



City Council City of Moraine 4200 Dryden Road Moraine, Ohio 45439

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditors' Reports* of the City of Moraine, Montgomery County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Moraine is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

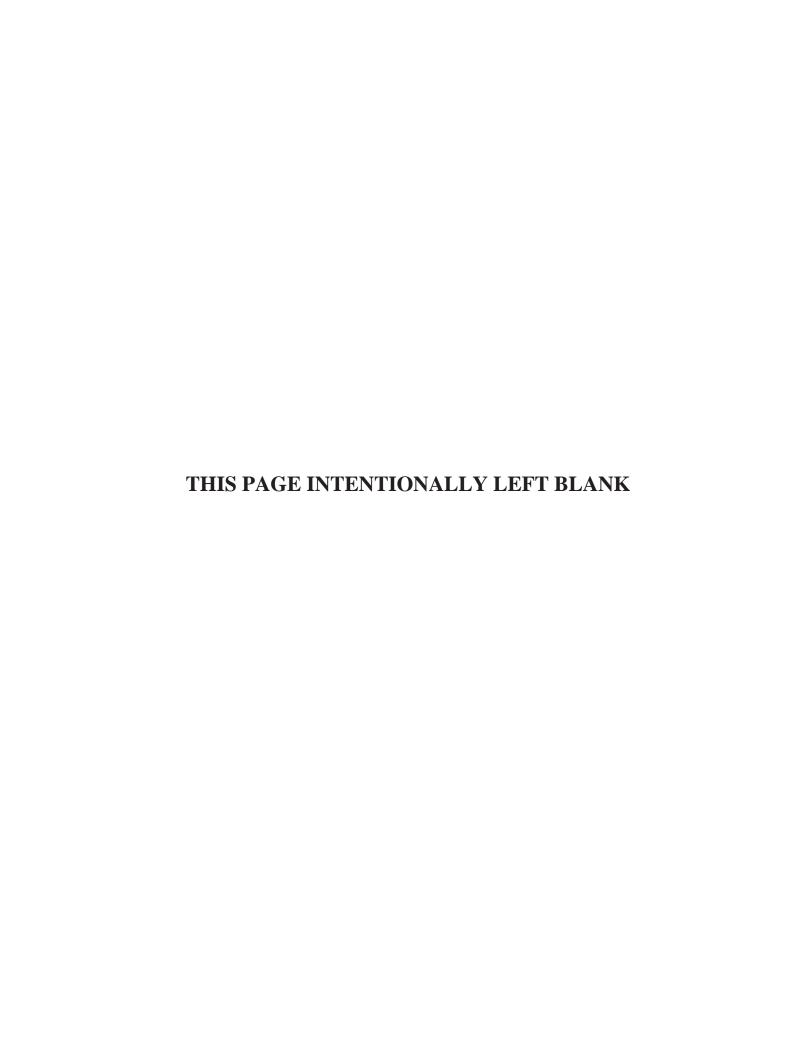
September 5, 2014

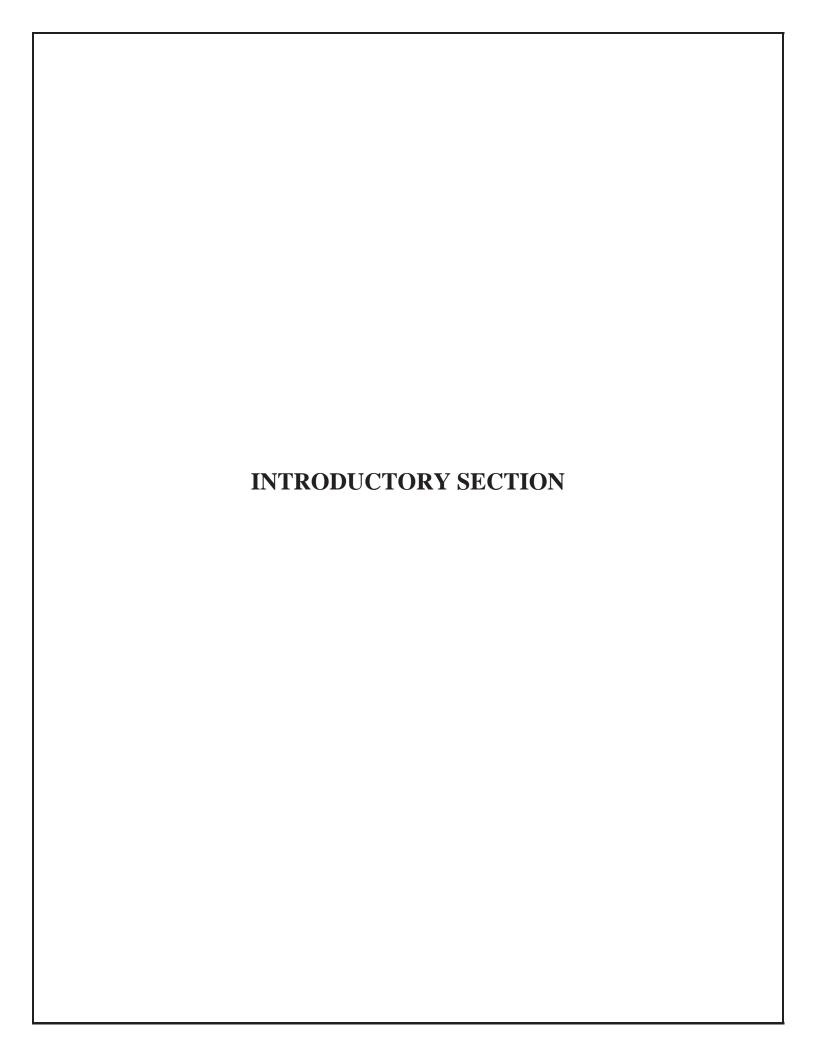


CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Issued by: Finance Department

Richard Sexton Finance Director





CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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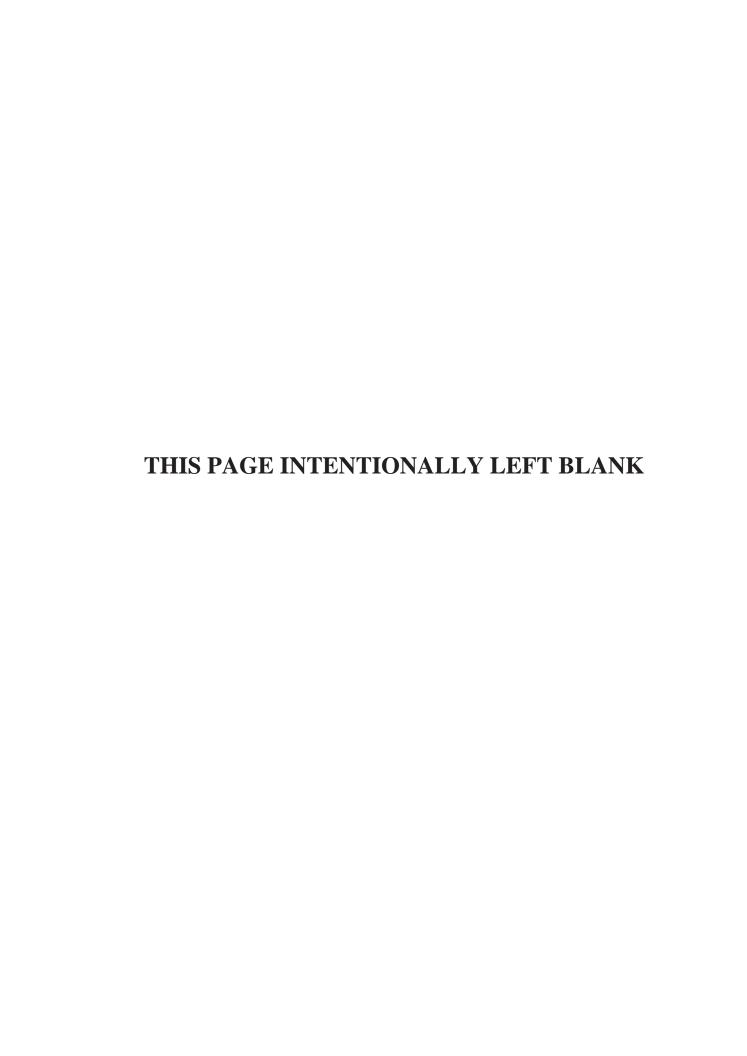
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August 25, 2014

Honorable Mayor, Chairman of the Finance Committee, Council Members and Citizens of the City of Moraine, Ohio:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Moraine, Ohio, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Clark, Schaefer and Hackett, Certified Public Accountants, studies the City's system of internal control, conducts such tests that are necessary under the circumstances and renders and opinion based upon the statements when taken in whole. The City has again received an unmodified opinion from the independent auditor that the financial statements are presented fairly. The opinion letter is included in the Financial Section of this report.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report incorporates GASB Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Statement No. 34 was developed to make annual financial reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to those who make decisions using governmental financial information. This report reflects our continuing effort to disseminate clear and useful financial information to our users with the implementation of Statement No. 34.

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

City Profile

The City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation (refuse collection on a contractual basis), parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. This report includes all the funds of the City of Moraine and all of its component units, which make up the financial reporting entity for the City. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially responsible. At December 31, 2013 the City had no component units.

4200 Dryden Rd. Moraine, Ohio 45439 Phone (937) 535-1000 Fax (937) 535-1275

Five other local governmental entities overlap the City's boundaries: Montgomery County, West Carrollton City School District, Kettering City School District, Jefferson Township Local School District, and Miami Valley Regional Transit Authority. These organizations do not meet the reporting entity criteria of governmental generally accepted accounting principles and, therefore, are not included in the City's financial report.

HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

Moraine is located in the heart of the Miami Valley, to the southwest of the Dayton, Ohio metropolitan area. Though the region has been predominantly dependent upon manufacturing, automobile manufacturing most recently, the area is now trending towards a diversification of industries. The City currently occupies a land area of approximately 9.5 square miles, maintains 54 miles of road and serves a population of 6,307.

In February 1953, residents voted to detach from the Village of Kettering and formed the Township of Moraine. The Township grew to Village status in July, 1957 and on May 12, 1965, had the distinction of attaining the status of a full-fledged City. The original City Charter was presented in 1966 and at that time a Home Rule Charter was adopted along with the Council-Manager form of city government. Under this form of government, policy-making and legislative authority are vested in an elected council consisting of the Mayor and six council members. Four of the council members are elected based upon geographic wards and the remaining two are elected on a non-partisan basis, meaning they represent the entire City rather than specific geographical areas within the City's boundaries. The Mayor is elected separately on a non-partisan basis. The Mayor and City Council are responsible for passing resolutions and ordinances, adopting and amending the capital and operating budgets and for appointing various committee members. The City Manager of Moraine is charged with carrying out the policies and ordinances of City Council, overseeing day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the department heads, with general responsibilities for the Economic Development and Health, Safety and Culture components of the City's vision.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Local Economy

During 2013 the City began to financially realize some of the recent economic development successes along our Dryden road corridor. The City experienced the first full relocation year of Tyler Technologies, a real estate software appraisal company employing over 100 high paying jobs. We also got to celebrate the complete revitalization of the former Cooper Tire building, which now houses Heidelberg Distributing. The \$21 million project allowed for a complete remodel of both warehouse and new office space to meet the needs of their 300 new employees to the City. The City additionally had the pleasure of finalizing the new Weiler Welding corporate facility, a 40,000 square foot consolidation that allowed Weiler to keep their existing 25 jobs in Moraine while adding another 25 executive positions. These projects along with several smaller efforts and new investment by existing businesses generated nearly \$35 million in investment along with over 500 new jobs to the City.

Within the next year, the City will also see substantial efforts underway for the Fuyao project – the world's largest automotive glass manufacturer. This project will infuse over \$230 million and at least 800 jobs into the northeast quadrant of the former GM Moraine assembly plant; over 100 acres and 1.2 million square feet to be exact. With many state and regional partners, the City of Moraine secured the 8th largest direct foreign investment in the United States over the past 10 years.

The Oak Pointe neighborhood saw continued growth in 2013 as Ryan Homes continues to aggressively market the property. They offer a variety of home designs suited to the development. In 2013, Ryan built 23 additional homes within the development. With more homes under construction and more sales on the way, we look forward to future development opportunities within the City for 2014.

Ryan Homes was founded in 1948 in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to provide housing in the post World War II economy. In the 62 years since, Ryan has constructed more than 300,000 homes. With operations in 23 metropolitan areas spanning 13 states, Ryan Homes is one of the nation's most prolific home builders.

As with earlier years, 2013 presented the possibility of deficit dollars, requiring us to work smarter to provide the many superior services to citizens while continuing to discover ways to increase revenues and reduce spending. Through the diligent efforts of all of our employees, we end the year with a positive cash flow and remain one of the best places to live in the Miami Valley. Continued meetings with the Citizen's Budget Advisory committee offer direct feedback from citizens on the efforts we are making in our operations. Moraine employees are the best employees in the region, and with their efforts and Council support, we expect to see even more positives in 2014.

Long Term Financial Planning

Financial planning for Moraine is a dynamic interactive effort of the community, small and large business and industry, social and cultural service organizations, and municipal government. These dynamics are best demonstrated by the willingness of Moraine residents to involve themselves to support both City service and long-term capital investment. The Citizen's Budgetary Advisory Committee met several times during the year with the City's management to participate in reviews of the City's finances and to provide direction as to residents' needs. Management will continue to meet with this committee throughout the upcoming years.

The City's income tax collections for 2013 were significantly higher than those of the prior few years. The current businesses located in the City continue to report more encouraging employment numbers. The City's management continues to develop stronger performance management methods for reducing the budget and will continue this financial stewardship philosophy even once the revenue stream can adequately sustain the budget. All City employees have participated in a ten percent decrease in compensation since 2009 and have continued this into the 2013 budget year. The Finance Committee continues to meet on a quarterly basis to review the City's finances and to insure that the budget remains on target.

The City coordinates public improvements of all City related entities through adoption of a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The goal of the City is to improve service to the community by adopting a CIP that is compatible with the City's financial condition and will fund capital improvements at a realistic level. The CIP consist of a five-year plan of capital expenditures for all City projects. The CIP is prepared fully every two years and amended, as necessary, in other years. The amendment process ensures continuity in projects and funding.

In addition to the annual budget preparations and the Capital Improvement Fund budget preparations, the City Manager and Finance Director met with all department heads and completed a Long Range Financial Plan for the City. This was in turn presented to and reviewed by the City Council. The plan includes financial strategies with multiple scenarios as to the City's future revenues and how expenses should be allocated should the finances increase, maintain or decrease.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control is maintained by a yearly appropriation and the encumbrance of appropriate balances with purchase orders before their release to vendors. Purchase orders that exceed appropriated balances are not released until additional appropriations are made available. Open encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balance at year-end. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. For more detailed budget information, please see the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information included in this report.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Moraine for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an informative and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is applicable to one year only. The City of Moraine has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 27 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1986-2012). We believe our current report will also conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another Certificate.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Finance Department.

I should also thank the Mayor, members of City Council, the City Manager and Department and Division heads for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Lidan & D. J. S.

