



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Beavercreek Township Greene County 1981 Dayton-Xenia Road Beavercreek, Ohio 45434

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beavercreek Township, Greene County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Beavercreek Township Greene County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beavercreek Township, Greene County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Fire, and EMS Medic Services funds thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 13 to the 2012 financial statements, the Township restated its January 1, 2012 fund balances. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental and Other Information

We audited to opine on the Township's financial statements that collectively comprise its basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion & Analysis includes tables of net position, changes in net position, and governmental activities. This information provides additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

These tables are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these tables to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling these tables directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these tables are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other than the aforementioned procedures applied to the tables, we applied no procedures to any other information in Management's Discussion & Analysis, and we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Beavercreek Township Greene County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2014, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

October 21 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 UNAUDITED

This discussion and analysis of Beavercreek Township's (the Township) financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2013, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis of accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities between increased by \$327,363, or 2.22% from the prior year.
- The Township's general receipts are primarily property taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and ambulance billings. These receipts represent respectively 77.69%, 11.48%, and 8.29% of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Total receipts combined for 2013 were \$13,991,595 and was an increase compared to the \$13,688,119 for 2012.
- Tax receipts are the result of assessed property values by the County Auditor. With no new tax levies, increases to receipts are the result of increased value of the tax duplicate (not subject to HB 920 factoring) or other statutory increase in tax funding. 2013 is the last year of collection of the five year, 2.0 mil levy, last approved by voters in 2007.

Real estate property sales in the Township continued to remain fairly stable despite the national downturn in the real estate market and the economy in general.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2013, within the limitations of the cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations, and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Township consists of one type of activity:

Governmental activity: The Township's basic services are reported here, including general government services, emergency rescue services, fire protection, and road maintenance. State and federal grants and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township are split into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Most of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Fire Fund, Advanced Life Fire Engine Fund, and EMS Medic Services Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Township's programs.

The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net position for 2013 compared to 2012 on a cash basis:

(Table 1) Net Position				
	Governmen	tal Activities		
	2013	2012		
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$15,067,427	\$14,740,064		
Total Assets	15,067,427	14,740,064		
Net Position:				
Restricted for:				
Capital Outlay	3,339,421	3,296,516		
Other Purposes	9,948,707	9,445,553		
Unrestricted	1,779,299	1,997,995		
Total Net Position	\$15,067,427	\$14,740,064		

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities between 2013 and 2012 increased by \$327,363, or 2.22% during 2013. The primary reasons contributing to the increases in cash balances are as follows:

Fire department receipts in 2013 were stable compared to 2012 with a 0.08% increase. During the same period, expenditures increased by almost 32% due to a planned capital upgrade to the fire department's communications equipment. This resulted in an approximately 4.5% decrease in the fire fund's cash balance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position on a cash basis in 2013 and 2012 for governmental activities.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities					
	2013	2012			
Receipts:					
Program Receipts:					
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,246,689	\$1,044,750			
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,377,339	1,258,323			
Total Program Receipts	2,624,028	2,303,073			
General Receipts:					
Property and Other Local Taxes	10,885,002	11,009,566			
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted					
to Specific Programs	228,248	234,941			
Sale of Fixed Assets	24,162	6,526			
Cable Franchise Fees	83,987	84,587			
Interest	16,128	8,379			
Miscellaneous	92,530	1,981			
Extraordinary Items	37,510	39,066			
Total General Receipts	11,367,567	11,385,046			
Total Receipts	13,991,595	13,688,119			
Disbursements:					
General Government	940,202	896,543			
Public Safety	9,258,873	9,216,562			
Public Works	1,034,368	991,824			
Health	39,397	47,633			
Conservation - Recreation	91,569	114,638			
Other	203,093	136,069			
Capital Outlay	2,028,480	111,150			
Bond Principal Retirement	65,000	60,000			
Bond Interest	3,250	6,250			
Total Disbursements	13,664,232	11,580,669			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	327,363	2,107,450			
Net Position, January 1,	14,740,064	12,632,614			
Net Position, December 31,	\$15,067,427	\$14,740,064			

Program receipts represent only 18.75 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts such as homestead and rollback, motor vehicle license and gas tax money, and charges for emergency medical services.

General receipts represent 81.25 percent of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, over 95 percent are property taxes. State grants and entitlements make up the balance of the Township's general receipts (two percent). Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities. These include the costs of the Board of Trustees and the Fiscal Officer, as well as internal services such as payroll, human resources, IT support, and building and vehicle maintenance. These costs do not represent direct services to residents, and therefore are kept to a minimum of General Fund unrestricted receipts.

Disbursements for Public Safety are the costs of fire and police protection and emergency medical services, Public Works are the costs of maintaining the roads, Health are the costs of maintaining Beaver Cemetery, Conservation-Recreation are the costs of maintaining the parks and playing fields, and Debt Service are the costs for the principal and interest due on a bond debenture associated with the Lofino Senior Citizens Center in Beavercreek, Ohio.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for Public Safety, Capital Outlay, and Public Works, which account for 67.76%, 14.85%, and 7.57% of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The Net Receipt (Disbursement) columns compare the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012
General Government	\$940,202	\$833,841	\$896,543	\$891,519
Public Safety	9,258,873	7,013,511	9,216,562	7,209,201
Public Works	1,034,368	821,082	991,824	781,397
Conservation - Recreation	91,569	91,569	114,638	114,638
Health	39,397	(4,348)	47,633	(13,243)
Capital Outlay	2,028,480	2,028,480	111,150	111,150
Other	203,093	187,819	136,069	116,684
Principal Retirement	65,000	65,000	60,000	60,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,250	3,250	6,250	6,250
Total Expenses	\$13,664,232	\$11,040,204	\$11,580,669	\$9,277,596

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as over 80 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$13,991,596 and disbursements of \$13,664,233.

General Fund receipts were less than disbursements by \$259,209 indicating that the General Fund is in a deficit spending situation.

a) In recognition of the actual carryover, which exceeded \$1M, the 2013 deficit spending was anticipated in the long-range budget planning of revenue versus spending cycle. The Township was operating as planned in 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 UNAUDITED (Continued)

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2013, the Township did not amend its General Fund estimated receipts budget. Final budgeted receipts were the same as original budgeted receipts. Actual receipts exceeded the budgeted receipts by \$226,524.

Final General Fund disbursements were budgeted at \$2,979,165 while actual disbursements were \$1,458,678. The Township did not spend close to budgeted amounts as demonstrated by the reported variance.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Township maintains an inventory of its capital assets for insurance purposes. The Township uses the Uniform Accounting Network program provided by the State of Ohio Auditor's Office in order to accomplish this task.

Debt

During 2013, the Township made the final payment for a general obligation bond issued for improvements to the Lofino Senior Center. At December 31, 2013, the Township's only outstanding debt was a 0% Local Government Innovation Fund Ioan from the State of Ohio for upgrade of the Dispatch Center's radio system. For further information regarding the Township's debt, refer to Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Townships is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in most cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on property taxes and ambulance billings and have very little industry to support the tax base. We reviewed our sources of revenue and determined that increases will be unlikely. We then reviewed the disbursement history of the Township. Over the past two years, several steps have been taken to control operating expenses, such as renegotiating certain contracts.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Christy L. Ahrens, Fiscal Officer, Beavercreek Township, 1981 Dayton-Xenia Road, Beavercreek, Ohio 45434.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$15,067,427
Total Assets	15,067,427
Net Position: Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	3,339,421
Other Purposes	9,948,707
Unrestricted	1,779,299
Total Net Position	\$15,067,427

