



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Shelby County
129 East Court Street
Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of S & H Products, which represents 100 percent, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amount included for S & H Products, is based solely on the report of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Public Assistance, Auto License and Gas, and Developmental Disabilities funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 3, during 2012, the County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Additionally, as described in Note 3 net position and fund balance was restated for the Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities, and General Fund for a fund reclassification.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the County's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements

The Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 12, 2013 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

August 12, 2013

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Shelby County's discussion and analysis of the annual financial report provides a review of the financial performance for the year ended December 31, 2012.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net position decreased \$431,923 during 2012. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$1,172,080 (about one percent). The decrease is due mostly to depreciation on capital assets (largely infrastructure) taken during 2012. Net position of business-type activities increased by \$740,157 (about 7 percent). The increase is due mostly to the capital grants received for the Kettlersville sewer project.
- The General Fund transfers out equaled \$293,747, all of which was to subsidize various programs of the non-major governmental funds.
- Business-type operations showed total operating revenue of \$8,255,469 and total operating expenses of \$8,650,014 for an operating loss of \$394,545. Total business-type unrestricted net position was \$1,916,373. This total includes \$2,022,234 for the Fair Haven Fund and negative \$105,861 for the Sewer Fund.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$2,741,604 for governmental activities. This was due to depreciation expense being higher than the additions to capital assets for the year.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand Shelby County's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the County's fiscal condition.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County as a whole begins with the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information that will help the reader to determine if Shelby County is financially better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes to that net position. This change informs the reader whether the County's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the County's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the County's tax base, and the condition of capital assets.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County is divided into two kinds of activities.

Governmental Activities – Most of the County's services are reported here including general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, economic development and assistance, and intergovernmental.

Business-Type Activities – These services include Fair Haven and Sewer. Fair Haven is the county home. Service fees for these operations are charged based upon the amount of usage. The intent is that the fees charged recoup operational costs.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the County's major funds begins on page 11. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds – not the County as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the County Auditor, with the approval of the County Commissioners, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the County is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. Shelby County's major funds are General, Public Assistance, Auto License and Gas, Developmental Disabilities, Fair Haven, and Sewer.

Governmental Funds – Most of the County's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Funds – When the County charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recapturing operating costs, these services are generally reported in enterprise funds. Enterprise funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the County as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net position for 2012 compared to 2011.

**Table 1
Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$ 34,140,368	\$ 32,544,566	\$ 3,927,633	\$ 3,976,734	\$ 38,068,001	\$ 36,521,300
Capital Assets	79,788,205	82,529,809	11,869,019	11,144,709	91,657,224	93,674,518
Total Assets	<u>113,928,573</u>	<u>115,074,375</u>	<u>15,796,652</u>	<u>15,121,443</u>	<u>129,725,225</u>	<u>130,195,818</u>
Liabilities:						
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due within One Year	237,232	424,286	93,493	99,551	330,725	523,837
Due in More Than One Year	1,654,933	1,632,931	3,043,938	2,975,968	4,698,871	4,608,899
Other Liabilities	7,819,940	7,628,610	680,144	807,004	8,500,084	8,435,614
Total Liabilities	<u>9,712,105</u>	<u>9,685,827</u>	<u>3,817,575</u>	<u>3,882,523</u>	<u>13,529,680</u>	<u>13,568,350</u>
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	79,736,651	82,313,857	10,062,704	9,442,050	89,799,355	91,755,907
Restricted for:						
Other Purposes	20,019,959	19,067,916			20,019,959	19,067,916
Capital Outlay	2,446,735	2,136,017			2,446,735	2,136,017
Unrestricted	2,013,123	1,870,758	1,916,373	1,796,870	3,929,496	3,667,628
Total Net Position	<u>\$104,216,468</u>	<u>\$105,388,548</u>	<u>\$11,979,077</u>	<u>\$11,238,920</u>	<u>\$116,195,545</u>	<u>\$116,627,468</u>

The increase in the current assets of the governmental activities was mostly due to an increase in cash balances of \$1,553,117. Most of this increase in cash was in the BODD Fund, and was due to an increase in provider support and other intergovernmental receipts. This is also the reason for the increase in Net Position Restricted for Other Purposes. The cash balances of the General Fund and Net Position Unrestricted show an increase mostly due to a higher balance in the Title Administration Fund and the inclusion of the Recycling Center residual balance. As of April of 2011, the County has begun renting out the recycling center to the Northwest Ohio Solid Waste District to operate. As a result of this, the recycling center is no longer presented as an enterprise fund and the cash balance and capital assets were moved to governmental activities. Cash balances of other governmental funds and Net Position Restricted for Capital Outlay show an increase in cash balances due to an increase in cash of the Permanent Improvement Fund, which was caused by increased sales tax revenues and fewer transfers out required to subsidize other activities.

The decrease in capital assets of the governmental activities and the corresponding decrease in Net Position, Net Investment in Capital Assets, was due to depreciation and deletions of assets being higher than additions for the year. The depreciation is mostly from the infrastructure assets.

The decrease in long-term liabilities of the governmental activities was due to the capital lease and bond payments made during the year.

The increase in the capital assets of the business-type activities was due to the Ketterville Sewer construction project. This project was funded through grants and a loan. This is recorded as construction in progress on the financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Total net position decreased \$431,923. Net position of the County's governmental activities decreased by \$1,172,080, with unrestricted net position increasing \$142,365.

The net position of the County's business-type activities increased by \$740,157.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2012, as compared with the year ended December 31, 2011.

**Table 2
Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$7,106,398	\$6,237,970	\$8,208,046	\$8,471,289	\$15,314,444	\$14,709,259
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	11,926,959	11,391,380			11,926,959	11,391,380
Capital Grants and Contributions		653	1,090,897	480,642	1,090,897	481,295
Total Program Revenues	19,033,357	17,630,003	9,298,943	8,951,931	28,332,300	26,581,934
General Revenues:						
Property and Other Taxes	6,320,432	6,077,346			6,320,432	6,077,346
Permissive Sales Tax	8,269,634	7,518,454			8,269,634	7,518,454
Grants and Entitlements	3,458,804	3,837,378			3,458,804	3,837,378
Interest	171,668	200,139	32	105	171,700	200,244
Other	58,273	11,022	47,424	51,790	105,697	62,812
Total General Revenues	18,278,811	17,644,339	47,456	51,895	18,326,267	17,696,234
Total Revenues	37,312,168	35,274,342	9,346,399	9,003,826	46,658,567	44,278,168
Program Expenses:						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive	4,892,127	4,634,948			4,892,127	4,634,948
Judicial	2,593,436	2,513,508			2,593,436	2,513,508
Public Safety	4,850,300	5,000,493			4,850,300	5,000,493
Public Works	10,947,920	11,583,223			10,947,920	11,583,223
Health	277,070	218,795			277,070	218,795
Human Services	14,309,680	14,181,595			14,309,680	14,181,595
Economic Development and Assistance	292,341	442,470			292,341	442,470
Intergovernmental	215,472	238,219			215,472	238,219
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,902	27,892			15,902	27,892
Fair Haven			7,652,554	7,815,896	7,652,554	7,815,896
Sewer			1,043,688	1,158,582	1,043,688	1,158,582
Recycling				184,330		184,330
Total Expenses	38,394,248	38,841,143	8,696,242	9,158,808	47,090,490	47,999,951
Increase(Decrease) in Net Position Before Transfers	(1,082,080)	(3,566,801)	650,157	(154,982)	(431,923)	(3,721,783)
Transfers	(90,000)	18,000	90,000	(18,000)		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(\$1,172,080)	(\$3,548,801)	\$ 740,157	(\$ 172,982)	(\$ 431,923)	(\$3,721,783)

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Governmental Activities

Grants and entitlements is the largest source of revenue for Shelby County. This makes up approximately 41% of total revenues of governmental activities for 2012. Program specific grants and entitlements made up 32% of this and unrestricted grants and entitlements made up 9%. The major recipients of the restricted grants and entitlements were the Public Assistance, Auto License and Gas, and Developmental Disabilities Funds.

Permissive sales tax is the next largest source of revenue for the County, making up 22% of total revenues. While sales tax rates remained the same, sales tax revenue increased 10% from 2011 to \$8,269,634, due to greater sales activity in the County during 2012.

The County's direct charges to users of governmental services made up around 19% of total governmental revenues for 2012. These charges are for fees for real estate transfers, fees associated with the collection of property taxes, Sheriff fees, fines and forfeitures related to judicial activity, licenses and permits, rent and other miscellaneous charges.

Property and other taxes made up about 17% of total revenues for 2012.

The remaining revenue of one percent was from interest and miscellaneous revenues.

Human services programs accounted for approximately 37% of total expenses for governmental activities. Public works expenditures, which include depreciation taken on the infrastructure assets of \$5,457,484 less additions to the infrastructure assets of \$3,464,829, make up approximately 29% of total expenses. Other major program expenses for governmental activities include public safety programs and general government legislative and executive, each of which accounted for 13% each of total expenses.

Administration and the County Commissioners have a quality of life commitment to the citizens and businesses located in the County. With this in mind, the County Commissioners committed over 4.3 million for capital assets. These assets included the purchase of safety and road maintenance equipment and vehicles, as well as bridge replacements and road resurfacing.

Business-Type Activities

The net position of business-type activities increased by \$740,157 during 2012. Charges for services were the largest revenue source, accounting for 88% of total business-type activities revenues. This revenue decreased due to lower census at the Fair Haven County Home and due to the renting out of the Recycling Center facility. During 2012, the business-type activities received capital grants and contributions in the form of a USDA loan, and Issue II grant monies for the Ketterville Sewer project, which was about 12% of total business-type activities revenue. Miscellaneous revenues were less than one percent of total revenues during 2012.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities for 2012 and 2011. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Table 3

	2012		2011	
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	\$ 4,892,127	\$ 1,944,447	\$4,634,948	\$2,187,109
Judicial	2,593,436	1,403,903	2,513,508	1,461,569
Public Safety	4,850,300	3,919,728	5,000,493	4,167,375
Public Works	10,947,920	5,565,727	11,583,223	6,494,656
Health	277,070	132,299	218,795	85,420
Human Services	14,309,680	6,145,367	14,181,595	6,394,011
Economic Development and Assistance	292,341	18,046	442,470	209,641
Intergovernmental	215,472	215,472	238,219	183,467
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,902	15,902	27,892	27,892
Total Expenses	<u>\$38,394,248</u>	<u>\$19,360,891</u>	<u>\$38,841,143</u>	<u>\$21,211,140</u>

As indicated above, citizen safety and well-being is emphasized.

Charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants of approximately 51% of total revenues of governmental activities are received and used to fund the expenses of the County. The remaining 49% of revenues is used to fund the rest of the expenses. The County Commissioners rely on these general revenues, especially taxes, to furnish the quality of life to businesses and citizens to which they and previous County Commissioners have always been committed.

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Information about the County's major governmental funds begins on page 17. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$38,556,218 and expenditures of \$37,023,293.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,149,157 while total fund balance was \$1,554,940, an increase of \$195,210 from the prior year. The Public Assistance Fund balance increased \$72,114 and the Auto License and Gas Fund balance decreased \$118,229, due to the normal operations of the fund and the timing of receipts and project disbursements.

The Developmental Disabilities fund balance increased \$967,953, due to an increase in provider support and other intergovernmental receipts.

The enterprise funds reflect an operating loss for 2012. Fair Haven had an operating loss of \$143,673. The census at the home was lower, so the revenues and expenditures were lower during 2012. The Sewer Fund had an operating loss of \$250,872; however, the Sewer Fund received \$1,090,898 in capital grants for the Kettlersville sewer project, which are reported as non-operating revenues.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Major Funds Budgeting Highlights

The County's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The County's budget is adopted on a line item basis. Before the budget is adopted, the County Commissioners review detailed budget worksheets of each function within the General Fund and then adopts the budget at the fund, department, and object level (i.e., General Fund – Commissioners – salaries, supplies, equipment, contract repairs, travel expenses, maintenance, and other expenses).

