

YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT



Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education
Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.
December 14, 2012

Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Yellow Springs School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- Assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,937,550. Of this amount, \$1,675,882 is unrestricted for the School District's discretionary use.
- General revenues accounted for \$7,326,868 in revenue or 81.00 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,718,224 or 19.00 percent of total revenues of \$9,045,092.
- The School District had \$8,747,629 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,718,224 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues of \$7,326,868 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The general fund and the bond retirement fund are the School District's major funds. The general fund had \$7,150,671 in revenues and other financing sources and \$7,335,885 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund balance decreased \$185,214 from the prior fiscal year. The bond retirement fund had \$3,620,441 in revenues and other financing sources and \$3,565,868 in expenditures. The bond retirement fund balance increased \$54,573 from the prior fiscal year based on tax receipts exceeding non-debt service expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all the School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two is reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental activities statement of net assets and statement of activities.

The School District maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the District's major funds. The general fund and bond retirement fund are the District's major funds. Data from the other seventeen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation.

The School District adopts an annual appropriation budget for all of its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-17 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-19 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 21 of this report.

Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the Statement of Net Assets provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a comparison of the School District's net assets for 2011 to 2012.

Table 1
Net Assets
Governmental Activities

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Change</u>
<u>Assets:</u>			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,915,551	\$ 6,586,025	\$ 329,526
Capital Assets, Net	<u>5,936,533</u>	<u>6,120,662</u>	<u>(184,129)</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>12,852,084</u>	<u>12,706,687</u>	<u>145,397</u>
<u>Liabilities:</u>			
Current and Other Liabilities	3,915,090	3,904,299	10,791
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>4,999,444</u>	<u>5,162,301</u>	<u>(162,857)</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>8,914,534</u>	<u>9,066,600</u>	<u>(152,066)</u>
<u>Net Assets:</u>			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,747,952	1,952,481	(204,529)
Restricted For:			
Debt Service	274,411	178,241	96,170
Capital Outlay	200,365	190,682	9,683
Other	38,940	47,217	(8,277)
Unrestricted	<u>1,675,882</u>	<u>1,271,466</u>	<u>404,416</u>
<i>Total Net Assets</i>	<u>\$ 3,937,550</u>	<u>\$ 3,640,087</u>	<u>\$ 297,463</u>

The increase in net assets from 2011 to 2012 is due to an increase in assets coupled with a decrease in liabilities. The increase in assets is primarily from having higher taxes receivable for 2011-12. Long-term liabilities for 2011 included a one-time retirement buyout of \$233,253 that was offered in the 2010-11 year but paid in the 2011-12 year.

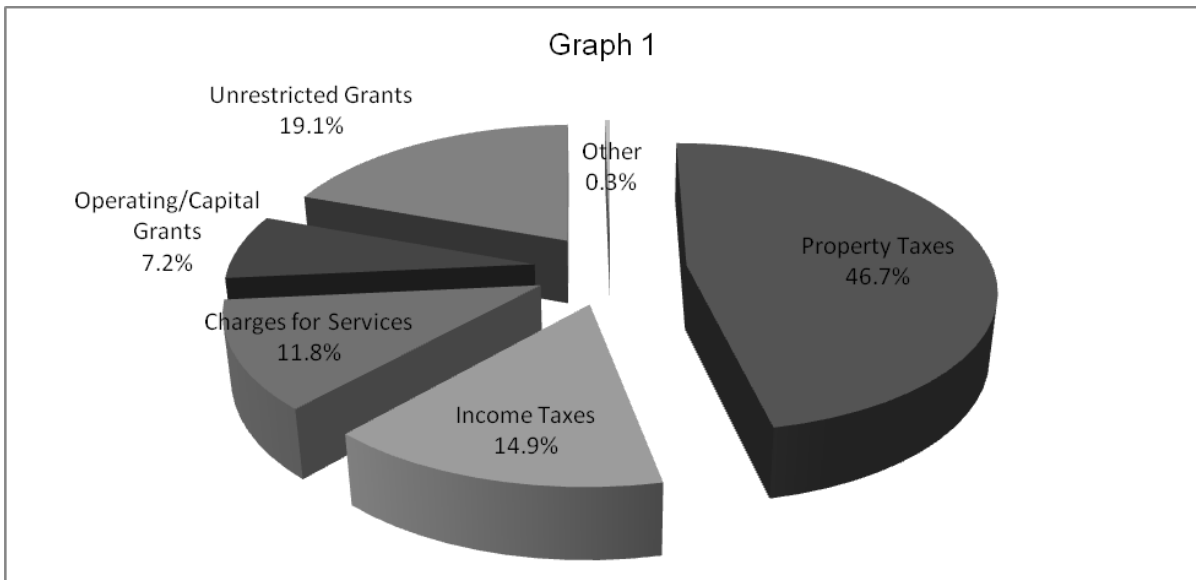
Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Table 2 shows the change in revenue from fiscal year 2011 to 2012.

Table 2
Changes in Revenue
Governmental Activities

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Change</u>
<u>Revenues:</u>			
<i>Program Revenues:</i>			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 1,069,569	\$ 1,029,224	\$ 40,345
Operating Grants and Contributions	628,655	618,997	9,658
Capital Grants and Contributions	20,000	0	20,000
<i>Total Program Revenues</i>	<u>1,718,224</u>	<u>1,648,221</u>	<u>70,003</u>
<i>General Revenues:</i>			
Property Taxes	4,226,201	3,612,402	613,799
Income Taxes	1,348,785	1,118,079	230,706
Grants and Entitlements	1,723,969	1,854,516	(130,547)
Interest	8,117	10,509	(2,392)
Miscellaneous	19,796	707	19,089
<i>Total General Revenues</i>	<u>7,326,868</u>	<u>6,596,213</u>	<u>730,655</u>
Total Revenues	<u><u>\$ 9,045,092</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,244,434</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 800,658</u></u>

Graph 1 breaks down the School District's government-wide revenue into percentages by type of revenue.



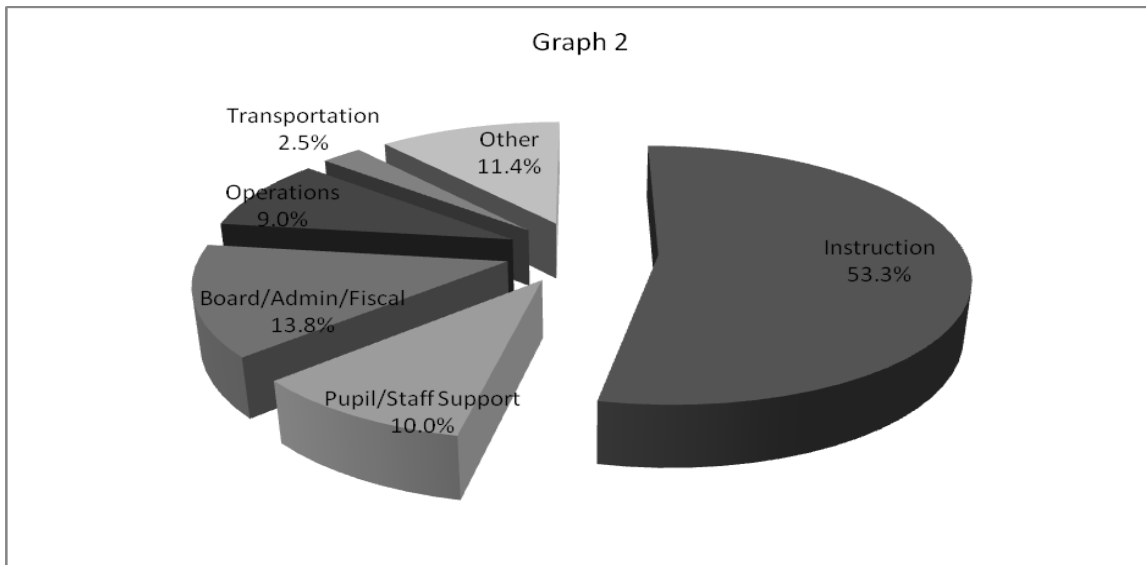
Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Table 3 shows the change in program expenses from 2011 to 2012.

Table 3
Total Program Expenses
Governmental Activities

	2012	2011	Change
<u>Expenses:</u>			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$ 3,447,459	\$ 4,144,199	\$ (696,740)
Special Education	967,308	818,462	148,846
Other	247,646	246,674	972
Support Services:			
Pupils	436,052	431,905	4,147
Instructional Staff	437,585	483,028	(45,443)
Board of Education	33,951	46,346	(12,935)
Administration	799,880	763,520	36,360
Fiscal/Business	374,120	366,303	7,817
Operation/Maintenance of Plant	789,764	747,591	42,173
Pupil Transportation	221,725	238,983	(17,258)
Central	50,382	39,449	10,933
Non-Instructional	265,278	241,787	23,491
Extracurricular Activities	283,853	226,104	57,749
Debt Service: Interest & Fiscal Charges	392,626	362,932	29,694
Total Expenses	\$ 8,747,629	\$ 9,157,283	\$ (409,654)
Net Change	297,463	(912,849)	\$ 1,210,312
Beginning Net Assets	3,640,087	4,552,936	
Ending Net Assets	\$ 3,937,550	\$ 3,640,087	

Graph 2 shows a breakdown of expenditures by percentages in the major categories.



Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

The increase shown in the property taxes includes delinquent taxes revenue. This amount is grossly overstated due to a privately funded college within the School District that recently re-opened and is in the process of applying for tax exemption. Income tax collections have been the only local taxes to show much increase. The School District implemented a reduction plan that significantly reduced personnel and contracted service expenses. Special education costs continue to escalate making this a difficult area to be able to make reductions in.

The Major Funds

The School District's major funds start on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting, focusing on the near term financial resources of the School District. The general fund and the bond retirement fund are the two major funds. The general fund accounted for 84.06% of the \$8,506,089 in total revenue and other financing sources (less debt service refinancing revenues) and 82.96% of the \$8,842,612 in total expenses (less debt service refinancing expenses). The general fund received a majority of its revenues from property taxes, income taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues and other financing sources in the general fund by \$185,214 leaving a year end fund balance of \$1,747,581. The bond retirement fund became a major fund due to the increased revenues and expenditures from the bond refinancing in August, 2011. The bond retirement should only be a major fund for this one year.

The general fund recognized \$890,480 in current liabilities for fiscal year 2012. Accrued salaries and benefits accounted for 72.87% of those liabilities. Taxes receivable accounted for 99.28% of the \$4,228,480 receivables in the general fund. As stated earlier, taxes receivable are overstated due to a local college being in the process of applying for tax exemption. Also, the taxes receivable is mostly offset by a deferred revenue because those taxes are not intended to finance the 2012 fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary

Table 4 compares the original and final general fund revenue budgets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Table 4
Original Budget versus Actual Budget for General Fund Revenues

	Budget		Variance
	Original	Final	
Revenues			
Property/Income Taxes	\$4,225,386	\$4,500,083	\$274,697
Intergovernmental	1,541,474	1,662,922	121,448
Other	680,199	879,054	198,855
Total Revenues	\$6,447,059	\$7,042,059	\$595,000

The original revenue estimates come from January, 2011 Official Certificate of Estimated Resources, which is based on the Tax Budget also completed in January, 2011. The reason for the variance in the tax estimates is that the Greene County Auditor is very conservative with initial tax revenue estimates. Historically, actual taxes received have been far greater than original estimates. The income tax levy also collected more than initially anticipated. The Intergovernmental variance is similarly related to the variance in taxes since the homestead and rollbacks paid by the state are based on tax collections and are conservatively estimated in the original certificate. The School District is heavily dependent on the open enrollment income, which accounts for the majority of Other revenue. Open enrollment increased and tuition charged to other districts increased as well.

Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Table 5 compares the original and final general fund expenditure budgets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Table 5
Original Budget versus Final Budget for General Fund Expenditures

	Budget		Variance
	Original	Final	
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Instruction	\$4,490,245	\$4,506,112	\$15,867
Support Services	2,862,038	2,919,297	57,259
Other	257,202	278,964	21,762
Total Expenditures	<u>\$7,609,485</u>	<u>\$7,704,373</u>	<u>\$94,888</u>

The original budget comes for the Tax Budget filed in January of 2011. Traditionally, the tax budget expenditures include all possible needs for the future year. The final budget to actual expenditure variance is greatest in the Support Services category. This variance consists mainly of unplanned increases in therapy services and the need to contract out grass mowing services due to the mid-year absorption of the maintenance assistant position. The variance in Other is largely due to unforeseen unemployment expenses. The inherent risk of a reduction plan is the unemployment costs that could potentially arise; however, the School District anticipated that the employees had enough notice to be able to secure employment and budgeted as such. The actual expenditure total came in 1.8% lower than the final budget.

Capital Assets

At the end of the year, the School District had \$5,936,533 invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles less accumulated depreciation. Table 6 shows the breakdown of the individual classes for capital assets:

Table 6
Capital Assets
Governmental Activities

<u>Class:</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Change</u>
Land	\$ 1,238,340	\$ 1,238,340	0.00%
Land Improvements	467,477	467,477	0.00%
Buildings and Building Improvements	7,129,756	6,975,672	2.20%
Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment	610,028	734,381	-16.93%
Vehicles	288,394	288,394	0.00%
Total at Historical Cost	<u>\$ 9,733,995</u>	<u>\$ 9,704,264</u>	<u>0.97%</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(3,797,462)</u>	<u>(3,583,602)</u>	<u>3.32%</u>
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 5,936,533</u>	<u>\$ 6,120,662</u>	<u>(1.06%)</u>

The School District implemented a district-wide wireless network system in the summer of 2011, thus constituting the majority of the Building Improvement increase. Textbooks, library books and software should not be capitalized fixed assets, therefore a significant net value of previously capitalized books and software was removed from the fixed asset system during the 2010-11 and 2011-12 year. For more information on the School District's capital assets, refer to Note 8 of the financial statements.

Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012
Unaudited

Debt Administration

The School District issued \$835,000 of Qualified School Construction Bonds in September, 2010 to finance a House Bill 264 energy upgrade project. Qualified School Construction Bonds were derived from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009; they receive interest rebates from the Federal government and are considered "interest-free." The energy conservation notes retire March 1, 2021 with annual payments being made from the cost savings realized in the general fund. The remaining balance at June 30, 2012 is \$683,200.

In June, 2002 the School District issued \$4,420,000 in permanent improvement bonds with final maturity during fiscal year 2028. The bonds are paid from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. Principal of \$2,960,000 from the original issue was refunded and reissued at a lower interest rate in August, 2011. The total combined remaining balance at June 30, 2012 is \$3,184,999. For further information on the School District's obligations, refer to Note 14 of the financial statements.

For the Future

The School District's expenditures continued to exceed revenues for the 2011-12 year. Property tax and income tax revenues saw modest growth while funding from the state and federal governments decreased. The continuance of the deficit spending situation was not unforeseen; a budget reduction plan was put in place with the major impact occurring in the 2011-12 year. A retirement incentive was offered and multiple positions were eliminated through attrition, absorptions, and reductions. Both labor unions agreed to pay freezes and increased insurance participation for the 2011-12 and 2012-13 years. Due to the payment of the retirement incentive in the 2011-12 year, savings from the reductions cannot be seen in the budget until 2012-13. Even with slow economic recovery growth built in the revenue projections and savings from the budget cuts, the School District is still projected to deficit spend.

The School District met their short-term goal of making enough budget reductions to prolong the exhaustion of the cash carryover for three more fiscal years. However, the School District Board of Education, at their June 14, 2012 meeting, declared the necessity to put on the November ballot a new emergency tax levy in the amount of \$915,000 per year for five years. The issue was approved at the November 6, 2012 election. Additionally, the School District has two levies that are critical to the budget and will need renewed. The Permanent Improvement Levy provides for all of the School District's technology needs and building maintenance and will need renewed in 2013. The current Emergency Levy provides for nearly a third of the general operating property tax revenue and will need to be renewed in 2015.

Seeking additional local revenue is an unfortunate task that the majority of Ohio school districts are being forced to contend with during this difficult financial time. The School District will remain pro-active by looking into other cost-saving measures such as alternative education methods through online learning and working with neighboring districts on sharing services. The School District will also continue to petition legislators to recognize the increasing unfunded mandates and repair the broken funding system for schools in the State of Ohio.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Dawn Weller, Treasurer, Yellow Springs Schools, 201 S. Walnut Street, Yellow Springs, OH 45387 (937) 767-7381. Also see: www.yellow-springs.k12.oh.us

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2012**

		Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	2,141,473
Materials and Supplies Inventory		4,081
Accrued Interest Receivable		1,651
Accounts Receivable		24,178
Intergovernmental Receivable		37,881
Taxes Receivable		3,951,974
Income Taxes Receivable		667,657
Bond Issuance Costs		86,656
Capital Assets:		
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		1,238,340
Depreciable Capital Assets, net		4,698,193
Total Assets		12,852,084
 LIABILITIES:		
Accounts Payable		45,828
Accrued Wages and Benefits		684,555
Intergovernmental Payable		211,564
Accrued Interest Payable		16,534
Unearned Revenue		2,956,609
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		349,993
Due in More Than One Year		4,649,451
Total Liabilities		8,914,534
 NET ASSETS:		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		1,747,952
Restricted for Debt Service		274,411
Restricted for Capital		200,365
Restricted for Other Purposes		38,940
Unrestricted		1,675,882
Total Net Assets	\$	3,937,550