Richard Sexton

Finance Director

CITY COUNCIL

Elaine Allison, Mayor

Jim McGuire, Council Member (At Large)

Ora Allen, Council Member (At Large)

Randy Daugherty, Council Member (Ward 1)

Dana Bonfield, Council Member (Ward 2)

Kimberly Misner, Council Member (Ward 3)

Jeanette Marcus, Council Member (Ward 4)

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

David Hicks, City Manager

Robert Portune, Law Director

Brad Beachdell, Interim Finance Director

Diane C. Werbrich, Acting Clerk of Council

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE STAFF

Brad Beachdell, Interim Finance Director

Lora L. Marlett, Deputy Finance Director

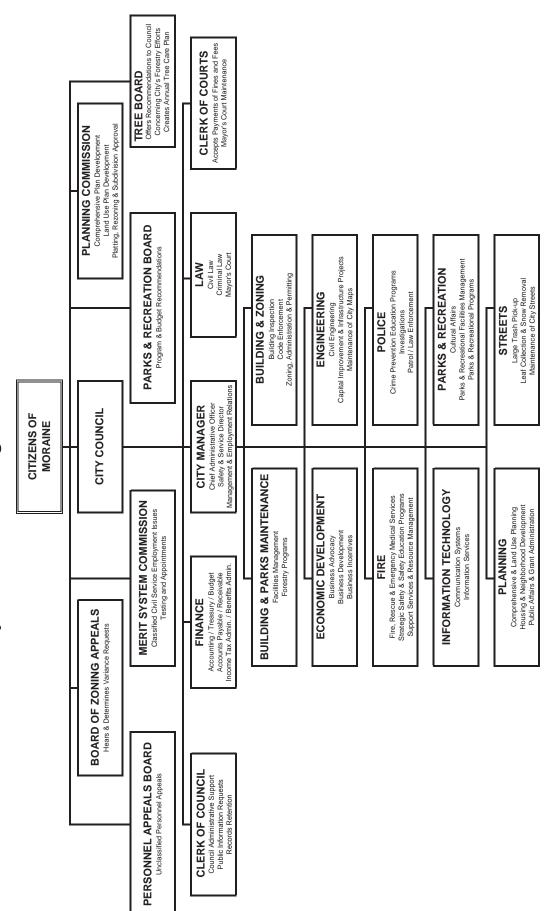
Stephanie L. Maury, Income Tax Administrator

Sherry L. Bosse, Financial Assistant

Paula G. Cox, Financial Assistant

Penny C. Tincher, Financial Assistant

City of Moraine Organization Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

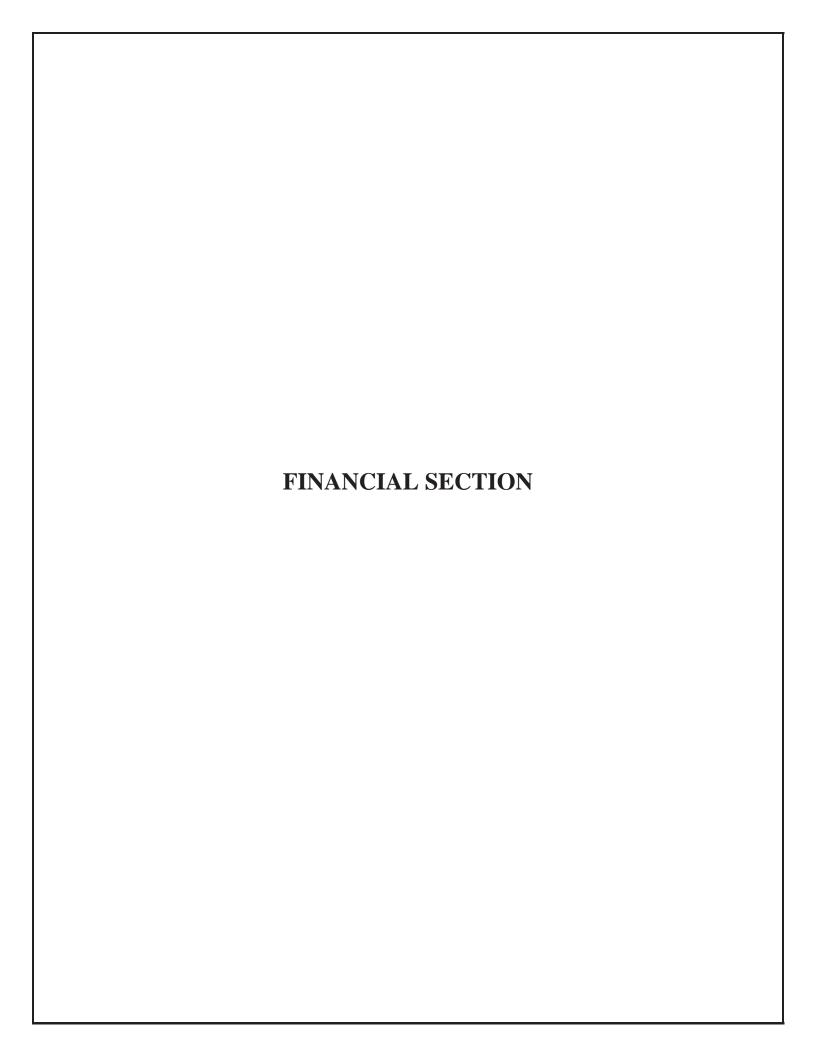
City of Moraine Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To City Council City of Moraine, Ohio:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moraine, Ohio (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moraine, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 through 9) and budgetary comparison information (pages 43 through 50) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Llank, Schufer, Hackett \$ Co.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 25, 2014 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Springfield, Ohio August 25, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of the City of Moraine, Ohio's financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

- Total net position decreased by \$348,662 which represents less than a 1.0% decrease from the beginning of 2013. A decrease of \$356,727 was reported in governmental activities and an increase of \$8,065 was reported in business-type activities.
- Total assets of governmental activities at December 31, 2013 decreased by \$367,922 from those reported one year prior due primarily to the decrease in capital assets (deprecation expense exceeding current year additions) being larger than the increases in equity in pooled cash and investments and income taxes receivables reported at the end of the year. Total liabilities of the governmental activities decreased by approximately \$147,600 due to decreases in accounts payable as well as outstanding debt obligations.
- Overall, the net position of the City's business-type activities increased by \$8,065. The increase was more than the increase reported for 2012 as investment earnings rebounded slightly during the year.
- The \$1.1 million unassigned ending fund balance reported in the General Fund represents 9.4% of the total expenditures reported in the General Fund for 2013.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City of Moraine, Ohio as a financial whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole City, presenting both an aggregated view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those statements. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these financial statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

These two statements report the City's net position and change in that position. This change informs the reader whether the City's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements should take into account non-financial factors that also impact the City's financial well being. Some of these factors include the City's tax base and the condition of its capital assets. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the financial information of the City is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's services are reported here including public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation (refuse collection on a contractual basis), parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.
- Business-Type Activities These activities include the Moraine Loan Program. Interest on the principal loaned makes up the charges for this service. The intent of this operation is to have return of principal and interest to cover the cost of the program.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about each major fund. The major funds of the City include the General, Economic Development, Capital Improvement, Street Construction and Maintenance and T.I.F. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, the focus of the fund financial statements is on the City's most significant funds, and therefore only the major funds are presented in separate columns. All other funds are combined into one column for reporting purposes.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

When the City charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recouping operating costs, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Fiduciary Funds

The financial activity of custodial funds, for which the City acts as the fiscal agent, is reported separately in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. This financial activity is excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The City as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the City as a whole. In the case of the City of Moraine, Ohio, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by a total of \$36.2 million at December 31, 2013.

Table 1 provides a summary of the City's net position for 2013 compared to 2012:

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental	nmental Activities Business-Type Activities		Total		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Current and Other Assets	\$ 17,218,410	16,744,238	605,551	597,486	17,823,961	17,341,724
Capital Assets	29,999,064	30,841,158			29,999,064	30,841,158
Total Assets	47,217,474	47,585,396	605,551	597,486	47,823,025	48,182,882
Long-Term Liabilities	9,138,363	9,214,869	-	-	9,138,363	9,214,869
Other Liabilities	1,349,679	1,420,802			1,349,679	1,420,802
Total Liabilities	10,488,042	10,635,671			10,488,042	10,635,671
Total Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	1,085,799	949,365			1,085,799	949,365
Net Position:						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	26,822,047	27,606,601	-	-	26,822,047	27,606,601
Restricted	5,955,997	6,553,297	-	-	5,955,997	6,553,297
Unrestricted	2,865,589	1,840,462	605,551	597,486	3,471,140	2,437,948
Total Net Position	\$ 35,643,633	36,000,360	605,551	597,486	36,249,184	36,597,846

As displayed in Table 1, total governmental net position of the City decreased by \$356,727 from 2012 to 2013. During 2013, the decrease in capital assets, net of accumulation exceeded the increase in current assets. Net capital assets decreased as current year depreciation expense exceeded current year additions. Current assets increased as the increase in income taxes receivable exceeded the decreases reported for land held for resale (due to sale of lots) and intergovernmental receivables (completion of capital grant recognized in 2012). The increase in income taxes receivable was due to a significant restructuring settlement not being received until March 2014. Liabilities reported at December 31, 2013 decreased from those reported for the prior year as scheduled debt service payments were made during the year and accounts payable and accrued wages were less than those reported for 2012 due to timing of the associated payments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in the governmental and business-type net position for the year ended December 31, 2013 compared with the prior year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Business-						
	Governmenta	l Activities	Type Act	Type Activities		Total	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Program Revenues:						<u> </u>	
Charges for services	\$ 1,017,099	1,118,942	_	_	1,017,099	1,118,942	
Operating grants and contributions	599,852	451,451	_	_	599,852	451,451	
Capital grants and contributions	756,659	382,185	_	-	756,659	382,185	
Total Program Revneues	2,373,610	1,952,578			2,373,610	1,952,578	
General Revenues:							
Income taxes	12,786,187	10,045,847	_	_	12,786,187	10,045,847	
Property and other taxes	519,297	514,039	-	_	519,297	514,039	
Payment in lieu of taxes	94,854	33,136	_	_	94,854	33,136	
Shared revenues	279,426	222,897	-	-	279,426	222,897	
Investment earnings	133,358	31,106	8,065	3,032	141,423	34,138	
Miscellaneous	428,968	126,092	-	-	428,968	126,092	
Total General Revenues	14,242,090	10,973,117	8,065	3,032	14,250,155	10,976,149	
Total Revenues	16,615,700	12,925,695	8,065	3,032	16,623,765	12,928,727	
Expenses:							
General government	3,356,335	3,662,881	-	-	3,356,335	3,662,881	
Public Safety	8,425,952	8,146,485	-	-	8,425,952	8,146,485	
Highways & Streets	3,232,816	3,415,159	-	-	3,232,816	3,415,159	
Sanitation	326,057	307,931	-	-	326,057	307,931	
Culture & Recreation	1,093,464	1,109,016	-	-	1,093,464	1,109,016	
Economic Development	252,169	479,262	-	-	252,169	479,262	
Health & Welfare	35,588	212,986	-	-	35,588	212,986	
Interest Expense	250,046	294,491	_		250,046	294,491	
Total Expenses	16,972,427	17,628,211			16,972,427	17,628,211	
Change in net position	(356,727)	(4,702,516)	8,065	3,032	(348,662)	(4,699,484)	
Net Position - Beginning	36,000,360	40,702,876	597,486	594,454	36,597,846	41,297,330	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 35,643,633	36,000,360	605,551	597,486	36,249,184	36,597,846	

As noted in the table above, the City's municipal income tax revenue reported for 2013 increased 27.3 percent over the amount reported for 2012. This increase in income taxes resulted from two large corporate settlements for tax year 2013 which resulted in revenues of approximately \$1.5 million. Outside these settlements, income tax revenue still increased a robust 12.3 percent as the City's economy continues to improve. While this is an indication of positive economic progress during the year, the property taxes continue to decline due to the lower property values assessments (which is similar to most areas of Montgomery County) as well as the phase out of personal property taxes. Capital grants in the governmental activities increased by \$0.4 million due to a large infrastructure project, the majority of which was completed in 2013. Overall, the total revenues for the governmental activities increased \$3.7 million compared with those reported for the prior year, or 28.5 percent.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Total expenses of the governmental activities reported for 2013 were \$655,784 (3.7%) less than those reported for 2012 due to the concerted efforts to limit 2013 spending with the overall goal to achieve a 3.0 to 5.0 percent reduction in discretionary spending. Only two functional areas reported increases in expenses, public safety and sanitation. Increases in public safety resulted directly from increases in personnel costs, wages and benefits, associated with the police and fire departments within the City. The increase reported in the sanitation function resulted from the increases in contractual solid waste collection passed onto the City by the private contractor. The City pays these solid waste collection costs without passing these onto the residents.

Governmental Activities

Table 3 shows the expenses of each functional area and the net cost of each functional area financed with general revenue for 2013 and 2012.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cos	Total Cost of Services			Program	Re	venues	Net Cost of Services		
	2013		2012		2013		2012	2013	2012	
General Government	\$ 3,356,335	\$	3,662,881	\$	444,470	\$	504,229	\$ 2,911,865	\$ 3,158,652	
Public Safety	8,425,952		8,146,485		456,746		481,230	7,969,206	7,665,255	
Highways and Streets	3,232,816		3,415,159		1,214,945		692,514	2,017,871	2,722,645	
Sanitation	326,057		307,931		3,231		6,256	322,826	301,675	
Culture and Recreation	1,093,464		1,109,016		247,218		268,349	846,246	840,667	
Economic Development	252,169		479,262		7,000		-	245,169	479,262	
All Others	285,634	_	507,477	_				285,634	507,477	
	\$ 16,972,427	\$	17,628,211	\$ 2	2,373,610	\$	1,952,578	\$14,598,817	\$15,675,633	

As indicated by Table 3, the City is spending the majority of its resources on public safety, highways and streets and general government activities. While the operation of the police and fire departments is approximately \$8.4 million, approximately \$457,000 of program revenue is generated to cover department expenses. The remaining \$8.0 million of expenses must be covered by general revenues collected by the City, principally municipal income taxes and property taxes. General government functions, principally legislation and administration, comprise approximately \$3.4 million of the total governmental expenses. Court costs and fees generated by licenses and permits financed approximately \$444,000 of the general government functional expenses while the remaining \$2.9 million comes from general revenue sources. Operating and capital grants received from the State of Ohio and the federal government provided approximately \$1.2 million of funding for expenses related to highways and streets.

The City's Funds

Information about the City's major governmental funds begins after the Statement of Activities. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds had total revenues of \$15.7 million and expenditures of \$16.9 million. During 2013, the net change in fund balance of the governmental funds decreased by approximately \$650,000 to an ending total fund balance of \$10.2 million. While capital assets are included in the Statement of Net Position, expenditures are recognized in the fund statements thereby reducing the amount of resources available for future spending. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

The City's General Fund realized an increase of approximately \$150,000 in fund balance during 2013. The General Fund is the primary fund that finances government services to citizens. The increase in fund balance is a result of the City Council's decision to retain all income tax revenue within the general fund starting January 1, 2013. Prior to that date, 10 percent of income tax revenues were allocated, by Ordinance, to the Capital Improvement Fund. While total expenditures decreased slightly in the General Fund over those reported for the prior year, transfers out increased by approximately 10 percent. The majority of the transfers were made to the Street Construction and Maintenance Fund to provide funding for infrastructure improvement projects. At December 31, 2013 the ending unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.1 million; a 15.7 percent increase from the unassigned fund balance reported at December 31, 2012. The ending unassigned fund balance reported for the General Fund expenditures for 2013.

The City's other four major funds, the Economic Development, Capital Improvement, Street Construction and Maintenance and T.I.F. funds reported net change in fund balances of \$213,992, \$(930,607), \$97,048 and \$(253,624), respectively. The increase in the Economic Development Fund was due to recording the proceeds from the sale of a parcel of land within that fund. The fund balance at December 31, 2013 was \$(271,770). This fund also has an outstanding interfund payable for a loan made in prior years. The decrease in the Capital Improvement Fund is associated with the loss of the allocation of income tax as a revenue source during 2013. The City will continue to utilize the carryover fund balance as a means to fund capital expenditures into the near future. The fund balance at December 31, 2013 is \$4.1 million compared with the \$5.0 million reported one year prior. The Street Construction and Maintenance Fund's increase in fund balance is due to slightly higher state shared taxes and transfers from the General Fund for the year. The ending fund balance was \$273,695. The T.I.F fund decrease resulted from the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds during the year. All other governmental fund balances increased slightly by \$78,061 during 2013.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The City's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted, the City Manager and Finance Director review the budgets of each department within the General Fund with City Council. City Council then adopts the annual appropriations budget at the personal services, other operating expenditures, and capital expenditures level for each department within each fund (legal level of control). Management may reallocate appropriations below the legal level, but modifications must be approved by Council in advance.

General Fund revenues at the beginning of the year were estimated at \$14.1 million and were modified by approximately \$937,000 throughout the year. Actual revenues for the year totaled \$14.0 million compared with final anticipated revenues being \$15.1 million. While income tax receipts increased significantly during 2013, one significant taxpayer extended payment into 2014, which resulted in less than anticipated cash receipts during the year. Despite increased cash receipts during 2013, total budgetary revenue was \$1.1 million less than the final revenue estimates made by the City for 2013.

The expenditures including transfers for the General Fund were estimated at \$15.5 million at the beginning of the year and increased slightly during the year to \$15.7 million at the close of the year. Actual budgetary expenditures for the year were \$1.5 million less than final budgetary estimates due to management's efforts to control spending and reduced transfers throughout the year.

Budgetary fund balance at December 31, 2013 was \$1.2 million compared to the \$852,219 anticipated in the final 2013 budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the City had a total of \$63.2 million invested in capital assets less accumulated depreciation of \$33.2 million resulting in a net investment in capital assets of \$30.0 million.

Major capital asset additions for 2013, included recording \$1.2 million of construction in progress related to the traffic signal system upgrade project and the purchase of a police cruiser and associated accessories. Depreciation expense for 2013 was \$1.9 million, resulting in the overall decrease in the value of the City's capital assets reported at December 31, 2013.

Table 4 shows 2013 balances compared to those of 2012:

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2013	<u>2012</u>			
Land	\$ 10,785,745	10,865,745			
Construction in progress	1,169,835	100,000			
Building and improvements	4,582,009	4,908,453			
Machinery and equipment	1,317,366	1,661,753			
Infrastructure	12,144,109	13,305,207			
Total	\$ 29,999,064	30,841,158			

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2013, the City had the following outstanding long-term obligations: \$5,685,000 of general obligation bonds and \$644,905 associated with three Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loans.

At December 31, 2013, the City's overall legal debt margin was \$8.9 million and the unvoted debt margin was \$2.0 million. See Notes 10, 11, 12 and 13 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the debt and other long-term obligations of the City.