During 2012, the General Fund had original appropriations of \$11,523,200 and final appropriations of \$11,633,589. Actual expenditures plus encumbrances for 2012 were \$11,296,392.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

**Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Land	\$ 2,419,034	\$ 2,415,051	\$ 407,208	\$ 407,208
Construction in Progress			1,974,470	929,628
Buildings	15,499,200	16,053,605	1,564,037	1,639,909
Equipment	412,015	339,295	23,182	27,182
Furniture and Fixtures	26,626	32,091		
Vehicles	1,992,414	2,168,106	56,534	39,623
Infrastructure	59,438,916	61,521,661	7,843,588	8,101,159
Totals	<u>\$79,788,205</u>	<u>\$82,529,809</u>	<u>\$11,869,019</u>	<u>\$11,144,709</u>

See Note 9 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed capital asset information.

Debt

At December 31, 2012, Shelby County had \$240,501 in long-term governmental debt outstanding, and \$2,759,800 in long-term enterprise debt.

**Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
General Obligation Bonds	\$188,947	\$254,147		
Loans Payable			\$2,759,800	\$2,711,478
Capital Leases	51,554	215,951		2,896
Totals	<u>\$240,501</u>	<u>\$470,098</u>	<u>\$2,759,800</u>	<u>\$2,714,374</u>

The general obligation bonds are being paid through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund using payments from Clinton Township. Clinton Township installed a storm sewer in the Millcreek Subdivision and the County issued the bonds for them, but Clinton Township is repaying them.

Obligations under governmental activities capital leases will be paid from the General Fund and the Job and Family Services Fund.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

The County's overall legal debt margin was \$23,181,147 as of December 31, 2012. The more restrictive unvoted legal debt margin was \$9,759,090 as of the same date.

The loans payable in the Sewer Enterprise Fund will be paid from the fund's operating revenues and from special assessments received within that fund. In addition, the Village of Fort Loramie is making payments to contribute a portion of the funds for paying off the Fort Loramie Flow Equalization Project OWDA Loan.

See Note 15 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the County's outstanding debt obligations.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Dennis York, County Auditor, Shelby County, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Primary Government</u>		<u>Component Unit</u>	
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>S and H Products</u>
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$17,633,901	\$1,944,069	\$19,577,970	
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	139,304	7,058	146,362	\$111,356
Investments in Segregated Accounts				550,162
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	1,797,899		1,797,899	
Accrued Interest Receivable	26,714		26,714	461
Permissive Sales Tax Receivable	1,392,201		1,392,201	
Accounts Receivable (Net, where applicable, of Uncollectible Accounts)	695,927	750,217	1,446,144	38,064
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	520,389	6,115	526,504	
Due from Other Governments	4,270,950	372,118	4,643,068	
Property and Other Taxes Receivable	6,218,054		6,218,054	
Prepaid Items	162,319	7,130	169,449	
Notes Receivable	946,650		946,650	
Special Assessments Receivable	313,560	51,657	365,217	
Loans Receivable	22,500	789,269	811,769	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	77,369,171	9,487,341	86,856,512	37,719
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,419,034	2,381,678	4,800,712	
Total Assets	113,928,573	15,796,652	129,725,225	737,762
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	220,015	215,715	435,730	50
Contracts Payable	123,370	57,426	180,796	
Retainage Payable	10,624	9,447	20,071	
Accrued Wages Payable	713,181	247,916	961,097	12,488
Due to Other Governments	586,270	141,466	727,736	4,174
Accrued Interest Payable	2,895	8,174	11,069	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	29,886		29,886	
Deferred Revenue	6,133,699		6,133,699	
Long Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	237,232	93,493	330,725	
Due in More Than One Year	1,654,933	3,043,938	4,698,871	
Total Liabilities	9,712,105	3,817,575	13,529,680	16,712
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	79,736,651	10,062,704	89,799,355	37,719
Restricted for:				
Other Purposes	20,019,959		20,019,959	
Capital Outlay	2,446,735		2,446,735	
Unrestricted	2,013,123	1,916,373	3,929,496	683,331
Total Net Position	\$104,216,468	\$11,979,077	\$116,195,545	\$721,050

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>	
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest</u>
Governmental Activities:			
General Government:			
Legislative and Executive	\$4,892,127	\$2,903,852	\$43,828
Judicial	2,593,436	665,990	523,543
Public Safety	4,850,300	698,975	231,597
Public Works	10,947,920	896,210	4,485,983
Health	277,070	140,940	3,831
Human Services	14,309,680	1,800,431	6,363,882
Economic Development and Assistance	292,341		274,295
Intergovernmental	215,472		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	15,902		
Total Governmental Activities	<u>38,394,248</u>	<u>7,106,398</u>	<u>11,926,959</u>
Business-type activities:			
Fair Haven	7,652,554	7,461,458	
Sewer	1,043,688	746,588	\$1,090,897
Total business-type activities	<u>8,696,242</u>	<u>8,208,046</u>	<u>1,090,897</u>
Total primary government	<u>47,090,490</u>	<u>15,314,444</u>	<u>1,090,897</u>
Component Unit:			
S and H Products	<u>\$286,435</u>	<u>\$223,960</u>	<u>\$64,750</u>
			<u>\$0</u>

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied for:

General Purposes

Other Purposes

County Permissive Motor Vehicle License Taxes Levied for Public Works

Permissive Sales Taxes Imposed for:

General Purposes

Permanent Improvements

Public Works

Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Increase in Fair Value of Investments

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated - See Note 3)

Net Position End of Year

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Primary Government			Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	S and H Products
(\$1,944,447)		(\$1,944,447)	
(1,403,903)		(1,403,903)	
(3,919,728)		(3,919,728)	
(5,565,727)		(5,565,727)	
(132,299)		(132,299)	
(6,145,367)		(6,145,367)	
(18,046)		(18,046)	
(215,472)		(215,472)	
(15,902)		(15,902)	
<u>(19,360,891)</u>		<u>(19,360,891)</u>	
	(\$191,096)	(191,096)	
	793,797	793,797	
	<u>602,701</u>	<u>602,701</u>	
<u>(19,360,891)</u>	<u>602,701</u>	<u>(18,758,190)</u>	
			\$2,275
1,973,919		1,973,919	
4,198,234		4,198,234	
148,279		148,279	
4,135,230		4,135,230	
1,378,408		1,378,408	
2,755,996		2,755,996	
3,458,804		3,458,804	
152,429	32	152,461	12,084
19,239		19,239	
58,273	47,424	105,697	
(90,000)	90,000		
<u>18,188,811</u>	<u>137,456</u>	<u>18,326,267</u>	<u>12,084</u>
(1,172,080)	740,157	(431,923)	14,359
<u>105,388,548</u>	<u>11,238,920</u>	<u>116,627,468</u>	<u>706,691</u>
<u>\$104,216,468</u>	<u>\$11,979,077</u>	<u>\$116,195,545</u>	<u>\$721,050</u>

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	General	Public Assistance	Auto License and Gas	Developmental Disabilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,121,799	\$398,657	\$4,823,801	\$6,459,562	\$4,830,082	\$17,633,901
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	35,339			98,537	5,428	139,304
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents				1,797,899		1,797,899
Receivables:						
Property and Other Taxes	1,973,079		10,797	4,234,178		6,218,054
Permissive Sales Tax Accounts (Net, where applicable, of Uncollectible Accounts)	695,947		464,273		231,981	1,392,201
Interfund	405,428	2,429	11,907	42,424	233,739	695,927
Special Assessments	2,342	191,064	15,503		128,330	337,239
Accrued Interest	26,714				313,560	313,560
Due from Other Governments	891,430	53,738	2,047,388	862,385	416,009	4,270,950
Prepaid Items	77,400	28,900	3,899	18,012	34,108	162,319
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	55,968	966	459,014	4,441		520,389
Notes Receivable					946,650	946,650
Loans Receivable	22,500					22,500
Total Assets	<u>5,307,946</u>	<u>675,754</u>	<u>7,836,582</u>	<u>13,517,438</u>	<u>7,139,887</u>	<u>34,477,607</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	102,788	28,770	14,099	16,747	57,611	220,015
Contracts Payable					123,370	123,370
Retainage Payable					10,624	10,624
Accrued Wages Payable	283,563	64,727	58,982	265,982	39,927	713,181
Due to Other Governments	221,588	113,670	40,376	155,018	55,618	586,270
Interfund Payable	121,050			8,668	207,521	337,239
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	25,104	1,300	3,482			29,886
Deferred Revenue	2,998,913	54,482	1,391,328	4,862,831	843,642	10,151,196
Total Liabilities	<u>3,753,006</u>	<u>262,949</u>	<u>1,508,267</u>	<u>5,309,246</u>	<u>1,338,313</u>	<u>12,171,781</u>
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	212,282	29,866	462,913	22,453	839,353	1,566,867
Restricted		382,939	5,865,402	8,054,323	4,933,986	19,236,650
Committed				131,416	31,542	162,958
Assigned	193,501					193,501
Unassigned	1,149,157				(3,307)	1,145,850
Total Fund Balances	<u>1,554,940</u>	<u>412,805</u>	<u>6,328,315</u>	<u>8,208,192</u>	<u>5,801,574</u>	<u>22,305,826</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$5,307,946</u>	<u>\$675,754</u>	<u>\$7,836,582</u>	<u>\$13,517,438</u>	<u>\$7,139,887</u>	<u>\$34,477,607</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2012**

