



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Jackson Milton Local School District Mahoning County 13910 Mahoning Avenue North Jackson, Ohio 44451

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson Milton Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson Milton Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General

Jackson Milton Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures Schedule presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 4, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 4, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of the Jackson-Milton Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities decreased \$546,293 which represents a 10.47% decrease from 2012's restated amount.
- General revenues accounted for \$9,046,821 in revenue or 83.10% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,839,679 or 16.90% of total revenues of \$10,886,500.
- The District had \$11,432,793 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,839,679 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$9,046,821 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$8,533,422 in revenues and \$8,950,407 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2013, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$416,985 from a balance of \$1,687,135 to a balance of \$1,270,150.
- The District's permanent improvement fund had \$1,122,680 in revenues and \$1,517,516 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$394,836 from a balance of \$964,825 to a balance of \$569,989.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2013?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-19 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 20 and 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-50 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. The net position at June 30, 2012 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

	Net Position			
A such	Governmental Activities 2013	Restated Governmental Activities 2012		
<u>Assets</u> Current and other assets	\$ 9,747,431	\$ 10,342,030		
Capital assets, net	17,273,944	17,738,959		
Total assets	27,021,375	28,080,989		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	1,327,342	1,334,629		
Long-term liabilities	15,350,778	15,821,712		
Total liabilities	16,678,120	17,156,341		
Deferred inflows of resources	5,669,980	5,705,080		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	2,450,881	2,573,176		
Restricted	780,555	1,198,609		
Unrestricted	1,441,839	1,447,783		
Total net position	\$ 4,673,275	\$ 5,219,568		

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2013, the District's assets exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$4,673,275.

At year-end, capital assets represented 63.93% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2013, was \$2,450,881. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$780,555, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$1,441,839.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources and net position at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012. The net position at June 30, 2012 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

Governmental Activities \$30,000,000 \$28,080,989 \$27,021,375 \$25,000,000 \$20,000,000 Net Position \$22,348,100 \$22,861,421 \$15,000,000 Liabilities + Deferred inflows \$10,000,000 □ Assets \$5,000,000 \$5,219,568 \$4,673,275 \$-2013 2012 (restated)

The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. The net position at June 30, 2012 has been restated as described in Note 3.A.

	Governmental Activities 2013	Restated Governmental Activities 2012
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 877,326	\$ 882,093
Operating grants and contributions	962,353	896,892
General revenues:		
Property taxes	5,726,813	5,553,127
Grants and entitlements	3,244,345	3,414,811
Investment earnings	544	1,422
Other	75,119	44,291
Total revenues	10,886,500	10,792,636

Change in Net Position

(continued)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2013	Restated Governmental Activities 2012
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 5,023,119	\$ 5,180,049
Special	1,404,977	1,248,431
Vocational	81,567	91,030
Support services:		
Pupil	544,843	519,344
Instructional staff	184,435	115,603
Board of education	85,346	62,197
Administration	600,608	586,259
Fiscal	422,549	445,202
Operations and maintenance	794,957	778,556
Pupil transportation	737,201	701,911
Central	-	4,372
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	440,167	394,315
Other non-instructional services	-	1,878
Extracurricular activities	454,064	448,697
Interest and fiscal charges	658,960	670,776
Total expenses	11,432,793	11,248,620
Change in net position	(546,293)	(455,984)
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	5,219,568	5,675,552
Net position at end of year	\$ 4,673,275	\$ 5,219,568

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$546,293. Total governmental expenses of \$11,432,793 were offset by program revenues of \$1,839,679 and general revenues of \$9,046,821. Program revenues supported 16.09% of the total governmental expenses.

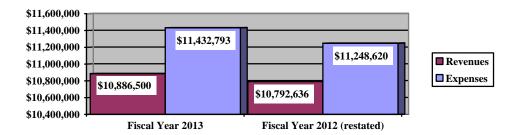
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 82.41% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$6,509,663 or 56.94% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

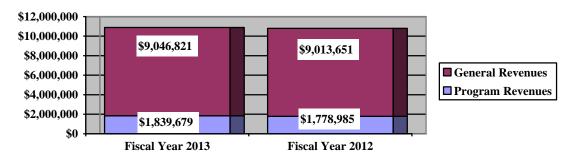
Governmental Activities

		00,01,01,000						
	Т	otal Cost of Services	Ν	Vet Cost of Services	T	Restated otal Cost of Services	Ν	Restated Net Cost of Services
		2013		2013		2012		2012
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	5,023,119	\$	4,394,105	\$	5,180,049	\$	4,555,284
Special		1,404,977		844,029		1,248,431		682,160
Vocational		81,567		79,159		91,030		88,622
Support services:								
Pupil		544,843		544,843		519,344		519,344
Instructional staff		184,435		111,987		115,603		89,018
Board of education		85,346		85,346		62,197		62,197
Administration		600,608		600,608		586,259		586,259
Fiscal		422,549		422,549		445,202		445,202
Operations and maintenance		794,957		794,957		778,556		778,556
Pupil transportation		737,201		677,237		701,911		678,502
Central		-		-		4,372		4,372
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		440,167		14,508		394,315		(32,799)
Other non-instructional services		-		-		1,878		1,878
Extracurricular activities		454,064		364,826		448,697		340,264
Interest and fiscal charges		658,960		658,960		670,776		670,776
Total expenses	\$	11,432,793	\$	9,593,114	\$	11,248,620	\$	9,469,635

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 81.68% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 83.91%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2013 and 2012.



Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,160,915, which is lower than last year's total of \$2,945,292. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2013 and 2012.