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Program Ca	sh Receipts	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net
	Cash	Charges for	Operating Grants	Governmental
	Disbursements	Services and Sales	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Current:				
General Government	\$940,202	\$6,361	\$100,000	(\$833,841)
Public Safety	9,258,873	1,161,204	1,084,158	(7,013,511)
Public Works	1,034,368	20,105	193,181	(821,082)
Health	39,397	43,745		4,348
Conservation-Recreation	91,569			(91,569)
Other	203,093	15,274		(187,819)
Capital Outlay	2,028,480			(2,028,480)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	65,000			(65,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,250			(3,250)
Total Governmental Activities	\$13,664,232	\$1,246,689	\$1,377,339	(11,040,204)
				. <u> </u>
	General Receipts:			
	Property Taxes			10,869,886
	Other Taxes			15,116
	Grants and Entitlen	nents not Restricted to S	pecific Programs	228,248
	Sale of Capital Ass	ets		24,162
	Cable Franchise Fe	ees		83,987
	Earnings on Invest	ments		16,128
	Miscellaneous			92,530
	Extraordinary Item			37,510
	Total General Recei	pts		11,367,567
		•		
	Change in Net Posit	ion		327,363
	C			
	Net Position Beginni	ng of Year		14,740,064
	Net Position End of	Year		\$15,067,427

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General	Fire	EMS Medic Services	Advances Life Fire Engine	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$1,947,882	\$5,635,332	\$2,750,759	\$1,625,000	\$3,108,454	\$15,067,427
Total Assets	1,947,882	5,635,332	2,750,759	1,625,000	3,108,454	15,067,427
Fund Cash Balances, December 31: Restricted		5,635,332	2,750,759		1,731,673	10,117,764
Committed	168,582			1,625,000	1,376,781	3,170,363
Assigned	1,104,402					1,104,402
Unassigned	674,898					674,898
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$1,947,882	\$5,635,332	\$2,750,759	\$1,625,000	\$3,108,454	\$15,067,427

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General	Fire	EMS Medic Services
Receipts:			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$819,061	\$9,054,679	
Charges for Services			\$1,160,479
Licenses, Permits and Fees	95,793	15,483	
Fines and Forfeitures	6,290		
Intergovernmental	234,601	1,115,134	
Earnings on Investments	15,999		
Miscellaneous	3,560	36,118	
Total Receipts	1,175,304	10,221,414	1,160,479
Disbursements			
Current:			
General Government	936,298		
Public Safety	40,514	8,295,880	359,728
Public Works	99,986		
Health	22,320		
Conservation-Recreation	91,569		
Other	203,094		
Capital Outlay	9,992		
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement			
Interest and Fiscal Charges			
Total Disbursements	1,403,773	8,295,880	359,728
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(228,469)	1,925,534	800,751
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Sale of Capital Assets		9,269	
Transfers In			
Transfers Out	(68,250)	(2,199,992)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(68,250)	(2,190,723)	
Special and Extraordinary Items:			
Extraordinary Item	37,510		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(259,209)	(265,189)	800,751
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	2,207,091	5,900,521	1,950,009
Fund Balances End of Year	\$1,947,882	\$5,635,332	\$2,750,760

Advances Life Fire Engine	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	• · · · · · · · ·	•
	\$1,025,014	\$10,898,754
		1,160,479
	15,886	127,162
		6,290
	318,596	1,668,331
	130	16,129
	13,101	52,779
	1,372,727	13,929,924
	3,905	940,203
	562,750	9,258,872
	934,383	1,034,369
	17,076	39,396
		91,569
		203,094
	2,018,488	2,028,480
	65,000	65,000
	3,250	3,250
	3,604,852	13,664,233
	(2,232,125)	265,691
	44,000	04.400
¢1 600 000	14,893	24,162
\$1,600,000	668,242	2,268,242
1 600 000	602 125	(2,268,242)
1,600,000	683,135	24,162
		37,510
1,600,000	(1,548,990)	327,363
25,000	4,657,443	14,740,064
\$1,625,000	\$3,108,453	\$15,067,427

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budget A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$701,750	\$701,750	\$819,061	\$117,311
Licenses, Permits and Fees	100,470	100,470	95,793	(4,677)
Fines and Forfeitures	7,000	7,000	6,290	(710)
Intergovernmental	171,070	171,070	234,601	63,531
Earnings on Investments	6,000	6,000	15,999	9,999
Miscellaneous			3,560	3,560
Total Receipts	986,290	986,290	1,175,304	189,014
Disbursements: Current:				
General Government	1,143,834	1,143,834	947,298	196,536
Public Works	104,125	1,143,834	947,298 99,986	4,139
Health	30,000	30,000	22,321	7,679
Conservation-Recreation	191,000	191,000	91,569	99,431
Other	251,849	251,849	219,262	32,587
Capital Outlay	110,000	110,000	9,992	100,008
Total Disbursements	1,830,808	1,830,808	1,390,428	440,380
Total Disbursements	1,030,000	1,030,000	1,390,420	440,380
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(844,518)	(844,518)	(215,124)	629,394
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out	(68,250)	(68,250)	(68,250)	
Other Financing Uses	(1,080,107)	(1,080,107)		1,080,107
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,148,357)	(1,148,357)	(68,250)	1,080,107
Special and Extraordinary Items: Extraordinary Item			37,510	37,510
	·		57,510	37,310
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,992,875)	(1,992,875)	(245,864)	1,747,011
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,985,145	1,985,145	1,985,145	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	12,850	12,850	12,850	
Unencumbered Balance End of Year	\$5,120	\$5,120	\$1,752,131	\$1,747,011

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS FIRE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budget A	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$8,426,250	\$8,426,250	\$9,054,679	\$628,429
Licenses, Permits and Fees	26,000	26,000	15,483	(10,517)
Intergovernmental	1,203,750	1,203,750	1,115,134	(88,616)
Miscellaneous	2,500	2,500	36,118	33,618
Total Receipts	9,658,500	9,658,500	10,221,414	562,914
Disbursements: Current:				
Public Safety	10,694,765	10,694,765	8,301,568	2,393,197
Total Disbursements	10,694,765	10,694,765	8,301,568	2,393,197
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(1,036,265)	(1,036,265)	1,919,846	2,956,111
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	4,000	4,000	9,269	5,269
Transfers Out	(2,199,992)	(2,199,992)	(2,199,992)	
Other Financing Uses	(2,666,932)	(2,666,932)		2,666,932
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,862,924)	(4,862,924)	(2,190,723)	2,672,201
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,899,189)	(5,899,189)	(270,877)	5,628,312
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year	5,743,518	5,743,518	5,743,518	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	157,003	157,003	157,003	
Unencumbered Balance End of Year	\$1,332	\$1,332	\$5,629,644	\$5,628,312

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS EMS MEDIC SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budget A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:				
Charges for Services	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,160,478	\$160,478
Total Receipts	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,160,478	160,478
Disbursements: Current:				
Public Safety	606,682	611,682	383,007	228,675
Total Disbursements	606,682	611,682	383,007	228,675
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	393,318	388,318	777,471	389,153
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Other Financing Uses	(2,336,076)	(2,331,076)		2,331,076
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,336,076)	(2,331,076)		2,331,076
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,942,758)	(1,942,758)	777,471	2,720,229
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,891,724	1,891,724	1,891,724	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	58,284	58,284	58,284	
Unencumbered Balance End of Year	\$7,250	\$7,250	\$2,727,479	\$2,720,229

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investment	\$5,884	\$9,635
Total Assets	5,884	9,635
Net Position Held in Trust for PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST - CEMETERY:		
Expendable	884	
Non-expendable	5,000	
Held on Behalf of MARCS RADIO PROJECT:		9,635
Total Net Position	\$5,884	\$9,635

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Additions:	Private Purpose Trust
Earnings on Investments	\$6
Total Additions	6
Change in Net Position	6
Net Position Beginning of Year	5,878
Net Position End of Year	\$5,884

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Beavercreek Township, Greene County, Ohio ("the Township"), is a body politic and corporate established in 1803 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, zoning, fire and EMS services, maintenance of Township roads, bridges, parks, and cemetery maintenance. Police protection is provided by the Greene County Sheriff's Office.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which a Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization, or (2) the Township is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources, the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization, or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the Township authorizes the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes or determines the budget if there is also the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Township.

