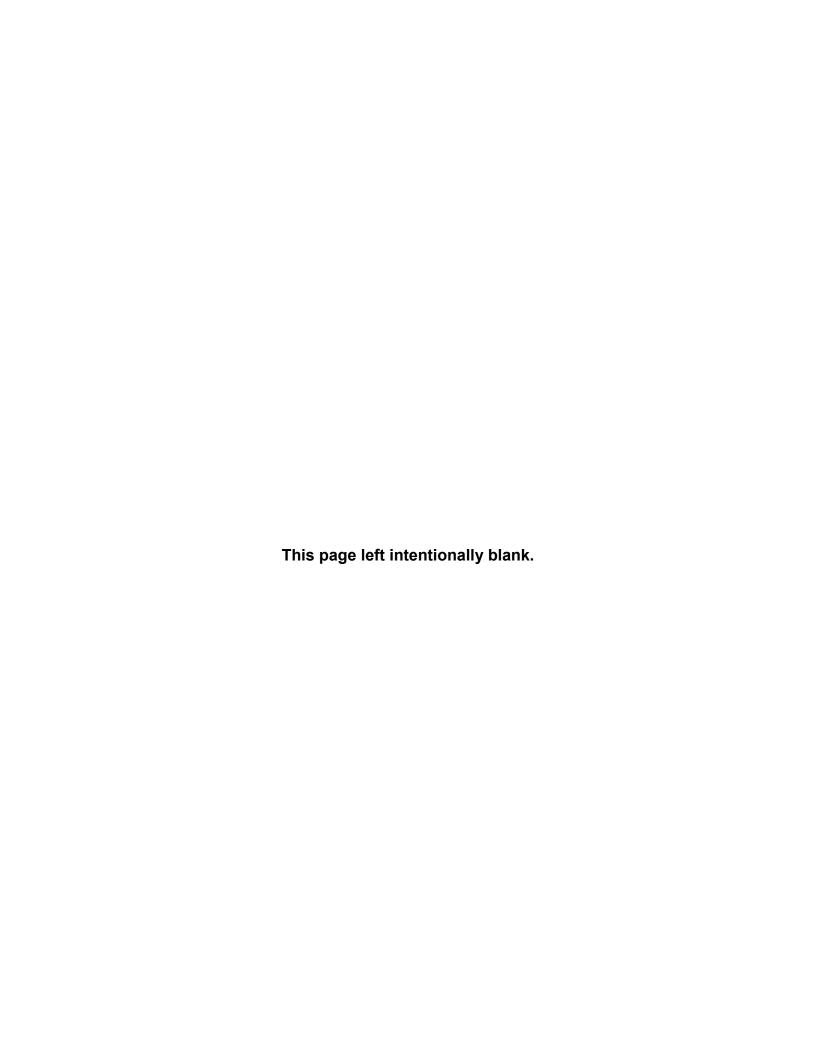




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ayersville Local School District Defiance County 28046 Watson Road Defiance. Ohio 43512-8756

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ayersville Local School District, Defiance County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ayersville Local School District, Defiance County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 Ayersville Local School District Defiance County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 the District adopted the provision of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 17, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 17, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Ayersville Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position decreased \$270,927 which represents a 4.64% decrease from 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$6,260,079 or 74.32% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,162,904, or 25.68% of total revenues of \$8,422,983.
- The District had \$8,693,910 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,162,904 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants, or contributions.
 General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$6,260,079 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$7,512,925 in revenues and other financing sources and \$7,742,609 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund's fund balance decreased \$253,701 from \$3,923,807 to \$3,670,106.

Using these Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund, and the only governmental fund reported as a major fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013." The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expense regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District's programs and services are reported as governmental activities, as most include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed informant about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's only major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balance left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2013 and 2012. Certain amounts in 2012 have been reclassified to conform to 2013 presentation.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2013	(Restated) Governmental Activities 2012
<u>Assets</u>		
Current and other assets	\$7,367,594	\$7,407,332
Capital assets, net	2,403,382	2,426,442
Total assets	9,770,976	9,833,774
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	967,798	960,695
Long-term liabilities	839,043	858,215
Total liabilities	1,806,841	1,818,910
<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>	2,390,354	2,170,156
Net position		
Investment in capital assets, net	2,270,366	2,253,932
Restricted	192,775	226,764
Unrestricted	3,110,640	3,364,012
Total net position	\$5,573,781	\$5,844,708

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2013, the District's net position was \$5,573,781. Of this total, \$3,110,640 is unrestricted in use.