	Fund Barrier Fund Barrier Fund Barrier		Fund Balance June 30, 2012				ncrease/ Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Permanent Improvement Nonmajor Governmental	5	70,150 69,989 20,776	\$	1,687,135 964,825 293,332	\$ (416,985) (394,836) 27,444	(24.72) % (40.92) % 9.36 %		
Total	\$ 2,1	60,915	\$	2,945,292	\$ (784,377)	(26.63) %		

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$416,985. The decrease in fund balance can be attributed to a decrease in total revenues with an increase in total expenditures compared to fiscal year 2012. This overall decrease can be primarily attributed to an increase in instructional expenditures of \$124,139 from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2013 Amount	2012 Amount	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property taxes	\$ 4,604,576	\$ 3,409,269	\$ 1,195,307	35.06 %
Tuition	605,902	595,833	10,069	1.69 %
Earnings on investments	544	1,422	(878)	(61.74) %
Intergovernmental	3,215,070	3,064,645	150,425	4.91 %
Other revenues	107,330	69,679	37,651	54.03 %
Total	\$ 8,533,422	\$ 7,140,848	\$ 1,392,574	19.50 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 5,549,069	\$ 3,940,379	\$ 1,608,690	40.83 %
Support services	2,971,563	2,996,520	(24,957)	(0.83) %
Non-instructional services	-	1,878	(1,878)	(100.00) %
Extracurricular activities	358,346	344,398	13,948	4.05 %
Total	\$ 8,878,978	\$ 7,283,175	\$ 1,595,803	21.91 %

Permanent Improvement Fund

The District's permanent improvement fund had \$1,122,680 in revenues and \$1,517,516 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance decreased \$394,836 from a balance of \$964,825 to a balance of \$569,989. This decrease is a result of expenditures for maintenance and capital improvements exceeding revenues during the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2013, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$6,884,493 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$6,953,658. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2013 were \$6,955,144. This is an increase of \$1,486 over the final budgeted revenues.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$7,329,204 were increased to \$7,395,747 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2013 totaled \$7,394,747, which was \$1,000 less than the final budget appropriations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$17,273,944 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The following table shows fiscal year 2013 balances compared to 2012:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2013		_	2012	
Land	\$	346,831	\$	346,831	
Land improvements		921,322		915,729	
Building and improvements		15,163,901		15,660,490	
Furniture and equipment		542,055		613,108	
Vehicles		299,835		202,801	
Total	\$	17,273,944	\$	17,738,959	

The overall decrease in capital assets of \$465,015 is due to depreciation expense of \$740,440 exceeding capital outlays of \$275,425 in the fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$14,415,000 in certificates of participation and \$567,358 in lease purchase agreements. Of this total, \$356,890 is due within one year and \$14,625,468 is due in greater than one year.

The following table summarizes the notes and lease purchase agreement outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
Certificates of participation	\$ 14,415,000	\$ 14,675,000
Lease purchase agreement	567,358	626,950
Energy conservation notes	<u> </u>	30,004
Total	<u>\$ 14,982,358</u>	<u>\$ 15,331,954</u>

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

The District faces many challenges in the future. The District relies heavily upon State support for revenue. With the implementation of HB59 and the accelerated phase-out of personal property reimbursements, the District will be forced to continue asking taxpayers to renew tax levies in addition to asking for new tax levies. The District is also on a fixed transition "Bridge Formula" guarantees funding formula based on the prior fiscal year total State support. The five-year forecast is currently projecting deficit spending in fiscal year 2014 and on. With new revenue and reductions through attrition, the District is hoping to correct the deficit spending situation. The voters approved a 2.1 mill emergency levy in November 2009 generating \$383,088 per year. A renewal levy of 4.9 mills generating \$988,485 was approved in May 2013.

The District completed its building project in September 2009. A new facility for grades 7-12 was approved by the Board of Education and will be paid for by re-allocating 3.85 inside mills for permanent improvement. These mills combined with existing permanent improvement dollars allowed the district to borrow the funds needed for the project. Approximately \$16 million was spent on this building and will be paid for over the next 30 years. The building was designed to meet Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC) guidelines for reimbursement in future years.

The last challenge facing the District is the future of State funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property tax wealth. On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding plan is unconstitutional. At this time, the District is unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

The District has been adversely affected by open enrollment and community school education options. In response, the Board of Education declared the District open to every district in the State. This move has softened the financial blow and is beginning to offset some of the financial loss.

The District's system of budgeting and internal controls is well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Districts accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. John C. Zinger, Treasurer, Jackson-Milton Local School District, 13910 Mahoning Avenue, North Jackson, Ohio 44451.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,286,920
Receivables:	
Property taxes	6,315,969
Accounts.	5,732
Intergovernmental	123,383
Prepayments	12,736
Materials and supplies inventory	2,691
Capital assets:	
Nondepreciable capital assets	346,831
Depreciable capital assets, net	16,927,113
Capital assets, net	17,273,944
Total assets.	27,021,375
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable.	31,243
Accrued wages and benefits payable	875,176
Pension obligation payable.	160,035
Intergovernmental payable	45,835
Accrued interest payable	215,053
Long-term liabilities:	,
Due within one year.	527,205
Due in more than one year.	14,823,573
Total liabilities	16,678,120
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	5,669,980
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,669,980
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	2,450,881
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	462,525
Federally funded programs	1,407
Student activities	39,482
Other purposes	277,141
Unrestricted	1,441,839
Total net position.	\$ 4,673,275
-	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Expenses	Program narges for ces and Sales	Oper	ies ating Grants contributions	R (<u>N</u> Go	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		 				
Instruction:						
Regular	\$ 5,023,119	\$ 591,186	\$	37,828	\$	(4,394,105)
Special	1,404,977	25,516		535,432		(844,029)
Vocational	81,567	-		2,408		(79,159)
Support services:						
Pupil.	544,843	-		-		(544,843)
Instructional staff	184,435	-		72,448		(111,987)
Board of education	85,346	-		-		(85,346)
Administration.	600,608	-		-		(600,608)
Fiscal	422,549	-		-		(422,549)
Operations and maintenance	794,957	-		-		(794,957)
Pupil transportation.	737,201	-		59,964		(677,237)
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	440,167	190,516		235,143		(14,508)
Extracurricular activities.	454,064	70,108		19,130		(364,826)
Interest and fiscal charges	 658,960	-		-		(658,960)
Total governmental activities	\$ 11,432,793	\$ 877,326	\$	962,353		(9,593,114)

