BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



Board of Education Cuyahoga Falls City School District 431 Stow Avenue Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District, Summit County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Cuyahoga Falls City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

January 15, 2014



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Cuyahoga Falls City School District Summit County 431 Stow Avenue Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Education Cuyahoga Falls City School District Page Two

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 18.J. to the financial statements, certain conditions exist which raise substantial doubt about the ability of the Schnee Learning Center, a component unit of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District, to continue as a going concern. As a result, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Schnee Learning Center will continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2013, on our consideration of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 23, 2013

Julian & Sube the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The management's discussion and analysis of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$806,080 from a restated net position of \$8,260,709 to \$7,454,629. This represents a 9.76% decrease from the net position at June 30, 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$40,770,752 in revenue or 78.30% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$11,302,037 or 21.70% of total revenues of \$52,072,789.
- The District had \$52,878,869 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$11,302,037 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$40,770,752 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$46,118,756 in revenues and other financing sources and \$47,401,809 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund decreased \$1,283,053 from \$2,452,113 to \$1,169,060.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District reports one major fund, which is the general fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows or resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, pupil, administration, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Cuyahoga Falls City School District itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate entities for which the District is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units, Schnee Learning Center (the "Center") and Cuyahoga Falls Schools Foundation (the "Foundation"), are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Center at 431 Stow Avenue, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221-0396.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major fund. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant fund. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for self-insurance programs. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented in one private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for student managed activities. These activities are reported in an agency fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 24 and 25. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 26-61 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. The net position at June 30, 2012 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

	Net Position		
	Governmental Activities 2013	Restated Governmental Activities 2012	
Assets	2013		
Current and other assets	\$ 36,278,103	\$ 35,953,295	
Capital assets, net	8,628,645	8,891,567	
Total assets	44,906,748	44,844,862	
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows of resources	66,098	78,301	
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities	5,275,617	5,526,190	
Long-term liabilities	5,916,201	6,211,082	
Total liabilities	11,191,818	11,737,272	
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows of resources	26,326,399	24,925,182	
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	5,274,094	5,190,991	
Restricted	928,146	928,066	
Unrestricted	1,252,389	2,141,652	
Total net position	\$ 7,454,629	\$ 8,260,709	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

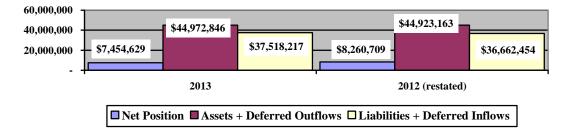
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2013, the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$7,454,629.

At year-end, capital assets represented 19.19% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets was \$5,274,094. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$928,146, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining unrestricted net position balance is \$1,252,389.

The table below illustrates the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2013 and 2012. The net position at June 30, 2013 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. The net position at June 30, 2012 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Change in Net Position

		Restated	
	Governmental	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	
	2013	2012	
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 5,286,005	\$ 4,240,110	
Operating grants and contributions	6,016,032	6,098,360	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	26,340,186	25,776,978	
Grants and entitlements	14,350,612	14,872,226	
Investment earnings	5,136	4,360	
Payment in lieu of taxes	42,243	42,243	
Other	32,575	35,245	
Total revenues	52,072,789	51,069,522	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Change in Net Position

		Restated
	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2013	2012
<u>Expenses</u>		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 21,593,413	\$ 21,988,407
Special	5,808,511	5,030,491
Vocational	936,219	1,042,067
Other	4,269,150	5,451,141
Support services:		
Pupil	4,194,844	2,821,549
Instructional staff	1,303,926	1,806,927
Board of education	98,059	64,800
Administration	2,701,220	2,733,646
Fiscal	1,188,477	942,567
Business	376,618	388,831
Operations and maintenance	4,503,834	4,377,498
Pupil transportation	1,410,340	1,465,455
Central	379,062	423,830
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Other non-instructional services	1,294,682	1,031,561
Food service operations	1,556,307	1,596,240
Extracurricular activities	1,132,178	1,209,300
Interest and fiscal charges	132,029	213,348
Total expenses	52,878,869	52,587,658
Change in net position	(806,080)	(1,518,136)
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	8,260,709	9,778,845
Net position at end of year	<u>\$ 7,454,629</u>	\$ 8,260,709

Governmental Activities

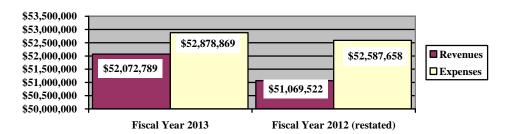
Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$806,080. Total governmental expenses of \$52,878,869 were offset by program revenues of \$11,302,037 and general revenues of \$40,770,752. Program revenues supported 21.37% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 78.14% of the total governmental revenue. Real estate property is reappraised every six years. The most significant increase in revenues was in charges for services and sales. This increase was the result of an increase in open enrollment tuition.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and

entitlements. **Governmental Activities** Restated Restated

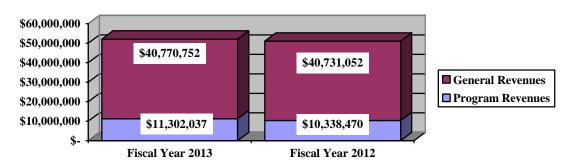
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2013	2013	2012	2012
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 21,593,413	\$ 17,455,424	\$ 21,988,407	\$ 18,724,623
Special	5,808,511	3,274,294	5,030,491	2,366,671
Vocational	936,219	689,338	1,042,067	795,101
Other	4,269,150	3,980,564	5,451,141	5,167,266
Support services:				
Pupil	4,194,844	4,016,180	2,821,549	2,741,534
Instructional staff	1,303,926	1,042,580	1,806,927	1,569,230
Board of education	98,059	98,059	64,800	64,800
Administration	2,701,220	2,571,162	2,733,646	2,645,285
Fiscal	1,188,477	1,188,062	942,567	942,163
Business	376,618	376,618	388,831	388,831
Operations and maintenance	4,503,834	4,137,924	4,377,498	4,006,737
Pupil transportation	1,410,340	1,292,630	1,465,455	1,276,289
Central	379,062	350,388	423,830	418,425
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	1,294,682	328,144	1,031,561	71,440
Food service operations	1,556,307	(142,723)	1,596,240	(49,831)
Extracurricular activities	1,132,178	786,159	1,209,300	907,276
Interest and fiscal charges	132,029	132,029	213,348	213,348
Total expenses	\$ 52,878,869	\$ 41,576,832	\$ 52,587,658	\$ 42,249,188

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 77.90% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 78.63%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$2,530,606, which is lower than last year's balance of \$3,904,741. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2013 and 2012.

	Fund Balance <u>June 30, 2013</u>	Fund Balance June 30, 2012	Decrease
General Other Governmental	\$ 1,169,060 1,361,546	\$ 2,452,113 1,452,628	\$ (1,283,053) (91,082)
Total	\$ 2,530,606	\$ 3,904,741	\$ (1,374,135)

General Fund

During fiscal year 2013, the District's general fund balance decreased \$1,283,053 to a fund balance of \$1,169,060.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2013	2012	Increase\	Percentage	
	Amount	Amount	Decrease	Change	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 26,014,304	\$ 25,580,432	\$ 433,872	1.70 %	
Tuition	3,279,618	2,393,443	886,175	37.03 %	
Earnings on investments	5,136	4,360	776	17.80 %	
Intergovernmental	15,931,162	16,484,771	(553,609)	(3.36) %	
Other revenues	712,874	656,381	56,493	8.61 %	
Total	\$ 45,943,094	\$ 45,119,387	\$ 823,707	1.83 %	
Expenditures					
Instruction	\$ 30,933,257	\$ 30,393,043	\$ 540,214	1.78 %	
Support services	15,296,743	14,211,202	1,085,541	7.64 %	
Non-instuctional	185,197	182,053	3,144	1.73 %	
Extracurricular activities	770,463	855,422	(84,959)	(9.93) %	
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,142	-	3,142	100.00 %	
Capital outlay	163,562	-	163,562	100.00 %	
Debt service	36,264	110,116	(73,852)	(67.07) %	
Total	\$ 47,388,628	\$ 45,751,836	\$ 1,636,792	3.58 %	

Revenues of the general fund increased \$823,707 or 1.83%. The most significant increases were in the areas of taxes and tuition. Taxes increased \$433,872 or 1.70%. This increase is due mainly to an increase in real property tax collections. Tuition increased \$886,175 or 37.03% which is primarily due to a large increase in open enrollment in the District. The most significant decrease was in the area of intergovernmental revenue. The decrease of \$553,609 in intergovernmental revenue can mainly be attributed to a decrease of roughly \$886,000 in tangible personal property reimbursements receipts from the State. These revenues are being phased out by the State. All other revenue amounts remained comparable to 2012.

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$1,636,792 or 3.58%. The most significant increase was in the area of support services which increased \$1,085,541 or 7.64%. This increase was in most part due to an increase in pupil support services related to wages and benefits.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2013, the District did not amend its general fund budget. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$47,435,937 were the same in the final budget. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2013 were \$46,978,544 which was \$457,393 less than budgeted amounts.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$47,264,968 were decreased to \$46,589,783 in the final budget. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2013 totaled \$46,602,363.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$8,628,645 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows June 30, 2013 balances compared to June 30, 2012.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		
	2013	2012	
Land	\$ 1,321,765	\$ 1,321,765	
Land improvements	759,677	841,735	
Building and improvements	5,780,844	5,989,423	
Furniture and equipment	472,831	360,042	
Vehicles	293,528	378,602	
Total	\$ 8,628,645	\$ 8,891,567	

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$262,922 is due to current year depreciation expense of \$634,456 and disposals, net of accumulated depreciation, of \$129,312 exceeding capital outlays of \$500,846.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$3,283,507 in general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding. Of this total, \$510,941 is due within one year and \$2,772,566 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and capital leases outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
Governmental obligation bonds Asbestos removal loan Capital Leases	\$ 3,135,000 - 148,507	\$ 3,585,000 13,179 18,237
Total	\$ 3,283,507	\$ 3,616,416

At June 30, 2013, the District had voted debt margin was \$63,741,556 and an unvoted debt margin of \$739,732.

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Current Related Financial Activities

A challenge facing the District is the future of state funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the state has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth. On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the state's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. At this time, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future state funding and on its financial operations.

The District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. David Hoskin, Treasurer, Cuyahoga Falls City School District, 431 Stow Avenue, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Primary Government	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Cuyahoga Falls School Foundation	Schnee Learning Center		
Assets:	Φ 7.500.427	Ф 707.601	Φ 17.640		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,580,437	\$ 707,681	\$ 17,649		
Receivables:	28 204 222				
Property taxes	28,204,222 1,053	2,375	-		
Intergovernmental	318,731	2,373	3,433		
Due from component unit	56,971	-	3,433		
Prepayments	25,170	-	2,125		
Materials and supplies inventory	91,519	-	2,123		
Capital assets:	91,319	-	-		
Nondepreciable capital assets	1,321,765				
Depreciable capital assets, net	7,306,880	-	49,770		
	8,628,645		49,770		
Capital assets, net					
Total assets	44,906,748	710,056	72,977		
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	66,000				
Total deferred outflows of resources	66,098				
Total deferred outflows of resources	66,098				
Liabilities:					
	127,854		2 007		
Accounts payable	3,676,942	-	3,887		
• • •	619,048	-	-		
Pension obligation payable	219,822	-	265 227		
Intergovernmental payable		-	265,227		
	12,536	-	-		
Accrued interest payable	10,447	-	- 56 071		
Due to primary government	- 600 060	-	56,971		
Claims payable	608,968	-	-		
Due within one year	1,094,139				
	4,822,062	-	-		
Due in more than one year			226.005		
Total liabilities	11,191,818		326,085		
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	26,326,399				
Total deferred inflows of resources	26,326,399				
N T 4 44					
Net position:	5 274 004		40.770		
Net investment in capital assets	5,274,094	-	49,770		
Restricted for:	201.007				
Debt service	301,897	-	-		
Locally funded programs	50,855	-	-		
State funded programs	1,078	-	- 5.664		
Federally funded programs	17,168	-	5,664		
Public school support	147745	-	3,326		
Student activities	147,745	-	0.070		
Other purposes	409,403	710.056	9,278		
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,252,389	710,056	(321,146)		
Total net position	\$ 7,454,629	\$ 710,056	\$ (253,108)		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net (Expense) Revenue

		Program Revenues			Changes in Net Position	
						 Primary Government
	Expenses		harges for ices and Sales		erating Grants Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 21,593,413	\$	3,617,453	\$	520,536	\$ (17,455,424)
Special	5,808,511		287,751		2,246,466	(3,274,294)
Vocational	936,219		22,131		224,750	(689,338)
Other	4,269,150		646		287,940	(3,980,564)
Support services:						
Pupil	4,194,844		3,947		174,717	(4,016,180)
Instructional staff	1,303,926		5,125		256,221	(1,042,580)
Board of education	98,059		-		-	(98,059)
Administration	2,701,220		6,848		123,210	(2,571,162)
Fiscal	1,188,477		153		262	(1,188,062)
Business	376,618		-		-	(376,618)
Operations and maintenance	4,503,834		346,664		19,246	(4,137,924)
Pupil transportation	1,410,340		22,929		94,781	(1,292,630)
Central	379,062		10,274		18,400	(350,388)
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Other non-instructional services	1,294,682		242		966,296	(328,144)
Food service operations	1,556,307		625,679		1,073,351	142,723
Extracurricular activities	1,132,178		336,163		9,856	(786,159)
Interest and fiscal charges	 132,029					 (132,029)
Total governmental activities	\$ 52,878,869	\$	5,286,005	\$	6,016,032	 (41,576,832)
Component units						
Cuyahoga Falls Schools Foundation .	\$ 150,633	\$	-	\$	145,391	-
Schnee Learning Center	 1,265,169		10,143		962,809	 <u> </u>
Total component units	\$ 1,415,802	\$	10,143	\$	1,108,200	 -
		Gene	ral revenues:			
		Prot	perty taxes levied	l for:		
			neral purposes .			25,831,693
			bt service			508,493
			ments in lieu of t			42,243
			nts and entitleme			
			specific program			14,350,612
			estment earnings			5,136
			cellaneous			32,575
		Total	general revenues			40,770,752
		Chang	ge in net position			 (806,080)
		Net p	osition at begini	ning of	year (restated)	 8,260,709
		Net p	osition at end of	year.		\$ 7,454,629

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Component Units					
Cuyahoga Falls School Foundation	Schnee Learning Center				
¢	¢				
\$ - -	\$ - -				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
-	-				
(5.242)					
(5,242)	(292,217)				
(5,242)	(292,217)				
-	-				
-	-				
-	_				
1,134	-				
1,134	1,080				
1,134	1,080				
(4,108)	(291,137)				
714,164	38,029				
\$ 710,056	\$ (253,108)				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	General	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Ge	Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:					-	
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents	\$ 4,762,144	\$	1,374,550	\$	6,136,694	
Property taxes	27,648,366		555,856		28,204,222	
Accounts	1,053		333,636		1,053	
Intergovernmental	318,731		_		318,731	
Due from component unit	32,690		24,281		56,971	
Prepayments	25,170		21,201		25,170	
Materials and supplies inventory	51,260		40,259		91,519	
Total assets	\$ 32,839,414	\$	1,994,946	\$	34,834,360	
	 		<u> </u>			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 86,788	\$	41,066	\$	127,854	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	3,666,794		10,148		3,676,942	
Compensated absences payable	491,881		-		491,881	
Intergovernmental payable	219,622		200		219,822	
Unearned revenue	12,536		-		12,536	
Pension obligation payable	 584,712		34,336		619,048	
Total liabilities	5,062,333		85,750		5,148,083	
Deferred inflows of resources:			***			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	25,806,360		520,039		26,326,399	
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	634,963		11,680		646,643	
Miscellaneous revenues not available	 166,698		15,931		182,629	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 26,608,021		547,650		27,155,671	
Fund balances: Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory	51,260		40,259		91,519	
Prepaids	25,170		40,239		25,170	
Unclaimed monies	1,369		-		1,369	
Restricted:	1,309		-		1,309	
Debt service			300,664		300,664	
Food service operations	-		408,016		408,016	
Non-public schools	-		1,078		1.078	
Vocational education	-		17,974		,	
	-				17,974	
Other purposes.	-		50,855		50,855	
Extracurricular activities	-		147,745		147,745	
Committed:			204 402		204 402	
Capital improvements	12 201		394,493		394,493	
Other purposes	13,201		462		13,663	
Underground storage tank	11,000		-		11,000	
Assigned:	120 100				120 100	
Student instruction	130,109		-		130,109	
Student and staff support	48,876		-		48,876	
Operation of non-instructional services	4,192		-		4,192	
Facilities acquisition and construction	14,150		-		14,150	
Uniform school supplies	88,827		-		88,827	
Adult education	6,089		-		6,089	
Other purposes	47,395		-		47,395	
Unassigned	727,422				727,422	
Total fund balances	1,169,060		1,361,546		2,530,606	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 32,839,414	\$	1,994,946	\$	34,834,360	
				_		

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2013

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,530,606
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		8,628,645
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable	\$ 646,643	
Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable	75,196 107,433	920 272
Total An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and		829,272
liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.		834,775
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(137,142)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		66,098
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(10,447)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations Compensated absences	(3,135,000) (148,507) (2,003,671)	
Total	<u> </u>	 (5,287,178)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,454,629

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Prom local sources: Prom local sources: Property taxes. \$26,014,304 \$510,145 \$26,524,449 \$1010. \$3,279,618 \$3,279,618 \$2,292,961 \$3,279,618 \$2,292,961 \$3,279,618 \$1,279,618 \$2,292,961 \$3,279,618 \$2,292,961 \$3,279,618 \$2,292,961 \$3,279,618 \$2,407 \$3,407 \$			General		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Property taxes \$2,014,304 \$5,10,145 \$2,52,4449 Tuition 3,279,618 - 3,279,618 Transportation fees. 22,929 - 22,929 Earnings on investments 5,136 6,771 5,407 Charges for services 6,370,51 637,051 506,643 Charges for services 113,814 - 349,507 349,507 Cotract services. 18,893 - 18,893 Other local revenues 368,670 56,985 425,655 Intergovernmental - state 15,829,319 1,080,610 16,909,929 Total revenues 45,943,094 20,33,484 3,325,697 Total revenues 45,943,094 26,03,484 3,324,659 Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditures Expenditure	Revenues:						
Tuition 3.279.618 . 3.279.618 Transportation fees. 22,929 2.29.29 2.29.29 Earnings on investments 5.136 271 5.407 Charges for services - 637.051 637.051 Extracurricular 188.568 318.075 506.43 Classroom materials and fees 113.814 - 113.814 Rental income - 349.507 349.507 Contract services 368.670 56.985 425.655 Intergovernmental - state 15.829.319 1.080.610 16.090.929 Intergovernmental - federal 101.843 3.250.854 3.352.697 Total revenues - 45.943.094 6.203.498 52.146.592 Expenditures: -	From local sources:						
Tamsportation fees. 22,929 - 22,929 Earnings on investments. 5,136 271 5,407 Charges for services. - 637,051 637,051 Extracurricular. 188,568 318,075 506,643 Classroom materials and fees. 113,814 - 13,895 Contract services. 18,893 - 18,893 Other local revenues. 368,670 56,985 425,655 Intergovernmental - state. 15,829,319 1,080,610 16,909,929 Intergovernmental - federal. 101,843 3,250,854 3352,697 Total revenues. 45,943,094 6,203,498 52,146,592 Expenditures: Current: 113,814 3,250,854 3,322,697 Instruction: 20,933,763 537,258 21,471,021 Special. 5,113,653 798,336 5,911,899 Other . 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services 1,000 1,31,15 4,248,204 Instructional	Property taxes	\$	26,014,304	\$	510,145	\$	26,524,449
Earnings on investments 5,136 271 5,407 Charges for services 637,051 637,051 637,051 Extracurricular. 188,568 318,075 506,643 Classroom materials and fees 113,814 - 113,814 Rental income 349,507 349,508 349,507 349,507 349,507 349,507 349,507 349,507 349,507	Tuition		3,279,618		-		3,279,618
Charges for services 637,051 Extracurricular. 188,568 318,075 506,643 Classroom materials and fees 113,814 113,814 113,814 Rental income 349,507 349,507 349,507 Other local revenues 368,670 56,985 425,655 Intergovernmental - state 15,829,319 1,080,610 16,090,929 Total revenues 45,943,094 6,203,498 52,146,592 Expenditures Current: Instruction: Regular. 20,933,763 537,258 21,471,021 Special 5,113,653 798,336 5,911,989 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 2 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 4,407,508 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,16 1,607,631 Administration	Transportation fees		22,929		-		22,929
Extracurricular.	Earnings on investments		5,136		271		5,407
Classroom materials and fees	Charges for services		-		637,051		637,051
Rental income 349,507 349,507 Contract services 18,893 18,893 Other local revenues 368,670 56,985 425,655 Intergovernmental - state 15,829,319 1,080,610 16,909,929 Intergovernmental - federal 101,843 3,250,854 3,352,697 Total revenues 45,943,094 6,203,498 52,146,592 Expenditures: 2 20,933,763 537,258 21,471,021 Special 5,113,653 798,336 5,911,899 Vocational 893,457 49,335 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 893,457 49,351 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 97,631 97,631 Business 377,641 377,641 377,641 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,78,598 Bu	Extracurricular		188,568		318,075		506,643
Contract services. 18,893 56,985 425,655 Intergovernmental - state 15,829,319 1,080,610 16,909,929 Intergovernmental - federal 101,843 3,250,854 3,352,697 Total revenues. 45,943,094 6,203,498 52,146,592 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 80,933,763 537,258 21,471,021 Special 5,113,653 798,336 5,911,989 Vocational 893,457 49,351 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 2 1811,165,089 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 97,631 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 9 376,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,6	Classroom materials and fees		113,814		-		113,814
Other local revenues 368,670 56,985 425,655 Intergovernmental - state 15,829,319 1,080,610 16,909,929 Intergovernmental - federal 101,843 3,250,884 3,352,697 Total revenues 45,943,094 6,203,498 52,146,592 Expenditures: Current: Instruction: 80,487 49,351 942,808 Vocational 893,457 49,351 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: Pupil 4,075,089 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 2 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 2 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 2 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,7			-		349,507		349,507
Intergovernmental - state			18,893		-		18,893
Intergovernmental - federal 101,843 3,250,854 3,352,697 Total revenues 45,943,094 6,203,498 52,146,592 Expenditures:			368,670		56,985		425,655
Total revenues			15,829,319				
Expenditures: Current: Instruction: Regular.							
Current: Instruction: Regular. 20,933,763 537,258 21,471,021 Special 5,113,653 798,336 5,911,989 Vocational 893,457 49,351 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 200 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 - 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business. 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activ	Total revenues		45,943,094		6,203,498		52,146,592
Regular	Expenditures:						
Regular. 20,933,763 537,258 21,471,021 Special 5,113,653 798,336 5,911,989 Vocational 893,457 49,351 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 200 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 - 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,995,378	•						
Special 5,113,653 798,336 5,911,989 Vocational 893,457 49,351 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 2 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 2 1,055,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 - 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,78,598 Business 377,641 - 37,641 Operations and maintenance 4,223,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction <t< td=""><td>Instruction:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Instruction:						
Vocational 893,457 49,351 942,808 Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: 280,392,384 287,940 4,280,324 Pupil 4,075,089 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 - 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,142 -	Regular		20,933,763		537,258		21,471,021
Other 3,992,384 287,940 4,280,324 Support services: Pupil 4,075,089 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 - 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,142 - 163,562 Debt service: 2 163,562 - 163,562 Principal retirem	Special		5,113,653		798,336		5,911,989
Support services: Pupil	Vocational		893,457		49,351		942,808
Pupil 4,075,089 173,115 4,248,204 Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 254,399 1,279,716 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges <td>Other</td> <td></td> <td>3,992,384</td> <td></td> <td>287,940</td> <td></td> <td>4,280,324</td>	Other		3,992,384		287,940		4,280,324
Instructional staff 1,025,317 254,399 1,279,716 Board of education 97,631 - 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 0ther non-instructional services: 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) <td>Support services:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Support services:						
Board of education 97,631 - 97,631 Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 0fter non-instructional services: 1,571,049 1,571,049 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088			4,075,089		173,115		4,248,204
Administration 2,617,272 121,889 2,739,161 Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 00 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures over (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,025,317</td> <td></td> <td>254,399</td> <td></td> <td>1,279,716</td>			1,025,317		254,399		1,279,716
Fiscal 1,163,531 15,067 1,178,598 Business. 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 869,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,68,562 163,562 - 163,562 - 163,562 - 163,562 -	Board of education		97,631		-		97,631
Business. 377,641 - 377,641 Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay. 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers (out).			2,617,272				2,739,161
Operations and maintenance 4,232,204 479,630 4,711,834 Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out)					15,067		1,178,598
Pupil transportation 1,338,485 - 1,338,485 Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: 369,573 - 369,573 Other non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay. 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,56			377,641		-		377,641
Central 369,573 - 369,573 Operation of non-instructional services: Other non-instructional services 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>4,232,204</td> <td></td> <td>479,630</td> <td></td> <td>4,711,834</td>	•		4,232,204		479,630		4,711,834
Operation of non-instructional services: 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082	÷ •				-		
Other non-instructional services 185,197 1,087,517 1,272,714 Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: - - 163,562 Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082			369,573		-		369,573
Food service operations. - 1,571,049 1,571,049 Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay. 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: - - 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: - - - 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: - - - 163,562 - 163,562 Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 11 114,088 141,088 141,088 147,088 153,696,389 163,696,389	•						
Extracurricular activities 770,463 324,915 1,095,378 Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: - - 163,562 Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741			185,197				
Facilities acquisition and construction. 3,142 - 3,142 Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741	<u> </u>						
Capital outlay 163,562 - 163,562 Debt service: Principal retirement 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741					324,915		
Debt service: Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741					-		
Principal retirement. 33,292 463,179 496,471 Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741			163,562		-		163,562
Interest and fiscal charges 2,972 144,116 147,088 Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741			22 202		462 170		406 471
Total expenditures 47,388,628 6,307,761 53,696,389 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741	*				*		
Excess of expenditures over revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year. 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741		-	2,> . 2				
revenues. (1,445,534) (104,263) (1,549,797) Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741	Total experiences	-	47,366,026		0,307,701		33,070,367
Other financing sources (uses): Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741	Excess of expenditures over						
Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741	revenues		(1,445,534)		(104,263)		(1,549,797)
Sale/loss of assets 12,100 - 12,100 Transfers in. - 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741	Other financing courses (uses).						
Transfers in. 13,181 13,181 Transfers (out) (13,181) - (13,181) Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741	_		12 100		_		12 100
Transfers (out)			12,100		12 191		
Capital lease transaction 163,562 - 163,562 Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741			(13 181)		13,101		
Total other financing sources (uses) 162,481 13,181 175,662 Net change in fund balances (1,283,053) (91,082) (1,374,135) Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741							
Net change in fund balances					13.181		
Fund balances at beginning of year 2,452,113 1,452,628 3,904,741				_			
	Fund halaness at hasinring of year		2 452 112		1 452 620		2 004 741
<u> </u>	Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,169,060	\$	1,361,546	\$	2,530,606

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(1,374,135)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset additions	\$ 500,846	
Current year depreciation Total	 (634,456)	(133,610)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving		
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(129,312)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	(142,020)	
Tuition	21,455	
Intergovernmental	 41,746	
Total		(78,819)
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were: Bonds Loans	450,000 13,179	
Capital leases	33,292	
Total		496,471
Issuances of capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.		(163,562)
on the statement of het position.		(105,502)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities:		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	1,943	
Amortization of bond premiums	25,319	
Amortization of deferred charges	 (12,203)	
Total		15,059
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current		
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		137,207
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues		
are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.		424,621
service rund is anocated among the governmental activities.		424,021
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(806,080)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	_	Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	29,552,497	\$	27,850,464	\$	27,570,385	\$	(280,079)
Tuition		2,290,439		3,330,621		3,297,127		(33,494)
Transportation fees		25,255		23,162		22,929		(233)
Earnings on investments		5,788		5,314		5,261		(53)
Extracurricular		24,729		17,345		17,171		(174)
Other local revenues		36,831		32,908		52,224		19,316
Intergovernmental - state		15,385,907		15,990,124		15,829,319		(160,805)
Intergovernmental - federal		110,492		125,283		124,023		(1,260)
Total revenues	-	47,431,938		47,375,221		46,918,439		(456,782)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		21,839,659		20,172,985		20,178,430		(5,445)
Special		4,079,382		5,153,039		5,154,430		(1,391)
Vocational		931,038		931,507		931,759		(252)
Other		4,791,793		4,096,230		4,097,336		(1,106)
Support services:								
Pupil		2,964,881		4,016,939		4,018,024		(1,085)
Instructional staff		984,844		913,008		913,255		(247)
Board of education		89,598		98,958		98,985		(27)
Administration		2,754,788		2,625,734		2,626,443		(709)
Fiscal		982,598		1,001,393		1,001,663		(270)
Business		415,724		379,895		379,998		(103)
Operations and maintenance		4,679,704		4,333,612		4,334,782		(1,170)
Pupil transportation		1,314,685		1,342,257		1,342,619		(362)
Central		365,669		361,922		362,020		(98)
Other operation of non-instructional services .		188,372		199,170		199,224		(54)
Extracurricular activities		864,570		770,374		770,582		(208)
Facilities acquisition and construction		17,663		13,681		13,685		(4)
Total expenditures		47,264,968		46,410,704	-	46,423,235		(12,531)
						<u> </u>		
Excess of revenues over				0		40 :		
expenditures		166,970		964,517		495,204		(469,313)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		3,999		48,493		48,005		(488)
Refund of prior year's receipts		-		(165,902)		(165,947)		(45)
Transfers (out)		-		(13,177)		(13,181)		(4)
Sale of capital assets		-		12,223		12,100		(123)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	3,999		(118,363)		(119,023)	-	(660)
Net change in fund balance		170,969		846,154		376,181		(469,973)
								(102,213)
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,941,690		3,941,690		3,941,690		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		89,783		89,783		89,783		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,202,442	\$	4,877,627	\$	4,407,654	\$	(469,973)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	1,443,743	
Total assets		1,443,743	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Claims payable		608,968	
Total liabilities		608,968	
Net position:			
Unrestricted		834,775	
Total net position	\$	834,775	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	6,919,295	
Total operating revenues		6,919,295	
Operating expenses:			
Personal services		37,602	
Purchased services		54,743	
Materials and supplies		9,784	
Claims		6,392,545	
Total operating expenses		6,494,674	
Operating income/change in net position		424,621	
Net position at beginning of year		410,154	
Net position at end of year	\$	834,775	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from charges for services	\$	6,919,295		
Cash payments for personal services		(37,602)		
Cash payments for contractual services		(54,743)		
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(9,784)		
Cash payments for claims		(6,550,342)		
Net cash provided by				
operating activities		266,824		
Net increase in cash and cash				
cash equivalents		266,824		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,176,919		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,443,743		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	424,621		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Decrease) in claims payable		(157,797)		
Net cash provided by				
operating activities	\$	266,824		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Private-Purpose Trust Scholarship			
				Agency
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash				
and cash equivalents	\$	34,388	\$	100,653
Total assets		34,388	\$	100,653
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		-	\$	11,095
Intergovernmental payable		-		2,977
Due to students				86,581
Total liabilities			\$	100,653
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		34,388		
Total net position	\$	34,388		

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Private-Purpose Trust			
Additions:	Sch	olarship			
Interest	\$	19 11,412 11,431			
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		3,000			
Change in net position		8,431			
Net position at beginning of year		25,957			
Net position at end of year	\$	34,388			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Cuyahoga Falls City School District (the "District") is located in the greater metropolitan Akron area of Summit County in northeastern Ohio. The first official body designated as the Cuyahoga Falls Board of Education was formed on April 18, 1853. Both the township of Cuyahoga Falls and Cuyahoga Falls School District were formalized at that time with a school enrollment of 482.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms.

The District currently operates 6 elementary schools, 2 middle schools, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 231 non-certified and 341 certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to 4,952 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has two component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government) and the following discretely presented component units.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Schnee Learning Center (Center)

The Center is a legally separate, non-profit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The Center is a conversion school with an objective to deliver a comprehensive educational program of high quality, tied to State and national standards for at-risk students, which can be delivered to students in grade 9 through grade 12. The Center is governed by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees may adopt budgets, hire and fire employees, and receive funding from the Ohio Department of Education. Based on the significant services provided by the District to the Center, the Center's purpose of servicing the students within the District, and the relationship between the Board of Education of the District and the Board of Trustees of the Center, the Center is reflected as a component unit of the District. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Center at 2222 Issaquah Street, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221-0396.

Cuyahoga Falls Schools Foundation (Foundation)

The Foundation is a legally separate, non-profit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702. The Foundation was set up to provide scholarships to eligible students of the District, provide grants to faculty members of the District and to provide the District with resources to complete special projects. The Foundation is governed by a Board of Trustees. Due to the Foundation's significant relationship with the District, the Foundation is reflected as a component unit of the District. Financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer of the Foundation at 431 Stow Avenue, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221.

Information in the following notes to the basic financial statements is applicable to the primary government. Information relative to the Schnee Learning Center and the Cuyahoga Falls Schools Foundation component units can be found in Notes 18 and 19, respectively.

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Network for Educational Technology (NEOnet)

NEOnet was established as a jointly governed organization among sixteen school districts and the Summit County Educational Service Center that was formed July 1, 1995. NEOnet was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to improve administrative and instructional functions of member districts. NEOnet has since been restructured and organized as a council of governments (COG) under Ohio Revised Code 3301.075 and Chapter 167. The new COG is called the Metropolitan Regional Service Council. The Council serves several program functions for the nineteen school district members, such as NEOnet ITC functions and as a collaborative purchasing agent. The Council is self supporting and conducts its fiscal services in house with a licensed treasurer.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Council employs an Executive Director who works cooperatively with a nine-member Board of Directors consisting of four superintendents, the ESC superintendent, three members of the treasurers' committee and one member of the technology committee. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the assembly, which elects the board of directors, who exercises total control over the operation of NEOnet including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All revenues are generated from State funding and an annual fee per student to participating districts. The Metropolitan Regional Services Council and NEOnet are located at 700 Graham Road, Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221. During the current fiscal year, the District contributed \$158,268 to NEOnet.

Six District Educational Compact (Compact)

The Six District Educational Compact is a jointly governed organization consisting of six participating school districts, to provide for the vocational and special education needs of their students. The six-member Board consists of the superintendent from each of the participating school districts. Students may attend any vocational or special education class offered by any of the six school districts. If a student elects to attend a class offered by a school district other than the school district in which the student resides, the school district of residence pays an instructional fee to the school district, which offers the class. The committee exercises total control over the operation of the Compact, including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. All financial inquiries should be addressed to the Treasurer of the Hudson City School District, 2386 Hudson-Aurora Road, Hudson, Ohio 44236.

Ohio Schools Council Association

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a Council of Governments comprised of one hundred fifty-seven member school districts. The jointly governed organization was formed to purchase quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. The council's Board consists of nine superintendents of the participating districts whose term rotates every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2013, the District paid \$1,763 to the Council for annual membership and other fees. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Randy Boroff, Treasurer of the Ohio Schools Council at 6133 Rockside Road, Suite 10, Independence, Ohio 44131.

The District participates in the Council's natural gas program. This program allows school districts to purchase natural gas at reduced rates, if the school districts will commit to participating for a twelve year period. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each month these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage and any necessary adjustments are made at the end of the fiscal year.

The City of Hamilton, a municipal corporation and political subdivision duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Ohio, issued \$89,450,000 in debt to purchase twelve years of natural gas from CMS Energy Corporation for the participants. The participating school districts are not obligated in any manner for this debt. If a participating school district terminates its agreement the district is entitled to recover that amount, if any, of its contributions to the operating fund which are not encumbered for its share of program administrative costs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District also participates in the Council's life insurance program which was implemented during a previous fiscal year. This program allows school districts to purchase life insurance at reduced rates. Grady Enterprises began providing coverage for this program beginning January 1, 2012.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUND

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal service fund</u> - The internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's only internal service fund accounts for revenue received from other funds for the settlement of medical expenses of District employees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. During fiscal year 2013, the District had an agency fund that accounts for student managed activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund operating activity is eliminated to avoid overstatement of revenues and expenses.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants and student fees.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds (except agency funds). The specific timetable for fiscal year 2013 is as follows.

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Summit County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amount in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2013.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the object level for all funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. (State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year). Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed appropriations totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation at the legal level of control must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with statutory provisions.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. The original budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the permanent appropriation amounts. The final budget figures, which appear in the statements of budgetary comparisons, represent the permanent appropriation amounts plus all supplemental appropriations legally enacted during the year.
- 8. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds, including proprietary funds, are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2013, investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2013. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenues credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$5,136 which includes \$2,065 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investments at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On governmental fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food. On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset life are not.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental type activities columns of the statement of net position. The District had no interfund loans at June 30, 2013.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance). Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The District reports pension health care benefits in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 47, "<u>Accounting for Termination Benefits</u>". Health care benefits are accrued as a liability once the District becomes obligated for the termination benefits. The liability is calculated based on estimated monthly health care costs incurred.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from the internal service fund are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, a nonspendable fund balance is recorded by an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

O. Bond Issuance Costs/Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Unamortized Accounting Gain or Loss

On government-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are expensed in the year they occur.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as deferred outflows of resources.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond issuance costs and bond premiums are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.A.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Q. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the fund.

R. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type occurred during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34", GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements", GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position", GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", and GASB Statement No. 66, "Technical Corrections—2012".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 had the following effect on the financial statements of the District:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net assets as previously reported	\$ 8,309,548
Removal of unamortized	
bond issuance costs	(48,839)
Net position at July 1, 2012	\$ 8,260,709

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$7,258,209. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2013, \$3,268,848 of the District's bank balance of \$7,519,285 was exposed to custodial credit risk as discussed below, while \$4,250,437 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			In	vestment
			N	Maturities
			6 1	months or
<u>Investment type</u>	Fa	ir Value	_	less
STAR Ohio	\$	457,269	\$	457,269

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. The District has no policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>F</u> :	air Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	457,269	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013:

Cash and investments per note disclosure		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	7,258,209
Investments		457,269
Total	\$	7,715,478
Cash and investments per statement of net position	<u>n</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	7,580,437
Private-purpose trust funds		34,388
Agency funds		100,653

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

7,715,478

Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:

Total

General fund \$13,181

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting purposes in the statement of activities.

All transfers were in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Summit County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013 was \$1,207,000 in the general fund and \$24,137 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor government fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2012 was \$2,763,124 in the general fund and \$53,372 in the bond retirement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 Seco	nd	2013 Fir	st	
	Half Collect	ions	Half Collec	tions	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential					
and other real estate	\$ 736,573,940	99.54	\$ 736,065,280	99.50	
Public utility personal	3,407,350	0.46	3,666,850	0.50	
Total	\$ 739,981,290	100.00	\$ 739,732,130	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation					
General	\$69.08		\$69.08		
Bond retirement	0.80		0.84		

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), amounts due from component unit and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 28,204,222
Accounts	1,053
Intergovernmental	318,731
Due from component unit	 56,971
Total	\$ 28,580,977

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2012	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	June 30, 2013
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,321,765	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,321,765
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,321,765			1,321,765
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,723,362	-	-	2,723,362
Buildings and improvements	23,541,761	299,363	(404,098)	23,437,026
Furniture and equipment	1,940,708	201,483	(484,995)	1,657,196
Vehicles	1,799,440			1,799,440
Total capital assets, being depreciated	30,005,271	500,846	(889,093)	29,617,024
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,881,627)	(82,058)	-	(1,963,685)
Buildings and improvements	(17,552,338)	(386,713)	282,869	(17,656,182)
Furniture and equipment	(1,580,666)	(80,611)	476,912	(1,184,365)
Vehicles	(1,420,838)	(85,074)		(1,505,912)
Total accumulated depreciation	(22,435,469)	(634,456)	759,781	(22,310,144)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,891,567	\$ (133,610)	\$ (129,312)	\$ 8,628,645

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 311,942
Special	1,751
Vocational	1,646
Support services:	
Pupil	1,578
Instructional staff	1,212
Administration	1,227
Business	1,495
Operations and maintenance	121,717
Pupil transportation	96,436
Central	9,528
Operation of non-instructional services:	
Other non-instructional services	24,235
Food service operations	7,370
Extracurricular activities	 54,319
Total depreciation expense	\$ 634,456

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASE - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During a prior fiscal year and in the current fiscal year, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements meet the criteria of capital lease which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$163,562. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2013 for copiers was \$16,356, leaving a current book value of \$147,206. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2013 totaled \$33,292 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount	<u>:</u>
2014	\$ 35,82	0.
2015	35,82	0.
2016	35,82	0.
2017	35,82	0.
2018	17,91	0
Total minimum lease payments	161,19	0
Less: Amount representing interest	(12,68	<u>(3</u>)
Total	\$ 148,50	7

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2013, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Interest Rate	Balance June 30, 2012	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds:	4.250/	¢ 450,000	ф	¢ (450,000)	¢	Φ
1999 school improvement bonds 2009 refunding bonds	4.25% 3.00 - 5.00%	\$ 450,000 3,135,000	\$ -	\$ (450,000)	3,135,000	\$ - 480,000
2007 Terananing bonds	3.00 3.0070	3,133,000			3,133,000	100,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		3,585,000		(450,000)	3,135,000	480,000
Long-term Loans:						
1993 asbestos removal loan	0.00%	13,179		(13,179)		
Total Loans Payable		13,179		(13,179)		
Other Long-term Obligations:						
Capital lease obligation		18,237	163,562	(33,292)	148,507	30,941
Compensated absences		2,432,205	568,305	(504,958)	2,495,552	583,198
Total Other Long-term Obligations		2,450,442	731,867	(538,250)	2,644,059	614,139
Total		\$ 6,048,621	\$ 731,867	\$(1,001,429)	5,779,059	\$1,094,139
		Add: Unamort	ized premium	on bond issue	137,142	
		Total	on statement	of net position	\$ 5,916,201	

<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>: In 1999, the District issued School Improvement bonds, in the amount of \$8,000,000, to finance the improvement and furnishing of school facilities and their sites. The School Improvement bonds will be repaid with voted property tax receipts of the bond retirement debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). A portion of the 1999 School Improvement bonds was refunded during fiscal year 2010 in the amount of \$3,185,000. The remaining balance of the 1999 School Improvement bonds matured December 1, 2012. There are no further obligations on this debt.

<u>Series 2009 Refunding General Obligation Bonds</u>: On October 29, 2009, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2009 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 1999 school improvement bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded Series 1999 current interest bonds at June 30, 2013, is \$3,185,000.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$3,135,000. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 3.00-5.00%. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2018. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures of the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$110,841. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

All bonds and loans are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith and credit are pledged for repayment.

<u>Long-Term Loan</u>: In 1993, the District received a loan from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency for an asbestos abatement project. The loan, which matured in April, 2013, was interest free as long as the District continued to remain current on repayment. Principal payments were made from general property tax operating receipts being transferred into the bond retirement debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). There are no further obligations on this debt.

<u>Capital Lease Obligation:</u> Capital lease obligations will be paid from the general fund. See Note 9 for details.

<u>Compensated Absences:</u> Compensated absences included severance and vacation for retirees. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee's salaries are paid. For the District, these are primarily the general fund, the food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), the Title VI-B fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and the Title I fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

B. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds:

Fiscal Year		2009 Refunding Bonds				
Ending June 30,	_	Principal		Interest		Total
2014	\$	480,000	\$	124,650	\$	604,650
2015		490,000		107,650		597,650
2016		510,000		87,650		597,650
2017		530,000		66,850		596,850
2018		550,000		42,500		592,500
2019		575,000		14,375		589,375
Total	\$	3,135,000	\$	443,675	\$	3,578,675

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2013, are a voted debt margin of \$63,741,556 (including available funds of \$300,664) and an unvoted debt margin of \$739,732.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Risk

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The District has addressed these various types of risk by purchasing a comprehensive insurance policy through a commercial carrier. Indiana Insurance settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. The District purchases liability, property and fleet insurance through Ohio Schools Council.

There has been no significant reduction of coverage from the prior years. Limits of coverage and deductibles are as follows:

	<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Deductible</u>
Property Insurance	\$ 123,933,303	\$1,000
Liability Insurance	1,000,000/2,000,000	0/0
Fleet Insurance	1,000,000	250 Comprehensive 500 Collision

B. Health Insurance

The claims liability of \$608,968 reported in the basic financial statements at June 30, 2013, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by GASB Statement No. 30, "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred, but not reported claims, be accrued at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claim.

A summary of changes in self-insurance claims for the years ended June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012:

Fiscal		Balance	C	urrent Year	Claim		Balance
Year	Begir	nning of Year		Claims	Payments Payments	<u>E1</u>	nd of Year
2013	\$	766,765	\$	6,392,545	\$ (6,550,342)	\$	608,968
2012		343,648		6,937,682	(6,514,565)		766,765

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2013, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$816,886, \$774,087 and \$731,626, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. DC and Combined Plan members may transfer to a different STRS Ohio retirement plan during their fifth year of membership. Eligible members who do not make a choice during the reselection period will permanently remain in their current plan.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$2,812,807, \$2,792,082 and \$2,904,311, respectively; 83.87 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2013 were \$177,414 made by the District and \$126,724 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2013, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2013, 0.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,525.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$99,700, \$155,778 and \$180,723, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$46,145, \$45,714 and \$47,082, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2013, 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$216,370, \$214,776 and \$223,409, respectively; 83.87 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 376,181
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(1,617,096)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(270,627)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	281,504
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(161,529)
Adjustment for encumbrances	108,514
GAAP basis	\$ (1,283,053)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the rotary fund, the adult education fund, the special rotary fund, the public school support fund, the unclaimed monies fund and the under ground storage tank fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved on no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	Capital rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		815,448
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(617,579)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets		-
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		(197,869)
Total	\$	_
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2014	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The District had current year offsets that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount to zero. During fiscal year 1999, the District issued \$8,000,000 in capital related school improvement bonds. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition below zero for future years. The amount presented for Prior Year Offset from Bond Proceeds is limited to an amount needed to reduce the reserve for capital improvement to zero. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$7,802,131 at June 30, 2013.

NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General fund	\$	84,722
Other governmental		35,419
Total	\$	120,141

NOTE 18 - SCHNEE LEARNING CENTER

The Schnee Learning Center (the "Center") is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 3314.03 to establish a conversion school in Cuyahoga Falls City School District (the "Sponsor") addressing the needs of students in grades 9-12. The Center, which is part of the State's education program, is nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment practices and all other operations. The Center, as part of the Sponsor District, is an approved tax-exempt organization. Management is not aware of any course of action or series of events that have occurred that might adversely affect their tax exempt status. The Center may sue or be sued, acquire facilities as needed, and contract for any services necessary for the operation of the Center. The Center is considered a component unit of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District for reporting purposes, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61.

The Center's objective is to deliver a comprehensive educational program that is tied to state and national standards for at-risk students in grade 9 through grade 12. It is to be operated under a contract with the Sponsor to provide an innovative and cost-effective solution to the special problems of disabled students, students removed from school for disciplinary reasons, students needing advanced or specialized courses which are not available locally, and other, including home-schooled students who are not currently enrolled in any public school and who are not receiving a meaningful, comprehensive and standards-based educational program. The Center uses the services of the Sponsor to assist with overall operations.

The Center was certified by the State of Ohio Secretary of State as a non-profit organization on July 22, 2005. The Center was approved for operation under a contract with the Sponsor for five years commencing July 1, 2005. On June 28, 2010, the Center renewed the contract with the Sponsor for an additional five years which will expire on June 30, 2015. The Sponsor is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Center and has the authority to deny renewal of the contract at its expiration. The Center began accepting students on August 3, 2005 and served 143 students during fiscal year 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 18 - SCHNEE LEARNING CENTER - (Continued)

The Center operates under the direction of a six-member Board of Directors which consists of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District superintendent who is a non-voting member and serves as President, an Ivy Park Association Representative, three elected officials, and a parent of a Center student. The Board of Directors is responsible for carrying out the provisions of the contract which include, but are not limited to, state-mandated provisions regarding student population, curriculum, academic goals, performance standards, admission standards and qualifications of teachers. The Treasurer is the Chief Financial Officer of the Center. Treasurer and fiscal services are provided by Jarvis and Associates.

The Sponsor, on a purchased services basis with the Center, provides planning, instructional, administrative and technical services. Personnel providing services to the Center on behalf of the Sponsor on the purchased services basis are employees of the Summit County ESC. Payments from the Center to the Sponsor under the Community School Sponsorship Contract and the annual Purchased Services Contract for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013 can be found in Note 18.E.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements (BFS) of the Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Center's significant accounting policies are described below.

Basis of Presentation - Enterprise accounting is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that the costs (expenses) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Enterprise accounting uses a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made. The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Budgetary Process - Unlike other public schools located in the State of Ohio, community schools are not required to follow budgetary provisions set forth in Ohio Revised Code Section 5705, unless specifically provided in the Center's contract with its Sponsor, except for Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.391 as it relates to five year forecasts. The contract between the Center and its Sponsor requires a detailed school budget for each year of the contract; however, the budget does not have to follow the provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.

Cash - Cash received by the Center is maintained in a demand deposit account.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 18 - SCHNEE LEARNING CENTER - (Continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation - All capital assets are capitalized at cost and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date donated. The Center maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The Center does not have any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All capital assets are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Equipment consists of computers and equipment which are depreciated over three to ten years. Software is depreciated over 36 to 44 months.

Net Position - Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes includes amounts restricted for special trust fund, rotary fund, student activities fund and uniform school supplies fund.

The Center applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Prepayments - Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of Net Position using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Intergovernmental Revenue - The Center currently participates in the State Foundation Program, the Title VI-B grant and the Title I grant. Revenues from these programs are recorded as operating grants and contributions in the accompanying financial statements in the accounting period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is permitted, matching requirements, in which the Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expense requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Center on a reimbursement basis.

Operating Revenues and Expenses - Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the Center. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the Center. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 18 - SCHNEE LEARNING CENTER - (Continued)

B. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of the Center's deposits was \$17,649. Based upon the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosure", as of June 30, 2013, all of the Center's bank balance of \$20,680 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). There are no significant statutory restrictions regarding the deposit and investment of funds by the nonprofit corporation.

C. Capital Assets

	Balance 7/1/2012		Additions		Reductions		Balance 6/30/2013	
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	6,125	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,125
Software		188,278						188,278
Total capital assets being depreciated		194,403		_				194,403
Less: accumulated depreciation								
Equipment		(5,445)		(680)		_		(6,125)
Software		(78,820)		(59,688)			(138,508)
Total accumulated depreciation		(84,265)		(60,368)			(144,633)
Net capital assets	\$	110,138	\$	(60,368)	\$	_	\$	49,770

D. Receivables

The Center had the following intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2013:

Title I \$ 3,433

The intergovernmental receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

E. Purchased Services

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, purchased services expenses were as follows:

Professional and technical services	\$ 1,106,396
Property services	175
Travel and meetings	1,365
Miscellaneous	 67,401
Total	\$ 1,175,337

F. Risk Management

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to contracted personnel; and natural disasters. The Center had a commercial insurance package with Indiana Insurance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 18 - SCHNEE LEARNING CENTER - (Continued)

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in the past three years. There was no significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

G. Contingencies

Grants - The Center received financial assistance from state agencies in the form of grants. The expense of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Center at June 30, 2013.

State Foundation Funding - The Ohio Department of Education conducts reviews of enrollment data and full-time equivalency (FTE) calculations made by the schools. These reviews are conducted to ensure the schools are reporting accurate student enrollment data to the State, upon which state foundation funding is calculated. The Center anticipates no adjustment to State funding for fiscal year 2014 as a result of the reviews which have yet to be completed.

H. Related Party Transactions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Center had expenses of \$265,432 to their sponsor for reimbursement of expenses. There was an amount of \$56,971 due to their sponsor at June 30, 2013. This amount is displayed as "due to primary government" on the basic financial statements.

I. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the Center has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34", GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements", GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position", GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", and GASB Statement No. 66, "Technical Corrections-2012".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Center.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Center.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 18 - SCHNEE LEARNING CENTER - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Center.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the Center's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 did not have an effect on the beginning net position of the Center.

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Center.

J. Going Concern

The Schnee Learning center's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) which contemplates continuation of the Center as a going concern.

The Center had an operating loss of (\$350,673), a decrease in net position of (\$291,137) and current liabilities exceeding current assets by \$302,878 during fiscal year 2013. Management intends to eliminate these deficits by increasing enrollment, revaluating staffing levels and applying for grant funds.

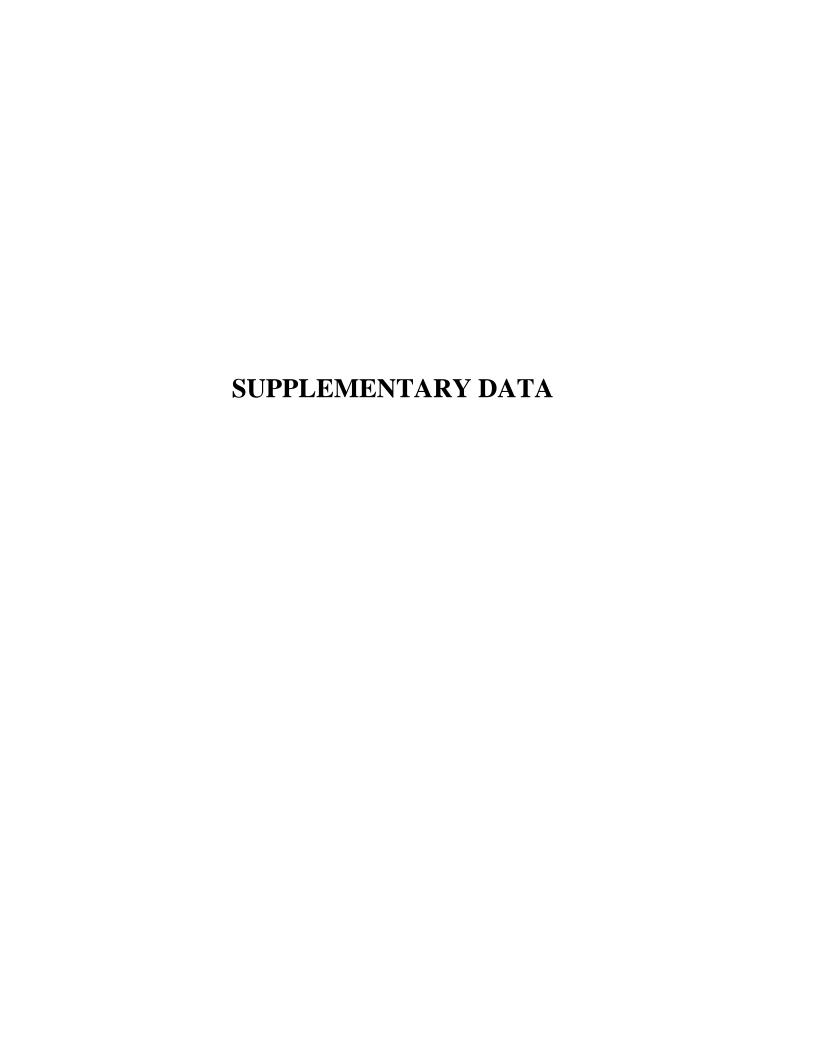
NOTE 19 - CUYAHOGA FALLS SCHOOLS FOUNDATION

The Cuyahoga Falls Schools Foundation (the "Foundation") is a nonprofit corporation established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapters 3314 and 1702 to provide scholarships to eligible students of the District, provide grants to faculty members of the District and to provide the District with resources to complete special projects. The Foundation is governed by a Board of Trustees. The economic resources received by the Foundation are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the government, its component units, or its constituents (staff and student of Cuyahoga Falls City School District). The Foundation is considered a component unit of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District for reporting purposes, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 and GASB Statement No. 61.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 19 - CUYAHOGA FALLS SCHOOLS FOUNDATION - (Continued)

The Foundation was incorporated within the State of Ohio on November 21, 1983. It is a charitable organization exempt from federal taxation under Section 501 (C) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Its general purpose is to provide academic support and recognition to outstanding students and staff.



CUYAHOGA FALLS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(B) CASH FEDERAL RECEIPTS	(B) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	_			
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
(C) (D) School Breakfast Program Total School Breakfast Program	10.553	2013	\$ 146,808 146,808	\$ 146,808 146,808
(C) (D) National School Lunch Program (D) (E) National School Lunch Program - Food Donation Total National School Lunch Program	10.555 10.555	2013 2013	834,570 91,441 926,011	834,570 91,441 926,011
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture and Child Nutrition Cluster			1,072,819	1,072,819
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	_			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2013	749,454	749,454
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	2013	1,144,887	1,144,887
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	2013	21,411	21,411
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2013	152,789	152,789
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race to the Top, Recovery Act - Resident Educator	r 84.395A	2013	7,700	7,700
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants	84.186	2012	50,000	50,000
PASSED THROUGH THE HUDSON CITY SCHOOLS	_			
Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to State Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to State Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to State	84.048 84.048	2012 2013	51,795 51,795	15,530 33,821 49,351
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,178,036	2,175,592
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 3,250,855	\$ 3,248,411

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

- OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2013.

- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F)
- OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2013.

 This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

 Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis.

 Included as part of the "Child Nutrition Cluster" in determining major programs.

 The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are reported at the entitlement value.

 The Cuyahoga Falls City School District's basic financial statements include the operations of Schnee Learning Center, which received \$59,633 in federal awards during fiscal year 2013. These federal awards are not included in the above Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards. Our audit of federal awards did not include the operations of Schnee Learning Center because the component unit expended less than \$500,000 of Federal awards for fiscal year 2013, and thus it was not subject to OMB Circular A-133 audit requirements.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards

Cuyahoga Falls City School District Summit County 431 Stow Avenue Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, its major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District, Summit County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2013, wherein we noted that the accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Schnee Learning Center, a component unit of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District, will continued as a going concern.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Board of Education Cuyahoga Falls City School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 23, 2013

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By *OMB Circular A-133*

Cuyahoga Falls City School District Summit County 431 Stow Avenue Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio 44221

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Cuyahoga Falls City School District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's compliance for each of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's compliance.

The Cuyahoga Falls City School District's basic financial statements include the operations of Schnee Learning Center, which received \$59,633 in federal awards which is not included in the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Our audit of Federal awards, described below, did not include the operations of Schnee Learning Center because the component unit expended less than \$500,000 of Federal awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and thus it was not subject to OMB Circular A-133 audit requirements.

Board of Education Cuyahoga Falls City School District

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Cuyahoga Falls City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Cuyahoga Falls City School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Cuyahoga Falls City School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 23, 2013

Julian & Sube Enc!

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

	1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS					
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified				
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No				
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No				
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No				
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified				
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No				
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program - CFDA #10.553 and National School Lunch Program - CFDA #10.555				
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: all others				
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes				

2. FINDING RELATED TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





CUYAHOGA FALLS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

SUMMIT COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 28, 2014