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	Program Revenues			Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,447,459	\$ 841,051	\$ 23,199	\$ 0 (2,583,209)
Special	967,308	0	290,365	0 (676,943)
Student Intervention Services	7,004	0	6,286	0 (718)
Other	240,642	0	0	0 (240,642)
Support Services:				
Pupils	436,052	12,035	68,766	0 (355,251)
Instructional Staff	437,585	0	39,573	0 (398,012)
Board of Education	33,951	0	0	0 (33,951)
Administration	799,880	2,950	0	0 (796,930)
Fiscal	362,538	0	0	0 (362,538)
Business	11,582			
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	789,764	0	18,803	20,000 (750,961)
Pupil Transportation	221,725	0	0	0 (221,725)
Central	50,382	0	3,600	0 (46,782)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	265,278	105,131	132,846	0 (27,301)
Extracurricular Activities	283,853	108,402	9,388	0 (166,063)
Debt Service:				
Interest and Fiscal Charges	392,626	0	35,829	0 (356,797)
Totals	\$ 8,747,629	\$ 1,069,569	\$ 628,655	\$ 20,000 (7,029,405)

General Revenues:

Taxes:	
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	3,768,938
Property Taxes, Levied for Capital	142,024
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	315,239
Income Taxes	1,348,785
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs	1,723,969
Investment Earnings	8,117
Miscellaneous	19,796
Total General Revenues	7,326,868
Change in Net Assets	297,463
Net Assets Beginning of Year	3,640,087
Net Assets End of Year	\$ 3,937,550

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2012**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,733,773	\$ 199,607	\$ 208,093	\$ 2,141,473
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	4,081	4,081
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,651	0	0	1,651
Accounts Receivable	24,178	0	0	24,178
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	0	37,881	37,881
Interfund Receivable	4,317	0	0	4,317
Property Taxes Receivable	3,530,677	295,798	125,499	3,951,974
Income Taxes Receivable	667,657	0	0	667,657
Total Assets	\$ <u>5,962,253</u>	\$ <u>495,405</u>	\$ <u>375,554</u>	\$ <u>6,833,212</u>
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	37,783	0	8,045	45,828
Accrued Wages and Benefits	648,941	0	35,614	684,555
Intergovernmental Payable	203,756	0	7,808	211,564
Interfund Payable	0	0	4,317	4,317
Deferred Revenue	3,324,192	271,718	114,530	3,710,440
	<u>4,214,672</u>	<u>271,718</u>	<u>170,314</u>	<u>4,656,704</u>
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	0	0	4,081	4,081
Restricted	0	223,687	221,750	445,437
Assigned	34,043	0	0	34,043
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,713,538	0	(20,591)	1,692,947
Total Fund Balances	<u>1,747,581</u>	<u>223,687</u>	<u>205,240</u>	<u>2,176,508</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ <u>5,962,253</u>	\$ <u>495,405</u>	\$ <u>375,554</u>	\$ <u>6,833,212</u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances
to Net Assets of Governmental Activities
June 30, 2012**

Total Governmental Fund Balances \$ 2,176,508

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds. 5,936,533

Revenues that do not provide financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental fund. 753,831

Bond issuance costs reported as an expenditure in governmental funds are allocated as an expense over the life of the debt on a full accrual basis. 86,656

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds:

Accrued Interest Payable (16,534)

Capital Leases Payable (36,262)

General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable (4,375,076)

Compensated Absences Payable (588,106)

(5,015,978)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$ 3,937,550

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 3,274,623	\$ 273,642	\$ 123,072	\$ 3,671,337
Income Taxes	1,331,297	0	0	1,331,297
Intergovernmental	1,662,922	83,648	622,532	2,369,102
Interest	8,117	0	0	8,117
Tuition and Fees	841,051	0	0	841,051
Rent	2,950	0	0	2,950
Extracurricular Activities	14,812	0	71,393	86,205
Gifts and Donations	12,035	0	37,627	49,662
Customer Sales and Services	0	0	103,256	103,256
Miscellaneous	1,964	0	5,248	7,212
Total Revenues	7,149,771	357,290	963,128	8,470,189
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	3,309,754	0	72,854	3,382,608
Special	672,145	0	294,373	966,518
Student Intervention Services	317	0	6,687	7,004
Other	240,642	0	0	240,642
Support Services:				
Pupils	354,514	0	79,460	433,974
Instructional Staff	391,576	0	39,887	431,463
Board of Education	35,098	0	0	35,098
Administration	767,663	0	3,959	771,622
Fiscal	343,973	3,573	1,599	349,145
Business	1,663	0	0	1,663
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	664,002	0	0	664,002
Pupil Transportation	207,546	0	0	207,546
Central	29,313	0	20,741	50,054
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	4,279	0	258,816	263,095
Extracurricular Activities	190,505	0	82,366	272,871
Capital Outlay	0	0	132,188	132,188
Debt Service:				
Principal	83,719	180,000	0	263,719
Interest	4,176	330,224	0	334,400
Issuance Costs	0	92,072	0	92,072
Total Expenditures	7,300,885	605,869	992,930	8,899,684
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(151,114)	(248,579)	(29,802)	(429,495)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Payments to Bond Escrow Agent	0	(2,959,999)	0	(2,959,999)
Face Value of Refunding Bonds	0	2,959,999	0	2,959,999
Premium on Refunding Bonds	0	303,152	0	303,152
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	900	0	0	900
Transfers In	0	0	35,000	35,000
Transfers Out	(35,000)	0	0	(35,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(34,100)	303,152	35,000	304,052
Net Change in Fund Balances	(185,214)	54,573	5,198	(125,443)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,932,795	169,114	200,042	2,301,951
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,747,581	\$ 223,687	\$ 205,240	\$ 2,176,508

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
of Governmental Funds to Statement Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ (125,443)

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Capital additions	171,606	
Depreciation	<u>(249,459)</u>	(77,853)

The proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported as other financing sources in the governmental funds. However, the cost of the capital assets is removed from the capital asset account on the statement of net assets and is offset against the proceeds from the sale of capital assets resulting in a gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets on the statement of activities.

Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		(106,276)
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Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds:

Intergovernmental	(15,281)	
Income Taxes	17,488	
Delinquent Property Taxes	<u>554,864</u>	557,071

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds. The difference in the amount of interest on the Statement of Activities is the result of the following:

Net bond issuance costs	86,656	
Change in compensated absences payable	37,719	
Increase in accrued interest payable	(3,574)	
Accretion on bonds	<u>(49,237)</u>	71,564

Issuance and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure or other financing sources in governmental funds, but the issuance or repayment impacts long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. In the current fiscal year, these amounts consist of:

Issuances of refunding bonds	(2,959,999)	
Premium on refunding bonds	(285,320)	
Bond payments and payments to Bond Escrow Agent	3,140,000	
Note payments	75,900	
Capital lease payments	<u>7,819</u>	(21,600)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		\$ <u><u>297,463</u></u>
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See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual
GENERAL FUND
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	<u>Original Budget</u>		<u>Final Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
REVENUES:							
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 3,168,716	\$	3,285,332	\$	3,285,332	\$	0
Income Tax	1,056,670		1,214,751		1,214,751		0
Intergovernmental	1,541,474		1,662,922		1,662,922		0
Interest	25,000		8,143		8,143		0
Tuition and Fees	630,149		841,051		841,051		0
Rent	3,000		2,950		2,950		0
Extracurricular Activities	12,000		14,812		14,812		0
Gifts and Donations	8,700		12,035		12,035		0
Miscellaneous	1,350		63		63		0
Total Revenues	<u>6,447,059</u>		<u>7,042,059</u>		<u>7,042,059</u>		<u>0</u>
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	3,618,376		3,575,055		3,541,324		33,731
Special	644,675		685,675		669,982		15,693
Student Intervention Services	2,376		2,376		317		2,059
Other	224,818		243,006		240,646		2,360
Support Services:							
Pupils	315,433		361,581		357,918		3,663
Instructional Staff	408,641		404,712		401,639		3,073
Board of Education	39,486		39,486		34,937		4,549
Administration	771,935		778,935		770,344		8,591
Fiscal	363,236		353,412		344,103		9,309
Business	-		1,663		1,663		0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	714,143		728,683		698,189		30,494
Pupil Transportation	215,212		215,943		209,941		6,002
Central	33,952		35,152		29,764		5,388
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	4,000		4,280		4,279		1
Extracurricular Activities	176,502		198,176		182,584		15,592
Debt Service							
Principal	75,900		75,900		75,900		0
Interest	800		608		607		1
Total Expenditures	<u>7,609,485</u>		<u>7,704,643</u>		<u>7,564,137</u>		<u>140,506</u>
Excess of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,162,426)</u>		<u>(662,584)</u>		<u>(522,078)</u>		<u>140,506</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Advances In	14,748		14,748		14,748		0
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	650		900		900		0
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	5,252		49,967		49,967		0
Transfers Out	(20,000)		(35,000)		(35,000)		0
Advances Out	(20,000)		(5,000)		(4,317)		683
Total Other Financing Sources and Uses	<u>(19,350)</u>		<u>25,615</u>		<u>26,298</u>		<u>683</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,181,776)		(636,969)		(495,780)		141,189
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	2,225,569		2,225,569		2,225,569		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ <u>1,043,793</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,588,600</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,729,789</u>	\$	\$ <u>141,189</u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY

*Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities -
Agency Fund
June 30, 2012*

	<u>Agency Fund</u>
Assets	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ <u>39,780</u>
Total Assets	<u>39,780</u>
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities:	
Undistributed Monies	39,780
Total Liabilities	\$ <u><u>39,780</u></u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY**

**Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Fiduciary Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012**

	<u>Private Purpose Trust</u>
ADDITIONS:	
Gifts and Contributions	\$ <u>0</u>
Total Additions	<u>0</u>
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements	<u>4,966</u>
Total Deductions	<u>4,966</u>
Change in Net Assets	(4,966)
Net Assets Beginning of Year	<u>4,966</u>
Net Assets End of Year	<u>\$ 0</u>

See Accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

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**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012**

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District is a city school district as defined by §3311.22 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education (5 members) and is responsible for the provision of public education to residents of the District.

The Board oversees the operations of the District's three instructional/support facilities staffed by 37 non-certified and 50 certified full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 727 students and other community members.

The Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. This includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The District does not have any component units.

The District participates in five jointly governed organizations and two insurance purchasing pools. These organizations are Miami Valley Educational Computer Association, Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, Greene County Career Center, Miami Valley Special Education Regional Resource Center, Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan, respectively. These organizations are presented in Notes 18 and 19 to the basic financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its governmental activities provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Following are the more significant of the District's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The General Fund is the District's only major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources, debt service and capital projects of the District whose uses are restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The District maintains two fiduciary funds. One is an agency fund known as the Students Activities Fund, which was established to account for revenues generated by student managed activities. The District's agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. The other is a private purpose trust fund established to provide scholarships to students for higher education.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) of total net assets.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2012, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2013 operations, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as deferred revenue.

On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred revenue.

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund/object level within the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by the Board of Education.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2012, investments were limited to money market funds.

As authorized by Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2012 amounted to \$8,117 with \$1,594 assigned to other District funds.

For presentation of the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

G. Inventory

On the government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On the fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure when purchased. The balance is reported within the respective fund as a nonspendable fund balance.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District's capitalization threshold is \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land Improvements	15 - 30 years
Buildings and Building Improvements	30 - 50 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years
Equipment	10 years
Books	10 years

I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For the governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences and special termination benefits and are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

K. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. Of the District's \$513,716 in restricted net assets, none were restricted by enabling legislation.

The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

L. Fund Balance

The District implemented GASB No. 54 "*Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*" during fiscal year 2011. The District reports the following categories:

- Nonspendable fund balance relates to the value of consumable inventories and prepaids.
- Restricted fund balances related to money received from local, state or federal grants or maintained in segregated accounts for construction.
- Committed fund balances are balances the District Board has formally allocated.
- Assigned fund balances are balances the District administration have specified the future use.
- Any fund with a negative fund balance is reported as unassigned fund balance.

When the District has multiple fund balances available within a particular fund, the District will spend the funds in the following order – committed, assigned then unassigned. Nonspendable and restricted balance are subject to the governing documents and not subject to District policy for spending the balances.

M. Interfund Activity

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business type activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net assets.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

N. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Pass-Through Grants

The Case Load, Handicapped Preschool and Integration of School and Mental Health special revenue funds are pass-through grants in which the Educational Service Center is the primary recipient. In accordance with GASB Statement 24, "Accounting and Financial Reporting of Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance," the secondary recipients should report monies spent on their behalf by the primary recipient as revenue and operating expenses. Total amount recorded for revenues and expenditures was \$11,607 under these programs.

3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and fund financial statements are the following:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Advances are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis).

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources
Under Expenditures and Other Financing Uses

GAAP Basis	(\$185,214)
Revenue Accruals	(107,712)
Expenditure Accruals	(209,847)
Advances	10,431
Encumbrances	(3,438)
Budget Basis	<u>(\$495,780)</u>

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District Treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies that are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts. Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the agreement be at least two percent and to be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made through eligible institutions; and
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$500,000 of the District's bank balance of \$1,205,427 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

The District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the District had the following investments and maturities:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Maturities Less than One Year</u>
Fifth Third Government Money Market funds	\$16,825	\$16,825

Interest Rate Risk - The District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. State statute limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily.

Credit Risk – The Fifth Third Government Money Market funds are not rated.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Fifth Third Government Money Market fund is exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in state statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer, however state statute limits investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 25 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time. The District's has 100% of its investments in the Fifth Third Government Money Market funds.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 represent the collection of calendar year 2011 taxes. Real property taxes for 2011 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2011, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2010, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

Tangible personal property tax revenues received in calendar year 2012 (other than public utility property) represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Tangible personal property taxes for 2012 were levied after April 1, 2011, on the value as of December 31, 2011. Tangible personal property has been phased out with the current year other than tangible personal property on public utilities. Amounts paid by multi-county taxpayers are due September 20. Single county taxpayers may pay annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due April 30; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due April 30, with the remainder payable by September 20.

The District receives property taxes from Greene County. The county auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2012, are available to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

5. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes, which were measurable as of June 30, 2012 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2012 operations. For the governmental fund financial statements, the receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred revenue for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2012, was \$288,543 in the General Fund, \$24,080 in the Bond Retirement fund and \$10,969 in the Non-major Governmental Funds. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2011, was \$299,252 in the General Fund, \$26,312 in the Bond Retirement fund and \$11,472 in the Non-major Governmental Funds. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2012 taxes were collected are:

	2011 Second- Half Collections		2012 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential	\$114,327,950	80.54%	\$113,116,700	82.69%
Industrial/Commercial	26,354,390	18.56%	22,500,480	16.45%
Public Utility	1,146,910	0.80%	1,818,620	0.86%
Tangible Personal	147,090	0.10%	0	0.00%
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$141,976,340</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$136,798,800</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$60.62		\$60.62	

6. INCOME TAX

The District levies a voted tax of one percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2002, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenues in the amount of \$1,331,297 were credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2012.

7. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012, consisted of property, accounts (rent and student fees), intergovernmental, and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities:	
Education Jobs Grant	\$13,094
Title VI-B Grant	10,250
Title I Grant	14,537
Total Intergovernmental Receivables	<u>\$37,881</u>

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	<u>Balance at 6/30/11</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance at 6/30/12</u>
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$1,238,340	\$0	\$0	\$1,238,340
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	<u>1,238,340</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,238,340</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	467,477	0	0	467,477
Buildings and Building Improvements	6,975,672	154,084	0	7,129,756
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	734,381	17,522	(141,875)	610,028
Vehicles	288,394	0	0	288,394
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>8,465,924</u>	<u>171,606</u>	<u>(141,875)</u>	<u>8,495,655</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(270,352)	(18,389)	0	(288,741)
Buildings and Building Improvements	(2,755,360)	(218,458)	0	(2,973,818)
Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	(281,135)	(12,612)	15,990	(277,757)
Vehicles	(276,755)	0	19,609	(257,146)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(3,583,602)</u>	<u>(249,459)</u>	<u>35,599</u>	<u>(3,797,462)</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>4,882,322</u>	<u>(77,853)</u>	<u>(106,276)</u>	<u>4,698,193</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$6,120,662</u>	<u>(\$77,853)</u>	<u>(\$106,276)</u>	<u>\$5,936,533</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$206,791
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	2,819
Administration	772
Fiscal	772
Business	9,919
Operation and Maintenance	2,087
Pupil Transportation	13,134
Non-Instruction	2,183
Extracurricular Activities	10,982
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$249,459</u>

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2012, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty for general liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 single occurrence limit and a \$2,000,000 general aggregate and \$2,000,000 products completed operations aggregate limit. Property is protected by Ohio Casualty with an \$18,941,151 aggregate limit and holds a \$2,500 deductible.