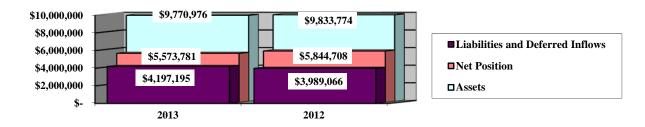
At year-end, capital assets represented 24.60% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and textbooks. The District's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2013 was \$2,270,366. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$192,775, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$3,110,640 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The graph below presents the District's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
B	2013	2012
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$1,590,949	\$1,794,939
Operating grants and contributions	571,955	452,984
General revenues:		
Property taxes	2,408,924	2,596,068
Income taxes	845,876	869,361
Payments in lieu of taxes		25,363
Grants and entitlements	3,001,926	3,232,191
Investment earnings	4,682	2,746
Decrease in fair market value of investments	(5,191)	
Miscellaneous	3,862	1,717
Total revenues	\$8,422,983	\$8,975,369

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$4,035,456	\$4,014,004
Special	521,198	557,787
Vocational	66,435	64,072
Other	445,253	354,712
Support services:		
Pupil	362,237	358,208
Instructional staff	341,310	329,705
Board of education	23,406	17,502
Administration	589,422	584,976
Fiscal	319,742	322,106
Operations and maintenance	663,140	655,438
Pupil transportation	311,912	296,765
Central	39,114	61,851
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	380,829	362,679
Other non-instructional services	141,021	139,883
Extracurricular activities	447,217	445,940
Interest and fiscal charges	6,218	7,319
Total expenses	8,693,910	8,572,947
Change in net position	(270,927)	402,422
Net position at beginning of year	5,844,708	5,442,286
Net position at end of year	\$5,573,781	\$5,844,708

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased by \$270,927. Total governmental expenses of \$8,693,910 were offset by program revenues of \$2,162,904 and general revenues of \$6,260,079. Program revenues supported 24.88% of the total governmental expenses.

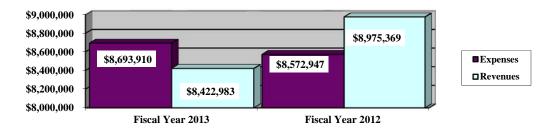
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources, in addition to the collection of the District's school district income tax, represent 74.28% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,068,342 or 58.30% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2013.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

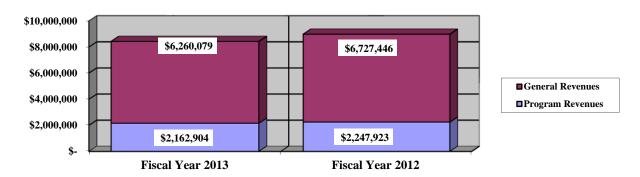
	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$4,035,456	\$2,804,884	\$4,014,004	\$2,591,445
Special	521,198	245,160	557,787	326,791
Vocational	66,435	65,094	64,072	64,072
Other	445,253	356,471	354,712	354,712
Support services:				
Pupil	362,237	362,237	358,208	356,703
Instructional staff	341,310	325,231	329,705	319,178
Board of education	23,406	23,406	17,502	17,502
Administration	589,422	588,023	584,976	583,821
Fiscal	319,742	319,742	322,106	322,106
Operations and maintenance	663,140	663,140	655,438	655,438
Pupil transportation	311,912	302,056	296,765	296,765
Central	39,114	34,274	61,851	58,251
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	380,829	20,159	362,679	(3,963)
Other non-instructional services	141,021	90,931	139,883	139,883
Extracurricular activities	447,217	323,980	445,940	235,001
Interest and fiscal charges	6,218	6,218	7,319	7,319
Total expenses	\$8,693,910	\$6,531,006	\$8,572,947	\$6,325,024

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 68.50% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 75.12%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,820,317, which is less than last year's total of \$4,082,465. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2013 and 2012.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	Fund Balance June 30, 2012	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Major Fund:				
General	\$3,670,106	\$3,923,807	(\$253,701)	(6.47) %
Other governmental	150,211	158,658	(8,447)	(5.32) %
Total	\$3,820,317	\$4,082,465	(\$262,148)	(6.42) %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased as revenues decreased and expenditures increased compared to the prior fiscal year. The most significant change in revenues was tuition revenue, which decreased approximately \$190,000 due to decreased open enrollment revenue during fiscal year 2013. Tax revenue also decreased by approximately \$173,000. The most significant reason for the decrease in tax revenues is due to the smaller amount of property tax advances held by the county auditor at June 30, 2013 compared to June 30, 2012.

