue			
Year	\$1,835,000	\$2,485,000	\$3,330,000	\$1,620,000
2020	\$325,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
2021	340,000	0	0	0
2022	375,000	0	0	0
2023	390,000	0	0	0
2025	0	445,000	0	0
2026	0	465,000	0	0
2027	0	490,000	0	0
2028	0	530,000	0	0
2030	0	0	585,000	0
2031	0	0	630,000	0
2032	0	0	665,000	0
2033	0	0	695,000	0
2035	0	0	0	790,000
Total	\$1,430,000	\$1,930,000	\$2,575,000	\$790,000
Stated Maturity	12/1/2024	12/1/2029	12/1/2034	12/1/2036

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$405,000, \$555,000, \$755,000, and \$830,000) will mature at the stated maturity.

The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$19,120,237 with an unvoted debt margin of \$327,670 at June 30, 2012. Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

			General Obliga	ation Bonds		
	Seri	erial Capital Appreication		Term		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2013	\$220,000	\$46,594	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$447,844
2014	245,000	39,619	0	0	0	447,844
2015	250,000	32,194	0	0	0	447,844
2016	260,000	24,544	0	0	0	447,844
2017	0	20,644	0	0	0	447,844
2018-2022	600,000	41,990	44,999	525,001	665,000	2,210,454
2023-2027	0	0	0	0	2,080,000	1,873,156
2028-2032	0	0	0	0	2,790,000	1,303,306
2033-2037	0	0	0	0	3,735,000	496,250
Total	\$1,575,000	\$205,585	\$44,999	\$525,001	\$9,270,000	\$8,122,386

	Energy Conservation Bond		
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	
2013	\$78,017	\$18,093	
2014	81,943	14,168	
2015	86,066	10,044	
2016	90,397	5,714	
2017	46,891	1,165	
Total	\$383,314	\$49,184	

Note 18 - Jointly Governed Organizations

Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Education Service Agency (OME-RESA) The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency was created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State Statues. OME-RESA has twelve participating counties consisting of Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Coshocton, Guernsey, Harrison, Holmes, Jefferson, Muckingum, Monroe, Noble and Tuscarawas Counties. OME-RESA operates under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. OME-RESA provides financial accounting services, educational management information, internet access and cooperative purchasing services to member districts. The School District participates in the natural gas sales service program. This program allows schools to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each June these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage and any necessary adjustments are made. During fiscal year 2012, the total amount paid to OME-RESA from the School District was \$198,406 for cooperative gas purchasing services and \$81,448 for financial accounting services, educational management information, and internet access. The Jefferson County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent and receives funding from the State Department of Education. To obtain financial information write to Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency, Treasurer, at 2023 Sunset Blvd., Steubenville, Ohio 43952.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Jefferson County Joint Vocational School The Jefferson County Joint Vocational School is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. During fiscal year 2012, the School District made no contributions to the Vocational School District. To obtain financial information write to the Jefferson County Joint Vocational School, Treasurer, at 1509 County Highway 22A, Bloomingdale, Ohio 43910.

Note 19 – Public Entity Pools

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Post President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) Self-Insurance Plan The School District participated in the Ohio Mid-Eastern Regional Educational Service Agency (OME-RESA) Self Insurance Plan through March 31, 2011. OME-RESA will continue to pay claims incurred through March 31, 2011. The run-out period with OME-RESA was through December 31, 2011. OME-RESA a risk-sharing, claims servicing, and insurance purchasing pool comprised of seventy-five members, including two insurance consortiums. Each participant appoints a member of the insurance plans' assembly. The Plans' business and affairs are conducted by a nine member Board of Directors elected from the assembly. The plan offers medical, dental and prescription drug coverage to the members on a self-insured basis, as well as the opportunity to participate in the group purchasing of life insurance coverage. The medical coverage plan provides each plan participant the opportunity to choose a self-insurance deductible limit which can range from \$35,000 to \$100,000 under which the individual member is responsible for all claims through the claims servicing pool. Plan participants also participate in a shared risk internal pool for individual claims between the self-insurance deductible limit and \$400,000, and all claims between the deductible and the \$400,000 are paid from the internal shared risk pool. The internal pool is not owned by the participants. All participants pay a premium rate that is actuarially calculated based on the participants' actual claims experience which are utilized for the payment of claims within the claims servicing pool up to the self-insurance deductible limit; and for this portion of the plan, all plan participants retain their own risk. All participants pay an additional fee for participation in the internal pool that is based on the claims of the internal pool in aggregate and is not based on individual claims experience. In the event of a deficiency in the internal pool, participants would be charged a higher rate for participation, and in the event of a surplus, the internal pool pays dividends to the participants. For all individual claims exceeding \$400,000, stop loss coverage is purchased, as well as for an annual total plan aggregate claims amount. All plan participants also pay a monthly administration fee for fiscal services and third party administrative services.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

Shared Risk Pool

Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority The School District participates in the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority (SORSA), a risk sharing pool with over 65 members. SORSA is a 100 percent memberowned, non-profit insurance risk pool owned and governed by the school district members. SORSA is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of representatives of school districts that participate in the program.

SORSA has agreements with several separate organizations whereby each provides certain administrative, executive, accounting, marketing, underwriting, claim settlement, legal counsel and other services to SORSA and its members. Pursuant to participation agreements with SORSA, each member school district agrees to pay all funding rates associated with the coverage elected. This coverage includes comprehensive general liability, property insurance and automobile liability insurance. To obtain financial information write to the Schools of Ohio Risk Sharing Authority, Executive Director, at 8050 North High Street, Suite 160, Columbus, Ohio 43235-6483.

Note 20 - Contingencies

Grants

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Litigation

The School District is not a party to any legal proceedings.

Note 21 - Set-Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by fiscal year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Capital Improvement
C. t 1. D D. 1 C. I 20 2011	Reserve
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	380,871
Offsets During the Fiscal Year:	
Permanent Improvement Levy Proceeds	(250,842)
Ohio School Facilities Commission principal and interest	(715,425)
Qualifying Disbursements	(268,984)
Totals	(\$854,380)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

Note 22 – Construction and Other Significant Commitments

At June 30, 2012, the School District's significant contractual commitments consisted of:

Company	Contract Amount	Amount Paid	Remaining on Contract
Colaianni Construction, Inc.	\$8,392,071	\$4,511,531	\$3,880,540
Wood Electric, Inc.	2,095,935	764,689	1,331,246
York Mahoning Mechanical Contractors	2,008,404	1,263,922	744,482
R.F. Scurlock Co.	1,223,089	1,193,252	29,837
MKC Associates, Incorporated	950,917	859,050	91,867
Bowman Foreman	871,942	697,424	174,518
Peterman Plumbing & Heating, Inc.	645,548	396,374	249,174
Continental Furniture Co.	300,292	0	300,292
Civil and Engineering Consultants, Incorporated	170,558	170,558	0
RNL Fire Systems LLC	133,765	64,890	68,875
RSV, Inc.	52,440	52,440	0
The Brewer-Garrett Company	44,429	21,215	23,214
Vincent Dowdle P.C.	17,480	17,480	0
Sommers Mobile Leasing	12,003	8,560	3,443
Lawhorn & Associates	7,660	2,298	5,362
Strategic Environmental and Ecological Services	3,800	3,800	0
Total	\$16,930,333	\$10,027,483	\$6,902,850

INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT JEFFERSON COUNTY

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):		10.555	\$53,282	\$53,282
Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program	05-PU-10	10.553	142,086	142,086
National School Lunch Program	04-PU-10	10.555	486,982	486,982
Cash Assistance Subtotal			629,068	629,068
Total U.S Department of Agriculture - Nutrition Cluster (Cash and Non-cash)			682,350	682,350
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)	6B-SF-11 6B-SF-12	84.027	74,176 380,252	66,047 402,188
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	FY 11	84.391	10,033	0
Total Special Education Grants to States			464,461	468,235
Special Education - Preschool Grants	PG-S1-12	84.173	23,326	23,326
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants			23,326	23,326
Total Special Education Cluster			487,787	491,561
Title II A - Improving Teacher Quality	TRS1-2011	84.367	18,443	18,443
Total Title II A - Improving Teacher Quality	TRS1-2012		103,793 122,236	104,878 123,321
Title IID Education Technology State Grants	TJ-SI-2011	84.318	58	0
Total Title IID Edcuation Technoloby State Grants			58	0
Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)	C1-S1-11 C1-S1-12	84.010	112,221 515,971	112,881 523,193
ARRA - Title I Grant	FY 11	84.389	24,583	17,917
Total Grants to Local Educational Agencies (ESEA Title I)			652,775	653,991
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund	FY 11	84.394	0	42,123
Education Jobs Fund	FY 11 FY12	84.410	309 330,519	0 330,844
Total Education Jobs Fund			330,828	330,844
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$1,593,684	\$1,641,840
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL & COMMUNITY SERVICE Passed through the Ohio Department of Education				
21st Century Grant Community Learning Centers Learn & Serve America -School and Community Based Services	SV-SI-11	94.004	11,323	1,730
Total Corporation for National & Community Service			11,323	1,730
Total Federal Awards			\$2,287,357	\$2,325,920

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT JEFFERSON COUNTY

NOTES TO FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2012

A. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

B. CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U. S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District expends federal monies first.

C. FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefited from the use of those donated food commodities. It is assumed federal monies are expended first.

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Indian Creek Local School District Jefferson County 587 Bantam Ridge Road Wintersville, Ohio 43953

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Indian Creek Local School District, Jefferson County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 18, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Indian Creek Local School District
Jefferson County
Independent Accountants' report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other
Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

We noted a certain matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated December 18, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the management, the audit committee, Board of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

David Yost Auditor of State

December 18, 2012

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Indian Creek Local School District Jefferson County 587 Bantam Ridge Road Wintersville, Ohio 43953

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Indian Creek Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Indian Creek Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, Indian Creek Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over

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Indian Creek Local School District
Jefferson County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with
Requirements Applicable to Each Federal Program and on
Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We noted a matter involving federal compliance or internal control over federal compliance not requiring inclusion in this report, that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated December 18, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, Board of Education, others within the District, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

David Yost Auditor of State

December 18, 2012

INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT JEFFERSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

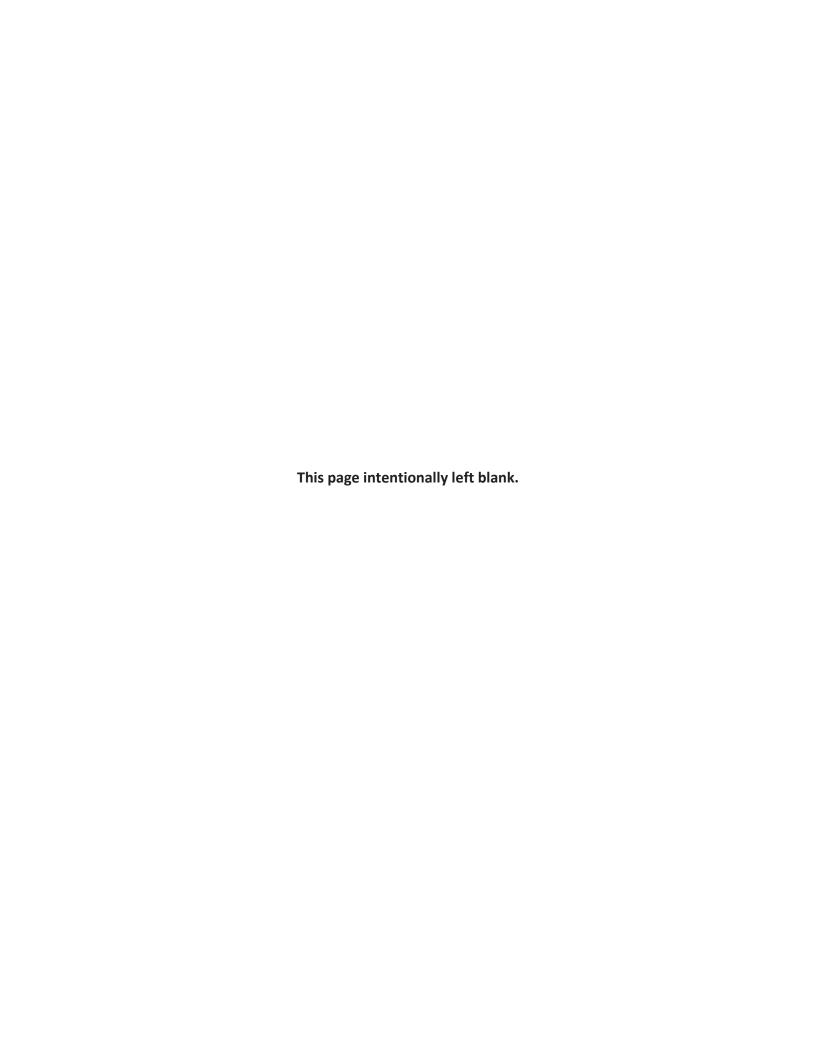
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA 84.010/84.389 Title 1 CFDA 84.410 Education Jobs
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

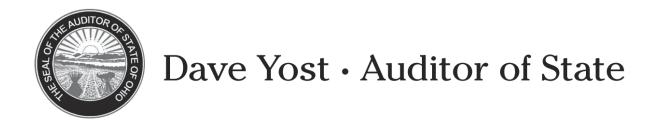
2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





INDIAN CREEK LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

JEFFERSON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 19, 2013