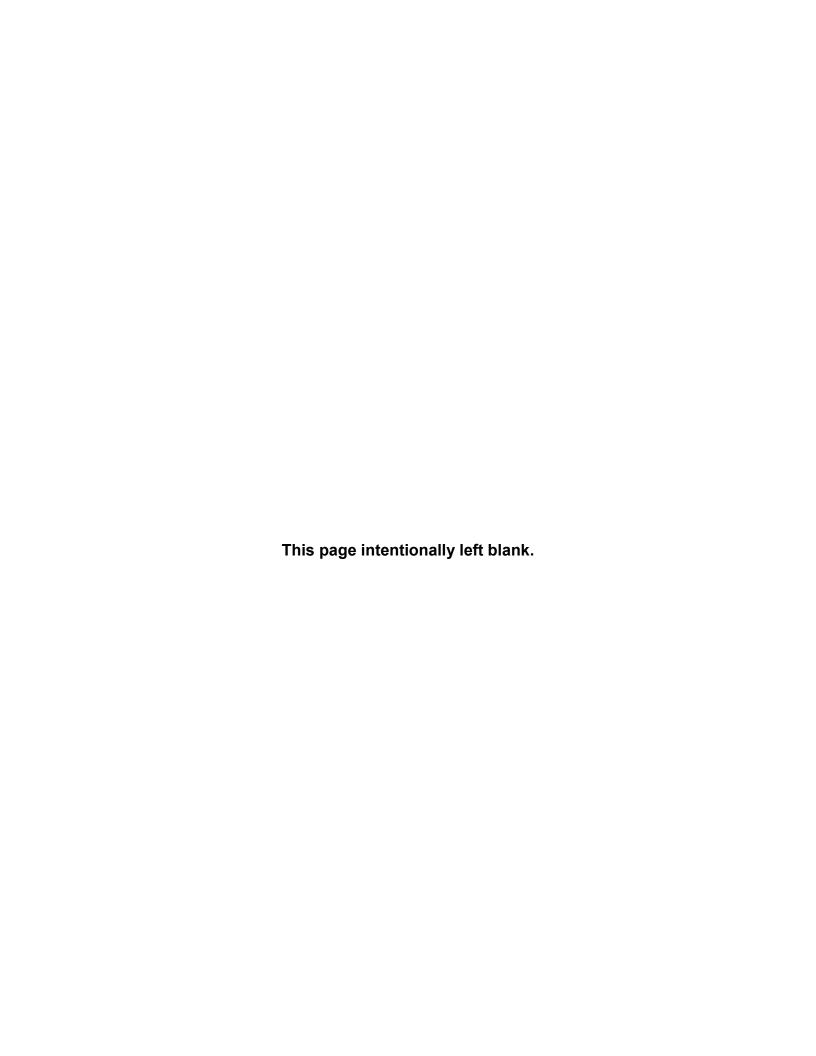




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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Sandy Valley Local School District Stark County 5362 State Route 183 NE Magnolia, Ohio 44643

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sandy Valley Local School District, Stark County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sandy Valley Local School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. While we did not opine on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance, that report describes the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. You should read it in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Sandy Valley Local School District Stark County Independent Accountants Report Page 2

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include Management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any other assurance.

We conducted our audit to opine on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The federal awards receipts and expenditure schedule provides additional information required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The federal awards receipts and expenditure schedule is management's responsibility, and as derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This schedule was subject to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 14, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The management's discussion and analysis of the Sandy Valley Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- In total, net assets of governmental activities decreased \$514,828 which represents a 1.68% decrease from 2011.
- General revenues accounted for \$11,581,363 in revenue or 73.93% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,084,285 or 26.07% of total revenues of \$15,665,648.
- The District had \$16,180,476 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,084,285 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$11,581,363 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund. The general fund had \$12,469,640 in revenues and other financing sources and \$12,094,785 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2012, the general fund's fund balance increased \$374,855 from \$1,210,580 to \$1,585,435.
- The bond retirement fund had \$746,738 in revenues and \$826,231 in expenditures. During fiscal 2012, the bond retirement fund's fund balance decreased \$79,493 from \$636,714 to \$557,221.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net assets and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and bond retirement fund are the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2012?" The statement of net assets and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in those assets. This change in net assets is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations. The District's statement of net assets and statement of activities can be found on pages 13 - 14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity, or fiduciary, as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets on page 20. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 50 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net assets provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net assets for 2012 and 2011.

Net Assets

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$ 9,595,675	\$ 8,894,540
Capital assets, net	39,077,065	39,445,434
Total assets	48,672,740	48,339,974
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	6,261,748	5,944,305
Long-term liabilities	12,318,403	11,788,252
Total liabilities	18,580,151	17,732,557
Net assets		
Invested in capital		
assets, net of related debt	27,856,069	27,858,510
Restricted	1,128,050	1,553,708
Unrestricted	1,108,470	1,195,199
Total net assets	\$ 30,092,589	\$ 30,607,417

Over time, net assets can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2012, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$30,092,589. Of this total, \$1,108,470 was unrestricted in its use.

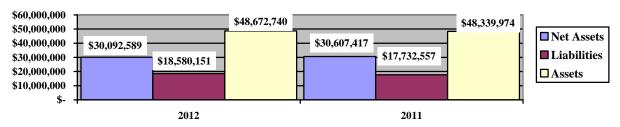
At year-end, capital assets represented 80.29% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2012, were \$27,856,069. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net assets, \$1,128,050, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets of \$1,108,470 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities and net assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net assets for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,274,968	\$ 1,084,485		
Operating grants and contributions	2,763,406	2,467,771		
Capital grants and contributions	45,911	-		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	3,816,052	4,770,967		
Grants and entitlements	7,664,301	8,375,697		
Investment earnings	9,091	35,128		
Other	91,919	119,871		
Total revenues	15,665,648	16,853,919		
		- Continued		