Instructional expenditures increased 5.48% over the prior fiscal year. This was primarily due to the end of the Education Jobs Grant, which means that expenditures that were previously reported in a special revenue fund, were recorded in the general fund during fiscal year 2013. Support services expenditures increased 6.568%. This is primarily due to increases in the cost of pupil transportation services.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

	2013 Amount	2012 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
<u>Revenues</u>				
Taxes	\$3,076,538	\$3,249,981	(\$173,443)	(5.34) %
Tuition	1,168,707	1,358,874	(190,167)	(13.99) %
Earnings on investments	4,306	2,711	1,595	58.83 %
Intergovernmental	3,050,482	3,133,728	(83,246)	(2.66) %
Other revenues	117,588	116,767	821	0.70 %
Total	\$7,417,621	\$7,862,061	(\$444,440)	(5.65) %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$4,661,574	\$4,419,211	\$242,363	5.48 %
Support services	2,496,632	2,342,902	153,730	6.56 %
Non-instructional services	10,973	13,772	(2,799)	(20.32) %
Extracurricular activities	330,600	327,142	3,458	1.06 %
Capital outlay	95,304	125,873	(30,569)	(24.29) %
Debt service	141,026	106,890	34,136	31.94 %
Total	\$7,736,109	\$7,335,790	\$400,319	5.46 %

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal 2013, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues were \$7,277,920 and final budgeted revenues were \$7,482,927. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2013 were \$7,587,882. This represents a \$104,995 increase from final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$7,951,516 were increased to \$7,974,568 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2013 totaled \$7,835,775 which was \$138,793 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2013, the District had \$2,403,382 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles and textbooks. The following table shows fiscal 2013 balances compared to fiscal 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	2013	2012
Land	\$148,406	\$148,406
Land improvements	115,227	75,052
Building and improvements	1,062,638	1,109,026
Furniture and equipment	897,679	933,978
Vehicles	157,934	116,126
Textbooks	21,498	43,854
Total	\$2,403,382	\$2,426,442

Total additions to capital assets for 2013 were \$388,644 and total disposals were \$542 (net of accumulated depreciation). Depreciation recorded for the fiscal year totaled \$411,162.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for further details on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$70,365 in capital leases outstanding. Of these totals, \$17,428 and \$16,138 is due within one year and due in greater than one year on the District's capital copier leases, respectively; and \$36,799 is due within one year on the District's capital leases for computers. The District also had \$30,889 and \$31,762 due within one year and due in greater than one year, respectively, on its installment loan. The following table summarized the debt outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
Capital lease - copiers Capital lease - computers Installment loan	\$33,566 36,799 62,651	\$55,665 116,855
Total	\$133,016	\$172,520

See Note 12 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Current Financial Related Activities

Property tax levies on a continuing basis and a five-year, one-percent income tax are in place to help fund the general fund operations of the District. Property tax revenue remains stable, and income tax receipts have rebounded as the economy has improved. Incoming open enrollment made up sixteen percent and reimbursement from the State for tangible personal property tax losses due to House Bill 66 made up nearly ten percent of general fund revenue in fiscal year 2013. Overall, revenue for the District is lower than last fiscal year due to the loss of federal stimulus dollars, and a reduction in the amount of tangible personal property tax reimbursement from the State.

State funding estimates for the District appear stable as the first year of the State biennial budget begins in fiscal year 2014. The State reimbursement of tangible personal property tax is projected to remain unaffected as well during this next biennial budget, but remains a significant concern in the future as the District relies heavily on this reimbursement to fund operations.

The District continues to manage its resources in spite of a difficult economy and has been able to keep general fund expenditures below fiscal year 2006 levels until this year. The uncertainty associated with the long term effects of the elimination of the tangible personal property tax base and State funding revisions will create future challenges; however, the financial stability of the District continues to be a top priority.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ms. Connie Nicely, CFO/Treasurer, Ayersville Local School District, 28046 Watson Road, Defiance, Ohio, 43512.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$4,297,107
Property taxes	2,683,754
Income taxes	293,290
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,970
Accounts	13
Accrued interest	770
Intergovernmental	61,585
Prepayments	19,605
Materials and supplies inventory	9,500
Capital Assets	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	148,406
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	2,254,976
Capital assets, net	2,403,382
Total Access	0.770.070
Total Assets	9,770,976
Liabilities: Accounts Payable	7,650
Accrued Wages and Benefits	815,175
Intergovernmental Payable	29,684
Pension Obligation Payable	115,289
Long-Term Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	224,166
Due in More Than One Year	614,877
Total Liabilities	1,806,841
	.,,,,,,,
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	2,390,354
Net Position:	
Investment in Capital Assets, net Restricted for:	2,270,366
Capital projects	84,757
Federally funded programs	22,227
Student activities	
	21,926
Other purposes	63,865
Unrestricted	3,110,640
Total Net Position	\$5,573,781

