TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT BUTLER COUNTY

Audit Report

Year Ended December 31, 2013





Board of Trustees Transportation Improvement District of Butler County 1921 Fairgrove Avenue Hamilton, Ohio 45011

We have reviewed the *Report of Independent Accountants* of the Transportation Improvement District of Butler County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Transportation Improvement District of Butler County is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

July 1, 2014



TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO AUDIT REPORT For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Title</u>	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	1-2
Status of Prior Audit's Citations and Recommendations	3



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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Transportation Improvement District of Butler County 1921 Fairgrove Avenue Hamilton, Ohio 45011

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Transportation Improvement District of Butler County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Transportation Improvement District of Butler County Butler County Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Assertister

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. May 30, 2014

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT'S CITATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

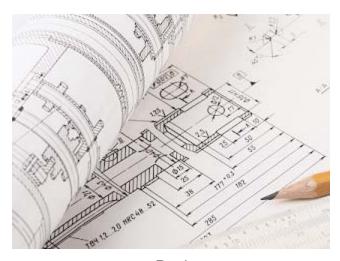
The prior audit report, for the years ending December 31, 2012, reported no material citations or recommendations.





Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Evolution of a TID Project







Construction



Completion

Mission Statement: To provide creative opportunities for expediting transportation system improvements, promoting economic development and enhancing the quality of life in Butler County.



Transportation Improvement District of Butler County, Ohio



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Prepared by: Sean Fraunfelter, CPA - Finance Department



Transportation Improvement District of Butler County, Ohio **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report** For the Year Ended December 31, 2013 **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND

Miscellaneous Statistics......65

I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND
Transmittal Letteri	SCHEDULES
Major Initiativesii	
Economic Condition and Outlookiv	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Descriptions37 Combining Balance Sheet
GFOA Certificate of Achievementvi	Nonmajor Governmental Fund39
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
Organizational Charts	and Changes in Fund Balances
TID Staffvii	Nonmajor Governmental Funds40
TID Board of Trusteesviii	Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
	in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - (Budgetary Basis)
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	Liberty Interchange Fund41
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT1	State Route 4 Bypass Widening Fund42
	South Hamilton Crossing Fund43
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS4	Union Centre Extension Fund44
	State Route 747 Fund45
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	State Route 129 Extension Fund46
Government-wide Financial Statements	Muhlhauser Road Fund47
Statement of Net Position12	
Statement of Activities13	
	III. STATISTICAL SECTION
Fund Financial Statements	Statistical Section Descriptions49
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds14	Net Position by Component - Last Ten Years51
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	Change in Net Position - Last Ten Years52
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds16	Fund Balances, Government Funds
	Last Ten Years55
Notes to the Financial Statements18	Change in Fund Balances, Government Funds
	Last Ten Years56
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION	Revenue Bond Coverage - Liberty Interchange
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	Special Obligation Bonds - Last Seven Years58
Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and	Revenue Bond Coverage - State Route 4 Bypass
Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund33	Special Obligation Bonds - Last Five Years59
	Ratio of Special Obligation Bonds per Capita -
Notes to Supplementary Information34	Last Seven Fiscal Years60
	Full Time Equivalent Employees - Last Ten Years61
	Top Ten Tax Payers - Real Property -
	Current and Nine Years Ago62
	Principal Employers - Current and Nine Years Ago63
	Demographic Statistics64



INTRODUCTORY SECTION





May 30, 2014

To the Citizens of Butler County and the Butler County Transportation Improvement District Board of Trustees:

We are pleased to present the Butler County Transportation Improvement District (TID) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the year ended December 31, 2013. This report contains basic financial statements and other financial and statistical information — providing complete and full disclosure of all financial aspects of the TID for 2013.

Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of this report rests with the TID and the Finance Department, in particular. This report was prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources. This report is representative of the TID's commitment to provide complete financial information to the citizens of Butler County.

FORM OF GOVERNMENT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Butler County TID was created on June 30, 1993, under the auspices of House Bill 154 and Ohio Revised Code Section 5540.02. On December 7, 1993, the Butler County Commissioners authorized the creation of the TID by Resolution 93-12-2209. This resolution brought the TID together as an organized entity on January 31, 1994. The TID includes all of the territory within the following political subdivisions of Butler County: the City of Hamilton, the City of Fairfield, Fairfield Township, West Chester Township and Liberty Township. The City of Hamilton appoints one of its positions to represent the Cities of Middletown, Monroe and Trenton. The Board of Trustees appoints a representative from the City of Oxford as its board appointment. With these actions, the TID Board and local governments are working to broaden the reach of the TID.

The TID is a jointly governed organization — both corporate and politic — given the powers to finance, construct, maintain, repair, and operate transportation systems. The TID is governed by a Board of Trustees which acts as the authoritative and legislative body. The Board of Trustees currently is comprised of eighteen members, of which thirteen are voting and five are non-voting. Of the eighteen, three are elected as officers of the TID: the Chair, Vice-Chair and Secretary-Treasurer. Each officer serves a one-year term. TID Board members are appointed by the following member governments: Butler County, the City of Hamilton, the City of Fairfield, Fairfield Township, Liberty Township, West Chester Township, the State of Ohio, and the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments. The Butler County Engineer is designated by law as a member.

The Board Chair is appointed annually by the Board of Trustees. The Chair is responsible for presiding at all Board meetings and is the chief legislative officer of the TID. The TID Director, also hired by the Board of Trustees, serves as chief executive officer of the TID as prescribed by the Board of Trustees.

This report presents the financial activity of the District in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other recognized authoritative sources, and is consistent with the reporting model as promulgated by GASB Statements No. 34, 54, 63 and 65.

GAAP requires management to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent accountants.

MAJOR INITIATIVES - Butler County getting used to Superstreets

Bypass State Route 4 Widening/Airport Access

There is a significant amount of history associated with the Bypass widening that anyone from Butler County knows all about. Over the past several years, the amount of traffic on the Bypass has increased, resulting in the need for a new Ohio design concept called a "superstreet." Construction has been completed on the four phases including the three related intersections. The superstreet design at State Route 4 Bypass and Hamilton-Mason Road functions as follows: a driver westbound on Hamilton-Mason -- in order to continue west on that road -- would (1) turn right, or northbound, onto the bypass, (2) proceed to the left to the median crossover, (3) make a left U-turn onto the southbound bypass lanes and (4) then turn right at Hamilton-Mason. Through traffic on Bypass 4 continues to experience reduced wait time at intersection red lights. (See right)

Fiscal year 2009 proved to be a very successful year by receiving American Reinvestment Recovery Act funding that paid for part of the construction on Phase 2 (pictured here) along with funding through Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of



Governments program, Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) funding, Federal Highway (FHWA) Safety Grant money and other grant funding. The District was responsible for Phase 1 (Hamilton-Mason Road intersection), Phase 2 (Symmes Road intersection), Phase 3 (Tylersville Road intersection), and Phase 5A (bridge over State Route 129). The City of Fairfield completed Phase 4 (south of Symmes to SR4).



The local governments, Butler County, Fairfield Township and the City of Hamilton, pledged future tax dollars from the area to issue a \$7.2 million economic recovery zone bond in December 2009. The savings the District was able to achieve through grants dollars and ODOT waiving certain fees allowed for the local contribution on Phase 5A to be funded in 2011 from this bond issue when the District needed to match the OKI grant received to pay for the remaining costs on Phase 5A. The City of Fairfield paid one hundred percent of its phase at the southern terminus. The local governments' original commitment to fund the local share was significantly reduced with the District's ability to generate grant and low interest bearing bonds for the project.

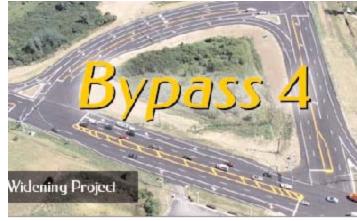
The picture on the left shows the Symmes Road intersection completed with the medians north and south of the intersection where the turn-arounds are located as described above.



One of the aspects in Phase 3 was construction of a roadway stub for the future Bobmeyer Road project. The stub did create some engineering design issues as the roadway comes in just north of the railroad bridge and to the east of the current airport runway with a wetland pond located to the south. The picture on the left shows where the future extension will connect to the State Route 4 Bypass.

The District's four phases were successfully bid to three different contractors, with John R. Jurgensen receiving Phases 1 and 3 (logistically next to each other), Barrett Paving securing Phase 2. and Phase 5A to Complete General Construction Company. If you include the City of Fairfield's phase, you have four different contractors (Sunesis) completing the six-mile construction project.

The City of Fairfield utilizes a new Ohio design concept to help alleviate traffic congestion at the terminus on State Route 4. The design is referred as the "jug-handle" and allows for the current intersection to be split, providing better signal timing along the State Route 4 corridor. The picture to the right shows finished dual intersection from the City's website. The final phase of the project was completed in 2013.



South Hamilton Crossing

The South Hamilton Crossing project will create an overpass over the CSX Railroad in the southern portion of the City and allow for greater access into the City's technology park and Miami University Hamilton. The project also makes significant changes to the adjoining roads by raising them to adjoin the new overpass.

The District and City of Hamilton entered into an intergovernmental agreement during 2011 for the District to oversee the engineering design phase of the project. The District received funding through the State of Ohio House Bill 51 initiative that permitted TIDs to request funding for local projects of \$250,000 annually and not to exceed ten percent of the total project cost. The District was successful in receiving this grant funding for two consecutive years to help fund the engineering/environmental work on the project. The District is applying for another \$250,000 funding to assist with the right of way acquisition process.

The District has received grant funding through the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Council of Governments CMAQ program for right of way acquisition of \$2.45 million. The estimated right of costs are higher than these two potential grants requiring a local match from the City of Hamilton. The District is applying through the Ohio Department of Transportation - Transportation Review Advisory Council (TRAC) for funding of the construction phase. The District also is working with the railroads and local partners to cover the remaining costs of the construction. The District scored well in the 2013 TRAC process but did not have environmental clearance to start the project when final awards from TRAC was made. The District has streamlined the project time line to where construction could start as early as late 2015 as long as the available funding can be obtained. The District is evaluating sources such as the State Infrastructure Bank to leverage other funding and move the project along at the new schedule. The cover of this year's CAFR presents the preferred alignment of the project.