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:	
General purposes	4,786,356
Capital outlay.	940,457
Grants and entitlements not restricted	
to specific programs	3,244,345
Investment earnings	544
Miscellaneous	75,119
Total general revenues	9,046,821
Change in net position	(546,293)
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	5,219,568
Net position at end of year	\$ 4,673,275

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents. S 2,345,468 S 569,899 S 371,463 S 3,286,920 Receivables: 5,251,596 1,064,373 - 6,315,969 Property taxes. 5,227 - 505 5,732 Intergovernmental. 85,741 - 37,642 12,338 Prepayments. 12,736 - - 2,601 2,601 Total assets \$ 7,700,768 \$ 1,634,362 \$ 412,301 \$ 9,747,431 Accounts payable \$ 31,243 \$ - - 2,601 2,601 Total assets \$ 7,700,768 \$ 1,634,362 \$ 412,301 \$ 9,747,431 Labilities: - - 2,601 <th>Assets:</th> <th></th> <th>General</th> <th colspan="2">Permanent Improvement</th> <th colspan="2"></th> <th colspan="2">nt Governmental</th> <th colspan="2">Total Governmental Funds</th>	Assets:		General	Permanent Improvement				nt Governmental		Total Governmental Funds	
and cash equivalents \$ $2,345,468$ \$ $569,989$ \$ $371,463$ \$ $3,286,920$ Receivables: Property taxes . . $5,221,596$ $1,064,373$. $6,315,969$ Accounts . . $5,227$. 505 5732 Intergovernmental. . $85,741$. $37,642$ $12,338$ Preparyments . $12,736$. $2,691$ $2,69,989$ $2,691,835$ $2,691,835$											
Receivables: 5,251,596 1,064,373 - 6,315,969 Property taxes. 5,227 - 505 5,732 Intergovernmental 85,741 - 37,642 123,383 Prepayments. 12,736 - - 2,691 2,691 Total assets \$ 7,700,768 \$ 1,634,362 \$ 412,301 \$ 9,747,431 Liabilities: - - 2,691 2,2691 2,2691 2,2713 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,775 - - - 6,648,85 - - 6,648,85 - - 6,648,85 -	1 5 1	\$	2 345 468	\$	569 989	\$	371 463	\$	3 286 920		
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Accounts 5,227 - 505 5,732 Intergovernmental 85,741 - 37,642 123,383 Prepayments - - 2,691 2,691 Total assets \$ 7,700,768 \$ 1,634,362 \$ 412,301 \$ 9,747,431 Liabilities: - - 2,691 2,691 2,691 2,691 Accounts payable 5 31,243 \$ \$ 7 6,850 875,176 Compensated absences payable 92,773 - - 92,773 - 92,773 Intergovernmental payable 149,367 - 10,668 160,035 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources: - 91,525 1,205,062 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources - - 6,5485 - - 6,5485 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 6,5485 - - 6,5485 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 6,5485 - - 6,5485 Total deferred inflows of re			5 251 506		1 064 272				6 3 1 5 0 6 0		
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $,		-				,		
Materials and supplies inventory. - - - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Total assets \$ 7,700,768 \$ 1,634,362 \$ 412,301 \$ 9,747,431 Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ \$ 31,243 \$	5		,		-		37,042		,		
Total assets s 7,700,768 s 1,634,362 s 412,301 s 9,747,431 Liabilities: Accounts payable s 31,243 s s s s 31,243 Accounts payable 92,773 - - 92,773 - - 92,773 Intergovermmental payable 41,828 - 4,007 45,835 - 91,525 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources: - 91,525 1,205,062 - 66,980 - 65,485 - - 65,669,980 - 66,381,454 - 6,669,980 - 65,485 - - 65,485 - - 6,54,855 - - 6,54,855 - - 2,691			12,730		-		2 (01		,		
Liabilities: 2 100 pcd 100 pcd<	11 5			<u>_</u>	-		· · · · ·	<i>ф</i>	,		
Accounts payable \$ 31,243 \$ - \$ - \$ 31,243 Accrued wages and benefits payable 798,326 - 76,850 875,176 Compensated absences payable 92,773 - - 92,773 Intergovernmental payable 41,828 - 40,007 445,835 Pension obligation payable 149,367 - 10,668 160,035 Total liabilities 1,113,537 - 91,525 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources: - 91,525 1,205,062 Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,713,196 956,784 - 5,669,980 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 538,400 107,589 - 65,485 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 6,381,454 Fund balances: - - 2,691 2,691 Materials and supplies inventory - - 2,691 2,691 Prepaids - - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations - - 12,736 - 12,736		\$	/,/00,/68	\$	1,634,362	\$	412,301	\$	9,747,431		
Accounts payable \$ 31,243 \$ - \$ - \$ 31,243 Accrued wages and benefits payable 798,326 - 76,850 875,176 Compensated absences payable 92,773 - - 92,773 Intergovernmental payable 41,828 - 40,007 445,835 Pension obligation payable 149,367 - 10,668 160,035 Total liabilities 1,113,537 - 91,525 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources: - 91,525 1,205,062 Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year 4,713,196 956,784 - 5,669,980 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 53,4400 107,589 - 65,485 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,317,081 1,064,373 - 6,381,454 Fund balances: - 2,691 2,691 2,691 2,691 Materials and supplies inventory - - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Prepaids - - 569,989 - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations	Liabilities:										
Accrued wages and benefits payable 798,326 - 76,850 $875,176$ Compensated absences payable 92,773 - - 92,773 Intergovernmental payable 41,828 - 4,007 45,835 Pension obligation payable 149,367 - 10,668 160,035 Total liabilities 1,113,537 - 91,525 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources: - 65,485 - - 65,485 Property taxe levied for the next fiscal year. 4,713,196 956,784 - 5,669,980 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 538,400 107,589 - 645,989 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 5,317,081 1,064,373 - 6,381,454 Fund balances: - 2,691 2,691 2,691 2,691 Nonspendable: - - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Prepaids - - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Prepaids - - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Prepaids - -	Accounts pavable	\$	31.243	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31.243		
Compensated absences payable 92,773 - 92,773 Intergovernmental payable 41,828 - 4,007 45,835 Pension obligation payable 149,367 - 10,668 160,035 Total liabilities 1,113,537 - 91,525 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources: - 91,525 1,205,062 Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 4,713,196 956,784 - 5,669,980 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 538,400 107,589 - 645,985 Detaid deferred inflows of resources 5,317,081 1,064,373 - 6,381,454 Fund balances: - 2,691 2,691 2,691 2,691 Materials and supplies inventory. - - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Prepaids - - 569,989 - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations - - 12,736 - 12,736 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes -	1 5			•	-	·	76 850		,		
Intergovernmental payable 41,828 - 4,007 45,835 Pension obligation payable 149,367 - 10,668 160,035 Total liabilities 1,113,537 - 91,525 1,205,062 Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year. 4,713,196 956,784 - 5,669,980 Delinquent property tax revenue not available 538,400 107,589 - 65,485 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,317,081 1,064,373 - 6381,454 Fund balances: Nonspendable: 12,736 - 12,736 Materials and supplies inventory. - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Prepaids - 12,736 - 12,736 - 12,736 Capital improvements - - 615 615 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 90,807 90,807 90,807 90,807 Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 39,482 39,482 33,332 - 3					-				,		
Pension obligation payable $149,367$ - $10,668$ $160,035$ Total liabilities $1,113,537$ - $91,525$ $1,205,062$ Deferred inflows of resources: Property taxe levied for the next fiscal year. $4,713,196$ $956,784$ - $5,669,980$ Delinquent property tax revenue not available. $538,400$ $107,589$ - $645,989$ Intergovernmental revenue not available. $65,485$ - - $6,381,454$ Fund balances: Nonspendable: - $2,691$ $2,691$ $2,691$ Materials and supplies inventory. - - $2,691$ $2,691$ $2,691$ Propaids. - 12,736 - 12,734 $197,234$ $198,239,482$ $39,482$ $39,482$ $39,482$ $39,482$					_		4 007		,		
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Deferred inflows of resources: 4,713,196 956,784 5,669,980 Delinquent property tax revenue not available. 538,400 107,589 645,989 Intergovernmental revenue not available. 538,400 107,589 645,989 Total deferred inflows of resources 5,317,081 1,064,373 6,381,454 Fund balances: Nonspendable: 6,381,454 Materials and supplies inventory. - 2,691 2,691 Prepaids. 12,736 - 12,736 Restricted: - 12,736 - 12,734 Capital improvements - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes - - 90,807 90,807 90,807 Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 - 23,194 - 33,332 - - 33,332 - - 33,332 - - 33,332 - - 33,332 -			· · · · · ·						,		
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Delinquent property tax revenue not available. $538,400$ $107,589$ - $645,989$ Intergovernmental revenue not available. $65,485$ - - $65,485$ Total deferred inflows of resources $5,317,081$ $1,064,373$ - $63,81,454$ Fund balances: Nonspendable: - $2,691$ $2,691$ $2,691$ Prepaids. - - $2,691$ $2,691$ $2,691$ Prepaids. - - $2,691$ $2,691$ $2,691$ Prepaids. - - $2,691$ $2,691$ $2,691$ Capital improvements - - $569,989$ - $569,989$ Food service operations - - $197,234$ $197,234$ $197,234$ Special education - - $2,041$ $2,041$ $2,041$ Other purposes - - $2,041$ $2,041$ $2,041$ Other purposes - - $39,482$ $39,482$ $39,482$ Assigned: - - $33,332$ -											
Intergovernmental revenue not available. $65,485$ - - $65,485$ Total deferred inflows of resources $5,317,081$ $1,064,373$ - $6,381,454$ Fund balances: Nonspendable: - 2,691 2,691 2,691 Materials and supplies inventory. - - 2,691 2,691 Prepaids. - 12,736 - 12,736 Restricted: - - 197,234 197,234 Capital improvements. - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes. - - 90,807 90,807 Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 Student and staff support. 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897	1 5 5				· · · · ·		-				
Total deferred inflows of resources			538,400		107,589		-		645,989		
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Materials and supplies inventory. - - 2,691 2,691 Prepaids. 12,736 - - 12,736 Restricted: - - 569,989 - 569,989 Capital improvements - - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations - - 197,234 197,234 Special education - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes. - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 582,897 - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989	6		,		-		-		,		
Nonspendable: - - 2,691 2,691 Materials and supplies inventory. - - 2,691 2,691 Prepaids. 12,736 - - 12,736 Restricted: - - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations - - 197,234 197,234 Special education - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes. - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - - 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 - 33,332 - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Total deferred inflows of resources		5,317,081		1,064,373		-		6,381,454		
Materials and supplies inventory. - - 2,691 2,691 Prepaids. 12,736 - 12,736 Restricted: - 569,989 - 569,989 Capital improvements - 197,234 197,234 Special education - - 197,234 197,234 Special education - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes. - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - 23,194 Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 582,897 - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) - 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Fund balances:										
Prepaids. 12,736 - 12,736 Restricted: - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations. - 197,234 197,234 Special education - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes. - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 33,332 - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Nonspendable:										
Restricted: - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations - - 197,234 197,234 Special education - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		2,691		2,691		
Capital improvements - 569,989 - 569,989 Food service operations - - 197,234 197,234 Special education - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Prepaids.		12,736		-		-		12,736		
Food service operations - - 197,234 197,234 Special education - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies - 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) - 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Restricted:										
Special education - - 615 615 Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - 23,194 Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies - 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Capital improvements		-		569,989		-		569,989		
Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes. - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular. - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies - 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Food service operations		-		-		197,234		197,234		
Targeted academic assistance - - 2,041 2,041 Other purposes. - - 90,807 90,807 Extracurricular. - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies - 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Special education		-		-		615		615		
Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 39,482 Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915			-		-		2,041		2,041		
Extracurricular - - 39,482 39,482 Assigned: - - 39,482 Student and staff support. 23,194 - - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Other purposes.		-		-		90,807		90,807		
Assigned: 23,194 - 23,194 Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	1 1		-		-		,		,		
Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Assigned:						, -				
Subsequent year's appropriations 582,897 - - 582,897 School supplies 33,332 - - 33,332 Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	Student and staff support		23,194		-		-		23,194		
Unassigned (deficit) 617,991 - (12,094) 605,897 Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915			582,897		-		-		582,897		
Total fund balances (deficit) 1,270,150 569,989 320,776 2,160,915	School supplies		33,332		-		-		33,332		
	Unassigned (deficit)		617,991		-		(12,094)		605,897		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances \$ 7,700,768 \$ 1,634,362 \$ 412,301 \$ 9,747,431	Total fund balances (deficit)		1,270,150		569,989		320,776		2,160,915		
	Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	7,700,768	\$	1,634,362	\$	412,301	\$	9,747,431		

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2013

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 2,160,915
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		17,273,944
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable	\$ 645,989	
Intergovernmental receivable Total	 65,485	711,474
Unamortized discounts on certificates of participation are not recognized in the funds.		159,295
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(215,053)
Long-term liabilities, including certificates of participation, lease purchase agreements and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Certificates of participation	(14,415,000)	
Lease purchase agreement	(567,358)	
Compensated absences	 (434,942)	
Total	 	 (15,417,300)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 4,673,275

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General	Permanent Improvement		
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 4,604,576	\$ 931,184	\$ -	\$ 5,535,760
Tuition.	605,902	-	-	605,902
Earnings on investments	544	-	-	544
Charges for services	-	-	190,516	190,516
Extracurricular.	18,318	-	47,889	66,207
Classroom materials and fees	10,800	-	-	10,800
Contributions and donations	9,351	-	20,230	29,581
Other local revenues	68,861	6,258	3,901	79,020
Intergovernmental - intermediate	35,640	-	-	35,640
Intergovernmental - state	3,146,119	185,238	11,705	3,343,062
Intergovernmental - federal	33,311	-	743,449	776,760
Total revenues	8,533,422	1,122,680	1,017,690	10,673,792
Expenditures: Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular.	4,432,357	123,673	47,489	4,603,519
Special	1,026,989	125,075	381,695	1,408,684
Vocational	89,723	-	561,095	89,723
Support services:	09,725	-	-	09,125
Pupil	543,546	_	_	543,546
Instructional staff	111,692	_	72,755	184,447
Board of education	85,346	_	12,155	85,346
Administration	597,817	_	_	597,817
Fiscal	402,135	18,024		420,159
Operations and maintenance	656,820	54,976		711,796
Pupil transportation	574,207	199,153	32,718	806,078
Operation of non-instructional services:	574,207	177,155	52,710	000,070
Food service operations.	_	_	419,956	419,956
Extracurricular activities	358,346	_	75,412	433,758
Facilities acquisition and construction.		147,143		147,143
Debt service:		147,145		147,145
Principal retirement.	_	319,592	30,004	349,596
Interest and fiscal charges	-	654,955	1,646	656,601
Total expenditures	8,878,978	1,517,516	1,061,675	11,458,169
Excess of expenditures over				
revenues	(345,556)	(394,836)	(43,985)	(784,377)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	71,429	71,429
Transfers (out)	(71,429)			(71,429)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(71,429)		71,429	
Net change in fund balances	(416,985)	(394,836)	27,444	(784,377)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	1,687,135	964,825	293,332	2,945,292
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year.	\$ 1,270,150	\$ 569,989	\$ 320,776	\$ 2,160,915

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(784,377)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the				
statement of activities are different because:				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.				
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those				
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as				
depreciation expense.				
Capital asset additions	\$	275,425		
Current year depreciation		(740,440)		
Total			-	(465,015)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide				
-				
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.				
		101.052		
Property taxes		191,053		
Intergovernmental		21,655	-	
Total				212,708
Repayments of notes, lease purchase agreements and certificates of participation are a	ın			
expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabiliti	es			
on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were:				349,596
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,				
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported				
when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being				
reported in the statement of activities:				
Decrease in accrued interest payable		4,517		
Amortization of discount on certificates of participation		(6,876)		
Total			-	(2,359)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,				
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current				
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures				142 154
in governmental funds.				143,154
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	(546,293)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	 Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Final	nce with Budget sitive
	Original		Final	Actual		gative)
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 3,341,514	\$	3,375,086	\$ 3,375,086	\$	-
Tuition.	599,875		605,902	605,902		-
Earnings on investments	539		544	544		-
Other local revenues	45,734		46,193	47,679		1,486
Intergovernmental - intermediate	35,286		35,640	35,640		-
Intergovernmental - state	2,819,696		2,848,024	2,848,024		-
Intergovernmental - federal	 40,115		40,518	 40,518		-
Total revenues	 6,882,759		6,951,907	 6,953,393		1,486
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	3,446,547		2,942,061	2,942,061		-
Special	751,421		1,024,060	1,024,060		-
Vocational.	88,662		87,478	87,478		-
Support services:						
Pupil	439,715		542,094	542,094		-
Instructional staff	92,621		105,242	105,242		-
Board of education	65,688		72,642	72,642		-
Administration	561,761		600,107	600,107		-
Fiscal	355,323		355,439	354,439		1,000
Operations and maintenance	661,456		664,083	664,083		-
Pupil transportation	589,785		580,761	580,761		-
Other operation of non-instructional services .	1,900		-	-		-
Extracurricular activities.	 229,325		312,351	 312,351		-
Total expenditures	 7,284,204		7,286,318	 7,285,318		1,000
Excess of expenditures over						
revenues	(401,445)		(334,411)	(331,925)		2,486
	 (101,110)		(001,111)	 (001,)20)		2,.00
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year's expenditures	1,612		1,628	1,628		-
Transfers (out).	(45,000)		(109,429)	(109,429)		-
Sale of capital assets	122		123	123		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (43,266)		(107,678)	 (107,678)		-
	 / · · · - · · ·		///	 (10.0.000)		
Net change in fund balance	(444,711)		(442,089)	(439,603)		2,486
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,728,157		2,728,157	2,728,157		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	45		45	45		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,283,491	\$	2,286,113	\$ 2,288,599	\$	2,486