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Program F		Net(Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for	Operating	
		Services and	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	Sales	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$4,035,456	\$1,204,621	\$25,951	(\$2,804,884)
Special	521,198	Ψ1,201,021	276,038	(245,160)
Vocational	66,435		1,341	(65,094)
Other	445,253		88,782	(356,471)
Support Services:	443,233		00,702	(330,471)
	362,237			(262 227)
Pupils		14 700	1 270	(362,237)
Instructional Staff	341,310	14,700	1,379	(325,231)
Board of Education	23,406		4 200	(23,406)
Administration	589,422		1,399	(588,023)
Fiscal	319,742			(319,742)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	663,140		0.050	(663,140)
Pupil Transportation	311,912		9,856	(302,056)
Central	39,114		4,840	(34,274)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	380,829	219,795	140,875	(20,159)
Other Non-Instructional Services	141,021	50,090		(90,931)
Extracurricular Activities	447,217	101,743	21,494	(323,980)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,218			(6,218)
Totals	\$8,693,910	\$1,590,949	\$571,955	(6,531,006)
	General Revenues:			
	Property taxes levied for	r:		
	General purposes			2,234,283
	Special Revenue			78,536
	Capital outlay			96,105
	Income taxes levied for			
	General purposes			845,876
	Grants and Entitlement	s not Restricted to Sp	ecific Programs	3,001,926
	Investment Earnings	·	Ü	4,682
	Decrease in fair market	value of investments		(5,191)
	Miscellaneous			3,862
Total General Revenues				6,260,079
	Change in Net Position			(270,927)
Net Position at Beginning of Year			5,844,708	
	Net Position at End of			\$5,573,781
	Joinon at Ena Oi			+ 5,5,5,5,151

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2013

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$4,140,575	\$155,476	\$4,296,051
Receivables:			
Property taxes	2,487,793	195,961	2,683,754
Income taxes	293,290		293,290
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,806	164	1,970
Accounts	13		13
Accrued interest	770		770
Intergovernmental	35,280	26,305	61,585
Prepayments	18,255	1,350	19,605
Materials and supplies inventory	7,537	1,963	9,500
Restricted Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,056		1,056
Total Assets	\$6,986,375	\$381,219	\$7,367,594
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$6,923	\$727	\$7,650
Accrued wages and benefits	775,738	39,437	815,175
Compensated absences payable	76,350	,	76,350
Intergovernmental payable	28,326	1,358	29,684
Pension obligation payable	107,247	8,042	115,289
Total Liabilities	994,584	49,564	1,044,148
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	2,215,769	174,585	2,390,354
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	86,024	6,776	92,800
Accrued interest not available	376	-, -	376
Miscellaneous revenue not available	19,516	83	19,599
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,321,685	181,444	2,503,129
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	25,792	3,313	29,105
Restricted	1,056	184,327	185,383
Committed	303,743	- ,-	303,743
Assigned	549,907		549,907
Unassigned (Deficit)	2,789,608	(37,429)	2,752,179
Total Fund Balances	3,670,106	150,211	3,820,317
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and			
Fund Balances	\$6,986,375	\$381,219	\$7,367,594

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$3,820,317
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net assets are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		2,403,382
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows in the funds.		
Property Taxes	92,800	
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	986	
Accrued Interest	376	
Intergovernmental Total	18,613	112,775
Long-term liabilities, including lease purcahse agreements and notes, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	i	
Capital Leases Obligations	70,365	
Notes	62,651	
Compensated Absences Payable	629,677	
Total		(762,693)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	-	\$5,573,781

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$2,230,662	\$174,262	\$2,404,924
Income taxes	845,876		845,876
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	21,911	1,983	23,894
Tuition	1,168,707		1,168,707
Earnings on investments	4,306	16	4,322
Charges for services		218,642	218,642
Extracurricular	FO 111	101,743	101,743
Classroom materials and fees	50,141	20.440	50,141
Other local revenues Decrease in fair market value of investments	50,727 (5,191)	28,449	79,176 (5,191)
Intergovernmental - state	3,037,904	86,072	3,123,976
Intergovernmental - state Intergovernmental - federal	12,578	429,351	441,929
Total Revenues	7,417,621	1,040,518	8,458,139
rotal Novellaco	7,417,021	1,040,010	0,400,100
Expenditures: Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	3,858,214	43,958	3,902,172
Special	373,533	140,290	513,823
Vocational	61,926	,	61,926
Other	367,901	73,283	441,184
Support Services:			•
Pupils	374,924		374,924
Instructional Staff	272,381	41,732	314,113
Board of Education	23,406		23,406
Administration	566,242	1,155	567,397
Fiscal	310,425	7,033	317,458
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	562,413	118,040	680,453
Pupil Transportation	352,567	169	352,736
Central	34,274	4,840	39,114
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food service operations	40.070	377,534	377,534
Other non-instructional services	10,973	130,048	141,021
Extracurricular Activities	330,600	117,430	448,030
Capital Outlay Debt Service:	95,304		95,304
Principal	134,808		134,808
Interest	6,218		6,218
Total Expenditures	7,736,109	1,055,512	8,791,621
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(318,488)	(14,994)	(333,482)
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):			
Transfers In		6,500	6,500
Transfers (out)	(6,500)		(6,500)
Note Proceeds	95,304		95,304
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	88,804	6,500	95,304
Net Change in Fund Balances	(229,684)	(8,494)	(238,178)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,923,807	158,658	4,082,465
Increase/(Decrease) in Reserve for Inventory	(24,017)	47	(23,970)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$3,670,106	\$150,211	\$3,820,317

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$238,178)
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlay in the current period. Capital Outlay - Depreciable Capital Assets	388,644	
Depreciation Expense	(411,162)	(22,518)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(542)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as expenses when consumed.		(23,970)
Revenues on the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Property taxes Payment in Lieu of Taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total	4,000 (24,073) 376 (15,459)	(35,156)
Repayment of lease-purchase agreement and note principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		134,808
Note proceeds are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.		(95,304)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, future retirement obligations, and pension obligations, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		9,933
Change in Net of Position of Governmental Activities		(\$270,927)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$2,294,042	\$2,358,662	\$2,358,662	
Income taxes	825,830	849,092	849,092	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	20,704	21,287	21,287	
Tuition	1,136,844	1,168,867	1,168,707	(\$160)
Earnings on investments	3,268	3,360	4,089	729
Classroom materials and fees	31,817	32,713	35,441	2,728
Other local revenues	1,935	1,989	4,410	2,421
Intergovernmental - state	2,952,013	3,035,167	3,038,312	3,145
Intergovernmental - federal	11,467	11,790	12,578	788
Total Revenues	7,277,920	7,482,927	7,492,578	9,651
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,060,746	4,072,518	4,005,622	66,896
Special	494,830	496,265	439,344	56,921
Vocational	86,290	86,540	61,926	24,614
Other	371,005	372,081	365,504	6,577
Support Services:				
Pupils	330,881	331,840	329,989	1,851
Instructional Staff	276,205	277,005	263,006	13,999
Board of Education	34,282	34,381	23,105	11,276
Administration	579,726	581,407	573,784	7,623
Fiscal	319,992	320,920	316,552	4,368
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	597,500	599,232	574,478	24,754
Pupil Transportation	354,256	355,283	348,461	6,822
Central	44,670	44,800	38,024	6,776
Operation of non-instructional services	12,175	12,210	11,043	1,167
Extracurricular Activities	279,280	280,090	279,637	453
Capital Outlay	•	,	95,304	(95,304)
Total Expenditures	7,841,838	7,864,572	7,725,779	138.793
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenues	(563,918)	(381,645)	(233,201)	148,444
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(109,678)	(109,996)	(109,996)	
Note Proceeds	(,,	(,,	95,304	95,304
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(109,678)	(109,996)	(14,692)	95,304
Net Change in Fund Balance	(673,596)	(491,641)	(247,893)	243,748
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	3,690,072	3,690,072	3,690,072	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	177,412	177,412	177,412	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$3,193,888	\$3,375,843	\$3,619,591	\$243,748

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2013

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency Fund
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$41,240	\$44,481
Liabilities: Intergovernmental payable Due to students Total Liabilities		\$25 44,456 \$44,481
Net Position: Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$41,240	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Private Purpose Trust
	Scholarship
Additions: Interest	\$33
Gifts and Contributions Total Additions	<u>496</u> 529
Deductions: Scholarships awarded	3,434
Change in Net Position	(2,905)
Net Position Beginning of Year	44,145
Net Position End of Year	\$41,240

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Ayersville Local School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Section 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and/or Federal guidelines.