The Township does not have any Component Units.

C. Public Entity Risk Pools

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) public entity risk pool. Notes 7 and 12 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

The financial statements exclude the following entities which perform activities within the Township's boundaries for the benefit of its residents because the Township is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the Township:

City of Beavercreek Beaver Creek Wetlands Association Beavercreek Township Park District

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions. As the Township does not have business-type activities, all statements report governmental activities only.

The Statement of Net Position presents the cash and investment balances of governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. homestead, rollback, and grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are Township's major governmental funds.

- 1. The General Fund accounts for, and reports all financial resources not accounted for, and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.
- 2. The Fire Fund accounts for and reports tax levy money restricted for fire protection, emergency rescue services, and related equipment to provide services to the Township and City of Beavercreek residents.
- 3. The EMS Medic Services Fund accounts for and reports charges for services restricted to pay for emergency medical services and related equipment to provide services to the Township and City of Beavercreek residents.
- 4. The Advanced Life Fire Engine Fund accounts for and reports money committed to the acquisition of four advanced life fire engines for the Township.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Township's own programs. The Township's private purpose trust fund accounts for resources restricted by a legally binding trust agreement. This agreement requires the Township to maintain the corpus of the trust; and, therefore, the Township's private purpose trust fund is classified as a non-expendable trust fund. The fund is related to a cemetery bequest that requires amounts donated are maintained in perpetuity. Investment earnings are used for grave upkeep as specified by the donor.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriations Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Tax Budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The Appropriations Resolution is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The Certificate of Estimated Resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the Certificate of Estimated Resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The Appropriations Resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

Township records identify the purchase of specific investments by specific funds.

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments."

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale

are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2013, the Township invested in non-negotiable certificates of deposit, Federal agency securities, and money market mutual funds. The non-negotiable certificates of deposit and Federal agency securities are reported at cost.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2013 was \$15,999 which includes \$130 assigned from other Township funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Township reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 8 and 9, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

L. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other longterm obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither another financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

M. Net Position

Net position is are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for special revenue and capital project purposes.

The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable - The non-spendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of Township Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Township Trustees remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Un-assigned - Un-assigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRICIPLE

For 2013, the Township implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflow of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflow of resources or inflow of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets or liabilities. This change was incorporated in the Township's 2013 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General, Fire, and EMS/Medic Services Funds are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$27,168 for the general fund, \$5,688 for the Fire Fund, and \$23,279 for the EMS/Medic Services Fund. The general fund cash statement also includes fund budgeted elsewhere with \$40,514 of expenditures and ending fund balance of \$168,582.

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories:

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawalable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than five years from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim deposits held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payments for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the clerk/treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$5,776,804 of the Township's bank balance of \$6,077,957 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2013, the Township had the following investments:

	Carrying Value	Maturity
Federal National Mortgage Association Note	\$500,000	2016
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Note	830,000	2016
Federal Farm Credit	270,000	2017
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits	1,400,000	2014-2015
Non-negotiable Certificate of Deposits	5,000	Less than One Year
Money Market	6,009,717	Less than One Year
	\$9,014,717	

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Township's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Township's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short term investments.

Credit Risk - The federal national mortgage association notes, federal home loan corporation notes and the federal farm credit notes carry a rating of AAA by Moody's and AA+ by Standard and Poor's. The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal national mortgage association notes, federal home loan mortgage corporation notes, and the federal farm credit notes are exposed to custodial credit risk as they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Township's name.

The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in ORC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Township places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following investments represent five percent or more of total investments as of December 31, 2013:

Investment Issuer	Investments
Federal National Mortgage Association Note	5.55%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Note	9.21%
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits	15.53%
Money Market	66.67%
Federal Farm Credit	3.04%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Township. Property tax receipts received in 2013 represent the collection of 2012 taxes.

2013 Real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value.

2013 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2014. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2013 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2012, are levied after October 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2013, was \$16.55 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, and public utility property upon which 2013 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real Property:	
Residential & Agricultural	\$214,064,370
Commercial/ Industrial/ Mineral	26,589,700
Tangible Personal Property:	
Public Utility	16,700,570
Total Assessed Value	\$257,354,640

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Township. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Township its portion of the taxes collected.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2013, the Township contracted with the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) for the following types of insurance coverage:

- Commercial Umbrella Liability Policy Declarations General, Automobile, Employee Benefit, Employer Property, General Liability, Crime, Auto, Contractors' Equipment, General Floater, and Signs
- Business Auto Coverage

Also see Note 12 to the financial statements for more information regarding OTARMA.

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

The Township also provides health, dental, and life and AD&D insurance for all employees, except seasonal employees, through private carriers and provides a Section 125 cafeteria plan to all employees, except seasonal employees, for medical and dependent care expenses.

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans: (1) the Traditional Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; (2) the Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions, (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earning and (3) the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans.

The 2013 member contribution rates were 10.00% of covered payroll for members in state and local classifications.

The 2013 employer contribution rate for state and local employers was 14.00% of covered payroll.

The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$165,369, \$164,516, and \$157,461, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2013, 2012 and 2011.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

From January 1, 2013 thru July 1, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, from July 2, 2013 thru December 31, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.75% of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2013, employers were required to contribute 24.0% for firefighters. The Township's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$860,988, \$837,973, and \$838,347, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2013, 2012, and 2011.

9. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide the OPEB Plan to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend the OPEB Plan is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care coverage through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care coverage. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2013, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of covered payroll. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 1.0% during calendar year 2013. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 1% during calendar year 2013. Effective January 1, 2014, the portion of employer contributions allocated to 2 percent for both plans, as recommended by the OPERS Actuary. The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care benefits provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Township's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$11,807, \$47,002, and \$62,984, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2013, 2012, and 2011.

OPERS Board of Trustees Adopt Changes to the Health Care Plan - Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4 percent of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, gualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents. OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employers. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

9. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 4.69% of covered payroll from January 1, 2013 thru May 31, 2013 and 2.85% of covered payroll from June 1, 2013 thru December 31, 2013. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h). The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The Township's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$860,988 \$837,973, and \$838,347, respectively, of which \$129,722, \$235,470, and \$235,575, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan.

10. DEBT

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Interest Rate	Balance 12/31/2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2013	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Building Construction Bond						
2004 Issue	3.25 -5%	\$65,000		\$65,000		
Local Government Innovation Fund	0%		\$100,000		\$100,000	\$10,000
Totals		\$65,000	\$100,000	\$65,000	\$100,000	\$10,000

The building construction bond was issued on June 1, 2004, to pay for the acquisition, construction and installation of improvements to a senior center. The bond was paid in semi-annual installments, through December 2013. The bond is supported by the full faith and credit of the Township and is payable from un-voted property tax receipts to the extent that other resources are not available to meet annual principal and interest payments.

In 2013, the Township acquired a zero interest loan from the State of Ohio as a part of a collaborative agreement with five other local government entities. The loan proceeds were to be used to fund a portion of a capital project to upgrade the Dispatch center's radio system. The total loan amount was \$400,000, each entity receiving \$100,000. The loan will be repaid over a ten year period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

11. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During 2013 the following transfers were made:

Transfer from the General Fund to Other Governmental Funds	\$68,250
Transfer from the Fire Fund to Advanced Life Engine Fund	1,600,000
Transfer from the Fire Fund to Other Governmental Funds	599,992
Total Transfers	\$2,268,242

Transfers represent the allocation of unrestricted receipts collected in the general fund and restricted, committed, or assigned receipts collected in other governmental funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The purpose of the transfer from the General Fund to the Bond fund (4101) in the amount of \$68,250 was to cover a portion of the debt service for the Lofino's Senior Citizens Center Bond. The transfer from the Fire Fund (2192) in the amount of \$599,992 was transferred to the New Ambulance Fund (4901) for the purchase of a new medic. The transfer from the Fire Fund (2192) in the amount of \$1,600,000 was transferred to the Advanced Life Support Fire Engine Fund (4903) for the purchase of a new fire engine.