Contacting the City's Finance Department

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Director at City of Moraine, Ohio, 4200 Dryden Road, Moraine, Ohio 45439.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	11,776,231	\$ 601,585	\$ 12,377,816
Cash in Segregated Accounts		70,997	-	70,997
Receivables:				
Income Tax		2,190,153	-	2,190,153
Property Tax		552,217	-	552,217
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		568,000	-	568,000
Accounts		424,113	-	424,113
Intergovernmental		633,128	-	633,128
Loans		138,400	3,966	142,366
Inventories		255,724	-	255,724
Prepaids		84,447	-	84,447
Land Held for Resale		525,000	-	525,000
Non Depreciable Assets Perreciable Conital Assets Not of		11,955,580	-	11,955,580
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		18,043,484		18,043,484
Total Assets		47,217,474	 605,551	 47,823,025
Total Assets	-	47,217,474	 003,331	 47,623,023
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		220,285	-	220,285
Salaries and Benefits Payable		676,706	-	676,706
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		322,074	-	322,074
Accrued Interest Payable		20,964	-	20,964
Insurance Claims Payable		109,650	-	109,650
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year		682,622	-	682,622
Due In More Than One Year		8,455,741		8,455,741
Total Liabilities		10,488,042		10,488,042
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Taxes		517,799	_	517,799
Payments in Lieu of Property Taxes		568,000	_	568,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,085,799	-	1,085,799
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		26,822,047	_	26,822,047
Restricted for:		, ,		, ,
Capital Projects		4,240,169	-	4,240,169
Streets and Highways		1,131,975	-	1,131,975
Debt Service		135,556	-	135,556
Law Enforcement Programs		306,997	-	306,997
Cemetery Operations		141,300	-	141,300
Unrestricted		2,865,589	 605,551	 3,471,140
Total Net Position	\$	35,643,633	\$ 605,551	\$ 36,249,184

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net (Expense) Revenue Program Revenues and Changes in Net Position Operating Capital Charges grants and grants and Governmental Business-Type FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Expenses for services contributions contributions Activities Activities Total **Governmental Activities:** General Government \$ 3,356,335 \$ 444,470 \$ (2,911,865) \$ (2.911.865) Public Safety 8,425,952 354,189 102,557 (7,969,206)(7,969,206)Highways and Streets 3,232,816 458,286 756,659 (2,017,871)(2,017,871)Sanitation 326,057 3,231 (322,826)(322,826)Culture and Recreation 1,093,464 215,209 32,009 (846,246) (846,246) Economic Development 252,169 7,000 (245, 169)(245,169)Health and Welfare 35,588 (35,588)(35,588)Debt Service (250,046) Interest and Fiscal Expense 250,046 (250,046)**Total Governmental Activities** 16,972,427 1,017,099 599,852 756,659 (14,598,817) (14,598,817) **Business Type Activities** Loan Program **Total Business Type Activities Total** \$16,972,427 \$ 1,017,099 599,852 756,659 (14,598,817)(14,598,817)**General Revenues** Income Tax 12,786,187 12,786,187 Property Tax Levied for General Purposes 379,717 379,717 Police Pensions 60,762 60,762 Fire Pensions 60,762 60,762 Other Taxes 18,056 18,056 Payments in Lieu of Taxes 94,854 94,854 Shared Revenues (unrestricted) 279,426 279,426 Miscellaneous Receipts 428,968 428,968 Investment Earnings 133,358 8,065 141,423 **Total General Revenues** 14,242,090 8,065 14,250,155 Change in Net Position (356,727) 8,065 (348,662) Net Position - Beginning 36,000,360 597,486 36,597,846 \$ 35,643,633 605,551 36,249,184 Net Position - Ending

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2013

		N						
	-	Street					Total	
	General	Economic	Capital	Construction and	T I F	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Development	Improvement	Maintenance	T.I.F.	Funds	Funds	
ASSETS								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,923,966	\$ 488,830	\$ 4,011,771	\$ 282,594	\$ 973,158	\$ 1,700,200	\$ 9,380,519	
Cash in Segregated Accounts	70,997	-	-	-	-	-	70,997	
Receivables:								
Income Tax	2,190,153	-	-	-	-	-	2,190,153	
Property Tax	418,577	-	-	-	-	133,640	552,217	
Payment in Lieu of Tax	-	-	-	-	568,000	-	568,000	
Accounts	423,158	-	-	-	-	955	424,113	
Intergovernmental	110,860	-	309,297	184,398	-	28,573	633,128	
Loans	-	138,400	-	-	-	-	138,400	
Due from Other Funds	845,000	-	-	-	-	-	845,000	
Inventories	5,404	-	-	44,116	-	-	49,520	
Prepaids	84,447	-	-	-	-	-	84,447	
Land Held for Resale					525,000		525,000	
Total Assets	\$ 6,072,562	\$ 627,230	\$ 4,321,068	\$ 511,108	\$ 2,066,158	\$ 1,863,368	\$ 15,461,494	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$ 134,694	\$ -	\$ 80,899	\$ 1,164	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 216,757	
Salaries and Benefits Payable	505,339	φ -	\$ 60,699	81,437	φ -	75,526	662,302	
	322,074	-	_	01,437	-	73,320	322,074	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable Due to Other Funds	322,074	845,000	-	-	-	-	845,000	
Total Liabilities	962,107	845,000	80,899	82,601		75,526	2,046,133	
Total Diabilities	702,107	043,000	00,077	02,001		13,320	2,040,133	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property Taxes	392,419	-	-	-	-	125,380	517,799	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-	-	568,000	-	568,000	
Unavailable for:								
Income Taxes	1,281,142	-	-	-	-	-	1,281,142	
Delinquent Property Taxes	26,158	-	-	-	-	8,260	34,418	
Intergovernmental	92,323	-	151,603	154,812	-	24,735	423,473	
Other Sources	385,427					955	386,382	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,177,469		151,603	154,812	568,000	159,330	3,211,214	
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable for:								
Materials and Supplies Inventory	5,404	-	-	44,116	-	-	49,520	
Prepaid Items	84,447	-	-	-	-	-	84,447	
Long-term Receivable	845,000	-	-	-	-	-	845,000	
Restricted for:								
Law Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	306,997	306,997	
Cemetery Services	-	-	-	-	-	140,345	140,345	
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	156,520	156,520	
Street Repair and Maintenance	-	-	-	229,579	-	1,047,621	1,277,200	
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	1,498,158	-	1,498,158	
Committed for:								
Capital Projects	-	-	4,088,566	-	-	-	4,088,566	
Assigned for:			-					
Subsequent Appropriations	168,092	-	-	-	-	-	168,092	
Unpaid Obligations	453,678	_	-	-	-	-	453,678	
Recreation Services	244,301	-	-	-	-	-	244,301	
Unassigned	1,132,064	(217,770)	-	-	-	(22,971)	891,323	
Total Fund Balance	2,932,986	(217,770)	4,088,566	273,695	1,498,158	1,628,512	10,204,147	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				· · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 6,072,562	\$ 627,230	\$ 4,321,068	\$ 511,108	\$ 2,066,158	\$ 1,863,368	\$ 15,461,494	
				 				

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	10,204,147
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		20,000,054
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		29,999,064
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Municipal income taxes 1,281,1	42	
Property and other taxes 34,4	18	
Shared revenues and grants 423,4	73	
Charges for services and other sources 386,3	82	
Total		2,125,415
Internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of providing insurance as well as central services to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		2,418,817
Some liabilities, including long-term debt obligations and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued interest payable (20,9)		
Compensated absences payable (2,673,3		
General obligations bonds payable (5,685,0		
Premium on bonds (79,5		
OPWC loans payable (644,9)	05)	
Total		(9,103,810)
Governmental Activities' Net Position	\$	35,643,633

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Major Governmental Funds							
			-9	Street Construction		Other	Total
	General	Economic	Capital	and		Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Development	Improvement	Maintenance	T.I.F.	Funds	Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes:							
Income	\$ 12,141,049	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,141,049
Property	389,908	-	-	-	-	124,742	514,650
Other	18,056	-	-	-	-	-	18,056
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	_	-	-	-	94,854	-	94,854
Shared Revenues	259,327	-	-	392,279	-	72,523	724,129
Intergovernmental Grants	134,566	7,000	608,871	-	-	-	750,437
Licenses and Permits	128,579	-	-	-	-	-	128,579
Charges for Services	618,918	-	_	_	-	8,267	627,185
Fines	220,718	-	_	_	_	6,458	227,176
Investment Earnings	97,206	_	_	1,401	11,739	23,012	133,358
Miscellaneous	327,215	-	9,325	2,572	-	1,071	340,183
Total Revenues	14,335,542	7,000	618,196	396,252	106,593	236,073	15,699,656
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	2,974,047	_	_	_	1,929	1,475	2,977,451
Public Safety	7,227,700	_	_	_	-	916,537	8,144,237
Highways and Streets	346,927	_	_	1,774,204	_	-	2,121,131
Sanitation	326,057	_	_	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	_	326,057
Economic Development	178,028	67,858	_	_	55,727	_	301,613
Health and Welfare	28,095		_	_	-	_	28,095
Culture and Recreation	905,757	_	_	_	_	_	905,757
Debt service:	,00,707						, , , , , , ,
Principal	_	_	219,376	_	50,000	_	269,376
Interest	_	_	2,827	_	252,561	_	255,388
Capital Outlays:			2,027		232,301		233,300
Highways and Streets	_	_	1,225,941	_	_	_	1,225,941
Public Safety			35,703		_		35,703
General Government			280,582				280,582
Total Expenditures	11,986,611	67,858	1,764,429	1,774,204	360,217	918,012	16,871,331
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	11,700,011	07,030	1,704,427	1,774,204	300,217	710,012	10,671,331
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,348,931	(60,858)	(1,146,233)	(1,377,952)	(253,624)	(681,939)	(1,171,675)
Over (Onder) Expenditures	2,340,731	(00,030)	(1,140,233)	(1,377,732)	(233,024)	(001,737)	(1,171,073)
OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	_	_	_	1,475,000	_	760,000	2,235,000
Transfers Out	(2,235,000)			1,475,000		700,000	(2,235,000)
Issuance of Loan	(2,233,000)		215,626				215,626
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	33,248	274,850	213,020	-	-	-	308,098
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,201,752)	274,850	215,626	1,475,000		760,000	523,724
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,201,732)	274,030	213,020	1,473,000		700,000	323,124
Net Change in Fund Balance	147,179	213,992	(930,607)	97,048	(253,624)	78,061	(647,951)
Fund Polonge Positive	2 705 907	(421.762)	5 010 172	176.647	1 751 700	1 550 451	10.052.000
Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 2,785,807	(431,762)	\$ 4,088,566	\$ 273,605	\$ 1,751,782	1,550,451	\$ 10,852,098
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,932,986	\$ (217,770)	\$ 4,088,566	\$ 273,695	\$ 1,498,158	\$ 1,628,512	\$ 10,204,147

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(647,951)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:		
Capital outlay 1,193,121 Depreciation (1,872,078		
Total	-	(678,957)
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of city assets is reported, while in the		
governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources.		(163,137)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums or discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Loan proceeds (215,626) General Obligation Bond payment 50,000		
Amortization of premium 3,790		
Capital lease payment 144,060		
OPWC loan payment 75,316 Total	-	57,540
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		270,224
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, rather these revenues are reported as		
as deferred inflow of resources. On the statement of activities, these amounts are revenues.		771,083
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds. These activities consist of:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable 1,552		
Decrease in compensated absences payable Total 32,919		34,471
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(356,727)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Enterprise Fund					
	Moraine Loan			Internal		
	F	rogram	Se	Service Funds		
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	601,585	\$	2,395,712		
Receivables:						
Loans (net of Allowance for uncollectible)		3,966		-		
Inventories				206,204		
Total Assets		605,551	2,601,916			
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable		-		3,528		
Salaries and Benefits Payable		-		14,404		
Compensated Absences Payable		-		9,247		
Insurance Claims Payable		-		109,650		
Total Current Liabilities				136,829		
LONG-TERM LIABILTIES						
Compensated Absences Payable				46,270		
Total Liabilities				183,099		
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted		605,551		2,418,817		
Total Net Position	\$	605,551	\$	2,418,817		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Enterpris	Enterprise Fund		
	Moraine	Moraine Loan		
	Progr	am	Ser	vice Funds
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	2,435,293
Miscellaneous		-		3,149
Total Operating Revenues		-		2,438,442
Operating Expenses				
Personal Services		-		271,484
Contractual Services		-		298,134
Supplies and Materials		-		170,666
Claims and Judgements		-		1,447,811
Total Operating Expenses		_		2,188,095
Operating Income				250,347
Non-Operating Revenues				
Investment earnings		8,065		19,877
Total Non-Operating Revenues		8,065		19,877
Change in Net Position		8,065		270,224
Total Net Position - Beginning		597,486		2,148,593
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	505,551	\$	2,418,817

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Enterprise Fu Moraine Loa Program		Se	Internal rvice Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Cash received for services	\$	-	\$	2,435,293
Miscellaneous receipts & reimbursements		-		3,149
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services		-		(1,964,234)
Cash paid to employees for services				(259,319)
Net cash provided by operating activities				214,889
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities				
Repayment of loan principal		965		-
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		965		-
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Investment earnings		8,065		19,877
Net cash provided by investing activities		8,065		19,877
Net Change		9,030		234,766
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		592,555		2,160,946
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	601,585	\$	2,395,712
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$	-	\$	250,347
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Increase in inventories		-		(79,483)
Decrease in accounts payable		-		(25,998)
Decrease in salaries and benefits payable		_		(1,778)
Increase in compensated absences payable		-		13,953
Increase in insurance claims payable		-		57,848
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	_	\$	214,889

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Age	Agency Funds		
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Cash in Segregated Accounts	\$	45,609 26,941		
Total Assets	\$	72,550		
LIABILITIES Deposits Due to Other Governments Escrow Bonds and Deposits	\$	48,244 20,670 3,636		
Total Liabilities	\$	72,550		

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF CITY AND REPORTING ENTITY:

The City of Moraine (the "City") is a home rule municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio, which operates under its own Charter. The current Charter was adopted in 1966 and has subsequently been amended. As provided in the Charter, the City operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The City was incorporated in 1958 and gained City status in 1965.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the City are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds and departments which provide the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation (refuse collection on a contractual basis), parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The City currently has no component units.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the City of Moraine have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements that provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the City's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by a recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business-type activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets and deferred outflows of resources are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources compared to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio and the Charter of the City.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> – This fund accounts for economic development projects that the City operates. These are funded with grant monies and general City funds.

<u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Street Construction and Maintenance Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with construction and maintenance of the City's transportation infrastructure.

<u>T.I.F. Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with a redevelopment of an area financed by tax increment financing and economic development of other areas within the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The other governmental funds of the City account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Types

The proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as either enterprise or internal service.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The City has one enterprise fund, the Moraine Loan Program fund, which accounts for home improvement and business loans offered to residents and businesses located within the City.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> – An internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City has three internal service funds. They are the City Garage Fund used to account for the cost of servicing the vehicles and maintenance equipment of City departments, the Health Insurance Program Fund used to accumulate and account for monies for the payment of health insurance costs for the employees of City departments and the Insurance Reserve Fund used to account for monies to cover legal services related to lawsuits and other expenditures where reimbursement is received from the general insurance carrier.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's fiduciary funds include agency funds only and account for undistributed receipts of the Moraine Mayor's Court and miscellaneous deposits received by the City.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operations of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources along with current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances report the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Like the government-wide statements, all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources along with all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the City finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows or resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The available period for the City is thirty-one days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income tax, property tax and payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income tax is recognized in the fiscal year in which the tax imposed takes place and revenue from property tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements and matching requirements. Timing requirements specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted. Matching requirements specify how the City must provide local resources and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available: income tax, state-levied locally shared taxes (including local government assistance, gasoline tax and vehicle license tax), EMS and other charges for services, court fines and forfeitures, and investment earnings.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate category for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reported no amounts which are classified as deferred outflows of resources at December 31, 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, and unavailable revenues. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is a legally enforceable claim as of December 31, 2013, but which were levied to finance subsequent year operations. These amounts have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund balance sheet. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental fund balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, intergovernmental grants, charges for services and other revenue sources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period the amounts become available.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocation of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the City is pooled. Money for all funds, except the Health Insurance Program Fund, is maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the City's records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

Investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. For investments in open-end mutual funds, fair value is determined by the fund's share price.

During the year, the City's investments included STAROhio. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State of Ohio's Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within Ohio to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2013.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase, and investments of the cash management pool are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to ordinance and statutory requirements. Interest revenue reported in the statement of activities for 2013 amounted to \$141,423.

Supplies Inventory

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are presented at cost on first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2013, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Land Held for Resale

The City owns property that it has determined holds value to private developers. As a result, the City intends to sell the land and has classified the land as land held for resale in the T.I.F. fund at the net realizable value, which approximates fair market value as determined by the City at year end.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, infrastructure, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets utilized by governmental activities are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported in the respective fund financial statements with the enterprise funds capital assets being reported in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

The City defines capital assets as those with an individual cost of more than \$3,000 except for improvements to infrastructure, which is \$50,000. All capital assets are capitalized at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. Interest on constructed capital assets within the business-type activities is capitalized. When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the governmental fund financial statements. The City's infrastructure consists of bridges, culverts, curbs, storm sewers and streets.

All capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historic records of necessary improvements and replacement. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Land Improvements	20-25 years
Building and Improvements	20-40 years
Machinery and Equipment	2-25 years
Infrastructure	20-50 years

Compensated Absences

Vacation leave accumulated by employees is accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned when both of these conditions are met:

1. The employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

2. It is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

A liability for sick leave is accrued based on the vesting method; which states that the City will estimate its liability based on sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as specified by the retirement system as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the City's termination policy. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. In proprietary funds the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, and compensated absences that will be paid from the governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment from current and available resources. Bonds, capital leases and long-term loans are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

Fund Balance

The City reports classifications of fund equity based on the purpose for which resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. Nonspendable fund balance indicates resources that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form. Resources that have purpose constraints placed upon them by laws, regulations, creditors, grantors, or other external parties are considered available only for the purpose for which they were received and are reported as a restricted fund balance. The City may limit the use of unreserved resources and they may be reported as committed or assigned fund balance depending on the level of governance the constraints were placed upon the resources. With an affirmative vote of its members, through ordinance, the City Council may create funds for which resources are committed to the established purpose of that fund. Once funds are committed, those resources may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed previously to commit those amounts. Through the City's purchasing policy the Council has given the Finance Director the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes, which are reported as assigned fund balances. All other funds in spendable form not restricted, committed or assigned are reported as an unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The City applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City considers committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, respectively, to be spent when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position is the residual amount when comparing assets and deferred outflows of resources to liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. At December 31, 2013, none of the City's net position is restricted by enabling legislation.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses that do not meet these definitions are reported as non-operating.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditure/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayment from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental and business-type activities have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position. These eliminations minimize the duplicate effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities total column; however, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

All funds, except for agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation ordinance, both of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Council may appropriate. The appropriation ordinance is Council's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by Council. The legal level of control has been established by the Council at the department level with a detail breakdown by personal services, operating and capital expenditures/expenses. Budgetary control is maintained by not permitting expenditures to exceed appropriations at the department level within each fund. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Finance Director. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate at the time final appropriations were adopted.

The appropriation ordinance is subject to amendment by Council throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covers the entire year plus amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by Council during the year.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Monies of substantially all funds of the City are maintained or invested in a common group of bank accounts and STAROhio. This is done in order to limit the risk associated with the investments while providing for a reasonable market rate of return. Interest income is distributed to the funds according to local ordinances and statutory requirements.

The provisions of the Charter and Codified Ordinances of the City and the Ohio Revised Code govern the investment and deposit of City monies. In accordance with these provisions, only financial institutions located in Ohio, as well as primary and regional securities dealers are eligible to hold public deposits. The provisions also permit the City to invest its monies in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, money market accounts, the State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio), obligations of the United States government or certain agencies thereof, bankers acceptance notes, and commercial paper. The City may also enter into repurchase agreements with any eligible depository for a period not exceeding five years.

Public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit. According to the City's Deposit and Investment Policy, these institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), or may pledge a pool of government securities, the face value of which is at least 105 percent of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. Protection of the City's cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third parties of the financial institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

At year end, the City reported a bank balance of \$1,537,528 of which \$262,205 was covered by federal deposit insurance and the remaining \$1,275,323 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized by specific pledged securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

Investments

At year-end, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	Rating	_	Fair Value	Less than One Year	Two to aree Years	Т	Beyond hree Years
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	AA+	\$	658,226	\$ 462,415	\$ 55,052	\$	140,759
Federal National Mortgage	AA+		2,324,972	448,909	-		1,876,063
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		626,400	498,066	128,334		-
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+		447,400	412,314	35,086		-
Negotiable CD's	N/A		2,876,492	2,187,963	688,529		-
STAR Ohio	AAAm		322,721	322,721	-		-
Mutual Funds	N/A		4,053,265	4,053,265	-		-
US Treasury Notes	N/A		40,092	-	40,092		-
US Treasury Money Market	N/A	_	30,645	 30,645			_
		\$	11,380,213	\$ 8,416,298	\$ 947,093	\$	2,016,822

Interest Rate Risk – The City's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by directing management to attempt to match the term to maturity of the investments with anticipated cash flow requirements and investing active deposits necessary for operating funds primarily in short term demand accounts and money market accounts or similar investments.

Credit Risk – The City's investment policy restricts investments in obligations of the United States Treasury and Federal Agencies to direct obligations of the issuing entity. The City's policy requires commercial paper to have a credit rating in the highest classification established by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services and the aggregate value of the notes cannot exceed ten per cent of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation. Bankers acceptances are restricted to those insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System and the obligations mature not later than one hundred eighty days after purchase. All negotiable certificates of deposit are covered by FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City has no investment policy dealing with custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute which prohibit payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by limiting the portfolio holding of allowable investments to the following percentages:

<u>Diversification of Instrument</u>	Maximum Percent Allowed
U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%
Authorized U.S. Federal Agency Securities and	
U.S. Government-sponsored Corporations	100%
Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit	100%
Authorized Bankers Acceptance	25%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

STAR Ohio	100%
Prime Commercial Paper	25%

The following table includes percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2013:

	Fair	Percent
Investment Type	Value	of Total
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	\$ 658,226	5.78%
Federal National Mortgage	2,324,972	20.43%
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes	626,400	5.50%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	447,400	3.93%
Negotiable CD's	2,876,492	25.28%
STAR Ohio	322,721	2.84%
Mutual Funds	4,053,265	35.62%
US Treasury Notes	40,092	0.35%
US Treasury Money Market	30,645	<u>0.27</u> %
	\$ 11,380,213	100.00%

NOTE 4 – RECEIVABLES:

Receivables at December 31, 2013 consisted primarily of municipal income taxes, property and other taxes, intergovernmental receivables arising from entitlements, shared revenues and special assessments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Property tax revenue received during 2013 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2012 taxes.

2013 real property taxes were levied after October 1, 2013, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of the appraised market value. 2013 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2014.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2013 public utility property taxes which became a lien December 31, 2012, are levied after October 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$2.50 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real property and public utility tangible property upon which 2013 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Real Property Tax Assessed Valuation	\$ 136,577,890
Public Utility Real Property Assessed Valuation	393,760
Public Utility Personal Property Assessed Valuation	84,035,830
Total	\$ 221,007,480

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the county, including the City of Moraine. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represents real, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2013, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. At the fund level, the entire receivable has been offset as a deferred inflow of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2013 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On the full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue.

Income Tax

The City levies a municipal income tax of two percent on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, the residents of the City are required to pay income tax on income earned outside the City; however, the City allows a credit for income taxes paid to another municipality up to 100 percent of the City's current income tax rate.

Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit the tax to the City monthly. Corporation and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. Prior to January 1, 2013, the City Council, by ordinance, had allocated 10 percent of all income tax revenue to the Capital Improvement Fund to finance annual capital improvements. Effective January 1, 2013, the City Council, again by ordinance, rescinded that allocation and directed that 100 percent of income tax revenue be maintained by the General Fund.

Loans Receivable

The City operates a long-term home improvement loan program as an enterprise fund. Loans receivable at December 31, 2013 were \$3,966.

In 2001, as an economic development tool, the City began offering business loans that would be forgiven if the business met certain employment and financial conditions over the life of the loan. The first such loan was made during 2001. The loans receivable in the Economic Development Fund at December 31, 2013 were as follows:

Loans Receivable, 12/31/2012	\$ 201,994
New Loans	-
Forgiven Loans	(63,594)
Loans Receivable, 12/31/2013	\$ 138,400

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	12/31/12	Increases	Decreases	12/31/13
Governmental Activities				
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 10,865,745	\$ -	\$ (80,000)	\$ 10,785,745
Construction in Progress	100,000	1,169,835	(100,000)	1,169,835
Non-depreciable capital assets:	10,965,745	1,169,835	(180,000)	11,955,580
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	12,554,571	-	-	12,554,571
Equipment	9,959,422	23,286	(110,867)	9,871,841
Infrastructure	28,687,338	100,000		28,787,338
Depreciable capital assets:	51,201,331	123,286	(110,867)	51,213,750
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(7,646,118)	(326,444)	-	(7,972,562)
Equipment	(8,297,669)	(284,536)	27,730	(8,554,475)
Infrastructure	(15,382,131)	(1,261,098)		(16,643,229)
Accumulated depreciation	(31,325,918)	(1,872,078) *	27,730	(33,170,266)
Depreciable capital assets, net	19,875,413	(1,748,792)	(83,137)	18,043,484
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 30,841,158	\$ (578,957)	\$ (263,137)	\$ 29,999,064

^{* -} Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 143,968
Public Safety	406,594
Highways and Streets	1,085,870
Culture and Recreation	217,153
Health and Welfare	6,064
Economic Development	 12,429
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,872,078

Prior to the start of the 2010 season, the City decided not to open its water park, Splash! Moraine, due to budgetary constraints. While the City hopes to re-open the facility in the future, there is no current timetable to do so. No impairment loss is recognized since the City is still performing normal, routine maintenance to ensure the asset does not lose value, other than normal depreciation, over time. The carrying value of this asset as of December 31, 2013 is \$241,653, of which, \$236,394 and \$5,259 is related to buildings and equipment, respectively.

Capital assets of the Internal Service City Garage Fund include machinery and equipment with a cost of \$173,851 and accumulated depreciation of \$173,851.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS:

Both the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System are reported using GASB Statement No. 27 "Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers". Substantially all City employees are covered by one of the two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, namely, the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund or the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System of Ohio. Both funds provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The City participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or (800) 222-7377.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans discussed above. Separate divisions for law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Plan. The 2013 member contribution rates were 10% of their annual salary for members in state and local classifications. Public safety and law enforcement members contributed 12.0% and 12.6%, respectively. The City was required to contribute 14.00% of covered payroll for employees and 18.10% for employees engaged in law enforcement and public safety. Contributions are authorized by State statute. The contribution rates are determined actuarially. The City's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$711,953, \$753,600 and \$770,793, respectively; 90.9% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% for 2012 and 2011. The balance of the 2013 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits liability.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

From January 1, 2013 thru July 1, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10% of their annual covered salary. From July 2, 2013 thru December 31, 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10.75% of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2013, employers were required to contribute 19.5% and 24% respectively for police officers and firefighters. The City's contributions OP&F for police officers for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$1,014,618, \$923,258 and \$989,698, respectively; 91.2% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% for 2012 and 2011. The balance of the 2013 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits liability.

NOTE 7 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment benefits other than Pension," establishes standards for disclosure information for postemployment benefits other than pension benefits. Both OPERS and OP&F have post-employment benefits that meet the definition as described in GASB Statement 45.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including postemployment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care coverage. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2013, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14% of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10%. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members was 1.0% during calendar year 2013. Effective January 1, 2014, the portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was raised to 2.0%, as recommended by the OPERS Actuary. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Actual employer contributions for 2013, 2012 and 2011 which were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$50,854, \$215,314 and \$220,227, respectively; 90.9% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% for 2012 and 2011. The balance of the 2013 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits liability.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under SB 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4 percent of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependent.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described by GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164. That report is also available on OP&F's website at www.op-f.org.

The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of payroll of active pension members, currently 19.5% of covered payroll for police employers. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5% of covered payroll for police employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts. One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administrated as an Internal Service Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 4.69% of covered payroll from January 1, 2013 thru May 31, 2013 and 2.85% of covered payroll from June 1, 2013 thru December 31, 2013. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's actual contributions for 2013, 2012 and 2011 that were used to fund postemployment benefits were \$166,055, \$287,989 and \$311,883 for police and firefighters, respectively; 91.2% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% for 2012 and 2011. The balance of the 2013 required contribution is reported as a component of the salaries and benefits liability.

NOTE 8 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES:

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 16, the City accrues a liability for sick leave and vacation when the obligation is attributable to services previously rendered, to rights that vest or accumulate, and where payment of the obligation is probable and can be reasonably determined.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation

City employees earn vacation leave at varying rates based upon length of service. At termination or retirement, employees are paid at their full rate for 100% of their unused vacation. The obligation for accrued unpaid vacation time for the City as a whole amounted to \$924,924 at December 31, 2013.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave

City employees earn sick leave at varying rates based upon length of service and when the employee was hired. Employees who have completed ten to twenty years of service and were hired prior to April 11, 1993 and have a sick leave balance are able to receive payment upon retirement of one hour for each two hours accumulated. For service beyond twenty years an employee would receive payment for each hour accumulated in that time. Employees hired after April 11, 1993 that have completed ten to twenty years of service are able to receive payment upon retirement of one hour for each three hours up to a maximum of 720 hours. For service beyond twenty years an employee would receive payment upon retirement of one hour for every three accumulated up to a maximum of 960 hours. Individuals leaving the employment of the City prior to retirement or at retirement with less than ten years of service lose their accumulated sick leave. The obligation for accrued unpaid sick leave for the City as a whole amounted to \$2,126,015 at December 31, 2013.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. In 1995 the City joined the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP) for coverage of these risks. The risk of loss is transferred to the Pool. PEP financial data as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

Casualty & Property Coverage

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Assets	\$ 34,411,883	\$ 34,389,569
Liabilities	(12,760,194)	(14,208,353)
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$ 21,651,689	\$ 20,181,216

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Unpaid claims to be billed were approximately \$11.1 million in 2013 and \$12.6 million in 2012. The Pool's membership increased from 466 members in 2012 to 475 members in 2013.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing arrangements to reduce its exposure to loss. These agreements permit recovery of a portion of its claims from reinsurers and a risk-sharing pool; however, they do not discharge the Pool's primary liability for such payments. The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York Risk Pooling Services, Inc (YORK). APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, the Pool retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. (At December 31, 2013 the Pool retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims). The Board of Directors and YORK periodically review the financial strength of the Pool and other market conditions to determine the appropriate level of risk the Pool will retain. Coverage has not changed and losses have not exceeded that coverage over the last three years.

Health Insurance Coverage

The City provides health insurance coverage for its employees. This program is accounted for in the Internal Service Health Insurance Program Fund. This coverage is provided by the City self-funding a portion of the program with the balance of coverage provided by stop loss coverage through Anthem Insurance Company. The stop loss carrier provides coverage as follows: the City paid all claims up to \$75,000 per individual or \$2,056,500 in aggregate during the contract year, which runs from August 1 through July 31 of each year. The City expects that all claims will be settled within one year.

Stop loss reimbursement for the past three years:

Below is a claims history for the past three years:

	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>			<u>2011</u>
Claims liability at January 1	\$	51,802	\$	53,087	\$	77,379
Claims incurred		1,483,738		1,475,154		1,454,203
Claims paid	_	(1,425,890)	_	(1,476,439)	_	(1,478,495)
Claims liability at December 31	\$	109,650	\$	51,802	\$	53,087

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

On January 7, 2010 the City issued \$5,805,000 in various purpose infrastructure and improvement general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued to retire outstanding notes of \$5,300,000 that were originally issued for the purpose of designing, engineering, constructing and improving new and existing infrastructure. The issue is made up of serial and term bonds with interest rates between 2% and 5%. The bonds will mature on December 1, 2034. A portion of the debt service on the bonds will be paid from service payments in lieu of taxes made by certain property owners in the area benefited by the project. In the event TIF payments are insufficient to cover debt service, the City is responsible for the debt service payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

At December 31, 2013, the City has three outstanding loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) to finance various projects; \$784,000 for Dryden Road improvements in 1996, \$450,000 for improvements to Springboro Pike West during 2009, and \$215,626 was borrowed (total loan authorized up to \$569,797) in 2013 to finance improvements to the traffic signals throughout the City. All three of these loans carried an interest rate of zero percent and will mature over a 30 year period.

The changes in the City's long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2013, were as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	Balance	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u>	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obigation Bonds	\$ 5,735,000	\$ -	\$ 50,000	\$ 5,685,000	\$ 60,000
Premium on Bonds	83,383	-	3,790	79,593	-
Ohio Public Works Commission	504,595	215,626	75,316	644,905	25,105
Capital Lease Obligation	144,060	-	144,060	-	-
Compensated Absences	2,747,831	554,947	573,913	2,728,865	597,517
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 9,214,869	\$ 770,573	\$ 847,079	\$ 9,138,363	\$ 682,622

The compensated absences are liquidated from the General, Parks and Recreation Fund, Street Construction and Maintenance, and City Garage Funds.

Principal and interest requirement to retire the City's future long-term debt funding requirements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
	General Obl	igation Bonds	OPWC		
Calendar		_			
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal		
2014	\$ 60,000	\$ 252,561	\$ 25,105		
2015	185,000	251,561	50,211		
2016	190,000	250,061	50,210		
2017	195,000	239,273	22,501		
2018	205,000	232,449	22,500		
2019-2023	1,155,000	1,022,205	112,501		
2024-2028	1,465,000	717,136	112,501		
2029-2033	1,820,000	360,642	33,750		
2034	410,000	19,475			
Total	\$5,685,000	\$ 3,345,363	\$ 429,279		

As noted above, the 2013 OPWC loan amount was authorized at an amount not to exceed \$569,797, of which \$215,626 was drawn during 2013. The amortization schedule for OPWC loans are not formalized until the project is closed and the loan is finalized. Therefore, the \$215,626 of OPWC loans borrowed during 2013 are not included in the principal and interest repayment table shown above.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 11 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS:

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issue. The City, the State, nor any political subdivision, thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 1997, there were eleven series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the eleven series issued prior to January 1, 1997 could not be determined; however, their original issue amounts totaled \$32.9 million. There were no series issued after January 1, 1997.

NOTE 12 – OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATION:

The City has agreed to make the Bond payments less all hook-up fees for a sewer trunk line that Montgomery County installed to benefit a new industrial park in the City limits. The bond payments are billed to the City each year less all hook-up fees. The 2013 payment was \$76,256 and included \$40,000 in principal and \$36,256 in interest. These payments are recorded as expenses in the year that they are paid and no asset or long term liability is being carried on the City's books. The sewer belongs to, and is maintained by, Montgomery County.

NOTE 13 – CAPITAL LEASE:

The City previously entered into a lease agreement as lessee with Kansas State Bank for a new fire truck for \$693,399. The accumulated depreciation on the fire truck as of December 31, 2013 is \$254,246 resulting in a book value of \$439,153. The lease was for five years and qualified as a capital lease for accounting purposes (title transfers at the end of the lease term) and, therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

This lease obligation meets the criteria of a capital lease in that the lease agreement transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee (the City). Capital lease payments are reflected as debt service expenditures in the governmental fund and totaled \$144,060 for 2013. As of December 31, 2013, the capital lease was paid in full.