The District was established in 1938 through the consolidation of existing land areas and school districts. The District serves an area of approximately fifty-five square miles. It is located in Defiance County. The District is staffed by 31 classified employees and 57 certified employees, which includes 3 administrative personnel, who provide services to 797 students and other community members. The District currently operates one instructional building and one bus garage.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northwest Ohio Computer Association - The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA). NWOCA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Education Council - The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among various educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member educational entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the four counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northern Buckeye Health Plan - The Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP) was established January 1, 2012 foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams Counties. NBHP is a member of Ohio Health Initiatives (OHI) and provides insurance services to its members. NBHP is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the four counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Health Plan/OHI, Jenny Jostworth, Treasurer, at 10999 Reed Hartman Hwy., Suite 304E, Cincinnati, Ohio 45242

<u>Four County Career Center</u> - The Four County Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the educational service centers from the counties of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, and Williams; one representative from each of the city school districts; one representative from each of the exempted village school districts; and one additional representative from Fulton County educational service center. The Four County Career Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information write to Four County Career Center, Jennifer Bonner, who serves as Treasurer, at Route 1, Box 245A, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

Northwestern Ohio Education Research Council, Inc. - Northwestern Ohio Education Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., 414 East Market Street, Celina, Ohio 45822.

<u>State Support Team Region One</u> - State Support Teams address school improvement through their role in the implementation of the Ohio Improvement Process (OIP). The State Support Team Region 1 builds capacity region-wide through facilitating and supporting district-wide OIP implementation and providing technical assistance and coaching to school teams and learning communities. The State Support Team Region 1 is located at 2275 Collingwood Boulevard, Suite C, Toledo, Ohio 43620.

GROUP PURCHASING POOLS

Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI) Insurance Benefits Program (the Pool) - The Pool is a public entity shared risk pool consisting of educational entities located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry and Williams counties. The Pool is governed by OHI and its participating members.

The District contributed a total of \$758,029 to Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northwest Division of OHI for all employee insurance plans. Financial information for the period can be obtained from Jenny Jostworth, Treasurer at 10999 Reed Hartman Highway, Suite 304E, Cincinnati, Ohio 45242.

Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (WCGRP) - The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The WCGRP is governed by the Northern Buckeye Health Plan (NBHP) and the participating members of the WCGRP. The Executive Director of the NBHP coordinates the management and administration of the program.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Liability, Fleet, and Property Program - The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Liability, Fleet and Property Program (LFP). The LFP's business and affairs are conducted by a six member committee consisting of various LFP representatives that are elected by the general assembly. The purpose of the LFP is to jointly provide or obtain casualty, property, employer liability, general liability, risk management, professional liability, group coverage and other protections for participants.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust, which primarily accounts for scholarship programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student managed activities.

C. Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows, current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, income taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2013 is as follows.

- Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificates issued for fiscal year 2013.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund and object level of expenditures, which are the legal levels of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year.)
 - Board adopted appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation or alter total function appropriations within a fund, or alter object appropriations within functions within a fund must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All departments/functions and funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated, increased or decreased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal 2013. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final budgeted appropriations for fiscal year 2013.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Cash disbursements plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the object level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

During fiscal year 2013, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. government money market mutual funds, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2013. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenues credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$4,306, which includes \$509 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are reported as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not made from the pool are reported as "investments."

An analysis of the District's investments at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide financial statements.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$250. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized for governmental activities.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives.

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings/improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture/equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years
Textbooks	5 years

I. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

J. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Capital leases are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

K. Fund Balance

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

L. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for school bus purchases and natatorium operations.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

M. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

N. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amount set aside for the purchase of school buses.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>", GASB Statement No. 62, "<u>Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements</u>", GASB Statement No. 63, "<u>Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position</u>", GASB Statement No. 65, "<u>Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</u>", and GASB Statement No. 66, "<u>Technical Corrections-2012</u>".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as *deferred outflows of resources* or *deferred inflows of resources*, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred*

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term *deferred* in financial statement presentations.

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balance

Fund balances at June 30, 2013 included the following individual fund deficit:

Nonmajor fund Deficit
Food service \$ 34,649

The general fund is liable for any deficits in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balance resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value
 of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the
 agreement by at
 least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not
 exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time: and,
- 9. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$770 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$2,248,468. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2013, \$29,880 of the District's bank balance of \$2,291,974 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$2,262,094 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities			
Investment type	Fair value	6 months or less	19 to 24 months	Greater than 24 months	
FHLB	\$443,813	\$149,976	\$99,939	\$193,898	
FHLMC	284,201		234,775	49,426	
FNMA	261,271			261,271	
STAR Ohio	1,138,962	1,138,962			
U.S. Government					
money market fund	5,343	5,343			
	\$2,133,590	\$1,294,281	\$334,714	\$504,595	

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.02 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and U.S. Government money market mutual funds carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

Investment type	Fair value	% of Total
FHLB FHLMC FNMA	\$443,813 284,201 261,271	20.80 13.32 12.25
STAR Ohio	1,138,962	53.38
U.S. Government money market mutual funds	5,343	0.25
	\$2,133,590	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013:

Total	\$4,382,828
Cash on hand	770
Investments	2,133,590
Carrying amount of deposits	\$2,248,468
Cash and investments per note	

Cash and investments per statement of net p	<u>osition</u>
Governmental activities	\$4,297,107
Private-purpose trust fund	41,240
Agency fund	44,481
Total	\$4,382,828

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

Transfers from general fund to: Nonmajor governmental funds <u>Amount</u> \$ 6.500

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers made in fiscal year 2013 were in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Defiance County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013 was \$186,000 in the general fund, \$8,100 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$6,500 in the special levy fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2012 was \$314,000 in the general fund, \$14,500 in the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, and \$11,700 in the special levy fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 Second Half Collections		2013 Fi Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$79,468,150	89.91	\$81,583,200	90.32
Public utility personal	8,920,260	10.09	8,739,390	9.68
Total	\$88,388,410	100.00	\$90,322,590	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation:				
Operations	\$41.48		\$41.48	
Permanent improvement	2.00		2.00	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013 consisted of property taxes, income taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$2,683,754
Income taxes	293,290
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,970
Accounts	13
Intergovernmental	61,585
Accrued interest	770
Total	\$3,041,382

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year; however, the status of any delinquent tax collections is unknown.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 8 - INCOME TAXES

The District levies a voted income tax of one percent on the income of residents and on estates for general operations of the District. The income tax became effective on January 1, 2008 and is in effect for a period of five years, until December 31, 2012. In March 2012, voters renewed this levy for an additional five years, effective January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2017. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and then remit that income tax to the State, and taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund and amounted to \$845,876 for fiscal year 2013.

NOTE 9 - PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

The District has entered into agreements with a number of property owners under which the District has granted property tax abatements to those property owners. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the District which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been abated. The property owner's contractual promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes generally continue until the agreement expires.

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

	Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$148,406			\$148,406
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Building/improvements Furniture/equipment Vehicles Textbooks	314,323 3,143,630 3,140,141 789,858 745,346	\$58,571 17,123 205,846 107,104	(\$155,205) (14,750)	372,894 3,160,753 3,190,782 882,212 745,346
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,133,298	388,644	(169,955)	8,351,987
Less: accumulated depreciation Land improvements Building/improvements Furniture/equipment Vehicles Textbooks	(239,271) (2,034,604) (2,206,163) (673,732) (701,492)	(18,396) (63,511) (241,603) (65,296) (22,356)	154,663 14,750	(257,667) (2,098,115) (2,293,103) (724,278) (723,848)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,855,262)	(411,162)	169,413	(6,097,011)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$2,426,442	(\$22,518)	(\$542)	\$2,403,382

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction: Regular Special Vocational Other	\$191,976 7,682 4,509 2,446
Support services: Pupil Instructional staff Administration Fiscal Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation	2,063 33,573 8,249 2,851 70,254 62,987
Food service operations Extracurricular activities	5,271 19,301_
Total depreciation expense	\$411,162

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

The District entered into capital leases for the acquisition of copiers in fiscal years 2009, 2011 and 2012. Additionally, in fiscal years 2011 and 2012, the District entered into capital leases for the acquisition of laptop computers for the one-to-one laptop initiative for high school students. All leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers the benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. At inception, all leases were accounted for as an other financing source and a capital outlay expenditure in the general fund. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and shown as debt service expenditures in the general fund. These expenditures will be reflected as function expenditures on a budgetary basis. The general capital assets acquired by these capital leases have been capitalized in the governmental activities on the statement of net position in the amount of \$80,318 for the copiers and \$336,632 for the computers, which is equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception. A corresponding liability has been recorded in the governmental activities on the statement of net position. Principal payments made during fiscal year 2013 totaled \$22,099 for the copiers, and \$80,056 for the computers.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013.