12. OHIO TOWNSHIP ASSOCIATION RISK MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio Townships, OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the member deductibles.

13. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	Conoral	Fine	EMS Medic	Advanced Life	Other Governmental	Total
Fund Balances	General	Fire	Services	Fire Engine	Funds	Total
Restricted for:						
Cemetery					\$51,484	\$51,484
Emergency Medical Services			\$2,750,760			2,750,760
Fire Operations		\$5,635,332				5,635,332
Land Mobile Radio Upgrade Project					337,638	337,638
Police Operations					692,564	692,564
Road and Bridge Maintenance and						
Improvements					649,986	649,986
Total Restricted		5,635,332	2,750,760		1,731,672	10,117,764
						(Continued)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

13. FUND BALANCES (Continued)

			EMS Medic	Advanced Life	Other Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Fire	Services	Fire Engine	Funds	Total
Committed to:						
Fire Engines				\$1,625,000		1,625,000
Fire Stations					339,713	339,713
Improvement of Parks					6,657	6,657
Land Acquisition/Improvement					624,713	624,713
New Ambulance					405,698	405,698
Retirement Pay Out	\$168,582					168,582
Total Committed	168,582			1,625,000	1,376,781	3,170,363
Assigned to:						
Unpaid Obligations	27,168					27,168
Subsequent year appropriations	1,077,234					1,077,234
Total Assigned	1,104,402					1,104,402
Unassigned (Deficit)	674,898					674,898
Total Fund Balances	\$1,947,882	\$5,635,332	\$2,750,760	\$1,625,000	\$3,108,453	\$15,067,427

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 UNAUDITED

This discussion and analysis of Beavercreek Township's (the Township) financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2012, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis of accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2012 are as follows:

- Net position of governmental activities increased by \$2,107,450, or 16.68% from the prior year. The Fund most affected by the increase in cash and cash equivalents was the Fire Fund.
- The fire department is in the 6th year of a 10 year funding plan. This plan included the reorganization of fire department levies to provide a stable, long-term funding mechanism. Part of the reorganization of the levy's, approved by the voters, was to allow a five year, 2.0 mil levy to collect funds through 2013, in addition to a replacement/combination of two other levies. These additional funds, combined with scheduled capital projects (including construction of fire stations, replacement of fire engines and ladder trucks, and upgrading land-mobile radio communications) resulted in an increase in fire department net position in 2012.
- The Township's general receipts are primarily property taxes, intergovernmental receipts, and ambulance billings. These receipts represent respectively 80.35%, 10.91%, and 6.85% of the total cash received for governmental activities during the year. Total receipts combined for 2012 were \$13,688,119, which was a decrease compared to \$14,528,134 for 2011. Property tax receipts for 2012 decreased due to a general decrease in property valuations in the Township.

Real estate property sales in the Township continued to remain fairly stable despite the national downturn in the real estate market and the economy in general.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the cash activities of the Township as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Township as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Township has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Township's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Township as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflect how the Township did financially during 2012, within the limitations of the cash basis accounting. The Statement of Net Position presents the cash balances and investments of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts.

These statements report the Township's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Township's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's cash position is one indicator of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Township's financial condition, you should also consider other non-financial factors as well such as the Township's property tax base, the condition of the Township's capital assets and infrastructure, the extent of the Township's debt obligations, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations, and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources such as property taxes.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Township consists of one type of activity:

Governmental activity: The Township's basic services are reported here, including general government services, emergency rescue services, fire protection, and road maintenance. State and federal grants and property taxes finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Township's major funds – not the Township as a whole. The Township establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Township are split into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Most of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Township's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Township's programs. The Township's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Fire Fund, Land Acquisition Fund and EMS Medic Services Fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Township's programs.

The Township as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Township's net position for 2012 compared to 2011 on a cash basis:

	ole 1) osition	
	Governmer	tal Activities
	2012	2011
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$14,740,064	\$12,632,614
Total Assets	14,740,064	12,632,614
Net Position:		
Restricted for:		
Capital Outlay	3,296,516	2,696,949
Other Purposes	9,445,553	7,811,459
Unrestricted	1,997,995	2,124,206
Total Net Position	\$14,740,064	\$12,632,614

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities increased by \$2,107,450 or 16.68% during 2012. The primary reasons contributing to the increase in cash balances are as follows:

In addition to the planned capital projects, the 10 year funding plan (2009-2019) includes the necessary projected carry-forward to account for increasing operational costs (e.g. payroll and benefits) while increased revenue from levies are generally prevented by HB 920 factoring. This balance will decrease over the remaining four years of the 10 year funding plan to cover projected expenditures in excess of revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position on a cash basis in 2012 and 2011 for governmental activities.

(Table 2) **Changes in Net Position** Governmental Activities 2012 2011 **Receipts: Program Receipts:** Charges for Services and Sales \$1.044.750 \$1.108.844 **Operating Grants and Contributions** 1,258,323 1,331,366 Total Program Receipts 2,303,073 2,440,210 **General Receipts:** Property and Other Local Taxes 11,009,566 11,370,056 Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs 234,941 391,455 Sale of Fixed Assets 6,526 193,172 Cable Franchise Fees 79.400 84.587 Interest 8,379 6.480 Miscellaneous 1,981 47,361 Extraordinary Items 39,066 **Total General Receipts** 11,385,046 12,087,924 **Total Receipts** 13,688,119 14,528,134 **Disbursements: General Government** 896,543 856,150 Public Safety 9,216,562 13,027,476 Public Works 991,824 1,053,927 Health 47,633 43,660 **Conservation - Recreation** 114,638 182,070 136,069 117,365 Other Capital Outlay 111,150 60,250 **Bond Principal Retirement** 60,000 55,000 Bond Interest 9,000 6,250 **Total Disbursements** 11,580,669 15,404,898 Increase (Decrease) in Net Position 2,107,450 (876.764) Net Position, January 1. 12,632,614 13,509,378 Net Position, December 31, \$14,740,064 \$12,632,614

Program receipts represent only 16.83 percent of total receipts and are primarily comprised of restricted intergovernmental receipts, such as homestead and rollback, motor vehicle license and gas tax money, and charges for emergency medical services.

General receipts represent 83.17 percent of the Township's total receipts, and of this amount, over 96 percent are property taxes. State grants and entitlements make up the balance of the Township's general receipts (2.06 percent). Other receipts are very insignificant and somewhat unpredictable revenue sources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 UNAUDITED (Continued)

Disbursements for General Government represent the overhead costs of running the Township and the support services provided for the other Township activities. These include the costs of the Board of Trustees and the Fiscal Officer, as well as internal services such as payroll, human resources, IT support, and building and vehicle maintenance. These costs do not represent direct services to residents, and therefore are kept to a minimum of General Fund unrestricted receipts.

Disbursements for Public Safety are the costs of fire and police protection and emergency medical services, Public Works are the costs of maintaining the roads, Health are the costs of maintaining Beaver Cemetery, Conservation-Recreation are the costs of maintaining the parks and playing fields, and Debt Service are the costs for the principal and interest due on a bond debenture associated with the Lofino Senior Citizens Center in Beavercreek, Ohio.

