BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014



Board of Education Bristol Local School District 1845 Greenville Road Bristolville, Ohio 44402

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Bristol Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 8, 2014



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Road Bristolville, Ohio 44402

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bristol Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Bristol Local School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Bristol Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Independent Auditor's Report Page Two

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Bristol Local School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 4, 2014, on our consideration of the Bristol Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bristol Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 4, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The management's discussion and analysis of the Bristol Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$71,954 which represents a 0.72% increase from 2013.
- General revenues accounted for \$6,254,130 in revenue or 78.47% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,716,367 or 21.53% of total revenues of \$7,970,497.
- The District had \$7,898,543 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$1,716,367 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$6,254,130 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$6,728,532 in revenues and other financing sources and \$6,577,252 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the general fund's fund balance increased \$151,280 from a balance of \$1,474,251 to \$1,625,531.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District there is one major fund: the general fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, food service operations and interest and fiscal charges.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-48 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The District as a Whole

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

Net Position

Assets	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Current and other assets	\$ 6,141,508	\$ 5,886,224
	. , ,	. , ,
Capital assets, net	8,885,693	9,215,522
Total assets	15,027,201	15,101,746
<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u> Deferred outflows of resources	19,393	22,416
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	636,563	643,302
Long-term liabilities	1,782,203	1,937,729
C		
Total liabilities	2,418,766	2,581,031
<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>		
Deferred inflows of resources	2,502,688	2,489,945
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	7,634,874	7,804,771
Restricted	734,512	681,364
Unrestricted	1,755,754	1,567,051
Total net position	\$ 10,125,140	\$ 10,053,186

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$10,125,140. At year-end, restricted net position was \$734,512.

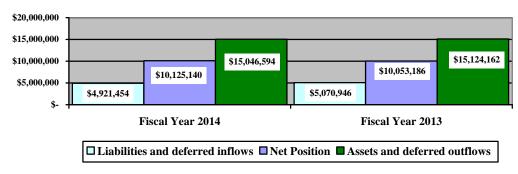
At year-end, capital assets represented 59.13% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets to acquire the assets at June 30, 2014, were \$7,634,874. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$734,512, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$1,755,754.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below illustrates the governmental activities assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 538,932	\$ 508,614		
Operating grants and contributions	1,177,435	989,897		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,553,481	2,554,902		
Grants and entitlements	3,681,803	3,621,465		
Investment earnings	4,812	4,756		
Other	14,034	239,523		
Total revenues	7,970,497	7,919,157		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 3,860,625	\$ 3,815,149
Special	1,007,890	904,493
Vocational	63,882	63,716
Other	4,924	8,901
Support services:		
Pupil	219,854	237,111
Instructional staff	131,182	110,330
Board of education	41,235	33,111
Administration	607,780	604,436
Fiscal	242,587	241,436
Business	26,494	26,852
Operations and maintenance	634,866	596,847
Pupil transportation	491,429	508,582
Central	11,566	102,182
Operation of non-instructional services		
Food service operations	270,609	255,773
Other non-instructional services	11,730	11,691
Extracurricular activities	224,930	210,964
Interest and fiscal charges	46,960	45,603
Total expenses	7,898,543	7,777,177
Change in net position	71,954	141,980
Net position beginning of year (restated)	10,053,186	9,911,206
Net position end of year	\$10,125,140	\$ 10,053,186

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$71,954. Total governmental expenses of \$7,894,543 were offset by program revenues of \$1,716,367 and general revenues of \$6,254,130. Program revenues supported 21.73% of the total governmental expenses.

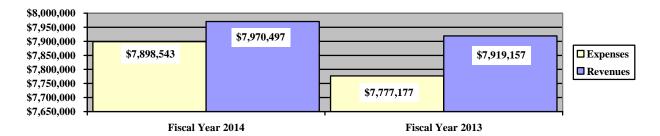
In the area of program revenues, the significant increase was in operating grants and contributions which increased \$187,538. This increase is attributable primarily to an increase in special education funding in the general fund.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 78.23% of total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

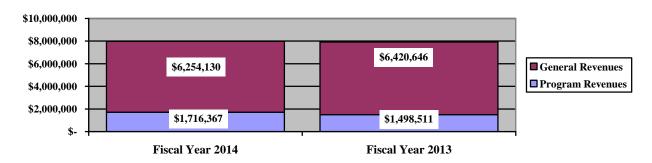
	Total Cost of Services 2014	Net Cost of Services 2014	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 3,860,625	\$ 3,514,988	\$ 3,815,149	\$ 3,563,188
Special	1,007,890	106,218	904,493	152,192
Vocational	63,882	61,889	63,716	59,781
Other	4,924	4,924	8,901	8,901
Support services:	,	,	,	,
Pupil	219,854	218,180	237,111	237,111
Instructional staff	131,182	110,065	110,330	92,287
Board of education	41,235	41,235	33,111	33,111
Administration	607,780	607,353	604,436	604,436
Fiscal	242,587	242,587	241,436	241,436
Business	26,494	26,494	26,852	26,852
Operations and maintenance	634,866	615,899	596,847	587,254
Pupil transportation	491,429	440,658	508,582	457,752
Central	11,566	7,966	102,182	98,582
Operation of non-instructional services				
Food service operations	270,609	17,605	255,773	(36,917)
Other non-instructional services	11,730	11,730	11,691	11,691
Extracurricular activities	224,930	107,425	210,964	95,406
Interest and fiscal charges	46,960	46,960	45,603	45,603
Total expenses	\$ 7,898,543	\$ 6,182,176	\$ 7,777,177	\$ 6,278,666

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent 74.70% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 78.27%.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,362,263, which is higher than last year's balance of \$2,132,932. The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2014	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	(Decrease)
General Other governmental	\$ 1,625,531 736,732	\$ 1,474,251 658,681	\$ 151,280 78,051
Total	\$ 2,362,263	\$ 2,132,932	\$ 229,331

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

General Fund

The District's general fund's fund balance increased \$151,280. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

		2014		2013		Percentage	:
	_	Amount	_	Amount	Change	Change	_
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,308,025	\$	2,247,678	\$ 60,347	2.68	%
Tuition		331,821		272,224	59,597	21.89	%
Earnings on investments		3,284		4,756	(1,472)	(30.95)	%
Intergovernmental		4,022,484		3,753,681	268,803	7.16	%
Other revenues		61,118	-	292,527	 (231,409)	(79.11)	%
Total	\$	6,726,732	\$	6,570,866	\$ 155,866	2.37	%
Expenditures							
Instruction	\$	4,292,001	\$	4,156,625	\$ 135,376	3.26	%
Support services		2,107,116		2,255,650	(148,534)	(6.58)	%
Operation of non-instructional services		152		120	32	26.67	%
Extracurricular activities		168,985		168,578	407	0.24	%
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	8,998		8,000	 998	12.48	%
Total	\$	6,577,252	\$	6,588,973	\$ (11,721)	(0.18)	%

Tuition revenues increased 21.89% due to the District's increase in special education tuition. Other revenues decreased 79.11% due to a decrease in private donations. All other revenues and expenditures remained comparable to the prior years.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2014, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$5,890,273 which was \$92,029 higher than the original budgeted revenues and other financing sources estimate of \$5,798,244. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2014 were \$5,890,273 which was equal to final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund final appropriations and other financing uses were \$5,828,583 which was \$224,463 lower than the original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses of \$6,053,046. Actual expenditures for fiscal year 2014 were \$5,784,925 which was \$43,658 lower than final appropriations and other financing sources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the District had \$8,885,693 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2014 balances compared to balances of 2013:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2014	2013			
Land	\$ 178,569	\$ 178,569			
Building and improvements	8,017,257	8,250,678			
Furniture and equipment	365,733	400,479			
Vehicles	324,134	385,796			
Total	\$ 8,885,693	\$ 9,215,522			

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$329,829 is due to depreciation expense of \$357,279 exceeding capital outlays of \$27,450 for the fiscal year.

See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$1,277,075 in general obligation bonds and loans outstanding. Of this total, \$155,000 is due within one year and \$1,122,075 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and loans outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,277,075	\$ 1,410,777
Total	\$ 1,277,075	\$ 1,410,777

At June 30, 2014, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$7,215,211 with an unvoted debt margin of \$90,186.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Current Financial Related Activities

This District continues to face many future challenges. Due to the present economic conditions property values have remained stable over the past few years. The District is determined to do all that it can to remain solvent and to avoid passing a new levy. The District currently has two emergency levies, a three and a five year. Both levies are due to expire in the same year, which is tax year 2014. This levy position is tough because it requires voter renewal at the end of each term, the dollar amount is fixed and does not compensate for inflation. The Board also has a permanent improvement levy that is due to expire in tax year 2015.

The uncertainty of state funding is another challenge the District faces. The state funding is the majority of the revenue that is received by the District. HB59 will determine the state funding calculation for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The State capped revenue growth at 6.25% for fiscal year 2014 and 10.5% growth in fiscal year 2015 from the state aid base of fiscal year 2013. The fiscal year 2013 state aid base for the District was \$3,338,412. The District continues to lose students to neighboring districts due to open enrollment, charter schools, and electronic schools.

The Board of Education and Administration continue to plan carefully to provide the resources and education required to meet student needs.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Districts accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mario Nero, Treasurer, Bristol Local School District, and 1845 Greenville Rd. NW, P.O. Box 260, Bristolville, OH 44402-0260.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,939,480
Receivables:	2.006.204
Property taxes	3,006,304
Accounts	1,025
Accrued interest	1,851
Intergovernmental	180,624
Prepayments	8,143
Materials and supplies inventory	4,081
Capital assets:	178,569
Land	8,707,124
Depreciable capital assets, net	8,885,693
Capital assets, net	15,027,201
Total assets	13,027,201
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	19,393
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,393
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	29,998
Accrued wages and benefits payable	476,105
Pension obligation payable	105,831
Intergovernmental payable	22,186
Accrued interest payable	2,443
Long-term liabilities:	250.041
Due within one year	250,941
Due in more than one year	1,531,262
Total liabilities	2,418,766
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	2,502,688
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,502,688
Total deferred limitows of resources	2,502,000
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	7,634,874
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	129,224
Classroom facilities maintenance	19,880
Debt service	79,367
State funded programs	500
Federally funded programs	1,809
Student activities	149,146
Other purposes	354,586
Unrestricted	1,755,754
Total net position	\$ 10,125,140

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Program	Revenu	ies	R (et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position
		Ch	arges for		rating Grants	Go	overnmental
	Expenses	Servic	es and Sales	and (Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 3,860,625	\$	333,299	\$	12,338	\$	(3,514,988)
Special	1,007,890		-		901,672		(106,218)
Vocational	63,882		-		1,993		(61,889)
Other	4,924		-		-		(4,924)
Support services:							
Pupil	219,854		-		1,674		(218,180)
Instructional staff	131,182		-		21,117		(110,065)
Board of education	41,235		-		-		(41,235)
Administration	607,780		393		34		(607,353)
Fiscal	242,587		-		-		(242,587)
Business	26,494		-		-		(26,494)
Operations and maintenance	634,866		6,522		12,445		(615,899)
Pupil transportation	491,429		-		50,771		(440,658)
Central	11,566		-		3,600		(7,966)
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Other non-instructional services	11,730		-		-		(11,730)
Food service operations	270,609		86,994		166,010		(17,605)
Extracurricular activities	224,930		111,724		5,781		(107,425)
Interest and fiscal charges	 46,960		-				(46,960)
Total governmental activities	\$ 7,898,543	\$	538,932	\$	1,177,435		(6,182,176)
		Prop	al revenues: erty taxes levie				
							2,255,469
							30,264
							168,880
		Gran	ts and entitlem	ents not			98,868
							3,681,803
			U				4,812
		Misc	ellaneous				14,034
		Total g	general revenue	s			6,254,130
		Chang	e in net position	n		•	71,954
		Net po	sition at begin	ning of	year		10,053,186
		Net po	sition at end o	f year.		\$	10,125,140

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	General		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$	2,173,115	\$	766,365	\$	2,939,480
Receivables:						
Property taxes		2,637,645		368,659		3,006,304
Accounts		1,025		-		1,025
Accrued interest		1,810		41		1,851
Intergovernmental		106,228		74,396		180,624
Prepayments		8,143		-		8,143
Materials and supplies inventory				4,081		4,081
Total assets	\$	4,927,966	\$	1,213,542	\$	6,141,508
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	10,151	\$	19,847	\$	29,998
Accrued wages and benefits payable	Ψ	431,013	Ψ	45,092	Ψ	476,105
Compensated absences payable		51,190		-3,072		51,190
Intergovernmental payable		19,640		2,546		22,186
Pension obligation payable		94,731		11,100		105,831
Total liabilities.		606,725		78,585		685,310
Total MacMates		000,723	-	70,505	-	005,510
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		2,195,787		306,901		2,502,688
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		426,746		59,646		486,392
Accrued interest not available		1,528		-		1,528
Other nonexchange transactions not available		71,649		31,678		103,327
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,695,710		398,225		3,093,935
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory		-		4,081		4,081
Prepaids		8,143		-		8,143
Restricted:						
Debt service		-		103,471		103,471
Capital improvements		-		108,352		108,352
Classroom facilities maintenance		-		14,078		14,078
Food service operations		-		355,739		355,739
Targeted academic assistance		-		1,502		1,502
Other purposes		-		807		807
Extracurricular		-		149,146		149,146
Assigned: Student instruction		5,420				5,420
Student and staff support		231,300		-		231,300
Extracurricular activities		102		-		102
School supplies		2,085		-		2,085
Unassigned (deficit)		1,378,481		(444)		1,378,037
Total fund balances		1,625,531		736,732		2,362,263
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	4,927,966	\$	1,213,542	\$	6,141,508

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,362,263
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
statement of het position are afferent because.		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,885,693
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 486,392	
Accrued interest receivable	1,528	
Intergovernmental receivable	103,327	
Total		591,247
Unamortized deferred charges are not recognized in the funds.		19,393
Unamortized discounts are not recognized in the funds.		1,725
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not		
recognized in the funds.		(51,938)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(2,443)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
Energy conservation improvement bonds	(215,000)	
General obligation current interest bonds payable	(960,000)	
General obligation capital appreciation bonds payable	(44,999)	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds payable	(57,076)	
Compensated absences payable	(403,725)	
Total		 (1,680,800)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 10,125,140

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:		_				
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$	2,308,025	\$	300,480	\$	2,608,505
Tuition		331,821		_		331,821
Earnings on investments		3,284		479		3,763
Charges for services		-		93,516		93,516
Extracurricular		45,606		66,511		112,117
Classroom materials and fees		1,478		_		1,478
Contributions and donations		6,805		5,815		12,620
Other local revenues		7,229		-		7,229
Intergovernmental - state		4,022,484		70,386		4,092,870
Intergovernmental - federal		-		706,242		706,242
Total revenues		6,726,732		1,243,429		7,970,161
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular		3,680,211		13,412		3,693,623
Special		544,590		446,769		991,359
Vocational		62,276		-		62,276
Other		4,924		_		4,924
Support services:		.,>2.				.,>2.
Pupil		217,358		1,650		219,008
Instructional staff		103,349		21,180		124,529
Board of education		41,235				41,235
Administration		619,940		347		620,287
Fiscal		232,819		6,940		239,759
Business		26,494		-		26,494
Operations and maintenance		478,347		84,564		562,911
Pupil transportation		379,608		50,778		430,386
Central		7,966		3,600		11,566
Operation of non-instructional services:		7,500		3,000		11,500
Other non-instructional services		152		_		152
Food service operations		132		261,510		261,510
Extracurricular activities		168,985		58,398		227,383
Facilities acquisition and construction		8,998		23,753		32,751
Debt service:		0,770		23,733		32,731
Principal retirement		_		155,000		155,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_		30,850		30,850
Total expenditures		6,577,252		1,158,751		7,736,003
Total expenditures		0,377,232	-	1,130,731		7,730,003
Excess of expenditures over						
revenues		149,480		84,678		234,158
Other financing sources:						
Sale of assets		1,800		-		1,800
Total other financing sources		1,800				1,800
Net change in fund balances		151,280		84,678		235,958
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,474,251		658,681		2,132,932
Increase in reserve for inventory	_			(6,627)		(6,627)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,625,531	\$	736,732	\$	2,362,263

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 235,958
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions	27,450	
Current year depreciation Total	(357,279)	(329,829)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are		(6.627)
reported as an expense when consumed. Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide		(6,627)
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental	(55,024) 1,528 53,832	
Total	33,032	336
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were:		155,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being reported in the statement of activities:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums	256 (21,298) 8,094	
Amortization of bond discounts Amortization of deferred charges Total	(139) (3,023)	(16,110)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures		
in governmental funds.	-	 33,226
Change in net position of governmental activities	:	\$ 71,954

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Revenues: Final order of the property taxes Image: Property taxes \$ 1,584,611 \$ 1,648,944		Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Revenues		()riginal	Final		Actual		
Property taxes	Revenues:		9					9 /
Tuition 314,156 33,821 331,821 - Earnings on investments 4,718 3,048 3,048 - Other local revenues 7,542 7,229 7,229 - Intergovernmental - state 3,882,381 3,877,405 3,877,405 - Total revenues 5,793,408 5,868,447 5,868,447 - Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,399,094 3,230,218 3,223,680 6,538 Special 533,298 511,226 515,328 (4,102 Vocational 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 Other 8,751 5,012 5,712 (700 Support services: Pupil 1, 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 64,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093	From local sources:							
Earnings on investments 4,718 3,048 3,048	Property taxes	\$	1,584,611	\$ 1,648,944	\$	1,648,944	\$	-
Other local revenues 7,542 7,229 7,229 - Intergovernmental - state 3,882,381 3,877,405 3,877,405 - Total revenues 5,793,408 5,868,447 5,868,447 - Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,399,094 3,230,218 3,223,680 6,538 Special 533,298 511,226 515,328 (4,102 Vocational. 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 Other. 8,751 5,012 5,712 (700 Support services: Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 <td>Tuition</td> <td></td> <td>314,156</td> <td>331,821</td> <td></td> <td>331,821</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Tuition		314,156	331,821		331,821		-
Intergovernmental - state	Earnings on investments		4,718	3,048		3,048		-
Expenditures: 5,793,408 5,868,447 5,868,447 - Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,399,094 3,230,218 3,223,680 6,538 Special. 533,298 511,226 515,328 (4,102 Vocational. 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 Other. 8,751 5,012 5,712 (700 Support services: Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 57	Other local revenues		7,542	7,229		7,229		-
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular 3,399,094 3,230,218 3,223,680 6,538 Special 533,298 511,226 515,328 (4,102 Vocational 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 (700 50,000 60	Intergovernmental - state		3,882,381	3,877,405		3,877,405		-
Current: Instruction: Regular .	Total revenues		5,793,408	5,868,447		5,868,447		
Instruction: Regular 3,399,094 3,230,218 3,223,680 6,538 Special 533,298 511,226 515,328 (4,102 Vocational 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 60,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 62,144 62,087 67 (700 66,749 67 67 (700 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	Expenditures:							
Regular 3,399,094 3,230,218 3,223,680 6,538 Special. 533,298 511,226 515,328 (4,102 Vocational. 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 Other. 8,751 5,012 5,712 (700 Support services: Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 </td <td>Current:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current:							
Special. 533,298 511,226 515,328 (4,102 Vocational. 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 Other. 8,751 5,012 5,712 (700 Support services: Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007	Instruction:							
Vocational. 66,749 62,144 62,087 57 Other. 8,751 5,012 5,712 (700 Support services: Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance. 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities. 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481	Regular		3,399,094	3,230,218		3,223,680		6,538
Other. 8,751 5,012 5,712 (700 Support services: Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093	Special		533,298	511,226		515,328		(4,102)
Support services: Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093	Vocational		66,749	62,144		62,087		57
Pupil. 215,863 230,262 223,014 7,248 Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093	Other		8,751	5,012		5,712		(700)
Instructional staff 121,688 118,947 117,478 1,469 Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093	Support services:							
Board of education 48,639 43,280 42,933 347 Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093			215,863	230,262		223,014		7,248
Administration. 628,380 622,719 619,241 3,478 Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093	Instructional staff		121,688			117,478		1,469
Fiscal 210,535 213,085 212,093 992 Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Board of education		48,639	43,280		42,933		347
Business 27,007 28,152 26,494 1,658 Operations and maintenance 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 Extracurricular activities 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues								3,478
Operations and maintenance. 363,184 338,317 323,033 15,284 Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities. 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
Pupil transportation 287,421 287,278 286,704 574 Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities. 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues								,
Central. 1,992 3,219 3,269 (50 Other operation of non-instructional services 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities. 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues	•			,		*		,
Other operation of non-instructional services . 121 152 152 - Extracurricular activities . 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures . 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues	· ·			,		*		
Extracurricular activities. 130,759 125,007 123,707 1,300 Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues				,				(50)
Total expenditures 6,043,481 5,819,018 5,784,925 34,093 Excess (deficiency) of revenues	1							1 200
				 				34,093
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(250,072)	49,429		83,522		34,093
over (under) expenditures	over (under) expenditures		(230,073)	 49,429		83,322		34,093
Other financing sources (uses):	Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures 4,836 20,026 20,026 -	Refund of prior year's expenditures		4,836	20,026		20,026		-
	` '		(9,565)	(9,565)		-		9,565
Sale of assets - 1,800 -	Sale of assets		-	 1,800		1,800		
Total other financing sources (uses) (4,729) 12,261 21,826 9,565	Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,729)	12,261		21,826		9,565
Net change in fund balance	Net change in fund balance		(254,802)	61,690		105,348		43,658
Fund balance at beginning of year 1,788,701 1,788,701 -	Fund balance at beginning of year		1,788,701	1,788,701		1,788,701		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated 30,941 30,941 -	Prior year encumbrances appropriated		30,941	30,941		30,941		-
Fund balance at end of year \$ 1,564,840 \$ 1,881,332 \$ 1,924,990 \$ 43,658	Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,564,840	\$ 1,881,332	\$	1,924,990	\$	43,658

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Private-Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets:				_
Current assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	1,000	\$	16,070
Total assets		1,000	\$	16,070
Liabilities:				
Due to students		<u> </u>	\$	16,070
Total liabilities			\$	16,070
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		1,000		
Total net position	\$	1,000		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship		
Additions:			
Gifts and contributions	\$	1,000	
Total additions		1,000	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		1,500	
Change in net position		(500)	
Net position at beginning of year		1,500	
Net position at end of year	\$	1,000	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bristol Local School District (the "District") is located in Trumbull County and encompasses all of the Village of Bristol and all or part of surrounding townships.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District currently operates one comprehensive K-12 school. The District is staffed by 26 non-certified, 50 certified teaching personnel and 4 administrators who provide services to approximately 815 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board, which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County districts, and a treasurer from each county. The District was not represented on the Governing Board during fiscal year 2014. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. A complete set of separate financial statements may be obtained from the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown-Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium Association

The Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium Association (the "Consortium") is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County school districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises controls over the operations of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and remitted to the fiscal agent Trumbull County Educational Service Center. The fiscal agent will then remit the charges for services to Watson Wyatt Worldwide in Cleveland, Ohio, an agent of Medical Mutual, who acts in the capacity of a third-party administrator (TPA) for claims processing.

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Income taxes, payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2014, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Although the legal level of budgeting control was established at the fund level of expenditures for the General fund, the District has elected to present its respective budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditure. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with Trumbull County Budget Commission for rate determination.

Estimated Resources:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control. Any revisions that alter the fund level of expenditures must be approved by the Board of Education.

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to investments in State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), negotiable certificates of deposit and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Non-participating investment contracts, such as a non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2014. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$3,284, which includes \$782 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method and is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least 15 years of service regardless or their age were considered expected to become eligible in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

J. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net position. The District had no interfund loans receivable/payable at June 30, 2014.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for miscellaneous state and federal grants.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. All interfund transactions between governmental funds have been eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Q. Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Issuance Costs/Unamortized Accounting Gain or Loss

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

On fund financial statements and the government wide financial statements, issuance costs are expensed in the fiscal year they occur.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 8.A.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2014.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees".

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	_De	ficit
Race to the top	\$	3
IDEA Part-B		347
Improving teacher quality		94

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio):
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,866,246. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2014, \$127,214 of the District's bank balance of \$1,882,572 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$1,755,358 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investment and maturity:

		Investment Maturity
		6 months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	less
Negotiable CDs	\$ 496,998	\$ 496,998
STAR Ohio	593,306	593,306
Total	\$ 1,090,304	\$ 1,090,304

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The negotiable certificates of deposit are fully insured by the FDIC. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2014:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
Negotiable CDs	\$ 496,998	45.58
STAR Ohio	593,306	54.42
Total	\$ 1,090,304	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Activities

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	1,866,246
Investments	_	1,090,304
Total	\$	2,956,550
Cash and investments per statement of net position		
Governmental activities	\$	2,939,480
Private-purpose trust funds		1,000
Agency funds	_	16,070
Total	\$	2,956,550

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$15,112 in the general fund, \$1,168 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$739 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$205 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013 was \$17,635 in the general fund, \$1,287 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), \$238 in the classroom facilities maintenance fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$760 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

		2013 Seco Half Collect		2014 First Half Collections				
	Amount Percent			Amount Percer				
Agricultural/residential	_			_				
and other real estate	\$	87,682,940	97.29	\$	87,527,270	97.05		
Public utility personal		2,438,110	2.71	_	2,658,720	2.95		
Total	\$	90,121,050	100.00	\$	90,185,990	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation		\$51.35			\$51.45			

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 3,006,304
Accounts	1,025
Accrued interest	1,851
Intergovernmental	180,624
Total	\$ 3,189,804

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/13	Additions	Deductions	Balance 06/30/14
Governmental activities:	00/30/13	Additions	Deductions	00/30/14
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 178,569	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 178,569
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	178,569			178,569
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	21,826	-	-	21,826
Building and improvements	11,404,697	7,020	-	11,411,717
Furniture and equipment	1,191,154	20,430	-	1,211,584
Vehicles	679,238		(7,500)	671,738
Total capital assets, being depreciated	13,296,915	27,450	(7,500)	13,316,865
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(21,826)	_	_	(21,826)
Building and improvements	(3,154,019)	(240,441)	-	(3,394,460)
Furniture and equipment	(790,675)	(55,176)	-	(845,851)
Vehicles	(293,442)	(61,662)	7,500	(347,604)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,259,962)	(357,279)	7,500	(4,609,741)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,215,522	\$ (329,829)	\$ -	\$ 8,885,693

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 182,149
Special	37,902
Vocational	1,606
Support service:	
Pupil	1,415
Instructional staff	6,653
Administration	5,947
Fiscal	460
Operations and maintenance	47,185
Pupil transportation	59,486
Other non-instructional services	11,578
Extracurricular activities	1,427
Food service operations	1,471
Total depreciation expense	\$ 357,279

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2014, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

Governmental activities:	Balance 06/30/13		Increases		Decreases		Balance 06/30/14		Due Within One Year	
General obligation bonds										
Energy conservation improvement bonds - series 2012	\$	230,000	\$	-	\$	(15,000)	\$	215,000	\$	15,000
Classroom facilities improvement refunding bonds:										
Current interest refunding serial bonds-series 2010		810,000		-		(140,000)		670,000		140,000
Current interest refunding term bonds-series 2010		290,000		-		-		290,000		-
Capital appreciation refunding bonds-series 2010		44,999		-		-		44,999		-
Accreted interest-series 2010		35,778		21,298				57,076	_	<u> </u>
Total general obligation bonds	1	,410,777		21,298		(155,000)	_	1,277,075	_	155,000
Compensated absences		468,784		33,680		(47,549)		454,915		95,941
Total long-term obligations	\$ 1	,879,561	\$	54,978	\$	(202,549)	_	1,731,990	\$	250,941
	Add: Unamortized premium on bonds - 2010							51,938		
	Less:	Unamortiz	ed di		(1,725)					
	Total 1	reported on	state	ement of ne	t posi	ition	\$	1,782,203		

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid, which for the District, is primarily the general fund and food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

<u>Energy Conservation Bonds - Series 2012</u>: On June 14, 2012, the District issued \$240,000 in general obligation bonds to provide financing for various construction projects to improve energy conservation. The issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$240,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.80% - 3.125%. The bonds have a final maturity date of December 1, 2026.

<u>Classroom Facilities Improvement Refunding Bonds - Series 2010</u> - On September 22, 2010, the District issued series 2010 classroom facilities improvement refunding bonds to currently refund the callable portion of the series 1997 general obligation bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded general obligation bonds at June 30, 2014, is \$960,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

This refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds (consisting of \$1,195,000 of serial bonds and \$290,000 of term bonds) and capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$44,999. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranged from 1.00% to 2.80%. The bonds were issued for a ten year period, with final maturity during fiscal year 2021. The bonds will be retired through the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2015 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The capital appreciation bonds bear an approximate stated interest rate of 23.857%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$145,000. Total accreted interest of \$57,076 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

Interest payments on the serial and term current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2020 and December 1, 2017, respectively.

The \$290,000 current interest term bonds maturing on December 1, 2017, shall bear interest at the rate of 2.20% per year and be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on December 1, 2016 (Mandatory Redemption Date), in the principal amount of \$145,000 (with the balance of \$145,000 to be paid at maturity on December 1, 2017).

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$30,730. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

The following is a summary of the District's future debt service requirements to maturity for the series 2010 classroom facilities improvement refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	Current Interest Bonds - Refunding 2010					Capital Appreciation Bonds - Refunding						
Ending June 30,	_1	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	<u>I</u>	Principal	_]	Interest	_	Total
2015	\$	140,000	\$	22,190	\$	162,190	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
2016		-		20,790		20,790		44,999		100,001		145,000
2017		145,000		20,790		165,790		-		-		-
2018		145,000		16,005		161,005		-		-		-
2019		170,000		12,200		182,200		-		-		-
2020 - 2021		360,000		10,035		370,035	_	_		_		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	960,000	\$	102,010	\$	1,062,010	\$	44,999	\$	100,001	\$	145,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Fiscal Year	Energy Conservation Bonds - Series 2012							
Ending June 30,	Principal	l Interest		Total				
2015	\$ 15,00	0 \$ 5,590	\$	20,590				
2016	15,00	0 5,320		20,320				
2017	15,00	0 5,050		20,050				
2018	15,00	0 4,780		19,780				
2019	15,00	0 4,510		19,510				
2020 - 2024	80,00	0 15,937		95,937				
2025 - 2027	60,00	0 2,813		62,813				
Total	\$ 215,00	0 \$ 44,000	\$	259,000				

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2014, are a voted debt margin of \$7,215,211 (including available funds of \$103,471), an unvoted debt margin of \$90,186, and an energy conservation debt margin of \$596,674.

NOTE 9 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-two days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement during the first year of eligibility, payment is made for one-third of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of eighty days for both certificated and classified employees. Upon retirement after the first year of eligibility, payment is made for one-third of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum of eighty days, plus 15 percent of accrued sick leave over the maximum days accrued. An employee receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio and School Employees Retirement System.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 9 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. Insurance Benefits

The District provides health, vision and life insurance coverage for employees. The health insurance coverage is administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio, a third party administrator. Vision Service Plan administers the vision coverage. Medical Life Insurance Company provides the life insurance coverage. The District pays the insurance premiums, as a fringe benefit for the employees.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, and general liability.

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The liability limits are \$500,000 for each accident, medical coverage of \$3,000 per person, and uninsured motorist of \$500,000 for each accident with a collision deductible of \$500.

The property damage per occurrence limit is \$22,438.032.

The District liability policy has a limit of \$2,000,000 for each occurrence and \$4,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in amounts of insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

B. Health Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the state to form the Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 16 member school districts in Trumbull County. The District pays a monthly premium to Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association for its insurance coverage. It is intended that the Trumbull County School Insurance Consortium Association will be self-supporting through member premiums. The Consortium employs reinsurance agreements (stop-loss coverage) to reduce its risk that large losses may be incurred on medical claims. This allows the Consortium to recover a portion of losses on claims from re-insurers, although it does not discharge their primary liability.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

C. OSBA Group Workers' Compensation Rating Plan

For fiscal year 2014, the District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan.

A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$100,481, \$100,108 and \$97,086, respectively; 83.17 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$360,590, \$358,347 and \$365,528, respectively; 83.99 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$30,346 made by the District and \$23,843 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$14,411, \$12,894 and \$15,876, respectively; 83.17 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$5,676, \$5,655 and \$5,733, respectively; 83.17 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$27,738, \$27,565 and \$28,118, respectively; 83.99 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fun	
Budget basis	\$	105,348
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		32,413
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		14,648
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		(20,026)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		(22,155)
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	41,052
GAAP basis	\$	151,280

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, emergency levy fund, public school support fund and District agency fund.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 15 - SET ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

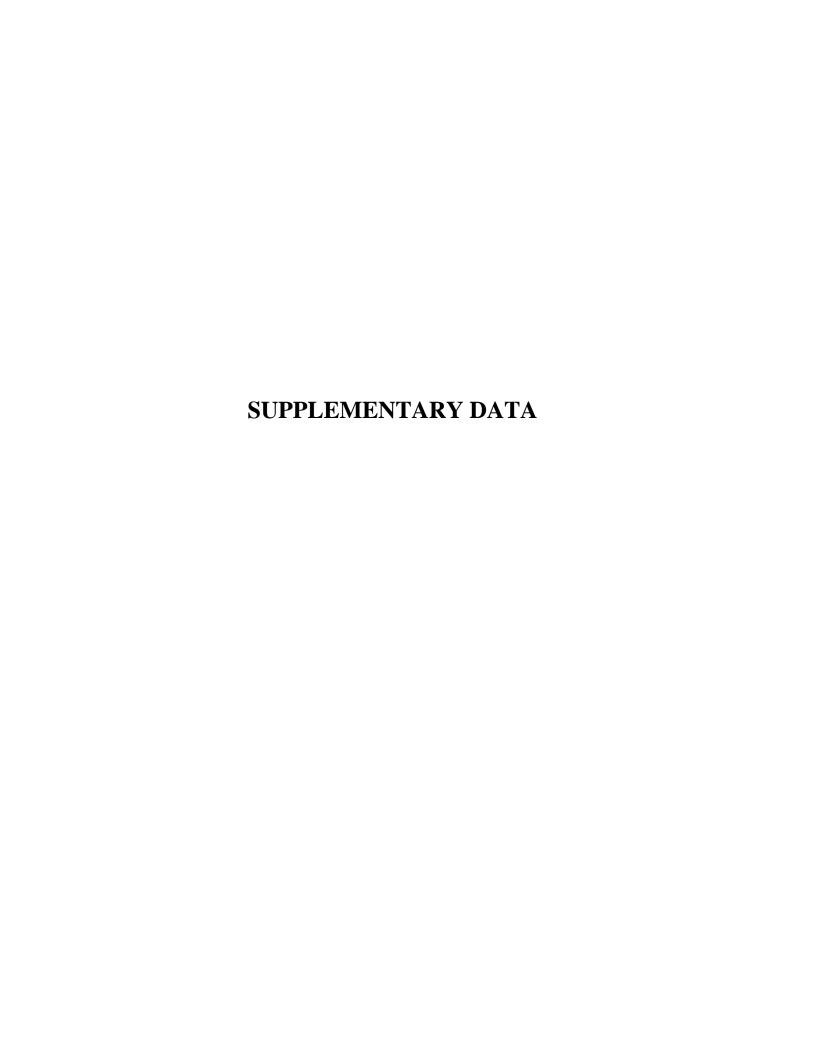
	Capital	
	<u>Imp</u>	<u>rovements</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		119,312
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		-
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets		(167,523)
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds	_	<u> </u>
Total	\$	(48,211)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2015	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$	_

During fiscal year 1998, the District issued \$2,333,870 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition below zero for future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$1,738,309 at June 30, 2014.

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund Type	Year-End Encumbrances		
General Other governmental	\$ 63,084 97,155		
Total	\$ 160,239		



BRISTOL LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
(D),(E) School Breakfast Program	10.553	2014	\$ 54,160	\$ 54,160
(C),(D) National School Lunch Program - Food Donation (D),(E) National School Lunch Program Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2014 2014	3,599 116,593 120,192	3,599 116,593 120,192
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Child Nutrition Cluster			174,352	174,352
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	2013 2014	28,948 273,834	34,324 273,180
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			302,782	307,504
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2014	155,977	155,977
Rural Education	84.358	2014	12,227	12,227
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2014	37,202	37,202
ARRA, Race to the Top - Recovery Act ARRA, Race to the Top Advance Placement - Recovery Act Total Race to the Top	84.395 84.395	2014 2014	350 10,000 10,350	350 10,000 10,350
Total U.S. Department of Education			518,538	523,260
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 692,890	\$ 697,612

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
- OAKS did not assign pass through numbers for fiscal year 2014.

 This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

 The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value.

 Included as part of "Child Nutrition Cluster" in determining major programs.

 Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Road Bristolville, Ohio 44402

To the Board of Education:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bristol Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bristol Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 4, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Bristol Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Bristol Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Bristol Local School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Board of Education Bristol Local School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Bristol Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we tested it compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our auditing and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Bristol Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bristol Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 4, 2014

Julian & Sube the!



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to The Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by *OMB Circular A-133*

Bristol Local School District Trumbull County 1845 Greenville Road Bristolville, Ohio 44402

To the Board of Education

Report on Compliance for The Major Federal Program

We have audited Bristol Local School District's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Bristol Local School District's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Bristol Local School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Bristol Local School District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Bristol Local School District's compliance for the Bristol Local School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Bristol Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Bristol Local School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Bristol Local School District's compliance.

Board of Education Bristol Local School District

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Bristol Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Bristol Local School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Bristol Local School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Bristol Local School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. November 4, 2014

Julian & Sube, the!

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No		
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - CFDA #84.010		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes		

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





BRISTOL LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 18, 2014