Yankee Road Relocation

During 2013, the District started working with the Cities of Monroe and Middletown to extend Yankee Road from the current terminus at Todhunter Road to State Route 63. The District is applying for House Bill 51 funding in 2014 for engineering design. The estimated construction date is late 2017 with the cities and Butler County Engineer's office contributing a local match or in-kind services to the construction grant funding.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The TID has seen state and federal government financing for projects on the decline. With recent State of Ohio budget cuts, the local governments have limited resources to allocate for major infrastructure projects, but our partners have continued to step up, locally funding a majority of the South Hamilton Crossing, a substantial part of the overall Bypass 4 widening project for the past several years and the completed Liberty Interchange project for which the bond payments are 100% locally funded. The state has also continued with its restrictions on funding major new projects through its TRAC Program. Fund previously allocated to TID's through ODOT's operating budget were changed by HB114 to a competitive process after fiscal year 2011 for the District. Eligible TID's throughout the state may apply for up to \$250,000 annually per project per year subject to others limits per request. The TID was successful in its two applications for the South Hamilton Crossing project. The District had used this funding in prior years to help offset operating cost. This is no longer an eligible expense. The TID is also holding significant land along Liberty Way that will help fund operations for the next decade as development started construction during first quarter of 2014.

The future sale of the District property and the potential administrative fee on the South Hamilton Crossing project will provide the District will operating capital to fund operations and develop projects over the next several years. The District's success in grant awards can help projects move forward in a more efficient manner especially when multiple jurisdictions are involved.

The TID can work with local officials to bring together an infrastructure improvement project, but these projects can't happen without the financing commitment from the local governments. With tight budgets, local governments have turned to alternative methods for financing infrastructure projects that are necessary for either safety improvements or to bring in more development for the area. Tax increment financing areas is used along with other financing options such as joint economic development districts as ways to pay for these necessary improvements.

TID INTERNAL CONTROLS

In developing and evaluating the TID's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting control. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding: 1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, or 2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The TID has a small staff to complete segregation of duties, but everything is done to the best of the abilities of current staffing to assure that proper internal controls over cash, check writing and authorizations are in place.

SIGNIFICANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The TID operates through administrative fees with local governments that participate in TID projects. The TID has the ability to purchase land that is not considered for right-of-way purposes and hold for future resale. As discussed above, the TID has significant land along Liberty Way that will be critical to the long term financial health of the TID, as well as provide possible funding alternatives to its project base.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The TID operates from three typical financial sources: investment interest revenue, local government contributions and a three percent administration charge on project management services. The TID Board continues working on alternative funding sources for operations and projects. For additional information on the financial condition of the TID, please review the Management Discussion and Analysis starting on page 3 of the report.

From a long term financial planning perspective, the TID Board and staff continue to evaluate future projects that will provide the District with the additional administrative revenue necessary to fund operations. The District's ability to work on future projects such as the South Hamilton Crossing and the Yankee Road Relocation is critical for the District and also for the local governments throughout Butler County.

AUDIT

An audit team from Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. performed this year's audit. The results of the audit are presented in the Independent Auditors Report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the TID for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. This was the eighteenth consecutive year that the TID has received this award for excellence. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the TID published a clear and effective CAFR.

The TID staff works to develop a level of professionalism and sound financial reporting. The preparation and publication of this CAFR serves as a cornerstone for the TID's efforts. A special note of acknowledgment is presented to our Board of Trustees for their knowledge and dedication, serving as volunteers to the TID. The TID also acknowledges our local governments that are critical to the success of the District. Our Board of Trustees organizational chart (page viii) identified which local government each member represents. Without their support to the projects of the District it would not be possible to have successfully completed almost \$308 million in construction projects throughout Butler County. The report demonstrates the level of accountability that we strive to maintain each year. We hope this report increases public confidence in the operation and management of the TID. The report also provides a fair presentation of the financial condition of the TID as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Respectfully submitted,

David L. Spinney

TID Director

Gregory J. Wilkens, P.E., P.S.

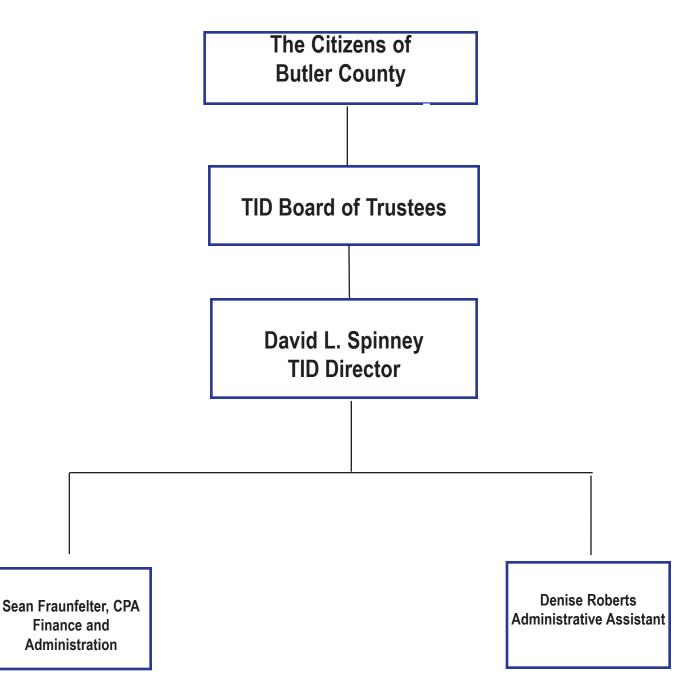
Secretary/Treasurer - TID Board of Trustees

Sean Fraunfelter, CPA

Finance and Administration



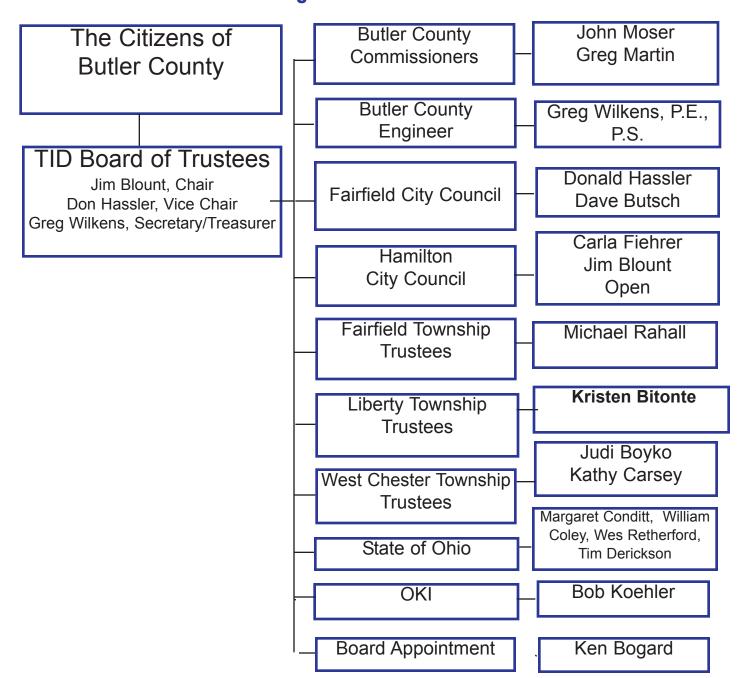
2013 Staff Organizational Chart





TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

2013 Board of Trustees Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Butler County Transportation Improvement District

Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2012

Executive Director/CEO





FINANCIAL

SECTION





Fax - (216) 436-2411

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Transportation Improvement District of Butler County 1921 Fairgrove Avenue Hamilton, Ohio 45011

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Transportation Improvement District of Butler County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Transportation Improvement District of Butler County Butler County Report of Independent Accountants Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Transportation Improvement District, Butler County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and required budgetary comparison schedules listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules, and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

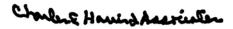
The financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Transportation Improvement District of Butler County Butler County Report of Independent Accountants Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2014 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. May 30, 2014

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Our discussion and analysis of the Transportation Improvement District of Butler County, Ohio's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. Please review it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the District's basic financial statements, which begin on page 12.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position decreased \$33.0 million mainly the dedication of the State Route Bypass 4 widening project to ODOT and also from the District's return of contributions in relation to the Liberty Interchange project. The local governments contribute fully their net assigned revenues during the year then a calculation is done to return the excess funds. Fiscal year 2013 was the second year the calculation was completed with more funds (\$1.84 million) being returned than received during the year (\$1.1 million) due to the carry over balance from 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$0.01 million in revenues or 2.29 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and capital grants accounted for \$3.99 million or 97.71 percent of all revenues.
- The District added \$0.75 million in capital assets during the current year as the construction projects that added large amounts in prior years were completed. The District is in the early stages of two projects that produces lower capi -talized expenses.
- Among the major funds, the State Route Bypass 4 Widening fund had expenditures of \$1.10 million as the District spent final construction monies from the grants to close out the various phases. The Liberty Interchange fund saw a \$2.1 million in intergovernmental revenue from the local governments compared to \$3.8 million in 2012.
- Since inception, the District has spent approximately \$308 million on construction projects in Butler County proving the
 District is a vital governmental tool to be used by the local governments to help increase the movement of the Butler
 County residents and open up valuable acreage for development that will keep Butler County as one of the grow
 -ing communities in Ohio.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12-13) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 14. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most financially significant funds.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 5. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is "Is the District as a whole better off or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *Net Position* and changes in it. You can think of the District's Net Position, the difference between assets, what the District owns, and liabilities, what the District owes, as one way to measure the District's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the District's Net Position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the District's jurisdiction, the availability of capital project needs and continuing local government support to assess the *overall health* of the District.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Major Funds

- General
- Liberty Interchange
- State Route 4 Bypass Widening
- South Hamilton Crossing

Our analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 8. The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Board of Trustees establishes many other funds to help control and manage money for particular purposes (ex. various capital projects funds). The District only has governmental funds.