The District's vehicles are covered under a business policy with The Ohio Casualty Company, which carries a \$2,000,000 limit on any accident with a \$100 comp/\$250 collision deductible.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 18). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate.

Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Integrated Comp Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Medical Benefits

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (MBP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 21). The intent of the MBP is to achieve the benefit of reduced health insurance premiums for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the MBP. The health insurance experience of the participating school districts is calculated and a premium rate is applied to all school districts in the MBP. Each participant pays its health insurance premiums to the EPC. Participation in the MBP is limited to school districts that can meet the MBP's selection criteria.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

10. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746, by calling (866) 280,7377, or by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org, under Forms and Publications.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2012, 12.70 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$125,292, \$179,736, and \$165,924 respectively; 49 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

10. DEFINED PENSION BENEFIT PLANS (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. For fiscal year 2012, the portion used to fund pension obligations was also 13 percent. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$472,547, \$539,860, and \$529,272, respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 were \$17,526 made by the District and \$12,519 made by the plan members.

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2012, 0.55 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2012, this amount was \$35,800.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$21,344 \$18,359, and \$5,452 respectively; 49 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

11. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – (Continued)

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2012, this actuarially required allocation was 0.75 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 was \$7,399, \$9,757, and \$9,007, respectively; 49 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2012, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$36,350, \$38,564, and \$37,805 respectively; 83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2012 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

12. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible classified employees earn 10 to 25 days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment up to an accumulation of 25 days. During 2011, the former High School Principal received vacation accumulation for the purposes of severance paid out for a maximum accumulation of a two (2) year period. For the Treasurer, there is a cap of 40 days total accumulation of vacation time and is paid for all accumulated time upon retirement or resignation. For the Superintendent there is a cap of 60 vacation days total accumulation and he is paid for all accumulated time upon retirement for resignation. Only 260 day employees earn vacation time.

Administrators, policy, classified and certificated employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Classified employees may accumulate sick leave up to a maximum of 260 days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 65 days. For teachers and the superintendent, sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 300 days and upon retirement payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 75 days.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn three personal leave days per year. Teachers and non-teaching bargaining unit members may accumulate unused personal leave for the purpose of severance pay only. Upon resignation (after 4 years of employment) or retirement, teaching bargaining unit members receive \$100 and non-teaching bargaining unit members receive \$70 for each accumulated day of personal leave upon retirement.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

12. COMPENSATED ABSENCES – (Continued)

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance through Sun Life, dental insurance through Delta Dental and vision insurance through VSP to its employees. Medical and surgical benefits for most employees are provided through Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield with pharmaceutical benefits provided through CVS/Caremark. All of the insurance benefits are purchased through the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council.

13. CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years, the District entered into a capital lease for copiers totaling \$45,931. The lease met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, Accounting for Leases, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the governmental funds. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Principal payments in fiscal year 2012 totaled \$7,819 and interest payments of \$3,569.

The following is a schedule of the lease payments required under the capital leases as of June 30, 2012:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Capital Leases Payable		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$8,536	\$2,852	\$11,388
2014	9,318	2,070	11,388
2015	10,172	1,216	11,388
2016	8,236	305	8,541
Totals	\$36,262	\$6,443	\$42,705

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the following changes occurred in obligations reported in the Government - Wide Financial Statements:

	Balance at 6/30/11	Additions	Deductions	Balance at 6/30/12	Due Within One Year
Permanent Improvement Bonds					
2002 Variable Rate	\$3,365,000	\$0	\$3,115,000	\$250,000	\$165,000
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	172,320	31,169	0	203,489	0
Refunding Permanent Improvement					
Bonds 2012 Variable Rate	0	2,959,999	25,000	2,934,999	25,000
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	0	18,068	0	18,068	0
Premium	0	303,152	17,832	285,320	0
Energy Conservation Notes Payable	759,100	0	75,900	683,200	75,900
Capital Leases	44,081	0	7,819	36,262	8,536
Compensated Absences Payable	821,800	0	233,694	588,106	75,557
Total	\$5,162,301	\$3,312,388	\$3,475,245	\$4,999,444	\$349,993

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – (Continued)

A. Permanent Improvement Bonds

On June 26, 2002, the District issued \$4,420,000 in permanent improvement bonds for the purpose of improvements, renovations and additions to school facilities. The bonds were issued for a 25-year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2028. The bonds will be paid from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. The bonds were partial refunding through the fiscal year 2012 issuance.

Capital appreciation bonds were issued at \$85,000. The capital appreciation bonds mature in fiscal year 2014 and 2015 and will bear interest compounded semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year and began in fiscal year 2002. The maturity amount of the capital appreciation bonds is \$340,000. For fiscal year 2012, the capital appreciation bonds were accreted \$203,489.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the permanent improvement bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$165,000	\$3,300	\$168,300
2014	40,000	130,000	170,000
2015	45,000	125,000	170,000
Total	<u>\$250,000</u>	<u>\$258,300</u>	<u>\$508,300</u>

B. School Improvement Refunding Bonds

On August 10, 2011, the District issued \$2,959,999 in school improvement refunding bonds for the purpose of partially refunding the 2002 permanent improvement bonds. The bonds were issued for a 17-year period with final maturity during fiscal year 2028. The bonds will be paid from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund.

Capital appreciation bonds were issued at \$94,999. The capital appreciation bonds mature in fiscal year 2020 and 2021 and will bear interest compounded semiannually on June 1 and December 1 of each year and began in fiscal year 2012. The maturity amount of the capital appreciation bonds is \$465,000. For fiscal year 2012, the capital appreciation bonds were accreted \$18,068.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the permanent improvement bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2013	\$25,000	\$95,300	\$120,300
2014	50,000	94,550	144,550
2015	50,000	93,350	143,550
2016	215,000	90,900	305,900
2017	220,000	86,550	306,550
2018-2022	779,999	738,114	1,518,113
2023-2027	1,300,000	191,988	1,491,988
2028	295,000	5,900	300,900
Total	<u>\$2,934,999</u>	<u>\$1,396,852</u>	<u>\$4,331,851</u>

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

14. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS – (Continued)

C. Energy Conservation Notes

During 2011, the District issued \$835,000 in energy conservation notes under the Qualified School Construction Bond program that will rebate just under one hundred percent of the interest costs from the Federal government. The notes were issue for a twelve year period with a final maturity of March 1, 2021. The notes will be retired from the general fund and used for updating various lighting and other electrical items throughout the school.

Principal requirements to retire the energy conservation notes outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>
2013	\$75,900
2014	75,900
2015	75,900
2016	75,900
2017	75,900
2018-2021	303,700
Total	<u><u>\$683,200</u></u>

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund. The compensated absences will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid.

The District's voted legal debt margin of \$8,667,380, energy conservation debt margin of \$547,989 with an unvoted debt margin of \$136,799 at June 30, 2012.

15. SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS AND FUND RESERVES

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Capital Acquisition</u>
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2011	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	118,869
Qualifying Disbursements	<u>(132,188)</u>
Total	<u><u>(\$13,319)</u></u>

Although the District had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital acquisition to below zero; however, the amount is not carried forward to the next fiscal year.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

16. INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
General Fund	\$4,317	\$0
Non-Major Special Revenue	0	4,317
Total All Funds	\$4,317	\$4,317

The interfund payables from the General Fund to the nonmajor funds relate to short term advances to the food service fund that will be repaid in the following year when those reimbursements are received.

17. FUND BALANCE ALLOCATION

The District has chosen to present to the consolidated summary of fund balance classification on the financial statements. The detail of those fund balance classifications are outlined below:

	General	Bond Retirement	Non-Major Funds
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	\$0	\$0	4,081
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	0	223,687	0
Capital Improvements	0	0	177,434
Contributor restrictions	0	0	1,218
District Activities	0	0	38,940
Grants	0	0	4,158
Assigned to:			
Encumbrances	3,438	0	0
Public School Support	30,605	0	0
Unassigned	1,713,538	0	(20,591)
Total Fund Balances	\$1,747,581	\$223,687	\$205,240

The assigned balance for public school support comes from funds the Treasurer places in a separate fund derived from various receipts at the different schools. The Treasurer also encumbers certain funds for future payment.

18. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA)

The District is a participant in the Miami Valley Educational Computer Association (MVECA), which is a computer consortium. MVECA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Clark, Clinton, Fayette, Greene and Highland Counties and Cities of Springfield, Wilmington, Washington Court House, Xenia and Hillsboro. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

18. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS – (Continued)

The governing board of MVECA consists of five Superintendents and two Treasurers of member school districts, with four of the five Superintendents and both Treasurers elected by a majority vote of all member school districts except the Greene County Career Center. The fifth Superintendent is from the Greene County Career Center. The District paid MVECA \$19,836 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from Thor Sage, who serves as Director, at 330 East Enon Road, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

B. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC)

The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing council made up of nearly 100 school districts in 12 counties. The purpose of the council is to obtain reduced prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC.

Each member district has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the member districts. Any district withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. Payments to SOEPC are made from the General Fund and Federal Title Funds. During fiscal year 2012, the Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District paid \$549 to SOEPC. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, who serves as Director, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

C. Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA)

The Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA) is a not-for-profit corporation. The purpose of the corporation is to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of twenty-one representatives of SOITA member schools or institutions. Nineteen representatives are elected from within the counties by the qualified members within the counties, i.e., Auglaize, Butler, Champaign, Clark, Clinton, Darke, Fayette, Greene, Hamilton, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, Shelby, and Warren. Montgomery, Greene and Butler counties elect two representatives per area. All others elect one representative per area. One at-large non-public representative is elected by the non-public school SOITA members from within the State assigned SOITA service area. One at-large higher education representative is elected by higher education SOITA members from within the State assigned SOITA service area.

All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOITA. Upon dissolution, the net assets shall be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose. Payments to SOITA are made from the General Fund. During fiscal year 2012, the Yellow Springs Exempted Village School District paid \$0 to SOITA. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, Larry Pogue, who serves as Director, at 150 East Sixth Street, Franklin, Ohio 45005.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

18. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS – (Continued)

D. Greene County Career Center

The Greene County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the seven participating school districts' elected Boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Greene County Career Center, Judy Geers, who serves as Treasurer, at 2960 W. Enon Rd., Xenia, OH 45385.

E. Miami Valley Special Education Regional Resource Center

The Miami Valley Special Education Regional Resource Center (SERRC) is a special education service center, which selects its own board, adopts its own budget and receives Federal and State grants for its operation. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of initiating, expanding and improving special education programs and services for children with disabilities and their parents. The SERRC is governed by a board of 38 members made up of the 38 superintendents, 6 parent mentors, 12 special education directors, and one university. Some entities have more than one voting delegate. Financial information can be obtained from Sharon Kindrid, at the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, 200 S Keowee Street, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

19. GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

A. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven member Executive Committee consisting of the Chairperson, the Vice-Chairperson, a representative from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center and eight other members elected by majority vote of all member school districts. The Chief Administrator of the GRP serves as the coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan

The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Medical Benefits Plan (MBP). The MBP's business and affairs are conducted by an eleven-member committee consisting of various EPC representatives that are elected by the general assembly. Either the superintendent or Treasurer from each participating school district serves on the general assembly. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the MBP to cover the costs of administering the program.

**YELLOW SPRINGS EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT
GREENE COUNTY, OHIO**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012
(Continued)**

20. CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is currently involved in litigation with the District as defendant although the impact on the financial statements can not be determined by June 30, 2012.