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$22,305,826
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets reported in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		79,788,205
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Property and Other Taxes	\$149,748	
Intergovernmental	2,951,435	
Accounts Receivable	606,987	
Special Assessments	292,546	
Interest	<u>16,781</u>	
Total		4,017,497
Some liabilities, including notes payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued Interest	(2,895)	
General Obligation Bonds	(188,947)	
Capital Leases	(51,554)	
Compensated Absences	<u>(1,651,664)</u>	
Total		<u>(1,895,060)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$104,216,468</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>General</u>	<u>Public Assistance</u>	<u>Auto License and Gas</u>	<u>Developmental Disabilities</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues:						
Property and Other Taxes	\$1,990,147		\$148,279	\$4,230,907		\$6,369,333
Permissive Sales Tax	4,135,230		2,755,996		\$1,378,408	8,269,634
Intergovernmental	1,795,161	\$2,630,785	4,249,790	4,526,470	1,960,440	15,162,646
Charges for Services	2,648,854	707,234	306,616	190,337	1,333,804	5,186,845
Licenses and Permits	1,150				123,033	124,183
Fines and Forfeitures	108,747				206,259	315,006
Special Assessments					291,174	291,174
Interest	144,405		2,218	1,811		148,434
Increase in Fair Value of Investments	19,239					19,239
Contributions and Donations				9,837		9,837
Other	208,529	271,822	202,638	347,452	514,962	1,545,403
Total Revenues	<u>11,051,462</u>	<u>3,609,841</u>	<u>7,665,537</u>	<u>9,306,814</u>	<u>5,808,080</u>	<u>37,441,734</u>
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government:						
Legislative and Executive	3,749,969				890,828	4,640,797
Judicial	2,022,820				532,169	2,554,989
Public Safety	4,009,235				482,168	4,491,403
Public Works	652,000		7,798,391		466,817	8,917,208
Health	96,662				168,128	264,790
Human Services	565,976	3,535,312		8,076,354	1,710,873	13,888,515
Economic Development and Assistance					288,546	288,546
Intergovernmental	215,472					215,472
Capital Outlay					331,862	331,862
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	6,159	2,157		203,434	65,200	276,950
Interest and Fiscal Charges	324	258		9,073	7,359	17,014
Total Expenditures	<u>11,318,617</u>	<u>3,537,727</u>	<u>7,798,391</u>	<u>8,288,861</u>	<u>4,943,950</u>	<u>35,887,546</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(267,155)</u>	<u>72,114</u>	<u>(132,854)</u>	<u>1,017,953</u>	<u>864,130</u>	<u>1,554,188</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Inception of Capital Lease	47,353					47,353
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	6,759		14,625			21,384
Transfers - In	702,000				343,747	1,045,747
Transfers - Out	(293,747)			(50,000)	(792,000)	(1,135,747)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>462,365</u>		<u>14,625</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>	<u>(448,253)</u>	<u>(21,263)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	195,210	72,114	(118,229)	967,953	415,877	1,532,925
Fund Balances Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3)	<u>1,359,730</u>	<u>340,691</u>	<u>6,446,544</u>	<u>7,240,239</u>	<u>5,385,697</u>	<u>20,772,901</u>
Fund Balances End of Year	<u>\$1,554,940</u>	<u>\$412,805</u>	<u>\$6,328,315</u>	<u>\$8,208,192</u>	<u>\$5,801,574</u>	<u>\$22,305,826</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$1,532,925
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</p>		
Capital Outlay	\$4,346,290	
Depreciation	(6,941,193)	
Excess of Capital Outlay over Depreciation Expense	(2,594,903)	(2,594,903)
<p>Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each sale. In the current year, these amounts consisted of:</p>		
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	(21,384)	
Trade-in Credit	(45,000)	
Loss on Sale of Assets	(80,317)	
	(146,701)	(146,701)
<p>Repayment of long-term obligations is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:</p>		
General Obligation Bond Principal Payments	65,200	
Capital Lease Principal Payments	211,750	
	276,950	276,950
<p>New capital leases are recorded as other financing sources and uses in the funds, but are recorded as long-term obligations in the statement of net position.</p>		
Inception of Capital Lease		(47,353)
<p>Some revenues that will not be collected for several months after the County's year end are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenues changed by these amounts this year:</p>		
Property and Other Taxes	(48,901)	
Intergovernmental	(67,228)	
Charges for Services	10,220	
Fines and Forfeitures	(30,848)	
Licenses and Permits	696	
Other Revenue	(6,497)	
Special Assessments	4,968	
Interest	8,025	
	(129,565)	(129,565)
<p>Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:</p>		
Decrease in Accrued Interest	1,112	
Increase in Compensated Absences	(64,545)	
	(63,433)	(63,433)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>(\$1,172,080)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$1,948,000	\$1,963,000	\$2,051,120	\$88,120
Permissive Sales Tax	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,068,603	68,603
Intergovernmental	1,658,330	1,678,485	1,686,609	8,124
Charges for Services	1,992,500	2,042,500	2,187,371	144,871
Licenses and Permits	1,200	1,200	1,175	(25)
Fines and Forfeitures	160,000	160,000	135,568	(24,432)
Interest	170,000	170,000	133,947	(36,053)
Other	112,250	159,971	147,849	(12,122)
Total Revenues	<u>10,042,280</u>	<u>10,175,156</u>	<u>10,412,242</u>	<u>237,086</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	3,734,399	3,692,468	3,544,823	147,645
Judicial	1,960,749	2,031,615	1,981,985	49,630
Public Safety	3,849,756	3,917,413	3,910,986	6,427
Public Works	748,894	736,573	664,158	72,415
Health	98,762	97,783	97,783	
Human Services	645,766	646,518	585,438	61,080
Intergovernmental	214,972	215,472	215,472	
Total Expenditures	<u>11,253,298</u>	<u>11,337,842</u>	<u>11,000,645</u>	<u>337,197</u>
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>(1,211,018)</u>	<u>(1,162,686)</u>	<u>(588,403)</u>	<u>574,283</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,000	1,000	6,759	5,759
Advances In	5,000	6,544	6,544	
Advances Out	(62,163)	(2,000)	(2,000)	
Transfers - In	1,000,000	1,005,000	757,000	(248,000)
Transfers - Out	(207,739)	(293,747)	(293,747)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>736,098</u>	<u>716,797</u>	<u>474,556</u>	<u>(242,241)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(474,920)	(445,889)	(113,847)	332,042
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	388,513	388,513	388,513	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>86,542</u>	<u>86,542</u>	<u>86,542</u>	
Fund Balance End of Year	<u>\$135</u>	<u>\$29,166</u>	<u>\$361,208</u>	<u>\$332,042</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$2,334,139	\$2,487,013	\$2,164,519	(\$322,494)
Charges for Services	656,738	656,738	602,479	(54,259)
Other	158,902	158,902	276,142	117,240
Total Revenues	<u>3,149,779</u>	<u>3,302,653</u>	<u>3,043,140</u>	<u>(259,513)</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Human Services	3,178,871	3,361,144	3,044,392	316,752
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>(29,092)</u>	<u>(58,491)</u>	<u>(1,252)</u>	<u>57,239</u>
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	298,155	298,155	298,155	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>29,092</u>	<u>29,092</u>	<u>29,092</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$298,155</u>	<u>\$268,756</u>	<u>\$325,995</u>	<u>\$57,239</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
AUTO LICENSE AND GAS FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$135,000	\$135,000	\$152,132	\$17,132
Permissive Sales Tax	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,711,256	711,256
Intergovernmental	4,005,000	4,005,000	4,289,789	284,789
Charges for Services	155,000	155,000	315,306	160,306
Interest	5,000	5,000	2,282	(2,718)
Other	26,000	26,000	204,958	178,958
Total Revenues	<u>6,326,000</u>	<u>6,326,000</u>	<u>7,675,723</u>	<u>1,349,723</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Works	<u>11,506,447</u>	<u>11,179,098</u>	<u>8,059,595</u>	<u>3,119,503</u>
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	<u>(5,180,447)</u>	<u>(4,853,098)</u>	<u>(383,872)</u>	<u>4,469,226</u>
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets			<u>14,625</u>	<u>14,625</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,180,447)	(4,853,098)	(369,247)	4,483,851
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4,773,812	4,773,812	4,773,812	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>406,635</u>	<u>406,635</u>	<u>406,635</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$327,349</u>	<u>\$4,811,200</u>	<u>\$4,483,851</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$4,016,000	\$4,016,000	\$4,184,465	\$168,465
Intergovernmental	3,816,209	3,816,209	4,249,916	433,707
Charges for Services	155,500	155,500	57,850	(97,650)
Other	448,426	495,133	318,975	(176,158)
Total Revenues	<u>8,436,135</u>	<u>8,482,842</u>	<u>8,811,206</u>	<u>328,364</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Human Services	8,273,390	8,428,122	7,574,962	853,160
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>162,745</u>	<u>54,720</u>	<u>1,236,244</u>	<u>1,181,524</u>
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers - Out		(100,000)	(100,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>(100,000)</u>	<u>(100,000)</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	162,745	(45,280)	1,136,244	1,181,524
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4,889,860	4,889,860	4,889,860	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>41,312</u>	<u>41,312</u>	<u>41,312</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$5,093,917</u>	<u>\$4,885,892</u>	<u>\$6,067,416</u>	<u>\$1,181,524</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Fair Haven</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,880,526	\$63,543	\$1,944,069
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	7,058		7,058
Accounts Receivable	683,510	66,707	750,217
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	6,115		6,115
Due from Other Governments	314,692	57,426	372,118
Prepaid Items	4,307	2,823	7,130
Special Assessments Receivable		51,657	51,657
Loan Receivable		47,094	47,094
Total Current Assets	<u>2,896,208</u>	<u>289,250</u>	<u>3,185,458</u>
Non-current Assets:			
Loan Receivable - net of current portion		742,175	742,175
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	17,031	2,364,647	2,381,678
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,413,329	8,074,012	9,487,341
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>1,430,360</u>	<u>11,180,834</u>	<u>12,611,194</u>
Total Assets	<u>4,326,568</u>	<u>11,470,084</u>	<u>15,796,652</u>
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	173,384	42,331	215,715
Accrued Wages Payable	238,541	9,375	247,916
Contracts Payable		57,426	57,426
Retainage Payable		9,447	9,447
Due to Other Governments	131,933	9,533	141,466
Accrued Interest Payable		8,174	8,174
Compensated Absences Payable	26,536	1,154	27,690
OPWC Loans Payable		4,326	4,326
OWDA Loans Payable		55,034	55,034
USDA Loan Payable		6,443	6,443
Total Current Liabilities	<u>570,394</u>	<u>203,243</u>	<u>773,637</u>
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Compensated Absences Payable - net of current portion	303,580	46,361	349,941
OPWC Loans Payable - net of current portion		156,032	156,032
OWDA Loans Payable - net of current portion		2,024,408	2,024,408
USDA Loan Payable - net of current portion		513,557	513,557
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>303,580</u>	<u>2,740,358</u>	<u>3,043,938</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>873,974</u>	<u>2,943,601</u>	<u>3,817,575</u>
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,430,360	8,632,344	10,062,704
Unrestricted	2,022,234	(105,861)	1,916,373
Total Net Position	<u>\$3,452,594</u>	<u>\$8,526,483</u>	<u>\$11,979,077</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Fair Haven</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$7,461,458	\$746,588	\$8,208,046
Other	47,423		47,423
Total Operating Revenues	<u>7,508,881</u>	<u>746,588</u>	<u>8,255,469</u>
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	5,269,336	314,453	5,583,789
Contractual Services	920,145	342,699	1,262,844
Materials and Supplies	1,006,647	69,382	1,076,029
Depreciation	74,596	270,926	345,522
Other	381,830		381,830
Total Operating Expenses	<u>7,652,554</u>	<u>997,460</u>	<u>8,650,014</u>
Operating Loss	<u>(143,673)</u>	<u>(250,872)</u>	<u>(394,545)</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest	32		32
Capital Grants		1,090,898	1,090,898
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(46,228)	(46,228)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>32</u>	<u>1,044,670</u>	<u>1,044,702</u>
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(143,641)	793,798	650,157
Transfers In		<u>90,000</u>	<u>90,000</u>
Change in Net Position	(143,641)	883,798	740,157
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>3,596,235</u>	<u>7,642,685</u>	<u>11,238,920</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u>\$3,452,594</u>	<u>\$8,526,483</u>	<u>\$11,979,077</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	Fair Haven	Sewer	Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash Received from Customers and Support	\$7,564,916	\$760,150	\$8,325,066
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts	47,423		47,423
Cash Payments for Employee Services and Benefits	(5,238,684)	(312,363)	(5,551,047)
Cash Payments to Suppliers	(1,870,979)	(615,326)	(2,486,305)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(387,169)		(387,169)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	115,507	(167,539)	(52,032)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Transfers - In		90,000	90,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		90,000	90,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Lease Principal Payments	(2,896)		(2,896)
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(1,069,832)	(1,069,832)
Capital Grants		1,076,903	1,076,903
Repayments on Fort Loramie Loan		66,601	66,601
Loan Proceeds		165,094	165,094
Loan Principal Payments		(116,772)	(116,772)
Loan Interest Payments		(66,150)	(66,150)
Net Cash Provided By (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(2,896)	55,844	52,948
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Interest	32		32
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	112,643	(21,695)	90,948
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	1,774,941	85,238	1,860,179
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	<u>\$1,887,584</u>	<u>\$63,543</u>	<u>\$1,951,127</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:			
Operating Loss	(\$143,673)	(\$250,872)	(\$394,545)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	74,596	270,926	345,522
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	16,212	(1,185)	15,027
Decrease in Inventory of Supplies and Materials	1,014		1,014
Decrease in Due from Other Governments	87,246		87,246
Increase in Prepaid Items	(187)	(2,308)	(2,495)
Decrease in Special Assessments Receivable		14,747	14,747
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	50,749	(2,946)	47,803
Decrease in Contracts Payable		(151,102)	(151,102)
Decrease in Retainage Payable		(46,055)	(46,055)
Increase in Accrued Wages	20,848	1,303	22,151
Decrease in Due to Other Governments	(6,021)	(1,809)	(7,830)
Increase in Compensated Absences Payable	14,723	1,762	16,485
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>\$115,507</u>	<u>(\$167,539)</u>	<u>(\$52,032)</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$54,880	\$2,543,192
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts		713,935
Investments in Segregated Accounts		96,605
Receivables:		
Property and Other Taxes		36,408,137
Accounts (Net, where applicable, of Uncollectible Accounts)		276,369
Special Assessments		209,969
Due from Other Governments		2,526,141
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		130,671
Total Assets	54,880	42,905,019
Liabilities:		
Due to Other Governments		40,005,522
Undistributed Monies		2,880,645
Deposits Held and Due to Others		18,852
Total Liabilities		\$42,905,019
Net Position:		
Held in Trust for Pool Participants	\$54,880	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

	<u>Private Purpose Trust</u>
Additions:	
Donations	\$13,121
Deductions:	
Distributions to Participants	<u>13,011</u>
Change in Net Position	110
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>54,770</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u><u>\$54,880</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Shelby County, Ohio (The County) was created in 1819. The County is governed by a board of three Commissioners elected by the voters of the County. Other officials elected by the voters of the County who manage various segments of the County's operations are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, a Common Pleas Court Judge, and a joint Probate/Juvenile Court Judge.

Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budgeting and taxing authority, contracting body and the chief administrators of public services for the County, including each of these departments.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the County are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Shelby County, this includes the Children's Services Board, the Board of Developmental Disabilities, the Child Support Enforcement Agency, the Community Corrections Planning Board, Fair Haven Home, the Shelby County Veterans Services, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the organization's budget, the levying of its taxes or the issuance of its debt.

B. Blended Component Unit

The Wilma Valentine Creative Learning Center is a component unit that is blended with the primary government. It is blended with the primary government because it is so intertwined with the primary government that it is, in substance, the same as the primary government.

The Wilma Valentine Creative Learning Center (WVCLC) is a non-profit corporation created to serve as an integrated daycare center for multi-handicapped children ages three through five years. The WVCLC operates exclusively for the benefit of Shelby County. It is governed by the same board of trustees as the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. The Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities is part of the primary government and the primary government may affect the activities, programs and projects of the WVCLC. It would be misleading to exclude the WVCLC from the financial statements of the primary government. The WVCLC is considered a component unit and blended with the primary government.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

C. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit column in the entity-wide financial statements identifies the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit, S and H Products. It is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. Condensed financial information for the component unit is presented in Note 19.

S and H Products is a legally separate, not-for-profit corporation, served by a board appointed by the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. The workshop, under contractual agreement with the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities, provides sheltered employment for mentally or physically handicapped individuals in Shelby County. The Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities provides the workshop with personnel necessary for the operation of the habilitation services to the clients, land and buildings for the operation of the center, maintenance and repair of the buildings and professional staff to supervise and train clients of S and H Products. Based on the significant services and resources provided by the County to the workshop and the workshop's sole purpose of providing assistance to the developmentally disabled adults of Shelby County, the workshop is reflected as a component unit of Shelby County. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from S and H Products at 1200 Children's Home Road, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

As the custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County treasury. In the case of the separate agencies, boards and commissions listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but is not financially accountable for their operations. Accordingly, the activity of the following districts and agencies are presented as agency funds within the County's financial statements:

- Sidney-Shelby County Health District
- Shelby County Soil Conservation District
- Shelby County Regional Planning Commission
- Shelby County Office of Homeland Security
- Shelby County Park District
- Shelby County Special Emergency Planning
- Shelby County Family and Children First Council

The County is associated with certain organizations which are defined as Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, a Related Organization, and an Insurance Pool. The County's Joint Ventures, the Shelby County Office of Homeland Security and the Shelby County Regional Planning Commission (the Commission), are presented in Note 20 of the basic financial statements. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. The Jointly Governed Organizations of the County, the Tri-County Board of Recovery and Mental Health Services (Tri County Mental Health Board), the West Central Ohio Network (WestCON), and the North Central Ohio Solid Waste Management District (the District), are presented in Note 21 of the basic financial statements. A jointly governed organization is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility on the part of the participating governments. The Related Organization, the Shelby Metropolitan Housing Authority (SMHA), is presented in Note 22. A related organization is an organization for which the County appoints a majority of the governing board but for which there is no potential benefit or burden and no authority to impose the will of the County.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The Insurance Pools, the Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. (the Pool) and the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC) are risk-sharing pools. A risk-sharing pool is an organization formed by a group of governments to combine risks and resources and share in the cost of losses. They are presented in Note 23.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Shelby County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds utilized by the County: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Public Assistance Fund – This fund is used to account for various federal and state grants as well as transfers from the General Fund used to provide public assistance to general relief recipients, medical assistance, and certain public social services.

Auto License and Gas Fund – This fund is used to account for revenue derived from permissive sales and use tax, motor vehicle licenses, gasoline taxes and investment income. Expenditures in this fund are restricted by state law to County road and bridge repair and improvement programs.

Developmental Disabilities Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of a school and the costs of administering a workshop for the developmentally disabled. Revenue sources include a county-wide property tax levy and federal and state grants.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose, and for various revenues collected for the repayment of debt.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, and cash flows. The County's proprietary funds are enterprise funds.

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the County's major enterprise funds:

Fair Haven Fund – This fund is used to account for charges to residents of the county home to be used for the operation and maintenance of the county home.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents of the County.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used by the County to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments, and are therefore, not available to support the County's own programs. Agency funds are used to report resources held by the County in a purely custodial capacity. The County's fiduciary funds are a private purpose trust fund and agency funds. The County's private purpose trust fund accounts for donated money used for the purpose of helping foster children. The County's agency funds are primarily established to account for the collection of various taxes, receipts and fees, and to account for funds of the General Health District, Soil Conservation District, Regional Planning Commission, Office of Homeland Security, Park District, Special Emergency Planning, and Family and Children First.

C. Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

2. Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all enterprise funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; enterprise funds and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

E. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transaction

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Non-exchange revenue transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, permissive sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). On an accrual basis, revenue from permissive sales tax is recognized in the period when the exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: permissive sales tax (See Note 7), federal and State subsidies, grants, locally levied shared taxes (including gasoline tax), charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and interest.

F. Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2012, but were levied to finance 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received prior to the eligibility requirements being met have also been recorded as deferred revenue.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

H. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances of the County's funds, except cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts, are pooled and invested in short-term investments in order to provide improved cash management. Individual fund integrity is maintained through County records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements. Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately by S and H Products and within departments of the County and not held with the County Treasurer are recorded on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts." Investments that are held separately by S and H Products and within departments of the County and not held with the County Treasurer are recorded on the balance sheet as "Investments in Segregated Accounts." Cash and cash equivalents that are held by the West Central Ohio Network (WestCON) on behalf of the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities are recorded on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent".

During 2012, the County invested in the Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), the Federal National Mortgage Association, the First American Treasury Obligation Fund and certificates of deposit.

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to statutory requirements. Interest revenue of \$144,405 was credited to the General Fund during 2012, which includes \$132,475 assigned from other County funds.

I. Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables are recorded on the County's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also, by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability.

Using these criteria, the County has elected to not record child support arrearages within the special revenue and agency fund types. These amounts, while potentially significant, are not considered measurable, and because collections are often significantly in arrears, the County is unable to determine a reasonable value.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Inventory of Supplies and Materials

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when used. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

K. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2012, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

L. Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." On fund financial statements, long-term interfund loans are classified as non-spendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources. Interfund balances are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as "Internal Balances".

M. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets that are associated with and generally rise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets used by the enterprise funds are reported in both the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, calculated by indexing estimated current cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values on the date donated. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of ten thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacements. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings	40-100 years
Equipment	8-20 years
Furniture and Fixtures	8-20 years
Vehicles	8-15 years
Infrastructure	10-70 years

In governmental funds, the County's infrastructure system consists of roads, bridges, culverts and a fiber optic network. In the enterprise funds, infrastructure consists of sewer lines.

N. Compensated Absences

Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The County records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and compensatory time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the County has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee's wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the County's termination policy. The County records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of current service with the County.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employees will be paid. In the enterprise fund, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

O. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprise funds are reported on the enterprise fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, short-term loans, contractually required pension contributions, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans, capital leases, notes, and bonds are recognized as liabilities on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Capital Contributions

Contributions of capital arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction or transfers of capital assets between governmental and business-type activities.

Q. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include funds for the operation of a school; resident homes for the developmentally disabled; the medical, financial, and social support to general relief recipients; the support and placement of children; and County road and bridge repair/improvement programs.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities of the enterprise funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for county home and sewer. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the services that are the primary activities of the funds. Revenues and expenses that do not meet these definitions are reported as non-operating.

S. Fund Balance

Fund balance is reported as non-spendable when it is not in spendable form.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. The County first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the Board of County Commissioners has placed constraints on the use of resources by resolution.

Fund balance is reported as assigned when the Auditor has encumbered or otherwise set aside resources not already committed to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance represents resources not restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose.

The County applies committed resources first and then assigned resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance is available.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

T. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in enterprise funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

U. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

V. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the County Commissioners' authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the County Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the County Commissioners at the fund, department, and object level (i.e., General Fund – Commissioners – salaries, supplies, equipment, contract repairs, travel expenses, maintenance, and other expenses).

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the County Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during 2012.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Commissioners during the year.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the County has implemented GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." This statement provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. It also renames net assets to net position. As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 63, the presentation of the financial statements and note disclosure has changed to show the difference between assets and liabilities as net position, instead of net assets. The implementation had no effect on fund balance/net position as previously reported for the year ended December 31, 2011.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the County has reclassified the Recycling Fund from an enterprise fund to a governmental fund, since the County is no longer operating the recycling center, but leasing it out to a third party. Because the fund balance of the Recycling Fund does not fit the criteria to be classified as a separate governmental fund, it has been combined with the General Fund for reporting purposes. The reclassification of the Recycling Fund had the following effect on Net Position as previously reported at December 31, 2011:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Net Position as previously reported		
December 31, 2011	\$105,121,204	\$11,506,264
Recycling Fund Cash	110,148	(110,148)
Recycling Fund Capital Assets, Net	157,766	(157,766)
Recycling Fund Accounts Payable	(570)	570
Restated Net Position as of December 31, 2011	\$105,388,548	\$11,238,920

Fund balance of the General Fund was also restated \$109,578 at December 31, 2011, from \$1,250,152 to \$1,359,730 for the inclusion of the Recycling Fund cash less accounts payable.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While financial position and results of operations are reported on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non GAAP Basis) and Actual, presented for the General Fund, the Public Assistance Fund, the Auto License and Gas Fund, and the Developmental Disabilities Fund, are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

4. Receipt and payment of year-end intrafund loans are treated as other sources or uses (budget basis) rather than an increase or decrease in an asset or liability account (GAAP basis).
5. Unrecorded cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.
6. The change in the fair value of investments is not included on the budget basis operating statement. This amount is included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.
7. Cash that is held by the agency funds on behalf of County funds on a budget basis are allocated and reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis) in the appropriate County fund.
8. Non-budgeted activity represents receipts and disbursements of the Wilma Valentine Creative Learning Center (WVCLC) and the West Central Ohio Network (WestCON) that was on behalf of the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. This activity is included in the revenues and expenditures of the Developmental Disabilities Fund on a GAAP basis.
9. Inception of capital lease represents the fair value of equipment acquired under capital leases during 2012. On a GAAP basis this is recorded as another financing source "Inception of Capital Lease," but it does not represent a cash outflow on a budgetary basis.
10. Perspective differences arise from the activity of some funds being included with the major funds on a GAAP basis because they are closely tied to the activity of those funds. These funds are not presented on the budget basis because the budget basis only presents the legally adopted budget for the fund.

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis for the County's major funds are as follows:

	Net Change in Fund Balance			
	General	Public Assistance	Auto License and Gas	Developmental Disabilities
GAAP Basis	\$195,210	\$72,114	(\$118,229)	\$ 967,953
Adjustments:				
Revenue Accruals	(128,556)	(6,597)	10,122	56,819
Expenditure Accruals	36,812	21,381	(250,219)	591,415
Unrecorded Cash 2011	35,032	619	233	
Unrecorded Cash 2012	(63,898)	(17,894)	(169)	(52,385)
Increase in Fair Value of Investments	(19,239)			
Prepaid Items	24,749	(16,325)	524	5,436
Non-Budgeted Activity				(292,910)
Encumbrances	(103,351)	(31,772)	(11,509)	(25,268)
Agency Fund Cash Allocation – 2011	65,461			79,065
Agency Fund Cash Allocation – 2012	(71,165)			(125,507)
Advances	4,544			
Inception of Capital Lease	(47,353)			
Perspective Differences	(42,093)	(22,778)		(68,374)
Budget Basis	<u>(\$113,847)</u>	<u>(\$ 1,252)</u>	<u>(\$369,247)</u>	<u>\$1,136,244</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the County are classified by State statute into two categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demand upon the County treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawal on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts. Monies held by the County which are not considered active are classified as inactive.

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the County Auditor by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Beginning June 15, 2004, inactive monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities provided a written investment policy has been filed with the Ohio Auditor of State:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to simultaneously exchange similar securities or cash, equal value for equal value;
9. Up to twenty-five percent of the County's average portfolio in either of the following:

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- a. commercial paper notes in entities incorporated under the laws Ohio or any other state that have assets exceeding five hundred million dollars rated at the time of purchase, which are rated in the highest qualification established by two nationally recognized standard rating services, which do not exceed ten percent of the value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation and mature within 270 days after purchase;
 - b. banker's acceptances eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System and which mature within 180 days after purchase;
10. No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service consisting exclusively of obligations guaranteed by the United States, securities issued by a federal government agency or instrumentality, and/or highly rated commercial paper;

Reverse repurchase agreements, investments in derivatives, and investments in stripped principal or interest obligations that are not issued or guaranteed by the United States, are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Other than corporate notes, commercial paper, and bankers acceptances, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County. Investments must be purchased with the expectation that they will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee, or if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information discloses the risks associated with the County's deposits and investments as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures."

A. Deposits

At December 31, 2012, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$10,470,897 and the bank balance was \$10,763,684.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2012, \$7,054,665 of the County's bank balance of \$10,763,684 was exposed to custodial credit risk in that it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent but not in the County's name.

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2012, the County had the following investments and maturities:

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	
First American Treasury Obligation Fund	\$ 238,399	various	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	502,435	8/22/17	
Federal Home Loan Bank	1,753,640	12/13/13	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	2,005,020	10/15/13	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	506,470	8/27/14	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	533,475	5/27/16	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	511,585	5/12/17	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	505,025	7/28/17	
Federal National Mortgage Association	512,815	12/11/13	
Federal National Mortgage Association	522,310	11/20/14	
Federal National Mortgage Association	500,715	4/30/15	
Federal National Mortgage Association	517,255	10/26/15	
Federal National Mortgage Association	515,095	11/15/16	
Federal National Mortgage Association	509,145	4/27/17	
Federal National Mortgage Association	500,460	11/7/17	
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,499,205	3/21/17	Callable on 3/21/13
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,001,320	4/11/17	Callable on 10/11/13
Total	<u>\$12,634,369</u>		

Interest Rate Risk: State statute limits the maturity of investments to five years unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County. The County does not have a formal investment policy that further limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The County places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. 14% of the County's investments at December 31, 2012 were in the Federal Home Loan Bank, 4% were in Federal Farm Credit Bank, 48 % were in the Federal National Mortgage Association, 32% were in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation and 2% were in the First American Treasury Obligation Fund.

Credit Risk: State statute limits investments in corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The County's investments in the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal National Mortgage Association were rated Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's at December 31, 2012. The County's investment in the First American Treasury Obligation was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's at December 31, 2012.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 and No. 40 is as follows:

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

	Primary Government	
	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$24,834,238	\$ 96,605
Cash on Hand	(27,678)	
Cash with Fiscal Agent	(1,797,899)	
Investments:		
Certificate of Deposit	96,605	(96,605)
Federal Farm Credit Bank	(502,435)	502,435
Federal Home Loan Bank	(1,753,640)	1,753,640
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)	(4,061,575)	4,061,575
Federal National Mortgage Association	(6,078,320)	6,078,320
First American Treasury Obligation Fund	(238,399)	238,399
GASB Statement No. 3	\$10,470,897	\$12,634,369

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property (other than public utility) located in the County. Property tax revenue received during 2012 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2011 taxes.

2012 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2011 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2012 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2013.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2012 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2011, are levied after October 1, 2011, and are collected in 2012 with real property taxes.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to each subdivision its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2012, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31, nor are they intended to finance 2012 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by deferred revenue. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is deferred.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2012, was \$9.10 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2012 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

<u>Category</u>	<u>Assessed Value</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Agricultural/Residential Real Property	\$764,335,990	76.83
Other Real Property	198,036,180	19.91
Public Utility Personal Property	32,431,570	3.26
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$994,803,740</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

7. PERMISSIVE SALES AND USE TAX

The County has a 1.5 percent tax on all retail sales, except sales of motor vehicles, made in the County, and on the storage, use, or consumption in the County of tangible personal property, including automobiles, not subject to the sales tax. The first 1 percent was imposed by the County Commissioners, by resolution, for general operations and permanent improvements. The other .5 percent was approved by County voters for road and bridge improvement projects. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of each month. The State then has five days in which to draw the warrant payable to the County.

Proceeds of the permissive sales and use tax were credited to the General Fund, the Auto License and Gas Fund and the Permanent Improvement Fund during 2012. A receivable is recognized at year-end for amounts that will be received from sales which occurred during 2012. On a modified and full accrual basis, the full amount of the receivable is recognized as revenue. Sales and use tax revenue received in 2012 amounted to \$4,135,230 in the General Fund, \$2,755,996 in the Auto License and Gas Fund and \$1,378,408 in the non-major funds, for a total of \$8,269,634.

8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2012, consisted of property and other taxes, permissive sales tax, accounts (billings for user charged services), interfund, special assessments, accrued interest, intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues, notes, and loans. The special assessments receivable in the enterprise funds represent amounts that have been assessed to property owners on the tax duplicate for the sewer system. The County has \$148,967 delinquent special assessments at December 31, 2012.

All receivables are considered collectible in full, except the Juvenile Court and Clerk of Courts fines and court costs and some receivables of the Fair Haven County Home. A summary of accounts receivable for Juvenile Court, Clerk of Courts, and Fair Haven, as well as other receivables owed to the County for all fund types is as follows:

	<u>Juvenile/Probate Court Fines</u>	<u>Clerk of Court Fines</u>	<u>Fair Haven Managed Care</u>	<u>Other Receivables</u>	<u>Total Receivables</u>
Receivable	\$879,636	\$4,318,269	\$217,986	\$643,827	\$6,059,718
Allowance for Uncollectible	(765,371)	(3,557,165)	(14,670)		(4,337,206)
Net Accounts Receivable	<u>\$114,265</u>	<u>\$ 761,104</u>	<u>\$203,316</u>	<u>\$643,827</u>	<u>\$1,722,512</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

8. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities:

Gasoline Tax	\$1,108,323
Motor Vehicle License Tax	938,731
Casino Tax	250,875
Cell Phone Tax	9,871
Local Government	319,636
Homestead and Rollback	376,138
Election Cost Reimbursement	8,772
Public Defender Reimbursement	28,819
ODE Unit Funding/subsidy payments	452,504
ODE Title XX	28,580
ODE Handicapped Preschool Grant	34,323
Developmental Disabilities Provider Support	41,609
Developmental Disabilities Daycare Grant	41,828
Miscellaneous Developmental Disabilities Reimbursements	14,577
VOCA and SVAA Grants	46,222
Judiciary Grants	46,158
Public Safety Grants	35,494
Prisoner Housing and Fines	146,240
Ohio Department of Natural Resources Grant	75,000
Community Housing Improvement Corporation Grants	24,500
Public Assistance Underfunded	50,808
Children's Services Underfunded	88,756
Child Support Enforcement Agency Underfunded	85,161
Miscellaneous Public Assistance Reimbursements	7,777
Miscellaneous Reimbursements and Rental Payments	10,248
Total Governmental Activities	<u>4,270,950</u>

Enterprise Funds:

Medicare Reimbursement	97,649
Medicaid Reimbursement	209,869
Area Agency on Aging Daycare/Transportation/Meals	7,174
Kettlersville Sewer Grant Reimbursements	57,426
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>372,118</u>

Agency Funds:

Library and Local Government	718,409
Local Government	665,910
Gasoline Tax	571,489
Motor Vehicle License Tax	278,077
Homestead and Rollback	55,133
Electric Deregulation	1,024
WIC Administration	160,028
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant	45,037
Help Me Grow Grant	22,026
Ohio Children's Trust Fund	9,008
Total Agency Funds	<u>2,526,141</u>
Total All Funds	<u>\$7,169,209</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

8. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Notes and Loans Receivable

The County has several notes receivable with local homeowners. The terms and conditions of the notes specify that the monies are to be used for rehabilitation of residences and down payment assistance. Some of the notes require monthly payments at various interest rates for up to ten years, while other notes are deferred until the owner sells the home. At December 31, 2012, the total amount of notes receivable of the Other Economic Development Special Revenue Fund was \$757,703, which includes \$634,998 that is expected to be collected in more than one year.

The County also has a note receivable with Clinton Township. During 2010, the County issued general obligation bonds on behalf of Clinton Township and the Township is making payments to the County to cover the debt service on the bonds. The outstanding repayment portion has been recorded as notes receivable in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. At December 31, 2012, the total amount of notes receivable in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund is \$188,947, which includes \$123,747 that is expected to be collected in more than one year.

The County has an outstanding loan receivable from the Fair Board in the amount of \$22,500. The loan is an interest free loan that was issued in 1997. This amount is expected to be collected in more than one year.

The County also has an outstanding loan receivable from the Village of Fort Loramie for its share of the 2005 Sewer Flow Equalization Project. This project was financed with a loan from OWDA, with the agreement that the Village of Fort Loramie would be responsible for 65% of the total debt repayment. The Village makes monthly payments to cover its share of the annual debt service of the OWDA loan. A loan receivable has been recorded in the Sewer Fund for the outstanding repayment portion that is the Village's responsibility. At December 31, 2012, the total amount of loans receivable in the Sewer Fund was \$789,269, which includes \$742,175 that is expected to be collected in more than one year.

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2012, was as follows:

	Restated Balance at 12/31/2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 12/31/2012
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,415,051	\$ 3,983		\$ 2,419,034
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	27,915,027	132,800	(\$ 14,979)	28,032,848
Equipment	2,065,133	212,280	(196,610)	2,080,803
Furniture and Fixtures	201,751			201,751
Vehicles	6,696,375	567,040	(301,889)	6,961,526
Infrastructure	160,830,089	3,464,829	(1,124,364)	163,170,554
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>197,708,375</u>	<u>4,376,949</u>	<u>(1,637,842)</u>	<u>200,447,482</u>

(Continued)

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

9. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Restated Balance at 12/31/2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 12/31/2012
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(11,861,422)	(687,205)	14,979	(12,533,648)
Equipment	(1,725,838)	(124,905)	181,955	(1,668,788)
Furniture and Fixtures	(169,660)	(5,465)		(175,125)
Vehicles	(4,528,269)	(700,776)	259,933	(4,969,112)
Infrastructure	(99,308,428)	(5,457,484)	1,034,274	(103,731,638)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(117,593,617)</u>	<u>(6,975,835) *</u>	<u>1,491,141</u>	<u>(123,078,311)</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	80,114,758	(2,598,886)	(146,701)	77,369,171
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$82,529,809</u>	<u>(\$2,594,903)</u>	<u>(\$ 146,701)</u>	<u>\$79,788,205</u>

*During 2012, the Sewer Enterprise Fund transferred fully depreciated vehicles to the governmental funds in the amount of \$34,642. Actual depreciation for the year for governmental activities assets was \$6,941,193.

	Restated Balance At 12/31/2011	Additions	Deletions	Balance At 12/31/2012
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 407,208			\$407,208
Construction in Progress	929,628	\$1,044,842		1,974,470
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>1,336,836</u>	<u>1,044,842</u>		<u>2,381,678</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	3,014,629			3,014,629
Equipment	158,906		(\$11,071)	147,835
Furniture and Fixtures	18,000			
Vehicles	263,452	24,990	(57,694)	230,748
Infrastructure	11,538,242			11,538,242
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>14,993,229</u>	<u>24,990</u>	<u>(68,765)</u>	<u>14,949,454</u>
Total Capital Assets At Historical Cost	<u>16,330,065</u>	<u>1,069,832</u>	<u>(68,765)</u>	<u>17,331,132</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(1,374,720)	(75,872)		(1,450,592)
Equipment	(131,724)	(4,000)	11,071	(124,653)
Furniture and Fixtures	(18,000)			(18,000)
Vehicles	(223,829)	(8,079)	57,694	(174,214)
Infrastructure	(3,437,083)	(257,571)		(3,694,654)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(5,185,356)</u>	<u>(345,522)</u>	<u>68,765</u>	<u>(5,462,113)</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	9,807,873	(320,532)		9,487,341
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$11,144,709</u>	<u>\$724,310</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$11,869,019</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental programs as follows:

General Government – Legislative and Executive	\$121,605
General Government – Judicial	43,046
Public Safety	382,532
Public Works	5,845,634
Health	6,660
Human Services	537,921
Economic Development and Assistance	3,795
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$6,941,193</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2012, the County contracted with the Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. for liability, property and crime insurance. The listing below is a general description of insurance coverage. All policy terms, conditions, restrictions, exclusions, etc. are not included.

Coverage provided by the insurance pool is as follows:

Liability:

General Liability	2,000,000
Public Official Errors and Omissions Liability	2,000,000
Law Enforcement Liability	2,000,000
Employee Benefit Liability	2,000,000
Auto Liability	2,000,000
Ohio Stop Gap	2,000,000

Crime:

Employee Dishonesty	500,000
Depositors Forgery	500,000
Money and Securities	500,000
Excess Liability	5,000,000
Excess Healthcare Professional Liability	3,000,000
Excess Crime Liability	500,000
Property – replacement value	82,131,000
Flood– separate pool aggregates	50,000,000
Earthquake – separate pool aggregates	100,000,000
Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000

The County pays all elected officials' bonds by statute. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in the last three years. There has been no material change in this coverage from the prior year

B. Health Care Benefits

The County participates in the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC), a risk-sharing pool consisting of five counties (See Note 23). Each member pays premiums to the MEBC for employee medical and life insurance premiums. The MEBC is responsible for the management and operation of the program. Upon withdrawal, the County is obligated for the payment of supplementary payments attributable to years during which the County was a member of the MEBC. Such supplementary payments may include, but are not limited to, sums sufficient to pay claims, retain reserve levels and pay for continuing claims administration. In addition, the County will continue to be responsible for all other obligations of membership attributable to such prior years. The MEBC Board of Trustees has the right to return monies to an existing member subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The County participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement (generally sheriffs and deputy sheriffs) and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 12.1 percent of their annual covered salary.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2012, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00 percent of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10 percent. The Ohio Revised Codes currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.00 percent of covered payroll for state and local employer units and 18.1 percent covered payroll for law and public safety employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan. Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits, and the remainder is for pension benefits.

The County's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2012 was 10.00 percent of covered payroll except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the County's pension contributions were 14.10 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$1,767,832, \$1,889,532, and \$1,525,080, respectively; 92 percent has been contributed for 2012 and 100 percent for 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2012 were \$77,404 made by the County and \$55,289 made by the plan members.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Certified teachers, employed by the school for Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities participate in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one-time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The County was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations, the same portion that was used to fund pension obligations for 2011. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010 were \$133,328, \$118,424, and \$110,344 respectively; 94 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$8,525 made by the plan members and \$11,935 by the County.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting <http://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml>, or by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits. Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. For 2012, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan for members in the traditional plan was 4.00 percent of covered payroll. The employer contribution allocated to the health care plan for members in the combined plan was 6.05 percent of covered payroll. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The County's contribution allocated to fund postemployment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 was \$680,543, \$704,155, and \$856,378, respectively; 92 percent has been contributed for 2012 and 100 percent for 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The County provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. This system is on a pay-as-you-go basis. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

12. POSTE-MPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

All STRS Ohio benefit recipients who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The County's required contributions for healthcare for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$10,256, \$9,110, and \$8,488; 94 percent has been contributed for 2012 and 100 percent has been contributed for 2011 and 2010.

13. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Deferred Compensation Plans

County employees and elected officials may elect to participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan or the Ohio County Commissioners Association Deferred Compensation Plan. Both plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plans permit deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plans, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

B. Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service and department policy. Overtime hours can be accrued as compensatory time at one and one half times the amount of hours worked. All accumulated, unused vacation and compensatory time is paid upon separation if the employee has at least one year of service with the County.

The County's current leave policy states that all full-time employees working eighty hours in active pay status are entitled to 4.6 hours of sick leave with pay for every full pay period worked. Employees working less or more than the required amount for the pay period shall receive a pro-rated share of sick leave. Any County employee who has 10 or more years of service as an employee of any office, department, commission, or board of Shelby County will be paid for 25 percent of the value of his accrued but unused sick leave up to a maximum of 240 hours. Such payment is based upon the employee's rate of pay at the time of his retirement and is paid to the employee in one lump sum upon retirement.

14. CAPITAL LEASES

During 2012 the County entered into two new leases for the use of equipment. The terms of these agreements provide options to purchase the equipment. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. The new leases have been recorded as "Other Financing Sources – Inception of Capital Lease" in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

14. CAPITAL LEASES (Continued)

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Principal payments on all capital leases in 2012 totaled \$211,750 in the governmental funds and \$2,896 in the enterprise funds.

Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the statement of net position for governmental activities in the amount of \$1,049,077, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation on these assets at December 31, 2012, was \$990,803 and the carrying value was \$58,274. For business-type activities, capital assets have been capitalized in the amount of \$14,478. Accumulated depreciation on these assets at December 31, 2012 was \$14,478 and the carrying value was \$0.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2012.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities Amounts
2013	\$15,537
2014	10,812
2015	9,504
2016	9,504
2017	6,471
Total	51,828
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(274)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$51,554

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the County's general long-term obligations for the year consist of the following:

	Balance at 12/31/11	Increases	Decreases	Balance at 12/31/12	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable:					
2010 Millcreek Storm Sewer Bonds –3.27%	\$ 254,147		\$ 65,200	\$ 188,947	\$ 65,200
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Compensated Absences Payable	1,587,119	\$ 993,753	929,208	1,651,664	156,753
Obligations Under Capital Lease	215,951	47,353	211,750	51,554	15,279
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	1,803,070	1,041,106	1,140,958	1,703,218	172,032
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,057,217	\$1,041,106	\$1,206,158	\$1,892,165	\$237,232

The Millcreek Storm Sewer Bonds were issued on February 2, 2010, on behalf of Clinton Township, for the purpose of constructing a storm sewer in the Millcreek Subdivision. The County is repaying the debt from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund with payments from Clinton Township. The bonds carry an interest rate of 3.27 % and reach final maturity on January 15, 2015.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund, the Public Assistance Fund, the Auto License and Gas Fund, and the Developmental Disabilities Fund, as well as the Dog and Kennel, Other Public Works, Other Legislative and Executive, Other Judicial, Other Public Safety, and Other Human Services non-major funds. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the General Fund and the Public Assistance Fund.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Changes in the long-term obligations reported in the enterprise funds during 2012 were as follows:

	<u>Balance at 12/31/11</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance at 12/31/12</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Loans Payable:					
2005 Ft. Loramie Sewer OWDA Loan - 3.75%	\$1,273,495		\$ 64,622	\$1,208,8735	\$33,222
2006 McCartyville Sewer OWDA Loan – 0.00%	514,814		32,176	482,638	16,088
2009 Millcreek Sewer OWDA Loan – 1.50%	399,252		11,321	387,931	5,724
1998 Arrowhead Hills Sewer OPWC Loan – 0.00%	24,375		3,750	20,625	1,875
2010 Millcreek Sewer OPWC Loan – 0.00%	144,636		4,903	139,733	2,451
2011 Ketterville Sewer USDA Loan – 3.50%	354,906	\$165,094		520,000	6,443
Total Loans	<u>2,711,478</u>	<u>165,094</u>	<u>116,772</u>	<u>2,759,800</u>	<u>65,803</u>
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Compensated Absences Payable	361,145	207,345	190,859	377,631	27,690
Obligations Under Capital Lease	2,896		2,896		
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	<u>364,041</u>	<u>207,345</u>	<u>193,755</u>	<u>377,631</u>	<u>27,690</u>
Total Business Type Activities	<u>\$3,075,519</u>	<u>\$372,439</u>	<u>\$310,527</u>	<u>\$3,137,431</u>	<u>\$93,493</u>

The 2005 Ft. Loramie Sewer OWDA loan is a twenty year loan in the amount of \$1,562,925 for the Fort Loramie Flow Equalization Project. Per an agreement with the Village of Fort Loramie, the Village is responsible for 65% of the repayment of this debt. The Village of Fort Loramie is making monthly payments to the Sewer Fund for its share of the debt. The County's share of this loan is being repaid from the operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The McCartyville Sewer OWDA loan is a twenty year, \$643,518 loan for the planning and construction of the McCartyville Sewer Collection System. It is being repaid from the operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The Millcreek Sewer OWDA loan is a 30 year, \$415,920 loan for the construction of the Millcreek Subdivision Sewer project. That project was also funded through a 30 year, \$147,087 OPWC loan. These loans will be repaid from operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The Ketterville Sewer USDA loan is a 30 year, \$520,000 loan. This loan will also be paid from operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The 1998 Arrowhead Hills OPWC loan is a twenty year loan that was issued in the amount of \$75,000 for the purpose of making improvements to the Arrowhead Hills Water System. It is being repaid from the Sewer Enterprise Fund's operating revenues.

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net general obligation debt of the County, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors should not exceed one percent of the total assessed valuation of the County. The Code further provides that the total voted and un-voted net debt of the County less the same exempt debt should not exceed a sum equal to three percent of the first \$100,000,000 of the assessed valuation, plus one and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$100,000,000 and not in excess of \$300,000,000, plus two and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$300,000,000. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2012, are an overall debt margin of \$23,181,147 and an un-voted debt margin of \$9,759,090.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the County's future annual principal and interest requirements for long-term obligations:

Year	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>General Obligation</u>	
	<u>Bonds</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2013	\$ 65,200	\$5,193
2014	65,200	3,031
2015	58,547	979
Totals	<u>\$188,947</u>	<u>\$9,203</u>

Year	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>					
	<u>Ft. Loramie Sewer OWDA</u>		<u>McCartysville Sewer OWDA</u>		<u>Millcreek Sewer OWDA</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2013	\$ 33,222	\$ 22,666	\$ 16,088		\$ 5,724	\$ 2,909
2014	68,325	43,452	32,176		11,578	5,690
2015	70,911	40,866	32,176		11,752	5,516
2016	73,596	38,182	32,176		11,929	5,339
2017	76,381	35,396	32,176		12,109	5,159
2018-2022	427,525	131,363	160,879		63,333	23,005
2023-2027	458,913	44,088	160,879		68,248	18,091
2028-2032			16,088		73,541	12,796
2033-2037					79,247	7,091
2038-2040					50,470	1,333
Totals	<u>\$1,208,873</u>	<u>\$356,013</u>	<u>\$482,638</u>		<u>\$387,931</u>	<u>\$86,929</u>

Year	<u>Arrowhead Hills OPWC</u>		<u>Millcreek Sewer OPWC</u>		<u>Kettlersville Sewer OWDA</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2013	\$ 1,875		\$ 2,451		\$ 6,443	\$ 18,200
2014	3,750		4,903		6,668	17,975
2015	3,750		4,903		6,902	17,741
2016	3,750		4,903		7,143	17,500
2017	3,750		4,903		7,393	17,250
2018-2022	3,750		24,516		41,034	82,180
2023-2027			24,515		48,734	74,479
2028-2032			24,515		57,882	65,332
2033-2037			24,516		68,746	54,468
2038-2042			19,608		81,648	41,566
2043-2047					96,973	26,242
2048-2051					90,434	8,044
Totals	<u>\$20,625</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$139,733</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$520,000</u>	<u>\$440,977</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The County issued a health care facilities revenue bond in 1996 with the principal amount of \$1,050,000 outstanding at December 31, 2012, for the Series A bond issue and \$4,000,000 outstanding for the Series B bond issue. Another health care facilities revenue bond was issued in 1997 with the principal amount of \$27,240,000 outstanding at December 31, 2012. During 2001, health care facilities revenue bonds were issued with the principal amount of \$15,690,000 outstanding at December 31, 2012. During 2002, health care facilities revenue bonds were issued with the principal amount of \$44,790,000 outstanding at December 31, 2012. All of these bond issues were for facilities used by the Dorothy Love Retirement Community. The County is not obligated in any way to pay debt charges on the bond from any of its funds, and therefore it has been excluded entirely from the County's debt presentation. There has not been and is not any condition of default under the bond or the related financing documents.

The County issued hospital revenue bonds in 1992, 1996, and 1997 with the principal amount of \$4,705,000, \$1,216,385, and \$698,861 outstanding, respectively, at December 31, 2012. The proceeds of the bonds do not constitute a general obligation, debt or bonded indebtedness of the County. Neither is the full faith and credit or taxing power of the County pledged to make repayment.

16. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at December 31, 2012, consist of the following amounts and resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting records, and (3) payments between funds are made. \$46,500 of the non-major governmental funds interfund receivable is not expected to be paid within a year. All other interfund receivables are expected to be paid within one year.

	Interfund Receivable				Total
	General Fund	Public Assistance Fund	Auto License and Gas Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	
General Fund			\$ 6,427	\$114,623	\$121,050
Developmental Disabilities Fund			8,668		8,668
Non-major Governmental Funds	\$2,342	\$191,064	408	13,707	207,521
Total	\$2,342	\$191,064	\$15,503	\$128,330	\$337,239

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. The General Fund had transfers out to non-major governmental funds equal to \$293,747, which was to subsidize various programs. The Developmental Disabilities Fund had transfers out of \$50,000 to the Developmental Disabilities Capital Fund to pay some capital expenses. The General Fund had transfers in of \$702,000 and the Sewer Fund had transfers in of \$90,000 from the Permanent Improvement Fund to help cover costs for 2012.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

17. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance of the governmental funds is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based on the constraints imposed on the use of the resources.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds at December 31, 2012 were as follows:

Fund Balance	General	Public Assistance	Auto License and Gas Tax
Non-Spendable			
Inventory	\$ 55,968	\$ 966	\$ 459,014
Prepaid Items	77,400	28,900	3,899
Unclaimed Monies	56,414		
Long-Term Advances			
Long-Term Notes Receivable			
Long-Term Loans Receivable	22,500		
Total Non-Spendable	<u>212,282</u>	<u>29,866</u>	<u>462,913</u>
Restricted for:			
Roads, Bridges, and Culverts			5,865,402
Ditch Maintenance			
Public Assistance		382,939	
Developmental Disabilities			
Dog and Kennel			
Ohio Department of Natural Resources Grant			
Real Estate Assessment and Collection			
Judiciary Operations and Special Projects			
Public Safety			
Child Support Enforcement			
Community Development			
Debt Service:			
Capital Improvements			
Developmental Disabilities Capital Improvements			
Total Restricted		<u>382,939</u>	<u>5,865,402</u>
Committed to:			
Sheriff Commissary			
Developmental Disabilities Daycare			
Total Committed			
Assigned for:			
Unpaid Obligations	111,545		
Recycling Center	59,581		
Court Appointed Special Advocates Program	11,294		
Crimestoppers Rewards	11,081		
Total Assigned	<u>193,501</u>		
Unassigned	1,149,157		
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$1,554,940</u>	<u>\$412,805</u>	<u>\$6,328,315</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

17. FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Fund Balance	Developmental Disabilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Non-Spendable:			
Inventory	\$ 4,441		\$ 520,389
Prepaid Items	18,012	\$ 34,108	162,319
Unclaimed Monies			56,414
Long-Term Advances		46,500	46,500
Long-Term Notes Receivable		758,745	758,745
Long-Term Loans Receivable			22,500
Total Non-Spendable	<u>22,453</u>	<u>839,353</u>	<u>1,566,867</u>
Restricted for:			
Roads, Bridges, and Culverts		74,013	5,939,415
Ditch Maintenance		355,577	355,577
Public Assistance			382,939
Developmental Disabilities	8,054,323		8,054,323
Dog and Kennel		14,283	14,283
Ohio Department of Natural Resources Grant		161,049	161,049
Real Estate Assessment and Collection		654,934	654,934
Judiciary Operations and Special Projects		570,607	570,607
Public Safety		169,272	169,272
Child Support Enforcement		199,017	199,017
Community Development		270,052	270,052
Debt Service		65,200	65,200
Capital Improvements		2,267,493	2,267,493
Developmental Disabilities Capital Improvements		132,489	132,489
Total Restricted	<u>8,054,323</u>	<u>4,933,986</u>	<u>19,236,650</u>
Committed to:			
Sheriff Commissary		31,542	31,542
Developmental Disabilities Daycare	131,416		131,416
Total Committed	<u>131,416</u>	<u>31,542</u>	<u>162,958</u>
Assigned for:			
Unpaid Obligations			111,545
Recycling Center			59,581
Court Appointed Special Advocates Program			11,294
Crimestoppers Rewards			11,081
Total Assigned			<u>193,501</u>
Unassigned		(3,307)	1,145,850
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$8,208,192</u>	<u>\$5,801,574</u>	<u>\$22,305,826</u>

18. SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2012, the County had contractual purchase commitments as follows:

Vendor	Project	Contract Amount	Amount Expended	Balance At 12/31/12
C.G. Egli, Inc.	Jail Boiler Replacement	\$152,000	\$132,800	\$19,200
Eck Refrigeration	Replacement of VAC Controls	25,965		25,965
Choice One Engineering	Kettlersville Sewer Project	143,500	108,418	35,082
VTF Excavation	Kettlersville Sewer Project	236,420	125,882	110,538
Innovative Design Concepts	Baler Equipment	345,253	105,908	239,345

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

19. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

A. Nature of Organization

S and H Products is a non-profit sheltered workshop providing residential, vocational, habilitation and family resource services to mentally retarded and developmentally disabled adults in Shelby County and other counties. S and H Products is primarily funded by the Shelby County Board of MRDD as disclosed in Note 24.

S and H Products is exempt under Internal Revenue Code Section 501©(3) from federal income tax. It is also currently exempt from federal unemployment tax and Ohio franchise, personal property, and sales taxes. The payroll of the Thomas Edison Center became subject to social security (FICA) coverage due to the Social Security Amendments of 1983. S and H Products operates on a fiscal year which ran from July 1, 2011, to June 30, 2012.

B. Classification of Net Position

Unrestricted net position is comprised of the amount upon which donors have placed no restriction on expenditure of these assets themselves or their investment income.

Temporarily restricted net position and investment income generated by these assets comprise those amounts the expenditure of which has been restricted by donors for use during a specific time period or for a particular purpose. When such a restriction expires; that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a program restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted capital assets are released to unrestricted net position and are reported in the statement of activities and changes in net position.

Permanently restricted net position comprise those assets contributed to the component units by donors who have indicated an intention that the assets are to remain in perpetuity as permanent endowments of the component units. Investment income generated by these assets is reported as unrestricted or temporarily restricted, depending upon whether the donors have limited the expenditure of income to a particular purpose or purposes or have indicated that such income is to be available for the general purposes of the component units. At June 30, 2012, all of the assets of the component unit are unrestricted, except for \$37,719 that is net investment in capital assets.

C. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents held by S and H Products are classified as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts" on the statement of net position. This includes cash and any investment with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments held by S and H Products are classified as "Investment in Segregated Accounts."

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of deposits for S and H Products was \$261,106 and the bank balance was \$264,248.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the entity's deposits may not be returned to it. S & H Products does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2012, \$24,543 of the government's bank balance of \$264,248 was exposed to custodial credit risk in that it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent but not in the County's name.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

19. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (Continued)

As of June 30, 2012, S and H Products had the following investments with maturities less than one year:

Investment Type	Carrying Value
T Rowe Price Equity Income Fund	\$ 25,406
Managers Pimco Bond Fund	15,382
Metropolitan West	16,106
Perkins Mid Cap	45,495
Royce Special Equity Fund	48,677
Vanguard Total Bond Market	94,512
Permanent Portfolio	40,263
Fairholme Fund	31,306
Sequoia Fund	41,936
Tweedy Browne Global Value Fund	41,079
Total	\$400,162

Interest Rate Risk: State statute limits the maturity of investments to five years unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the entity. S and H Products does not have a formal investment policy that further limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 and No. 40 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$111,356	\$550,162
Cash on Hand	(250)	
Investments:		
Certificates of Deposit	150,000	(150,000)
GASB Statement No. 3	\$261,106	\$400,162

D. Capital Assets

A summary of S and H Products capital assets at June 30, 2012, follows:

Leasehold Improvements	\$25,057
Shop and Office Equipment	160,678
Transportation Equipment	59,164
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	244,899
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(207,180)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$37,719

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

19. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (Continued)

It is the component unit's policy to capitalize all assets in excess of \$1,000 and all expenditures for repairs, maintenance, renewals, and betterments that materially prolong the useful lives of assets. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 15 years for leasehold improvements, 10 years for shop and office equipment, and 5 years for transportation equipment. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$16,235.

E. Segment Information

Net working capital for S and H Products was \$533,331. Other segment information can be obtained in the combined financial statements.

F. Related Party Transactions

Shelby County provided facilities, equipment, transportation and salaries for administration, implementation, and supervision programs to S&H Products during fiscal year 2012. S&H Products is unable to place a value on the materials and services received from Shelby County, as determined by the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. In other transactions with Shelby County, S&H Products received \$7,838 for the year ended June 30, 2012 for goods and services.

Additionally, S&H Products had sales of \$16,345 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, to six companies that employ six S&H Products' board member, with accounts receivable of \$2,061 at June 30, 2012.

20. JOINT VENTURES

A. Shelby County Office of Homeland Security

The Shelby County Office of Homeland Security Agency is a joint venture among Shelby County, the City of Sidney, and townships and villages within the County. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is composed of the following seven members: one County Commissioner representing the board of county commissioners entering into the agreement; five chief executives representing the municipal corporations and townships entering into the agreement; and one non-elected representative. During 2012, the County contributed \$64,000 (46 percent) of total revenue for the operation of the agency. The agency is a joint venture since it cannot continue to exist without the financial support of the County. The County does not have an equity interest in the joint venture. The agency is not accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. Complete financial statements can be obtained from Mark Burdiss, Director, located at 800 Fair Road, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

20. JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

B. Shelby County Regional Planning Commission

The Shelby County Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) is a joint venture among the County, the City of Sidney, and townships and villages within the County. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. All units of local government may become a member of the Commission. The Board is comprised of representatives appointed by member units of local government. The Board of County Commissioners may appoint three representatives, at least one being a county representative, one being a municipal resident and one being a resident of the unincorporated portion of Shelby County. The City of Sidney may appoint three representatives, each village may appoint one representative, each township may appoint one representative and the County Engineer is an ex-officio member. The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic, and governmental characteristics, functions, and services of the County. During 2012, the County contributed \$5,972 to the operation of the Commission. The Commission is not accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. Complete financial statements can be obtained from Dianna Reisinger, Director, located at the Shelby County Courthouse Annex, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

21. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Tri-County Board of Recovery and Mental Health Services

The Tri-County Board of Recovery and Mental Health Services (Tri-County Mental Health Board) is a jointly governed organization among Shelby, Miami and Darke counties. The Tri-County Mental Health Board provides leadership in planning for and supporting community-based alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services in cooperation with public and private resources with emphasis on the development of prevention and early intervention programming while respecting, protecting and advocating for the rights of persons as consumers of alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services.

The ability to influence operations depends on the County's representation on the Board. The Board of Trustees consists of eighteen members: four members are appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Mental Health, four members are appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services and the remaining ten members are appointed by the County Commissioners of Shelby, Miami and Darke counties in the same proportion as the County's population bears to the total population of the three counties combined. During 2012, a tax levy provided \$513,472 (24 percent of total tax revenue) for the operations of the organization.

B. West Central Ohio Network

The West Central Ohio Network (WestCON) is a jointly governed organization among Allen, Shelby, Darke, Miami, Auglaize, Mercer, Logan, and Union counties. WestCON was created to serve as an administrator and fiscal agent of Supported Living funds for the Boards of Developmental Disabilities of each of the participating counties. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board of Directors (the Board) of WestCON. The Board consists of one delegate, who is the Superintendent, from each of the participating Boards of Developmental Disabilities. During 2012, the Counties Board allocated payments to WestCON were \$46,707.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

21. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

C. North Central Ohio Solid Waste Management District

The North Central Ohio Solid Waste Management District (the District) is a jointly governed organization among Shelby, Allen, Champaign, Hardin, Marion, and Union Counties. The District was established following the requirements of House Bill 592. The Board of Directors consists of County Commissioners from each county. Initial funding for the District was contributed by each county based on its individual county's population as compared to the total of all participating counties' populations. In 1994, the District became self-supporting and does not anticipate having to rely on future support coming from funds given to the District by the six counties involved. During 2012, Shelby County made no payments to the District for solid waste fees. Allen County serves as fiscal agent for the District. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the District, Allen County, Ohio.

22. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Shelby Metropolitan Housing Authority

The Shelby Metropolitan Housing Authority (SMHA) is a related organization of Shelby County. The SMHA is a legally separate body politic. The majority of the SMHA Board is appointed by Shelby County. The SMHA Board is composed of five representatives, who include: one member appointed by the Shelby County Common Pleas Court Judge; one member appointed by the Shelby County Commissioners; one member appointed by the Shelby County Probate Court Judge; and two members appointed by the Mayor of Sidney. The County is not able to impose its will on the SMHA and no financial benefit and/or burden relationship exists. The SMHA is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel and accounting and finance related activities. The general purpose of the SMHA is to provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing for qualified persons within the County. During 2012, the County did not have any financial contributions to the operation of the SMHA.

23. RISK SHARING POOLS

A. Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc.

The Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc., (the Pool) is an Ohio nonprofit corporation established by five counties for the purpose of establishing a risk-sharing insurance program. Member counties agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverage provided by the Pool. Coverage includes comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance, and public officials' error and omissions liability insurance.

Each member county has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Pool are managed by an elected board of not more than five trustees. Only county commissioners of member counties are eligible to serve on the board. No county may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member county's control over the budgeting and financing of the Pool is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of trustees.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

23. RISK SHARING POOLS (Continued)

B. Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium

The County participates in the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC), a risk-sharing pool consisting of five counties. The MEBC is responsible for the administration of the program and processing of all claims for each member. The County pays premiums to the MEBC for employee medical and life insurance benefits.

The MEBC is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of one county commissioner from each participating member. Each participant decides which plans offered by the Board of Trustees will be extended to its employees. Participation in the MEBC is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Trustees and payment of the monthly premiums.

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A. S and H Products

S and H Products, a discretely presented component unit of Shelby County, has entered into a contractual agreement with the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities, whereby the Board of Developmental Disabilities provides sheltered employment for developmentally disabled individuals in Shelby County. The Board of Developmental Disabilities provides the workshop with personnel who provide habilitation services to the clients, land and buildings for the operation of the center, maintenance and repair of the buildings and professional staff to supervise and train clients of S and H Products.

In 2012, the County was unable to establish a value for the contributions to S and H Products for salaries, fringes, maintenance and repairs of buildings, transportation, and administrative costs.

B. Residential Services Support, Inc.

Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities has entered into a contractual agreement with Residential Services Support, Inc (RSSI), a non-profit organization, to provide housing for persons with developmental disabilities. Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities receives Community Capital Assistance funding through the State of Ohio for purchase, renovation, and construction of facilities for housing of individuals served through Board programs. The Board provides RSSI with the awarded community capital assistance funding in order for RSSI to secure a property for purchase. The Board and RSSI staff mutually agrees on the monthly rent the occupants will make directly to RSSI. RSSI is responsible for all upkeep of the purchased properties. The property deed and insurance is held solely by RSSI. The Board co-signs for any mortgage necessary to cover the difference between the grant award and the purchase price of the property.

As of December 31, 2012, RSSI managed ten properties on behalf of Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. There are no outstanding mortgages on any of these properties. There was no Community Capital Assistance funding passed through to RSSI during 2012.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

25. CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

B. Grants

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

C. Ohio EPA

On May 14, 2012, the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued Director's Final Findings and Orders to the Shelby County Board of Commissioners disclosing that the Newport Area is an unincorporated area in Shelby County, Ohio, wherein centralized wastewater facilities are unavailable. The Director's Orders require that not later than five months the County shall submit to the Ohio EPA for approval a general plan for sewage improvements or other methods of abating pollution and correcting the unsanitary conditions for the Newport Area, implementation of the plan, complete the sewage system installation within six years in accordance with the approved permit to install application and achieve compliance with Ohio's water pollution control laws, and finally provide notice to the Ohio EPA in writing completion of the Order's.

The Commissioner's on July 30, 2013 engaged Calfee, Halter & Griswold LLP to Provide Legal Services Related to Shelby County's Compliance with the Ohio EPA Director's Final Findings and Orders Regarding Newport, Ohio. No liability determination has been made at this time

26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On February 27, 2013, the County issued multifamily housing mortgage revenue bonds in the principal amount of \$11,100,000, Series A bond issue and \$9,750,000 and Series B bond issue \$1,350,000. The bonds are being issued by the County to finance the costs of development and construction by Alcore Sidney LLC of a 64 unit senior living facility. The Bonds do not constitute an obligation, either general, special, or moral of the County of Shelby, Ohio, the State of Ohio, or any other political subdivision or agency of the State of Ohio. Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing power of the issuer, the State of Ohio or any other political subdivision or agency of the State of Ohio is pledged for the payment of the principal of, prepayment premium, if any or interest due on the Bonds.

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services):</i>			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	10.561	\$216,488
<i>(Direct)</i>			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities - Loan		10.760	165,096
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities - Grant			<u>717,445</u>
			<u>882,541</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,099,029</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Development):</i>			
Community Development Block Grants/States' Program and Nonentitlement Grants in Hawaii	B-C-11-1CR-1 B-F-11-1CR-1 B-W-10-1CR-1	14.228	32,129 69,384 <u>245,637</u>
Total Community Development Block Grants/States' Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii			347,150
Home Investment Partnerships Program	B-C-11-1CR-2	14.239	<u>140,358</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			<u>487,508</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Youth Services)</i>			
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants	2009-JB-015-B072	16.523	8,599
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety):</i>			
Crime Victim Assistance	2012VAGENE421 2013VAGENE421 2013VACHAE440 2012VACHAE440	16.575	32,755 9,248 2,488 <u>8,328</u>
Total -Crime Victim Assistance			<u>52,819</u>
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>61,418</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services):</i>			
<i>(Passed through Area 7 Workforce Investment Board)</i>			
Workforce Investment Act Cluster			
Workforce Investment Act-Adult Program	2012-7375-1 / 2011-7375-1	17.258	104,523
Workforce Investment Act-Adult Program Administrative	2012-7375-1 / 2011-7375-1	17.258	<u>4,178</u>
Workforce Investment Act-Adult Program Total			108,701
Workforce Investment Act-Youth	2012-7375-1 / 2011-7375-1	17.259	94,266
Workforce Investment Act-Youth Administrative	2012-7375-1 / 2011-7375-1	17.259	<u>3,939</u>
Workforce Investment Act-Youth Total			98,205
Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	2012-7375-1 / 2011-7375-1	17.278	229,735
Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Worker Formula Grants - Admin	2012-7375-1 / 2011-7375-1	17.278	<u>10,810</u>
Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Worker Formula Grants - Total			<u>240,545</u>
Total Workforce Investment Act Cluster			447,451

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
Employment Service Cluster			
Employment Service/Wagner Peyser Funded Activities	N/A	17.207	23,024
Disabled Veterans' Outreach Program	N/A	17.801	9,118
Local Veterans' Employment Representative Program	N/A	17.804	78
Total Employment Service Cluster			<u>32,220</u>
Total U.S. Department of Labor			<u>479,671</u>
 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
<i>(Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation)</i>			
Highway Planning and Construction	PID 89455 / Agreement 24109	20.205	4,565
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety)</i>			
Highway Safety Cluster			
State and Community Highway Safety	HVEO-2012-75-00-00-00356-00	20.600	6,542
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants I	HVEO-2012-75-00-00-00356-00	20.601	4,362
Total Highway Safety Cluster			<u>10,904</u>
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			<u>15,469</u>
 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):</i>			
Special Education Preschool Grants	071159-PG-SI-12P	84.173	33,757
	071159-PG-SI-13P		16,666
Total Special Education Preschool Grants			<u>50,423</u>
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Health)</i>			
Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families	07510021HG0413	84.181	33,842
	07510021HG0312		31,910
Total Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families			<u>65,752</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>116,175</u>
 U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Secretary of State)</i>			
Help America Vote Act Requirement Payments		90.401	1,219
 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)</i>			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.556	45,065
Child Support Enforcement	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.563	391,404
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Programs	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.645	24,679
Chaffee Foster Care Independence Program	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.674	25
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.558	638,160
Foster Care - Title IV-E	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.658	157,343
Children's Health Insurance Program	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.767	4,139
Medical Assistance Program	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.778	273,134
Medical Assistance Program		93.778	32,025
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Development Disabilities):</i>			
Medical Assistance Program		93.778	12,086
Medical Assistance Program		93.778	4,046
Medical Assistance Program Total			<u>321,291</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)</i>			
Adoption Assistance	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.659	145,035
Social Services Block Grant	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.667	410,221
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Development Disabilities):</i>			
Social Services Block Grant	CY2012 TXX	93.667	<u>49,258</u>
Total Social Services Block Grant			459,479
Child Care and Development Block Grant	G-1101-11-5113/G-1213-11-0113	93.575	79,238
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Aging)</i>			
<i>(Passed Through Area Agency on Aging)</i>			
Aging Cluster			
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	N/A	93.044	36,839
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services		93.045	67,358
Nutrition Services Incentive Program		93.053	<u>11,801</u>
Total Aging Cluster			115,998
<i>(Passed through the Ohio Secretary of State)</i>			
Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities_Grants to States	N/A	93.617	<u>4,930</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>2,386,786</u>
Total Federal Assistance			<u><u>\$4,647,275</u></u>

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012**

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Shelby County (the County's) federal award programs' disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting, except the expenditures passed through Area 7 Workforce Investment Board for the Workforce Investment Act Cluster, which are presented on an accrual basis.

NOTE B – SUB-RECIPIENTS

The County passes certain Federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services and the Area 7 Workforce Investment Board to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (sub-recipients). As described in Note A, the County records expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash, except expenditures passed through Area 7 Workforce Investment Act Cluster, which are presented on an accrual basis.

As a sub-recipient, the County has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its sub-recipients to help assure they use these sub-awards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that sub-recipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE C -HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM (HIPP) REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAM

The County has established a revolving loan program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to create jobs for persons from low-moderate income households and to eligible persons to rehabilitate homes. The Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the County passed through the Ohio Department of Development. The Schedule reports the initial loan as a disbursement. Loans repaid, including interest, are used to make additional loans. Such subsequent loans are subject to certain compliance requirements imposed by HUD, but are not included as disbursements on the Schedule.

These loans are collateralized by mortgages on the property.

Activity in the HIPP revolving loan fund during 2012 is as follows:

Beginning Notes Receivable Balance as of January 1, 2012	\$806,502
Loans Made	81,812
Loan Principal Repaid	(7,425)
Declining Balance Loan Forgiveness	(102,914)
Loans Discharged	<u>(20,270)</u>
Ending Notes Receivable Balance as of December 31, 2012	<u>\$757,705</u>
Cash balance on hand in the revolving loan fund as of December 31, 2012	\$128,150
Administrative costs expended during 2012	\$0

NOTE D - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012
(Continued)**

NOTE E – COMMINGLING

Federal funds received from Workforce Investment Act Cluster, Medical Assistance Program, Aging Cluster, and Crime Victim Assistance programs were commingled with state subsidy and local revenues. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Government assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE F – PRIOR YEAR PROGRAM ADJUSTMENTS

During the calendar year, the County Board of Developmental Disabilities received a refund for eFMAP (ARRA) funds for the Medicaid Program (CFDA #93.778) in the amount of \$830 from the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities. This refund was a correction to the eFMAP percentage for four billing cycles during July and August 2009. This revenue is not listed on the County's Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures since the underlying expenses occurred in prior reporting periods.

During the calendar year, the County Board of Developmental Disabilities received a settlement for the 2007 Cost Report from the Ohio Department of Disabilities for the Medicaid Program (CFDA #93.778) in the amount of \$150,816. The Cost Report settlement was for settlement of the difference between the statewide payment rate and the rate calculated based upon actual expenditures for Medicaid services. This revenue is not listed on the County's Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures since the underlying expenses occurred in prior reporting periods.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Shelby County
129 East Court Street
Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of County Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 12, 2013, wherein we noted that the County adopted provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. We also noted that net position and fund balance was restated in the Governmental Activities, Business-Type Activities and General Fund for a fund reclassification. Other auditors audited the financial statements of S & H Products (discretely presented component unit), as described in our opinion of the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that those auditors separately reported.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the County's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

August 12, 2013



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Shelby County
129 East Court Street
Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Shelby County's (the County) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the County's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The County's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the County's compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the County's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Shelby County complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

August 12, 2013

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
DECEMBER 31, 2012**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA #10.561 - State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program CFDA #10.760 - Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities CFDA #93.667 – Social Services Block Grant
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

SHELBY COUNTY FINANCIAL CONDITION

SHELBY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED
SEPTEMBER 19, 2013