



BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

IIILE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Activities	14
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund	19
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	41
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	42
Schedule of Federal Awards of Receipts and Expenditures	45
Notes to the Schedule of Federal Awards of Receipts and Expenditures	46
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	47
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program, and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	49
Schedule of Findings	51
Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure	53



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Bexley City School District Franklin County 348 South Cassingham Road Bexley, Ohio 43209

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bexley City School District, Franklin County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Bexley City School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bexley City School District, Franklin County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and *required budgetary comparison schedule* listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bexley City School District Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 10, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio March 10, 2014 THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 Unaudited

As management of the Bexley City School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The District's net position is \$40,465,595 as of June 30, 2013 according to the Statement of Net Position. This represents an increase of \$3,463,077 or 9.36% over last year. Revenues for 2013 increased about \$1.1 million or 2.98%, while expenses decreased \$797 thousand or 2.2% over 2012. In 2013, income tax revenues increased by \$1.3 million as a result of improving economic conditions for Bexley residents. The District continued to contain operating expense within revenues generated for the fiscal year.

In November 2004, the taxpayers in the District passed a .75% income tax operating levy. Upon passage of this new tax, the District rolled back the 3.5 mill property tax operating levy that was passed by the voters in November 2003. Fiscal year 2006 was the first full year of the income tax collection which was anticipated to generate approximately \$6.3 million per year. However, the actual income tax revenue was \$7,211,761, \$5,923,617 and \$5,265,882 in 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The District placed a 6.5 mill levy on the November 2010 ballot. It was approved and the District started receiving \$2.99 million per calendar year in 2012. The District committed to staying off the ballot for three years. The District has already stretched the levy to four years and may stay off the ballot for five years.

The General Fund reported a positive fund balance of \$26,542,539.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities

A question typically asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a manner that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector corporations. All of the current year revenues and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The change in net position provides the reader a tool to assist in determining whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader will need to consider other non-financial factors such as property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth, and facility conditions in arriving at their conclusion regarding the overall health of the District.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the District's major funds appears on the fund financial statements beginning with the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. These statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State statute, while many other funds are established by the District to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various grant provisions. The District's two types of funds, governmental and fiduciary, use different accounting approaches as further described in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are financial resources available to spend in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The District's fiduciary fund includes assets held for Student Managed activities and a portion of the assets of the Bexley Education Foundation. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$40,465,595 according to the Statement of Net Position at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Approximately 32% of the District's net position reflect its net investment in capital assets, which represents capital assets less depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves will not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A comparative analysis of fiscal year 2013 to 2012 follows from the Statements of Net Position:

Bexley City School District Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2013		2012		
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 48,551,472	\$	45,972,470		
Capital assets	 33,964,442		34,517,198		
Total assets	82,515,914		80,489,668		
Deferred outflows of resources	328,325		428,461		
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	4,190,480		4,793,382		
Long-term liabilities	24,576,804		26,368,260		
Total liabilities	28,767,284		31,161,642		
Deferred inflows of resources	13,611,360		12,753,969		
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	12,929,811		11,834,292		
Restricted	2,998,249		3,539,632		
Unrestricted	24,537,535		21,628,594		
Total net position	\$ 40,465,595	\$	37,002,518		

A portion of the District's net position (7.4%) represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing activities.

Bexley City School District Changes in Net Position

	2013			2012	
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	668,037	\$	658,542	
Operating grants and contributions		1,681,936		1,976,292	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		21,940,591		21,958,207	
Income taxes		7,211,761		5,923,617	
State entitlements		7,024,905		6,964,622	
Investment income		61,799		86,060	
Other		414,796	_	308,413	
Total revenues		39,003,825		37,875,753	
Program expenses:					
Instructional		19,718,151		19,946,986	
Support services		11,539,403		12,279,139	
Co-curricular student activities		1,144,367		1,132,163	
Community services		951,864		753,433	
Interest on long-term debt		1,007,960		1,059,551	
Depreciation - unallocated		1,179,003		1,166,929	
Total expenses		35,540,748		36,338,201	
Change in net assets	\$	3,463,077	\$	1,537,552	

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$3,463,077 for the year ended June 30, 2013. The increase was primarily due to increasing income tax revenues, while the District was also able to decrease operating costs by 2%.

The property tax laws in Ohio create the need periodically to seek voter approval for additional operating funds. Tax revenues generated from voted tax levies do not increase as a result of inflation. An operating levy is approved for a fixed millage rate, but the rate is reduced for inflation with the effect of providing the District the same amount of tax dollars as originally approved. Therefore, school districts such as ours that are dependent upon property taxes as the primary source of revenue must periodically return to the ballot and ask voters for additional resources to maintain current programs. Since the District must rely on voter approval of operating tax issues, management of the resources is of paramount concern to the District's administration and the voting public.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table below reflects the 2013 cost of program services and the 2013 net cost of those services after taking into account the program revenues for the governmental activities. General revenues including tax revenue, investment earnings and unrestricted State entitlements must support the net cost of program services.

	 Total Cost of Services				Net Cost	of S	service
Programs	 2013		2012		2013		2012
Instructional services	\$ 19,718,151	\$	19,946,986	\$	19,128,244	\$	19,076,952
Support services	11,539,403		12,279,139		10,941,479		11,556,269
Co-curricular student activities	1,144,367		1,132,163		865,294		857,309
Community services	951,864		753,433		68,795		(13,643)
Interest on long-term debt	1,007,960		1,059,551		1,007,960		1,059,551
Depreciation - unallocated	1,179,003		1,166,929		1,179,003		1,166,929
Total	\$ 35,540,748	\$	36,338,201	\$	33,190,775	\$	33,703,367

Local property and income taxes make up 74.7% of total revenues for governmental activities. The net services column reflecting the need for \$33,190,775 of support indicates the reliance on general revenues to support governmental activities.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$29,370,356, which represents an increase of \$2,039,013 as compared to last year's total of \$27,331,343 according to the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The schedule below shows the fund balance and the total change in fund balance from June 30, 2012 to 2013.

	Fund Balance at		Fund Balance at		Increase	
	J	June 30, 2013		June 30, 2012		Decrease)
General fund	\$	26,542,539	\$	23,872,091	\$	2,670,448
Bond retirement fund		2,374,353		2,468,485		(94,132)
Other governmental funds		453,464		990,767		(537,303)
Total	\$	29,370,356	\$	27,331,343	\$	2,039,013

General Fund

The District's General Fund balance increased \$2,670,448 or 11%. The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund.

Revenues			%
	 2013	 2012	Change
Property taxes	\$ 19,547,889	\$ 19,863,852	-1.59%
Income taxes	7,187,761	5,868,617	22.48%
Intergovernmental	6,686,195	6,599,651	1.31%
Investment income	61,182	85,849	-28.73%
Other revenue	 333,693	 236,027	41.38%
Total	\$ 33,816,720	\$ 32,653,996	3.56%

Total property tax revenue for all funds remained consistent with 2012. In November 2004, the taxpayers in the District passed a .75% income tax operating levy. Revenue from the income tax levy increased in 2013 as a result of improving economic conditions for Bexley residents. A significant portion of the district's income tax revenue is generated by capital gains.

As the table below indicates, the largest portion of General Fund expenditures is for instructional services.

Expenditures by Function

	 2013	 2012	% Change
Instructional services	\$ 19,016,874	\$ 19,099,366	-0.43%
Support services	10,520,043	11,021,542	-4.55%
Co-curricular student activities	831,224	824,943	0.76%
Community service	-	768	100.00%
Capital outlay	 538,114	 418,867	28.47%
Total	\$ 30,906,255	\$ 31,365,486	-1.46%

Expenditures decreased 1.46% over the prior year mostly due to the District's cost containment efforts in 2013. Revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses in the general fund during the fiscal year resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$2,670,448.

Bond Retirement Fund

The Bond Retirement Fund, a debt service fund, is funded primarily with property tax revenue and state property tax allocation at the level necessary to meet debt service requirements. The \$94,132 decrease in fund balance is due to a decrease in the property taxes allocated to this fund to meet future debt service requirements.

Other Governmental Funds

Other governmental funds consist of Special Revenue and Capital Projects funds. Fund balance in these funds decreased by \$537,303.

Capital Assets

The District has \$33,964,442 invested in governmental activity capital assets net of depreciation. Detailed information regarding capital asset activity is included in Note 7 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt

On June 30, 2013, the District had \$21,349,996 in outstanding principal on its general obligation bonds. The District paid \$1,670,000 in principal on bonds outstanding and \$880,255 in interest payments during the 2013 fiscal year.

Detailed information regarding long-term debt is included in Note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total taxable valuation of real and personal property. As of June 30, 2013, the District's general obligation debt was below the legal limit.

General Fund Budget Information

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with Ohio law and is based on the cash basis of accounting, utilizing cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. Changes are made to the District's budget as changes in revenues and spending patterns are experienced.

The District uses the five-year forecast as the original document from which to form the operating budget. After updating the forecast for changes in revenue and expenditure assumptions, the operating budget begins at the school level. Each school in the District receives a per pupil allocation augmented with resources for special education students in the specific buildings. Budgets are reviewed periodically to ensure management becomes aware of any variations during the year.

Revenue was estimated in the original budget at approximately \$30.9 million. This original estimate did not include an amount for June 2013 property tax revenue advances; actual property tax revenue advances in June 2013 were \$1.9 million. The revised budget for revenue was approximately \$33.5 million.

Current Financial and Economic Conditions

The latest five-year forecast as prepared in October 2013 shows a positive cash balance through fiscal year 2018. However, the future financial stability of the District is not without challenges. The first challenge is for management to ensure resources can be preserved as long as possible by continuing to maintain careful financial planning and prudent fiscal management. The second challenge is based in the local economy and the state funding of education in Ohio.

The District's school income tax revenue had experienced a sharp decline due to the economy and several residents that moved out of state for tax purposes in calendar years 2010 and 2011. The school income tax showed an increase of 11.2% in calendar year 2012 and another 14.6% in 2013. The District expects the income tax revenue to remain at original projected amount of \$6.2 million in the coming years.

The State new funding formula started in fiscal year 2012 is the Bridge formula. The Bridge formula replaces the Pathway to Student Success (PASS) that provided funding for fiscal years 2011. The Bridge formula reduced state revenue by 5.2% in FY12. The state revenue in FY13 and FY14 remains at the FY12 amount. The State formula still has a transitional

guarantee that provides the District with state aid based on the amount received in the previous year minus any across the board reductions. The District is forecasting small reductions in State Funding in future years.

Management continues to look at the long term financial stability of the District. Projections prepared in October 2013 show cash position as being positive at the end of fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The District will continue to look at ways to reduce cost. The District placed a 6.5 mill levy on the November 2010 ballot. It was approved and the District started receiving \$2.99 million per calendar year in 2012. The District committed to staying off the ballot for three years. The District has already stretched the levy to four years and may stay off the ballot for five years.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Treasurer of the Bexley City School District, Christopher Essman at 348 S. Cassingham Road, Bexley, Ohio 43209.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
ASSETS:		
Cash and investments	\$	23,493,033
Receivables		24,768,720
Due from other-		
Governments		202,659
Inventory		6,545
Prepaid assets		80,515
Capital assets:		
Land		154,150
Other capital assets, net		33,810,292
TOTAL ASSETS		82,515,914
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		328,325
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable		785,578
Accrued liabilities		3,404,902
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		1,955,000
Due in more than one year		22,621,804
TOTAL LIABILITIES		28,767,284
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		13,611,360
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		12,929,811
Restricted for:		,,-
Capital Projects		236,843
Debt Service		2,400,323
Other purposes		361,083
Unrestricted		24,537,535
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	40,465,595
IOTAL NET FOOTHON	φ	+0,400,090

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	-	Charges for	Operating	
		Services	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	and Sales	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instructional services:				
Regular	\$ 15,298,761	105,803	44,176	(15,148,782)
Special	4,099,429	-	439,928	(3,659,501)
Vocational	319,961	-	-	(319,961)
Support services:				
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,483,071	-	-	(3,483,071)
School administration	1,886,387	-	-	(1,886,387)
Pupils	1,470,864	-	154,681	(1,316,183)
Business operations	1,286,011	-	1,143	(1,284,868)
Instructional staff	2,000,290	-	65,541	(1,934,749)
Student transportation	651,344	-	-	(651,344)
Food service	566,944	283,161	93,398	(190,385)
Central services	137,320	-	-	(137,320)
General administration	57,172	-	-	(57,172)
Co-curricular student activities	1,144,367	279,073	-	(865,294)
Community services	951,864	-	883,069	(68,795)
Interest on long-term debt	1,007,960	-	-	(1,007,960)
Depreciation - unallocated*	1,179,003	-	-	(1,179,003)
Total Governmental Activities	35,540,748	668,037	1,681,936	(33,190,775)
General revenues				
Property taxes	•			21,940,591
Income tax				7,211,761
Grants and entit	lements not rest	ricted to specifi	c nrograms	7,024,905
Investment earn		noted to specifi	c programs	61,799
Miscellaneous	iiigs			414,796
	nuoe			
Total general reve	ilues			36,653,852
Change in Net Po	sition			3,463,077
Net Position Begir	nning of Year, as	restated		37,002,518
Net Position End of	•			\$ 40,465,595

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of various programs.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL	BOND RETIREMENT FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$ 21,087,1		649,802	23,493,033
Receivables: Property taxes Income taxes Other	18,451,4 4,130,4 30,1	-92	- - 3,748	20,604,319 4,130,492 33,909
Due from other: Governments Interfund receivable Inventory Prepaid assets	47,1 38,4 80,5	55	155,474 - 6,545 -	202,659 38,455 6,545 80,515
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 43,865,4	66 3,908,892	815,569	48,589,927
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable Interfund payables Accrued liabilities	\$ 716,3 3,163,1		54,310 38,455 170,261	785,578 38,455 3,333,420
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,879,5	14,899	263,026	4,157,453
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	13,443,3	99 1,519,640	99,079	15,062,118
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Inventory Prepaids Restricted for:	80,5	 15 -	6,545 -	6,545 80,515
Debt service Capital projects Non-public schools Food service operations Community activities Extracurricular activities		- 2,374,353 	236,843 67,503 7,063 50,665 98,958	2,374,353 236,843 67,503 7,063 50,665 98,958
Assigned to: Instructional services Subsequent year's appropriations Unassigned	177,4 2,046,2 24,238,2	- 69	96,936	177,486 2,046,269 24,224,156
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	26,542,5	2,374,353	453,464	29,370,356
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 43,865,4	66 3,908,892	815,569	48,589,927

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 29,370,356
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		33,964,442
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. Property taxes receivable Income taxes receivable Due from other governments	932,679 419,000 99,079	1,450,758
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Interest payable Compensated absences Bonds Payable, net: Bonds payable principal amount Accumulated accretion on discount debt Unamortized deferred amount on refunding Unamortized bond discount Unamortized bond premium	(21,349,989) (1,350,034) 328,325 24,392 (99,842)	(71,482) (1,801,331)
		(22,447,148)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 40,465,595

Bexley City School DistrictSTATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL	BOND RETIREMENT FUND	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 19,547,889	2,154,654	_	21,702,543
Income tax	7,187,761	-	-	7,187,761
Intergovernmental:				
Federal Restricted Grants-in-aid State:	-	-	828,270	828,270
Unrestricted Grants-in-aid	6,686,195	338,710	_	7,024,905
Restricted Grants-in-aid	<u>-</u>	-	833,957	833,957
Investment income	61,182	-	617	61,799
Co-curricular activities	54,107	-	224,966	279,073
Charges for services	-	-	283,161	283,161
Tuition fees	105,803	-	-	105,803
Other	173,783		241,013	414,796
TOTAL REVENUES	33,816,720	2,493,364	2,411,984	38,722,068
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instructional services:				
Regular	15,004,267	_	239,310	15,243,577
Special	3,692,646	-	465,623	4,158,269
Vocational	319,961	-	, -	319,961
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	19,016,874		704,933	19,721,807
Support services:				
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,440,965	-	_	3,440,965
School administration	1,888,785	-	-	1,888,785
Instructional staff	1,913,075	-	72,622	1,985,697
Pupils	1,309,958	-	171,394	1,481,352
Business operations	1,215,525	37,241	1,266	1,254,032
Student transportation	559,299	-	-	559,299
Food services	-	-	554,083	554,083
Central services	135,264	-	-	135,264
General administration	57,172			57,172
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	10,520,043	37,241	799,365	11,356,649
Co-curricular student activities	831,224	-	294,082	1,125,306
Community services	-	-	978,482	978,482
Capital outlay Debt service:	538,114	-	412,442	950,556
Principal retirement	-	1,670,000	-	1,670,000
Interest		880,255		880,255
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	30,906,255	2,587,496	3,189,304	36,683,055
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,910,465	(94,132)	(777,320)	2,039,013
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	240,017	240,017
Transfers out	(240,017)			(240,017)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(240,017)		240,017	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,670,448	(94,132)	(537,303)	2,039,013
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	23,872,091	2,468,485	990,767	27,331,343
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 26,542,539	2,374,353	453,464	29,370,356

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	2,039,013
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures capitalized Depreciation expense 932,196 (1,484,952)		(552,756)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		281,757
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities. General obligation debt principal payments 1,670,000	_	1,670,000
Premium and discounts on bond issuance are reflected in the balance of the long-term liability and amortized against interest expense over the life of the new debt. Amortization of bond premium (discount) Accretion of capital appreciation bonds 45,125 (76,437		(31,312)
Deferred amounts resulting from the refunding bonds are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund, but these costs are capitalized and amortized to interest expense over the life of the new debt in the statement of activities. Amortization of deferred amount on refunding (100,136))	
	<u>_</u>	(100,136)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is recorded when due.		3,743
The expense related to compensated absences reported in the statement of activities does require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		152,768
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,463,077

Bexley City School District
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	AGENCY FUNDS		
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$	186,494	
Total assets	\$	186,494	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable Due to others	\$	21,077 165,417	
Total liabilities	\$	186,494	

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

1. Reporting Entity

The Bexley City School District (the District) was organized May 1, 1917 and is a fiscally independent political subdivision of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a five-member board of education (the Board) elected by the citizens of Bexley.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 14 and 34, in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions for which the District is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a component unit's board and either (i) the District's ability to impose its will over a component unit, or (ii) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the District. On that basis, the reporting entity of the District includes the services of the District only (i.e., there are no component units).

The Bexley Public Library is a school district library created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code and is located in the Bexley City School District. The Board of Trustees of the Library controls and manages the Library and issues its own financial statements. Although the Bexley Board of Education is required to approve appointments to the Board of Trustees and to approve the annual budget, the Board has no authority to reject the Library's recommendations.

The Board also acts as the Library's agent on any debt issues required. On September 1, 1990, as required by State law, the District issued, on behalf of the Library, general obligation bonds in the amount of \$4,130,000, which had been approved by the electors on May 8, 1990. The bonds are issued for the purpose of enlarging, rehabilitating, improving, adding to, furnishing and equipping the Library. Although the bonds are issued on behalf of the Library, and the proceeds of the bonds were transferred to the Board of Trustees of the Library, the bonds constitute indebtedness of the District and are considered in determining the District's debt limitations. Property tax revenues collected to retire the debt are paid directly to the District, and the District pays the interest and retires the debt. The last payment on these bonds was made on December 1, 2011.

However, the District has no ability to influence the library's operations significantly, no accountability over the fiscal matters of the Library, nor any responsibility for the Library's deficits. Accordingly, other than the debt and related property tax revenue referred to in the preceding paragraph, the Library's financial statements are not included herein.

Education support services are provided by the Bexley Education Foundation (the Foundation). The Foundation has a separate nineteen member Board of Governor's. The Board is not appointed by the Bexley Board of Education. The Foundation is a separate entity from the District with no financial interdependency. The Foundation makes cash donations to the District which are approved by the Board of Education. These moneys are accounted for in the agency fund in these financial statements. All other monies of the Bexley Education Foundation are held by the Bexley Foundation at Fifth Third Bank and the Columbus Foundation in the name of the Bexley Education Foundation. The money is invested by the Columbus Foundation. Accordingly, the District has no oversight responsibilities. The Foundation's separate financial statements are not included herein. In addition, the District has no ability to significantly influence operations and no accountability over the fiscal matters of the Foundation.

Within the District boundaries, St. Charles Preparatory School is operated by the Columbus Diocese and Columbus School for Girls is a privately operated school. The State provides funding for these nonpublic schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the nonpublic school by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the nonpublic school. This financial activity is reflected in a special revenue fund for reporting purposes.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

(a) Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District (primary government) has no business-type activities or component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to those who benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not meeting this definition of program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The District has no proprietary funds.

(b) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year in which they are levied, provided they are collected and advanced or available for advance by the county auditor by the fiscal year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Government fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements in the fiscal year in which taxes have been levied, provided they are collected and advanced or available for advance by the county auditor by the fiscal year-end. Tuition, income taxes, grants, fees and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following *major* governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> – The Bond Retirement Fund, a debt service fund, is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The District's nonmajor governmental funds include the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u> – The nonmajor capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for building and permanent improvements and receipt and expenditures of SchoolNet monies.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. This includes Agency Funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District reports two agency funds, the Student Activities Agency Fund and the Bexley Educational Foundation Agency Fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to those who benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

(c) Cash

Monies received by the District are pooled in a central bank account with individual fund balance integrity retained throughout.

(d) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed in governmental funds..

(e) Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investment and for External Investment Pools," the District records all its investments at fair value as defined in this statement.

(f) Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost (first-in, first-out). The cost of inventory is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed.

Commodities are valued at fair market value at the time of Donation.

(g) Prepaid Assets

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2013 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is recorded in the year in which services are consumed.

(h) Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District follows the policy of not capitalizing assets with a cost of less than \$1,000 and a useful life of less than one year. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets, with the exception of land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings & Improvements	10-40
Furniture and Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5-20

(i) Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

On fund financial statements, short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position.

(j) Compensated Absence

The District has implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future. The criteria for determining the vacation and sick leave liability is derived from Board policy, negotiated agreements, and state laws.

Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave. The leave amount is based on length of service and position. The District accrues vacation leave benefits as earned. Accrued vacation may be carried forward to the next fiscal year. The maximum amount to be carried at any one time is 1.5 times the annual number of days.

District employees earn sick leave at fifteen days per year which, if not taken, accumulates on an unlimited basis until retirement. All employees may be paid upon retirement: 1.) one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 54 days; and 2.) one-tenth of the days over an accumulated balance of 250 days. All staff members who resign after ten years of Bexley service may be paid one-fourth of accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 25 days.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the accrued liabilities account in the fund or funds from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid.

(k) Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are recognized as fund liabilities to the extent payments come due each period upon occurrence of resignation and retirement.

(I) Deferred Inflows / Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has nonexchange revenue transactions where a receivable has been recorded because property taxes were levied, but the resources cannot be used until a future period. This item has been reported as deferred inflows on the government-wide statement of net position.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the District has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is unavailable. Unavailable revenues have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund balance sheet.

(m) Fund Balance Reserves / Restrictions

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting,* the District classifies its fund balance based on the purpose for which the resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – resources that are not in spendable form (inventory) or have legal or contractual requirements to maintain the balance intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – resources that have external purpose restraints imposed on them by providers, such as creditors, grantors, or other regulators.

<u>Committed</u> – resources that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government at its highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education.

<u>Assigned</u> – resources that are intended to be used for specific purposes as approved through the District's formal purchasing procedure by the Treasurer.

<u>Unassigned</u> – residual fund balance within the General Fund that is not restricted, committed, or assigned

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. The District considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be uses.

The District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

(n) Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Cash and Investments

The investment and deposit of the District's monies is governed by the provisions of the ORC. In accordance with these statutes, the District is authorized to invest in United States and State of Ohio bonds, notes, and other obligations; bank certificates of deposit; banker acceptances; commercial paper notes rated prime and issued by United States corporations; money market funds secured by United States obligations; and STAROhio. During fiscal year 2013, investments were limited to STAROhio, CDs, and federal agency securities. Earnings on investments are credited to the General Fund except earnings specifically related to the Capital Projects Fund, Food Service Fund, and the Scholarship Fund in compliance with ORC Section 3315.01 and board policy. In fiscal 2013, the District reported total interest income of \$61,799 (\$61,182 in the General Fund, which includes \$4,911 assigned from other funds; and \$617 in Other Governmental Funds).

The District records all investment at fair value with the exception of repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposits which are recorded at cost. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company, but does operate in a manner similar to Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. Repurchase agreements must be secured by the specific government securities upon which the repurchase agreements are based. These securities must be obligations of or guaranteed by the United States and mature or be redeemable within 5 years of the date of the related repurchase agreement. State law does not require security for public deposits and investments to be maintained in the District's name. During 2013, the District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$9,129,585. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of June 30, 2013, the District had a bank balance of \$9,320,844. Of the District's bank balance, \$5,259,266 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the remaining \$4,061,578 was exposed to custodial risk.

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities.

		Investment Maturities					
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	25 to 30	31 to 36
Investment type	Fair Value	less	months	months	months	months	months
STAROhio	\$ 2,061,925	2,061,925	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial Paper	3,498,404	3,498,404	-	-	-	-	-
FFCB	5,994,623	1,000,633	-	998,450	998,750	2,996,790	-
FHLB	2,994,990	1,001,000			1,000,370		993,620
	\$ 14,549,942	7,561,962		998,450	1,999,120	2,996,790	993,620

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to state law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to two years or less.

Credit Risk. The District does not have a formal policy limiting credit risk. The District's investments in FFCB and FHLB were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Commercial paper was rated A1+ and P1. Standard & Poor's has assigned StarOhio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage to total of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

Investment type	Fair Value	% to total
STAROhio	\$ 2,061,925	14.17%
Commercial Paper	3,498,404	24.04%
FFCB	5,994,623	41.20%
FHLB	 2,994,990	<u>20.59</u> %
Total	\$ 14,549,942	100.00%

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy related to custodial credit risk for investments; however, all of the District's investments are book-entry securities held by a safekeeping agent and are, therefore, not exposed to custodial credit risk.

4. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2013, consist of the following:

	Property Taxes	Income Taxes	Interest	Other	Totals
Governmental activites:					
General	\$ 18,451,468	4,130,492	18,905	11,256	\$ 22,612,121
Bond retirement fund	2,152,851	-	-	-	2,152,851
Other governmental funds				3,748	3,748
Total	\$ 20,604,319	4,130,492	18,905	15,004	\$ 24,768,720

5. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued Liabilities at June 30, 2013, consist of the following:

	Accrued Wages & Benefits		Compensated	
			Absences	 Totals
Governmental activites:				
General	\$	2,928,606	234,553	3,163,159
Other governmental funds		170,261		 170,261
Total governmental fund accrued liabilities	\$	3,098,867	234,553	3,333,420
Accrued interest payable				 71,482
Total government-wide accrued liabilities				\$ 3,404,902

6. Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Recognized as Assets and Liabilities*, was adopted during 2013. This change in accounting principle and the related restatement is described in Note 16.

Deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position represents the unamortized portion of deferred charges on refundings.

Deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position represents the property taxes receivable which were levied for next year's budget.

Deferred inflows of resources on the Governmental Balance Sheet at June 30, 2013, consist of the following:

		Bond	Other	
		Retirement	Governmental	
	General Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Property tax - for future period	\$ 12,189,172	\$ 1,422,188	\$ -	\$ 13,611,360
Property tax - unavailable delinquent amount	835,227	97,452	-	932,679
Income tax - not received in the available period	419,000			
Grant revenue - not received in the available period			99,079	99,079
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 13,443,399	\$ 1,519,640	\$ 99,079	\$ 15,062,118

7. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2013, follows:

	Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 154,150 154,150	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	154,150 154,150
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	52,091,595	518,290	-	52,609,885
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,157,163	327,995	-	2,485,158
Buses, autos and trucks	992,443	85,911		1,078,354
Total capital assets, being depreciated	55,241,201	932,196		56,173,397
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	18,635,720	1,235,590	-	19,871,310
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,550,628	158,306	-	1,708,934
Buses, autos and trucks	691,805	91,056		782,861
Total accumulated depreciation	20,878,153	1,484,952		22,363,105
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	34,363,048	(552,756)		33,810,292
Capital assets, net	\$ 34,517,198	(552,756)		33,964,442

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instructional services:	
Regular	\$ 100,029
Special	2,912
Support services:	
Operation and maintenance of plant	35,091
School administration	1,790
Pupils	270
Business operations	19,130
Instructional staff	7,378
Student transportation	89,697
Food services	5,812
Co-curricular student activities	43,840
Unallocated	1,179,003
Total depreciation	\$ 1,484,952

8. Long-Term Obligations

A summary for changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2013, follows:

	Balance		Payments/	Balance	Due in One
	June 30, 2012	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2013	Year
Compensated absences					
(accrued vacation and sick leave)	\$ 1,954,099	160,460	313,228	1,801,331	240,000
General obligation bonds payable	23,019,996		1,670,000	21,349,996	1,715,000
	\$ 24,974,095	160,460	1,983,228	23,151,327	1,955,000

The general obligation bonds are a direct obligation of the District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the District.

In the opinion of management, the District has complied with all bond covenants.

The voters of the Bexley City School District approved a 5.6 mill bond levy in November 2000. The bond levy funded debt in the amount of \$27,050,000. The bonds were sold on February 16, 2001 and closed on February 20, 2001. The interest rates assigned to the debt vary from 3.25% to 5.23%. The funds were deposited in the building fund to provide funds for a building program which started in the 2001-2002 fiscal year. Moody's Investors Service assigned an Aa2 rating to the bonds.

On September 18, 2003, the District sold \$5,709,992 of general obligation bonds dated October 2, 2003 with final maturities on December 1, 2016. These bonds refunded \$5,710,000 of the District's Refunding Bonds dated August 12, 1993. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$192,762, issuance costs of \$40,977 and underwriter's discount of \$45,680. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$620,800 (present value) and a reduction of \$779,952 in future debt service payments. The new issue included \$5,395,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$314,992 in capital appreciation bonds. These capital appreciation bonds were purchased at a discount at the time of issuance and, at maturity all compound interest is paid and the bond holder collects the face value. However, since interest is technically earned and compounded semiannually, the value of the bond increases. Therefore, as the value increases, the accretion is booked as principal.

On December 7, 2005, the District sold \$9,189,991 of general obligation bonds dated December 21, 2005 with final maturity on December 1, 2027. These bonds refunded \$9,190,000 of the District's School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2001 dated February 20, 2001. The final maturity of the 2001 Bonds had been December 1, 2027. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$533,627 issuance costs of \$91,101 and underwriter's discount of \$65,933. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$549,043 (present value) and a reduction of \$833,995 in future debt service payments.

The District sold \$9,354,998 of general obligation bonds dated March 9, 2006 with final maturity on December 1, 2022. These bonds refunded \$9,355,000 of the District's School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2001 dated February 20, 2001. The final maturity of the 2001 Bonds refunded by the Series 2006 Bonds had been December 1, 2027. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$643,546 issuance costs of \$65,848 and underwriter's discount of \$55,386. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$429,062(present value) and a reduction of \$596,085 in future debt service payments.

The District sold \$2,420,000 of general obligation bonds dated October 7, 2010 with a final maturity on December 1, 2013. These bonds advance refunded \$2,420,000 of the District's School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds, Series 2001. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$50,456 and issuance costs of \$39,178. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$117,226 (present value) and a reduction of \$116,713 in future debt service payments.

Reconciliation of Long-term Liabilities to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of long-term liabilities to the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2013:

Long-term Liabilities (summarized above)	\$ 23,151,327
Accumulated Accretion on Discount Debt	1,350,034
Unamortized Bond Discount	(24,399)
Unamortized Bond Premium	99,842
Total	\$ 24,576,804
Governmental Activities	
Long-term Liabilities:	
Due within one year	\$ 1,955,000
Due in more than one year	22,621,804
Total Long-term Liabilities - governmental activities	\$ 24,576,804

The annual maturities of the general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2013, and related interest payments are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Interest rate (%)	Principal	Interest
0044	0.00	4 745 000	222 222
2014	2.00 - 3.65	1,715,000	832,960
2015	3.65 - 5.00	1,815,000	768,195
2016	3.75 - 4.00	1,269,998	1,322,496
2017	3.85 - 5.00	1,915,000	653,873
2018	3.80 - 4.75	1,180,000	583,399
2019 - 2023	4.00 - 4.25	5,379,998	3,440,859
2024 - 2028	4.10 - 4.30	8,075,000	885,161
T-4-1		<u></u>	<u> </u>
Total		\$ 21,349,996	\$ 8,486,943

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides that the net debt of a school district, whether or not approved by the people, shall not exceed 9.0% of the total value of all property in the school district as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of a school district cannot exceed 0.1% of the total assessed value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At June 30, 2013, the District's total net debt was approximately 4.58% (4.94% at June 30, 2012) of the total assessed value of all property within the school district. The aggregate amount of the District's unvoted debt is also subject to overlapping debt restrictions with Franklin County and the City of Bexley. These debt limitation calculations exclude \$1,350,034 in accretion of deep discount debt in accordance with State Law. As of June 30, 2013, these entities have complied with the requirement that debt service payments on unvoted overlapping debt must not exceed in the aggregate 1% (10 mills) of the assessed property value.

Advance Refunding

As discussed above, the District defeased certain School Construction and Improvement Bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2013, \$705,000 bonds that the District defeased in previous years are still outstanding with the escrow agent.

9. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer pension plan. SERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current School District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the School District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits; for fiscal year 2013, 13.10 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$558,540, \$559,487, and \$550,322 respectively; equal to 100 percent of the required contribution for each year.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a standalone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at www.strsoh.org

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan.

The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers

Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$2,298,178, \$2,243,642, and \$2,299,552, respectively; equal to 100% of the required contribution each year. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2012 are available from the Treasurer's office upon request.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Retirement System. As of June 30, 2013, four of the five member(s) of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The contribution rate is 6.2 percent of wages.

10. Postemployment Benefits

A. School Employee Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401h. For 2013, .90 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for 2013, this amount was \$20,525.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$35,906, \$21,980, and \$56,211 respectively; with 100 percent being contributed.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$29,523, \$30,372, and \$29,875 respectively; with 100 percent being contributed.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District contributes to the cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$164,156, \$208,338, and \$164,253 respectively; with 100 percent being contributed.

11. Property Taxes

Property Taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the school district. All property taxes are collected on behalf of the District by Franklin County. Due and collection dates, as established by Franklin County, were January 20, 2012 and June 20, 2012, for those taxes due during 2012.

Real property taxes collected during calendar year 2012 had a lien and levy date of January 1, 2011. Tangible personal property taxes collected during calendar year 2012 had a lien and levy date of January 1, 2011.

Assessed values are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value for Real Estate and Public Utility and at 25% for Tangible Personal. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every six years. The last revaluation was completed in 2012 for collection in tax year 2013. Public utility property taxes are assessed on tangible personal property, as well as land and improvements, at true value (normally 88% of cost).

The assessed values for collection in 2013 were as follows:

Real Estate	\$ 462,206,640
Public Utility	3,964,460
Total	\$ 466,171,100

Ohio law prohibits taxation of property from all taxing authorities in excess of 1% of assessed value without a vote of the people. Under current procedures, the District's share is .57% (5.7 mills) of assessed value. Increases in the property tax rate are restricted only by voter willingness to approve such increases. The total tax rate for the District, including voted increases, was 113.60 mills in 2013.

The Franklin County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the Bexley City School District. The Franklin County Auditor periodically remits to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes may be paid on either an annual or semiannual basis.

12. Risk Management and Contingent Liabilities

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from personnel actions, injuries to employees, theft or destruction of assets, and legal challenges to fiduciary decisions. To cover these risks, the District maintains property and casualty insurance of approximately \$108.8 million and personal liability insurance in the amount of \$1 million per occurrence and \$6 million in the aggregate. There was no reduction in coverage and no claims exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years. The District is registered and insured through the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation for injuries to employees.

The Auditor of State is currently performing a statewide review of supporting documentation for student attendance data reported to the Ohio Department of Education. The results of this review are still pending and will be reported separately to the Ohio Department of Education at a later date.

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions

specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. This also encompasses the Auditor of State's ongoing review of student attendance data. However, the effects of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2013, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Bexley City School District is a party to legal proceedings. The District management is of the opinion that ultimate disposition of these claims will not have a material effect on the financial condition of the District.

13. Set-Aside Calculations

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. State law has set the amount for the set-aside at the number of students times 3% of the average cost per pupil.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition reserves. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

		Capital
	Ма	intenance
	<u></u>	Reserve
Set-aside balance, July 1, 2012	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		358,659
Qualifying expenditures		(486,519)
Total	\$	(127,860)
Set-aside balance, June 30, 2013	\$	

Amounts listed as qualifying disbursements in this table are the total amounts for the year. The District had qualifying disbursements and off-sets during the year that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the capital maintenance reserve. However, these amounts may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years.

14. Jointly Governed Organization

The Metropolitan Educational Council is a regional council of government whose primary purpose and objective is to contribute to the educational services available to school districts in Franklin County and surrounding areas by cooperative action membership. The governing council consists of representatives from each of the Franklin County districts. School districts outside of Franklin County are associate members and each county selects a single district to represent them on the governing board.

15. Interfund Activity

Interfund balances at June 30, 2013, consist of the following individual fund receivables and payables on the fund basis:

	Re	ceivable	Payable	
Interfund Receivables/Payables				
General Fund	\$	38,455	-	
Other Governmental Funds		<u> </u>	38,455	
Total governmental activities	\$	38,455	38,455	

Interfund advances are made to provide funds for federal projects and several activity funds until funding is received and are reported as Interfund Receivables/Payables. In general, interfund advances are made at the end of the fiscal year and then returned the next fiscal year when funding is received.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, transfers consisted of the following:

		Transfers In
	Total	Other
	Transfers	Governmental
	Out	Funds
General Fund:		
Nonreciprocal interfund transfer to fund		
food service operations	\$ 180,000	180,000
Nonreciprocal interfund transfer to fund		
Permanent Improvements	25,000	25,000
Nonreciprocal interfund transfer to fund		
District managed student activities	35,000	35,000
Nonreciprocal interfund transfer to fund		
Title I	17	17
Total General Fund	240,017	240,017
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 240,017	240,017

16. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources*, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Recognized as Assets and Liabilities*. The object of these statements is to establish standards that reclassify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and instead classify them as Deferred Inflows of Resources, Deferred Outflows of Resources, or as outflows or resources. As a result of implementing these statements, the following assets and liabilities have been reclassified, as indicated:

Item	Previously Reported	New Classification	Amount
Deferred amount of refunding	Unamortized portion previously netted against long-term liabilities (bonds payable, net)	Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 328,325
Bond issuance costs	Unamortized portion previously reported as an asset	Outflow of Resources	No bond issuance costs in current year
Revenue in governmental funds not collected within 60 days of year end	Liability	Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,450,758
Property tax billed, but levied for the next year's budget	Liability	Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 13,611,360

The effect of this change has been applied retroactively; has a result, the beginning of year net position has been changed to reflect the expensing of bond issuance costs. The impact of the change on the government-wide statement is as follows:

Net Position, June 30, 2012	\$ 37,164,843
Write off bond issuance costs	(162,325)
Net Position, July 1, 2012	\$ 37,002,518

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

Bexley City School District
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL FUND			
				VARIANCE
	ORIGINAL	REVISED		POSITIVE
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 17,986,757	20,252,331	20,252,331	-
Income tax	6,000,000	6,282,679	6,282,679	-
Investment income	90,000	91,360	91,332	(28)
Tuition fees	67,000	105,026	104,993	(33)
Miscellaneous	160,243	85,739	85,739	-
State sources	6,600,000	6,686,200	6,686,195	(5)
TOTAL REVENUES	30,904,000	33,503,335	33,503,269	(66)
EXPENDITURES:				
Instructional services:				
Regular	15,984,584	15,987,031	15,656,248	330,783
Special	3,693,494	3,901,409	3,781,175	120,234
Vocational	363,780	321,025	319,595	1,430
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	20,041,858	20,209,465	19,757,018	452,447
Support services:				
Operation and maintenance of plant	3,936,247	3,905,843	3,623,495	282,348
School administration	2,108,249	2,073,706	1,887,280	186,426
Instructional staff	2,263,755	2,155,214	1,923,562	231,652
Pupils	1,450,067	1,440,603	1,369,654	70,949
Business operations	1,451,898	1,443,645	1,374,795	68,850
Student transportation	605,675	609,375	570,978	38,397
Central services	147,909	153,754	141,931	11,823
General administration	71,040	86,612	67,360	19,252
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	12,034,840	11,868,752	10,959,055	909,697
Facilites acquisition and contruction	839,447	839,447	819,414	20,033
Extracurricular activities	871,335	869,815	804,358	65,457
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	33,787,480	33,787,479	32,339,845	1,447,634
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	(2,883,480)	(284,144)	1,163,424	1,447,568
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out	(275,000)	(275,000)	(265,016)	9,984
Advances in	72,500	72,500	72,500	-
Advances out	(70,000)	(70,000)	(38,456)	31,544
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,000	13,970	13,970	· -
Refund of prior year expenditures (receipts)	<u>-</u>	18,617	22,112	3,495
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(271,500)	(239,913)	(194,890)	45,023
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,154,980)	(524,057)	968,534	1,492,591
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	1,379,063	1,379,063	1,379,063	-
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	17,791,711	17,791,711	17,791,711	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 16,015,794	18,646,717	20,139,308	1,492,591

See notes to required supplementary information.

BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2013

A. Budgetary Information

All governmental fund types are subject to annual expenditures budgets. The Board follows the procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditures budget data reported in the budgetary comparison schedule:

- (1) A Tax Budget of estimated cash receipts and disbursements is submitted to the County Auditor, as secretary of the County Budget Commission, by January 20 of each year, for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The Bexley Board of Education normally adopts the Tax Budget at its December regular meeting or the Organization meeting in early January.
- (2) The County Budget Commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year.
- An annual appropriation measure must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures in the current year. The Board adopted its 2013 appropriation measure in September 2012. The Board of Education adopted a temporary appropriation measure in June 2012 to allow the District to operate until its annual appropriations were adopted. The appropriation measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Individual buildings and/or departments may transfer funds within their budgets. Supplemental appropriations are presented during the year and include the transfers requested by staff and any amendments to fund unanticipated expenditures. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level. At year-end appropriations did not exceed estimated resources and expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at the object level. Appropriations for advances-in/advances-out by law are not required and are not budgeted.

B. Reconciling Budgetary Basis and GAAP

The District prepares its budget on a basis of accounting that differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The actual column presented on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund is prepared in accordance with the budget basis of accounting.

The major differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP are that:

- A. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- B. Expenditures are recorded when encumbered (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- C. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budget basis) as opposed to a reservation of fund balance (GAAP basis);
- D. Investments are recorded at cost (budget basis) as opposed to fair value (GAAP basis); and
- E. The Public School Support Fund (Fund 018) is reported as part of the General Fund (GAAP basis).

BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information, Continued June 30, 2013

A reconciliation of the General Fund results of operations at the end of the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance (GAAP Basis)	\$ 2,670,448
Adjustments, net	
Revenue Accruals	(142, 196)
Expenditure Accruals	(651,951)
Encumbrances	(890,616)
Funds budgeted as Special Revenue Funds	(17,151)
Net Change in Fund Balance (Budget Basis)	\$ 968,534

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor	Federal CFDA			
Program Title	Number	 Receipts	Disb	ursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education				
Nutrition Cluster Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 3,252	\$	3,252
National School Lunch Program	10.555	16,110		16,110
Cash Assistance:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	16,994		16,994
National School Lunch Program	10.555	 84,433		84,433
Total Nutrition Cluster		120,789		120,789
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		 120,789		120,789
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	207,013		209,103
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	520,927		499,001
Title II-A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	49,986		50,116
ARRA - Race to the Top Incentive Grants	84.395	2,939		2,881
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	38,907		34,305
Total U.S. Department of Education		 819,772		795,406
Total		\$ 940,561	\$	916,195

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) summarizes activity of the District's federal award programs. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

Cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture are commingled with State grants. It is assumed federal monies are expended first. Program regulations do not require the District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance (expenditures) is reported in the Schedule at the entitlement amount of the commodities received.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bexley City School District Franklin County 348 South Cassingham Road Bexley, Ohio 43209

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bexley City School District, Franklin County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 10, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 Bexley City School District
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other
Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 10, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bexley City School District Franklin County 348 South Cassingham Road Bexley, Ohio 43209

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bexley City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Bexley City School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Bexley City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 Bexley City School District
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program, And On internal Control Over
Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 10, 2014

BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	84.027: Title VI-B Special Education Cluster 84.010: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3	FINDINGS	FOR FEDERAL	AWARDS

None.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Bexley City School District Franklin County 348 South Cassingham Road Bexley, Ohio 43209

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Bexley City School District (the District) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on January 14, 2013 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act."

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 10, 2014

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199

www.ohioauditor.gov





BEXLEY CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 8, 2014