Continued

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Change in Net Assets (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 5,771,866	\$ 6,030,036		
Special	1,856,036	2,346,573		
Vocational	799,056	423,656		
Adult education	-	8,169		
Other	506,690	694,338		
Support services:				
Pupil	1,159,373	1,134,078		
Instructional staff	225,033	222,478		
Board of education	13,965	11,894		
Administration	1,179,756	1,412,167		
Fiscal	398,078	400,549		
Business	116,081	85,508		
Operations and maintenance	1,183,379	1,140,356		
Pupil transportation	1,020,520	998,591		
Central	8,168	32,549		
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	808,501	770,038		
Other non-instructional services	52,309	54,620		
Extracurricular activities	537,993	506,116		
Interest and fiscal charges	543,672	541,343		
Total expenses	16,180,476	16,813,059		
Change in net assets	(514,828)	40,860		
Net assets at beginning of year	30,607,417	30,566,557		
Net assets at end of year	\$ 30,092,589	\$ 30,607,417		

Governmental Activities

Net assets of the District's governmental activities decreased \$514,828. Total governmental expenses of \$16,180,476 were offset by program revenues of \$4,084,285 and general revenues of \$11,581,363. Program revenues supported 25.24% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 73.28% of total governmental revenue.

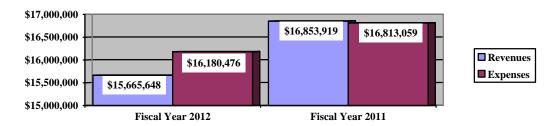
The District's revenue decreased approximately \$1.2 million in fiscal year 2012. This was due to State funding cuts and also the District having less taxes available as an advance from the County Auditors when compared to the prior fiscal year. In order to compensate for this decrease in revenue, the District cut expenses by approximately \$633,000 during fiscal year 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,933,648 or 55.21% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2012.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

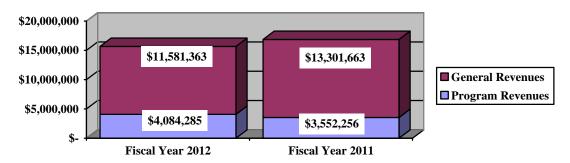
	Total Cost of Services 2012		N	Net Cost of Services 2012		Total Cost of Services 2011		Net Cost of Services 2011
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,771,866	\$	4,484,647	\$	6,030,036	\$	4,799,150
Special		1,856,036		802,007		2,346,573		1,767,740
Vocational		799,056		614,655		423,656		234,301
Adult education		-		-		8,169		7,876
Other		506,690		399,693		694,338		525,568
Support services:								
Pupil		1,159,373		1,028,585		1,134,078		1,090,353
Instructional staff		225,033		183,653		222,478		195,118
Board of education		13,965		13,965		11,894		11,894
Administration		1,179,756		1,105,199		1,412,167		1,021,208
Fiscal		398,078		389,107		400,549		400,549
Business		116,081		116,081		85,508		85,508
Operations and maintenance		1,183,379		1,074,327		1,140,356		1,129,316
Pupil transportation		1,020,520		942,710		998,591		957,427
Central		8,168		8,168		32,549		32,549
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		808,501		38,666		770,038		60,639
Other non-instructional services		52,309		(10,688)		54,620		7,230
Extracurricular activities		537,993		361,744		506,116		393,034
Interest and fiscal charges		543,672	_	543,672		541,343	_	541,343
Total expenses	\$	16,180,476	\$	12,096,191	\$	16,813,059	\$	13,260,803

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 70.53% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 74.76%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,632,009, which is less than last year's total of \$2,774,041. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase (Decrease)	
	<u>June 30, 2012</u>	June 30, 2011		
Major funds:				
General	\$ 1,585,435	\$ 1,210,580	\$ 374,855	
Bond retirement	557,221	636,714	(79,493)	
Other governmental	489,353	926,747	(437,394)	
Total	\$ 2,632,009	\$ 2,774,041	\$ (142,032)	

General Fund

The District's general fund's fund balance increased \$374,855. The increase in fund balance can be attributed to decreasing expenditures outpacing decreasing revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2012	2011	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 3,023,800	\$ 3,761,323	(19.61) %
Tuition	622,603	516,878	20.45 %
Earnings on investments	9,389	53,862	(82.57) %
Intergovernmental	8,465,146	8,408,968	0.67 %
Other revenues	338,170	274,271	23.30 %
Total	<u>\$ 12,459,108</u>	\$ 13,015,302	(4.27) %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 7,504,882	\$ 7,893,902	(4.93) %
Support services	4,269,452	4,442,209	(3.89) %
Extracurricular activities	320,451	319,111	0.42 %
Total	<u>\$ 12,094,785</u>	\$ 12,655,222	(4.43) %

The decrease in tax revenue is due to a decrease in the amounts available as an advance from the County Auditors when compared to the prior fiscal year. Tuition revenue increased due to more revenue received from open enrollment. Interest revenue decreased due to the low interest rates present during fiscal year 2012. While the percentage increase in other revenue was 23.30% from 2011 to 2012, other revenue represents less than 3% of all general fund revenue. All other revenues remained consistent with the prior year.

Expenditures decreased 4.43% from fiscal year 2011. This is due to cuts made in order to cope with the decrease in revenue.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$746,738 in revenues and \$826,231 in expenditures. During fiscal 2012, the bond retirement fund's fund balance decreased \$79,493 from \$636,714 to \$557,221. This decrease is due to the District's debt service expenditures exceeding bond levy receipts during fiscal year 2012.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2012, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,204,180 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were increased to \$13,116,527. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2012 was \$13,120,827. This represents a \$4,300 increase from final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$13,197,285 were decreased to \$12,751,912 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2012 totaled \$12,396,530, which was \$355,382 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2012, the District had \$39,077,065 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal 2012 balances compared to 2011:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2012	2011			
Land	\$ 1,248,658	\$ 1,248,658			
Land improvements	459,638	507,173			
Building and improvements	36,470,040	37,258,811			
Furniture and equipment	210,433	86,408			
Vehicles	688,296	344,384			
Total	\$ 39,077,065	\$ 39,445,434			

Total additions to capital assets for 2012 were \$598,909. The total depreciation expense for 2012 was \$967,278.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$11,502,770 in general obligation bonds and tax anticipation notes outstanding. Of this total, \$424,200 is due within one year and \$11,078,570 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and notes outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2012	Governmental Activities 2011
General obligation bonds Tax anticipation note	\$ 11,131,770 371,000	\$ 11,401,424
Total	\$ 11,502,770	\$ 11,401,424

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Current Financial Related Activities

The District partnered with the Ohio School Facility Commission and completed new K-12 buildings in January of 2009. The District is well positioned from a facility standpoint.