Governmental Funds: The District's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation beside the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-32 of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information, combining and individual fund statements and schedules and statistical information which can be found on pages 33-65 of this report.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's total Net Position changed significantly from a year ago resulting from the capital asset removal. Our analysis below focuses on the Net Position (Table 1) and Changes in Net Position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1
Net Position (in millions)

	2012	2013		2012	2013
Current and other assets	\$ 9.7	\$ 7.6	Net position:		
Capital assets	34.2	2.7	Investment in capital assets	\$ 27.2	\$ 2.7
Total Assets	43.9	10.3	Restricted	8.5	7.1
			Unrestricted	(41.5)	(48.7)
Long-term obligations	(49.0)	(48.4)	Total net position	\$ (5.8)	\$ (38.9)
Other liabilities	(0.7)	(0.8)			
Total Liabilities	(49.7)	(49.2)			

Net Position of the District's activities decreased significantly. Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - dropped from 2012 as the District received very little noncapital revenue during the year and the allocation of the Liberty Interchange debt here. The District saw the current and other assets (and restricted net position) decrease by \$1.7 million as some of restricted cash in the trust accounts were paid back to Liberty Township and Butler County under the Liberty Funding agreement. The District also started using the remaining balance in the Bypass 4 trust account to pay bond payments.

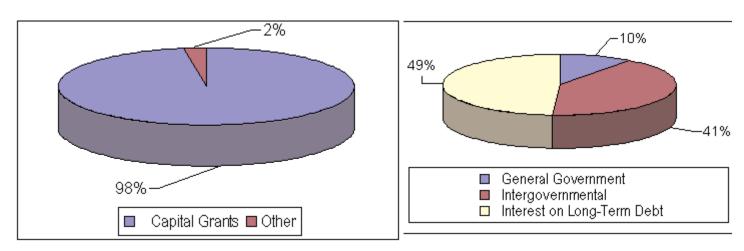
Table 2 compares the 2013 change in net position to the 2012 change in net position.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position for 2013
Compared with 2012 activity
(in millions)

	2012		2013		Change	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Capital Grants		8.7		4.0		(4.7)
General Revenues:						
Other		0.1		0.1		-
Total Revenues		8.8		4.1		(4.7)
Program Expenses						
General Government		0.3		0.5		0.2
Intergovernmental		6.1		2.0		(4.1)
Interest of Long-Term Debt		2.4		2.4		-
Total Expenses		8.8		4.9		(3.9)
Special Item		(56.9)		(32.3)		24.6
Change in Net Position		(56.9)		(33.1)		23.8
Beginning Net Position		51.1		(5.8)		(56.9)
Ending Net Position	\$	(5.8)	\$	(38.9)	\$	(33.1)

2013 Governmental Activities Revenues

2013 Governmental Activities Expenses



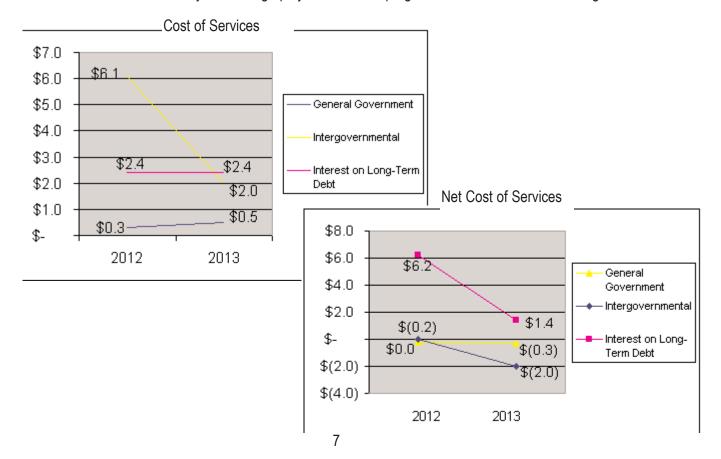
The District saw expenses decrease from 2012 to 2013 mainly resulting from the District's initial return of excess funds under the Liberty Funding Agreement in 2012. Liberty Township and Butler County are required to contributed 100% of their net TIF revenue and are eligible to receive a refund if certain requirements are satisfied. The District saw a \$4.7 million decrease in the capital grants and contributions from 2012. The majority of the decrease relates to the District's phases on the State Route 4 Bypass project being completed during early fiscal year 2013. The District issued bonds in late 2009 for the local share on the project and made the initial principal payments in 2011 through local contributions from Butler County, Fairfield Township and the City of Hamilton.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the District's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District by each of these functions.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
(in millions)

	Tot	Total Cost of Services					Net Cost of Service:		
	2	012	2013			2012		2013	
General Government	\$	0.3	\$	0.5		\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.3)
Intergovernmental		6.1		2.0			(6.1)		(2.0)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		2.4		2.4			6.2		1.4
Total Expenses	\$	8.8	\$	4.9		\$	(0.1)	\$	(0.9)

The graphs below depict the change in cost of services for the program expenses from 2012 to 2013 and also shows the net cost of services for those expenses in the two years. As the net cost shows, after having back to back years in 2010/2011 where the program revenues exceed the program expenses, the District saw a slight cost for services over the past two years because of the return of excess funds under the Liberty Funding Agreement. The local governments are required to overfund the debt service on the Liberty Interchange project which is a program revenue for interest on long term debt.



THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Table 4 presents the fund balances of the individual major funds and total nonmajor funds and an analysis of significant changes in the fund balances.

Table 4
Year End Fund Balances
in (Millions)

	2	2012	2	2013	% Change		
General	\$	3.2	\$	2.6	-18.8%		
Liberty Interchange		5.9		4.3	-27.1%		
State Route 4 Bypass Widening		0.4		0.5	25.0%		
South Hamilton Crossing		(0.1)		(0.1)	0.0%		
Nonmajor Funds		(0.2)		-	-100.0%		
Total Governmental Balances	\$	9.2	\$	7.3	-20.7%		

The **General Fund** realized a decrease of \$0.52 million. The fund received the last operating funding from the roadwork development grant in 2011. The fund will only receive project revenues when the District is successful at financing a project. The District does it best to keep operating expenditures low and only spent about 15% of the fund balance during 201 up from 9% in 2012.

The 27.1% decrease for the **Liberty Interchange Fund** is attributed to the \$1.8 million repayment of revenue fund contributions to Butler County and Liberty Township under funding agreement. The local government partners contributed one hundred percent of their net incremental revenue in the project area until certain funding requirements are met.

The **State Route Bypass 4 Widening Fund** increased by 25% from the prior year as the District received escrow refunds on Phases 2, 3 and 5A of the project. Those refunds are restricted to pay down bond payments only.

The **South Hamilton Crossing Fund** was a new major fund for 2012. The District has an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Hamilton to complete the engineering work on the project. The District also has received funding through the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments for part of the right of way phase of the project and seeking construction funding through TRAC.

The **Other Nonmajor Funds** accounts for the funds the District still maintains that have little to no balance in them. These funds account for prior projects the District has worked on and are finished but not officially closed out on the District's books. The District will leave the fund open until all possible phases of the project are completed or other related activity along the project corridor is completed. The District expects to close out several of these nonmajor funds over the next year.

Table 5 presents a summary of governmental fund revenues for the 2013 fiscal year and the amounts and percentages of increases and decreases in relation to the prior year.

Table 5
Total Governmental Fund Revenues

			Increase	Percent
	2013	Percent	(Decrease)	Increase
Revenue Source	Amount	of Total	Over 2012	(Decrease)
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,311,026	81.0%	\$ (5,460,612)	-62.3%
Charges for Services	20,875	0.5%	(2,750)	-11.6%
Investment Earnings	(2,145)	-0.1%	(18,829)	-112.9%
Other	759,036	18.6%	508,496	203.0%
Total	\$ 4,088,792	100.0%	\$ (4,973,695)	-54.9%

The 62% decrease in **intergovernmental revenues** is related to the decrease in revenue contributions from Butler County regarding the Liberty Interchange project and the construction grant funding on the Bypass 4 fund being completed in early 2013. **Investments Earnings** increased during 2012 as several of the yearly investments matured during the year compared to less revenue in 2013 and a negative change in fair value. The District's increase in **other revenues** relates to the Bypass 4 escrow refunds on the three phases that were completed during the year. The District also accounts for the IRS interest rebates on the State Route 4 Bypass bonds in other revenues.

The main difference in governmental fund expenditures from 2012 to 2013 was the reimbursement to the local governments under the Liberty Funding Agreement (down \$4.1 million). The District also saw construction expenses drop by eight percent from prior year with limited construction work underway and projects in early stages of development.

Table 6 presents the General Fund budget and the difference between the original budget and final budget for fiscal year 2012. Table 7 discusses the variance between the final budget and the actual results for the fiscal year.

Table 6
Original and Final Budget - General Fund

		Original		Final	Variance		
Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$	26,100	\$	22,750	\$	(3,350)	
Investment Earnings		100		200		100	
Other		-		15,000		15,000	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General Government		243,300		495,939		(252,639)	

Original versus Final Budget

The District had one significant change from original to final budget for 2013. The District's revenue budget increased in other revenues for the expected refund on the property taxes. Those taxes are the main reason why the general government budget increased 204%. The District owned several parcels that had complicated tax issues when purchased in the late 1990s. The TID Director recommend a resolution to the scenario that required the District to pay the back taxes but also allows for the District to market the parcels for future development. The District's total personnel costs were only budgeted at \$81,600 or 16% of the total general government budget.

Table 7
Final Budget versus Actual Results
General Fund

		Final				
	[E	Budget	,	Actual	V	ariance
Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	22,750	\$	22,750	\$	(2,475)
Investment Earnings		200		181		208
Other		15,000		65		-
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government		495,939		469,457		8,946

Final Budget versus Actual Results

As discussed above, the District worked through 2013 with a very lean operating system. There are two main projects for the District in the development or engineering phases. As the District is able to take these projects through the process, there will be project revenue associated with each. The District did decrease the actual expenditures slightly again related to contractual services were 10% under the budget as certain services were not used during 2013 as anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At year-end, the District had \$2.7 million invested in land held for resale and construction in progress assets. This amount represents an decrease of \$31.5 million, or 92.1%, over the last year. The District spent that amount on the final State Route 4 Bypass construction payments. With those payments, the District received the construction completion certificates for the project and the Ohio Department of Transportation maintains the roadway. For more information on capital assets, see Note 6 of the financial statements.

Debt Administration

During the year, the District had \$41.0 million in special obligation bonds for construction of the Liberty Interchange related projects outstanding. The debt is backed by intergovernmental agreements with Liberty Township, Butler County and West Chester Township. The project financing would not have occurred without the commitment of those governments. The bonds were issued at a \$1.6 million premium to cover the first seven months of interest expense. The District has not paid any principal for the first five years of the issue but will start in 2013.

During 2009, the District saw the City of Hamilton, Butler County and Fairfield Township agree to support a \$7.3 million special obligation bond for the local share on the District's phases of the State Route 4 Bypass widening project. The bonds were issued under the economic recovery zone bond program so the participating governments received a 45% credit on the interest paid. This is critical for helping reduce the overall burden to these governments. The debt was reduced by \$240,000 during the year.

For more detailed information on this transaction, refer to Note 8 of the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District has operated solely in Southeastern Butler County since its 1994 formation. The District opened the Interchange at Liberty Way during the fall of 2009. Along with the Cox Road Extension and Liberty Way, these projects will open up hundreds of acres for commercial development that will generate additional property and income tax for the area, as well as sales tax. The District secured over \$21 million in various grant dollars to help pay for the construction of the State Route 4 Bypass widening. With the road widened from the Fairfield terminus to past Princeton Road, it allows for a free flow of traffic and opens up other valuable sites in Fairfield, Hamilton and Fairfield Township for development.

The District has shifted focus now that State Route 4 Bypass project is open to traffic. The District has an agreement with the City of Hamilton for the South Hamilton Crossing project that will open up significant developable acreage within the City of Hamilton. The District entered into a contract for the full engineering on the project and has secured funding for the right of way phase. The District has applied for construction funding through TRAC that will also require significant local contributions from the City. The District is has started working on the development potential in the Cities of Monroe and Middletown for the Yankee Road project. The District has started applying for funding to help move the project towards construction.

It is important that the District is able to succeed in the development of these projects not only for Butler County and its residents, but also for the longevity of the District. The District has no continuing revenue source except an administration fee charged on the various projects that it conducts. With additional construction projects to better the transportation quality in Butler County, the District will be able to survive and continue to provide the residents of Butler County with an easier way to get from one place to the next.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 1921 Fairgrove Ave., Hamilton, Ohio 45011

Sean Fraunfelter, CPA Finance and Administration

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 411,814
Cash in Segregated Accounts	95,449
Restricted Cash with Fiscal Agent	6,834,277
Accounts Receivable	28,844
Interest Receivable	1,190
Intergovernmental Receivables	17,287
Prepaid Insurance	283,028
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	2,685,889
Total Assets	10,357,778
Liabilities:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	66,004
Accrued Wages and Benefits	491
Intergovernmental Payable	782
Accrued Interest Payable	196,396
Special Obligation Bonds Payable - Current	565,000
Total Current Liabilities	828,673
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Special Obligation Bonds Payable	48,410,021
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	48,410,021
Total Liabilities	49,238,694
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	2,685,889
Restricted for:	
Land option of property	300,000
Debt Service	6,834,278
Unrestricted	(48,701,083)
Total Net Position	\$ (38,880,916)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

<u>Functions/Programs</u>		Expenses	Program Revenues Capital Charges for Grants and Services Contributions					Revenue and e in Net Position ary Government overnmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Intergovernmental Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$	496,536 2,004,365 2,387,552	\$	20,875 - -	\$	201,134 - 3,767,570	\$	(274,527) (2,004,365) 1,380,018
Total Primary Government	\$ Gen	4,888,453 eral Revenues	\$s:	20,875	\$	3,968,704		(898,874)
	M Sp Net I	nrestricted Invi iscellaneous pecial Item - E Total Genera Change ir Position - Begi Position - Endi	Dispos Il Reve Il Net F Inning	al of Construences		•	\$	(2,145) 122,161 (32,266,980) (32,146,964) (33,045,838) (5,835,078) (38,880,916)

BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		General		Liberty nterchange		te Route 4 ss Widening		th Hamilton Crossing
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	407,665	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cash in Segregated Accounts Receivables:		-		95,449		-		-
Accounts, net		28,844		_		_		_
Intergovernmental		-		-		_		17,287
Interest		-		1,190		-		-
Interfund Loan		2,225,690		-	*	-		-
Restricted Assets:						000 704		
Cash with Fiscal Agent				5,905,556		928,721		
Total Assets	\$	2,662,199	\$	6,002,195	\$	928,721	\$	17,287
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balance								
Liabilities: Payable:								
Accounts	\$	54,041	\$	3,951	\$	_	\$	8,012
Accrued Wages and Benefits	•	491	•	· -	•	-	·	· -
Intergovernmental		782		-		-		-
Interfund Loan				1,697,482		435,461		53,102
Total Liabilities		55,314		1,701,433		435,461		61,114
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental revenues								17,287
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								17,287
Fund Balances:								
Restricted:								
Escrow Security Deposit		-		300,000				-
Debt Service		-		5,905,557		928,721		-
Capital Improvements Unassigned:		-		-		-		-
General		2,606,885		_		_		_
Capital Projects (Deficit)		_,, -		(1,904,795)		(435,461)		(61,114)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		2,606,885		4,300,762		493,260		(61,114)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	2,662,199	\$	6,002,195	\$	928,721	\$	17,287
	<u> </u>	2,002,100	<u> </u>	0,002,100	-	020,721		17,207

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2013

7,304,297

2,685,889

17,287

283,028

(49,171,417)

\$ (38,880,916)

Other ernmental	Total Governmenta	Tota	l Governmental Fund Balances
 Funds	Funds		ounts reported in governmental activities in statement of Net Position are different because:
\$ 4,149 -	\$ 411,814 95,44	not t	tal assets used in the governmental activities are financial resources and therefore are not reported e funds.
- - -	28,84 17,28 1,19 2,225,69	pe	er long term assets are not available for current riod expenditures and therefore are deferred the funds.
\$ 4,149	6,834,27 \$ 9,614,55	in g	aid insurance premiums reported as an expenditures overnmental funds are allocated as an expense or the life of the debt on a full accrual basis.
		in th	e-term liabilities are not due and payable be current period and therefore are not corted in the funds.
\$ -	\$ 66,004	Net	Position of Governmental Activities
- 39,645	78: 2,225,690		
39,645	2,292,96		
 -	17,28 17,28		
- - 4,149	300,000 6,834,276 4,149		
 - (39,645) (35,496)	2,606,888 (2,441,018 7,304,29		
 4,149	\$ 9,614,55		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General	In	Liberty iterchange		ate Route 4 ass Widening		th Hamilton crossing
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	2,139,307	\$	687,020	\$	484,699
Charges for Services	20,875	•	-	•	-	*	-
Investment Earnings	181		(2,415)		89		-
All Other	28,659		201,134		500,383		-
Total Revenues	49,715		2,338,026		1,187,492		484,699
Expenditures:							
Current: General Government	472,557		13,178				
Intergovernmental	472,557		1,843,615		160,750		<u>-</u>
Capital Outlay	_		1,043,013		306,342		459,654
Debt Service:	_				000,042		400,004
Principal Retirement	-		115,000		240,000		_
Interest and Fiscal Charges			1,983,475		390,825		-
Total Expenditures	472,557		3,955,268		1,097,917		459,654
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(422,842)		(1,617,242)		89,575		25,045
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	(07.500)		-		-		-
Transfers Out	(97,598)		-				-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(97,598)		_				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(520,440)		(1,617,242)		89,575		25,045
Fund Balances (Deficit) - beginning	3,127,325		5,918,004		403,685		(86,159)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - ending	\$ 2,606,885	\$	4,300,762	\$	493,260	\$	(61,114)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

			For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	
	Other	Total		
	ernmental	Governmental		
	Funds	Funds		
			Net Change in Governmental Fund Balances	\$ (1,896,604)
œ		e 2 244 026	Amounta vanastad fau tha varrammantal activities	
\$	-	\$ 3,311,026	Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
	-	20,875 (2,145)	in the statement of activities are univerent because;	
	28,860	759,036	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures;	
	20,000	700,000	however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those	
	28,860	4,088,792	assets is allocated to the projects as construction in progress.	755,195
	20,000	1,000,102	abboto to anobatou to the projects as constituction in progress.	700,100
			The statement of activities reports the disposition of capital assets.	(32,266,980)
				, ,
	-	485,735	Governmental funds report premiums as other financing sources,	
	-	2,004,365	whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized on the	
	-	765,996	statement of activities.	64,642
	-	355,000	Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide	
		2,374,300	current financial resources are not reported as such in the funds.	(43,839)
		E 00E 20E	In the statement of activities interest and sharmes are accrued an	
		5,985,396	In the statement of activities, interest and charges are accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas, in governmental funds, they	
			are reported when due.	984
	28,860	(1,896,604)	are reported when due.	304
		(1,000,001)	Bonds payable are due and payable in the current period	
			and therefore are not reported in the statement of activities	355,000
	97,598	97,598	'	,
	-	(97,598)	The issuance of long term debt provides current financial resources	
			to governmental funds, then the repayment reduces long-term	
	97,598		liabilities in the statement of Net Position. In the current year,	
	_		this amount relates only to the amortization of prepaid insurance:	(14,236)
	126,458	(1,896,604)		
_	(161,954)	9,200,901	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$(33,045,838)
\$	(35,496)	\$ 7,304,297		

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Transportation Improvement District of Butler County (the "District") is a body, both corporate and politic, created for the purpose of financing, constructing, maintaining, repairing and operating selected transportation projects. The District was specifically formed under the auspices of House Bill 154, and Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 5540, as amended, and created by action of the Board of County Commissioners of Butler County on December 7, 1993.

The District is a jointly governed entity administered by a Board of Trustees ("Board") that acts as the authoritative and legislative body of the entity. The Board is comprised of eighteen board members, of which thirteen are voting and five are non-voting appointed by the relative member governments. Of the eighteen, three are elected as officers of the District; Chair(person), Vice-Chair(person), and Secretary-Treasurer. Each Officer serves a term of one year; there are no term limits for reappointment. The member governments include the following political subdivisions: Butler County, the City of Hamilton, the City of Fairfield, Fairfield Township, West Chester Township, Liberty Township, the State of Ohio, and the Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana Regional Council of Governments. No board members receive compensation for serving on the Board, except for the Director.

The Board of Trustees annually appoints the Chair(person) of the Board from existing board members. The Chair responsibilities are to preside at all meetings of the Board; be the chief officer of the District; perform all duties commonly incident to the position of presiding officer of a board, commission or business organization and exercise supervision over the business of the District, its officers and employees.

The Board of Trustees appoints a Director of the District. The position of the Director is a non-voting position on the Board, and the Director receives annual compensation for his duties. The compensation package of the Director is passed by resolution of the Board. The Director's main responsibility is acting as chief executive officer of the District as prescribed by the Board of Trustees.

The accompanying statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that comprise the District. Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (the primary entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the District. Using these criteria, the District has no component units.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Intergovernmental reimbursements associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period within the government wide statements. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when the District receives the actual revenue.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District only uses governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the bylaws of the District.

<u>Liberty Interchange Capital Projects Fund</u> – This project involved the reconfiguration of the State Route 129 Extension at Interstate 75. The interchange was reconstructed to allow an eastward movement through a collector-distributor connection with the Liberty Way Bridge. This fund also accounts for the auxiliary road improvements around the interchange. The TID completed financing for the project during 2007 while right of way acquisition started in 2006. The ground breaking for the project was done in the fourth quarter of 2007. The project was completed and open to traffic in October 2009. The local governments have revenue contribution agreements in place to cover the debt service.

State Route 4 Bypass Widening Capital Projects Fund - To account for the engineering and environmental work to proceed with widening State Route 4 Bypass from the two terminus points on State Route 4. The TID and Butler County Engineer received stimulus funding and other state grants to complete Phases 1, 2, and 3 which started in 2010 and were open to traffic in 2011. The City of Fairfield was under construction for their phase during 2010 and completed it during 2012. The District finished the construction aspect of Phase 5A during 2012. The local governments are continuing to pay for the related debt service on the project.

<u>South Hamilton Crossing Fund</u> - To account for the study and engineering for a railroad overpass along Grand Avenue in the southern portion of the City of Hamilton. The TID has entered into an agreement with the City for overseeing the engineering and environmental process and right-of-way acquisition and will work on construction as funding becomes available.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving value in return, includes grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must be available before it can be recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures

On an accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash received by the District is pooled for investment purposes. Equity interest in the pool is presented as "Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the statement of net position and governmental fund balance sheet by activity or fund. The District utilizes a financial institution management of several trust accounts for the State Route 4 Bypass Widening project. The District utilizes another financial institution for the management of two trust accounts for the Liberty Interchange project. The balances in these accounts are presented on the financial statements as "Restricted Assets: Cash with Fiscal Agent." The District maintains a "Cash in Segregated Account" for holding the land option deposits on acreage around the Liberty Interchange project.

During fiscal year 2013, investments were limited to money market mutual funds and U.S. Agency securities.

Except for nonparticipating investment contacts, investments are reported at fair value that is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that has a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at cost or amortized cost.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Trustees has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2013 amounts to \$181, with no interest assigned to other funds as they operate on a reimbursement basis and do not receive interest. The Liberty Interchange and State Route 4 Bypass Widening capital projects funds also received interest on trust accounts of (\$2,415) and \$89 respectively. The negative interest in the Liberty Interchange fund relates to the market fluctuation of the prior year investments.

For presentation in the financial statements, investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an original maturity of more than three months that are not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

E. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are cash and cash equivalents whose use is limited by legal requirements. Restricted cash with fiscal agent represent amounts required by debt covenant to be segregated for construction expenses and future debt service on the outstanding bonds.

F. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds.

On the governmental funds balance sheet, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated on the statement of net position.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported on the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not. The District maintains the ownership of the asset until a dedication plat is filed with the participating government for recording of the road. There were no projects dedicated during the fiscal year. The District also owns several parcels of land at the end of the fiscal year that will be sold in future years to help finance TID operations or projects.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Compensated Absences

The District does not accrue compensatory time on exempt employees. Sick leave is allowed to be carried over to the next fiscal year but cannot be paid out in any case. Vacation time is earned by the District's administrative assistant and can be carried over into the next year with permission of the Director. The accrued balance is accounted for in accrued wages and benefits.

I. Intergovernmental Revenues

For governmental funds, intergovernmental revenues, such as contributions awarded on a non-reimbursement basis, are recorded as receivables and revenues when measurable and available

J. Fund Balance

The District reports fund balance under GASB No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". The District reports the following categories:

- -Nonspendable fund balance relates to the value of consumable inventories and prepaids. The District has no balance to report in this category.
- -Restricted fund balances related to bond proceeds maintained in segregated accounts for construction and required to be held for purchase of land. The \$300,000 restricted for escrow security deposit is subject to restriction of the purchase agreement. The \$6,834,278 restricted for debt service is subject to the bond covenants. None of the restricted funds in the Liberty Interchange or State Route 4 Bypass Widening funds are available to offset the unrestricted fund deficits.
- -Committed fund balances are balances the District Board has formally allocated. The District has no balance to report in this category.
- -Assigned fund balances are balances the District administration have specified the future use. The District has no balance to report in this category.
- -Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Net Position

Net position presents the difference between assets and liabilities in the statement of net position. Net position – net investment in capital assets is capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by District legislation or external restrictions by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The District reports a large unrestricted net position deficit as the Liberty Interchange bonds are still outstanding but the related capital assets were dedicated over to the responsible party to maintain the infrastructure.

L. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total governmental funds* and *net position - governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this (\$49,171,417) difference are as follows:

Net Adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	(\$49,171,417)
Accrued Interest Payable	(196,396)
Special Obligation Bonds – Premium	(1,330,021)
Special Obligation Bonds Payable	(\$47,645,000)

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits

As of December 31, 2013, South Hamilton Crossing and State Route 129 Extension Capital Projects Funds had deficit fund balances of \$61,114 and \$39,645 respectively. The deficits were created through the reimbursement process of the District's intergovernmental agreements with the participating local governments. The General Fund provides transfers to cover deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed rather than when accruals occur.

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

Compliance

The State Route 4 Bypass Widening fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations by \$3,995 as the District had higher reimbursements to the local governments for the IRS subsidy that anticipated given the earlier reduction. The State Route 747 fund had appropriations in excess of estimated resources and available balances by \$28,860.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash and investments. In addition, investments are separately held by a number of individual funds. The following is a list of the allowable investments for the District:

- United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any
 federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the
 federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit
 bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage
 association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities
 shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the
 market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the
 principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market
 daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- Certain banker's acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

• Under limited circumstances, corporate debt obligations rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation it will be held to maturity. Investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Finance Director or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a custodial credit risk policy beyond what the State statute requires.

At year-end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$551,142 and the bank balance was \$551,209. \$250,000 of bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance coverage with \$257,330 being uninsured under federal depository coverage but collateralized by pooled funds by each bank.

B. Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

The risk that, in the event of a failure of a counter party, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District employs the use of "safekeeping" accounts to hold and maintain custody of its investments as identified within this policy and as a means of mitigating this risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The risk that the District will incur fair value losses arising from rising interest rates. Such risk is mitigated by the investment policy by limiting investments to certain maximum maturities. As a rule, unless specified otherwise within the policy, investments are to have a maximum maturity of five years unless the investment is matched to a specific expenditure. The context of a specific investment purchase must be weighed in proportion to the remainder of the existing investment portfolio and the "prudent investor" rule to attempt to limit such risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District has no investment policy dealing with credit risk except to maintain investments that are subject the investment policy.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

During 2013, the District limited investments to securities in long term certificates of deposit and money market mutual funds. Below are the credit ratings of the District's investments:

	Rating Agency				
Security	Moody's	Standard &Poor's			
Dreyfus Government Prime Cash Management Fund	Aaa	AAAm			
Fidelity Government Fund	Aaa	AAAm			

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single user. The District's investment policy allows investments in Federal Agencies or Instrumentalities.

The District's investments at December 31, 2013 are summarized below:

		<1 Year	
	Average	Before	Concentration
Investment	Maturity	Maturity	Risk
Long Term Certificates of Deposit	0.79 years	\$1,000,000	23.44%
Dreyfus Government Prime Cash Management Fund	<60 days	4,861,677	55.04%
Fidelity Government Fund	<60 days	928,721	9.80%
Total		\$6,790,398	

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at December 31, 2013, consist of the following individual receivables and payables in the governmental fund balance sheet (such amounts are removed in the statement of net position):

	Interfund Loan	Interfund Loan
Fund	Receivable	Payable
General Fund	\$2,225,690	\$0
Capital Projects Funds:		
Liberty Interchange	0	1,697,482
State Route 4 Bypass Widening	0	435,461
South Hamilton Crossing	0	53,102
Nonmajor Funds	0	39,645
Total Capital Projects Funds	0	2,225,690
Totals	\$2,225,690	\$2,225,690

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND BALANCES (Continued)

During the year the capital projects funds expended monies for construction projects that are defined as governmental reimbursement contracts. The reimbursements were not made before year-end and the General Fund advanced monies to cover the deficits in the funds. A large portion of the interfund payable in the Liberty Interchange fund relates to the District's purchase of eighteen acres of land on the eastside of the Liberty interchange. The interfund in the State Route 4 Bypass Widening fund relates to the payments made advance the fifth phase A on the widening project where the District advanced the engineering funds. The District is evaluating sources to recover those costs. The General Fund will be repaid within one year or less once the reimbursements are received.

NOTE 5 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND CHARGES FOR SERVICES

The following entities, which are a part of the District, have contributed the following funds during 2013:

Member Name	Contribution
Ohio Department of Transportation	\$576,936
Butler County	86,925
Liberty Township	2,095,426
Fairfield Township	157,859
City of Hamilton	350,000
West Chester Township	43,880
Totals	\$3,311,026

Charges for services recorded in the General Fund, represents the District's contract with the Montgomery County TID for providing monthly financial services.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary by category of changes in capital assets:

Category	December 31, 2012 Additions		Deletions	December 31, 2013
Land Construction in Progress	\$1,775,789 32,421,885	\$0 755,195	\$0 32,266,980	\$1,775,789 910,100
Totals	\$34,197,674	\$755,195	\$32,226,980	\$2,685,889

For 2013, the District made the final payments on construction work on the State Route 4 Bypass Widening project and the project was officially turned over to ODOT as the construction completion certificate was accepted. The engineering project continued on the South Hamilton Crossing project also contributed to the increase in capital assets. The District also transferred several projects to other local governments including the related Liberty Way Interchange projects in 2012. The District still has the special obligation bonds recorded the Statement of Position which results in the unrestricted net position being reported as large deficit.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

The District contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Public Employees Retirement Board. OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 1-800-222- PERS (7377).

OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

- The Traditional Pension Plan (TP) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.
- The Member-Directed Plan (MD) a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.
- The Combined Plan (CO) a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary to fund pension obligations. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The employer pension contribution rate for the District is 14% of covered payroll. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The District's contributions to the OPERS of Ohio for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$8,836, \$6,575, and \$6,589, respectively, 92 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

In order to qualify for post-retirement health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Tradition Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability recipients and qualified survivor benefits is available. The health care coverage provided by the retirement system meets the definition of an Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB Plan to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend the OPEB Plan is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employees to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits.

NOTE 7 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION AND POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS (Continued)

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2013, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14% of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14% of covered payroll for state and local employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

OPERS' Post-Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. For 2013, the employer contribution allocated to the members in the Traditional Plan and the Combined Plan was 1% of covered payroll. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The District's actual contributions that were used to fund post employment benefits in 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$403, \$2,630, and \$2,515, respectively, 92 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4 percent of employer contributions towards the health care fun after the end of the transition period.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Balance			Balance	
	December 31,			December 31,	Due Within
	2012	Issued	Retired	2013	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Special Obligation Bonds:					
4.00%-5.00% 2007	\$41,130,000	\$0	\$115,000	\$41,015,000	\$285,000
Premium	1,301,337	0	59,152	1,242,185	0
Special Obligation Bonds					
1.875%-6.50% 2009	6,870,000	0	240,000	6,630,000	280,000
Premium	93,326	0	5,490	87,836	0
Governmental Activity					_
Long-Term Liabilities	\$49,394,663	\$0	\$419,642	\$48,975,021	\$565,000

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Special Obligation Bonds: On February 15, 2007 the District issued \$41,130,000 for the purpose of constructing the Liberty Interchange and related infrastructure projects. The bonds were issued for twenty-eight years with a final maturity in 2034 at an interest rate range of four to five percent. The bonds will be repaid from the Liberty Interchange capital projects fund trust accounts through intergovernmental agreements with Liberty Township, Butler County and West Chester Township. A premium of \$1,656,249 on the issuance of the bonds will be amortized over the life of the debt.

The District has pledged all future revenues from the intergovernmental agreements to repay the \$41,130,000 in special obligation bonds to finance the Liberty Interchange project. The bonds are paid from tax increment financing revenue received from Liberty Township, Butler County and West Chester Township's applicable properties located around the project. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$66,965,641 payable through December 2034. For the current year, principal of \$115,000 and interest of \$1,980,575 was while total tax increment financing revenue was \$2,139,307.

On December 16, 2009, the District issued \$7,275,000 for the purpose of paying the local share of the three phases on State Route 4 Bypass. The issue was completed under the provisions of the economic recovery zone bond program. The District will receive a forty-five percent refund of the interest payment annually that will be returned the local governments to help reduce the total interest expense on the project. The bonds have a final maturity of December 1, 2029 and will be repaid through intergovernmental agreements with Butler County, City of Hamilton and Fairfield Township. A premium of \$109,796 on the issuance of the bonds will be amortized over the life of the debt.

The principal and interest requirements for outstanding bonds as of December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Rate
2014	\$565,000	\$2,356,749	\$2,921,749	3.50-4.00
2015	780,000	2,335,551	3,115,551	3.875-4.00
2016	1,005,000	2,304,705	3,309,705	4.375-5.00
2017	1,200,000	2,256,331	3,456,331	4.00-4.750
2018	1,340,000	2,205,969	3,545,969	5.00
2019-2023	9,745,000	9,847,390	19,592,390	4.25-5.875
2024-2028	17,355,000	6,682,927	24,037,927	4.75-6.50
2029- 2033	14,785,000	1,852,150	16,637,150	4.50-6.50
2034	870,000	39,150	909,150	4.50
Totals	\$47,645,000	\$29,880,922	\$77,525,922	

NOTE 9 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The District has several major outstanding contracts for services. The following amounts remain on these contracts as of December 31, 2013.

	Outstanding
Project and Contractor	Balance
South Hamilton Crossing – Burgress and Niple	\$270,146

NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; damage to, and theft or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disaster. During 2013, the District contracted with Cincinnati Financial Insurance Co. for liability, property, and crime damage and RSUI Indemnity Company for public officials insurance. Coverage provided by the companies are as follows:

Public Official Errors and Omissions Liability (Per occurrence)	\$1,000,000
Business Auto Coverage Liability Combined	1,000,000
Commercial General Liability	2,000,000
Commercial Property	1,000,000
Personal and Advertising Injury	1,000,000
Valuable Papers	75,000
Crime Insurance:	
Forgery or Alteration	25,000
Employee Dishonesty (Per occurrence)	500,000
Surety Bond (Gregory Wilkens, Secretary/Treasurer)	500,000

The District has had no significant reduction in insurance coverage from prior years. The District has had no settlements exceed insurance coverage for the past ten years.

Workers' compensation coverage is maintained by paying premiums to the State Bureau of Workers' Compensation. The premium is calculated based upon accident history and administrative costs.

NOTE 11 - RESTATEMENT IN FUND BALANCE

The District reported an accounts payable in the Liberty Interchange fund for special assessment payments in fiscal year 2013 that were paid from the General Fund in fiscal year 2013. The following table presents the impact of restatement on beginning fund balance.

General	Liberty
Fund	Interchange Fund
\$3,172,070	\$5,873,259
(44,745)	44,745
\$3,127,325	\$5,918,004
	Fund \$3,172,070 (44,745)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 26,100	\$ 22,750	\$ 22,750	\$ -
Investment Earnings	100	200	181	(19)
All Other		15,000	65	(14,935)
Total Revenues	26,200	37,950	22,996	(14,954)
Expenditures: Current: General Government				
Personal Services	81,600	81,600	81,814	(214)
Contractual Services	120,900	190,300	171,655	18,645
Materials and Supplies	16,800	15,700	8,098	7,602
Other	24,000	208,339	207,890	449
Total General Government	243,300	495,939	469,457	26,482
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Under				
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(217,100)	(457,989)	(446,461)	11,528
	, ,	, , ,	, ,	·
Other Financing (Uses):		(07.500)	(07.500)	
Transfers Out		(97,598)	(97,598)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(217,100)	(555,587)	(544,059)	11,528
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,200,449	3,200,449	3,200,449	-
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 2,983,349	\$ 2,644,862	\$ 2,656,390	\$ 11,528
		Budget Basis	\$ (544,059)	
	F	Revenue Accruals	26,719	
		enditure Accruals		
		\$ (520,440)		

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. Legally, the Ohio Revised Code does not strictly impose a requirement on the District to follow the budgetary process but the District chose to follow these laws by an act within their entity's by-laws. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting.

The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified by resolution of the District Board. All funds are required to be budgeted and appropriated. The level of budgetary control is at the object level for the District. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the District Board. Supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year which increased the original budget amounts.

Under the District's By-laws, revenues not specifically related to a particular fund shall be deposited into the District's General Fund. Monies can only be transferred from the General Fund by resolution of the District Board.

1. Estimated Resources

As part of the District's budgetary process, the Board approves the budgetary document. The budgetary document states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to December 31, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the budgetary document. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriation measure. On or about January 1, the budgetary document is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The budgetary document may be further amended during the year if the Board determines that an estimate needs to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the first and final budgetary document issued during 2013.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2. Appropriations

An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by July 15 of the preceding year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation resolution fixes spending authority at the fund and object level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The allocation of appropriations among funds and objects within a fund may be modified during the year only by a resolution of the Board. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the appropriations in the first complete appropriated budget, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts in the schedules of budgetary comparison represent the final appropriation amounts, including all supplemental appropriations.

3. Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

4. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental fund statements and on the full accrual basis on the government-wide statements.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the construction of major capital improvement programs within the jurisdiction of the District.

Union Centre Extension Fund

Formerly known as Symmes Road Extension, the fund is used to account for the TID's improvements and construction of a five-lane road from State Route 747 to Seward Road.

State Route 747 Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for the widening of State Route 747 from Tylersville Road to the State Route 129 Extension, also know as phase three of the widening project. The District completed the first phase in 2000 with the County Engineer completing the second phase during 2005. The District has completed actual construction during 2007 with closeout in 2009. This fund was also responsible for the engineering and certain real property associated with the Princeton Road intersection in Liberty Township. The construction of this section was completed by the County Engineer. This fund was officially closed in fiscal year 2013 by Board Resolution.

State Route 129 Extension Fund – The fund accounted for the TID's construction of a 10.7 mile divided above grade interstate like roadway from the City of Hamilton to Interstate 75. The District is working on transferred all the right of way for the project to ODOT. The bonds were defeased.

Muhlhauser Road Fund

To account for the construction of a five-lane road from State Route 747 to West Chester Road. The TID used the cash balance to fund additional right of way and construction expenditures to help reduce the County and Township portion of the widening from State Route 747 to State Route 4 during the year.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	CAPITAL PROJECTS						_			
	Union Centre State Extension Route 747		State Route 129 Extension		Muhlhauser Road		Gov	Nonmajor ernmental Funds		
Assets: Assets:	-									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	325	\$	_	\$	-	\$	3,824	\$	4,149
Total Assets		325						3,824		4,149
_Liabilities:										
Interfund Loan Payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	39,645	\$	_	\$	39,645
Total Liabilities					· 	39,645				39,645
Fund Balances:										
Restricted for Capital Purposes		325		-		_		3,824		4,149
Unassigned		-		-		(39,645)		, -		(39,645)
Total Fund Balances		325		-		(39,645)		3,824		(35,496)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	325	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,824	\$	4,149

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	CAPITAL PROJECTS							·		
	Union Centre Extension		State Route 747		State Route 129 Extension		Muhlhauser Road		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues: All Other	\$	_	\$_	28,860	\$		\$		\$	28,860
Expenditures: Total Expenditures										
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		<u>-</u>		28,860						28,860
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		<u>-</u>	. _	97,598						97,598
Change in Fund Balance		-		126,458		-		-		126,458
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning of Year Fund Balance (Deficit) - End of Year	\$	325 325	\$	(126,458)	\$	(39,645) (39,645)	\$	3,824 3,824	\$	(161,954) (35,496)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
LIBERTY INTERCHANGE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 3,815,000	\$ 3,815,000	\$ 2,139,307	\$ (1,675,693)		
Investment Earnings	50,000	8,000	7,961	(39)		
All Other Revenue	2,031,500	2,031,500	201,134	1,830,366		
Total Revenues	5,896,500	5,854,500	2,348,402	154,634		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government	20,200	15,200	9,646	5,554		
Intergovernmental	1,843,674	2,049,822	1,843,615	206,207		
Debt Service:				·		
Principal	115,000	115,000	115,000	-		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,859,350	3,859,350	1,983,475	1,875,875		
Total Expenditures	5,838,224	6,039,372	3,951,736	2,087,636		
Net Change in Fund Balance	58,276	(184,872)	(1,603,334)	(1,418,462)		
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	5,888,471	5,888,471	5,888,471			
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 5,946,747	\$ 5,703,599	\$ 4,285,137	\$ (1,418,462)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
STATE ROUTE 4 BYPASS WIDENING
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	С	riginal		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	844,838	\$	628,075	\$	687,020	\$	58,945	
Investment Earnings		-		-		89		89	
All Other Revenue		152,580		399,974		500,383		100,409	
Total Revenues		997,418		1,028,049		1,187,492		159,443	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government		1,500		_		-		-	
Capital Outlay		306,363		306,342		306,342		-	
Intergovernmental		152,580		152,580		160,750		(8,170)	
Debt Service:								,	
Principal Retirement		240,000		240,000		240,000		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		395,000		395,000		390,825		4,175	
Total Expenditures		1,095,443		1,093,922		1,097,917		(3,995)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(98,025)		(65,873)		89,575		155,448	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	_	403,685		403,685		403,685		-	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$	305,660	\$	337,812	\$	493,260	\$	155,448	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
SOUTH HAMILTON CROSSING
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:	<u> </u>							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 736,000	\$	711,228	\$	655,444	\$	(55,784)	
Total Revenues	736,000		711,228		655,444		(55,784)	
Expenditures:								
Capital Outlay	570,000		515,750		513,068		2,682	
Total Expenditures	570,000		515,750		513,068		2,682	
Net Change in Fund Balance	166,000		195,478		142,376		(53,102)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year	(195,478)		(195,478)		(195,478)		-	
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$ (29,478)	\$		\$	(53,102)	\$	(53,102)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)** NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

UNION CENTRE EXTENSION FUND Variance with Final Budget **Budgeted Amounts** Positive (Negative) Original Final Actual Revenues: **Total Revenues** - \$ - \$ \$ **Expenditures: Total Expenditures** Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Beginning of Year 325 325 325 Fund Balance End of Year 325 325

325

\$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

STATE ROUTE 129 EXTENSION FUND

	Budgeted	i Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues				
Expenditures: Total Expenditures				
Change in Fund Balance				
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	(39,645) \$ (39,645)	(39,645) \$ (39,645)	(39,645) \$ (39,645)	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	STA	TE ROUT	E 747	FUND			
		Budgete	d Amo	unts		Fin	ance with al Budget Positive
	Ori	ginal		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: All Other	\$		\$	-	\$ 28,860	\$	28,860
Expenditures: Total Expenditures					 		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-	28,860		28,860
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In				97,598	 97,598		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		97,598	126,458		28,860
Fund Balance (Deficit) Beginning of Year Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year		126,458) 126,458)	\$	(126,458) (28,860)	\$ (126,458)	\$	28,860

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	MUH	HLHAUSE	R RO	AD FUND				
		Budgeted iginal		ounts Final Actual				ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Total Revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>
Expenditures: Total Expenditures								
Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance Beginning of Year Fund Balance End of Year	\$	3,824 3,824	\$	3,824 3,824	\$	3,824 3,824	\$	





STATISTICAL

SECTION



Above - Liberty Interchange Area in August 2004 Below - Liberty Interchange Area in October 2009



The Liberty Interchange was open to traffic at the end of 2009.



Transportation Improvement District of Butler County, Ohio Statistical Section Descriptions December 31, 2013

This part of the District's report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Pages

62-65

Contents

activities takes place.

Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader under how the District's financial performance and situation have changed over time.	51-57
Revenue Capacity (The District has no specific revenue source that generate over year for the District; therefore, there are no tables presenting this info	-
Debt Capacity This schedules presents information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt. The District's has no ability to issue additional debt in the future without an agreement through on the participating governments.	58-60
Operating Information These schedules contain operational data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	61
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial	



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TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

_		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	rnmental Activities: et investment in capital assets	\$ 2,685,889	\$ 27,234,348	\$ 38,210,364	\$ 30,424,084	\$ 20,005,940
R	estricted	7,134,278	8,502,463	11,790,879	10,320,050	5,560,411
U	nrestricted	(48,701,083)	(41,571,889)	1,857,888	1,919,013	1,871,650
Total	Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ (38,880,916)	\$ (5,835,078)	\$ 51,859,131	\$ 42,663,147	\$27,438,001
_		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
	rnmental Activities:	£ 49 504 670	¢ 46 542 620	C 4E 024 046	£ 42 722 00E	£ 40,000,005
	et investment in capital assets estricted	\$ 18,504,670	\$ 16,543,620	\$ 15,034,816	\$ 13,732,805 15,105,076	\$ 10,982,235
	nrestricted	6,869,668 646,935	1,650,174 1,731,632	374,477 1,148,080	15,195,076 (1,096,692)	14,850,389 1,552,732
Total	Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 26,021,273	\$ 19,925,426	\$ 16,557,373	\$27,831,189	\$ 27,385,356

Source: District financial records

Note: Fiscal year 2013 saw the District transfer \$32,266,980 of capital assets to other local governments as the projects were completed resulting in a large unrestricted net position deficit as the related debt obligations stayed with the District.

Note: Fiscal year 2012 saw the District transfer \$56,901,877 of capital assets to other local governments as the projects were completed resulting in a large unrestricted net position deficit as the related debt obligations stayed with the District.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO CHANGE IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

		2013		2012	2011
Expenses:	_		_		
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$	496,536	\$	331,860	\$ 1,827,060
Intergovernmental		2,004,365		6,065,704	-
Fiscal Charges		-		-	-
Interest on Long Term Debt		2,387,552		2,398,076	 2,414,524
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		4,888,453		8,795,640	 4,241,584
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services					
General Government		20,875		97,180	27,669
Operating Grants and Contributions					
General Government		201,134		-	6,419,127
Interest on Long Term Debt		3,767,570	_	8,612,849	 6,713,131
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		3,989,579		8,710,029	 13,159,927
Net (Expense)/Revenue		(898,874)		(85,611)	 8,918,343
General Revenues					
Grants and Contributions Unrestricted		-		-	-
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		(2,145)		16,684	179,297
Change in Fair Value of Investments		-		-	-
Miscellaneous		122,161		64,642	98,344
Special Item - Disposal of Assets		(32,266,980)	_	(56,901,877)	 -
Total Governmental Activities General Revenues		(32,146,964)		(56,820,551)	 277,641
Change in Net Position	_\$	(33,045,838)	\$	(56,906,162)	 9,195,984

Source: District financial records.

 2010	 2009	 2008		2007	 2006	2005		2004
\$ 402,366	\$ 715,520	\$ 454,730	\$	2,338,236	\$ 1,702,925	\$ 460,218	\$	9,277,438
 - - 2,467,505	 - - 2,181,640	 327,044 1,751,628		- - 1,585,006	 6,516,155 6,152,002	159,666 6,074,683		100,089 6,289,655
 2,869,871	 2,897,160	 2,533,402		3,923,242	 14,371,082	6,694,567		15,667,182
35,407	203,329	619,864		24,172	94,991	48,898		79,354
 12,861,985 5,859,116	 1,345,354 2,367,815	 7,232,136 -	_	5,611,078 -	 1,946,633	657,450 5,245,955	_	404,160 6,365,905
 18,756,508	3,916,498	 7,852,000		5,635,250	2,041,624	5,952,303		6,849,419
 15,886,637	 1,019,338	 5,318,598		1,712,008	 (12,329,458)	(742,264)		(8,817,763)
 198,866 - 73,227 (933,584)	 77,411 - 319,979 -	877,121 (164,276) 64,404	•	1,486,437 164,276 5,332	 500,000 510,536 (1,375) 46,481	980,903 (4,111) 211,305		250,000 940,632 (1,509) 1,097,629
 (661,491)	 397,390	 777,249		1,656,045	 1,055,642	1,188,097		2,286,752
\$ 15,225,146	 1,416,728	 6,095,847	\$	3,368,053	\$ (11,273,816)	\$ 445,833	\$	(6,531,011)



TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

_	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
General Fund Unassigned	\$ 2,606,885	\$ 3,172,070	\$ 3,454,396	NA	NA
Reserved Unreserved	-	<u>-</u>	-	3,415,701	3,523,834
Total General Fund	2,606,885	3,172,070	3,454,396	3,415,701	3,523,834
All other governmental funds Restricted Unassigned Reserved Unreserved, reported in: Debt Service Capital Projects	7,138,427 (2,441,015) - - -	9,343,008 (3,314,177) - - -	13,642,716 (3,910,658) - - -	NA NA 11,009,788 (2,450,556)	NA NA 13,526,176 - (3,675,770)
Total All other governmental funds	4,697,412	·	9,850,406	11,897,924	26,435,940
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,304,297	\$ 3,172,070	\$ 13,374,240	\$ 15,128,003	\$ 29,251,085
	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
General Fund Reserved	154	\$ -	\$ 6,652	\$ 11,034	\$ -
Unreserved	3,229,925	2,815,145	3,302,479	2,705,563	2,874,839
Total General Fund	3,309,131	3,309,131	3,309,131	2,716,597	2,874,839
All other governmental funds Reserved Unreserved, reported in:	15,319,008	30,608,670	2,282,459	14,848,697	14,942,523
Debt Service Capital Projects	(3,421,084)	- (4,172,730)	(4,343,901)	(39,645) (1,775,709)	223,328 (365,300)
Total All other governmental funds	(2,061,442)	(2,061,442)	(2,061,442)	13,033,343	14,800,551
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,247,689	\$ 1,247,689	\$ 1,247,689	\$ 15,749,940	\$ 17,675,390

Source: District financial records

Note: The District implemented GASB 54 in 2011 without retroactive application.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				=		
		2013	 2012		2011	 2010
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	3,311,026	\$ 8,771,638	\$	12,685,358	\$ 18,610,388
Charges for Services		20,875	23,625		27,375	35,407
Investment Earnings		(2,145)	16,684		1,045	198,866
Change in Fair Value of Investments		-	-		-	-
All Other	_	759,036	 250,540		262,248	 241,144
Total Revenues		4,088,792	9,062,487		12,976,026	19,085,805
Expenditures						
Current						
General Government		485,735	358,578		1,747,494	395,934
Intergovernmental		2,004,365	6,065,704		-	-
Capital Outlay		765,996	4,019,483		7,451,767	17,700,816
Debt Service:						
Principal		355,000	220,000		185,000	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,374,300	 2,384,275		2,380,244	 2,388,362
Total Expenditures		5,985,396	 13,048,040		11,764,505	20,485,112
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,896,604)	(3,985,553)		1,211,521	(1,399,307)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Face Value of Debt		-	-		-	-
Premium from Sale of Bonds		-	-		-	-
Transfers In		97,598	-		-	-
Transfers Out	_	(97,598)	 -		-	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		 			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(1,896,604)	\$ (3,985,553)	\$	1,211,521	\$ (1,399,307)
Debt Service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		52%	29%		58%	84%

Notes:

For 2010-2007, the District is making interest only payments on two special obligation bonds. For 2006, the District had the highway improvement bond repaid through the ODOT lease agreement. For 2005-2003, the debt service obligation was paid through an operating lease with ODOT.

 					
 2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
\$ 4,182,486 203,329 77,411	\$ 7,232,136 619,525 877,121	\$ 5,552,956 24,172 1,486,437	\$ 105,260,360 86,743 510,536	\$12,731,782 41,347 987,083	\$12,785,339 65,611 940,632
- 433,769	(164,276) 3,761	164,276 5,332	(1,375) 46,481	(4,111) 7,487	(1,509) 1,107,629
 400,700	3,701	0,002	40,401	7,407	1,107,029
 4,896,995	8,568,267	7,233,173	105,902,745	13,763,588	14,897,702
471,659	457,808	566,846	573,356	2,200,915	995,739
-	-	-	-	-	-
11,376,352	20,159,154	18,352,385	2,481,580	2,679,873	1,717,511
-	-	-	109,725,000	6,405,000	6,100,000
 2,187,543	2,074,387	3,096,795	7,625,060	6,053,250	6,365,905
 14,035,554	22,691,349	22,016,026	120,404,996	17,339,038	15,179,155
(9,138,559)	(14,123,082)	(14,782,853)	(14,502,251)	(3,575,450)	(281,453)
7,275,000	_	41,130,000	_	1,650,000	_
109,796	-	1,656,249	-	-	_
_	79	14,415,206	14,415,206	13,874,479	13,727,822
 	(79)	(14,415,206)	(14,415,206)	(13,874,479)	(13,727,822)
 7,384,796		42,786,249		1,650,000	
\$ (1,753,763)	\$ (14,123,082)	\$ 28,003,396	\$ (14,502,251)	\$ (1,925,450)	\$ (281,453)
77%	82%	57%	99%	85%	92%

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - LIBERTY INTERCHANGE SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenue (1)	Debt Service Requirement (2)	Coverage(3)	
2007	\$ 1,489,072	\$ 1,573,377	94.64%	
2008	3,766,336	1,983,575	189.88%	
2009	2,308,664	1,983,475	116.39%	
2010	5,859,116	1,983,475	295.40%	
2011	5,181,373	1,983,475	261.23%	
2012	3,815,871	1,983,475	192.38%	
2013	2,139,307	2,098,475	101.95%	
Total	\$ 24,559,739	\$ 13,589,327	180.73%	

Source: District's records

NOTE: The District issued the Liberty Interchange special obligation bonds in February 2007.

⁽¹⁾ The District receives intergovernmental revenue from Liberty Township, Butler County and West Chester Township for payment of debt service.

⁽²⁾ The 2007 debt service payment was funded through the \$1,656,249 premium on the sale.

⁽³⁾ Full receipt of gross revenues from entities is required until 150% of next two years debt service is maintained in the trust account.

REVENUE BOND COVERAGE - STATE ROUTE 4 BYPASS SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

Year	Gross Revenue (ebt Service uirement (2)	Coverage
2009	\$ 117,0	84 \$	204,068	57.37%
2010	380,2	37	404,887	93.91%
2011	581,7	66	584,769	99.49%
2012	613,2	92	613,050	100.04%
2013	383,6	79	628,075	61.09%
Total	\$ 2,076,0	58 \$	2,434,849	85.26%

Source: District's records

- (1) The District will receive intergovernmental revenue from Fairfield Township, Butler County and the City of Hamilton for payment of debt service.
- (2) The 2009 debt service payment was funded through the \$109,796 premium on the sale and Butler County's initial contribution of \$117,084. The 2010-2013 debt service was offset with an IRS tax credit which repaid in proportion to the respective debt service amounts under (1). Revenues for 2013 are under the debt service requirement as the District used the escrow refunds to pay down the debt service. The remaining construction fund balance will be used to pay down principal only in future years.

NOTE: The District issued the State Route 4 Bypass special obligation bonds in December 2009.

RATIO OF SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS PER CAPITA LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

_	Special Obligation Bonds		All Outstanding	Butler County	Net Debt	Net Debt per
Fiscal Year	Liberty Interchange	State Route 4 Bypass	Debt of District	Per Capita (1)	Per Capita	Personal Income
2007	\$ 42,727,097	\$ -	\$ 42,727,097	358,116	\$ 119.31	0.34%
2008	42,667,945	-	42,667,945	360,775	118.27	0.33%
2009	42,608,793	7,384,796	49,993,589	363,184	137.65	0.40%
2010	42,549,641	7,379,306	49,928,947	368,130	135.63	0.38%
2011	42,490,489	7,188,816	49,679,305	369,999	134.27	0.39%
2012	42,431,337	6,963,326	49,394,663	370,589	133.29	NA
2013	42,257,185	6,717,836	48,975,021	371,272	131.91	NA

Source: District records

⁽¹⁾ The county's population is estimated by the Bureau of Economic Analysis for the years 2007-2009. The 2010 population reflects date collected by the United States Census Bureau. 2011 - 2013 are based on estimates from the United States Census Bureau Butler County Quickfacts.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO FULL TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN YEARS

Year	General Government Employees
2013*	1
2012*	1
2011*	1
2010*	1
2009	2
2008	2.5
2007	3
2006	3
2005	3
2004	2

Note: District's financial records

^{*} The District has two employees that work part time.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

62

ONE YEAR AGO (MOST RECENT) AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2012			2003		
Name of Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	% of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	% of Total Employment
Miami University	3,293	1	1.88%	4,200	1	3.08%
Cincinnati Financial Corp.	2,789	2	1.59%	2,861	3	2.10%
AK Steel	2,400	3	1.37%	3,900	2	2.86%
GE Aviation	2,000	4	1.14%			0.00%
Lakota School District	1,827	5	1.04%	1,600	7	1.17%
Butler County Government	1,717	6	0.98%	2,000	4	1.47%
Ohio Casualty Insurance	1,300	7	0.74%	1,356	10	0.99%
Mercy Regional Hospital	1,200	8	0.69%	1,407	9	1.03%
Hamilton City School District	1,095	9	0.63%			0.00%
Fort Hamilton Hospital	1,020	10	0.58%	1,600	6	1.17%
Fairfield City Schools			0.00%	1,740	5	1.28%
Middletown Regional Hospital	-		0.00%	1,470	8	1.08%
Total	18,641		10.66%	22,134		16.23%
Total Employed within the County	174,900			136,387		

Source: 2011 Butler County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Note: The employment information was not available for 2013.

TOP TEN TAX PAYERS REAL PROPERTY

CURRENT AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2012			2004				
Name of Taxpayer		Assessed Valuation	Rank	% of Total Assessed Valuation		Assessed Valuation	Rank	% of Total Assessed Valuation
Duke Realty Ohio	\$	14,196,030	1	0.20%	\$	11,404,400	5	0.18%
MillerCoors LLC		12,843,180	2	0.18%		20,291,150	1	0.33%
Meijer Stores LTD PRT		12,137,410	3	0.17%		12,868,540	4	0.21%
AK Steel Corporation		10,704,300	4	0.15%		15,491,330	3	0.25%
Boymel Sam TR		10,145,040	5	0.14%		9,142,420	7	0.15%
First Industrial L P		9,876,740	6	0.14%		9,471,120	6	0.15%
US Industrial REIT III Midwest		9,065,000	7	0.13%				
Dugan Financial LLC		8,297,303	8	0.12%		9,085,330	8	0.15%
DCT Port Union LLC		8,085,000	9	0.11%				
Cincinnati Lesaint Industrial		8,050,000	10	0.11%				
Cincinnati Financial Corporation						15,927,450	2	0.26%
Ohio Casualty Insurance						6,952,730	9	0.11%
Union Station of West Chester						6,072,500	10	0.10%
Total	\$	103,400,003		1.46%	\$	116,706,970		1.89%
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	7,064,432,230			\$	6,175,495,560		

Source: Butler County Auditor's Office Fiscal year 2013 information is not available

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

LAST TEN YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Total Persona Income (1)		Per Capita ersonal Income (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)	
1 cai	1 opulation (1)	mcome (1)		ersonal moonie (1)	Trace (2)	
2004	344,914	\$ 11,050,699,	646 \$	32,039	5.4%	
2005	348,425	11,491,404,	925	32,981	5.3%	
2006	353,888	12,034,315,	328	34,006	5.6%	
2007	358,116	12,561,634,	932	35,077	5.1%	
2008	360,775	12,811,481,	025	35,511	5.9%	
2009	363,184	12,585,778,	336	34,654	9.3%	
2010	368,130	12,975,478,	110	35,247	9.6%	
2011	369,999	12,585,955,	000	34,016	7.6%	
2012	370,589	NA	N	NA	6.0%	
2013	371,272	NA	. 1	NΑ	6.0%	

Source: (1) The information is provided from the Butler County, Ohio annual report. NA means the information was not available for that particular fiscal year. The information for 2012 and 2013 were available at the time the table was composed.

⁽²⁾ Unemployment figures are derived from Ohio Labor Market Information. These numbers are prepared in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, are determined by place of residence, and are not seasonally adjusted.

TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY, OHIO MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

Date of Creation:

1993

The first Transportation Improvement District in Ohio.

County:

Butler

County Seat:

City of Hamilton, Ohio

Number of Political

Subdivisions within the District:

6

Butler County
City of Hamilton
City of Fairfield
Fairfield Township
West Chester Township
Liberty Township

Number of Interstate

Highways inside the District:

2 (Interstate 75) (State Route 129)

Source: Transportation Improvement District





TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT OF BUTLER COUNTY BUTLER COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JULY 15, 2014