NOTE 14 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY:

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2013, consisted of the following:

Transfer to Fund	Transfer from Fund	Amount
Street Construction and Maintenance	General	\$ 1,475,000
Nonmajor - Police Pension	General	280,000
Nonmajor - Fire Pension	General	480,000
		\$ 2,235,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the City must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

Due From/To Other Funds is recorded in the General Fund and Economic Development Fund for \$845,000. The outstanding balance between funds is the result of a working capital loan to the Economic Development Fund. None of the balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 15 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and subject to various claims over which litigation has not yet commenced. Although the outcomes of these matters is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management and the law director, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Federal and State Grants

For the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013, the City received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by grantor agencies or their designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the City believes such disallowance, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 16 – COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

At December 31, 2013, the Economic Development, Police Pension, and Fire Pension Funds reported deficit fund balances of \$217,770, \$11,812, and \$11,159 respectively. The deficits occurred as a result of current year accruals being recognized and deficits do not exist on a cash basis. The General Fund provides transfers to cover fund deficit balances; however, this is done when cash is needed and not when accruals occur.

NOTE 17 – COMMITMENTS:

Encumbrances

Outstanding encumbrances at year-end include:

		Encumbrance
Fund		Outstanding
General	\$	503,312
Capital Improvement		763,960
Street Construction & Maintenance		31,128
Other Governmental Funds	_	2,525
	\$	1,300,925

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

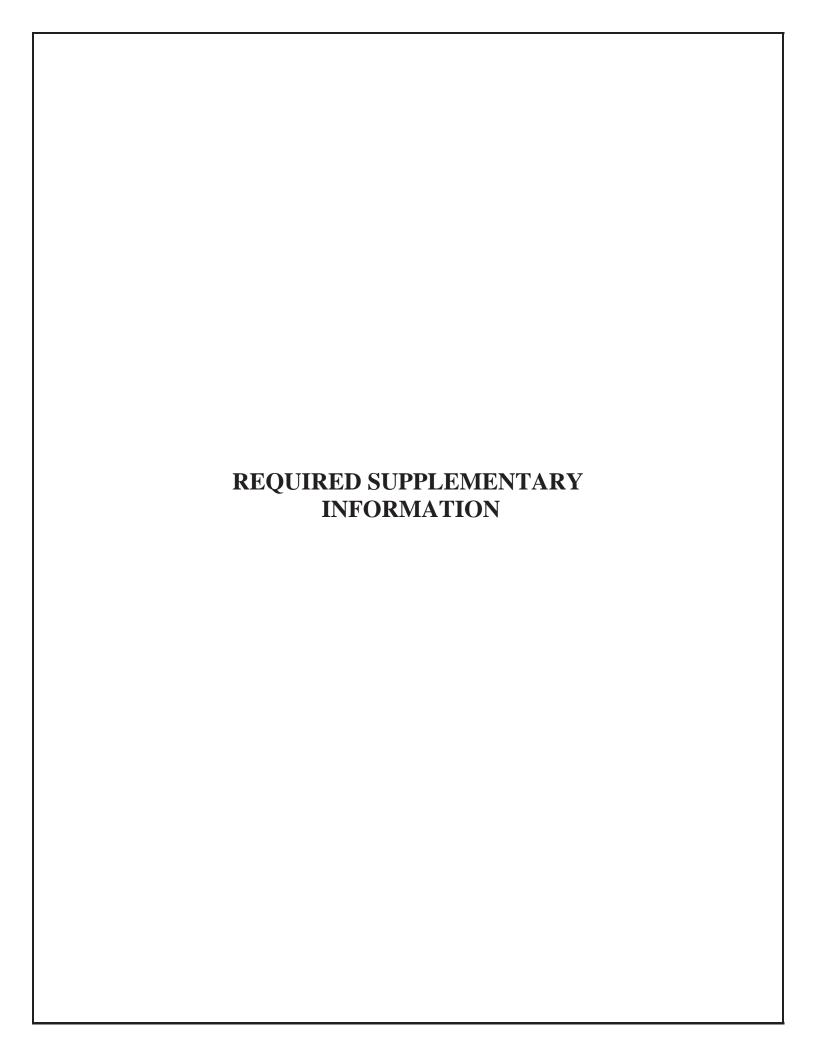
NOTE 18 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES:

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the City implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, and GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections – 2012*. GASB Statement No. 61 modifies the criteria to be used in determining the reporting entity, including component units. GASB Statement No. 66 changes the requirement to account for risk financing (self-insurance) within the general or internal service funds, eliminates guidance on accounting for operating lease payments that vary from a straight-line basis, changes the determination of the carrying value of purchased loans or group of loans, and modifies the manner in which service fees should be reported on mortgage loans sold. Neither of these statements required the City to restate any prior year balances.

In addition, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, has been issued by the GASB but is not required to be implemented by the City until calendar year 2015. Management has not yet determined the impact these new GASB Standards will have on the City's financial statements.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

In May 2014, voters within the City approved a 0.50% increase to the City's income tax rate. As a result, effective July 1, 2014 the City's income tax rate will increase from the current 2.0% to 2.5% and is expected to generate approximately \$2.5 to \$3.0 million in additional income tax revenue for the City when the rate is fully implemented. All additional proceeds will be recorded within the General Fund and be used to provide for operating expenses of the City.



GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes:				
Income	\$ 11,735,962	\$ 12,672,940	\$ 12,090,121	\$ (582,819)
Property	480,200	480,200	406,824	(73,376)
Other	55,000	55,000	18,056	(36,944)
Shared Revenues	337,214	337,214	343,493	6,279
License and Permits	103,675	103,675	111,900	8,225
Charges for Services	368,550	368,550	361,592	(6,958)
Fines	309,000	309,000	229,587	(79,413)
Investment Earnings	250,000	250,000	109,418	(140,582)
Rents and Royalties	15,200	15,200	12,765	(2,435)
Miscellaneous	490,385	490,385	282,706	(207,679)
Total Revenues	14,145,186	15,082,164	13,966,462	(1,115,702)
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Council				
Personnel services	19,756	19,756	14,098	5,658
General operating expenses	20,498	20,274	16,454	3,820
Total Council	40,254	40,030	30,552	9,478
Clerk of Council	60.552	60.720	65.454	2.064
Personnel services	69,553	68,538	65,474	3,064
General operating expenses	14,051	13,866	11,876	1,990
Total Clerk of Council	83,604	82,404	77,350	5,054
City Manager				
Personnel services	308,083	305,494	296,089	9,405
General operating expenses	34,985	34,945	20,555	14,390
Total City Manager	343,068	340,439	316,644	23,795
Clerk of Courts				
Personnel services	133,782	132,257	125,728	6,529
General operating expenses	31,127	28,766	26,400	2,366
Total Clerk of Courts	164,909	161,023	152,128	8,895
Law Director				
General operating expenses	200,857	193,524	85,887	107,637
Total Law Director	200,857	193,524	85,887	107,637
				(continued)

GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2013 (continued)

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Merit Service				
General operating expenses	5,000	15,000	8,701	6,299
Total Merit Service	5,000	15,000	8,701	6,299
Mayor				
Personnel services	12,742	12,742	11,937	805
General operating expenses	6,900	6,900	3,827	3,073
Total Mayor	19,642	19,642	15,764	3,878
Finance				
Personnel services	512,000	504,509	475,061	29,448
General operating expenses	65,983	61,551	52,698	8,853
Total Finance	577,983	566,060	527,759	38,301
Information Center				
Personnel services	123,354	121,828	118,441	3,387
Total Information Center	123,354	121,828	118,441	3,387
Public Buildings				
Personnel services	521,003	510,501	503,525	6,976
General operating expenses	522,409	489,954	393,051	96,903
Total Public Buildings	1,043,412	1,000,455	896,576	103,879
General Miscellaneous				
Personnel services	362,856	345,024	221,994	123,030
General operating expenses	531,321	492,827	464,130	28,697
Total General Miscellaneous	894,177	837,851	686,124	151,727
Information Technology				
Personnel services	117,045	116,030	106,731	9,299
General operating expenses	231,443	213,329	181,387	31,942
Total Information Technology	348,488	329,359	288,118	41,241
Human Resources				
General operating expenses	68,668	61,487	56,698	4,789
Total Human Resources	68,668	61,487	56,698	4,789
OTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	3,913,416	3,769,102	3,260,742	508,360
				(continued)

GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2013 (continued)

				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police				
Personnel services	3,470,418	3,721,840	3,405,112	316,728
General operating expenses	596,180	583,764	552,051	31,713
Total Police	4,066,598	4,305,604	3,957,163	348,441
Fire				
Personnel services	3,135,953	3,169,624	2,888,122	281,502
General operating expenses	430,874	417,005	236,248	180,757
Total Fire	3,566,827	3,586,629	3,124,370	462,259
Civil Defense				
General operating expenses	12,150	12,150	11,283	867
Total Civil Defense	12,150	12,150	11,283	867
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	7,645,575	7,904,383	7,092,816	811,567
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS Engineering				
Personnel services	100,007	98,993	71,318	27,675
General operating expenses	126,078	113,837	88,876	24,961
Total Engineering	226,085	212,830	160,194	52,636
Street Lighting				
General operating expenses	320,349	268,152	268,152	-
Total Street Lighting	320,349	268,152	268,152	-
TOTAL HIGHWAYS AND STREETS	546,434	480,982	428,346	52,636
SANITATION Waste Collection				
General operating expenses	403,742	369,638	359,534	10,104
Total Waste Collection	403,742	369,638	359,534	10,104
TOTAL SANITATION	403,742	369,638	359,534	10,104
HEALTH AND WELFARE				
Health & Alcoholism	2,000	2,000	2 000	
General operating expenses	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Total Health & Alcoholism	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Board of Zoning Appeals				
General operating expenses	450	450		450
Total Board of Zoning Appeals	450	450		450
				(continued)

GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
For Year Ended December 31, 2013
(continued)

				Variance with
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Building Inspection	Original Budget	Filiai Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Personnel services	86,035	86,011	72,909	13,102
General operating expenses	96,805	82,776	72,155	10,621
Total Building Inspection	182,840	168,787	145,064	23,723
TOTAL HEALTH AND WELFARE	185,290	171,237	147,064	24,173
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND				
ASSISTANCE				
Planning				
Personnel services	166,238	166,149	164,635	1,514
General operating expenses	26,925	26,128	12,474	13,654
Total Planning	193,163	192,277	177,109	15,168
Planning Commission				
General operating expenses	3,940	3,940	3,001	939
Total Planning Commission	3,940	3,940	3,001	939
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	3,740	3,740	3,001	
AND ASSISTANCE	197,103	196,217	180,110	16,107
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,891,560	12,891,559	11,468,612	1,422,947
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	1,253,626	2,190,605	2,497,850	307,245
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(2,650,000)	(2,775,000)	(2,750,000)	25,000
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	20,000	20,000	33,248	13,248
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,630,000)	(2,755,000)	(2,716,752)	38,248
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,376,374)	(564,395)	(218,902)	345,493
Fund Balance - Beginning	850,145	850,145	850,145	-
Encumbrances	566,469	566,469	566,469	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 40,240	\$ 852,219	\$ 1,197,712	\$ 345,493

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
For Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	 Buager		au Buaget	 7 Tetuur		(tegative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 460,000	\$	460,000	\$ 7,000	\$	(453,000)
Total Revenues	460,000		460,000	7,000		(453,000)
EXPENDITURES						
Economic Development	225,000		460,000	106,930		353,070
Total Expenditures	225,000		460,000	106,930		353,070
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 235,000			 (99,930)		(99,930)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	 			 274,850		274,850
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 			 274,850	-	274,850
Net Change in Fund Balance	235,000		-	174,920		174,920
Fund Balance - Beginning	313,909		313,909	313,909		_
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 548,909	\$	313,909	\$ 488,829	\$	174,920

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

STREET CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)
For Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Bud	get Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Shared Revenues	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$	391,762	\$	16,762
Investment Earnings		4,000		4,000		1,922		(2,078)
Miscellaneous			-			2,572	-	2,572
Total Revenues		379,000		379,000		396,256		17,256
EXPENDITURES								
Highways and Streets								
Personnel Services		1,541,265		1,541,265		1,416,407		124,858
General Operating Expenses		465,405		465,405		383,735		81,670
Total Highways and Streets		2,006,670		2,006,670		1,800,142		206,528
Total Expenditures		2,006,670		2,006,670		1,800,142		206,528
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	((1,627,670)	(1,627,670)	((1,403,886)		223,784
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		1,500,000		1,500,000		1,475,000		(25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,500,000		1,500,000		1,475,000		(25,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(127,670)		(127,670)		71,114		198,784
Fund Balance - Beginning		158,253		158,253		158,253		-
Encumbrances		27,243		27,243		27,243		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	57,826	\$	57,826	\$	256,610	\$	198,784

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

T. I. F. FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Original Budget	_ Fiı	nal Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)
REVENUES								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	94,854	\$	44,854
Investment Earnings		4,800		4,800		13,529		8,729
Total Revenues		54,800		54,800		108,383		53,583
EXPENDITURES								
GENERAL GOVERNMENT								
Economic Development								
General operating expenses		46,500		46,500		31,711		14,789
Debt Service								
Principal Retirement		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
Interest		252,565		252,565		252,562		3
Total Expenditures	-	349,065	-	349,065	-	334,273		14,792
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	-	(294,265)	-	(294,265)		(225,890)	-	68,375
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Proceeds from the sale of assets		400,000		400,000		549,057		149,057
Total Other Financing Sources		400,000		400,000		549,057		149,057
Net Change in Fund Balance		105,735		105,735		323,167		217,432
Fund Balance - Beginning		651,113		651,113		651,113		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	756,848	\$	756,848	\$	974,280	\$	217,432

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

NOTE A-BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the City is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP Basis).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).

Encumbrances are treated as expenditures for all funds (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).

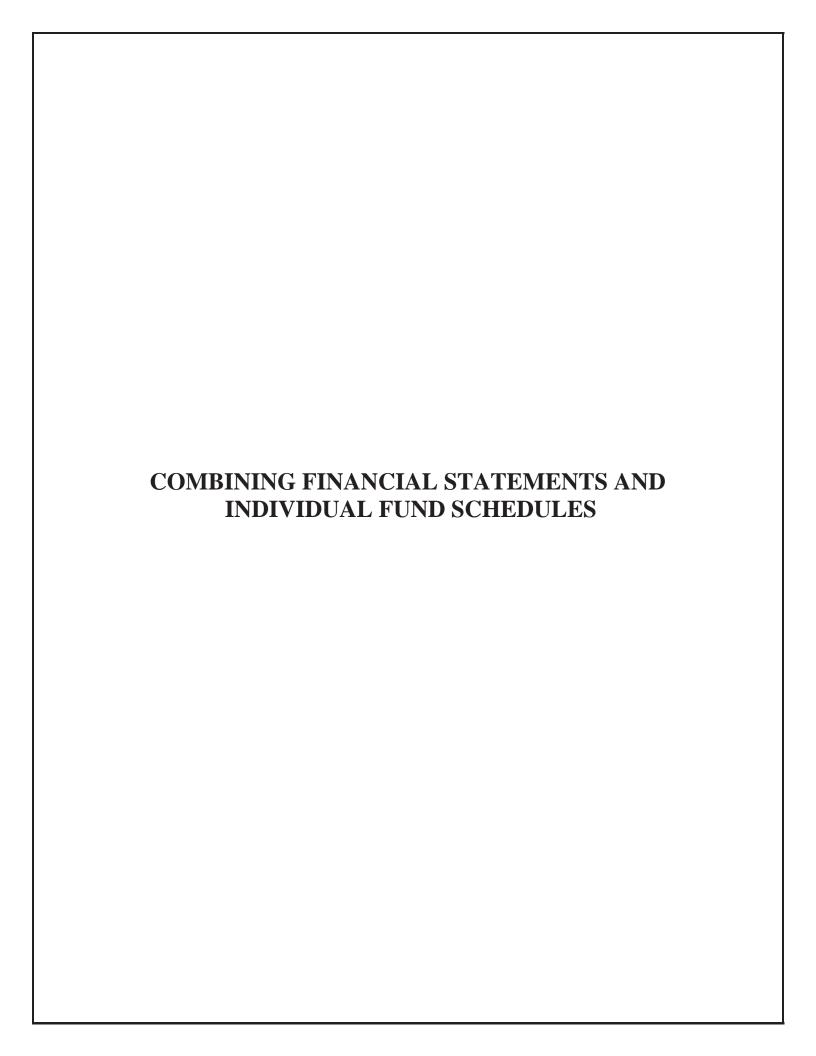
Some funds are included in the General fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budgetary basis).

The following summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP statements and the budgetary basis schedule for the City's major funds.

Net Change in Fund Balance

					Street	
		E	conomic	Co	nstruction	
	 General	De	velopment	and N	Maintenance	 T.I.F.
GAAP Basis	\$ 147,179	\$	213,992	\$	97,048	\$ (253,624)
Revenue Accruals	(77,326)		-		4	1,790
Expenditure Accruals	65,920		(39,072)		5,190	25,944
Encumbrances	(453,678)		-		(31,128)	-
Other Financing Sources	-		-		-	549,057
Funds Budgeted Elsewhere	 99,003				<u> </u>	-
Budget Basis	\$ (218,902)	\$	174,920	\$	71,114	\$ 323,167

<u>Note:</u> For reporting purposes, the Parks and Recreation fund is combined with the General fund; however that fund is legally budgeted separately from the General fund. As such, a separate budgetary comparison schedule is presented along with those of the non-major special revenue funds within the combining financial statements and individual fund schedules section of this report.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

	major Special venue Funds	nmajor Debt rvice Fund	al Nonmajor nmental Funds
ASSETS			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,543,680	\$ 156,520	\$ 1,700,200
Receivables:			
Property Tax	133,640	-	133,640
Accounts	955	-	955
Intergovernmental	 28,573	 -	 28,573
Total Assets	\$ 1,706,848	\$ 156,520	\$ 1,863,368
LIABILITIES			
Salaries and Benefits Payable	\$ 75,526	\$ _	\$ 75,526
Total Liabilities	75,526		75,526
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Property Taxes	125,380	-	125,380
Unavailable for:			
Delinquent Property Taxes	8,260	-	8,260
Intergovernmental	24,735	-	24,735
Other Sources	955	-	955
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	159,330		159,330
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Law Enforcement	306,997	-	306,997
Cemetery Services	140,345	-	140,345
Debt Service	-	156,520	156,520
Street Repair and Maintenance	1,047,621	-	1,047,621
Unassigned	 (22,971)	 	 (22,971)
Total Fund Balances	 1,471,992	156,520	1,628,512
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	 		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,706,848	\$ 156,520	\$ 1,863,368

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	major Special enue Funds	major Debt vice Fund	al Nonmajor nmental Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 124,742	\$ -	\$ 124,742
Shared Revenues	72,523	-	72,523
Charges for Services	8,267	-	8,267
Fines	6,458	-	6,458
Investment Earnings	20,953	2,059	23,012
Miscellaneous	 1,071	 	 1,071
Total Revenues	234,014	2,059	236,073
EXPENDITURES			
Current:	1 475		1 475
General government	1,475	-	1,475
Public Safety	 916,537	 	 916,537
Total Expenditures	 918,012	 	 918,012
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(683,998)	2,059	 (681,939)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	760,000	-	760,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	760,000	 	760,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	76,002	2,059	78,061
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,395,990	154,461	1,550,451
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,471,992	\$ 156,520	\$ 1,628,512

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2013

	State Highway Improvement	Cemetery	Mote	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Enfo and E	Enforcement and Education	H A	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Federal Law Enforcement	S	State Law Enforcement	Dru	Drug Law Enforcement	Total Specia	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 828,788	\$ 140,345	↔	214,995	↔	61,043	≶	23,304	\$ 29,251	\$ 83,716	↔	119,347	≶	42,891	↔	1,543,680
Necetvatics. Property Tax	1	1		1		1		66,820	66,820	1		1		1		133,640
Accounts	1 ,	955		1 (1		1 1	1 1	1		1		1		955
Intergovernmental Total Assets	14,951 \$ 843,739	\$ 141,300	\$	10,870	\$	61,043	\$	1,376	1,376	\$ 83,716	s	119,347	↔	42,891	\$	28,573 1,706,848
LIABILITIES Salaries and Benefits Payable Total Liabilities	√s	· · · · ·	⇔	1 1	↔	1 1	8	35,116	\$ 40,410	∞	∻	1	~	1 1	€	75,526
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes	ES:	ı		ı		I		62,690	62,690	1		1		ī		125,380
Unavailable for: Delinquent Property Taxes		1		. 127		1		4,130	4,130	,		1		1		8,260
intergovernmentat Other Sources	12,332	- 955		7,431		1 1		1,370	1,570	' '		1 1		1 1		24,733 955
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,552	955		9,431		1		68,196	68,196					1		159,330
FUND BALANCE Restricted for:										6				50		
Law Enforcement Cemetery Services		140,345		1 1		61,043		1 1	1 1	83,/16		119,347		42,891		306,997 140,345
Street Repair and Maintenance	831,187			216,434		1		1	•	1		1		•		1,047,621
Unassigned	1	1		1		'		(11,812)	(11,159)	'		1		1		(22,971)
Total Fund Balance	831,187	140,345		216,434		61,043		(11,812)	(11,159)	83,716		119,347		42,891		1,471,992
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 843,739	\$ 141,300	⇔	225,865	S	61,043	\$	91,500	\$ 97,447	\$ 83,716	->-	119,347	⇔	42,891	⇔	1,706,848

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	State Highway Improvement	Cemetery	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Enforcement and Education	Police Pension	Fire Pension	Federal Law Enforcement	State Law Enforcement	Drug Law Enforcement	Tol	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES Taxes:	€	€	€	E			e	é	÷	€	
Property Shared Revenues	31.152	· ·	21 793	 ∻÷	\$ 62,371	\$ 62,371 9 789	· ·	· ·		×	124,742
Charges for Services		8,267		1			,	,			8,267
Fines	1		1	685	1	1	5,773	1			6,458
Investment Earnings	10,627	1,772	2,640	797	1,306	601	1,054	1,591	292		20,953
Miscellaneous	1	1,071	1	1	1	1	1	1			1,071
Total Revenues	41,779	11,110	24,433	1,482	73,466	72,761	6,827	1,591	565		234,014
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government	•	1,475	1	1	1	1	1	1			1,475
Public Safety	'	1	1	1	423,341	489,898	1	3,298			916,537
Total Expenditures	1	1,475	1	1	423,341	489,898	1	3,298			918,012
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues	025 17	0.635	24.423	100	(370.075)	(717)	1007	(505.1)	373		(000 000)
Over (unuer) Expenditures	41,119	7,033	24,433	1,402	(242,013)	(411,131)	0,027	(1,/0/)	COC		(062,790)
OTHER FINANCING											
SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	,	1	,		280,000	480,000			•		760,000
Total Other Financing					000 080	480,000					000 032
Sources (Oses)					700,000	100,000				 	000,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	41,779	9,635	24,433	1,482	(69,875)	62,863	6,827	(1,707)	565		76,002
Fund Balance - Beginning	789,408	130,710	192,001	59,561	58,063	(74,022)	76,889	121,054	42,326		1,395,990
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 831,187	\$ 140,345	\$ 216,434	\$ 61,043	\$ (11,812)	\$ (11,159)	\$ 83,716	\$ 119,347	\$ 42,891	s	1,471,992

STATE HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND

REVENUES		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget re (Negative)
Shared Revenues	\$	30.000	\$	30.000	\$	31.110	\$	1,110
Investment Earnings	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	12,391	Ψ	(2,609)
Total Revenues		45,000		45,000		43,501		(1,499)
Net Change in Fund Balance		45,000		45,000		43,501		(1,499)
Fund Balance - Beginning		786,243		786,243		786,243		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	831,243	\$	831,243	\$	829,744	\$	(1,499)

CEMETERY FUND

		Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Fina Po	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES		• • • • •		• • • • •			
Charges for Services	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$ 8,267	\$	5,267
Investment Earnings		2,700		2,700	2,068		(632)
Miscellaneous	-	500		500	 1,071		571
Total Revenues		6,200		6,200	 11,406		5,206
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		7,450		7,450	 4,001		3,449
Total Expenditures		7,450		7,450	4,001		3,449
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,250)		(1,250)	7,405		8,655
Fund Balance - Beginning		132,576		132,576	 132,576		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	131,326	\$	131,326	\$ 139,981	\$	8,655

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE TAX FUND

	(Original					e with Final et Positive
		Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	_	egative)
REVENUES							
Shared Revenues	\$	21,000	\$	21,000	\$ 21,676	\$	676
Investment Earnings		3,800		3,800	3,082		(718)
Total Revenues		24,800		24,800	24,758		(42)
EXPENDITURES							
Highways and Streets		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		_		_	_		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		24,800		24,800	24,758		(42)
Fund Balance - Beginning		190,484		190,484	190,484		_
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	215,284	\$	215,284	\$ 215,242	\$	(42)

ENFORCEMENT AND EDUCATION FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

For Year Ended December 31, 2013

	0							nce with
		riginal						Budget
DEVIENTIEC		Budget	Fills	ii Budget	Actual		Positive	(Negative)
REVENUES								
License and Permits	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	685	\$	(315)
Investment Earnings		1,200		1,200	-	928		(272)
Total Revenues		2,200		2,200		1,613		(587)
EXPENDITURES								
Public Safety		3,714		3,714		2,000		1,714
Total Expenditures		3,714		3,714		2,000		1,714
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,514)		(1,514)		(387)		1,127
Fund Balance - Beginning		57,786		57,786		57,786		-
Encumbrances		1,714		1,714		1,714		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	57,986	\$	57,986	\$	59,113	\$	1,127

POLICE PENSION FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

For Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 148,113	\$	148,113	\$ 68,870	\$	(79,243)
Intergovernmental	3,750		3,750	3,290		(460)
Investment Earnings	4,800		4,800	1,519		(3,281)
Total Revenues	156,663		156,663	73,679		(82,984)
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety						
Personnel	475,000		545,000	490,148		54,852
General operating expense	1,500		1,500	986		514
Total Public Safety	476,500		546,500	491,134		55,366
Total Expenditures	 476,500		546,500	 491,134		55,366
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(319,837)		(389,837)	(417,455)		(27,618)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	325,000		325,000	280,000		(45,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	325,000		325,000	280,000		(45,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	5,163		(64,837)	(137,455)		(72,618)
Fund Balance - Beginning	170,383		170,383	170,383		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 175,546	\$	105,546	\$ 32,928	\$	(72,618)

FIRE PENSION FUND

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
REVENUES	 8			 		
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 73,112	\$	148,112	\$ 68,869	\$	(79,243)
Intergovernmental	3,750		3,750	3,291		(459)
Investment Earnings	4,800		4,800	699		(4,101)
Total Revenues	81,662		156,662	 72,859		(83,803)
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety:						
Personnel	530,000		610,000	563,305		46,695
General operating expense	1,500		1,500	986		514
Total Public Safety	531,500		611,500	564,291		47,209
Total Expenditures	531,500		611,500	564,291		47,209
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	 (449,838)		(454,838)	 (491,432)		(36,594)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	 400,000	-	450,000	 480,000	-	30,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 400,000		450,000	 480,000		30,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(49,838)		(4,838)	(11,432)		(6,594)
Fund Balance - Beginning	51,066		51,066	51,066		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,228	\$	46,228	\$ 39,634	\$	(6,594)

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	Original Budget	Fina	ıl Budget	A	Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES	 						
Investment Earnings	\$ 1,800	\$	1,800	\$	1,229	\$	(571)
Fines	 				5,773		5,773
Total Revenues	 1,800		1,800		7,002		5,202
EXPENDITURES Public Safety: Total Expenditures	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,800		1,800		7,002		5,202
Fund Balance - Beginning	76,810		76,810		76,810		_
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 78,610	\$	78,610	\$	83,812	\$	5,202

STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

For Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget	 Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
REVENUES						
Investment Earnings	\$ 1,800	\$	1,800	\$ 1,854	\$	54
Total Revenues	 1,800		1,800	1,854		54
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety	 		4,000	 3,298	-	702
Total Expenditures	 		4,000	 3,298		702
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,800		(2,200)	(1,444)		756
Fund Balance - Beginning	 120,929		120,929	 120,929		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 122,729	\$	118,729	\$ 119,485	\$	756

DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

	riginal Budget	Fina	al Budget_	 Actual	Fina Po	nce with I Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES						
Investment Earnings	\$ 1,250	\$	1,250	\$ 657	\$	(593)
Total Revenues	 1,250		1,250	 657	_	(593)
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety	 1,000		1,000	 		1,000
Total Expenditures	 1,000		1,000	-	_	1,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	250		250	657		407
Fund Balance - Beginning	 42,283	-	42,283	 42,283		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 42,533	\$	42,533	\$ 42,940	\$	407

PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	\$ 195,05	' '	\$ 216,135	\$ 21,085
Investment Earnings	6,00		3,042	(2,958)
Intergovernmental	25,00		32,009	7,009
Miscellaneous	16,00		37,935	
Total Revenues	242,05	0 242,050	289,121	47,071
EXPENDITURES Culture-Recreation Civic Center				
Personnel services	240,22	6 240,226	222,854	17,372
General operating expenses	55,64		44,533	11,112
Total Civic Center	295,87		267,387	28,484
Total Civic Center	293,61	293,671	207,367	20,404
Parks & Recreation Programs				
General operating expenses	48,84	7 48,847	34,938	13,909
Total Parks & Recreation Programs	48,84	7 48,847	34,938	13,909
Recreational Center				
Personnel services	480,28		440,523	39,760
General operating expenses	182,02	_	159,795	22,228
Total Recreational Center	662,30	6 662,306	600,318	61,988
Total Culture-Recreation	1,007,02	1,007,024	902,643	104,381
Total Expenditures	1,007,02	1,007,024	902,643	104,381
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(764.07	4) (764.074)	(612 522)	151 452
(under) expenditures	(764,97	4) (764,974)	(613,522)	151,452
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	500,00	500,000	515,000	15,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,00	500,000	515,000	15,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(264,97	4) (264,974)	(98,522)	166,452
Fund Balance - Beginning	278,89	1 278,891	278,891	-
Encumbrances	33,04	6 33,046	33,046	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 46,96	\$ 46,963	\$ 213,415	\$ 166,452

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) For Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive [egative]
REVENUES	 Juaget		ar Buaget	-	retuur		regutive)
Investment Earnings	\$ 3,700	\$	3,700	\$	2,397	\$	(1,303)
Total Revenues	3,700		3,700		2,397		(1,303)
EXPENDITURES Debt Service Total Expenditures	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,700		3,700		2,397		(1,303)
Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 154,302 158,002	\$	154,302 158,002	\$	154,302 156,699	\$	(1,303)

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Original			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,449,350	\$ 1,449,350	\$ 451,178	\$ (998,172)
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	9,325	(675)
Total Revenues	1,459,350	1,459,350	460,503	(998,847)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlays:				
General Government	163,328	163,328	156,780	6,548
Public Safety	47,898	47,898	35,703	12,195
Highways and Streets	1,864,000	1,885,100	1,864,249	20,851
Debt Service:				
Principal	259,402	259,402	259,398	4
Interest	53,566	53,566	39,061	14,505
Total Expenditures	2,388,194	2,409,294	2,355,191	54,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(928,844)	(949,944)	(1,894,688)	(944,744)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Loan Proceeds	975,000	975,000	215,626	(759,374)
Total Other Financing Sources	975,000	975,000	215,626	(759,374)
Net Change in Fund Balance	46,156	25,056	(1,679,062)	(1,704,118)
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,952,593	2,952,593	2,952,593	-
Encumbrances	1,974,280	1,974,280	1,974,280	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,973,029	\$ 4,951,929	\$ 3,247,811	\$ (1,704,118)

Combining Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2013

	Ci	ty Garage	Insurance Reserve		I1	Health	Total Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS									
CURRENT ASSETS									
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	283,373	\$	1,488,917	\$	623,422	\$	2,395,712	
Inventories		206,204						206,204	
Total Current Assets		489,577		1,488,917		623,422		2,601,916	
Total Assets		489,577		1,488,917		623,422		2,601,916	
LIABILITIES									
CURRENT LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable		560		2,968		-		3,528	
Salaries and Benefits Payable		14,404		-		-		14,404	
Compensated Absences Payable		9,247		-		-		9,247	
Insurance Claims Payable		-		-		109,650		109,650	
Total Current Liabilities		24,211						136,829	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES									
Compensated Absences Payable		46,270				<u>-</u>		46,270	
Total Liabilities		70,481		2,968		109,650		183,099	
NET POSITION									
Unrestricted		419,096	1,485,949		513,772		2,418,817		
Total Net Position	\$	419,096	\$	1,485,949	\$	513,772	\$	2,418,817	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

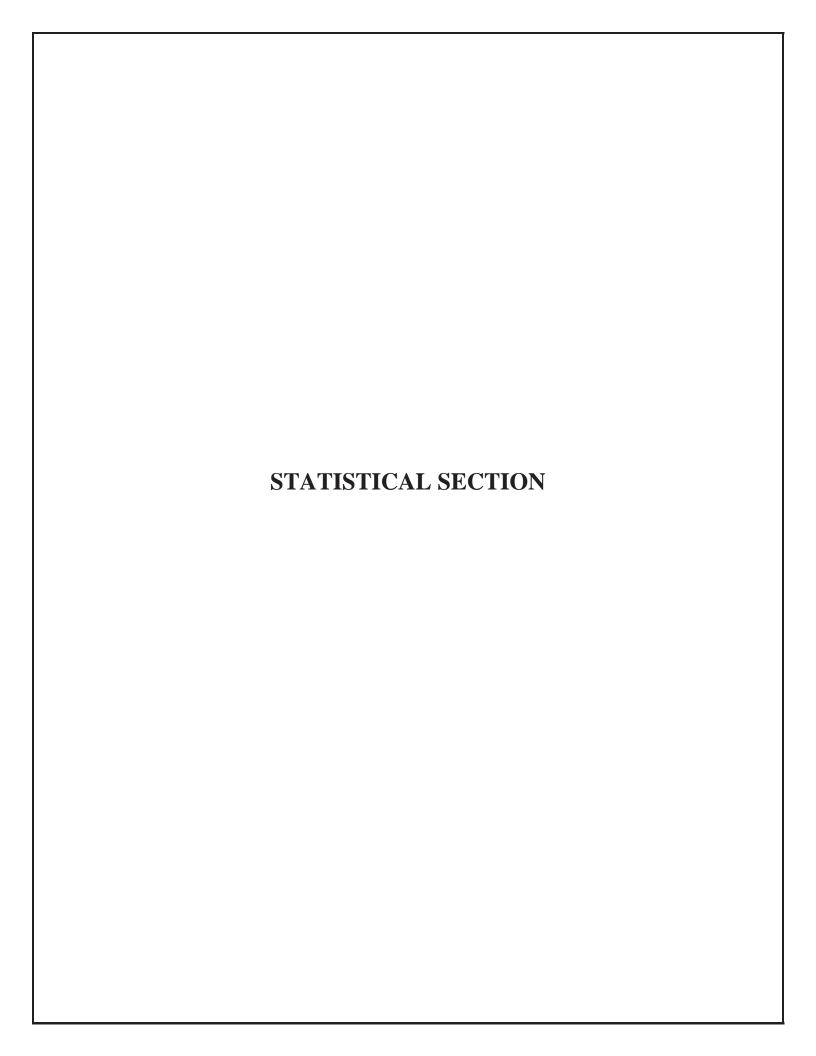
	Ci	ty Garage		Insurance Reserve	Health Insurance		otal Internal rvice Funds
Operating Revenues		, ,					
Charges for Services	\$	550,276	\$	-	\$	1,885,017	\$ 2,435,293
Miscellaneous		1,359		1,790		-	3,149
Total Operating Revenues		551,635		1,790		1,885,017	2,438,442
Operating Expenses							
Personal Services		271,484		-		-	271,484
Contractual Services		14,352		17,912		265,870	298,134
Supplies and Materials		170,666		-		-	170,666
Claims and Judgements		-		6,762		1,441,049	1,447,811
Total Operating Expenses		456,502		24,674		1,706,919	2,188,095
Operating Income (Loss)		95,133		(22,884)		178,098	 250,347
Non-operating Revenues							
Investment Earnings		-		19,754		123	19,877
Total Non-operating Revenues		-		19,754		123	19,877
Change in Net Position		95,133		(3,130)		178,221	270,224
Total Net Position - Beginning		323,963		1,489,079		335,551	2,148,593
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	419,096	\$	1,485,949	\$	513,772	\$ 2,418,817

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Ci	ity Garage	Insurance Reserve]	Health Insurance	_	otal Internal rvice Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			_				
Cash received for inter fund services	\$	550,276	\$ -	\$	1,885,017	\$	2,435,293
Miscellaneous		1,359	1,790		-		3,149
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services/claims paid		(292,316)	(22,847)		(1,649,071)		(1,964,234)
Cash paid to employees for services		(259,319)	 _				(259,319)
Net cash from operating activities			 (21,057)		235,946		214,889
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Investment earnings		-	19,754		123		19,877
Net cash from investing activities		-	19,754		123		19,877
Net Change		-	(1,303)		236,069		234,766
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Beginning of Year		283,373	1,490,220		387,353		2,160,946
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments End of Year	\$	283,373	\$ 1,488,917	\$	623,422	\$	2,395,712
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash							
From Operating Activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	95,133	\$ (22,884)	\$	178,098	\$	250,347
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash							
from operating activities:							
Increase in inventories		(79,483)	-		-		(79,483)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(27,825)	1,827		-		(25,998)
(Decrease) in salaries and benefits payable		(1,778)	-		-		(1,778)
Increase in compensated absences payable		13,953	-		-		13,953
Increase in insurance claims payable		-	 _		57,848		57,848
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	-	\$ (21,057)	\$	235,946	\$	214,889

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Balance December 31, 2012	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2013
Miscellaneous Agency Fund				
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 44,546		\$ (4,860)	\$ 45,609
Total Assets	44,546	5,923	(4,860)	45,609
Liabilities				
Deposits	44,546	5,923	(4,860)	45,609
Total Liabilities	44,546	5,923	(4,860)	45,609
Mayor's Court				
Assets				
Cash in Segregated Accounts	21,199	299,220	(293,478)	26,941
Total Assets	21,199	299,220	(293,478)	26,941
Liabilities				
Due to Other Governments	18,516	245,352	(243,198)	20,670
Deposits	1,128	22,625	(21,118)	2,635
Escrow Bonds	1,555	31,243	(29,162)	3,636
Total Liabilities	21,199	299,220	(293,478)	26,941
Totals - All Agency Funds				
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	44,546	5,923	(4,860)	45,609
Cash in Segregated Accounts	21,199	299,220	(293,478)	26,941
Total Assets	65,745	305,143	(298,338)	72,550
Liabilities				
Deposits	45,674	28,548	(25,978)	48,244
Due to Other Governments	18,516	245,352	(243,198)	20,670
Escrow Bonds	1,555		(29,162)	3,636
Total Liabilities	\$ 65,745	\$ 305,143	\$ (298,338)	\$ 72,550



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends (Tables 1-4)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules can be found on pages 73 to 77.

Revenue Capacity (Tables 5-10)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's most significant local revenue source, income and property taxes. These schedules can be found on pages 78 to 83.

Debt Capacity (Tables 11-13)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt as well as the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. These schedules can be found on pages 84 to 86.

Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 14-15)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. These schedules can be found on pages 87 and 88.

Operating Information (Tables 16-18)

These schedules contain information about the City's operation and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services proved and activities performed. These schedules can be found on pages 89 to 91.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (reported in thousands) CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010(1)	2011(1)	$\underline{2012}$	2013
Governmental activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	\$ 16,173	\$ 23,959	\$ 23,020	\$ 26,274	\$ 27,966	\$ 30,033	\$ 29,438	\$ 29,263	\$ 27,607	\$ 26,822
Debt service	141	121	124	131	138	147	0	0	131	136
Special revenue	1,094	764	1,976	2,188	1,765	1,999	2,382	1,947	1,498	1,580
Capital projects	6,026	3,491	4,054	3,756	3,048	2,848	3,464	4,475	4,924	4,240
Unrestricted	14,454	15,701	17,862	17,780	15,422	13,129	8,942	5,018	1,840	2,866
Total government activities net position	37,888	44,036	47,036	50,129	48,339	48,156	44,226	40,703	36,000	35,644
Business-type activities										
Unrestricted	456	460	475	500	529	563	581	594	598	605
Total business-type activities net position	456	460	475	500	529	563	581	594	598	605
Primary government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,173	23,959	23,020	26,274	27,966	30,033	29,438	29,263	27,607	26,822
Restricted	7,261	4,376	6,154	6,075	4,951	4,994	5,846	6,422	6,553	5,956
Unrestricted	14,910	16,161	18,337	18,280	15,951	13,692	9,523	5,612	2,438	3,471
Total primary government net position	\$ 38,344	\$ 44,496	\$ 47,511	\$ 50,629	\$ 48,868	\$ 48,719	\$ 44,807	\$ 41,297	\$ 36,598	\$ 36,249

Note: (1) - restated for implementation of GASB 65

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(reported in thousands)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010 (1)	2011 (1)	$\frac{2012}{}$	2013
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 4,658	\$ 4,845	\$ 4,953	\$ 5,112	\$ 5,230	\$ 4,523	\$ 4,079	\$ 3,277	\$ 3,663	\$ 3,356
Public safety	8,836	9,521	9,460	9,513	689,6	9,456	8,731	8,852	8,147	8,426
Highways and streets	2,956	3,391	3,345	3,761	2,790	879	3,658	3,638	3,415	3,233
Sanitation	266	256	305	339	347	419	346	284	308	326
Culture and recreation	2,892	3,188	2,882	2,745	2,935	2,312	1,249	1,113	1,109	1,093
Economic development	316	541	866	283	<i>LL</i> 19	935	326	1,005	479	252
Health and welfare	163	159	133	144	95	93	83	98	213	36
Interest and fiscal charges	4	2	165	268	321	221	265	302	294	250
Total governmental activities expenses	20,091	21,903	22,241	22,165	22,084	18,838	18,737	18,557	17,628	16,972
Total primary government expenses	20,091	21,903	22,241	22,165	22,084	18,838	18,737	18,557	17,628	16,972
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	299	263	328	285	248	452	410	650	477	444
Public safety	5	6	18	46	39	31	372	612	429	354
Highways and streets		41		33	1	194	1	1	1	1
Sanitation	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	9	3
Culture and recreation	721	898	790	813	794	723	1	1	207	215
Health and welfare	87	112	71	39	58	56	1	ı	ı	1
Operating grants and contributions	209	247	233	382	286	200	351	72	451	009
Capital grants and contributions	234	449	1,487	608	337	784	1,044	1,950	382	757
Total governmental activities program revenues	1,953	1,989	2,927	2,407	1,763	2,440	2,177	3,284	1,952	2,373
Business-type activities:										
Loan program charges for services	e	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Investment earnings	7	3	13	24	28	33	18	14	3	8
Total business-type activities program revenues	10	5	14	25	29	33	18	14	3	8
Total primary government program revenues	1,963	1,994	2,941	2,432	1,792	2,473	2,195	3,298	1,955	2,381

Note:

(1) - restated for implementation of GASB 65

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(reported in thousands)

TABLE 2 (continued)

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Net (Exnense)/Revenue	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010(1)	2011(1)	2012	2013
Governmental activities Business-type activities	(18,138)	(19,914)	(19,314) 14	(19,758)	(20,321)	(16,398)	(16,560) 18	(15,281)	(15,676)	(14,599)
Total primary government net expense	(18,128)	(19,909)	(19,300)	(19,733)	(20,292)	(16,365)	(16,542)	(15,281)	(15,673)	(14,591)
General Revenues										
I daves Income tax	14,509	18,712	19,867	19,618	15,333	11,817	9,853	9,542	10,046	12,786
Property taxes, levied for Property taxes, levied for										
General purposes	446	512	545	619	567	345	388	421	350	380
Police pensions	93	85	81	70	65	64	06	68	70	61
Fire pensions	93	85	81	70	65	64	06	68	70	61
Other taxes	92	86	103	82	99	11	18	50	24	18
Payments in lieu of taxes	ı	1	ı	1	ı	•	41	43	33	95
Shared revenues	830	774	775	871	1,078	713	719	657	223	279
Intergovernmental	1	1	1	1	1	260	444	92	ı	1
Special assessments	16	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1
Rents and royalties	99	35	ı	1	ı	•	ı	1	ı	1
Miscellaneous	127	261	232	233	105	1,967	577	530	126	429
Investment earnings	352	188	494	1,221	1,255	961	410	237	31	133
Gain on the sale of capital assets	25	29	137	29	(2)	13	ı	1	ı	1
	16,648	20,779	22,315	22,851	18,532	16,215	12,630	11,750	10,973	14,242
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	(1,490)	865	3,001	3,093	(1,789)	(183)	(3,930)	(3,531)	(4,703)	(357)
Business-type activities Total primary government	10 \$ (1.480)	C 870			(1760)			14 \$ (3.517)	\$ (4.700)	\$ (349)
t Otal pliniary government	(1,400)	0/0	0,010	φ 3,110	(1,700)	(UCI) &	(2,712)	(110,0)	(4,100)	(2+2)

Note: (1) - restated for implementation of GASB 65

(modified accrual basis of accounting) **Governmental Fund Balances** CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Last Ten Fiscal Years

(reported in thousands)

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Changes in Governmental Fund Balances
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

TABLE 4

					Fiscal Year	Year				
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	$\frac{2010}{}$	2011	2012	2013
REVENUES										
Income Taxes	\$ 14,614	\$ 19,129	\$ 20,328	\$ 19,244	\$ 15,382	\$ 11,657	\$ 9,760	\$ 9,699	\$ 10,029	\$ 12,141
Property Taxes	632	682	723	772	<i>L</i> 69	474	526	969	479	514
Other Taxes	92	86	98	69	99	11	2	50	24	18
Payment in lieu of taxes	•	•	•	•	1	•	41	43	33	95
Shared Revenues	973	875	929	1,022	1,270	852	708	929	725	724
Special Assessments	16	•	1	•	1	•	•	•	1	1
License and Permits	61	76	35	86	41	232	15	11	106	129
Charges for Services	757	945	855	842	998	948	575	782	535	627
Fines	286	251	279	240	214	257	75	343	266	227
Investment Earnings	352	188	494	1,221	1,255	096	410	237	31	133
Contributions and Donations	2	33	26	32	22	6	23	1	1	1
Rents and Royalties	65	35	38	36	19	18	20	12	1	1
Intergovernmental	701	557	1,561	1,024	451	1,107	1,565	2,219	492	751
Miscellaneous	136	261	232	233	105	1,966	509	500	198	340
Total Revnues	18,687	23,121	25,586	24,833	20,388	18,491	14,229	15,148	12,918	15,699
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government	4,148	4,322	4,565	4,859	4,893	4,290	3,868	3,154	3,314	2,978
Public Safety	8,081	8,610	9,064	6,509	9,092	8,860	8,311	8,433	7,784	8,144
Highways & Streets	2,077	2,238	2,748	2,399	2,559	2,371	2,319	2,637	2,251	2,121
Sanitation	266	256	305	340	347	419	346	284	308	326
Economic Development	284	400	511	3,132	639	944	299	066	473	302
Health and Welfare	162	159	133	133	85	98	92	62	206	28
Culture and Recreation	2,601	2,706	2,389	2,593	2,567	2,108	1,000	886	870	906
Capital Improvements	5,634	3,882	2,144	2,645	4,315	1,890	1,712	1,688	381	1,542
Debt Service:										
Principal	837	4,691	4,249	169	5,068	161	5,475	205	232	269
Interest & Fiscal Charges	e	121	165	205	301	227	248	307	300	255
Total Expenditures	24,093	27,385	26,273	25,984	29,866	21,356	23,654	18,663	16,119	16,871
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over expenditures	(5,406)	(4,264)	(687)	(1,151)	(9,478)	(2,865)	(9,425)	(3,515)	(3,201)	(1,172)
OTHER FINANCIAL SOURCES (USES)										
General long-term debt issued	5,550	3,700	5,000			5,300	5,805	•	•	216
Transfers In	3,300	3,699	4,462	6,025	5,125	3,150	2,805	2,100	2,000	2,235
Transfers Out	(3,450)	(3,699)	(4,462)	(6,025)	(5,125)	(3,150)	(2,805)	(2,200)	(2,000)	(2,235)
Proceeds from capital leases			80		693	450	94	1	1	1
Proceeds from the sale of assets	31	29	146	253	220	41	260	18	1	308
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,431	3,729	5,226	253	913	5,791	6,159	(82)	'	524
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 25	\$ (535)	\$ 4,539	(868) \$	\$ (8,565)	\$ 2,926	\$ (3,266)	\$ (3,597)	\$ (3,201)	\$ (648)
Debt service as a percentage of	, o E /	300	300	200	27	2000	300	000	6	20.00
noncapital expenditures	4.07%	0,56.61	17.82%	1.77%	21.14%	7.28%	75.09%	3.02%	5.55%	5.34%

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Municipal Income Taxes	operty and ther Local Taxes	 ate Shared Γaxes and Permits	 Total
2004	\$ 14,508,566	\$ 723,595	\$ 829,436	\$ 16,061,597
2005	18,711,202 (1)	779,864	774,274	20,265,340
2006	19,866,552	810,408	775,190	21,452,150
2007	19,617,652	840,936	870,654	21,329,242
2008	15,332,598	696,967	1,077,507	17,107,072
2009	11,817,442	473,697	712,879	13,004,018
2010	9,852,558	568,599	718,455	11,139,612
2011	9,541,527	600,521	657,429	10,799,477
2012	10,045,847	547,175	222,897	10,815,919
2013	12,786,187	614,151	279,426	13,679,764

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

(1) Income tax rate increased 1/2% to 2% in 2005

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO

Income Tax Revenues (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Amount
2004	\$ 14,614,100
2005	19,128,239 (2)
2006	20,328,322
2007	19,244,218
2008	15,382,323
2009	11,657,120
2010	9,760,045
2011	9,699,479
2012	10,028,922
2013	12,141,049

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

- (1) Includes all governmental fund types.
- (2) Income tax rate increased 1/2% to 2% in 2005

Principal Income Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (cash basis of accounting)

	2004			2013
Rank	Name	2013 Rank	Rank	<u>Name</u>
1	General Motors Corporation	-	1	Dmax
2 (1)	Delphi Automotive	-	2	Dayton Power and Light
3	Dmax	1	3	Win Wholesale
4	A T & T Resources	-	4	Berry 1 Company
5	Dayton Power and Light	2	5	Lastar Inc
6	Elder Beerman	-	6	Compunet Clinical Laboratories
7	Renolds and Reynolds	-	7	BWI North America
8	City of Moraine	9	8	Heidelberg Distributing
9	Compunet Clinical Laboratories	6	9	City of Moraine
10	Walmart	-	10	Berry Network

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

(1) Delphi is a spinoff of General Motors Corporation

Note: Due to legal restrictions and confidentiality requirements, the City cannot disclose the amount of the withholding by taxpayer.

The City chose not to disclose percentages and number of filers by income level because the City does not require all

taxpayers to file a return, therefore it does not have, or can it obtain, this type of information.

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35
Estimated Actual Taxable	\$ 409,773,086	420,295,286	425,603,429	426,265,914	432,143,714	434,402,743	442,721,514	415,406,257	390,222,543	393,657,829
Total Direct <u>Tax</u>	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Total Taxable <u>Assessed</u>	\$ 143,420,580	147,103,350	148,961,200	149,193,070	151,250,300	152,040,960	154,952,530	145,392,190	136,577,890	137,780,240
<u>Industrial</u>	\$ 47,588,840	43,938,250	44,009,840	43,628,350	42,698,100	42,568,540	42,410,040	40,605,060	32,607,220	33,006,830
Commercial	\$ 51,816,170	53,443,470	55,008,990	55,504,680	53,981,150	55,915,630	59,096,180	53,772,660	53,135,260	53,776,430
Residential	\$ 42,924,680	48,710,040	48,894,860	49,019,710	52,743,290	52,349,240	52,112,240	49,529,340	49,394,930	49,545,830
Agricultural	\$ 1,090,890	1,011,590	1,047,510	1,040,330	1,237,860	1,207,550	1,334,070	1,485,130	1,440,480	1,451,150
Fiscal	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013

Montgomery County Auditor's Office

Source:

Property Tax Rates- Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Last Ten Fiscal Years

MATINICATINE TENEDOS.	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
MUNICIPAL UNITS: General Fund Police Pension Fund Fire Pension Fund Total Municipal Rates	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
COUNTY UNITS: General Fund Mental Retardation D & D	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
Conservancy 1 ax Human Services Levy A Human Services Levy B Total County Rates	5.21 6.03 13.94	5.21 6.03 13.94	5.21 6.03 13.94	5.21 6.03 13.94	7.21 6.03 15.94	7.21 6.03 15.94	7.21 6.03 15.94	7.21 6.03 15.94	7.21 6.03 15.94	7.21 6.03 15.94
OTHER UNITS: Montgomery County Community College Montgomery County Park District Dayton - Montgomery Library	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	3.31
SCHOOL DISTRICT: Kettering / Moraine Community West Carrollton Community Jefferson Local School Joint Vocational School	67.8	67.8	67.8	67.8	71.3	73.1	78	78	78	78
	65.55	65.55	65.55	65.55	72.05	72.05	72.05	72.05	72.05	72.05
	61.9	61.9	61.9	61.9	61.9	66.9	66.9	66.9	66.9	66.9
	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.58	2.58

Source: Montgomery County Auditor's Office

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

TABLE 9

	Calen	dar Year	2013
			Percentage of Total City
	Taxable		Taxable
Nature of Business	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Gas and Electric Utility	79,662,590	1	36.05%
Utility	6,819,950	2	3.09%
Real Estate	3,397,120	3	1.54%
Retail Sales	3,279,060	4	1.48%
Retail Sales	2,485,220	5	1.12%
Publisher & Marketing	2,142,750	6	0.97%
Real Estate/Development	2,107,640	7	0.95%
Real Estate	1,835,030	8	0.83%
Retail Sales	1,603,710	9	0.73%
Retail Sales	1,748,930	10	0.79%
1	105,082,000		47.55%
S	115,925,480		52.45%
1	\$ 221,007,480		100.00%
	Gas and Electric Utility Utility Real Estate Retail Sales Retail Sales Publisher & Marketing Real Estate/Development Real Estate Retail Sales Retail Sales	Nature of Business Valuation Gas and Electric Utility 79,662,590 Utility 6,819,950 Real Estate 3,397,120 Retail Sales 3,279,060 Retail Sales 2,485,220 Publisher & Marketing 2,142,750 Real Estate/Development 2,107,640 Real Estate 1,835,030 Retail Sales 1,603,710 Retail Sales 1,748,930 1 105,082,000 115,925,480	Nature of Business Valuation Rank Gas and Electric Utility 79,662,590 1 Utility 6,819,950 2 Real Estate 3,397,120 3 Retail Sales 3,279,060 4 Retail Sales 2,485,220 5 Publisher & Marketing 2,142,750 6 Real Estate/Development 2,107,640 7 Real Estate 1,835,030 8 Retail Sales 1,603,710 9 Retail Sales 1,748,930 10 105,082,000 115,925,480

		Calen	dar Year	2004
		Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Dayton Power & Light Company	Gas and Electric Utility	\$37,869,810	1	14.53%
General Motors Corporation	Automotive Manufacturer	15,479,130	2	5.94%
Vectren Energy	Utility	4,984,330	3	1.91%
Kettering Dayton Operations	Automotive Parts	3,854,660	4	1.48%
IRG Moraine LLC	Real Estate/Development	3,478,130	5	
Cooper Tire Company	Tires	2,790,930	6	1.07%
L M Berry Services	Publisher & Marketing	2,155,750	7	0.83%
Barbara Benz Trust	Automotive Parts Plant	1,773,680	8	0.68%
Ohio Bell Telephone Company	Telephone Utility	1,132,300	9	0.43%
Nursing Home Purchasing, Inc.	Health Care	1,488,190	10	0.57%
Subtota	al	75,006,910		28.78%
All Other	rs	185,617,037		71.22%
Tota	al	\$ 260,623,947		100.00%

Source: Montgomery County Auditor's Office

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Property Taxes Levied and Collected
Last Ten Fiscal Years

OUTSTANDING DELINQUENT TAXES AS DING PERCENTAGE S LEVIED	94,508 14%	85,108 12%	96,769 15%	39,375 7%	41,536 8%	49,320 10%	53,901 10%	47,609 9%	39,553 8%	26,503 5%
OUTSTANDING TAXES	\$ 94,	88	36		41	49		74	36	26
TOTAL COLLECTIONS AS PERCENTAGE LEVIED	%86	%86	100%	108% (1)	%56	%66	104% (1)	%86	%96	%86
TOTAL	\$ 664,107	676,083	635,269	637,751	526,088	499,112	533,690	526,505	497,487	537,057
DELINQUENT TOTAL COLLECTIONS COLLECTIONS	\$ 7,553	32,657	34,215	886'69	13,459	18,004	17,152	23,254	19,005	5,424
PERCENTAGE COLLECTED (%16	93%	%56	%96	93%	%96	100%	94%	93%	%26
TOTAL	\$ 656,554	643,426	601,054	567,763	512,629	481,108	516,538	503,251	478,482	531,633
TOTAL	\$ 676,191	688,522	634,977	588,657	551,362	502,096	515,207	536,361	516,689	546,775
YEAR	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
TAX YEAR	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006	2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009	2009/2010	2010/2011	2011/2012	2012/2013

Source: Montgomery County Auditor's Office

this issue, however, the information needed will not likely be available until a new computer system is implemented at the County. The cost of such a system currently (1) The County does not identify delinquent collections by the year for which the tax was levied. The City continues to work in conjunction with the County to resolved makes this option impractical.

City of Moraine, Ohio Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Bonds	cial ment ids	BAN and OPWC Note	Various Purpose Bonds (1)	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Personal Income (2) (thousands of dollars)	Percentage Personal Income	Total Debt Per Capita (2)
2004	& &	35,000	· ·	· ·	\$ 228,421	\$ 263,421	\$ 116,421,360	0.23%	\$ 38.19
2005	2	0,000	1	ı	127,507	147,507	116,421,360	0.13%	21.39
2006		1	2,700,000	ı	26,594	2,726,594	116,421,360	2.34%	395.33
2007		1	5,000,000	1	1	5,000,000	116,421,360	4.29%	724.95
2008		1	5,300,000	1	693,399	5,993,399	110,327,680	5.43%	916.98
2009		1	5,300,000	1	560,008	5,860,008	110,327,680	5.31%	896.57
2010		1	591,160	5,895,963	424,020	6,911,143	106,462,435	6.49%	1,095.79
2011		1	554,805	5,862,173	285,385	6,702,363	106,462,435	6.30%	1,062.69
2012		1	504,595	5,818,383	144,060	6,467,038	106,462,435	6.07%	1,025.37
2013		•	644 905	5 764 593	1	6 409 498	106 462 435	%209	1.016.25

⁽¹⁾ Bond amounts include unamortized premiums

⁽²⁾ See Table 14 for demographic data

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
December 31, 2013

Jurisdiction	Net Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to City (1)	Amount Applicable to City of Moraine, Ohio
DIRECT DEBT CITY OF MORAINE	\$ 6,409,501	100.00%	\$ 6,409,501
<i>OVERLAPPING</i> MONTGOMERY COUNTY	48,340,049	4.12%	1,991,610
DAYTON METRO LIBRARY	179,650,000	4.12%	7,401,580
WEST CARROLLTON CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,680,000	57.85%	971,880
KETTERING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT	90,714,795	17.33%	15,720,874
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT	320,384,844		26,085,944
TOTAL	\$ 326,794,345		\$ 32,495,445

Source: Individual Jurisdictions

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by its total assessed valuation.

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

ļ					Fiscal Year	Year				
Debt Limit Legal Debt Margin	\$27,366 27,366	\$29,105 29,105	\$26,669 26,669	\$24,936 \$24,936 24,936	\$23,370 \$23,370	\$21,885 21,885	\$16,270 10,465	\$15,266 9,491	\$14,341 8,760	\$14,341 \$14,341 8,939
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	5,805	5,775	5,735	5,685
				Legal Deb	t Margin Ca	alculation fo	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2013	ır 2013		
				Total Asse	Total Assessed Value					137,780
				Debt limit Debt appli	Debt limit (10.5% of tota Debt applicable to limit:	Debt limit (10.5% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:	value)			14,467
					eneral Oblig	General Obligation Bonds	. romyoner			5,685
				of gen Total net Legal debt margin	of general ortal net debt	of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit margin	repayment ebt o limit			(157) 5,528 \$8,939

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	(1) Population]	(1) Personal Income ands of dollars)	P	(1) r Capita ersonal ncome	(1) Median Age	(2) Unemployment Rate
2004	6,897	\$	116,421	\$	16,880	32.5	6.2%
2005	6,897		116,421		16,880	32.5	5.8%
2006	6,897		116,421		16,880	32.5	5.9%
2007	6,897		116,421		16,880	32.5	6.2%
2008	6,536		110,328		16,880	32.5	8.5%
2009	6,536		110,328		16,880	32.5	11.8%
2010	6,307		106,462		16,880	37.0	9.8%
2011	6,307		106,462		16,880	37.0	8.2%
2012	6,307		106,462		16,880	37.0	7.0%
2013	6,307		106,462		16,880	37.0	7.1%

Sources:

^{(1) 2000} and 2010 United States Census Bureau.

⁽²⁾ Bureau of Unemployment - rates are not available for the City of Moraine. The rates shown are for Montgomery County

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		1	2	∞	4	2	9	7	∞	6	10
	Number of	5,564	1,632	1,292	675	618	509	484	385	365	341
2004		NAO Compensation Operations - GM	Delphi Automotive	Dmax	AT & T Resources	Extrahelp	Dayton Power and Light	City of Moraine	Communication Service for the Deaf	Elder Beerman Operations	Compunet Labs
		1	2	3	4	5	9	7	~	6	10
ଅ	Number of	522	470	384	367	341	336	206	201	198	194
2013		Dmax Ltd.	Dayton Power and Light	Walmart	Heidelberg Distributing	Berry 1 Company	Compunet Labs	Provider Services	Win Wholesale	South Community	Lastart

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

Note: Total employment within the City is not available.

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Full-time-Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: City of Moraine, Department of Finance

employees worked 2,120. Therefore, full-time equivalent employment is calculated for 2004 by dividing total labor hours by 2,120. In Fiscal Year 2010, full-time employees worked 1,872 hours annually. Therefore, full-time employment for 2010 is calculated by dividing total labor Note: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation, holiday, sick leave and comp time). Full-timeequivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080. However, due to the calendar in Fiscal Year 2004, full-time hours by 1,872.

(1) During 2011, 6 public buildings employees were transferred to the highways and streets department

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year	•.					
	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Function										
Police										
Warrants served	975	1,653	1,594	1,345	1,347	N/A	1,128	1,266	905	822
Felony arrests	236	249	N/A	N/A	120	N/A	92	131	177	157
Arrests made	200	1,184	1,593	1,292	1,198	N/A	1,702	778	1,753	1,535
Traffic citations issued	3,645	3,323	3,314	2,808	2,398	N/A	1,568	3,205	2,653	1,944
Miles Patrolled	N/A	426,785	364,544	375,637	294,281	N/A	237,841	272,940	260,804	253,927
Fire										
Fire calls	209	115	117	118	133	100	112	92	999	637
EMS calls	1,764	1,875	1,769	1,708	1,755	1,357	1,567	1,619	1,689	1,565
Fire Inspections	1,314	950	955	929	606	926	961	1,043	1,012	1,032
Child Safety Seat Inspections	129	75	59	51	48	09	31	20	25	25
Highways and Streets										
Gallons of street paint used	1,830	10,080	1,880	1,880	1,456	1,750	1,040	865	1,353	1,045
Tons of snow melting salt used	1,071	451	797	797	1,000	1,200	1,200	953	338	332
Community Development										
Building Inspections	476	344	360	236	245	328	177	481	787	965
Residential Building Permits Issued	84	49	57	84	74	65	75	103	196	208
Commercial Building Permits Issued	175	138	126	105	96	108	95	105	174	199
Culture and Recreation										
Payne Recreation Center Attendance	150,000	110,000	100,000	90,605	89,590	82,467	138,939	175,000	136,512	141,620
Splash! Moraine Attendance	61,166	79,718	65,685	64,333	62,703	56,092	- (4)	1	ı	ı
Civic Center Attendance (estimated)	33,150			25,979	43,686	40,992	31,061	55,000	77,935	106,260
Natatorium Attendance	26,095	14,732 (3)					ı	1	ı	ı
Youth and Day Camps Attendance	1,068	1,454	1,606	1,013	1,098	885	752	824	342	203
	0000									

⁽¹⁾ Payne Recreation Center opened on October 16, 2000.

⁽²⁾ Due to construction of the Payne Recreation Center and Splash! Moraine, the Natatorium was only open during late November through December.

⁽³⁾ The Natatorium ceased operation September 2005.

⁽⁴⁾ Splash! Moraine ceased operation September 2009.

⁽N/A) Not Available

Source - Various City of Moraine departments

CITY OF MORAINE, OHIO
Capital Assets by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2013</u>			1	21		2	12		276.65	1,356			13	1	1	1	1
	20									27	1.							
	$\underline{2012}$				22		7	12		276.65	1,356			13	1		1	1
	<u>2011</u>			1	24		2	12 (1)		276.65	1,356			13	1	1	1	1
	2010			_	28		3	10		276.65	1,226			13	-	1	1	1
Fiscal Year	<u>2009</u>			1	28		3	10		276.65	1,226			13	1	1	1	1
	<u>2008</u>			1	28		3	10		276.65	1,313			13	1	1	1	1
	$\overline{2007}$			1	28		33	10		276.65	1,313			13	П	1	1	1
	<u> 7006</u>			1	28		3	10		276.65	1,313			14	1	1	1	1
	<u>2005</u>			1	23		3	10		276.65	1,313			14	-	1	1	1
	2004			1	31		3	11		275.65	1,315			14	_	П	П	1
		Function	Public Safety	Stations	Patrol Units	Fire:	Stations	Emergency Response Vehicles	Highways and Streets	Miles of Streets (Center Line Miles)	Number of Streetlights (Non-special	assessment)	Culture and Recreation	Parks	Civic Centers	Recreation Centers	Swimming Pools	Water Parks

Source - Various City of Moraine Departments

(1) 2 Deputy Chief vehicles have been reclassified as emergency response vehicles due to manning reductions. No new vehicles have been acquired.

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City of Moraine Montgomery County, Ohio

Independent Auditors' Reports on Compliance and Internal Controls and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended December 31, 2013



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Moraine, Ohio:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Moraine, Ohio (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

14 east main street, ste. 500 springfield, oh 45502

www.cshco.com p. 937.399.2000 f. 937.399.5433

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Clark, Schufer, Hackett \$ Co.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Springfield, Ohio August 25, 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNALCONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the City Council City of Moraine, Ohio:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Moraine, Ohio's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated August 25, 2014, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Springfield, Ohio August 25, 2014

Lank, Schufer Hackett & Co.

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Grant or Pass Through Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through the Ohio Department of Education Child and Adult Care Food Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	N/A N/A	10.558 \$ 10.559	7,275 15,789 23,064
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through the Board of County Commissioners of Montgomery County: Community Development Block Grant Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	B-13-UC-39-0004	14.218	8,328 8,328
U.S. Department of Justice Passed through the City of Dayton, Ohio: Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Total U.S. Department of Justice	2013-F2300-OH-SB	16.607	4,100 4,100
U.S. Department of Transportation Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction Total U.S. Department of Transportation	84157	20.205	732,563 732,563
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Direct Award Assistance to Firefighters Grant Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	FY2013-14 EMS	97.044	3,589 3,589 771,644

City of Moraine, Ohio Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards December 31, 2013

NOTE 1 – GENERAL:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City of Moraine, Ohio (the City). The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included on the Schedule.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented on the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Section I – Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None noted

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(e

considered to be material weakness(es)?

None noted

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

None noted

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

None noted

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?

None noted

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 510(a) of Circular A-133?

None noted

Identification of major programs:

CFDA# 20.205 - Highway Planning and Construction

Dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None noted

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted

Section IV – Summary of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported in prior audit





At Clark Schaefer Hackett, we are the sum of our individuals. Each team member's training, experience and drive is well-suited to each client's needs and goals. We are committed to providing insightful and flexible service — from efficient compliance to sophisticated consulting — to help each client prosper today and plan for future success.

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CITY OF MORAINE

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED SEPTEMBER 18, 2014