Financially, the District is currently projecting expenditures to exceed revenues for fiscal years 2013 through 2017. The District ended fiscal year 2012 with a carryover, unencumbered cash balance of \$2,913,966. Based on current projections, the District will need to address deficit balances in fiscal years 2016 and 2017. Addressing the deficits will be very challenging for the District's management team. The District collects property tax revenue from Stark, Carroll, and Tuscarawas Counties. Stark County is currently completing its 2012 reappraisal process. Based on current estimates, the District is expected to lose approximately \$10 million in assessed valuation. One mill will generate approximately \$10,000 less as a result of the 2012 reappraisal.

Another issue facing the District is the State Foundation Funding Program. The State's current funding model is expected to change for the next Biennial Budget starting in July 2013. No information has been made available to districts. With the current economic environment, the District's management does not assume that the new funding formula will provide any additional Foundation funding than what is currently being received.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Darryl Woolf, Treasurer, Sandy Valley Local School District, 5362 State Route 183 NE, Magnolia, Ohio 44643.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	¢ 4.942.765
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,842,765
Cash with escrow agent	32,625
Taxes	4,401,322
Accounts.	17,513
Intergovernmental	103,249
Accrued interest	1,672
Prepayments	9,445
Materials and supplies inventory	9,515
Unamortized bond issuance costs	177,569
Capital assets:	177,505
Land	1,248,658
Depreciable capital assets, net	37,828,407
Capital assets, net	39,077,065
Capital assets, net	37,077,003
Total assets	48,672,740
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	213,814
Retainage payable	32,625
Accrued wages and benefits	1,289,123
Pension obligation payable	266,042
Intergovernmental payable	89,826
Accrued interest payable	39,822
Unearned revenue	4,330,496
Long-term liabilities:	.,,,,,,,,,
Due within one year	620,067
Due in more than one year	11,698,336
Zue in more unun one yeur.	11,000,000
Total liabilities	18,580,151
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net	
of related debt	27,856,069
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	47,345
Classroom facilities maintenance	243,211
Debt service	582,840
State funded programs	29,593
Federally funded programs	1,030
Student activities	98,666
Other purposes	125,365
Unrestricted	1,108,470
Total net assets	\$ 30,092,589

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net (Expense)

					ram Revenues			(evenue and Changes in Net Assets
			charges for		rating Grants	_	ital Grants		overnmental
	Expenses	Serv	ices and Sales	and (Contributions	and C	ontributions		Activities
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 5,771,866	\$	583,696	\$	703,523	\$	-	\$	(4,484,647)
Special	1,856,036		66,667		987,362		-		(802,007)
Vocational	799,056		-		184,401		-		(614,655)
Other	506,690		95,048		11,949		-		(399,693)
Support services:									
Pupil	1,159,373		70,090		60,698		-		(1,028,585)
Instructional staff	225,033		-		41,380		-		(183,653)
Board of education	13,965		-		-		-		(13,965)
Administration	1,179,756		-		74,557		-		(1,105,199)
Fiscal	398,078		-		8,971		-		(389,107)
Business	116,081		-		-		-		(116,081)
Operations and maintenance	1,183,379		46,435		16,706		45,911		(1,074,327)
Pupil transportation	1,020,520		12,228		65,582		-		(942,710)
Central	8,168		-		-		-		(8,168)
Operation of non-instructional services:									
Food service operations	808,501		241,896		527,939		-		(38,666)
Other non-instructional services	52,309		-		62,997		-		10,688
Extracurricular activities	537,993		158,908		17,341		-		(361,744)
Interest and fiscal charges	543,672								(543,672)
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,180,476	\$	1,274,968	\$	2,763,406	\$	45,911		(12,096,191)
		Prop	neral revenues:	ed for:					2 000 520
			eneral purposes						3,008,530
			ebt service						635,161
			lassroom facilit						50,558
			ermanent impro						121,803
			nts and entitlem						7.664.201
			specific progra						7,664,301
			estment earning						9,091
		M1S	cellaneous						91,919
		Tota	al general reven	ues					11,581,363
		Cha	nge in net asset	s					(514,828)
		Net	assets at begin	ning o	of year				30,607,417
		Net	assets at end o	f year				\$	30,092,589

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	General	R	Bond Retirement	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	 -		-				-
Equity in pooled cash							
and cash equivalents	\$ 3,257,791	\$	504,405	\$	1,080,569	\$	4,842,765
Cash with escrow agent	-		· -		32,625		32,625
Receivables:					ŕ		ŕ
Taxes	3,532,996		664,684		203,642		4,401,322
Accounts	17,179		_		334		17,513
Intergovernmental	18,647		-		84,602		103,249
Accrued interest	1,672		_		_		1,672
Interfund loans	45,000		_		13,733		58,733
Prepayments	9,445		_		-		9,445
Materials and supplies inventory	-		_		9,515		9,515
Total assets	\$ 6,882,730	\$	1,169,089	\$	1,425,020	\$	9,476,839
	 0,002,700		1,100,000		1,.20,020		3,.70,003
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 87,129	\$	_	\$	126,685	\$	213,814
Retainage payable	_		_		32,625	·	32,625
Accrued wages and benefits	1,137,813		_		151,310		1,289,123
Compensated absences payable	119,176		_		-		119,176
Pension obligation payable	235,087		_		30,955		266,042
Interfund loans payable	233,007		_		58,733		58,733
Intergovernmental payable	85,551		_		4,275		89,826
Deferred revenue	336,289		64,529		44,177		444,995
Unearned revenue	3,296,250		547,339		486,907		4,330,496
Total liabilities	 5,297,295		611,868	-	935,667		6,844,830
Total habilities.	 3,271,273		011,000		755,007		0,044,030
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Materials and supplies inventory	_		_		9,515		9,515
Prepaids	9,445		_				9,445
Restricted:	>,						>,
Debt service	_		557,221		_		557,221
Capital improvements	_		-		47,345		47,345
Classroom facilities maintenance	_		_		238,107		238,107
Food service operations	_		_		139,560		139,560
Non-public schools	_		_		29,218		29,218
Extracurricular	_		_		98,666		98,666
Other purposes	_		_		3,903		3,903
Assigned:					3,703		3,703
Student instruction	124,308		_		_		124,308
Student and staff support	118,487		_				118,487
Extracurricular activities	100,407		_				100,407
Subsequent year appropriations	1,333,095		_		_		1,333,095
	1,555,095		-		(76.061)		
Unassigned (deficit)	 -		-		(76,961)		(76,961)
Total fund balances	 1,585,435		557,221		489,353		2,632,009
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,882,730	\$	1,169,089	\$	1,425,020	\$	9,476,839

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,632,009
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		20 077 065
resources and therefore are not reported in the runds.		39,077,065
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable \$	400,074	
Accounts receivable	5,302	
Accrued interest receivable	1,672	
Intergovernmental receivable	37,947	
Total		444,995
Unamortized bond issuance costs are not recognized in the funds.		177,569
Unamortized premiums on bond issuance is not		
recognized in the funds.		(177,580)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(39,822)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.	11 121 550	
General obligation bonds	11,131,770	
Tax anticipation note	371,000	
Compensated absences	518,877	(10.001.647)
Total		 (12,021,647)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 30,092,589

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes	\$ 3,023,800	\$ 638,373	\$ 173,599	\$ 3,835,772
Tuition	622,603	-	-	622,603
Transportation fees	12,228	-	-	12,228
Earnings on investments	9,389	-	310	9,699
Charges for services	-	-	241,896	241,896
Extracurricular	83,440	-	158,908	242,348
Classroom materials and fees	27,760	-	-	27,760
Other local revenues	214,742	-	84,577	299,319
Intergovernmental - intermediate	11,787	-	-	11,787
Intergovernmental - state	8,393,491	108,365	264,015	8,765,871
Intergovernmental - federal	59,868	<u> </u>	1,517,391	1,577,259
Total revenues	12,459,108	746,738	2,440,696	15,646,542
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,620,445	-	708,202	5,328,647
Special	1,605,392	-	226,355	1,831,747
Vocational	777,163	-	-	777,163
Other	501,882	-	5,400	507,282
Support services:				
Pupil	920,041	-	244,316	1,164,357
Instructional staff	117,462	-	100,822	218,284
Board of education	13,965	-	-	13,965
Administration	1,009,465	-	130,542	1,140,007
Fiscal	358,161	18,031	7,260	383,452
Business	116,081	-	-	116,081
Operations and maintenance	877,226	-	349,277	1,226,503
Pupil transportation	848,883	-	502,397	1,351,280
Central	8,168	-	-	8,168
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	-	743,807	743,807
Other non-instructional services	-	-	52,309	52,309
Extracurricular activities	320,451	-	166,851	487,302
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	9,161	9,161
Debt service:		227.000		225 000
Principal retirement	-	335,000		335,000
Interest and fiscal charges	12.004.705	473,200	5,259	478,459
Total expenditures	12,094,785	826,231	3,251,958	16,172,974
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	364,323	(79,493)	(811,262)	(526,432)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	_	<u>-</u>	13,400	13,400
Sale of notes	_	<u>-</u>	371,000	371,000
Transfers in	10,532	_	-	10,532
Transfers (out)	-	-	(10,532)	(10,532)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,532		373,868	384,400
Net change in fund balances	374,855	(79,493)	(437,394)	(142,032)
Fund balances at beginning of year				
Fund balances at end of year	1,210,580 \$ 1,585,435	636,714	\$ 926,747	\$ 2,774,041
runu balances at enu of year	\$ 1,585,435	\$ 557,221	\$ 489,353	\$ 2,632,009

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(142,032)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 598,909 (967,278)	(368,369)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Taxes Earnings on investments Other local revenue	(19,720) (330) (12,191)	
Intergovernmental Total	 37,947	5,706
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net assets.		335,000
Issuance of notes are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net assets.		(371,000)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond issuance costs Amortization of bond premiums Total	 135 (65,346) (7,922) 7,920	(65,213)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current		(, -)
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		91,080
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(514,828)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Revenue: Final Actual Negative From local sources: 53,152,838 \$3,388,534 \$3,885,534		Budgeted Amounts				Fin	iance with al Budget Positive	
Promotoal sources:			Original		Final	Actual		
Taxes \$ 3,152,838 \$ 3,388,534 \$ 3,388,534 \$ 1 Tuition 579,297 622,603 622,603 - Transportation fees 16,430 17,658 17,658 - Earnings on investments 11,7974 19,318 19,644 326 Classroom materials and fees 22,979 24,697 28,083 3,386 Other local revenues 469,632 504,740 505,228 588 Intergovernmental - intermediate 10,967 11,787 11,787 - Intergovernmental - federal 63,920 68,699 68,699 - Total revenues 12,143,701 13,051,527 13,055,827 4,300 Expenditures: Current: Intergovernmental - federal 63,920 68,699 68,699 - Current: Current: Intergovernmental - federal 63,920 68,699 68,699 - - - - - - <	Revenues:	-	Original			 1100001		(egative)
Tuition. 579,297 622,603 622,603 Transportation fees. 16,430 17,658 17,658 Earnings on investments 19,794 19,318 19,644 326 Classroom materials and fees 22,979 24,697 28,083 3,386 Other local revenues 469,632 504,740 505,328 588 Intergovernmental - intermediate 10,967 11,787 11,787 1,7187 <th>From local sources:</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	From local sources:							
Transportation fees. 16,430 17,658 17,658	Taxes	\$	3,152,838	\$	3,388,534	\$ 3,388,534	\$	-
Earnings on investments 17,974 19,318 19,644 326 Classroom materials and fees 22,979 24,607 28,083 3,386 Other local revenues 469,632 504,740 505,328 588 Intergovernmental - intermediate 10,967 11,787 11,787 1 Intergovernmental - federal 63,920 68,699 68,699 6 Total revenues 12,143,701 13,051,527 13,055,827 4,300 Expenditures: Current: Instructions: Regular 4,711,951 4,552,935 4,508,977 43,958 Special 1,902,646 1,838,437 1,811,713 26,724 Vocational 820,543 792,852 780,800 12,052 Other 493,559 476,903 420,312 56,591 Support services: Pujil 1,941,444 1,057,220 1,105,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969	Tuition		579,297		622,603	622,603		-
Classroom materials and fees 22,979 24,697 28,083 3,386 Other local revenues 469,632 504,740 505,328 588 Intergovernmental intermediate 10,967 11,787 11,787 1 Intergovernmental - state 7,809,664 8,393,491 8,393,491 - Intergovernmental - federal 63,920 68,699 68,699 - Total revenues 12,143,701 13,051,527 13,055,827 4,300 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 4,711,951 4,552,935 4,508,977 43,958 Special 1,902,646 1,838,437 4,810,171 26,724 Vocational 820,543 792,852 780,800 12,052 Other 493,559 476,903 420,312 56,591 Support services: Pupil 1,094,144 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 1	Transportation fees		16,430		17,658	17,658		-
Other local revenues 469,632 504,740 505,328 588 Intergovernmental - intermediate 10,967 11,787 11,787 - Intergovernmental - state 7,809,664 8,393,491 8,393,491 - Intergovernmental - federal 63,920 68,699 68,699 - Total revenues 12,143,701 13,051,527 13,055,827 4,300 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 4,711,951 4,552,935 4,508,977 43,958 Special 1,902,646 1,838,437 1,811,713 26,724 Vocational 820,543 792,852 780,800 12,052 Other 493,559 476,903 420,312 56,591 Support services: Pupil 1,094,144 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096	Earnings on investments		17,974		19,318	19,644		326
Intergovernmental - intermediate 10,967 11,787 12,300 12,300 13,000 13	Classroom materials and fees		22,979		24,697	28,083		3,386
Intergovernmental - state	Other local revenues		469,632		504,740	505,328		588
Intergovernmental - state	Intergovernmental - intermediate		10,967		11,787	11,787		-
Total revenues 12,143,701 13,051,527 13,055,827 4,300			7,809,664		8,393,491	8,393,491		-
Current Curr			63,920		68,699	68,699		-
Current: Instruction: Regular	Total revenues		12,143,701		13,051,527	13,055,827		4,300
Instruction: Regular	Expenditures:							
Regular 4,711,951 4,552,935 4,508,977 43,958 Special. 1,902,646 1,838,437 1,811,713 26,724 Vocational. 820,543 792,852 780,800 12,052 Other. 493,559 476,903 420,312 56,591 Support services: Pupil. 1,094,144 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 1 Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures	Current:							
Special. 1,902,646 1,838,437 1,811,713 26,724 Vocational. 820,543 792,852 780,800 12,052 Other. 493,559 476,903 420,312 56,591 Support services: 820,544 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731	Instruction:							
Vocational. 820,543 792,852 780,800 12,052 Other. 493,559 476,903 420,312 56,591 Support services: Pupil. 1,094,144 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance. 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities. 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 359,682 Other financing	Regular		4,711,951		4,552,935	4,508,977		43,958
Other. 493,559 476,903 420,312 56,591 Support services: Pupil. 1,094,144 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,00	Special		1,902,646		1,838,437	1,811,713		26,724
Support services: Pupil. 1,094,144 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000)	Vocational		820,543		792,852	780,800		12,052
Pupil. 1,094,144 1,057,220 1,015,750 41,470 Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. 60,479 65,000 <td>Other</td> <td></td> <td>493,559</td> <td></td> <td>476,903</td> <td>420,312</td> <td></td> <td>56,591</td>	Other		493,559		476,903	420,312		56,591
Instructional staff 130,369 125,969 112,259 13,710 Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance. 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities. 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures. 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000)	Support services:							
Board of education 15,503 14,980 14,096 884 Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances in 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,009) (20,000) (20,000) -	Pupil		1,094,144		1,057,220	1,015,750		41,470
Administration. 1,207,214 1,166,474 1,110,658 55,816 Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) - Advances in 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -	Instructional staff		130,369		125,969	112,259		13,710
Fiscal 376,300 363,601 353,706 9,895 Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -	Board of education		15,503		14,980	14,096		
Business 126,606 122,333 119,910 2,423 Operations and maintenance 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances in 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -	Administration		1,207,214		1,166,474	1,110,658		55,816
Operations and maintenance. 980,843 947,742 921,532 26,210 Pupil transportation. 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities. 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures. 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) 60,479 65,000 (20,000) -	Fiscal		376,300			353,706		9,895
Pupil transportation 938,085 906,427 877,143 29,284 Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -	Business		126,606		122,333	119,910		2,423
Central. 8,453 8,168 8,168 - Extracurricular activities. 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -			980,843		947,742	921,532		26,210
Extracurricular activities. 370,370 357,871 321,506 36,365 Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures. (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) - (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -			938,085		906,427	877,143		29,284
Total expenditures 13,176,586 12,731,912 12,376,530 355,382 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -	Central		8,453		8,168	8,168		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Extracurricular activities		370,370		357,871			36,365
expenditures. (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -	Total expenditures		13,176,586		12,731,912	 12,376,530		355,382
expenditures. (1,032,885) 319,615 679,297 359,682 Other financing sources (uses): Advances in. 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
Advances in. 60,479 65,000 65,000 - Advances (out) (20,699) (20,000) (20,000) -			(1,032,885)		319,615	 679,297		359,682
Advances (out)	Other financing sources (uses):							
			60,479		65,000	65,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses) 39.780 45.000 45.000	Advances (out)		(20,699)		(20,000)	(20,000)		-
10th other mattering sources (uses)	Total other financing sources (uses)		39,780		45,000	45,000		-
Net change in fund balance (993,105) 364,615 724,297 359,682	Net change in fund balance		(993,105)		364,615	724,297		359,682
Fund balance at beginning of year 1,996,768 1,996,768 1,996,768 -	Fund balance at beginning of year		1,996,768		1,996,768	1,996,768		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated . 192,901 192,901 -								-
Fund balance at end of year	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$		\$		\$	\$	359,682

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	Agency	
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	51,325
Total assets	\$	51,325
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	709
Due to students		50,616
Total liabilities	\$	51,325

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Sandy Valley Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Education (the "Board") elected by its citizens, which is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The District encompasses all or portions of several villages and townships which are almost entirely located in Stark County, Ohio. The District's facilities are staffed by 74 classified employees and 107 certified employees who provide services to 1,498 students and other community members. The District operates a middle/high school building, an elementary school, a bus garage, and a warehouse.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided it does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has one component unit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The Cardinal Digital Academy

The Cardinal Digital Academy (the "Academy") is a legally separate, conversion community school, served by a Board of Directors. The Academy provides students within the District and throughout Northeast Ohio with curriculum and instruction via distance learning technology. The Board of Directors consists of the District's Superintendent, Technology Coordinator, Curriculum Director, and two additional Board members appointed by the District. The Sandy Valley Local School District is the sponsoring District of the Academy under Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3314. The Superintendent of the District serves as the Chief Administrative Officer of the Academy and the Treasurer serves as the Chief Financial Officer. Based on the significant services provided by the District to the Academy, the Academy's purpose of servicing the students within the District, and the relationship between the Board of Education of the District and the Board of Directors of the Academy, the Academy is a component unit of the District.

The District suspended operations of the Academy effective July 1, 2007 due to lack of funding sources.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium

The Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes made up of public school districts and county boards of education from Stark, Portage, and Carroll Counties. The primary function of SPARCC is to provide data processing services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, inventory control and payroll services. Other areas of service provided by SPARCC include student scheduling, registration, grade reporting, and test scoring. Each member district pays an annual fee for the services provided by SPARCC.

SPARCC is governed by a board of directors comprised of each Superintendent with the Consortium. The Stark County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of SPARCC and receives funding from the State Department of Education. Each district has one vote in all matters and each member district's control over budgeting and financing of SPARCC is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of directors. The continued existence of SPARCC is not dependent on the District's continued participation and no equity interest exists. Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, 2100 38th Street NW, Canton, Ohio 44709.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council

Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council (SCTIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. SCTIRC has 24 members, consisting of three members appointed by the County Commissioners, four members appointed by municipal corporations, ten members appointed by township trustees, one member from the county auditor's office and six members appointed by boards of education located within the enterprise zones of Stark County. The SCTIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the council can make written recommendations to the legislative authority that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this Council. The continued existence of the SCTIRC is not dependent upon the District's continued participation and no measurable equity interest exists.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Shared Risk Pool

Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan (Council) is a shared risk pool created pursuant to State statute for the purpose of administering health care benefits. The Council is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve on the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the council. All council revenues are generated from charges for services received from the participating school districts, based on the established premiums for the insurance plans. Each school district reserves the right to terminate the plan in whole or in part, at any time. If it is terminated, no further contributions will be made, but the benefits under the insurance contract shall be paid in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Insurance Purchasing Pool

Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The governing body is comprised of the superintendents and the members who have been appointed by the respective Governing Body of each member.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the District and the other group members. The injury claim history of all participating members is used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to CompManagement, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member entity annually based on its payroll percent of the group.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, transportation fees, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Unearned Revenue and Deferred Revenue</u> - Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they are intended to finance, have been recorded as unearned revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2012 are recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget:

On October 25, 2005, the Stark County Budget Commission voted to waive the requirement that school districts adopt a tax budget as required by Section 5705.28 of the Ohio Revised Code, by January 15th and the filing by January 20th. The Budget Commission now requires an alternate tax budget be submitted by January 20th, which no longer requires specific Board approval.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate of estimated resources in effect when the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, at the fund level must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the level of budgetary control must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board of Education during the fiscal year.

Lapsing of Appropriations:

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$9,389 which includes \$3,454 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains its capitalization threshold at \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net assets.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty seven or greater with at least two years of service, all employees age fifty two or greater with at least twenty two years of service, or any employee with twenty seven years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2012 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and notes are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service operations.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Unamortized Bond Issuance Costs and Bond Premium

On government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the statement of net assets.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation of the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net assets is presented in Note 9.B.

R. Nonpublic Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. James Catholic School is operated by the Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to this school. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the non-public school. This activity is reflected in a nonmajor governmental fund by the District for financial reporting purposes.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction was reported for fiscal year 2012.

T. Vocational Education

The District has entered into an agreement with the Canton Local School District, Perry Local School District and the Osnaburg Local School District to provide career technical education programs for students. The Canton Local School District is the principal agency for the programs and is responsible for the physical facilities of the programs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2012, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 57, "OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans", and GASB Statement No. 64, "Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 53".

GASB Statement No. 57 addresses issues related to the use of the alternative measurement method and the frequency and timing of measurements by employers that participate in agent multiple-employer other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 57 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 64 clarifies the circumstances in which a hedge accounting should continue when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 64 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2012 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds	_]	<u>Deficit</u>
Permanent improvement	\$	51,602
Title VI-B		15,096
Title I		4,130
Improving teacher quality		1,011
Public school preschool		5,122

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$1,225 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Cash with Escrow Agent

At fiscal year end, \$32,625 was on deposit in the District's escrow accounts and excluded from the total amount of deposits reported below. This amount is not part of the internal cash pool, but reported on the financial statements as "cash with escrow agent".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS - (Continued)

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,892,865. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2012, \$4,654,608 of the District's bank balance of \$4,904,608 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Assets

The following is a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as reported in the note above to cash and cash equivalents as reported on the statement of net assets as of June 30, 2012:

Cash and cash equivalents per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	4,892,865
Cash with escrow agent		32,625
Cash on hand		1,225
Total	\$	4,926,715
Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net ass	<u>ets</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	4,875,390
Agency funds		51,325
Total	\$	4,926,715

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2012 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	_ <u></u>	Amount
General Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	45,000 13,733
3 6	3 6	\$	58,733

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to general fund from:	<u>Amount</u>
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 10,532

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The transfer above is a residual equity transfer. The purpose of the transfer was to close the adult education fund, a nonmajor governmental fund

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. No interfund transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2012 became a lien on December 31, 2010, were levied after April 1, 2011, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Stark, Carroll and Tuscarawas Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012 was \$237,442 in the general fund, \$52,816 in the bond retirement fund, \$8,785 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$4,169 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2011 was \$602,176 in the general fund, \$130,631 in the bond retirement fund, \$24,856 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$10,199 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to unearned revenue.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been deferred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second				2012 First			
		Half Collect	ions		Half Collect	tions		
	_	Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential								
and other real estate	\$	129,181,230	94.30	\$	128,168,890	94.02		
Public utility personal	_	7,810,210	5.70	_	8,158,280	5.98		
Total	\$	136,991,440	100.00	<u>\$</u>	136,327,170	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:								
Operations	\$	42.00		\$	42.20			
Permanent improvements		2.50			2.50			
Bonded debt		5.80			5.80			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consisted of taxes, accounts, accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net assets follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 4,401,322
Accounts	17,513
Intergovernmental	103,249
Accrued interest	 1,672
Total	\$ 4,523,756

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/11	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 6/30/12
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,248,658	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,248,658
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,248,658			1,248,658
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,101,608	-	-	1,101,608
Building and improvements	39,410,992	-	-	39,410,992
Furniture and equipment	138,570	141,641	-	280,211
Vehicles	1,514,977	457,268	(319,091)	1,653,154
Total capital assets, being depreciated	42,166,147	598,909	(319,091)	42,445,965
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(594,435)	(47,535)	-	(641,970)
Building and improvements	(2,152,181)	(788,771)	-	(2,940,952)
Furniture and equipment	(52,162)	(17,616)	-	(69,778)
Vehicles	(1,170,593)	(113,356)	319,091	(964,858)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,969,371)	(967,278)	319,091	(4,617,558)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 39,445,434	\$ (368,369)	\$ -	\$ 39,077,065

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 509,949
Special	41,984
Vocational	20,153
Support services:	
Pupil support	557
Instructional staff	33,468
Administration	39,898
Fiscal	12,268
Operations and maintenance	71,464
Pupil transportation	116,113
Extracurricular activities	50,691
Food service operations	70,733
Total depreciation expense	\$ 967,278

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. On March 29, 2006, the District issued \$12,399,985 in general obligations bonds (Series 2006 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds). The bond issue represents the District's local share and local funded initiatives of a construction project approved and significantly funded by the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC). The OSFC has awarded the District a \$26,158,531 grant for the project, and will make quarterly disbursements to the District until the project is completed. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net assets. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond issue are recorded as an expenditure in the bond retirement fund. The source of payment is derived from a 5.8 mil bonded debt tax levy. In conjunction with the 5.8 mils which support the bond issue, the District also passed in fiscal year 2006 a .5 mil levy to ultimately fund the maintenance costs of the new facilities. Tax revenue from this levy has been reported in the classroom facilities maintenance fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

This issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$12,220,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$179,985. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.50% to 4.25%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2014 (approximate initial offering yield at maturity 4.18%), December 1, 2015 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 4.23%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$730,000. A total of \$281,785 in accreted interest on the capital appreciation bonds has been included in the statement of net assets at June 30, 2012.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2033.

The following is a schedule of activity for fiscal year 2012 on the 2006 series general obligation bonds:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/11	Additions	Reductions	6/30/12
Current interest bonds	\$ 11,005,000	\$ -	\$ (335,000)	\$ 10,670,000
Capital appreciation bonds	179,985	-	-	179,985
Accreted interest	216,439	65,346		281,785
Total G.O. bonds	\$ 11,401,424	\$ 65,346	\$ (335,000)	\$ 11,131,770

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2006 series general obligation bonds:

Current Interest Bonds					Capital Appreciation Bonds							
Year Ended	_	Principal		Interest	_	Total	_	Principal_		<u>Interest</u>		Total
2013	\$	350,000	\$	459,919	\$	809,919	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2014		360,000		445,719		805,719		-		-		-
2015		25,000		438,018		463,018		93,159		256,841		350,000
2016		-		437,519		437,519		86,826		293,174		380,000
2017		380,000		429,919		809,919		-		-		-
2018 - 2022		2,135,000		1,901,122		4,036,122		-		-		-
2023 - 2027		2,615,000		1,394,121		4,009,121		-		-		-
2028 - 2032		3,280,000		726,346		4,006,346		-				-
2033 - 2034	_	1,525,000		69,413	_	1,594,413						
Total	\$	10,670,000	\$	6,302,096	\$	16,972,096	\$	179,985	\$	550,015	\$	730,000

B. During the fiscal year 2012, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	-	Balance 06/30/11	A	dditions	<u>R</u>	eductions	_	Balance 06/30/12	 Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	11,401,424	\$	65,346	\$	(335,000)	\$	11,131,770	\$ 350,000
Tax anticipation note		-		371,000		-		371,000	74,200
Compensated absences payable		768,935		101,725		(232,607)	_	638,053	 195,867
Total governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	12,170,359	\$	538,071	\$	(567,607)		12,140,823	\$ 620,067
Add: unamortized premium							_	177,580	
Total on statement of net assets							\$	12,318,403	

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid, which is primarily the general fund.

On December 8, 2011, The District issued a \$371,000 permanent improvement tax anticipation note. The proceeds of this note will be used to purchase new school buses. This note bears an interest rate of 2.95% and will be paid from the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. Interest payments on the notes are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the tax anticipation note:

		Tax Anticipation Note								
Year Ended	_	Principal		Interest		Total				
2013	\$	74,200	\$	9,850	\$	84,050				
2014		74,200		7,661		81,861				
2015		74,200		5,472		79,672				
2016		74,200		3,283		77,483				
2017	_	74,200		1,094		75,294				
Total	\$	371,000	\$	27,360	\$	398,360				

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2011, are a voted debt margin of \$1,976,681 (including available funds of \$557,221) and an unvoted debt margin of \$136,327.

NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASE - LESSOR DISCLOSURE

The District is the lessor of oil and gas rights on certain land parcels owned by the District to the Sierra Buckeye, LLC. The lease agreement is from December 28, 2011 through December 28, 2016. The District received \$702,733, \$351,851 in the general fund and \$350,882 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, at the execution of the lease. This revenue is being recognized over the life of the lease. The District will also receive a 20 percent royalty on any oil or gas that is produced.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation, personal and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 25 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of 1.25 days per month. A liability for sick leave is based on the accumulated sick leave at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive severance benefits. The District's severance liability has been calculated using the pay rates in effect at June 30, 2012 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contracts (78 days for classified and 76 days for certified employees based on length of service), plus any additional salary related payments.

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to all of its employees through the Unum Life Insurance Company. Coverage is as follows:

Employee Classification	A	Amount		
Certified	\$	70,000		
Classified		55,000		
Administrators		90,000		

C. Retirement Incentive

A one-time retirement bonus in the amount of \$20,000 was available to certified employees who became first-time eligible for retirement and retired effective at the end of the school year.

An irrevocable notice of intent to retire had to be received by the District Superintendent by April 1, 2012. In fiscal year 2012, two employees accepted the retirement incentive, which will be paid in January 2013. This liability has been included in the compensated absences payable balance presented in Note 9.B.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the District has contracted with private for various types of insurance as follows:

Type of Coverage	Amount of Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>
Buildings and Contents:		
Replacement Cost	\$46,254,160	\$5,000
Inland Marine Coverage	various	500
Boiler and Machinery	included	5,000
Automobile Liability	1,000,000	0
Uninsured Motorists	50,000	500
General Liability:		
Per occurrence	1,000,000	0
Aggregate	2,000,000	
Umbrella Liability:		
Per occurrence	5,000,000	10,000
Aggregate	5,000,000	
Errors and Omission:		
Each wrongful act	1,000,000	2,500
Aggregate	1,000,000	,

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has been no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Group Health and Dental Insurance

The District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Health Benefit Plan, a shared risk pool (Note 2.A.) to provide employee medical/surgical benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. The District's Board of Education pays 100% of medical premiums for the superintendent and treasurer, 98% for all other administrative employees, 90% of all other employees' medical premiums and 100% of dental monthly premiums.

Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Upon termination, all District claims would be paid without regard to the District's account balance or the Directors have the right to hold monies for an exiting school district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Governments Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performances are compared to the overall savings percent of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling fund" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2012, 12.65 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$206,996, \$211,134 and \$215,902, respectively; 62.19 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$775,726, \$795,478 and \$848,006, respectively; 84.02 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$32,534 made by the District and \$23,239 made by the plan members.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2012, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2011 (latest information available) was \$96.40 for most participants, but could be as high as \$369.10 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2012, the actuarially determined amount was \$35,800.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$35,167, \$51,481 and \$40,858, respectively; 62.19 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$12,224, \$13,587 and \$12,839, respectively; 62.19 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2011, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$59,671, \$61,191 and \$65,231, respectively; 84.02 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund	
Budget basis	\$	724,297
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(708,991)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		113,770
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(45,000)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		3,712
Adjustment for encumbrances		287,067
GAAP basis	\$	374,855

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the public school support fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data; however, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, would have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2011	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		259,940
Current year offsets	(1,050,915)
Total	\$	(790,975)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2013	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	_

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End		
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrances		
General fund	\$	194,351	
Other governmental		120,523	
Total	\$	314,874	

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Darryl Woolf became treasurer of the District effective August 1, 2012.

FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:					
Child Nutrition Cluster: Cash Assistance: National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	10.553 10.555	\$181,913 302,875		\$181,913 302,875	
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):	10.555	302,675		302,675	
National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$33,563		\$33,563
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		484,788	33,563	484,788	33,563
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		484,788	33,563	484,788	33,563
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:					
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States	84.027	259,160		257,802	
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	84.391	32,184		38,051	
Total Special Education Cluster		291,344		295,853	
Title I, Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	291,086		300,482	
ARRA - Title I, Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.389			784	
Total Title I Grants		291,086		301,266	
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	2,400		1,001	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	65,239		68,271	
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	468,103		468,103	
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,118,172		1,134,494	
Total		\$1,602,960	\$33,563	\$1,619,282	\$33,563

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Plain Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Sandy Valley Local School District Stark County 5362 State Route 183 NE Magnolia, Ohio 44643

To the Board of Education:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sandy Valley Local School District, Stark County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and timely corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Sandy Valley Local School District Stark County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

We did note a certain matter not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the District's management in a separate letter dated December 14, 2012.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, Board of Education, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and others within the District. We intend it for no one other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 14, 2012

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Sandy Valley School District Stark County 5362 State Route 183 NE Magnolia, Ohio 44643

To the Board of Education:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Sandy Valley Local School District (the District) with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Sandy Valley Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The *summary of auditor's results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs. The District's management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each major federal program. Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance based on our audit.

Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance occurred with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with these requirements and performing other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with these requirements.

In our opinion, the Sandy Valley Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Sandy Valley Local School District
Stark County
Independent Accountants' Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and On Internal Control Over
Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of opining on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of opining on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We intend this report solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Education, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended for anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 14, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	IDEA-B CFDA # 84.027 and 84.391, #84.391; EDJob's CFDA # 84.410
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3	FINDINGS	AND QUESTIONED	COSTS FOR FEDERAL	ΔWARDS
J.	IIIIUUU	AND GOLDINGILD	COSISION I EDENAL	

None.





SANDY VALLEY LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 5, 2013