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Private Purpose Trust				
	Sch	olarship	Agency		
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Equity in pooled cash					
and cash equivalents	\$	4,229	\$	34,193	
Receivables:					
Accounts		_		10	
Total assets.		4,229	\$	34,203	
Liabilities:					
Due to students.		-	\$	34,203	
Total liabilities			\$	34,203	
Net position:					
Held in trust for scholarships		4,229			
Total net position.	\$	4,229			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scho	larship
Additions:		
Gifts and contributions	\$	1,000
Total additions.		1,000
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		2,400
Change in net position		(1,400)
Net position at beginning of year		5,629
Net position at end of year	\$	4,229

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Jackson-Milton Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is a local district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The District operates under an elected Board of Education and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the District.

Average daily membership at June 30, 2013 was 869. The District employs 70 certified employees and 46 non-certified employees.

Management believes the financial statements included in this report represent all of the funds of the District over which the District has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System

The District is a member of the Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS), a not-for-profit computer service, jointly governed organization which provides computer services to the school districts within the boundaries of Mahoning and Columbiana Counties. Each District's superintendent serves as a representative on the Board which consists of 26 school districts in Columbiana and Mahoning County, two educational service centers, 20 non-public schools and two Special Education Regional Resource Centers. However, the degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board.

Mahoning County Career & Technical Center

The Mahoning County Career & Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of representatives from the participating school districts' elected boards, which possess its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Treasurer of the Career & Technical Center, at 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio 44406.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP) administered by Sheakley UniServe, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium

The Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of fourteen Mahoning County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating School District (usually the superintendent or a designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises controls over the operations of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and remitted to the fiscal agent, Springfield Local School District. The fiscal agent will then remit the charges for services to Medical Mutual of Ohio (MMO), who acts in the capacity of a third-party administrator (TPA) for claims processing.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - A capital projects fund used to account for all transactions related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current deferred outflow of resources, current liabilities and current deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Revenues</u> - <u>Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2013 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Mahoning County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final amended official certificates of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2013.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2013. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

The District has invested funds in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) during fiscal year 2013. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund and the building fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$544, which includes \$167 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported materials and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets generally related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. During fiscal year 2013, the District maintained a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized, the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess any infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. At June 30, 2013, there were no interfund loans receivable/payable.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2013, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age 50 with at least ten years of service and all employees with twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in the future. No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2013, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>*Restricted*</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for food service operations, sports complex donations and emergency levy fund.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

On the fund financial statements, reported prepayments are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

O. Unamortized Certificates of Participation (COP) Discount

On the government-wide and fund financial statements, certificates of participation issuance costs are expensed in the year they occur.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Discounts on certificates of participation are deferred and accreted over the life of the lease purchase agreement. Lease discounts are presented as a reduction to the total outstanding amount of the lease.

On the governmental fund financial statements, certificates of participation discounts are recognized in the current period.

P. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2013.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "<u>Accounting and</u> <u>Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial</u> <u>Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>", GASB Statement No. 62, "<u>Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November</u> <u>30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements</u>", GASB Statement No. 63, "<u>Financial Reporting of</u> <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position</u>", GASB Statement No. 65, "<u>Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</u>", and GASB Statement No. 66, "<u>Technical Corrections-2012</u>".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as *deferred outflows of resources* or *deferred inflows of resources*, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources*, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term *deferred* in financial statement presentations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 had the following effect on the financial statements of the District:

	Governmental				
		Activities			
Net assets as previously reported	\$	5,423,057			
Expensing of unamortized		(202,480)			
issuance costs		(203,489)			
Net position at July 1, 2012	\$	5,219,568			

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2013 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit			
Race to the top	\$	67		
Improving teacher quality	1	1,892		
Miscellaneous federal grants		135		

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

C. Fund Classification

In prior years the emergency levy fund was classified as a special revenue fund. During the fiscal year, it was determined the fund should be moved to the general fund on a GAAP-basis. The emergency levy fund carries no fund balance; therefore, no restatement is necessary.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items 1 or 2 above, and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio) investment pool;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years of the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At year end, the District had \$2,000 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$3,322,318. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2013, \$3,068,863 of the District's bank balance of \$3,359,597 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$290,734 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Fai	r Market	(6 months
Investment type		Value		or less
STAR Ohio	\$	1,024	\$	1,024

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from the over concentration of assets in a specific type of security, the erosion of market value, or by default. However, the District's investment policy does not place any limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

	Fai	ir Market	Percent
Investment type		Value	of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	1,024	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note disclosure above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013:

Cash and investments per note disclosure	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 3,322,318
Investments	1,024
Cash on hand	 2,000
Total	\$ 3,325,342
	 _
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 3,286,920
Private-purpose trust fund	4,229
Agency fund	 34,193
Total	\$ 3,325,342

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, as reported in the fund financial statements:

Transfers from general fund to:		Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>\$</u>	71,429

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 Seco Half Collect		2013 Fir Half Collec			
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$ 176,583,380	93.92	\$ 175,907,570	93.51		
Public utility personal	11,430,730	6.08	12,205,390	6.49		
Total	\$ 188,014,110	100.00	\$ 188,112,960	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:						
General operations	\$39.30		\$39.10			
Permanent improvement	6.25		6.25			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013 consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes Accounts Intergovernmental		5,969 5,732 3,383
Total	\$ 6,44	5,084

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	06/30/12	Additions	Deletions	06/30/13
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 346,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 346,831
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	346,831			346,831
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,546,817	90,367	-	1,637,184
Buildings and improvements	19,007,755	5,670	-	19,013,425
Equipment and furniture	1,298,288	29,488	-	1,327,776
Vehicles	856,954	149,900	(101,001)	905,853
Total capital assets, being depreciated	22,709,814	275,425	(101,001)	22,884,238
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(631,088)	(84,774)	-	(715,862)
Buildings and improvements	(3,347,265)	(502,259)	-	(3,849,524)
Equipment and furniture	(685,180)	(100,541)	-	(785,721)
Vehicles	(654,153)	(52,866)	101,001	(606,018)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,317,686)	(740,440)	101,001	(5,957,125)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 17,738,959	\$ (465,015)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 17,273,944

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 567,384
Special	520
Vocational	612
Support services:	
Instructional staff	709
Administration	250
Operations and maintenance	80,129
Pupil transportation	50,078
Extracurricular activities	20,446
Food service operations	20,312
Total depreciation expense	\$ 740,440

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. On November 8, 2006, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code section 3313.375, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement in the form of certificates of participation with the PS&W Holding Company, Inc. (the "Leasing Corporation") for the construction of a new high school and a new middle school. The lease is an annual lease subject to renewal for thirty years through September 1, 2036. The certificates bear interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 4.50%.

The Leasing Corporation entered into an agreement with a trustee through which it assigned and transferred the rights and interest under the lease to Huntington National Bank as Trustee (the "Trustee"). The Trustee issued the certificates of participation of the lease agreement enabling holders of the certificates to receive a portion of the semiannual lease payments. Proceeds from the issuance were used to construct a new high school and a new middle school. Terms of the trust indenture require the Trustee to create the Jackson-Milton Local School District Facilities Certificate Fund to account for the proceeds of the sale of the certificates of participation. The Facilities Certificate Fund consists of a lease payment account and is utilized by the Trustee for capitalized interest and/or accrued interest on the certificates of participation paid by the original purchaser.

The obligation of the District under the lease and any subsequent lease renewal is subject to annual appropriation of the rental payments. Legal title to the facilities remains with the Trustee until all payments required under the lease have been made. At that time, title will transfer to the District.

The liability for the Certificates is recorded in the governmental activities long-term obligations with the annual principal and interest requirements payable from resources from the permanent improvements capital projects fund. The certificates of participation are not a general obligation of the District but are payable only from appropriations by the District for annual lease payments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following are the District's future annual debt service requirements to amortize the Certificates outstanding at June 30, 2013:

Fiscal	Certificates Of Participation									
Year	Principal	Interest	Total							
2014	\$ 295,000	\$ 620,469	\$ 915,469							
2015	330,000	607,969	937,969							
2016	340,000	594,569	934,569							
2017	365,000	580,469	945,469							
2018	390,000	565,369	955,369							
2019 - 2023	2,365,000	2,560,225	4,925,225							
2024 - 2028	2,995,000	1,988,547	4,983,547							
2029 - 2033	3,715,000	1,247,063	4,962,063							
2034 - 2037	3,620,000	334,800	3,954,800							
Total	\$ 14,415,000	\$ 9,099,480	\$ 23,514,480							

B. The District had a long-term debt obligation outstanding at June 30, 2012 for energy conservation notes. The energy conservation notes were issued pursuant to Section 3313.372 of the Ohio Revised Code in anticipation of energy cost savings to be realized from energy conservation projects under House Bill 264. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The District made its final payment during fiscal year 2013.

The following is a description of the District's energy conservation notes outstanding as of June 30, 2013:

	Issue Date	Maturity Date	BalanceInterestOutstandingRate06/30/12		Outstanding		ions	<u>R</u>	eductions	ance anding <u>0/13</u>	Du	ount e in <u>Year</u>
Energy conservation notes	06/01/98	06/01/13	5.50%	\$	30,004	\$		\$	(30,004)	\$ 	\$	-
Total				\$	30,004	\$	_	\$	(30,004)	\$ -	\$	-

C. During fiscal year 2012, the District entered into a lease purchase agreement with Huntington National Bank for the purchase of new heating and cooling units on the elementary roof. The lease is a ten year agreement with semi-annual payments. The lease bears an interest rate of 3.86% and matures on January 1, 2021. Payments of principal and interest relating to these liabilities are recorded as expenditures in the permanent improvement fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following are the District's future annual debt service requirements to amortize the lease purchase agreement outstanding at June 30, 2013:

Fiscal	Lease Purchase Agreement					
Year	P	Principal		Interest		Total
2014	\$	61,890	\$	21,088	\$	82,978
2015		64,276		18,700		82,976
2016		66,755		16,222		82,977
2017		69,330		13,648		82,978
2018		72,003		10,974		82,977
2019 - 2021		233,104		15,829		248,933
Total	\$	567,358	\$	96,461	\$	663,819

D. During fiscal year 2013, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

Governmental activities:	_	Balance 6/30/12		Increases	1	Decreases	_	Balance 6/30/13	Amount Due in <u>One Year</u>
Energy conservation notes	\$	30,004	\$	-	\$	(30,004)	\$	-	\$ -
Certificate of participation (COP)		14,675,000		-		(260,000)		14,415,000	295,000
Lease purchase agreement		626,950		-		(59,592)		567,358	61,890
Compensated absences		655,929		77,542		(205,756)		527,715	 170,315
Total governmental activities	\$	15,987,883	\$	77,542	\$	(555,352)		15,510,073	\$ 527,205
Less: Unamortized discount on certific	cate	of participatio	n					(159,295)	
Total on statement of net position							\$	15,350,778	

Compensated absences are paid out of the fund from which the employee is paid, which for the District is primarily the general fund.

E. Legal Debt Margins

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District.

The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margins has been modified by House Bill 530, which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculations excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2013, are a legal voted debt margin of \$16,930,166 and a legal unvoted debt margin of \$188,113.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, boilers, electronic data processing equipment, and instruments. The comprehensive commercial insurance coverage limits are \$29,266,883 and a deductible of \$1,000. The business auto coverage limits are \$1,000,000 for liability and uninsured motorists.

The District has a liability insurance coverage limit of \$1,000,000 per claim and \$3,000,000 annual aggregate.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

B. Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium

The District has joined together with other school districts in Mahoning County to form the Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium, a public entity shared risk pool, currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 14 member school districts. The plan was organized to provide life insurance, health care, and other benefits to its member organizations.

Rates are calculated and set through an annual update process. The District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claims payments are made for all participating districts and claims flow. The consortium is responsible for paying health plan claims up to \$135,000 per individual per year. Any claims exceeding the \$135,000 is covered by the consortium's stop-loss carrier.

The District pays the insurance premiums for the classified employees. The District pays the health insurance premiums for the certified employees, except for \$10 per month for single coverage and \$25 per month for family coverage, which is paid by the employees.

The health and dental coverage is administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio, a third party administrator. National Insurance Services provides the life insurance coverage.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Better Business Bureau Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan will seek, through Sheakley and the Better Business Bureau, to improve safety, accident prevention and claims handling for the District; and the District agrees to participate in and cooperate with such programs as a condition of continued participation. The District agrees to comply with all current and future BWC Rules and Regulations related to safety training and accident prevention requirements. It is also required that the District attends regionally held safety/claims management seminars on an annual basis.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to school districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan. Each year, the District pays an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <u>www.ohsers.org</u>, under "*Employers/Audit Resources*".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2013, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$150,490, \$144,671 and \$135,594, respectively; 72.59 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$483,213, \$476,509 and \$469,421, respectively; 84.01 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2013 were \$13,284 made by the District and \$9,489 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2013, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2013, 0.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,525.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$19,139, \$23,710 and \$33,634, respectively; 72.59 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$8,501, \$8,544 and \$8,726, respectively; 72.59 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$37,170, \$36,655 and \$36,109, respectively; 84.01 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	Ge	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	(439,603)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals		17,609
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals		(41,927)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses		36,249
Funds budgeted elsewhere		1,333
Adjustment for encumbrances		9,354
GAAP basis	\$	(416,985)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the public school support fund, emergency levy fund, and the management information systems fund.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	apital ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		145,869
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		-
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets	(145,869)
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		_
Total	\$	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2014	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	

NOTE 16 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End	t
Fund	Encumbran	ces
General fund	\$ 9,3	60

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:					
Nutrition Cluster: Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):					
National School Lunch Program	10.555		19,118		19,118
Cash Assistance:	10.000		10,110		10,110
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	67,273		67,273	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	177,260		177,260	
Total Nutrition Cluster		244,533	19,118	244,533	19,118
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		244,533	19,118	244,533	19,118
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education: Title I, Part A Cluster					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2012	84.010	36,746		38,151	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2012	84.010	192,111		186,036	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	04.010	228,857		224,187	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)					
Special Education Grants to States - 2012	84.027	8,608		8,619	
Special Education Grants to States - 2013	84.027	150,523		149,239	
Total Special Education Grants to States		159,131		157,858	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II, Part A					
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	39,251		39,251	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		39,251		39,251	
	04.005	0.040		0.005	
ARRA - Race-to-the-Top, Incentive Grants - 2012	84.395	2,318		2,625	
ARRA - Race-to-the-Top, Incentive Grants - 2013	84.395	49,137		48,768	
Total ARRA - Race-to-the-Top, Incentive Grants		51,455		51,393	
Title VI-B Rural Low Income	84.358	15,298		15,298	
Total Title VI-B Rural Low Income	-	15,298		15,298	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		493,992		487,987	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY					
Passed Through Ohio Environmental Protection Agency:					
Clean Diesel Grant	66.040	31,363		31,363	
Total Clean Diesel Grant		31,363		31,363	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY		31,363		31,363	
TOTALS		\$769,888	\$19,118	\$763,883	\$19,118

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the "Schedule") reports the Jackson Milton Local School District's (the "District's") federal award programs' receipts and expenditures. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B – CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Jackson Milton Local School District Mahoning County 13910 Mahoning Avenue North Jackson, Ohio 44451

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson Milton Local School District, Mahoning County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 4, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings that we consider a significant deficiency in internal control. We consider finding 2013-001 to be a significant deficiency.

101 Central Plaza South, 700 Chase Tower, Canton, Ohio 44702-1509 Phone: 330-438-0617 or 800-443-9272 Fax: 330-471-0001 www.ohioauditor.gov Jackson Milton Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Entity's Response to Findings

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 4, 2014



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Jackson Milton Local School District Mahoning County 13910 Mahoning Avenue North Jackson, Ohio 44451

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Jackson Milton Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Jackson Milton Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Auditor Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Jackson Milton Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

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Jackson Milton Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 4, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No Yes No
internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level	
noncompliance at the financial statement level	No
Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster (CFDA's # 10.553 & 10.555)
Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
Low Risk Auditee?	Yes
	weaknesses reported for major federal programs? Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)? Major Programs (list): Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs

FINDING NUMBER 2013-001

Significant Deficiency

Statement on Auditing Standards (SAS) No. 115, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit, established standards on communication matters related to an entity's internal control as they apply to financial reporting.

Entities must have controls in place to ensure:

- The financial information submitted is accurate in all material respects and that all necessary disclosures were made.
- The internal control structure and procedures provide reasonable assurance as to the proper recording of financial transactions and balances.

Jackson Milton Local School District Mahoning County Schedule of Findings Page 2

• Management evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control structure over the financial information.

The School District originally classified the Emergency Levy as a major special revenue fund. However, the levy language for the two emergency levies did not contain any restrictions. As such, GASB 54 and Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 require this fund to be reclassified into the general fund. Therefore, this change was proposed and made by the District's GAAP conversion team.

We recommend that School District implement controls and procedures related to financial reporting that will enable management to identify, prevent, detect and correct potential misstatements in the financial statements.

Officials' Response: The District understands this comment and will comply in the future.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure

Jackson Milton School District Mahoning County 13910 Mahoning Avenue North Jackson, Ohio 44451

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Jackson Milton Local School District (the District has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on September 20, 2012 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

re Yor

Dave Yost Auditor of State

March 4, 2014

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

JACKSON MILTON LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MAHONING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED APRIL 1, 2014

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov