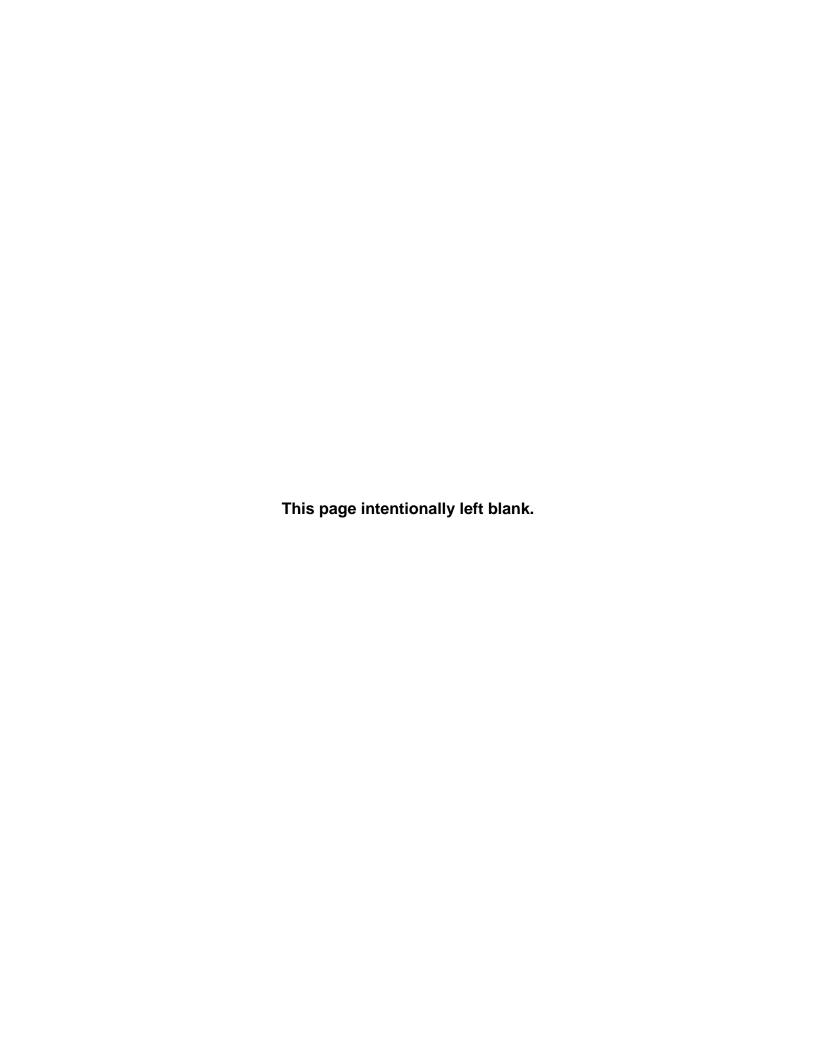




HENRY COUNTY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Henry County 660 North Perry Street P.O. Box 546 Napoleon, Ohio 43545-0546

To the Board of Commissioners:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henry County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Henry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henry County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Country View Haven, Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax, and County Board of Developmental Disabilities funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the County's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 18, 2014, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Henry County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

September 18, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

The management's discussion and analysis of Henry County's (the "County") financial performance provides an overall review of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the County's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- The total net position of the County increased \$1,629,358. Net position of governmental activities increased \$1,583,702, which represents a 2.62% increase from 2012. Net position of business-type activities increased \$45,656, which represents a 11.00% increase from 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$11,970,067 or 43.17% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$15,760,426 or 56.83% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The County had \$26,146,791 in expenses related to governmental activities. \$15,760,426 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues (primarily taxes) of \$11,970,067 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The County's major governmental funds are the General fund, Country View Haven fund, Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund, and County Board of Developmentally Disabled (DD) fund. The General fund, the County's largest major fund, had revenues of \$8,403,840 in 2013, an increase of \$4,154 or 0.05% from 2012 revenues. The General fund had expenditures and other financing uses of \$7,924,635 in 2013, an increase of \$205,440 or 2.66% from 2012. The General fund balance increased \$479,205 or 7.63% from 2012 to 2013.
- The Country View Haven fund, a County major fund, had revenues of \$1,907,635 in 2013. The Country View Haven fund had expenditures of \$1,631,717 in 2013. The Country View Haven fund balance increased \$275,918 or 12.39% from 2012 to 2013.
- The Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund, a County major fund, had revenues of \$4,503,019 in 2013. The Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund had expenditures of \$4,158,651 in 2013. The Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund balance increased \$344,368 or 11.37% from 2012 to 2013.
- The County Board of DD fund, a County major fund, had revenues of \$5,858,314 in 2013. The County Board of DD fund had expenditures of \$5,820,325 in 2013. The County Board of DD fund balance increased \$37,989 or 1.93% from 2012 to 2013.
- Net position for the business-type activities, which include the Sanitary Landfill, Tower, Hahn Center, and Monroe Township Landfill fees enterprise funds, increased in 2013 by \$45,656 or 11.00%.

Using these Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the County as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole County, presenting both an aggregate view of the County's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the County, there are four major governmental funds. The General fund is the largest major fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Reporting the County as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the County as a whole, the financial position of the County has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the County's property tax base, current property tax laws, facility conditions and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the County's programs and services are reported here including human services, health, public safety, public works and general government. These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues including Federal and State grants and other shared revenues.

Business-type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided.

Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the County's major funds. The County uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds. The County's major governmental funds are the General fund, Country View Haven fund, Motor Vehicle and Gas tax fund, and the County Board of Developmentally Disabled (DD) fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Ssanitary Landfill, Tower, Hahn Center, and Monroe Township landfill fees operations. The sanitary landfill fund is the County's only major enterprise fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County has no internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the County as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Count's net position at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

	Activities 2013	Business-type Activities 2013		overnmental Activities 2012	Business-type Activities 2012		2013 Total		2012 Total	
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 33,252,575 37,250,894	\$ 1,163,448 961,229	\$	31,745,632 36,898,129	\$	1,693,652 976,088	\$	34,416,023 38,212,123	\$	33,439,284 37,874,217
Total assets	70,503,469	 2,124,677		68,643,761		2,669,740		72,628,146		71,313,501
Liabilities: Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	1,784,837 1,536,764	2,464,926 28,966		1,777,906 1,212,007		3,038,377 46,234		4,249,763 1,565,730		4,816,283 1,258,241
Total liabilities	 3,321,601	 2,493,892		2,989,913		3,084,611		5,815,493		6,074,524
Deferred inflows:	 5,194,977	 		5,250,659				5,194,977	_	5,250,659
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	 37,118,034 17,734,122 7,134,795	 961,229 - (1,330,444)		36,731,860 16,655,017 7,016,312		976,088 - (1,390,959)		38,079,263 17,734,122 5,804,351		37,707,948 16,655,017 5,625,353
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 61,986,951	\$ (369,215)	\$	60,403,189	\$	(414,871)	\$	61,617,736	\$	59,988,318

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2013, the County's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$61,617,676. This amounts to \$61,986,891 in governmental activities and a deficit of \$369,215 in business-type activities.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the County's net position. At year-end, capital assets represented 52.61% of total governmental and business-type assets. Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The net investments in capital assets at December 31, 2013, were \$38,079,263. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

As of December 31, 2013, the County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position for its governmental activities.

A portion of the County's governmental activities net position, \$17,734,122 or 28.61%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of governmental activities unrestricted net position is \$7,134,795.

Certain revenues have been reclassed by the County for 2012 to conform to 2013 presentation. The table below shows the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities for 2013 and 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities 2013	Business-type Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012	Business-type Activities 2012	2013 Total	2012 Total
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services and sales	\$ 4,699,974	\$ 631,664	\$ 4,639,950	\$ 863,128	\$ 5,331,638	\$ 5,503,078
Operating grants and contributions	10,589,201	-	10,936,170	-	10,589,201	10,936,170
Capital grants and contributions	471,251		2,859,021		471,251	2,859,021
Total program revenues	15,760,426	631,664	18,435,141	863,128	16,392,090	19,298,269
General revenues:						
Property taxes	5,666,688	=	5,659,500	-	5,666,688	5,659,500
Sales tax	3,774,073	=	3,761,735	-	3,774,073	3,761,735
Unrestricted grants	2,035,492	=	1,984,097	-	2,035,492	1,984,097
Investment earnings	94,891	2,440	109,921	3,588	97,331	113,509
Gain on sale of capital assets	· -	58,584	· -	-	58,584	-
Miscellaneous	398,923		426,437		398,923	426,437
Total general revenues	11,970,067	61,024	11,941,690	3,588	12,031,091	11,945,278
Total revenues	27,730,493	692,688	30,376,831	866,716	28,423,181	31,243,547
Expenses:						
Program expenses:						
General government	3,987,007	=	4,225,884	-	3,987,007	4,225,884
Public safety	3,299,454	=	3,155,737	-	3,299,454	3,155,737
Public works	4,280,980	-	4,977,614	_	4,280,980	4,977,614
Health	1,796,944	_	1,788,785	_	1,796,944	1,788,785
Human services	10,721,795	=	10,871,535	-	10,721,795	10,871,535
Economic development	981,116	=	1,251,457	-	981,116	1,251,457
Transportation	604,934	-	589,497	_	604,934	589,497
Intergovernmental	294,272	-	404,285	_	294,272	404,285
Other	174,711	_	141,195	_	174,711	141,195
Interest and fiscal charges	5,578	-	6,236	-	5,578	6,236
Sanitary landfill	-	491,851	-	721,903	491,851	721,903
Other business-type activities:						
Tower fund	-	84,005	-	15,557	84,005	15,557
Hahn Center	-	68,729	-	52,517	68,729	52,517
Monroe Township landfill fees		2,447		5,926	2,447	5,926
Total expenses	26,146,791	647,032	27,412,225	795,903	26,793,823	28,208,128
Change in net position	1,583,702	45,656	2,964,606	70,813	1,629,358	3,035,419
Net position (deficit) at						
beginning of year	60,403,189	(414,871)	57,438,583	(485,684)	59,988,318	56,952,899
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$ 61,986,891	\$ (369,215)	\$ 60,403,189	\$ (414,871)	\$ 61,617,676	\$ 59,988,318

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Governmental net position increased by \$1,583,702 in 2013 from 2012.

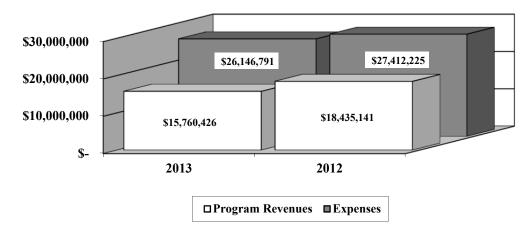
Human services, which supports the operations of the County Board of DD fund and public assistance fund, accounts for \$10,721,795 of expenses, or 41.01% of total governmental expenses of the County. These expenses were funded by \$939,382 in charges to users of services and \$4,896,767 in operating grants in 2013. General government expenses which includes legislative and executive and judicial programs, totaled \$3,987,007 or 15.25% of total governmental expenses. General government expenses were partially covered by \$1,849,603 of direct charges to users in 2013.

The State and federal government contributed to the County revenues of \$10,589,201 in operating grants and contributions and \$471,251 in capital grants and contributions. These revenues are restricted to a particular program or purpose. Of the total operating grants and contributions \$4,896,767, or 46.24%, subsidized human services programs.

General revenues totaled \$11,970,067, and amounted to 43.17% of total revenues. These revenues primarily consist of property and sales tax revenue of \$9,440,761 or 78.87% of total general revenues in 2013. The other primary source of general revenues is grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs of \$2,035,492.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2013 and 2012. Program revenues have been reclassed by the County for 2012 to conform to 2013 presentation. As can be seen in the graph below, the County is reliant upon general revenues to finance operations as program revenues are not sufficient to cover total expenses.

Governmental Activities - Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



Net costs of services have been reclassed by the County for 2012 to conform to 2013 presentation. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2013 and 2012. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by general revenues (such as tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements).

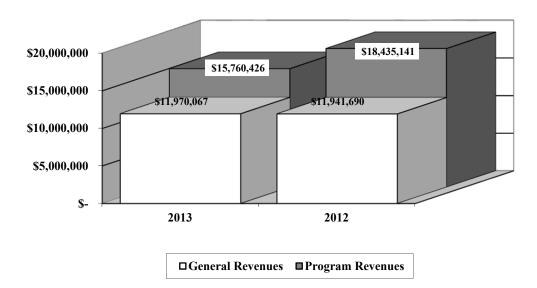
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013	Total Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012
Program expenses:				
General government	\$ 3,987,007	\$ 2,100,420	\$ 4,225,884	\$ 2,327,494
Public safety	3,299,454	2,876,606	3,155,737	2,528,534
Public works	4,280,980	(900,312)	4,977,614	(2,264,587)
Health	1,796,944	738,258	1,788,785	908,344
Human services	10,721,795	4,885,646	10,871,535	4,956,137
Economic development and assistance	981,116	305,374	1,251,457	227,303
Transportation	604,934	(14,612)	589,497	(167,584)
Intergovernmental	294,272	294,272	404,285	404,285
Other	174,711	95,135	141,195	50,922
Interest and fiscal charges	5,578	5,578	6,236	6,236
Total	\$ 26,146,791	\$ 10,386,365	\$ 27,412,225	\$ 8,977,084

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 39.72% and 32.75% of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues during 2013 and 2012, respectively. Revenues have been reclassed by the County for 2012 to conform to 2013 presentation. The graph below illustrates the County's reliance upon general revenues.

Governmental Activities – General and Program Revenues



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

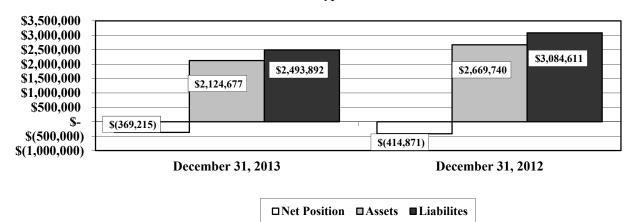
Business-Type Activities

The Sanitary Landfill, Tower, Hahn Center, and Monroe Township landfill fees are the County's enterprise funds. These programs had revenues of \$631,664, general revenues of \$61,024, and expenses of \$647,032 for 2013.

The business-type activities net position increased \$45,656 or 11.00% during 2013.

The following graph illustrates the assets, liabilities, and net position of the County's business-type activities at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Net Position in Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,730,254, which is \$1,383,493 higher than last year's total of \$20,346,761. The following schedule indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

	und Balance ember 31, 2013	and Balance ember 31, 2012	Increase		
Major funds:					
General	\$ 6,763,308	\$ 6,284,103	\$	479,205	
Country View Haven	2,502,991	2,227,073		275,918	
Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	3,374,055	3,029,687		344,368	
County Board of DD	2,009,618	1,971,629		37,989	
Other nonmajor governmental funds	 7,080,282	 6,834,269		246,013	
Total	\$ 21,730,254	\$ 20,346,761	\$	1,383,493	

General Fund

The General fund, the County's largest major fund, had revenues of \$8,403,840 in 2013, which represents a \$4,150 increase from 2012 revenues. The General fund had expenditures and other financing uses of \$7,924,635 in 2013, an increase of \$205,436 or 2.66% from 2012. The general fund balance increased \$479,205 or 7.63% from 2012 to 2013.

Certain revenues have been reclassed by the County for 2012 to conform to 2013 presentation. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund during 2013 and 2012.

	1	2013 Amount	2012 Amount	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	5,521,458	\$ 5,611,745	(1.61) %
Charges for services		1,138,322	1,152,824	(1.26) %
Licenses and permits		1,641	5,271	(68.87) %
Fines and forfeitures		73,480	99,535	(26.18) %
Intergovernmental		1,139,192	956,521	19.10 %
Investment income		94,891	109,921	(13.67) %
Other		434,856	 463,869	(6.25) %
Total	\$	8,403,840	\$ 8,399,686	0.05 %

The decrease in fines and forfeitures was due to a decrease in municipal court fines. The increase in intergovernmental revenue was primarily due to an increase in casino revenue collections during 2013. The decrease in investment income is due to less interest recorded on the County's certificates of deposit during 2013. All other revenue remained comparable to 2012.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the General fund during 2013 and 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

		2013 Amount	 2012 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government						
Legislative and executive	\$	1,901,233	\$ 1,864,444	1.97 %		
Judicial		1,338,034	1,253,865	6.71 %		
Public safety		2,700,437	2,872,280	(5.98) %		
Public works		206,348	52,562	292.58 %		
Health		60,695	55,729	8.91 %		
Human services		318,705	297,458	7.14 %		
Economic development and assistance		166,950	175,823	(5.05) %		
Intergovernmental		294,272	404,285	(27.21) %		
Other		83,609	57,944	44.29 %		
Capital outlay		=	 13,656	(100.00) %		
Total	\$	7,070,283	\$ 7,048,046	0.32 %		

Expenditures have increased 0.32% from 2012 for the County. The significant areas of change in expenditures are public works, intergovernmental and other. The increase in public works can be primarily attributed to a decrease in permanent improvement reimbursements in 2013 which reduces the public works expenditures. The decrease in intergovernmental expenditures was due to a decrease in soil and water charges during 2013. The increase in other expenditures was due to increases in unanticipated emergencies and timber products expenditures during 2013. All other expenditures remained comparable to 2012.

Country View Haven Fund

The Country View Haven fund, a County major fund, had revenues of \$1,907,635 in 2013. The Country View Haven fund had expenditures of \$1,631,717 in 2013. The Country View Haven fund balance increased \$275,918 or 12.39% from 2012 to 2013.

Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax Fund

The Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund, a County major fund, had revenues of \$4,503,019 in 2013. The Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund had expenditures of \$4,158,651 in 2013. The Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax fund balance increased \$344,368 or 11.37% from 2012 to 2013.

County Board of Developmental Disabled (DD) Fund

The County Board of DD fund, a County major fund, had revenues of \$5,858,314 in 2013. The County Board of DD fund had expenditures of \$5,820,325 in 2013. The County Board of DD fund balance increased \$37,989 or 1.93% from 2012 to 2013.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The County's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the County's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the County's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Original budgeted revenues were \$7,949,055. Final budgeted revenues were \$8,422,160. Actual revenues of \$8,300,947 were less than final budgeted revenues by \$121,213. Original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses were \$8,051,124. Final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses were \$8,654,695. Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$7,991,873 were less than final budgeted expenditures by \$662,822. Actual expenditures and other financing uses being lower than final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses are a result of the County's conservative budgeting practices and cuts made to decrease spending during 2013.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, except in more detail. Activity within the County's major fund is described below.

Sanitary Landfill Fund

The Sanitary Landfill fund, a major proprietary fund, had operating revenues of \$443,474 in 2013, a decrease of \$318,145 or 41.77% from 2012 revenues. The Sanitary landfill fund had operating expenses of \$491,851 in 2013, a decrease of \$230,052 or 31.87% from 2012. The Sanitary Landfill fund also reported \$61,024 in non-operating revenues during 2013. The net change in operating revenues and expenses contributed to the increase in net position of \$12,647 during 2013.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of 2013, the County had \$38,212,123 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. Of this total, \$37,250,894 was reported in governmental activities and \$961,229 was reported in business-type activities. The following table shows December 31, 2013 balances compared to December 31, 2012.

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	Total		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Land	\$ 1,940,808	\$ 1,776,808	\$ 249,481	\$ 249,481	\$ 2,190,289	\$ 2,026,289
Building and improvements	8,347,919	8,807,851	76,471	80,794	8,424,390	8,888,645
Machinery and equipment	544,232	447,268	146,603	162,826	690,835	610,094
Vehicles	2,199,993	2,124,156	80,556	51,548	2,280,549	2,175,704
Infrastructure	24,217,942	23,742,046	408,118	431,439	24,626,060	24,173,485
Total	\$ 37,250,894	\$ 36,898,129	\$ 961,229	\$ 976,088	\$ 38,212,123	\$ 37,874,217

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for detail on governmental activities and business-type activities capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Unaudited)

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2013 the County had \$2,558,889 in general obligation bonds, special assessment bonds, OWDA loans, mortgage loan and an estimated liability for landfill/post closure. Of this total \$39,841 is due within one year and \$2,519,048 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the outstanding debt at December 31, 2013.

Outstanding Long-Term Obligations, at Year End

	 rernmental ctivities 2013		ss-type vities	 Total 2013	
Long-term obligations:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 16,000	\$	-	\$ 16,000	
Special assessment bonds	71,393		-	71,393	
OWDA loans	14,620		-	14,620	
Mortgage loan	30,847		-	30,847	
Estimated liability for landfill closure/post closure	 	2,42	6,029	 2,426,029	
Total	\$ 132,860	\$ 2,42	6,029	\$ 2,558,889	

At December 31, 2013 the County's overall legal debt margin was \$13,793,932. See Note 13 to the basic financial statements for detail on governmental activities and business-type activities long term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following economic factors were taken into consideration in preparing the budget for 2014.

The County's unemployment rate is 7.20%, compared to the 7.10% state average and the 6.70% national average.

State funding is expected to flatten over the next few years due to the minimum payments the State has now set in place.

These economic factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for fiscal year 2014. Budgeted revenues and other financing sources in the General fund for 2014 is \$8,153,669. With the continuation of conservative budgeting practices and the increase in the local sales tax, the County's financial position should remain stable in future years.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Honorable Kevin Garringer, Henry County Auditor, Courthouse, 660 N. Perry Street, P.O. Box 546, Napoleon, Ohio 43545.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

Assetts: Supury in pooled cash and cash equivalents \$ 19,221,087 \$ 259,852 \$ 19,480,939 Cash in segregated accounts 45,724 350 46,074 Receivables: 345,724 350 46,074 Sales taxes 948,205 - 948,205 Property and other taxes 5,475,293 - 4,747,223 Accounts 130,328 3,786 143,074 Due from other governments 4,747,223 - 4,747,223 Special assessments 1512,430 - 6,339 Accrued interest 6,108 291 6,399 Loans 1,685,697 - 1,685,697 Leases 138,000 - 138,000 Prepayments 216,176 2,493 218,669 Restricted assets: 5806,663 896,663 896,663 Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 896,663 896,663 896,663 Capital assets. 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 35,310,086		Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash in segregated accounts 45,724 350 46,074 Receivables: 948,205 - 948,205 Sales taxes 948,205 - 948,205 Property and other taxes 5,475,293 - 5,475,293 Accounts 139,288 3,786 143,074 Due from other governments 4,747,223 - 4,747,223 Special assessements 512,430 - 152,430 Accrued interest 6,108 291 6,399 Leases 138,000 - 138,000 Propayments 216,176 2,493 218,669 Leases 188,000 - 138,000 Propayments 216,176 2,493 218,669 Restricted assets: 117,344 13 117,357 Restricted assets: 12 140,40,808 249,481 2,102,289 Depreciable capital assets, net 35,210,989 711,748 36,021,834 Total assets 70,503,469 2,124,677 72,628,146				
Secretarbles: Sales taxes				* - , ,
Property and other taxes		45,724	350	46,074
Accounts		948,205	-	948,205
Due from other governments			-	
Special assessments 512,430 512,430 Accrued interest 6,108 291 6,399 Loans 1,685,697 - 1,685,697 Leases 138,000 - 138,000 Prepayments 216,176 2,493 218,669 Materials and supplies inventory 117,344 13 117,357 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents - 896,663 896,663 Capital assets: 1 1,940,808 249,481 2,190,289 Depreciable capital assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total assets, net 35,30,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total assets, net 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contractival assets, net<			3,786	,
Accrued interest 6,08 291 6,399 Loans 1,685,697 - 1,685,697 138,000 Prepayments 216,176 2,493 218,669 Materials and supplies inventory 117,344 13 117,357 Restricted assets: ————————————————————————————————————	=		-	
Lease		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	,
Leases			291	,
Prepayments 216,176 2,493 218,669 Materials and supplies inventory 117,344 13 117,357 Restricted assets: 35,000 117,347 896,663 896,663 Capital assets: 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets 70,503,469 2,124,677 72,628,146 Liabilities **Cecounts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 504,071 5,665 546,016 Pension obligation payable 181,422 785 182,207 Due to other governments 209,441 4,812 214,253 Deposits held and due to others 455,508 455,508 Amount to be repaid to claimants 54,304 - 54,304 Accrued interest payable 1,602 2,746,235			-	
Materials and supplies inventory 117,344 13 117,357 Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents - 896,663 896,663 Capital assets: - 1,940,808 249,481 2,190,289 Depreciable capital assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets 70,503,469 2,124,677 72,628,146 Liabilities: Accounts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 540,411 5,605 546,016 Pension obligation payable 181,422 785 182,207 Due to other governments 209,441 4,812 214,253 Deposits held and due to others 45,508 - 45,508 Amount to be repaid to claimants 54,304 - 54,604 Accrued interest payable 1,602 - 1,602 Long-term liabilities 3,321,601<			-	,
Restricted assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents 896,663 896,663 Capital assets: 1,940,808 249,481 2,190,289 Depreciable capital assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets 70,503,469 2,124,677 72,628,146 Liabilities: Accounts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 540,411 5,605 546,016 Pension obligation payable 181,422 785 182,207 Due to other governments 209,441 4,812 214,253 Deposits held and due to others 45,508 - 45,508 Amount to be repaid to claimants 54,304 - 54,304 Accrued interest payable 1,602 - 1,602 Long-term liabilities 3 18,691 771,578 Due within one year 752,887 18,691 771,578 Due in more than one year 1,031,950 <	1 7		,	,
Capital assets: 1,940,808 249,481 2,190,289 Depreciable capital assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets 70,503,469 2,124,677 72,628,146 Liabilities: Accounts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 540,411 5,605 546,016 Pension obligation payable 181,422 785 182,207 Due to other governments 209,441 4,812 214,253 Deposits held and due to others 45,508 45,508 45,508 Amount to be repaid to claimants 54,304 54,304 54,304 Accrued interest payable 1,602 1,602 1,602 Long-term liabilities: 2 1,31,950 2,446,235 3,478,185 Due within one year 752,887 18,691 771,578 Due in more than one year. 1,331,950 2,446,235 3,478,185 Total liabilities 3,321,6		117,344	13	117,357
Land 1,940,808 249,481 2,190,289 Depreciable capital assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets 70,503,469 2,124,677 72,628,146 Liabilities 8 4 50,4076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 50,605 546,016 Pension obligation payable 181,422 785 182,207 Due to other governments 209,441 4,812 214,253 Deposits held and due to others 45,508 45,508 Accrued interest payable 1,602 54,304 Accrued interest payable 1,602 1,602 Long-term liabilities 31,202 1,602 1,602 Long-term liabilities 3,321,601 2,493,892 5,815,493 Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities 3,321,601 2,493,892 5,815,493 Deferred inflows of resources	Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.	-	896,663	896,663
Depreciable capital assets, net 35,310,086 711,748 36,021,834 Total capital assets, net 37,250,894 961,229 38,212,123 Total assets 70,503,469 2,124,677 72,628,146 Liabilities: 8 8 11,764 521,840 Contracts payable 504,076 17,764 521,840 Contracts payable 504,011 5,605 546,016 Pension obligation payable 181,422 785 182,207 Due to other governments 209,441 4,812 214,253 Deposits held and due to others 45,508 - 45,508 Amount to be repaid to claimants 54,304 - 54,304 Accrued interest payable 1,602 - 1,602 Long-term liabilities: 3 18,691 771,578 Due within one year 752,887 18,691 771,578 Due in more than one year 1,031,950 2,446,235 3,478,185 Total liabilities 3,21,601 2,493,892 5,815,493				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

					Prog	ram Revenues		
			C	harges for	Operating Grants		Capital Grants	
]	Expenses	Servi	ces and Sales	and (Contributions	and C	ontributions
Governmental activities:								
Current:								
General government:								
Legislative and executive	\$	2,570,660	\$	1,456,624	\$	9,435	\$	-
Judicial		1,416,347		392,979		27,549		-
Public safety		3,299,454		171,068		251,780		-
Public works		4,280,980		160,386		4,549,655		471,251
Health		1,796,944		1,023,669		35,017		-
Human services		10,721,795		939,382		4,896,767		-
Economic development and assistance		981,116		-		675,742		-
Transportation		604,934		555,866		63,680		-
Intergovernmental		294,272		-		-		-
Other		174,711		-		79,576		-
Interest and fiscal charges		5,578						
Total governmental activities		26,146,791		4,699,974		10,589,201		471,251
Business-type activities:								
Sanitary landfill		491,851		443,474		-		-
Tower fund		84,005		118,730		-		-
Hahn Center		68,729		66,925		-		-
Monroe Township landfill fees		2,447		2,535				
Total business-type activities		647,032		631,664				
Total primary government	\$	26,793,823	\$	5,331,638	\$	10,589,201	\$	471,251
			Propo C H H Sales Gran Gain Inves Misc Total	Iuman services Iuman services Iuman services Iealth - Country taxes ts and entitleme on sale of capit timent earnings ellaneous general revenu	s	y Board of DD. r Center Haven restricted to spe	cific pro	grams.
			Net _I	oositon (deficit) at end	l of year		

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

and Changes in Net Position									
G	overnmental		siness-type						
	Activities		Activities	Total					
\$	(1,104,601)	\$	_	\$	(1,104,601)				
	(995,819)		_		(995,819)				
	(2,876,606)		_		(2,876,606)				
	900,312		_		900,312				
	(738,258)		_		(738,258)				
	(4,885,646)		-		(4,885,646)				
	(305,374)		-		(305,374)				
	14,612		_		14,612				
	(294,272)		_		(294,272)				
	(95,135)		-		(95,135)				
	(5,578)				(5,578)				
	(10,386,365)				(10,386,365)				
	-		(48,377)		(48,377)				
	-		34,725		34,725				
	-		(1,804)		(1,804)				
			88		88				
			(15,368)		(15,368)				
	(10,386,365)		(15,368)		(10,401,733)				
	1,734,322		-		1,734,322				
	2,739,878		-		2,739,878				
	352,877		-		352,877				
	839,611		-		839,611				
	3,774,073		-		3,774,073				
	2,035,492		-		2,035,492				
	-		58,584		58,584				
	94,891		2,440		97,331				
	398,923				398,923				
	11,970,067		61,024		12,031,091				
	1,583,702		45,656		1,629,358				
	60,403,189		(414,871)		59,988,318				
\$	61,986,891	\$	(369,215)	\$	61,617,676				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General		Country View Haven		Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax		County Board of DD	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,233,240	\$	2,523,345	\$	2,822,117	\$	2,157,805
Cash in segregated accounts		-		216		-		485
Receivables:								
Sales taxes		948,205		-		-		-
Property and other taxes		1,692,481		797,641		-		2,602,556
Accounts		24,789		83,792		6,068		11,886
Due from other governments		497,758		-		2,178,379		368,871
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest		4,962		-		952		-
Loans		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		5,493		_		13,702		_
Leases receivable		138,000		_		_		_
Prepayments		90,971		12,494		17,809		59,921
Materials and supplies inventory		30,453		,		69,323		7,459
Total assets	\$	9,666,352	\$	3,417,488	\$	5,108,350	\$	5,208,983
Total assets	Ψ	7,000,332	Ψ	3,117,100	Ψ	3,100,330	Ψ	3,200,703
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	92,324	\$	19,351	\$	83,872	\$	45,699
Accrued wages and benefits payable	Ψ	121,165	Ψ	48,035	Ψ	52,115	Ψ	195,318
Compensated absences payable		121,103		-10,033		32,113		17,521
Due to other funds		7,059		835		1,221		16,630
Due to other governments		54,280		31,017		13,476		49,487
		-		-		-		
Pension obligation payable		46,877		17,618		20,404		51,810
Deposits held and due to others		- - 54.204		-		-		485
Amount to be repaid to claimants		54,304		116.056		171.000		276.050
Total liabilities		376,009		116,856		171,088		376,950
Deferred inflows of resources:								
		1 562 174		726 701				2 402 710
Property taxes levied for the next year		1,563,174		736,701		-		2,403,719
Delinquent property tax revenue not available.		129,307		60,940		-		198,837
Special assessments revenue not available		-		-		-		-
Sales tax revenue not available		369,465		-		-		-
Unavailable grant revenue		-		-		-		-
Lease revenue not available		138,000		-				
Nonexchange transactions		327,089				1,563,207		219,859
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,527,035		797,641		1,563,207		2,822,415
T (11:1:1:1: 11:0 1:0 0		2.002.044		014407		1 724 205		2 100 265
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.		2,903,044		914,497		1,734,295		3,199,365
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		121 424		12 404		97 122		67.290
•		121,424		12,494		87,132		67,380
Restricted		-		2,490,497		3,286,923		1,942,238
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		49,445		-		-		-
Unassigned		6,592,439						
T . 10 11 1		6.760.000		2.505.001		2 27 1 27 7		2 000 510
Total fund balances.		6,763,308		2,502,991		3,374,055		2,009,618
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	.	0.666.255		0.415.400	.	5 100 250	.	5.00 0.000
of resources and fund balances	\$	9,666,352	\$	3,417,488	\$	5,108,350	\$	5,208,983

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 5,484,580 45,023	\$ 19,221,087 45,724
382,615 12,753 1,702,215	948,205 5,475,293 139,288 4,747,223
512,430 194 1,685,697 84,758	512,430 6,108 1,685,697 103,953
34,981 10,109 \$ 9,955,355	138,000 216,176 117,344 \$ 33,356,528
\$ 262,830	\$ 504,076
123,778 19,590 78,208	540,411 37,111 103,953
61,181 44,713 45,023	209,441 181,422 45,508
635,323	54,304 1,676,226
353,383 29,232 512,430	5,056,977 418,316 512,430
1,319,659	369,465 1,319,659 138,000
25,046 2,239,750	2,135,201 9,950,048
2,875,073	11,626,274
45,090 6,665,463 369,729 -	333,520 14,385,121 369,729 49,445 6,592,439
7,080,282	21,730,254
\$ 9,955,355	\$ 33,356,528

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 21,730,254
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		37,250,894
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Sales taxes receivable Special assessments receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 418,316 369,465 512,430 3,454,860	4,755,071
On the statement of net position interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans payable, whereas in the governmental funds, interest is accrued when due.		(1,602)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and loans payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds payable	(16,000)	
Special assessment bonds payable OWDA loans payable Mortgage loans payable Compensated absences payable Total	 (71,393) (14,620) (30,847) (1,614,866)	(1,747,726)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 61,986,891



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General	Country View Haven	Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	County Board of DD
Revenues:				
Sales taxes	\$ 3,783,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Property and other taxes	1,738,170	835,030	-	2,724,745
Charges for services	1,138,322	890,006	-	851,982
Licenses and permits	1,641	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	73,480	-	55,351	-
Intergovernmental	1,139,192	135,353	4,441,833	2,179,275
Special assessments	-	-	-	-
Investment income	94,891	-	5,835	-
Rental income	35,933	34,995	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	1,015	-	8,210
Other	398,923	11,236	-	94,102
Total revenues	8,403,840	1,907,635	4,503,019	5,858,314
Expenditures: Current: General government:				
Legislative and executive	1,901,233			
Judicial	1,338,034	_	_	_
Public safety	2,700,437	-	-	-
Public works	206,348	-	4,158,651	-
		1 621 717	4,136,031	-
Health	60,695	1,631,717	-	- 5 012 (02
Human services	318,705	-	-	5,812,603
Economic development and assistance.	166,950	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	294,272	-	-	-
Other	83,609	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Principal retirement	-	-	-	7,029
Interest and fiscal charges				693
Total expenditures	7,070,283	1,631,717	4,158,651	5,820,325
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,333,557	275,918	344,368	37,989
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	<u>-</u>	_	_	-
Transfers (out).	(854,352)	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(854,352)			
roun outer maneing sources (uses)	(034,332)			
Net change in fund balance	479,205	275,918	344,368	37,989
Fund balances at beginning of year	6,284,103	2,227,073	3,029,687	1,971,629
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 6,763,308	\$ 2,502,991	\$ 3,374,055	\$ 2,009,618
·				

Other	Total					
Governmental	Governmental					
Funds	Funds					
\$ -	\$ 3,783,288					
350,738	5,648,683					
1,463,307	4,343,617					
91,181	92,822					
58,778	187,609					
4,333,285	12,228,938					
494,273	494,273					
51,321	152,047					
· <u>-</u>	70,928					
27,613	36,838					
190,024	694,285					
7,060,520	27,733,328					
7,000,520	27,733,320					
553,517	2,454,750					
51,007	1,389,041					
537,157	3,237,594					
182,146	4,547,145					
125,255	1,817,667					
4,301,323	10,432,631					
814,166	981,116					
604,934	604,934					
· -	294,272					
78,871	162,480					
388,935	388,935					
200,720	200,720					
26,380	33,409					
5,168	5,861					
7,668,859	26,349,835					
(608,339)	1,383,493					
	.=					
870,991	870,991					
(16,639)	(870,991)					
854,352						
246,013	1,383,493					
240,013	1,303,493					
6,834,269	20,346,761					
\$ 7,080,282	\$ 21,730,254					

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,383,493
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 2,435,934 (2,073,230)	362,704
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(9,939)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Sales taxes	18,005 (9,215)	
Special assessments Intergovernmental revenues Total	 (38,693) 27,068	(2,835)
Repayment of bond and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		33,409
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and loans, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		283
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(183,413)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,583,702

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Revenues: Same of the property and other taxes. \$ 3,626,000 \$ 3,792,656 \$ 7,7415 \$ (135) Changes for services. 976,750 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,600 \$ 1,000 \$ 1,122,83 \$ 2,385,80 \$ 1,122,83 \$ 2,385,80 \$ 1,122,83 \$ 2,385,80 \$ 1,122,83 \$ 2,385,80 \$ 3,5933 \$ 35,933		Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Revenues: Sales taxes \$ 3,626,000 \$ 3,792,656 \$ 3,792,656 \$ 1 Sales taxes \$ 1,765,000 1,777,550 1,777,415 (135) Charges for services. 976,750 1,030,732 960,256 (70,476) Licenses and permits 1,560 1,651 1,641 (10) Fines and forfeitures 70,000 72,471 72,471 72,471 -1 Intergovernmental 1,091,792 1,135,963 1,112,283 (23,680) Investment income 50,000 50,000 94,641 44,641 Rental income 333,178 35,933 35,933 - Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government: 1 1,274,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,260 1,871,475 162,085 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Original</th><th>Final</th><th>Actual</th><th></th></td<>		Original	Final	Actual		
Property and other taxes. 1,765,000 1,777,550 1,777,415 (135) Charges for services. 976,750 1,030,732 960,256 (70,476) Licenses and permits 1,560 1,651 1,641 (10) Fines and forfeitures 70,000 72,471 72,471 - Intergovernmental. 1,091,792 1,135,963 1,112,283 (23,680) Investment income. 50,000 50,000 94,641 44,641 Rental income 33,178 35,933 35,933 - Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905	Revenues:					
Charges for services. 976,750 1,030,732 960,256 (70,476) Licenses and permits 1,560 1,651 1,641 (10) Fines and forfeitures 70,000 72,471 72,471 - Intergovernmental. 1,091,792 1,135,963 1,112,283 (23,680) Investment income. 50,000 50,000 94,641 44,641 Rental income. 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health	Sales taxes	\$ 3,626,000	\$ 3,792,656	\$ 3,792,656	\$ -	
Licenses and permits 1,560 1,651 1,641 (10) Fines and forfeitures 70,000 72,471 72,471 - Intergovernmental. 1,091,792 1,135,963 1,112,283 (23,680) Investment income 50,000 50,000 94,641 44,641 Rental income 33,178 35,933 35,933 - Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government: -		1,765,000	1,777,550	1,777,415	(135)	
Fines and forfeitures 70,000 72,471 72,471 1 Intergovernmental 1,091,792 1,135,963 1,112,283 (23,680) Investment income 50,000 50,000 94,641 44,641 Rental income 33,178 35,933 35,933 - Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government:		976,750	1,030,732	960,256	(70,476)	
Intergovernmental.		1,560	1,651	1,641	(10)	
Investment income. 50,000 50,000 94,641 44,641 Rental income 33,178 35,933 35,933 5- Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213)	Fines and forfeitures	70,000	72,471	72,471	-	
Rental income 33,178 35,933 35,933 7- Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures </td <td>Intergovernmental</td> <td>1,091,792</td> <td>1,135,963</td> <td>1,112,283</td> <td>(23,680)</td>	Intergovernmental	1,091,792	1,135,963	1,112,283	(23,680)	
Other 334,775 525,204 453,651 (71,553) Total revenues 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 <td colsp<="" td=""><td>Investment income</td><td>50,000</td><td>50,000</td><td>94,641</td><td>44,641</td></td>	<td>Investment income</td> <td>50,000</td> <td>50,000</td> <td>94,641</td> <td>44,641</td>	Investment income	50,000	50,000	94,641	44,641
Expenditures: 7,949,055 8,422,160 8,300,947 (121,213) Expenditures: Current: General government: 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Transfers (out). (658,553)<	Rental income	33,178	35,933	35,933	-	
Expenditures: Current: General government: Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) <td< td=""><td>Other</td><td></td><td>525,204</td><td>453,651</td><td>(71,553)</td></td<>	Other		525,204	453,651	(71,553)	
Current: General government: 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) <td>Total revenues</td> <td>7,949,055</td> <td>8,422,160</td> <td>8,300,947</td> <td>(121,213)</td>	Total revenues	7,949,055	8,422,160	8,300,947	(121,213)	
General government: Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances	Expenditures:					
Legislative and executive 1,974,675 2,033,560 1,871,475 162,085 Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 30	Current:					
Judicial 1,276,970 1,320,023 1,235,414 84,609 Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309	General government:					
Public safety 3,015,174 3,226,356 2,858,758 367,598 Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436	Legislative and executive	1,974,675	2,033,560	1,871,475	162,085	
Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out). (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069	Judicial	1,276,970	1,320,023	1,235,414	84,609	
Public works 200,905 213,726 203,210 10,516 Health 56,473 60,590 60,416 174 Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out). (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069	Public safety	3,015,174	3,226,356	2,858,758	367,598	
Human services 394,779 394,958 365,095 29,863 Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -		200,905	213,726	203,210	10,516	
Economic development and assistance 144,653 164,177 164,177 - Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Health	56,473	60,590	60,416	174	
Intergovernmental 294,300 294,300 294,272 28 Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Human services	394,779	394,958	365,095	29,863	
Other 34,642 88,452 84,704 3,748 Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Economic development and assistance.	144,653	164,177	164,177	-	
Total expenditures 7,392,571 7,796,142 7,137,521 658,621 Excess of revenues over expenditures 556,484 626,018 1,163,426 537,408 Other financing uses: Transfers (out) (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Intergovernmental	294,300	294,300	294,272	28	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	Other	34,642	88,452	84,704	3,748	
Other financing uses: Transfers (out). (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses. (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances. (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year. 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated. 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Total expenditures	7,392,571	7,796,142	7,137,521	658,621	
Transfers (out). (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Excess of revenues over expenditures	556,484	626,018	1,163,426	537,408	
Total other financing uses (658,553) (858,553) (854,352) 4,201 Net change in fund balances (102,069) (232,535) 309,074 541,609 Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Other financing uses:					
Net change in fund balances	Transfers (out)	(658,553)	(858,553)	(854,352)	4,201	
Fund balances at beginning of year 5,436,774 5,436,774 5,436,774 - Prior year encumbrances appropriated 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Total other financing uses	(658,553)	(858,553)	(854,352)	4,201	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated . 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Net change in fund balances	(102,069)	(232,535)	309,074	541,609	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated . 102,069 102,069 102,069 -	Fund balances at beginning of year	5,436,774	5,436,774	5,436,774	-	
					-	
					\$ 541,609	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COUNTRY VIEW HAVEN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeto	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Property and other taxes	\$ 800,000	\$ 833,352	\$ 837,670	\$ 4,318		
Charges for services	525,000	822,052	822,052	-		
Intergovernmental	242,858	268,572	135,353	(133,219)		
Rental income	27,000	34,995	34,995	-		
Contributions and donations	500	1,015	1,015	-		
Other	5,000	11,203	11,203	<u> </u>		
Total revenues	1,600,358	1,971,189	1,842,288	(128,901)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Health	1,772,213	1,772,213	1,637,550	134,663		
Total expenditures	1,772,213	1,772,213	1,637,550	134,663		
Net change in fund balance	(171,855)	198,976	204,738	5,762		
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,215,209	2,215,209	2,215,209	-		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	20,819	20,819	20,819			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,064,173	\$ 2,435,004	\$ 2,440,766	\$ 5,762		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MOTOR VEHICLE AND GAS TAX FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgete	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 50,000	\$ 54,685	\$ 54,685	\$ -		
Intergovernmental	4,396,000	4,397,798	4,224,784	(173,014)		
Investment income	7,000	7,000	5,759	(1,241)		
Other	344,000	364,673	364,673			
Total revenues	4,797,000	4,824,156	4,649,901	(174,255)		
Expenditures: Current:						
Public works	5,214,082	5,214,082	4,444,943	769,139		
Total expenditures	5,214,082	5,214,082	4,444,943	769,139		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(417,082)	(389,926)	204,958	594,884		
Other financing uses:						
Transfers out			(3,000)	(3,000)		
Total other financing uses		<u> </u>	(3,000)	(3,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(417,082)	(389,926)	201,958	591,884		
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,045,313	2,045,313	2,045,313	_		
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	417,082	417,082	417.082	_		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,045,313	\$ 2,072,469	\$ 2,664,353	\$ 591,884		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COUNTY BOARD OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues:					 	-	
Property and other taxes	\$	2,700,000	\$	2,733,161	\$ 2,733,161	\$	-
Charges for services		850,000		858,194	770,051		(88,143)
Intergovernmental		1,881,688		2,223,200	2,227,008		3,808
Contributions and donations		5,000		8,210	8,210		-
Other		25,000		87,992	87,992		
Total revenues		5,461,688		5,910,757	 5,826,422		(84,335)
Expenditures: Current:							
Human services		6,273,143		6,523,143	5,798,481		724,662
Total expenditures		6,273,143		6,523,143	5,798,481		724,662
Net change in fund balance		(811,455)		(612,386)	27,941		640,327
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,894,133		1,894,133	1,894,133		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		80		80	 80	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,082,758	\$	1,281,827	\$ 1,922,154	\$	640,327

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Business-ty	pe Act	ivities - Enter	prise l	Funds
	Sanitary Landfill			r Enterprise Funds	Total	
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal and escrow agents	\$	131,092 350	\$	128,760	\$	259,852 350
Accounts		1,986 291		1,800		3,786 291
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents		896,663		_		896,663
Prepayments		2,493		_		2,493
Materials and supplies inventory		13		_		13
Total current assets		1,032,888		130,560		1,163,448
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land		249,481		-		249,481
Depreciable capital assets, net		711,748		-		711,748
Total capital assets, net		961,229		-		961,229
Total noncurrent assets		961,229				961,229
Total assets		1,994,117		130,560		2,124,677
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		16,815		949		17,764
Accrued wages and benefits payable		5,605		-		5,605
Compensated absences payable		18,691		_		18,691
Due to other governments		2,597		2,215		4,812
Pension obligation payable		785				785
Total current liabilities		44,493		3,164		47,657
Long town liabilities						
Long-term liabilities: Compensated absences payable		20,206		-		20,206
closure and post closure costs		2,426,029				2,426,029
Total long-term liabilities		2,446,235				2,446,235
Total liabilities		2,490,728		3,164		2,493,892
Net position:						
Investment in capital assets		961,229		-		961,229
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,457,840)		127,396		(1,330,444)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(496,611)	\$	127,396	\$	(369,215)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS **DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Other Enterprise Sanitary Landfill **Funds Total Operating revenues:** Charges for services 188,190 631,664 443,474 443,474 188,190 631,664 Total operating revenues. **Operating expenses:** Personal services 149,547 149,547 194,541 Contract services. 94,131 288,672 Materials and supplies. 48.970 2,763 51,733 50,979 50,979 Landfill closure and post-closure costs . . . 35,613 35,613 12,201 30,365 42,566 27,922 27,922 491,851 155,181 647,032 Total operating expenses. Operating income (loss) (48,377)33,009 (15,368)**Nonoperating revenues:** Gain on sale of capital assets 58,584 58,584 Interest income 2,440 2,440 61,024 61,024 Total nonoperating revenues 33,009 Change in net position 12,647 45,656 Net position (deficit) at beginning of year. (509,258)94,387 (414,871) Net position (deficit) at end of year

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(496,611)

127,396

(369,215)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

	 Business-ty	pe Activ	vities - Enterp	rise Fu	ınds
	Sanitary Landfill	Othe	r Enterprise Funds		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:	 				1000
Cash received from sales/charges for services	\$ 443,663	\$	186,420	\$	630,083
Cash payments for personal services	(151,168)				(151,168)
Cash payments for contractual services	(210,643)		(94,073)		(304,716)
Cash payments for materials and supplies	(48,840)		(3,019)		(51,859)
Cash payments for utilities	(12,201)		(30,365)		(42,566)
Cash payments for other expenses	-		(27,922)		(27,922)
Cash payments for landfill closure and post closure costs	 (608,558)				(608,558)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (587,747)		31,041		(556,706)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Sale of capital assets	62,464		-		62,464
Acquisition of capital assets	 (40,000)				(40,000)
Net cash provided by capital and related					
financing activities	 22,464				22,464
Cash flows from investing activities:	2 622				2 622
Interest received	 2,633				2,633
Net cash provided by investing activities	 2,633				2,633
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(562,650)		31,041		(531,609)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,590,755		97,719		1,688,474
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,028,105	\$	128,760	\$	1,156,865
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (48,377)	\$	33,009	\$	(15,368)
Depreciation	50,979		-		50,979
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	189		(1,770)		(1,581)
Decrease in materials and supplies inventory	130		-		130
(Increase) in prepayments	(147)		-		(147)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	190		(12)		178
(Decrease) in accrued wages and benefits	(858)		(100)		(858)
(Decrease) in due to other governments	(16,282)		(186)		(16,468)
(Decrease) in lendfill classification payable	(120)		-		(120)
(Decrease) in landfill closure and postclosure care liability. (Decrease) in compensated absences payable	(572,945) (506)		_		(572,945) (506)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (587,747)	\$	31,041	\$	(556,706)

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

		Agency
Assets:	<u></u>	_
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,816,896
Cash in segregated accounts		150,492
Receivables:		
Property and other taxes		26,408,397
Due from other governments		1,176,566
Special assessments		166,404
Accounts.		717
Accrued interest		134
Prepayments		8,860
Total assets	\$	34,728,466
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	39,057
Due to other governments		29,097,911
Deposits held and due to others		5,052,409
Undistributed assets		539,089
Total liabilities	\$	34,728,466

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNTY

Henry County, Ohio (the "County"), is governed by a board of three commissioners elected by the voters of the County. Other officials elected by the voters of the County that manage various segments of the County's operations are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, and a Common Pleas/Probate/Juvenile Court Judge. Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budget and taxing authority, contracting body and the chief administrators of public services for the entire County.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The County's reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity Omnibus". The basic financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and component units for which the County and the County Commissioners are "accountable". Accountability as defined in GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39 was evaluated based on financial accountability, the nature and significance of the potential component unit's (PCU) relationship with the County and whether exclusion would cause the County's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Among the factors considered were separate legal standing; appointment of a voting majority of the PCU's Board; fiscal dependency and whether a benefit or burden relationship exists; imposition of will; and the nature and significance of the PCU's relationship with the County.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the County has no component units. The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the County:

POTENTIAL COMPONENT UNITS REPORTED AS AGENCY FUNDS

The County Treasurer, as the custodian of public funds, invests all public monies held on deposit in the County treasury. In the case of the separate agencies, boards and commissions listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but is not financially accountable for their operations. Accordingly, the following entities are presented as agency funds within the financial statements:

Henry County Regional Planning Commission
Family and Children First Council
Henry County Soil and Water Conservation District
Henry County Park District
Henry County/City of Napoleon General Health District
Henry County Community Improvement Corporation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Maumee Valley Planning Organization

The Maumee Valley Planning Organization (MVPO) is a jointly governed organization among Henry, Defiance, Fulton, Paulding, and Williams Counties. The MVPO is an organization established to improve the social and economic conditions of the region through development and conservation. The MVPO is governed by a fifteen member executive council composed of the three county commissioners, the mayor of the largest municipality, three mayors selected by the committee of mayors that represent the incorporated cities and villages, the township trustee association president, the regional planning commission chairman, and two members at large to represent business, industry, labor, agricultural, low income, minority groups, education, and consumer protection activities. The County provides resources to the executive council based on a membership fee and services provided to the County. The MVPO exercises total control over the operation of MVPO including budgeting, contracting, and designating management. The County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the MVPO. In 2013, Henry County contributed \$78,247 for the MVPO's operations. Information can be obtained from Brett J. Kolb, Fulton County Auditor, 152 South Fulton Avenue, Suite 165, Wauseon, Ohio 43567.

Corrections Commission of Northwest Ohio

The Corrections Commission of Northwest Ohio (CCNO) is a jointly governed organization among Henry, Defiance, Fulton, Lucas and Williams Counties and the City of Toledo. The CCNO was established to provide jail space for convicted criminals in the five counties and the City of Toledo and to provide a correctional center for the inmates. The CCNO was created in 1986 and occupancy started in 1991. The commission team consists of eighteen members; one judge, one chief law enforcement officer and one county commissioner or administrative official from each entity. The commission team exercises total control over the operation of the CCNO including budgeting, contracting, and designating management. The County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the CCNO. In 2013, Henry County contributed \$759,660 for the CCNO's operations. Information can be obtained from William Ott, Fiscal Manager, Corrections Commission of Northwest Ohio, 3151 County Road 2425, Stryker, Ohio 43557.

Four County Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services

The Four County Board of Alcohol, Drug Addiction, and Mental Health Services (ADAMHS) is a jointly governed organization among Henry, Defiance, Fulton, and Williams Counties to provide alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services to individuals in the four counties. The Governing Board of ADAMHS consists of eighteen members; four members appointed by the Ohio Director of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services, four members appointed by the Ohio Director of Mental Health Services, Defiance and Fulton County Commissioners appointing three members each and Henry and Williams County Commissioners appointing two members each. The Governing Board exercises total control over the operation of the ADAMHS including budgeting, contracting, and designating management. The County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the ADAMHS. In 2013, Henry County contributed \$655,295 for the ADAMHS operations. Information can be obtained from Marlene J. Goodwin, Defiance County Auditor, 221 Clinton Street, Defiance, Ohio 43512.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Quadco Rehabilitation Center, Administrative Board

The Quadco Rehabilitation Center (Quadco) is a jointly governed organization among Henry, Defiance, Fulton, and Williams Counties. Quadco Rehabilitation Center is a nonprofit corporation which provides services and facilities for training physically and mentally disabled persons. Quadco is responsible for contracting with various agencies to obtain funding to operate the organization. Quadco is governed by an eight-member Board composed of two appointees made by each of the four County Boards Developmental Disabilities (County Boards of DD). This Board, in conjunction with the County Boards of DD, assesses the needs of adult mentally challenged and developmentally disabled residents of each county and sets priorities based on available funds. The County provides resources to the Board based on units of service provided to the County. Quadco exercises total control over the operation of Quadco including budgeting, contracting, and designating management. The County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for Quadco. In 2013, Henry County contributed \$84,580 for Quadco's operations. Information can be obtained from Terry Fruth, CFO, Quadco Rehabilitation Center, 427 North Defiance Street, Stryker, Ohio 43557.

Northwest Ohio Juvenile Detention, Training, and Rehabilitation Center

The Northwest Ohio Juvenile Detention, Training, and Rehabilitation Center (Center) is a jointly governed organization among Henry, Defiance, Fulton and Williams Counties. The Center's Board of Trustees consists of thirteen members; three from each county and one at-large member. The Board of Trustees exercises total control over the operation of the Center including budgeting, contracting, and designating management. The County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the Center. In 2013, Henry County contributed \$170,488 for the Center's operations. Information can be obtained from Brett J. Kolb, Fulton County Auditor, 152 South Fulton Avenue, Suite 165, Wauseon, Ohio 43567.

Henry County Community Improvement Corporation

The Community Improvement Corporation of Henry County (CIC) is a jointly governed organization among Henry County, the City of Napoleon, and the respective villages and townships of Henry County. The purpose of the CIC is to promote and encourage the establishment and growth of industrial, commercial, distribution, and research facilities within member subdivisions. The CIC is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of fifteen self-appointed members. Not less than two-fifths of the members are to be composed of elected officials. Five of these trustees include: a member of the Board of County Commissioners of Henry County, the Auditor of Henry County, the Mayor or his/her designated elected official of the City of Napoleon, another Mayor or his/her designated elected official from any Village in the County and the President of the Henry County Trustees or his/her designated elected official. The remaining members represent private residents of Henry County or employees of Henry County businesses or firms. The County provides resources to the Board of trustees based on a membership fee. The CIC exercises total control over the operation of CIC including budgeting, contracting, and designating management. The County has no ongoing financial interest or responsibility for the CIC. In 2013, Henry County contributed \$69,964 for the CIC's Information can be obtained from Amanda Griffith, Executive Assistant, 104 E. Washington Street, Suite 301, Napoleon, Ohio 43545.

<u>Regional Port Authority of Northwest Ohio</u> - The Regional Port Authority of Northwest Ohio (the "Authority") was created in June 2008 and is a jointly governed organization between Defiance, Henry, Paulding and Fulton Counties. The Authority was established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 4582.21. The purpose of the Authority is to enhance, foster, aid, provide or promote transportation, economic development, housing, recreation, education, governmental operations, culture, research and the creation and preservation of jobs and employment opportunities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Authority is governed by a Board consisting of twelve appointed members. Each member county's Board of County Commissioners shall appoint three members. Upon the expiration of the initial terms, each subsequent member of the Board shall serve a four year term commencing on January 1 of each year.

Any county may withdraw from the Authority by resolution of that county's Board of County Commissioners. Upon withdrawal, such county shall not be entitled to any distribution from the Authority and forfeits its rights to receive any funds it contributed to the Authority. The Authority may be dissolved by adoption of a resolution by all member counties' Board of County Commissioners. Upon dissolution and after paying all expenses, costs and debts of the Authority, any real or personal property given to the Authority shall be returned to the county from which it was received, and any balances remaining in the funds of the Authority, and remaining real or personal property of the Authority, shall be distributed to the counties equally.

During 2013, the County did not make any contributions to the Authority. Financial information of the Authority can be obtained by contacting Jerry J. Arkebauer, Executive Director, 1300 E. 2nd Street, Suite 200, Defiance, Ohio 43512.

RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

<u>Henry County Metropolitan Housing Authority</u> - The Henry County Metropolitan Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority") is a related organization of the County. The County appoints a majority of the five members of the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority adopts its own budget and operates autonomously from the County.

<u>Henry County Regional Water and Sewer District</u> - The Henry County Regional Water and Sewer District (the "District") is a related organization of the County. The District is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio organized under Ohio Revised Code Section 6119.02. The District is governed by a five member Board of Trustees all of whom are appointed by the Henry County Commissioners. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the County for operational subsidies. The District is not considered a part of the County and its operations are not included within the accompanying financial statements. Financial information can be obtained from the Henry County Regional Water and Sewer District, P.O. Box 146, Napoleon, Ohio 43545-0146.

B. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the enterprise fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the County. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and deferred outflows, and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the County's proprietary funds are charges for sales and services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include personnel and other expenses related to the operations of the proprietary activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

C. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Country View Haven Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues derived from the property tax levy. The revenues are used to operate and maintain the Country View Haven home.

<u>Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues derived from motor vehicle licenses and gasoline taxes. Expenditures are restricted by State law to County road and bridge repair and maintenance programs.

<u>County Board of Developmentally Disabled (DD Fund)</u> - This fund accounts for the operation of a school and the costs of administering a workshop for the developmentally disabled. Revenue sources include a countywide property tax levy and federal and State grants.

Other governmental funds of the County are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the County's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The following is the County's only proprietary fund type:

<u>Enterprise funds</u> - The enterprise funds are used to account for operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the County is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The County has presented the following major enterprise fund:

<u>Sanitary Landfill Fund</u> - This fund accounts for user charges and related expenses, as well as the estimated liability for closure and post closure costs related to the County Landfill.

Other enterprise funds of the County are used to account for the provision of radio tower charges, Hahn Center operations and Monroe Township landfill fees. These funds are nonmajor funds whose activity has been aggregated and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the County under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the County's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The County's only fiduciary funds are agency funds which account for monies held for other governments and undistributed assets. The County uses agency funds to account for assets held in a purely custodial capacity as fiscal agent for other entities, and for various taxes, State-shared revenues and fines and forfeitures collected on behalf of and distributed to other local governments. Agency fund transactions typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment and distribution of these resources.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the basic financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the full accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the full accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and deferred outflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the full accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On a full accrual basis, revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the year in which the sales are made. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from all other nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: sales tax (See Note 7), interest, federal and State grants and subsidies, Statelevied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle license fees and gasoline taxes), fees and rentals.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net assets by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net assets by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2013, but which were levied to finance year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Special assessments not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at December 31, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows in the governmental funds.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows.

Expense/Expenditures - On the full accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

Outlined below are the procedures followed by the County to establish the annual operating budget and budgetary data reported in the financial statements:

- 1. Following submission of requests by various offices and departments, the Board of County Commissioners holds budget hearings during the fall with respective officeholders and department heads.
- 2. Shortly after the beginning of the year, the Board of County Commissioners passes an appropriation resolution which legally authorizes the expenditure of funds for respective officeholders and department heads.
- 3. The County is accorded discretion in its method of appropriating federal funds. Appropriations are provided in the amounts of approved grants by the Board of County Commissioners.
- 4. The revised budget figures reflected in the budgetary statements include the prior year appropriations carried over for liquidations against prior year encumbrances and any amendments to the original appropriation resolution.
- 5. The Board of County Commissioners appropriate at the fund, department and line item. For funds which are directly appropriated by the Board of County Commissioners, the transfer of appropriations at the fund, department and line item requires a resolution signed by at least two Commissioners.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 6. Supplemental appropriations are made when needed, subject to approval by at least two Commissioners. Supplemental appropriations were made during 2013.
- 7. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Contracts and purchase-type encumbrances outstanding at year end carry their appropriations with them into the next year. Contracts and purchase-type encumbrances outstanding at year end are recorded as expenditures on the budget basis of accounting.
- 8. The budgetary procedures described herein apply to all funds except the agency funds.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control in the appropriated governmental and proprietary funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as expenditures on the budgetary basis of accounting.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the County other than cash in segregated accounts is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the County's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" (both unrestricted and restricted) on the financial statements.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during 2013 amounted to \$94,891 which includes \$60,636 assigned from other County funds.

The County has segregated bank accounts for monies held separately from the County's central bank account. These interest-bearing depository accounts are presented on the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts" since they are not required to be deposited into the County treasury.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the County are considered to be cash equivalents.

G. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the governmental fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by non-spendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the enterprise funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The County's infrastructure consists of roads, bridges and culverts. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated, except for land. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	15 - 100 years	20 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 25 years	10 - 25 years
Vehicles	4 - 20 years	10 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years	20 years

I. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the County consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and is not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the County and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for sick leave is based on the sick leave accumulated at December 31, 2013, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. Sick leave benefits are accrued using the "vesting" method.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at December 31, 2013, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the accounts "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported. For proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

J. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2013, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and long-term loans are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

L. Interfund Transactions

During the normal course of operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds.

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers represent movement of resources from a fund receiving revenue to a fund through which those resources will be expended and are recorded as other financing sources (uses) in governmental funds and as transfers in proprietary funds. Interfund transactions that would be treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses if they involved organizations external to the County are treated similarly when involving other funds of the County.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivable/interfund payable" for the current portion of interfund loans or advances to/from other funds for the non-current portion of interfund loans. The County had no interfund loans receivable/payable or advances to/from other funds outstanding at December 31, 2013.

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the statement of net position, except for any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities, which are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Commissioners (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Commissioners removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Board of Commissioners.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes consist primarily of monies restricted for real estate assessments.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the business-type activities and on the enterprise fund financial statements represent cash and cash equivalents required to be set aside by State and federal laws and regulations to finance closure and postclosure care costs of the County's landfill.

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the County administration and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. No extraordinary transactions or special items occurred during 2013.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. Capital contributions are reported as revenue in the proprietary fund financial statements. The County did not receive any capital contribution during 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the County has implemented GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>" and GASB Statement No. 66, "<u>Technical Corrections-2012</u>".

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the County.

B. Deficit/Net Position

Major Enterprise Fund	Deficit
Sanitary Landfill	\$ 496,611

This fund complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year end. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the County are classified by State statute into two categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demand upon the County treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Monies held by the County which are not considered active are classified as inactive. Inactive monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions, provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's Asset Reserve of Ohio Investment Pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to exchange either securities described in items (1) or (2) above or cash or both securities and cash, equal value for equal value;
- 9. High grade commercial paper for a period not to exceed 180 days and in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the County's total average portfolio; and,
- 10. Bankers acceptances for a period not to exceed 180 days and in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the County's total average portfolio.

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year end, the County had \$3,655 in undeposited cash on hand, of which \$1,255 is included on the financial statements as "cash in segregated accounts" and \$2,400 is included on the financial statements of the County as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At year end, the County had \$196,566 cash and cash equivalents deposited separate from the County's internal investment pool. This amount is included in the amount of "deposits with financial institutions" below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Restricted Assets

The County had \$896,663 in restricted assets associated with the County landfill. This amount is included in the amount of "deposits with financial institutions" below.

D. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of all County deposits was \$27,387,409. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2013, \$26,825,264 of the County's bank balance of \$27,644,147 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$818,883 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the County will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As permitted by Ohio Revised Code, the County's deposits are collateralized by a pool of eligible securities deposited with Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve System, in the name of the depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all public deposits held by the depository. The County has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the County to a successful claim by the FDIC.

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013:

Cash and investments per note

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 27,387,409
Cash on hand	3,655
Total	\$ 27,391,064

Cash and investments per statement of net position

Governmental activities	\$ 19,266,811
Business-type activities	1,156,865
Agency funds	6,967,388
Total	\$ 27,391,064

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2013, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

General fund Nonmajor governmental fund from: Which is a second fund from: General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 854,352 16,639
Total	\$ 870,991

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

The County's transfers were in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the statement of activities.

B. Due from/to other funds consisted of the following at December 31, 2013, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	<u>Amount</u>
General	Country View Haven	\$ 662
General	Motor vehicle and gas tax	1,221
General	Nonmajor governmental funds	3,610
Motor vehicle and gas tax	General	4,671
Motor vehicle and gas tax	Country View Haven	173
Motor vehicle and gas tax	Nonmajor governmental funds	8,858
Nonmajor governmental funds	General	2,388
Nonmajor governmental funds	County Board of DD	16,630
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	65,740
Total due to/due from other funds		\$ 103,953

Amounts due from/to other funds represent amounts owed between funds for goods or services provided. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments between the funds are made. Due to/from other funds between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of net position. Amounts due to/from other funds between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported as an internal balance on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the County. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2013 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2012, are levied after October 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to the taxing districts their portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, other outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by deferred inflows since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2013 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by deferred inflows since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is deferred inflow.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$14.40 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2013 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property

Public utility	 20,596,420
Total assessed value	\$ 607,693,360

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 7 - PERMISSIVE SALES AND USE TAX

In a prior year, the voters approved a .5% tax on sales with collection beginning on April 1, 2007. In 1987, the County Commissioners by resolution imposed a 1% percent tax on all retail sales (except sales of motor vehicles) made in the County, and on the storage, use, or consumption in the County of tangible personal property, including automobiles not subject to the sales tax. Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State Office of Budget and Management the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of the month of collection.

Proceeds of the tax are credited to the general fund. A receivable is recognized at year end for amounts that will be received from sales which occurred during 2013 and amounts that are measurable and available at year end are accrued as revenue. Amounts received outside the available period are recorded as deferred inflows on the fund financial statements and as revenue on the government-wide financial statements. Sales and use tax for 2013 amounted to \$3,783,288 as reported on the fund financial statements.

NOTE 8 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2013, consisted of taxes, accrued interest, loans, accounts (billings for user charged services), special assessments, leases, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenue. All intergovernmental receivables have been classified as "due from other governments" on the financial statements. All interfund transactions related to charges for goods and services rendered have been classified as "due from other funds" on the fund financial statements which are eliminated on the government-wide statements (See Note 5.B.). All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the items of receivables as reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:	Amount
Sales taxes	\$ 948,205
Property and other taxes	5,475,293
Accounts	139,288
Due from other governments	4,727,223
Special assessments	512,430
Accrued interest	6,108
Loans	1,685,697
Leases	138,000
Business-type activities:	
Accounts	3,786
Accrued interest	291

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. The only receivables not expected to be collected within the subsequent year are the special assessments, leases and the loans. The special assessments are collected over the term of the assessment and the loans receivable are collected over the term of the loan. The leases receivable will be collected annually through 2022 (See Note 10).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 9 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

The County maintains a revolving loan program for local businesses to encourage business development in the County. A summary of the County's loan activity for 2013 is as follows:

	Balance		Payments/	Balance
	12/31/12	Issued	Reductions	12/31/13
Revolving loans	\$ 1,670,834	\$ 330,000	\$ (315,137)	\$ 1,685,697

The loans are reported in the nonmajor governmental funds as "loans receivable".

NOTE 10 - LEASES RECEIVABLE

The County is the lessor of two separate buildings; one with the R.I.D.G.E. Project, Inc. and the other with Wesche & Harmon, Ltd.

The lease with the R.I.D.G.E. Project, Inc. is \$1,000 per month payable in monthly installments on or before the 1st of each month for the next 32 months with an option of a 14 month renewal. The County is carrying the Hope School building on its books at a cost of \$39,115 and accumulated depreciation of \$23,468 for a carrying book value of \$15,647

The future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2013, are as follows:

Year Ending	Minimum		
December 31,	Lease Payments		
2014	\$ 12,000		
2015	12,000		
2016	8,000		
Totals	\$ 32,000		

The lease with Wesche & Harmon, Ltd. is \$500 per month, for the first four months of the lease, payable in monthly installments on or before the 1st of each month, and \$1,000 per month payable in monthly installments on or before the 1st of each month for the remaining 118 months of the 122 month lease. The County is carrying the building on their books at a cost of \$120,000 and accumulated depreciation of \$22,800 for a carrying book value of \$97,200.

The future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2013, are as follows:

Year Ending	Minimum					
December 31,	Lease	Payments				
2014	\$	12,000				
2015		12,000				
2016		12,000				
2017		12,000				
2018		12,000				
2019 - 2022		46,000				
Totals	\$	106,000				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/12 Additions		Disposals	Balance 12/31/13
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,776,808	\$ 164,000	\$ -	\$ 1,940,808
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,776,808	164,000		1,940,808
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	25,056,238	10,678	-	25,066,916
Equipment	1,368,039	162,754	(85,112)	1,445,681
Vehicles Infrastructure	4,566,773 42,258,262	340,025 1,758,477	(9,750)	4,897,048 44,016,739
Total capital assets, being depreciated	73,249,312	2,271,934	(94,862)	75,426,384
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Building and improvements	(16,248,387)	(470,610)	-	(16,718,997)
Equipment	(920,771)	(55,851)	75,173	(901,449)
Vehicles	(2,442,617)	(264,188)	9,750	(2,697,055)
Infrastructure	(18,516,216)	(1,282,581)		(19,798,797)
Total accumulated depreciation	(38,127,991)	(2,073,230)	84,923	(40,116,298)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	35,121,321	198,704	(9,939)	35,310,086
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 36,898,129	\$ 362,704	\$ (9,939)	\$ 37,250,894

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the County as follows:

Governmental activities:

\$ 288,253
20,541
67,269
1,436,276
32,167
216,959
11,765
\$ 2,073,230
\$

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

	Balance 12/31/12	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12/31/13
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 249,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 249,481
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	249,481			249,481
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	153,801	-	-	153,801
Machinery and equipment	227,115	-	(12,000)	215,115
Vehicles	929,126	40,000	(547,206)	421,920
Infrastructure	466,421			466,421
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,776,463	40,000	(559,206)	1,257,257
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(73,007)	(4,323)	-	(77,330)
Machinery and equipment	(64,289)	(12,343)	8,120	(68,512)
Vehicles	(877,578)	(10,992)	547,206	(341,364)
Infrastructure	(34,982)	(23,321)		(58,303)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,049,856)	(50,979)	555,326	(545,509)
Total capital assets, being depreciated net	726,607	(10,979)	(3,880)	711,748
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 976,088	\$ (10,979)	\$ (3,880)	\$ 961,229

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation leave is earned at rates which vary depending upon length of service and standard workweek. County employees earn vacation at varying rates ranging from two to five weeks per year. Current policies credit vacation leave on a pay period basis except for new employees who are required to complete one year of service prior to their accrual becoming available. Employees may also accrue compensatory time for hours worked in excess of forty per week. County employees are paid for earned, unused vacation leave and compensatory time upon termination of employment.

Sick leave is accumulated at the rate of 4.6 hours per 80 hours worked and is accumulated on an hours worked basis. Sick leave is vested upon eligibility for retirement.

Each employee of the County with ten or more years of service with any Ohio local government or the State of Ohio is paid 50% of his or her accumulated unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 720 hours upon retirement from the County. Each Employee of the county between 5 and 10 years of service is paid 25% of his or her accumulated unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 360 hours upon retirement from the county.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES - (Continued)

At December 31, 2013, vested benefits for vacation leave for governmental activities employees totaled \$675,935 and vested benefits for sick leave totaled \$346,613. In addition, the County has recorded a liability in the governmental funds in the amount of \$37,111 for employees who have notified the County by December 31, 2013 of their intent to retire. These amounts represent the total vested benefits and are reported in the government-wide financial statements. For business-type activities, vested benefits for vacation leave totaled \$8,330 and vested benefits for sick leave totaled \$10,361. These amounts represent the total portion of the vested benefits and are reported as a liability of the fund from which the employee is paid. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, an additional liability of \$592,318 for governmental activities employees and \$20,206 for business-type activities employees was accrued to record termination (severance) payments for employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future.

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Governmental Activities Long-Term Obligations

During 2013, the following changes occurred in the County's governmental long-term obligations:

Governmental activities:	Balance 12/31/12			Balance 12/31/13	Amount Due in One Year
General obligation bonds: 2003 - 5% Grelton waterline bond	\$ 16,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,000	\$ 6,000
Total general obligation bonds	16,000			16,000	6,000
OWDA loans: 1990 - 2% Texas waterline project Total OWDA loans	28,950 28,950		(14,330) (14,330)		14,620 14,620
Special assessment bonds with governmental commitment:					
1998 - 4.75%	83,443	-	(12,050)	71,393	12,050
Total special assessment bonds	83,443		(12,050)	71,393	12,050
Other obligations:					
Compensated absences	1,611,637	831,179	(790,839)	1,651,977	713,046
Mortgage loan - 2%	37,876		(7,029)	30,847	7,171
Total other obligations	1,649,513	831,179	(797,868)	1,682,824	720,217
Total governmental activities					
long-term obligations	\$ 1,777,906	\$ 831,179	\$ (824,248)	\$ 1,784,837	\$ 752,887

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

General obligation bonds

In 2003, the County issued \$27,000 in bonds to repay notes used to finance the Grelton waterline extension project. Principal and interest on the bonds are being paid from the Grelton waterline extension debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The general obligation bonds are supported by the full faith and credit of the County.

Special assessment bonds

During 1998, the County issued \$211,925 in special assessment bonds to finance a Grelton waterline project. These bonds are payable from special assessments levied against property owners who benefit from the project. In the event that special assessments are not sufficient to pay the annual principal and interest payments, the County is responsible for providing the resources to meet the payments as the full faith and credit of the County has been pledged for repayment.

Ohio Water Development Authority loans

In 1990, the County entered into a loan with the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for the construction of the Texas Waterline project. Semi-annual payments are due through 2014 with an interest rate of 2%.

Mortgage loan

During 2003, County Board of DD fund received a mortgage loan from the Henry County Association for Retarded Citizens and is required to make monthly payments over the next fifteen years to repay the \$100,000 loan which has an interest rate of 2%. Principal and interest payments are being made from the County Board of DD fund.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid, which are primarily the general, County Board of DD and motor vehicle and gas tax funds.

Future debt service requirements

The following is a summary of the County's future annual debt service principal and interest requirements for governmental activities long-term obligations:

Year	General Obligation Bonds							Special Assessment Bonds						
<u>Ended</u>	Pr	rincipal	Inter	nterest		<u>Total</u>		Total		rincipal	<u>I</u>	nterest	_	Total
2014	\$	6,000	\$	175	\$	6,175	\$	12,050	\$	4,776	\$	16,826		
2015		2,000		41		2,041		11,869		4,776		16,645		
2016		2,000		33		2,033		11,869		515		12,384		
2017		2,000		25		2,025		11,869		515		12,384		
2018		2,000		17		2,017		11,869		515		12,384		
2019		2,000		9		2,009	_	11,867		514		12,381		
Total	\$	16,000	\$	300	\$	16,300	\$	71,393	\$	11,611	\$	83,004		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 13 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Year	_	OWDA Loans						Mortgage Loan					
<u>Ended</u>	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>In</u>	terest	_	Total	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest	_	Total	
2014	\$	14,620	\$	289	\$	14,909	\$	7,171	\$	551	\$	7,722	
2015		-		-		-		7,315		407		7,722	
2016		-		-		-		7,463		259		7,722	
2017		-		-		-		7,614		108		7,722	
2018								1,284		3		1,287	
Total	\$	14,620	\$	289	\$	14,909	\$	30,847	\$	1,328	\$	32,175	

B. Business-type Long-Term Obligations

During 2013, the following changes occurred in the County's business-type long-term obligations:

Business-type activities:	Balance 12/31/12	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/13	Due in One Year
Landfill closure and postclosure care liability Compensated absences	\$ 2,998,974 39,403	\$ 35,613	\$(608,558) (506)	\$ 2,426,029 38,897	\$ - 18,691
Total	\$ 3,038,377	\$ 35,613	\$(609,064)	\$ 2,464,926	\$ 18,691

Landfill closure and postclosure care liability

See Note 22 for information on this liability.

Compensated absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the sanitary landfill fund.

C. The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net general obligation debt of the County, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors shall never exceed one percent of the total assessed valuation of the County.

The Code further provides that the total voted and unvoted net debt of the County, less the same exempt debt, shall never exceed a sum equal to three percent of the first \$100,000,000 of the assessed valuation, plus one and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$100,000,000 and not in excess of \$300,000,000, plus two and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$300,000,000. The assessed valuation used in determining the County's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the County's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. Based on this calculation, the County's voted legal debt margin was \$13,793,932 at December 31, 2013 and the unvoted legal debt margin was \$6,178,532 at December 31, 2013.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

During 2013, the County contracted with the County Risk Sharing Authority, Inc. (CORSA) for liability, property, automotive, and crime insurance. The CORSA program has a \$2,500 deductible. Coverage provided by CORSA is as follows:

	Amount
General Liability (per occurrence)	\$ 1,000,000
Law Enforcement Liability (per occurrence)	1,000,000
Automobile Liability and Physical Damage	
Liability (per occurrence)	1,000,000
Medical Payments	
Per Person	5,000
Per Occurrence	50,000
Uninsured Motorist (per person)	250,000
Physical Damage	Actual Cost
Flood and Earthquake (pool limit)	100,000,000
Other Property Insurance:	
Extra Expense	1,000,000
EDP Media	Replacement Cost
Contractors' Equipment	Replacement Cost
Valuable Papers and Records	1,000,000
Inland Marine	Replacement Cost
Automatic Acquisition	3,000,000
Motor Truck Cargo	100,000
Crime Insurance:	
Faithful Performance	1,000,000
Money and Securities (inside and outside)	1,000,000
Depositor's Forgery	1,000,000
Money Orders and Counterfeit Paper Currency	1,000,000
Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000
Public Officials (per occurrence)	1,000,000
Umbrella (per occurrence)	5,000,000

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in the past three years. The County pays all elected officials' bonds by statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. **BORMA Benefits Pool**

The BORMA Benefits Pool is for employee benefits and includes Life Insurance, Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance, Health Insurance and Prescription Drug Insurance. Plan options and levels of coverage are established independently by each pool member for its employees. Premiums paid into the pool by each member are based on the level of coverage within each respective plan. The pool includes twenty-one public entities in the State of Ohio. Member contributions are calculated annually to produce a sufficient sum of money within the pool to fund administrative expenses and to create reserves for claims.

As of December 31, 2013, the pool had cash reserves of \$246,417, which, in the opinion of management, is adequate for any claims currently pending against the pool. The 2013 monthly premiums paid by Henry County per covered employee were \$1,257 for family coverage, \$860 for two-party coverage, and \$421 for single coverage. The monthly life insurance premium was \$1.80. The cost of coverage for premiums is paid out of each respective fund and department that pays the salary of the individuals covered under the plan. Employees contribute a portion of each monthly premium through payroll withholding. During 2013, the County was not required to pay into the pool for covered benefits. The amount of risk retained by the pool in 2013 was \$175,000 per individual; coverage in excess of this amount was provided by Sun Life Financial.

Both the BORMA P&C and the BORMA Benefits Pools have the ability to require member governments to make supplemental payments in the event reserves are not adequate to cover claims. The probability of this occurring is considered remote due to the adequacy of the pool reserves and premium levels; therefore, no additional amounts have been reserved in the financial statements. Audited financial statements are maintained separately by each pool.

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The County participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement (generally sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and township police) and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Pension Plan.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013 member and contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement and public safety divisions exist only within the Traditional Plan. The 2013 member contribution rates were 10.00% for members in State and local classifications. Public safety and law enforcement members contributed 12.00% and 12.60%, respectively. The County's contribution rate for 2013 was 14.00%, except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety, for whom the County's contribution was 18.10% of covered payroll.

The County's contribution rate for pension benefits for members in the Traditional Plan for 2013 was 13.00%. The County's contribution rate for pension benefits for members in the Combined Plan was 13.00%. For those plan members in law enforcement and public safety pension contributions were 17.10%. The County's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$1,481,943, \$1,154,445, and \$1,221,338, respectively; 91.80% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. The remaining 2013 pension liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2013 were \$30,720 made by the County and \$21,943 made by the plan members.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - In prior years, the County participated in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 East Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 15 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The County was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$75,693 and \$113,600, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. The County transferred responsibility for the Hope School Program to the local school districts and is no longer required to record an obligation for STRS Ohio.

NOTE 16 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 16 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2013 local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll (18.10% for public safety and law enforcement). Each year the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Traditional Plan for 2013 was 1.00%. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Combined Plan for 2013 was 1.00%.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The County's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$111,692, \$455,831, and \$481,137, respectively; 91.80% has been contributed for 2013 and 100% has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. The remaining 2013 post-employment health care benefits liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under State Bill 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4 percent of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - In prior years, the County contributed to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The County's contributions for health care for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$5,823 and \$8,738, respectively; 100 percent has been contributed for 2012 and 2011. The County transferred responsibility for the Hope School Program to the local school districts and is no longer required to record an obligation for STRS Ohio.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund, County Board of DD fund and motor vehicle and gas tax fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis); and,
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented:

Net Change in Fund Balance

			Co	ountry View	Mo	tor Vehicle	Co	unty Board
	Ge	neral Fund		<u>Haven</u>	an	d Gas Tax		of DD
Budget basis	\$	309,074	\$	204,738	\$	201,958	\$	27,941
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		(84,053)		65,347		(146,882)		31,892
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		166,385		(19,334)		128,528		(70,169)
Net adjustment for other financing uses		-		-		3,000		-
Adjustment for encumbrances		63,895		25,167		157,764		48,325
Funds budgeted elsewhere		23,904	_	<u>-</u>				<u> </u>
GAAP basis	\$	479,205	\$	275,918	\$	344,368	\$	37,989

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the unclaimed funds fund, certification of title administration fund and recorder equipment computer fund.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The County has received federal and State grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowance, if any, will be immaterial.

B. Litigation

The County is not party to any legal proceedings which, in the opinion of management, would have a material impact upon the financial statements.

NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 19 - FUND BALANCE - (Continued)

Fund balance	General	Country View Haven	Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax	County Board of DD	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:							
Prepaids	\$ 90,971	\$ 12,494	\$ 17,809	\$ 59,921	\$ 34,981	\$ 216,176	
Materials and supplies inventory	30,453		69,323	7,459	10,109	117,344	
Total nonspendable	121,424	12,494	87,132	67,380	45,090	333,520	
Restricted:							
Debt service	-	-	-	-	117,598	117,598	
Capital improvements	-	-	-	-	322,894	322,894	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	404,017	404,017	
Public works	-	-	3,286,923	-	1,037	3,287,960	
Human services	-	-	-	1,942,238	1,484,968	3,427,206	
Health programs	-	2,490,497	-	-	528	2,491,025	
Economic development programs	-	-	-	-	2,009,385	2,009,385	
Other purposes					2,325,036	2,325,036	
Total restricted		2,490,497	3,286,923	1,942,238	6,665,463	14,385,121	
Committed:							
Public safety	-	-	-	-	32,535	32,535	
Public works	-	-	-	-	61,437	61,437	
Other purposes					275,757	275,757	
Total committed					369,729	369,729	
Assigned:							
Legislative and executive	762	-	-	-	-	762	
Judicial	946	-	-	-	-	946	
Public safety	6,326	-	-	-	-	6,326	
Public works	1,510	-	-	-	-	1,510	
Human services	39,901				<u> </u>	39,901	
Total assigned	49,445					49,445	
Unassigned	6,592,439					6,592,439	
Total fund balances	\$ 6,763,308	\$ 2,502,991	\$ 3,374,055	\$ 2,009,618	\$ 7,080,282	\$ 21,730,254	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 20 - PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

The County Risk Sharing Authority, Inc., (CORSA) is a public entity risk sharing pool among forty-one counties in Ohio. CORSA was formed as an Ohio nonprofit corporation for the purpose of establishing the CORSA Insurance/Self-Insurance Program, a group primary and excess insurance/self-insurance and risk management program. Member counties agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverages provided by CORSA. These coverages include comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance and public officials' errors and omissions liability insurance.

Each member county has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Corporation are managed by an elected board of not more than nine trustees. Only county commissioners of member counties are eligible to serve on the board. No county may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member county's control over the budgeting and financing of CORSA is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of trustees.

CORSA has issued certificates of participation in order to provide adequate cash reserves. The certificates are secured by the member counties' obligations to make coverage payments to CORSA. The participating counties have no responsibility for the payment of the certificates. The County does not have an equity interest in CORSA. The County's payment for insurance to CORSA in 2013 was \$150,999.

NOTE 21 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

To provide funds to finance the cost of acquiring, construction, equipping, and furnishing a 40 unit assisted living facility at the Lutheran Orphans' and Old Folks Home Society in Napoleon, Ohio, the County has issued health care facility revenue bonds, series 1999. These bonds are special limited obligations of the County, payable solely from and secured by a trust estate including payments under the GNMA securities, the special funds and pledged receipts. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the County and, accordingly, have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

At December 31, 2013, health care facility revenue bonds outstanding aggregated \$3,040,000.

To provide for the acquisition, construction, installation, equipping of certain improvements at the Henry County Hospital and to refund prior bonds, the County has issued a series of Multi-Mode Variable Rate Demand Facilities Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 on March 1, 2006. These bonds are limited facility improvement obligation bonds of the County, payable solely out of rentals, revenues, and other income, charges and money realized from the use, lease, sale or other disposition of the 2006 Series bonds mentioned in the sub-sublease. These bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the County or the State, and accordingly, have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements.

The facilities improvement revenue bonds original issue amount was \$10,000,000.

HENRY COUNTY, OHIO

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (Continued)

NOTE 22 - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require that the County place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and postclosure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and postclosure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and postclosure care costs has a balance of \$2,426,029 as of December 31, 2013, which is based on approximately 100% usage (filled) of the landfill. The landfill was closed during 2013. The estimated total current cost for landfill closure and postclosure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of December 31, 2013. However, the actual costs of closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The County is required by State and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and postclosure care. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at December 31, 2013, cash and cash equivalents of \$896,663 are held for these purposes. These cash and cash equivalents are held and managed by the County and are presented on the County's financial statements as "restricted assets: equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents". It is anticipated that future inflation costs will be financed in part from interest. The remaining portion of anticipated future inflation costs (including inadequate interest, if any) and additional costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by taxpayers.



HENRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(C) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF JOBS AND FAMILY SERVICES			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	\$145,117
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEVELOPMENT SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY PARTNERSHIP			
FY 12 Formula Grant FY 11 Formula Grant FY 12 Chip CDBG Grant FY 10 Water & Sewer (Okolona) FY 12 Water & Sewer (McClure)	14.228 14.228 14.228 14.228 14.228	B-F-12-1BF-1 B-F-11-1BF-1 B-C-12-1BF-1 B-W-10-1BF-1 B-W-12-1BF-1	49,800 28,060 72,817 9,600 468,309
Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan Community Development Block Grant Housing Loan:	14.228 14.228		356,651 11,100
Total Community Development Block Grants			996,337
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF JOBS AND FAMILY SERVICES VIA AREA 7 WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD			
Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Cluster: WIA - Adult Program WIA - Adult Program Administrative Total Adult Program	17.258	2012-7135-1/2013-7135-1	32,834 302 33,136
WIA - Youth Program WIA - Youth Program Administrative Total Youth Program	17.259	2012-7135-1/2013-7135-1	35,597 3,217 38,814
WIA - Dislocated Worker Program WIA - Dislocated Worker Program Administrative Total Dislocated Worker Program	17.278	2012-7135-1/2013-7135-1	26,145 424 26,569
Total U.S. Department of Labor			98,519
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants Cluster: 20th Year HMEP Planning 20th Year HMEP Training Total Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grant:	20.703 20.703	HM-HMP-0302-12-01-00 HM-HMP-0302-12-01-00	1,188 4,760 5,948
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: HEN - 2013 Sign Upgrade Striping Total Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	PID 94591 PID 92218	10,194 130,127 140,321
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilitie	20.513	CRD-0035-005-131	25,760
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			172,029
			(continued)

HENRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(C) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH			
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families (Help Me Grow) Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families (Help Me Grow)	84.181 84.181	03510021HG0213 03510021HG0314	38,459 10,460
Total Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families (Help Me Grow			48,919
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF JOBS AND FAMILY SERVICES			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Cluster Caseworker Visits ESSA Preservation ESSA Preservation Operating ESSA Reunification ESSA Reunification Operating Total Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556 93.556 93.556 93.556 93.556	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371 G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371 G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371 G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371 G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	2,457 14,976 4,331 919 4,005 26,688
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	371,124
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	G-1213-11-0053/G-1415-11-5372	278,158
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	17,621
Child Abuse & Neglect	93.590	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	1,984
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program Child Welfare Services-Title IV-B Child Welfare Services-Title IV-B Admir Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645 93.645	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371 G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	42,324 7,099 49,423
Foster Care-Title IV-E Cluster: IV-E Administration & Training - Foster Care ARRA IV-E FosterCare Services Total Foster Care-Title IV-E	93.658 93.658	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371 G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	43,056 339,739 382,795
Adoption Assistance	93.659	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	34,702
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	263,091
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	49,877
Federal Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	6,605
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	G-1213-11-0052/G-1415-11-5371	35,478
Total Passed Through the Ohio Job and Family Services			1,517,546
PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES			
Social Services Block Grant (Title XX)	93.667	N/A	32,601
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	N/A	36,889
Total Passed Through the Ohio Department of Developmetal Disabilities			69,490
			(continued)

HENRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ SUB GRANTOR/ PROGRAM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	(C) CASH FEDERAL DISBURSEMENTS
PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAID			
Medical Assistance Program MAC Payments	93.778 93.778	N/A N/A	65,614 36,606
Total Passed Through the Ohio Department of Medicaid			102,220
Total All Social Services Block Grant - CFDA #93.667			295,692
Total All Medical Assistance Programs - CFDA #93.778			188,986
PASSED THROUGH OHIO SECRETARY OF STATE OFFICE			
Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities	93.617		1,116
PASSED THROUGH THE AREA OFFICE OF AGING OF NORTHWESTERN OHIO, INC.			
Aging Cluster Special Programs for the Aging-			
Title III Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	N/A	55,561
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSIP)	93.053	N/A	11,073
Title III Part C - Nutrition Services	93.045	N/A	20,564
Total Aging Cluster			87,198
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			1,777,570
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY PASSED THROUGH THE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY			
Emergency Management Performance Grants: Emergency Management Performance Grants - FY 2012 Special Projects Emergency Management Performance Grants - FY 2013 EMPG Total Emergency Performance & Special Project Equipment Grants	97.042 97.042	EMW-2012-EP-00004-S01 EMW-2013-EP-00060-S01	4,685 37,529 42,214
Homeland Security Grant Program Cluster: FY 11 State Homeland Security Program - SHSP FY 11 State Homeland Security Program - CCP FY 12 State Homeland Security Program - SHSP Total Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067 97.067	EMW-2011-SS-00070 EMW-2011-SS-00070 EMW-2012-SS-00001	22,588 20,099 95,346 138,033
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			180,247
Total Federal Financial Assistance			3,418,738

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

HENRY COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Expenditure Schedule (the Schedule) reports Henry County's (the "County") federal award programs' disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - SUBRECEIPIENTS

The County passes certain federal awards received from the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (ODJFS) to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note A describes, the County reports expenditures of federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash. Workforce Investment Act (WIA) disbursements for the Youth Program (CFDA #17.259) in the amount of \$38,814 were paid to subrecipients who provided services to the County

As a subrecipient, the County has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its subrecipients to help assure they use these subawards as authorized by laws, regulations and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that subrecipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE C - COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG) REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAMS

The County has a revolving loan fund (RLF) program to provide low-interest loans to businesses to create jobs for low to moderate income persons and also to lend money to eligible persons to rehabilitate homes. The Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the County, passed through the Ohio Department of Development. The Schedule reports loans made and administrative costs as disbursements on the Schedule. Subsequent loans are subject to the same compliance requirements imposed by HUD as the initial loans.

These loans are collateralized by mortgages on the property.

Activity in the CDBG revolving loan fund during 2013 is as follows:

Beginning loans receivable balance as of January 1, 2013	\$ 1,670,834
Loans issued in 2013	330,000
Loans principal repaid	(247,687)
Loans written off	 (67,450)
Ending loans receivable balance as of December 31, 2013	\$ 1,685,697
Cash balance on hand in the revolving loan fund as of December 31, 2013	\$ 384,799
Program Expenditures:	
Revolving Loans Issued in 2013	\$ 330,000
Revolving Loans Administrative Costs for 2013	26,651
Revolving Loans Housing Costs	11,100
Other Grants Administered Through the CDBG 14.228 Program	628,586
Total CDBG 14.228 Program	\$ 996,337

The table above reports gross loans receivable. Of the loans receivable as of December 31, 2013 \$308,205 are more than 60 days past due.

NOTE D - HOME ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS

The County utilizes Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME), Community Housing Improvement Program (CHIP) funds for homebuyer down payment assistance and home rehabilitation to low-to-moderate income households and eligible persons. All funds granted to low-to-moderate income applicants are in the form of a loan with declining "pay back" amounts. Per policy, 85% of the loan amount is deferred over a 10 year period and 15% of the original loan amount is recaptured at the time of property sale, transfer of ownership, or owner vacates the property that has been rehabilitated. The initial loan of this money is recorded as a disbursement on the accompanying Federal Awards Expenditure Schedule (the Schedule). Loans repaid are treated as program income and are utilized to make additional loans subject to certain compliance requirements imposed by HUD, but are also included as disbursements on the Schedule.

These loans are collateralized by liens placed on the mortgages. At December 31, 2013, the amount of loans outstanding under this program is \$225,355.

NOTE D - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain federal programs require the County to contribute non-federal funds (matching funds) to support the federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-federal matching funds.

NOTE E – OHIO DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES ADJUSTMENTS

During the calendar year, the County Board of Developmenttal Disabilities received a settlement for the 2008 Cost Report from the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities (DODD) for the Medicaid program (CFDA # 93.778) in the amount of \$4,099. The Cost Report settlement was for settlement of the difference between the statewide payment rate and the rate calculated based upon actual expenditures for Medicaid services. This revenue is not listed on the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Award since the underlying expense occurred in prior reporting periods and the settlement was included with the liability owed and was invoiced by the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities.

NOTE F - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

During fiscal year 2013, the County made allowable transfers of \$162,701 from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (93.558) program to the Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) (93.667) program. The Schedule shows the County spent approximately \$371,224 on the TANF program. The amount reported for the TANF program on the Schedule excludes the amount transferred to the SSBG program is included as SSBG expenditures when disbursed. The following table shows the gross amount drawn for the TANF program during fiscal year 2013 and the amount transferred to the Social Services Block Grant program.

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	\$533,825
Transfer to Social Services Block Grant (SSBG)	<u>(162,701</u>)
Total	\$371,124

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Henry County 660 North Perry Street P.O. Box 546 Napoleon, Ohio 43545-0546

To the Board of Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' Government Auditing Standards, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Henry County, Ohio, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 18, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the County's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under Government Auditing Standards.

> One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484 www. ohioauditor.gov

Henry County Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

September 18, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Henry County 660 North Perry Street P.O. Box 546 Napoleon, Ohio 43545-0546

To the Board of Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Henry County, Ohio's (the County) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Henry County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the County's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The County's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the County's compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the County's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Henry County, Ohio complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Henry County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Major Federal Programs and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by *OMB Circular A-133*Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

September 18, 2014

HENRY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families – CFDA #93.558 Foster Care_Title IV-E – CFDA #93.658 Community Development Block Grant – CFDA # 14.228
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

Henry County Schedule of Findings Page 2

3. FINDING FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



HENRY COUNTY FINANCIAL CONDITION

HENRY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 2, 2014