Fiscal year ending June 30,	Copiers	Computers	Total
2014	\$19,240	\$38,175	\$57,415
2015	10,316		10,316
2016	5,799		5,799
2017	1,475		1,475
Total minimum lease payment	36,830	38,175	75,005
Less amount representing interest	(3,264)	(1,376)	(4,640)
Total	\$33,566	\$36,799	\$70,365

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2012	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences payable	\$685,695	\$141,068	(\$120,736)	\$706,027	\$139,050
Capital lease - copiers	55,665		(22,099)	33,566	17,428
Capital lease - computers	116,855		(80,056)	36,799	36,799
Installment loan		95,304	(32,653)	62,651	30,889
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$858,215	\$236,372	(\$255,544)	\$839,043	\$224,166

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid.

The installment loan was issued to finance the purchase of computer equipment. The loan was issued August 15, 2012 and matures August 16, 2014. The interest rate is 2.79%. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the installment loan:

Fiscal year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$30,888	\$1,772	\$32,660
2015	31,762	899	32,661
Total	\$62,650	\$2,671	\$65,321

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2013, are a voted debt margin of \$8,129,033 and an unvoted debt margin of \$90,323.

NOTE 13 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Twelve month classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Up to three years' vacation time may be accumulated. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of two hundred days for both classified and certified employees with less than 25 years of service, and up to a maximum of two hundred and ten days once 25 years of service is achieved. Upon retirement, payment is made for twenty-five percent of accrued, plus five days if the accumulation is greater than 200 days, plus three days if notice of retirement is received by the Superintendent prior to March 1, to a maximum of fifty-eight days.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for liability, real property, building contents, and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. In addition, real property contents are fully insured.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Insurance Benefits Program

The District participates in the Optimal Health Initiative Consortium (OHI), a public entity risk pool consisting of school districts within Defiance, Fulton, Henry and Williams counties and other eligible governmental entities. The District pays monthly premiums to the OHI for the benefits offered to its employees, which includes health, dental, and life insurance plans. OHI is responsible for the management and operations of the program. The agreement for the program provides for additional assessments to participants if the premiums are insufficient to pay the program costs for the fiscal year. Upon withdrawal of the program, a participant is responsible for any claims not processed and paid and any related administrative costs.

C. Workers' Compensation Group Program

The District participates in the Northern Buckeye Health Plan, Northern Division of OHI (NBHP) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. The Executive Director coordinates the management and administration of the program.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2013, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$101,553, \$100,597 and \$92,619, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$505,847, \$492,081 and \$477,230, respectively; 83.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2013, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 16 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2013, 0.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,525.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$13,248, \$10,323 and \$17,045, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$5,737, \$5,941 and \$5,960, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$38,911, \$37,852 and \$36,710, respectively; 83.22 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	(\$247,893)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(136,172)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(30,623)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(7,864)
Adjustment for encumbrances	192,868
GAAP basis	(\$229,684)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, the public school support fund, the termination benefits fund, and the management information system fund.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous Federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District at June 30, 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to legal proceedings that, in the opinion of management, would have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Improvements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	
Current year set-aside requirement	\$138,024
Current year offsets	(\$138,024)
Total	

In addition to the above statutory set-asides, the District also has \$1,056 in monies restricted for school bus purchases.

NOTE 20 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (Continued)

		Nonmajor	Total
		Governmental	Governmental
Fund balance	General	Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:			
Materials and supplies inventory	\$7,537	\$1,963	\$9,500
Prepaids	18,255	1,350	19,605
Total nonspendable	25,792	3,313	29,105
Restricted:			
Capital improvements		80,983	80,983
Extracurricular		21,926	21,926
Targeted academic assistance		22,227	22,227
School bus purchases	1,056		1,056
Other purposes		59,191	59,191
Total restricted	1,056	184,327	185,383
Committed:			
Student instruction	83,598		83,598
Student and staff support	11,370		11,370
Termination benefits	208,775		208,775
Total committed	303,743		303,743
Assigned:			
Student instruction	83,053		83,053
Student and staff support	51,288		51,288
Subsequent year's appropriations	411,027		411,027
Other purposes	4,539		4,539
Total assigned	549,907		549,907
Unassigned (deficit)	2,789,608	(37,429)	2,752,179
Total fund balances	\$3,670,106	\$150,211	\$3,820,317

NOTE 21 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
Fund	Encumbrances
General fund	\$199,766
Other governmental	75,876
Total	\$275,642

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ayersville Local School District Defiance County 28046 Watson Road Defiance, Ohio 43512-8756

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ayersville Local School District, Defiance County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2014, wherein we noted the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63 *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and GASB Statement No. 65 *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

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Ayersville Local School District
Defiance County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 17, 2014

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Ayersville Local School District Defiance County 28046 Watson Road Defiance, Ohio 43512-8756

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Ayersville Local School District, Defiance County, Ohio (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on July 16, 2012 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 17, 2014





CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 8, 2014