Governmental Activities

If you look at the Statement of Activities you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Township. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for Public Safety, General Government, and Public Works, which account for 79.59%, 7.74%, and 8.56% of all governmental disbursements, respectively. The next three columns of the Statement entitled Program Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Township that must be used to provide a specific service. The Net Receipt (Disbursement) columns compare the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local taxpayers. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the Statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

Table 3 - Governmental Activities						
	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012	Total Cost of Services 2011	Net Cost of Services 2011		
General Government	\$896,543	\$891,519	\$856,150	\$849,211		
Public Safety	9,216,562	7,209,201	13,027,476	10,785,930		
Public Works	991,824	781,397	1,053,927	941,368		
Health	47,633	(13,243)	43,660	(8,506)		
Conservation - Recreation	114,638	114,638	182,070	182,070		
Capital Outlay	111,150	111,150	60,250	60,250		
Other	136,069	116,684	117,365	90,365		
Principal Retirement	60,000	60,000	55,000	55,000		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,250	6,250	9,000	9,000		
Total Expenses	\$11,580,669	\$9,277,596	\$15,404,898	\$12,964,688		

The dependence upon property tax receipts is apparent as over 80 percent of governmental activities are supported through these general receipts.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 UNAUDITED (Continued)

The Township's Funds

Total governmental funds had receipts of \$13,688,120 and disbursements of \$11,580,669.

General Fund receipts were less than disbursements by \$158,654 indicating that the General Fund is in a deficit spending situation.

In recognition of the actual carryover, which exceeded \$2 Million, the 2012 deficit spending was anticipated in the long-range budget planning of revenue versus spending cycle. The Township was operating as planned in 2012.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During 2012, the Township did not amend its General Fund estimated receipts budget. Final budgeted receipts were the same as original budgeted receipts. Actual receipts exceeded the budgeted receipts by \$199,073.

Final General Fund disbursements were budgeted at \$3,111,802 while actual disbursements were \$1,353,526. The Township did not spend close to budgeted amounts as demonstrated by the reported variance.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Township maintains an inventory of its capital assets for insurance purposes. The Township uses the Uniform Accounting Network program provided by the State of Ohio Auditor's Office in order to accomplish this task.

Debt

At December 31, 2012, the Township's outstanding debt included \$65,000 in a general obligation bond issued for improvements to the Lofino Senior Citizens Center. For further information regarding the Township's debt, refer to Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

Current Issues

The challenge for all Townships is to provide quality services to the public while staying within the restrictions imposed by limited, and in most cases shrinking, funding. We rely heavily on property taxes and ambulance billings and have very little industry to support the tax base. We reviewed our sources of revenue and determined that increases will be unlikely. We then reviewed the disbursement history of the Township. Over the past two years, several steps have been taken to control operating expenses, such as renegotiating certain contracts.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to reflect the Township's accountability for the monies it receives. Questions concerning any of the information in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Christy L. Ahrens, Fiscal Officer, Beavercreek Township, 1981 Dayton-Xenia Road, Beavercreek, Ohio 45434.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$14,740,064
Total Assets	14,740,064
Net Position: Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	3,296,516
Other Purposes	9,445,553
Unrestricted	1,997,995
Total Net Position	\$14,740,064

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

		Program Cas	th Pacaints	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
	Cash	Charges for Services	Operating Grants	Governmental
	Disbursements	and Sales	and Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:				
Current:				
General Government	\$896,543	\$5,024		(\$891,519)
Public Safety	9,216,562	939,186	\$1,068,175	(7,209,201)
Public Works	991,824	20,279	190,148	(781,397)
Health	47,633	60,876		13,243
Conservation-Recreation	114,638			(114,638)
Other	136,069	19,385		(116,684)
Capital Outlay	111,150			(111,150)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	60,000			(60,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	6,250			(6,250)
Total Governmental Activities	\$11,580,669	\$1,044,750	\$1,258,323	(9,277,596)
	General Receipts:			
	Property Taxes			10,998,969
	Other Taxes			10,597
	Grants and Entitle	ments not Restricted to S	pecific Programs	234,941
	Sale of Capital As	sets		6,526
	Cable Franchise F	ees		84,587
	Earnings on Inves	tments		8,379
	Miscellaneous			1,981
	Extraordinary Item	1		39,066
	Total General			11,385,046
	Change in Net Posi	tion		2,107,450
	Net Position Beginr	ning of Year		12,632,614
	Net Position End o	f Year		\$14,740,064

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General	Fire	EMS Medic Services	Land Acquisition	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,207,091	\$5,900,521	\$1,950,009	\$1,713,271	\$2,969,172	\$14,740,064
Total Assets	2,207,091	5,900,521	1,950,009	1,713,271	2,969,172	14,740,064
Fund Cash Balances, December 31: Restricted Committed Assigned	209,096 1,997,995	5,900,521	1,950,009	1,713,271	2,532,659 436,513	10,383,189 2,358,880 1,997,995
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$2,207,091	\$5,900,521	\$1,950,009	\$1,713,271	\$2,969,172	\$14,740,064

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

Licenses, Permits and Fees100,50426,726Fines and Forfeitures4,839Intergovernmental235,055Earnings on Investments8,290Miscellaneous3,650Total Receipts1,175,401IDisbursements:1,175,401Current:6General Government896,543Public Safety32,444Public Safety32,444Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:Principal RetirementInterest and Fiscal Charges	EMS Medic Fire Services	Fire	General	
Charges for Services\$938,311Licenses, Permits and Fees100,50426,726Fines and Forfeitures4,839Intergovernmental235,0551,047,241Earnings on Investments8,290Miscellaneous3,6501,796Total Receipts1,175,40110,217,968Disbursements:6Current:32,4447,952,619General Government896,543Public Safety32,4447,952,619Public Works96,421Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:4,404Principal Retirement4,404				Receipts:
Licenses, Permits and Fees100,50426,726Fines and Forfeitures4,839Intergovernmental235,055Earnings on Investments8,290Miscellaneous3,650Total Receipts1,175,401IDisbursements:1,175,401Current:6General Government896,543Public Safety32,444Public Safety32,444Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:Principal RetirementInterest and Fiscal Charges	142,205	\$9,142,205	\$823,063	Property and Other Local Taxes
Fines and Forfeitures4,839Intergovernmental235,055Earnings on Investments8,290Miscellaneous3,650Total Receipts1,175,401IDisbursements:1,175,401Current:896,543General Government896,543Public Safety32,444Public Works96,421Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:Principal RetirementInterest and Fiscal Charges	\$938,312			Charges for Services
Intergovernmental235,0551,047,241Earnings on Investments8,290Miscellaneous3,650Total Receipts1,175,401 Disbursements: Current:General Government896,543Public Safety32,4447,952,619329,89Public Works96,421Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:Principal RetirementInterest and Fiscal Charges	26,726	26,726	100,504	Licenses, Permits and Fees
Earnings on Investments8,290Miscellaneous3,650Total Receipts1,175,40110,217,968938,313Disbursements:10,217,968Current:6eneral GovernmentGeneral Government896,543Public Safety32,444Public Safety96,421Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:Principal RetirementPrincipal Retirement			4,839	Fines and Forfeitures
Miscellaneous3,6501,796Total Receipts1,175,40110,217,968938,313Disbursements: General Government896,543Public Safety32,4447,952,619329,894Public Works96,421329,4447,952,619329,894Public Works96,421329,4447,952,619329,894Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,6380therOther136,0694,404Debt Service:Principal RetirementInterest and Fiscal Charges)47,241	1,047,241	235,055	Intergovernmental
Total Receipts1,175,40110,217,968938,313Disbursements: Current: General Government896,543 32,4447,952,619329,894Public Safety32,4447,952,619329,894Public Works96,421 422,94396,421329,894Health22,943 Conservation-Recreation114,638 136,069 4,4040ther 4,404Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges			8,290	Earnings on Investments
Disbursements: Current: General Government 896,543 Public Safety 32,444 7,952,619 329,894 Public Works 96,421 96,421 Health 22,943 22,943 Conservation-Recreation 114,638 0ther Other 136,069 4,404 Debt Service: Principal Retirement 4,404	1,796	1,796	3,650	Miscellaneous
Current:896,543General Government896,543Public Safety32,444Public Works96,421Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:Principal RetirementInterest and Fiscal Charges	217,968 938,312	10,217,968	1,175,401	Total Receipts
General Government896,543Public Safety32,4447,952,619329,894Public Works96,42196,421Health22,9434Conservation-Recreation114,6384Other136,0694,404Capital Outlay4,4044Debt Service:Principal Retirement				
Public Safety32,4447,952,619329,894Public Works96,42196,421Health22,94396,421Conservation-Recreation114,63896,421Other136,069136,069Capital Outlay4,40496,424Debt Service:136,069136,069Principal Retirement1,4041,404Interest and Fiscal Charges1,4041,404			896 543	
Public Works 96,421 Health 22,943 Conservation-Recreation 114,638 Other 136,069 Capital Outlay 4,404 Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	329 894	7 952 619		
Health22,943Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:	52,013 525,054	7,002,010		
Conservation-Recreation114,638Other136,069Capital Outlay4,404Debt Service:4,404Principal Retirement				
Other 136,069 Capital Outlay 4,404 Debt Service: 4,404 Principal Retirement 1000000000000000000000000000000000000				
Capital Outlay 4,404 Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges			,	
Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges			,	
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges			1,101	
Interest and Fiscal Charges				
Total Disputsements 1.303 4bz 7.952 b19 329 89	952,619 329,894	7,952,619	1,303,462	Total Disbursements
		1,002,010	1,000,102	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements (128,061) 2,265,349 608,41	265,349 608,418	2,265,349	(128,061)	Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				Other Financing Sources (Uses):
Sale of Capital Assets 4,264	4,264	4,264		Sale of Capital Assets
Transfers In				Transfers In
	(1,096,655)		(69,659)	Transfers Out
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (69,659) 4,264 (1,096,655)	4,264 (1,096,655)	4,264	(69,659)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
Special and Extraordinary Items:				Special and Extraordinary Items:
Extraordinary Item 39,066			39,066	Extraordinary Item
Net Change in Fund Balances (158,654) 2,269,613 (488,23)	269,613 (488,237)	2,269,613	(158,654)	Net Change in Fund Balances
Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated)2,365,7453,630,9082,438,24	530,908 2,438,246	3,630,908	2,365,745	Fund Balances Beginning of Year (Restated)
Fund Balances End of Year \$2,207,091 \$5,900,521 \$1,950,00	900,521 \$1,950,009	\$5,900,521	\$2,207,091	Fund Balances End of Year

Land Acquisition	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	\$1,064,577	\$11,029,845
	φ1,004,577	938,312
	20,725	147,955
	20,120	4,839
	211,081	1,493,377
	89	8,379
	14,375	19,821
	1,310,847	13,642,528
		000 5 10
	001 605	896,543
	901,605 895,403	9,216,562 991,824
	24,691	47,634
	24,001	114,638
		136,069
\$50,000	56,745	111,149
	60,000	60,000
	6,250	6,250
50,000	1,944,694	11,580,669
	(622.947)	
(50,000)	(633,847)	2,061,859
	2,262	6,526
	1,212,982	1,212,982
	(46,668)	(1,212,982)
	1,168,576	6,526
	,,	
		39,066
(50,000)	534,729	2,107,451
1,763,271	2,434,443	12,632,613
\$1,713,271	\$2,969,172	\$14,740,064

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$709,625	\$709,625	\$823,063	\$113,438
Licenses, Permits and Fees	100,000	100,000	100,504	504
Fines and Forfeitures	7,000	7,000	4,839	(2,161)
Intergovernmental	192,768	192,768	235,055	42,287
Earnings on Investments	6,000	6,000	8,290	2,290
Miscellaneous	-,	-,	3,650	3,650
Total Receipts	1,015,393	1,015,393	1,175,401	160,008
Disbursements: Current:				
General Government	1,040,990	1,040,990	905,543	135,447
Public Works	96,729	96,729	96,420	309
Health	30,000	30,000	22,943	7,057
Conservation-Recreation	189,350	189,350	114,638	74,712
Other	160,523	160,523	139,919	20,604
Capital Outlay	30,000	30,000	4,404	25,596
Total Disbursements	1,547,592	1,547,592	1,283,867	263,725
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(532,199)	(532,199)	(108,466)	423,733
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out	(66,250)	(69,659)	(69,659)	
Other Financing Uses	(1,497,960)	(1,494,551)	(00.050)	1,494,551
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,564,210)	(1,564,210)	(69,659)	1,494,551
Special and Extraordinary Items: Extraordinary Item			39,065	39,065
			00,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,096,409)	(2,096,409)	(139,060)	1,957,349
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,105,409	2,105,409	2,105,409	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	18,796	18,796	18,796	
Unencumbered Balance End of Year	\$27,796	\$27,796	\$1,985,145	\$1,957,349

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS FIRE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$8,426,250	\$8,426,250	\$9,142,205	\$715,955
Licenses, Permits and Fees	16,000	16,000	26,726	10,726
Intergovernmental	1,298,250	1,298,250	1,047,241	(251,009)
Miscellaneous	2,500	2,500	1,797	(703)
Total Receipts	9,743,000	9,743,000	10,217,969	474,969
Disbursements: Current:				
Public Safety	9,866,053	9,903,510	8,109,621	1,793,889
Total Disbursements	9,866,053	9,903,510	8,109,621	1,793,889
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(123,053)	(160,510)	2,108,348	2,268,858
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	20,000	20,000	4,264	(15,736)
Other Financing Uses	(3,523,976)	(3,486,519)		3,486,519
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,503,976)	(3,466,519)	4,264	3,470,783
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,627,029)	(3,627,029)	2,112,612	5,739,641
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,540,168	3,540,168	3,540,168	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	90,740	90,740	90,740	
Unencumbered Balance End of Year	\$3,879	\$3,879	\$5,743,520	\$5,739,641

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS EMS MEDIC SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Budget A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Receipts:				
Charges for Services	\$1,000,000	\$900,000	\$938,311	\$38,311
Total Receipts	1,000,000	900,000	938,311	38,311
Disbursements: Current:				
Public Safety	776,646	776,646	388,178	388,468
Total Disbursements	776,646	776,646	388,178	388,468
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	223,354	123,354	550,133	426,779
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers Out		(1,096,655)	(1,096,655)	
Other Financing Uses	(2,658,056)	(1,461,401)		1,461,401
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,658,056)	(2,558,056)	(1,096,655)	1,461,401
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,434,702)	(2,434,702)	(546,522)	1,888,180
Unencumbered Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,380,337	2,380,337	2,380,337	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	57,909	57,909	57,909	
Unencumbered Balance End of Year	\$3,544	\$3,544	\$1,891,724	\$1,888,180

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Total Assets	\$5,878 5,878
Net Position: Held in Trust for PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST - CEMETERY:	
Expendable	878
Non-expendable Total Net Position	5,000 \$5,878

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions: Earnings on Investments	\$3
Total Additions	3
Change in Net Assets	3
Net Position Beginning of Year	5,875
Net Position End of Year	\$5,878

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Beavercreek Township, Greene County, Ohio ("the Township"), is a body politic and corporate established in 1803 to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees. The Township also has an elected Township Fiscal Officer.

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government.

A. Primary Government

The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the Township. The Township provides general government services, zoning, fire and EMS services, maintenance of Township roads, bridges, parks, and cemetery maintenance. Police protection is provided by the Greene County Sheriff's Office.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which a Township is financially accountable. The Township is financially accountable for an organization if the Township appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board; and (1) the Township is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization, or (2) is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources, the Township is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide support to, the organization, or the Township is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the Township authorizes the issuance of debt or levying of taxes or determines the budget if there is also the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Township.

The Township does not have any Component Units.

C. Public Entity Risk Pools

The Township participates the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) public entity risk pool. Notes 6 and 11 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity.

The financial statements exclude the following entities which perform activities within the Township's boundaries for the benefit of its residents because the Township is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the Township:

City of Beavercreek Beaver Creek Wetlands Association Beavercreek Township Park District

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies.

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other non-exchange transactions. As the Township does not have business-type activities, all statements report governmental activities only.

The Statement of Net Position presents the cash and investment balances of the governmental activities of the Township at year end. The Statement of Activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds

The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. homestead, rollback, and grants), and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are Township's major governmental funds:

- 1. The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources, not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.
- 2. The Fire Fund accounts for and reports tax levy money restricted for fire protection, emergency rescue service and related equipment to provide services to the Township and City of Beavercreek residents.
- 3. The EMS Medic Services Fund accounts for and reports charges for services restricted to pay for emergency medical services and related equipment to provide services to the Township and City of Beavercreek residents.
- 4. The Land Acquisition Fund accounts for and reports money committed to the acquisition of new land for the Township and improvement of Township owned property.

The other governmental funds of the Township account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Township's own programs. The Township's private purpose trust fund accounts for resources restricted by a legally binding trust agreement. This agreement requires the Township to maintain the corpus of the trust; and, therefore, the Township's private purpose trust fund is classified as a non-expendable trust fund. The fund is related to a cemetery bequest that requires amounts donated are maintained in perpetuity. Investment earnings are used for grave upkeep as specified by the donor.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Township are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued liabilities and the related expenses) are not recorded in these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Budgetary Process

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the Tax Budget, the Certificate of Estimated Resources, and the Appropriations Resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The Tax Budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The Appropriations Resolution is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The Certificate of Estimated Resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the Certificate of Estimated Resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The Appropriations Resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Investments

Township records identify the purchase of specific investments by specific funds.

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented in as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents."

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts, respectively.

During 2012, the Township invested in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and a money market account. The nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during 2012 was \$8,290 which includes \$89 assigned from other Township funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

I. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The Township reports advances-in and advances-out for interfund loans. These items are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

J. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

L. Long-Term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other longterm obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither another financing source nor capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

M. Net Position

Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for special revenue and capital projects purposes.

The Township's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Non-spendable - The non-spendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (resolution) of Township Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Township Trustees remove or change the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Un-assigned – Un-assigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general receipts.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

3. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Budgetary Basis presented for the General, Fire, and EMS/Medic Services Funds are prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (cash basis). The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$12,850 for the general fund, \$157,001 for the Fire Fund, and \$58,284 for the EMS/Medic Services Fund. The cash basis general fund statement also includes funds budgeted elsewhere with expenditures of \$32,444 and ending fund balance of \$209,096.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the Township are classified by State statute into three categories:

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Township treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawalable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Trustees have identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than five years from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim deposits held by the Township can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the clerk/treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$11,448,572 of the Township's bank balance of \$11,752,740 was exposed to custodial credit risk because those deposits were uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Township's name.

The Township has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the Township or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2012, the Township had the following investments:

	Carrying	
	Value	Maturity
Certificate of Deposit	\$5,000	Less than One Year
Money Market	3,001,669	Less than One Year
	\$3,006,669	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. The Township's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by requiring that the Township's investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in short term investments.

Credit Risk - The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in state statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Township has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements in RC 135.14(M)(2) which states, "Payment for investments shall be made only upon the delivery of securities representing such investments to the treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee."

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Township places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following investment represents five percent or more of total investments as of December 31, 2012:

Investment Issuer	Percentage of Investments
Money Market	99.83%

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Township. Property tax receipts received in 2012 represent the collection of 2011 taxes.

2012 Real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2011, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value.

2011 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2012. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2012 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2011, are levied after October 1, 2012, and are collected in 2013 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2012, was \$16.55 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property, and public utility property upon which 2012 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

5. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

Real Property:	
Residential & Agricultural	\$209,791,270
Commercial/ Industrial/ Mineral	27,071,720
Tangible Personal Property:	
Public Utility	13,549,310
Total Assessed Value	\$250,412,300

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Township. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Township its portion of the taxes collected.

6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2012, the Township contracted with the Ohio Township Risk Management Authority (OTARMA) for the following types of insurance coverage:

- Commercial Umbrella Liability Policy Declarations General, Automobile, Employee Benefit, Employer Property, General Liability, Crime, Auto, Contractors' Equipment, General Floater, and Signs
- Business Auto Coverage

Also see Note 11 to the financial statements for more information regarding OTARMA.

Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years and there was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs. The System administers and pays all claims.

The Township also provides health, dental, and life and AD&D insurance for all employees, except seasonal employees, through private carriers and provides a Section 125 cafeteria plan to all employees, except seasonal employees, for medical and dependant care expenses.

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans: (1) the Traditional Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; (2) the Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions, (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings); and (3) the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

7. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2012, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. Members in the state and local divisions may participate in all three plans.

The 2012 member contribution rates were 10.00% of covered payroll for members in state and local classifications.

The 2012 employer contribution rate for state and local employers was 14.00% of covered payroll.

Required contributions for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$164,516, \$157,461, and \$152,672, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2012, 2011 and 2010.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Plan members are required to contribute 10.0% of their annual covered salary, while employers are required to contribute 24.0% for firefighters. The Township's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$837,973, \$838,347 and \$765,457, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for 2012, 2011, and 2010.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

8. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan—a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan. OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide the OPEB Plan to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend the OPEB Plan is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care coverage through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care coverage. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2012, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of covered payroll and public safety. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 4.0% during calendar year 2012. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 4.0% during calendar year 2012. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 6.05% during calendar year 2012. Effective January 1, 2013, the portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was lowered to 1 percent for both plans, as recommended by the OPERS Actuary. The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care benefits provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Township's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$47,002, \$62,984, and \$61,069, respectively.

The full amount has been contributed for 2012, 2011 and 2010.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

8. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

OPERS Board of Trustees Adopt Changes to the Health Care Plan - Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4 percent of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents. OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employers. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan was 6.75% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

8. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The Township's contributions to OP&F for the years ending December 31, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$837,973, \$838,347 and \$765,457, respectively, of which \$235,470, \$235,575, and \$215,093, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan.

9. DEBT

The Township's long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2012, was as follows:

	Interest Rate	Balance 12/31/2011	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/2012	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Building Construction Bond 2004 Issue	3.25 -5%	\$125,000	\$0	\$60,000	\$65,000	\$65,000

The building construction bond was issued on June 1, 2004, to pay for the acquisition, construction and installation of improvements to a senior center. The bond will be paid in semi-annual installments, through December 2013. The bond is supported by the full faith and credit of the Township and is payable from un-voted property tax receipts to the extent that other resources are not available to meet annual principal and interest payments.

The following is a summary of the Township's future annual debt service requirements:

	Building Constr. Bond			
Year	Principal Interest			
2013	\$65,000	\$3,250		

10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During 2012 the following transfers were made:

Transfer from the General Fund to Other Governmental Funds	\$69,659
Transfer from the Road and Bridge Fund to Other Governmental Funds	31,796
Transfer from the Police Fund to Other Governmental Funds	14,872
Transfer from the EMS Fund to Other Governmental Funds	1,096,655
Total Transfers	\$1,212,982

Transfers represent the allocation of unrestricted receipts collected in the general fund and restricted, committed, or assigned receipts collected in other governmental funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The purpose of the transfer from the General Fund to the Bond fund (4101) in the amount of \$66,250. was to cover a portion of the debt service for the Lofino's Senior Citizens Center Bond and the amount of \$3,409. was transferred to the Land Mobile Radio Fund (4905) for the Marc's Radio system. The transfer from the Road and Bridge Fund (2031) in the amount of \$31,796. was transferred to the Land Mobile Radio Fund (4905) for the Land Mobile Radio Fund (4905) for the Marc's radio system. The transfer from the Police Fund (2191) in the amount of \$14,872 was transferred to the Land Mobile Radio Fund (2281) in the amount of \$1,096,655 was transferred to the Land Mobile Radio fund (4905) for the Marc's Radio system.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

11. OHIO TOWNSHIP ASSOCIATION RISK MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio Townships, OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP). Member townships pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements, and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the member deductibles.

12. FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Fire	EMS Medic Services	Land Acquisition	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted for:						
Cemetery					\$44,876	\$44,876
Emergency Medical Services			\$1,950,009		. ,	1,950,009
Fire Operations		\$5,900,521				5,900,521
Land Mobile Radio Upgrade Project					1,146,732	1,146,732
Police Operations					725,041	725,041
Road and Bridge Maintenance and						
Improvements					616,010	
Total Restricted		5,900,521	1,950,009		2,532,659	10,383,189
Committed to						
Fire Engines					25,000	25,000
Fire Stations					339,714	,
Improvement of Parks					24,251	24,251
Land Acquisition/Improvement				\$1,713,271		1,713,271
New Ambulance					47,548	47,548
Retirement Pay Out	\$209,096					209,096
Total Committed	209,096			1,713,271	436,513	2,358,880
Assigned to:	40.050					10.050
Unpaid Obligations	12,850					12,850
Subsequent year Appropriations	1,985,145					1,985,145
Total Assigned	1,997,995					1,997,995
Total Fund Balances	\$2,207,091	\$5,900,521	\$1,950,009	\$1,713,271	\$2,969,172	\$14,740,064

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012 (Continued)

13. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For 2012, the Township implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position." GASB Statement No. 63 identifies net position, rather than net assets, as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of financial position. This change was incorporated in the Township's 2012 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

During 2012, the Township reported retirement fund within the general fund. In previous years, this fund had been reported as part of the other governmental funds. The general fund and other governmental fund balances beginning of the year were restated as follows:

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds
December 31, 2011 Fund Balance	\$2,124,205	\$2,675,983
December 31, 2011 retirement fund balance	241,540	(241,540)
Restated Beginning Balance	\$2,365,745	\$2,434,443



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Beavercreek Township Greene County 1981 Dayton-Xenia Road Beavercreek, Ohio 45434

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beavercreek Township, Greene County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2014, wherein we noted the Township uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted that the Township restated its January 1, 2012 fund balances.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider findings 2013-001 and 2013-002 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses.

Beavercreek Township Greene County Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And on Compliance And Other Matters Required By *Government Audit Standards*

Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Entity's Response to Findings

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Township's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

thre Yort

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

October 21, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2013-001

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Paragraph 5 of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No 54 states that fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Paragraph 10 of the Statement No 54 further states that amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decisionmaking authority should be reported as committed fund balance. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (for example, legislation, resolution, ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. The authorization specifying the purposes for which amounts can be used should have the consent of both the legislative and executive branches of the government, if applicable. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Auditor of State issued bulletin 2011-004 to aid local governments in reporting fund balance in accordance with GASB 54. The primary objective of a compensated absences fund established in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.13(B) is to accumulate resources for payment of accumulated leave and excess salaries through transfers from various funds. Due to the nature of activity of this fund, under GASB 54 compensated absences funds should be reported under the general fund with committed fund balances. The Township reported fund 2903 Accumulated Leave/Excess Salaries fund as non-major governmental fund with assigned fund balance. Audit adjustments were required to present the year-end balance of \$209,096 and \$168,582 at December 31, 2012 and 2013, respectively, along with the fund's activity as committed balances within the general fund.

Paragraph 15 and 16 of GASB Statement No. 54 state that assigned fund balance includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances, as discussed in paragraph 19 that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with the provisions in paragraph 13. By reporting particular amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service, or permanent fund, the government has assigned those amounts to the purposes of the respective funds. Assignment within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the government itself. However, governments should not report an assignment for an amount to a specific purpose if the assignment would result in a deficit in unassigned fund balance. An appropriation of existing fund balance to eliminate a projected budgetary deficit in the subsequent year's budget in an amount no greater than the projected excess of expected expenditures over expected revenues satisfies the criteria to be classified as an assignment of fund balance.

The Township improperly classified \$1,997,995 and \$1,104,402 of the general fund balance as unassigned rather than assigned at December 31, 2012 and 2013, respectively. Audit adjustments were required to properly present the general fund balances

Beavercreek Township Greene County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2013-001 (Continued)

Additionally, the Township improperly classified the balances of following funds established under the provisions of Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.13(C) as assigned rather than committed in accordance with paragraph 10 of GASB Statement No. 54:

December 31, 2012

- Fund 4901 New Ambulance fund balance of \$47,548
- Fund 4902 Land Acquisition fund balance of \$1,713,271
- Fund 4303 Improvement of Parks fund balance of \$24,252
- Fund 4903 Advanced Life Fire Engine fund balance of \$25,000
- Fund 4904 Fire Station fund balance of \$339,714

December 31, 2013

- Fund 4901 New Ambulance fund balance of \$405,698
- Fund 4902 Land Acquisition fund balance of \$624,713
- Fund 4303 Improvement of Parks fund balance of \$6,657
- Fund 4903 Advanced Life Fire Engine fund balance of \$1,625,000
- Fund 4904 Fire Station fund balance of \$339,714

The financial statements have been adjusted to properly present the fund balances on the accompanying balance sheet.

The Township should implement procedures to verify that all fund balances are properly reported under GASB 54. The Township should use GASB 54 and the Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 to assist in determining proper fund balance classifications. Failure to properly classify fund balances could result in material misstatements in the financial statements.

Official's Response:

Fund 2903 Accumulated Leave/Excess Salaries was reported by the Township as a non-major governmental fund with assigned fund balance. The Auditor's office adjusted the balances for 2012 and 2013 as committed balances within the general fund. The Township established that fund to compensate retiring fire employees for leave pay outs at retirement. The Township will review Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 and will map Fund 2903 Accumulated Leave/Excess Salaries to the appropriate Fund.

All the rest of those classification issues listed in No. 9 were reassigned and new financial reports were generated and presented to the State Auditors prior to the draft report being completed. All misclassifications stated in No. 9 have been corrected, and any future financial reports should reflect the change going forward.

Beavercreek Township Greene County Schedule of Findings Page 3

FINDING NUMBER 2013-002

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Paragraphs 75 and 76 of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as amendment by GASB Statement No. 37, provide the focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements on major funds. Fund statements should present the financial information of each major fund in a separate column. Non-major funds should be aggregated and displayed in a single column. The reporting government's main operating fund (the general fund or its equivalent) should always be reported as a major fund. Other individual governmental and enterprise funds should be reported in separate columns as major funds based on these criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding element total (assets, liabilities, and so forth) for all funds of that category or type (that is, total governmental or total enterprise funds), and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

In addition to funds that meet the major fund criteria, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the government's officials believe is particularly important to financial statement users (for example, because of public interest or consistency) may be reported as a major fund.

The Township's 2012 financial statements erroneously presented the Fire, EMS Medic Services, and Land Acquisition funds under "other governmental funds" even though they met the above noted criteria to be presented as major funds. The financial statements were adjusted to properly reflect the Township's major funds.

The Township should establish and implement procedures to verify that all funds meeting the requirements of a major fund under GASB Statement No. 34 are presented as such on the financial statements. Failure to do so could result in the activity of a significant fund being reported under other governmental funds.

Official's Response:

Any erroneous statements on the Financial reports regarding major fund classifications were corrected for the subsequent years and new reports were generated and presented to the State Auditors prior to the draft report being completed. All misclassifications have been corrected, and any future financial reports should reflect the changes going forward.

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BEAVERCREEK TOWNSHIP

GREENE COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 18, 2014

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov