



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Accountants' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	13
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Investment Trust Fund	
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	
Notes to the Supplementary Information	
Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	47

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Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

North Point Educational Service Center Erie County 2900 Columbus Avenue Sandusky, Ohio 44870-5569

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Point Educational Service Center, Erie County, Ohio (the ESC), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the ESC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the ESC's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Point Educational Service Center, Erie County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2013, on our consideration of the ESC's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 www.ohioauditor.gov North Point Educational Service Center Erie County Independent Accountants' Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the ESC's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – General Fund provides additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 19, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of North Point Educational Service Center's ("the ESC") financial performance provides an overall review of the ESC's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the ESC's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the ESC's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities increased \$23,947 which represents a 0.60% increase from 2011.
- General revenues accounted for \$2,438,234 in revenue or 12.35% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$17,309,594 or 87.65% of total revenues of \$19,747,828.
- The ESC had \$19,723,881 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$17,309,594 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$2,438,234 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The ESC's only major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$19,165,391 in revenues and \$19,015,835 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2012, the general fund's fund balance increased \$149,556 from a balance of \$5,129,366 to \$5,278,922.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader may understand the ESC as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole ESC, presenting both an aggregate view of the ESC's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the ESC's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the ESC, the general fund is by far the most significant fund and is the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the ESC as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the ESC to provide programs and activities, the view of the ESC as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the ESC perform financially during 2012?" The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

These two statements report the ESC's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the ESC as a whole, the financial position of the ESC has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include increased or decreased services desired by school districts and required educational programs, among others.

In the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, the governmental activities include the ESC's programs and services, including instruction, support services, and other operations.

Reporting the ESC's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the ESC's major funds. The ESC uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions; however, these fund financial statements focus on the ESC' most significant funds. The ESC's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the ESC's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the ESC's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Reporting the ESC's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The ESC is the fiscal agent of the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association ("NOECA"), a computer consortium, and the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association. NOECA is presented as an investment trust fund. The ESC also maintains agency funds to account for monies due to other governments, individuals or private organizations. All of the ESC's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. The investment trust fund's activities for fiscal 2012 are also reported in a separate statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the ESC's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the ESC to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The ESC as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the ESC's net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

	Net Assets			
	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 7,724,500	\$ 7,472,931		
Capital assets, net	163,001	154,111		
Total assets	7,887,501	7,627,042		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	2,177,044	2,016,762		
Long-term liabilities	1,663,811	1,587,581		
Total liabilities	3,840,855	3,604,343		
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets	163,001	154,111		
Restricted	71,502	135,280		
Unrestricted	3,812,143	3,733,308		
Total net assets	\$ 4,046,646	\$ 4,022,699		

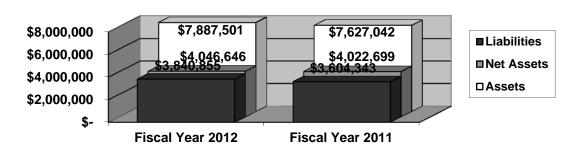
Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2012, the ESC's assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,046,646. Of this total, \$71,502 is restricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 2.07% of total assets. Capital assets include a camper building, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2012, were \$163,001. These capital assets are used to provide the ESC's services, thus net assets invested in capital assets equal to the carrying value of assets are not available for future spending.

A portion of the ESC's net assets, \$71,502, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$3,812,143 may be used to meet the ESC's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The graph that follows illustrates the governmental activities assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011.



Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 16,659,263	\$ 16,546,970
Operating grants and contributions	650,331	673,048
General revenues:		
Grants and entitlements	2,375,257	2,666,485
Investment earnings	12,341	13,335
Other	50,636	76,533
Total Revenues	19,747,828	19,976,371

6

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

	Change in	Change in Net Assets			
	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011			
Expenses					
Program expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 375,893	\$ 385,511			
Special	5,349,145	5,675,739			
Support services:					
Pupil	5,416,413	5,318,562			
Instructional staff	6,639,041	7,242,021			
Board of education	109,437	101,311			
Administration	591,260	407,466			
Fiscal	404,363	388,172			
Business	153,112	161,919			
Operations and maintenance	522,112	505,410			
Central	34,623	64,683			
Operation of non-instructional services	105,203	97,529			
Extracurricular activities	23,279	23,055			
Total Expenses	19,723,881	20,371,378			
Change in Net Assets	23,947	(395,007)			
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	4,022,699	4,417,706			
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 4,046,646	\$ 4,022,699			

Governmental Activities

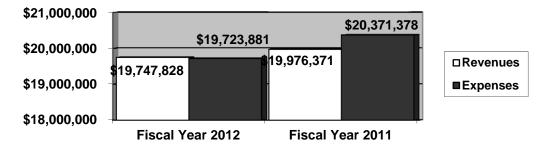
Net assets of the ESC's governmental activities increased \$23,947 due primarily to lower special instruction and instructional staff expenses during the year. Total governmental expenses of \$19,723,881 were offset by program revenues of \$17,309,594 and general revenues of \$2,438,234. Program revenues supported 87.76% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from sales and charges for services provided to other entities. This revenue source represents 84.36% of total governmental revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the ESC's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted State grants and entitlements and other general revenues not restricted to a specific program.

Governmental Activities

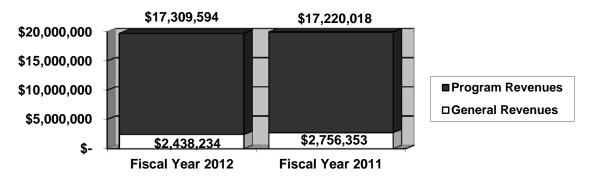
	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 375,893	\$ 218,637	\$ 385,511	\$ 208,698
Special	5,349,145	(11,390,052)	5,675,739	(10,784,920)
Support services:				
Pupil	5,416,413	5,357,264	5,318,562	5,212,763
Instructional staff	6,639,041	6,472,126	7,242,021	7,046,908
Board of education	109,437	108,262	101,311	100,114
Administration	591,260	576,273	407,466	391,517
Fiscal	404,363	384,479	388,172	328,707
Business	153,112	151,347	161,919	159,807
Operations and maintenance	522,112	509,398	505,410	483,654
Central	34,623	26,817	64,683	54,806
Operation of non-instructional services	105,203	2,692	97,529	(53,188)
Extracurricular activities	23,279	(2,956)	23,055	2,494
Total expenses	\$ 19,723,881	\$ 2,414,287	\$ 20,371,378	\$ 3,151,360

For all governmental activities, program revenue support is 87.76%. The primary support of the ESC is contracted fees for services provided to other districts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the ESC's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The ESC's Funds

The ESC's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5,350,225, which is higher than last year's balance of \$5,238,528. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2011.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011	(Decrease)
General	\$ 5,278,922	\$ 5,129,366	\$ 149,556
Other Governmental	71,303	109,162	(37,859)
Total	\$ 5,350,225	\$ 5,238,528	\$ 111,697

General Fund

The ESC's general fund balance increased by \$149,556. The decrease in earnings on investments can be attributed to interest rates on the ESC's deposits and investments and the timing of interest payments and maturity dates of the ESC's non-negotiable certificates of deposit, which are classified as cash equivalents. Charges for services provided to other entities decreased \$153,193 from fiscal year 2011, or 38.46%. The ESC received less foundation revenue from the State of Ohio during fiscal year 2012, resulting in a decrease in intergovernmental revenues of 10.90%, while other revenues, including rental income and unrestricted donations, decreased by \$35,178. Revenues derived from rentals and donations fluctuate annually due to outside factors such as demand for rentals and decisions made by donors.

Expenditures in the general fund fell 3.33% from fiscal year 2012; the largest component in this variance from the prior year was for instruction expenditures. Instruction expenditures for salaries and employee benefits during 2012 fell, offsetting slight increases for purchased services and supplies. The ESC recognized no facilities acquisition and construction expenditures during fiscal year 2012 as it had in the prior fiscal year, while expenditures for support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities remained consistent with fiscal year 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2012 Amount	2011 Amount	Difference	Percentage Change
<u>Revenues</u>				
Tuition	\$ 16,454,301	\$ 16,165,815	\$ 288,486	1.78 %
Services provided to other entities	245,132	398,325	(153,193)	(38.46) %
Earnings on investments	13,870	21,663	(7,793)	(35.97) %
Intergovernmental	2,375,483	2,665,950	(290,467)	(10.90) %
Other revenues	76,605	111,783	(35,178)	(31.47) %
Total	\$ 19,165,391	\$ 19,363,536	\$ (198,145)	(1.02) %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 5,227,740	\$ 5,674,394	\$ (446,654)	(7.87) %
Support services	13,748,161	13,822,663	(74,502)	(0.54) %
Operation on non-instructional services	16,655	15,940	715	4.49 %
Extracurricular activities	23,279	23,055	224	0.97 %
Facilities acquisition and construction		134,094	(134,094)	(100.00) %
Total	\$ 19,015,835	\$ 19,670,146	\$ (654,311)	(3.33) %

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2012, the ESC had \$163,001 invested in buildings, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows fiscal year 2012 balances compared to 2011.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
		2012		2011	
Buildings Furniture and equipment Vehicles	\$	66,300 65,338 31,363	\$	68,100 57,616 28,395	
Total	\$	163,001	\$	154,111	

The net increase in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$8,890 is attributable to current year additions of \$47,290 exceeding disposals, net, and current year depreciation of \$13,534 and \$24,866, respectively.

See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for additional information to the ESC's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 UNAUDITED

Debt

The only long-term liabilities for the ESC's governmental activities are for compensated absences. See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for detail.

Current Financial Related Activities

The North Point Educational Service Center relies heavily on contracts with local, city and exempted village school districts in a five-county area, State foundation revenue and grants. Contracts with participating districts are expected to increase in fiscal year 2013 and thereafter due to additional service requests from districts. The ESC also looks to expand services, providing fiscal, administrative and other services to entities. Currently some of those entities consist of the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association, the Bay Area Gas Consortium, the North Point Purchasing Cooperative and the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Consortium. New contracts, expanded services and the ESC's available cash will provide the funds necessary to meet future operating expenses.

One challenge that is being faced by Educational Service Centers is the legislation regarding Ohio's Regional Education Delivery System and the implementation of that system by the Ohio Department of Education. This system will directly affect the Educational Service Centers and their funding mechanism. What effect this legislation will have on future State funding and on ESC financial operations is uncertain at this time. Uncertainty with the State biennial budget and future budget cuts are also a concern.

Under State law, the County Commissioners are no longer required to provide rent-free space to ESCs. The North Point ESC Governing Board has negotiated a four-year rental agreement; however, beyond that horizon there may be a need to acquire new space or to pay significantly higher rent for the ESC's current space.

Another challenge facing the North Point Educational Service Center is current and projected declining enrollment in Erie, Huron and Ottawa Counties. State foundation funding is based on the ADM of the school districts in the counties, so the continued decline will directly impact State funding. A decline in state funding in fiscal years 2013 and 2014 may require increased billings to participating districts.

Contacting the ESC's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our local school districts, and investors and other interested parties with a general overview of the ESC's finances and to show the ESC's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Matt Bauer, Treasurer, North Point ESC, 2900 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870-5569 or by calling (419) 625-6274.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	vernmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.	\$ 7,199,576
Receivables:	40,000
	43,939
Accrued interest.	6,824
	401,920
Prepayments	72,241
Depreciable capital assets, net	 163,001
Total Assets.	 7,887,501
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	65,296
Accrued wages and benefits	1,752,744
Pension obligation payable	265,906
Intergovernmental payable	87,933
Unearned revenue.	5,165
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	290,271
Due in more than one year	 1,373,540
Total Liabilities	 3,840,855
Net Assets:	
Invested in capital assets	163,001
Permanent fund - nonexpendable	2,645
Locally funded programs	68,857
	3,812,143
Omostroiou	 5,012,145
Total Net Assets	\$ 4,046,646

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Program	Revenue	es	F	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
		C	harges for	Oper	ating Grants	G	overnmental
	Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and C	Contributions		Activities
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular \$	375,893	\$	16,000	\$	141,256	\$	(218,637)
Special	5,349,145		16,446,764		292,433		11,390,052
Support services:							
Pupil	5,416,413		57,846		1,303		(5,357,264)
Instructional staff	6,639,041		76,113		90,802		(6,472,126)
Board of education	109,437		1,175				(108,262)
Administration	591,260		5,981		9,006		(576,273)
Fiscal	404,363		3,960		15,924		(384,479)
Business	153,112		1,765				(151,347)
Operations and maintenance	522,112		12,714				(509,398)
Central	34,623		7,806				(26,817)
Operation of non-instructional services	105,203		9,521		92,990		(2,692)
Extracurricular activities	23,279		19,618		6,617		2,956
Total Governmental Activities	19,723,881	\$	16,659,263	\$	650,331		(2,414,287)
			ral Revenues: nts and entitleme	nts not re	estricted		

Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	2,375,257
Investment earnings	12,341
Miscellaneous	50,636
Total General Revenues	 2,438,234
Change in Net Assets	23,947
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	4,022,699
Net Assets at End of Year	\$ 4,046,646

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	General		Gov	Other Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
Assets:					-	
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	7,128,074	\$	71,502	\$	7,199,576
Receivables:		40.000				40.000
		43,939				43,939
		6,824				6,824
		401,920				401,920
Prepayments.	¢	72,241	¢	71 500	¢	72,241
Total Assets	\$	7,652,998	\$	71,502	\$	7,724,500
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	65,296			\$	65,296
Accrued wages and benefits.	•	1,752,744				1,752,744
Compensated absences payable		118,632				118,632
Pension obligation payable		265,906				265,906
Intergovernmental payable		87,734	\$	199		87,933
Deferred revenue		78,599				78,599
Unearned revenue		5,165				5,165
Total Liabilities		2,374,076		199		2,374,275
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepayments		72,241				72,241
Permanent fund				2,645		2,645
Restricted:						
Other purposes.				68,857		68,857
Assigned:						
Student instruction		34,488				34,488
Student and staff support		262,844				262,844
Other purposes.		64,257				64,257
Unassigned (deficit)		4,845,092	_	(199)		4,844,893
Total Fund Balances		5,278,922		71,303		5,350,225
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,652,998	\$	71,502	\$	7,724,500

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	5,350,225
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			163,001
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Total	\$ 75,738 2,861		78,599
Long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			(4 5 4 5 4 7 0)
Compensated Absences Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	<u>(1,545,179)</u> 4.046.646
		¥	.,

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Revenues: \$ 245,132 \$ 10,000 \$ 255,132 Tuition. 16,454,301 16,454,301 16,454,301 16,454,301 Earnings on investments. 13,870 13,870 16,454,301 Extracurricular. 6,309 6,309 6,309 Rental income 7,150 7,150 11,850 Other local revenues. 51,296 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - intermediate. 1,303 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - federal. 263,189 263,189 263,189 Total Revenues. 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Pupil 54,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 109,721 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 568,404 9,007 567,411 Fical 366,734 15,925 386,659 Busines		General	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Services provided to other entities. \$ 245,132 \$ 10,000 \$ 255,132 Tuition. 16,454,301 16,454,301 16,454,301 Earnings on investments. 13,870 13,870 Extracurricular. 6,309 6,309 Rental income 7,150 7,150 Contributions and donations. 11,850 11,850 Other local revenues. 51,296 51,296 Intergovernmental - state. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 263,189 263,189 263,189 Total Revenues. 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 16,655 88	Revenues:					
Tuition. 16,454,301 16,454,301 Earnings on investments. 13,870 13,870 Extracurricular. 6,309 6,309 Rental income 7,150 7,150 Contributions and donations. 11,850 11,850 Other local revenues. 51,296 51,296 Intergovernmental - intermediate. 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - State. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular. 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 92,779 6,683,924 Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff. 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 109,721 366,734 <td>From local sources:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	From local sources:					
Earnings on investments. 13,870 13,870 Extracurricular. 6,309 6,309 Rental income 7,150 7,150 Contributions and donations. 11,850 11,850 Other local revenues. 51,296 51,296 Intergovernmental - State. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 9upil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 109,721 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Business. 16,655 88,548 105,203 <td>Services provided to other entities</td> <td>\$ 245,132</td> <td>\$</td> <td>10,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>255,132</td>	Services provided to other entities	\$ 245,132	\$	10,000	\$	255,132
Extracurricular. 6,309 6,309 Rental income 7,150 7,150 Contributions and donations. 11,850 11,850 Other local revenues. 51,296 51,296 Intergovernmental - intermediate. 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - State. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 263,189 263,189 263,189 Total Revenues. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: Current: 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 7 109,721 109,721 Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 23,279	Tuition.	16,454,301				16,454,301
Rental income 7,150 7,150 Contributions and donations. 11,850 11,850 Other local revenues. 51,296 51,296 Intergovernmental - intermediate. 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Pupil 54,002,30 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. </td <td>Earnings on investments.</td> <td>13,870</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>13,870</td>	Earnings on investments.	13,870				13,870
Contributions and donations. 11,850 11,850 Other local revenues. 51,296 51,296 Intergovernmental - intermediate. 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - State. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Total Revenues. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 178,326 212,769 391,095 Current: Instruction: 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 7400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 23,279 23,279 23,279	Extracurricular	6,309				6,309
Other local revenues. 51,296 51,296 Intergovernmental - intermediate. 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - State. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 263,189 263,189 263,189 Total Revenues. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Current: Instruction: 8 263,189 263,189 263,189 Pupil 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 59,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 9 109,721 109,721 109,721 Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 118,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 15,925 385,659 Business 164,814 164,814 164,814 164,814 164,814 164,814 164,814	Rental income	7,150				7,150
Intergovernmental - intermediate. 1,303 1,303 Intergovernmental - State. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Total Revenues. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Current: Instruction: 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 9upil 1,303 5,401,533 Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenace 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 18,655 88,	Contributions and donations	11,850				11,850
Intergovernmental - State. 2,375,483 400,430 2,775,913 Intergovernmental - federal. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 709,721 90,721 109,721 Pupil 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 368,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697	Other local revenues.	51,296				51,296
Intergovernmental - federal. 263,189 263,189 Total Revenues. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 1 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Current: Instruction: Regular. 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 9upil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 5,129,	Intergovernmental - intermediate			1,303		1,303
Intergovernmental - federal. 263,189 263,189 Total Revenues. 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Expenditures: 1 19,165,391 674,922 19,840,313 Current: Instruction: Regular. 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 9upil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 5,129,	Intergovernmental - State.	2,375,483		400,430		2,775,913
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular				263,189		263,189
Current: Instruction: Regular 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Total Revenues.	 19,165,391		674,922		19,840,313
Instruction: Regular	•					
Regular 178,326 212,769 391,095 Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 23,279 Total Expenditures 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528						
Special 5,049,414 292,450 5,341,864 Support services: Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operations of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 23,279 Total Expenditures 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528						
Support services: 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Regular					
Pupil 5,400,230 1,303 5,401,533 Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528		5,049,414		292,450		5,341,864
Instructional staff 6,591,145 92,779 6,683,924 Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Support services:					
Board of education 109,721 109,721 Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Pupil	, ,		,		
Administration 558,404 9,007 567,411 Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Instructional staff	6,591,145		92,779		6,683,924
Fiscal 369,734 15,925 385,659 Business. 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Board of education	109,721				109,721
Business. 164,814 164,814 Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Administration	558,404		9,007		567,411
Operations and maintenance 519,466 519,466 Central 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Fiscal	369,734		15,925		385,659
Central 34,647 34,647 Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Business	164,814				164,814
Operation of non-instructional services 16,655 88,548 105,203 Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 111,697 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Operations and maintenance	519,466				519,466
Extracurricular activities 23,279 23,279 Total Expenditures 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Central	34,647				34,647
Total Expenditures. 19,015,835 712,781 19,728,616 Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Operation of non-instructional services	16,655		88,548		105,203
Net Change in Fund Balances. 149,556 (37,859) 111,697 Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Extracurricular activities	23,279				23,279
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year 5,129,366 109,162 5,238,528	Total Expenditures.	 19,015,835		712,781		19,728,616
	Net Change in Fund Balances	149,556		(37,859)		111,697
Fund Balances at End of Year \$ 5,278,922 \$ 71,303 \$ 5,350,225						
	Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 5,278,922	\$	71,303	\$	5,350,225

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	111,697
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	,	7,290 4,866 <u>)</u>	22,424
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.			(13,534)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Services provided to other entities Tuition Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Miscellaneous Total	(6 ((20	2,004) 1,625) 1,529) 6,476) 8,317	(53,317)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Increase in Compensated Absences			(43,323)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$	23,947

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	Investment Trust		Agency		
Assets: Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,487,240	\$	7,324,672	
Receivables: Accounts				209,433 43,097 98,871 3,094	
Total Assets.	\$	1,487,240	\$	7,679,167	
Liabilities: Accounts payable			\$	14,541 1,021,282 6,643,344	
Total Liabilities			\$	7,679,167	
Net Assets: Net assets available for pool participants Total Net Assets	\$ \$	1,487,240 1,487,240			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS INVESTMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Investment Trust		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	3,562	
Distributions paid to participants.		(3,562)	
Share transactions: Purchase of units		2,678,232 (2,501,618)	
Net increase in net assets and shares resulting from share transactions.		176,614	
Change in Net Assets.		176,614	
Net Assets at Beginning of Year		1,310,626	
Net Assets at End of Year	\$	1,487,240	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE ESC

North Point Educational Service Center (the "ESC") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the Constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The ESC is an Educational Service Center as defined by Section 3311.05 of the Ohio Revised Code. The ESC operates under an elected Governing Board of Education (thirteen members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the local school districts that it services.

The ESC is the result of the July 1, 1997, merger of the Erie County Educational Service Center and the Ottawa County Educational Service Center, the July 1, 1999, merger of the Erie-Ottawa Educational Service Center and the Huron County Educational Service Center, and the July 1, 2008 merger of the Erie-Huron-Ottawa Educational Service Center and the Sandusky County Educational Service Center, under the authority of the Ohio Revised Code Section 3311.053 and 3311.054 and resolutions made by the Governing Boards.

The ESC is staffed by 170 certified employees and 110 classified employees.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the ESC have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The ESC also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The ESC's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the ESC. For the ESC, this includes general operations, preschool and student related activities of the ESC.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the ESC is financially accountable. The ESC is financially accountable for an organization if the ESC appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the ESC is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the ESC is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the ESC is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the ESC is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the ESC in that the ESC approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the ESC has no component units.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the ESC:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Bay Area Council of Governments

The Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG) is a jointly governed organization. Members of the BACG consist of numerous school districts representing 7 counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood and Crawford). The BACG was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The items currently being purchased through the council of governments are natural gas and insurance. The only cost to the ESC is an administrative charge if it participates in purchasing through the BACG. The membership of BACG consists of the superintendent of each participating school district. The Board of Directors of the BACG consists of one elected representative of each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and two non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent). Members of the Board serve staggered two-year terms. The ESC serves as fiscal agent for the BACG. The ESC made no payments to BACG during fiscal year 2012. Financial activity for fiscal year 2012 is reported in the basic financial statements as an agency fund.

Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association

The Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA) is a jointly governed organization, which is a computer consortium. NOECA is an association of numerous public school districts formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The NOECA Board of Directors consists of two representatives from each county in which participating school districts are located, the chairman of each of the operating committees and a representative from the fiscal agent. The ESC serves as fiscal agent for NOECA. Financial activity for 2012 is reported in the basic financial statements as an investment trust fund. The ESC paid NOECA \$52,520 in fiscal year 2012 its services.

North Point Purchasing Cooperative

The North Point Purchasing Cooperative (the "Cooperative") is composed of 15 school districts in four counties. The purpose of the Cooperative is to obtain competitive prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the Cooperative; currently there are no fees assessed to the members. There are nine Directors elected from the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the Cooperative forfeits its claim to any and all Cooperative assets. Sixty days notice is necessary prior to withdrawal from the group; during this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. To obtain further information regarding the Cooperative, contact the North Point Purchasing Cooperative, Matt Bauer, who serves as Administrator, at 2900 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

<u>Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan</u> The ESC participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool.

The Executive Director of the OASBO, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school district pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association

The Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (the "Association") is a public entity risk pool comprised of numerous districts. The Association assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district and the program administrator. The Association is governed by a Board of Directors chosen from the general membership. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the Board. On January 1, 2006, the ESC became fiscal agent for the Association. Financial activity for 2012 is reported in the basic financial statements as an agency fund. This financial activity does not include federal securities for which the treasurer of the EHOVE Career Center is the custodian.

B. Fund Accounting

The ESC uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The ESC does not have any proprietary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the ESC's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the ESC are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, privatepurpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the ESC under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the ESC's own programs. The ESC's trust fund is an investment trust fund which accounts for monies held by the ESC as fiscal agent for NOECA. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The ESC's agency funds account for various resources held for other organizations and individuals.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the ESC as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the ESC. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the ESC.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the ESC are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the ESC. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting by fund type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the ESC, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the ESC receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlements and donations.

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the ESC must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the ESC on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: tuition, grants and contract services.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the ESC is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the ESC's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price at which the investment could be sold on June 30, 2012.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Governing Board has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$13,870, which includes \$1,545 assigned from other ESC funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the ESC are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the ESC's investment account at fiscal year end is provided in Note 4.

F. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The ESC's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. The ESC does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Building/improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the ESC consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the ESC and the employee.

Covernmentel

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if (a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and (b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for severance is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

H. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the governmentwide financial statements. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as liabilities in the fund statements when due.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

I. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the ESC is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable in the general fund.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the ESC Governing Board (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the ESC Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the ESC for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the ESC Governing Board, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The ESC applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

J. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets restricted for other purposes consist of monies restricted for use by the special rotary fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The ESC had no net assets restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The ESC applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

K. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal yearend, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the funds balance is nonspendable on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying amount of the asset.

L. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

N. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Governing Board and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2012.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2012, the ESC has implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "<u>OPEB</u> <u>Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans</u>", and GASB Statement No. 64, "<u>Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination</u> <u>Provisions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 53</u>".

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 57 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the ESC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 64 clarifies the circumstances in which a hedge accounting should continue when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the ESC.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2012 included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor fund	De	eficit
Public school preschool	\$	199

The general fund is liable for the deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The ESC maintains a cash and investment pool used by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". Statutes require the classification of monies held by the ESC into three categories, as follows.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the ESC treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Governing Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the ESC's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the ESC and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the ESC had \$43 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the ESC as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of all ESC deposits was \$6,912,520. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosure</u>", as of June 30, 2012, \$3,197,933 of the ESC's bank balance of \$6,697,933 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$3,500,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the ESC's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the ESC. The ESC has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the ESC to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the ESC had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Matur		tment Maturity			
	_			6	months or	
Investment type	Fair Value		_	less		
STAR Ohio	\$	9,098,925	_	\$	9,098,925	

Interest Rate Risk is the possibility that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the ESC's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk is the possibility that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The ESC's investments in STAR Ohio were assigned an AAAm money market rating by Standard & Poor's. The ESC's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the ESC to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the ESC will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The ESC's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The ESC places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the ESC at June 30, 2012:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Investment type	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 9,098,925	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2012:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 6,912,520
Investments	9,098,925
Cash on hand	43
Total	\$ 16,011,488

Cash and investments per statement of net assets	
Governmental activities	\$ 7,199,576
Investment trust	1,487,240
Agency funds	 7,324,672
Total	\$ 16,011,488

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of accounts (charges for individual tuition and other services) accrued interest and intergovernmental (billings to school districts for user charged services). All receivables are considered collectible in full. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:	
Accounts	\$ 43,939
Accrued interest	6,824
Intergovernmental	401,920
Total	\$ 452,683

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - STATE FUNDING

The ESC is funded by the State Board of Education from State funds for the cost of Part (A) of the budget.

Part (B) of the budget is funded in the following way: \$6.50 times the Average Daily Membership (ADM-the total number of pupils under the ESC's supervision) is apportioned by the State Board of Education from the local school districts to which the ESC provides services from payments made under the State's foundation program. Simultaneously, \$40.52 times the sum of the ADM is paid by the State Board of Education from State funds to the ESC.

If additional funding is required and if a majority of the boards of education of the participating school districts approve, the cost of Part (B) of the budget that is in excess of \$43.50 times ADM approved by the State Board of Education is apportioned to the participating school districts through reductions in their State foundation. The State Board of Education initiates and supervises the procedure by which the participating boards approve or disapprove the apportionment. The local school districts to which the ESC provides services have agreed to pay a per pupil amount to provide additional funding for services provided by the ESC, \$9.50 per pupil for school districts located in Erie County and \$6.50 for school districts located in Huron, Ottawa, and Sandusky Counties.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/11	Balance 06/30/12		
<i>Capital assets, being depreciated:</i> Buildings Furniture and equipment	\$ 90,000 285,490	\$ 26,317		\$ 90,000 311,807
Vehicles	43,249	20,973	\$ (22,117)	42,105
Total capital assets, being depreciated	418,739	47,290	(22,117)	443,912
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings	(21,900)	(1,800)		(23,700)
Furniture and equipment	(227,874)	(18,595)		(246,469)
Vehicles	(14,854)	(4,471)	8,583	(10,742)
Total accumulated depreciation	(264,628)	(24,866)	8,583	(280,911)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 154,111	\$ 22,424	\$ (13,534)	\$ 163,001

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,800
Special	1,597
Support services:	
Instructional staff	12,391
Fiscal	627
Business	3,980
Operations and maintenance	4,471
Total depreciation expense	\$24,866

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The ESC's long-term obligations at fiscal year end consist of the following:

	Balance Outstanding			Balance Outstanding	Amounts Due in
	06/30/11	Additions	Reductions	06/30/12	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 1,587,581	\$424,708	\$ (348,478)	\$ 1,663,811	\$290,271

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which is primarily the general fund.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

- A. The ESC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the ESC has contracted with various insurance commercial carriers to provide insurance coverage for the following risks:
 - Commercial property
 - Inland marine
 - Business liability
 - Business personal property
 - Business auto
 - Education liability

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Employee Health Benefits

The ESC provides employee health care benefits through the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The ESC has contracted with the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (Association) to provide medical/surgical, dental, and life insurance benefits for its employees and their covered dependents. The Association is a shared risk pool comprised of 13 school districts that provide public education within Erie and Huron Counties. The school districts pay monthly contributions that are placed in a common fund from which eligible claims and expenses are paid for employees of participating school districts and their covered dependents. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow.

In the event of withdrawal, the ESC shall assume and be responsible for payment of all claims of its eligible employees, families, and dependents from the effective date of withdrawal, regardless of when such claims were incurred, processed, or presented to the Association, insurance provider, insurance consultant, or any other appropriate or authorized person or representative; provided further, any such claims, which are paid after the effective date of withdrawal by the Association insurance provider or insurance consultant, or charged to such parties, shall be reimbursed in full by any withdrawing member upon demand of the Association.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The ESC participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the ESC by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. Participants in the Plan are placed on tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for its Plan tier rather than its individual rate. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts than can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniServe, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, assistance with safety programs and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The ESC contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <u>www.ohsers.org</u>, under *"Employers/Audit Resources"*.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the ESC is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current ESC rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the ESC's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2012, 12.65 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The ESC's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$449,959, \$459,881 and \$519,985, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The ESC participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The ESC was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The ESC's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$1,258,968, \$1,313,583 and \$1,276,459, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$106,180 made by the ESC and \$75,843 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2012, certain members of the Governing Board have elected Social Security. The ESC's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The ESC participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code, Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 (latest information available) was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The ESC's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$83,331, \$144,973 and \$84,551, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The ESC's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$26,572, \$29,594 and \$30,922, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The ESC contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The ESC's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$96,844, \$101,045 and \$98,189, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012, 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The ESC receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the ESC. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the ESC.

B. Litigation

The ESC is party to legal proceedings. The ESC's management is unable to determine if the outcome of these claims and legal proceedings will have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the ESC.

NOTE 13 - EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The ESC serves as fiscal agent for Northern Ohio Educational Association (NOECA) which is a legally separate entity. The ESC pools the monies of NOECA with the ESC's for investment purposes. Investments are not specifically purchased in the name of NOECA. The investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The fair value of investments is determined annually. NOECA is allocated a pro rata share of each investment at fair value along with a pro rata share of the interest that it earns based upon its fund balance to the entire ESC's fund balance.

During fiscal year 2012, investments of the ESC were limited to investments in STAR Ohio. The investment in STAR Ohio is valued at amounts reported by the State Treasurer and is an unclassified investment since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The statement of net assets and statement of changes in net assets for the external investment trust fund has been reported in the basic financial statements. Condensed financial information for the ESC's investment pool follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL - (Continued)

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012		
Assets Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Accrued interest receivable	\$ 16,	011,488 49,921
Total assets	\$ 16,	061,409
Net assets held in trust for pool participants Internal portion External portion		574,169 487,240
Total net assets held in trust for pool participants	\$ 16,	061,409
Statement of Changes in Net Assets For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012		
Additions Interest Capital transactions		128,670 235,908
Total additions		364,578
Deductions Distributions to participants Capital transactions		84,708 291,017
Total deductions		375,725
Change in net assets Net assets, beginning of year	16,	(11,147) 072,556
Net assets, end of year	\$ 16,	061,409

NOTE 14 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The ESC utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the ESC's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
Fund	Encumbrances
General	\$ 299,582

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			l Amou	ints		Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:		•				`	.
From local sources:							
Tuition.	\$	15,570,000	\$	15,555,000	\$ 16,264,584	\$	709,584
Earnings on investments		22,000		15,000	12,948		(2,052)
Rental income		15,000		9,000	7,475		(1,525)
Contributions and donations		000 500		400 500	500		500
		220,500		133,500	202,570		69,070
Other local revenues		70,200		60,200	57,031		(3,169)
Intergovernmental - state	-	2,385,000		2,385,000	 2,375,483		(9,517)
Total Revenues		18,282,700		18,157,700	 18,920,591		762,891
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		233,681		233,681	142,675		91,006
Special		6,046,222		5,995,493	5,024,789		970,704
Pupil		5,718,202		5,729,124	5,291,703		437,421
Instructional staff		8,871,678		8,586,571	6,789,242		1,797,329
Board of education		143,767		182,221	178,100		4,121
Administration		619,236		642,405	555,255		87,150
Fiscal		395,317		466,207	369,371		96,836
Business		175,906		187,015	168,590		18,425
Operations and maintenance		540,361		592,273	413,792		178,481
Central		26,579		26,579	22,645		3,934
Facilities acquisition and construction		174,298		174,298	142,799		31,499
Total Expenditures		22,945,247		22,815,867	 19,098,961		3,716,906
Excess of Expenditures Over							
Revenues		(4,662,547)		(4,658,167)	 (178,370)		4,479,797
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures		20,000		20,000	19,226		(774)
Refund of prior year's receipts.		20,000		(6,875)	(6,875)		(11)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		20,000		13,125	 12,351		(774)
		(((100.0.5)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(4,642,547)		(4,645,042)	(166,019)		4,479,023
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		6,475,676		6,475,676	6,475,676		
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		415,041		415,041	 415,041		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,248,170	\$	2,245,675	\$ 6,724,698	\$	4,479,023

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

There are no budgetary requirements for Educational Service Centers identified in the Ohio Revised Code nor does the State Department of Education specify any budgetary guidelines to be followed.

The ESC's Board budgets for resources estimated to be received during the fiscal year. The estimated revenues may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as both the original budgeted amounts and the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary schedules reflect the amounts of the estimated revenues in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The ESC's Board adopts an annual appropriations resolution, which is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The level of control has been established by the Board at the fund and function level for all funds. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

Throughout the fiscal year, appropriations may be amended or supplemented as circumstances warrant. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary schedule reflect the amounts on the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including encumbered amount automatically carried forward from the prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts on the budgetary schedule represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The schedule of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis); and,
- (c) In order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	neral fund
Budget basis	\$	(166,019)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		186,852
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(165,209)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(12,351)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(30,384)
Adjustment for encumbrances		336,667
GAAP basis	\$	149,556

Certain funds that are budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund and the special rotary fund.

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Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

North Point Educational Service Center Erie County 2900 Columbus Avenue Sandusky, Ohio 44870-5569

To the Governing Board:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Point Educational Service Center, Erie County, Ohio (the ESC), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the ESC's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 19, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the ESC's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the ESC's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the ESC's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the ESC's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 www.ohioauditor.gov North Point Educational Service Center Erie County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the ESC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the audit committee, the Governing Board, and others within the ESC. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

June 19, 2013



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

NORTH POINT EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER

ERIE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED JULY 9, 2013

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov