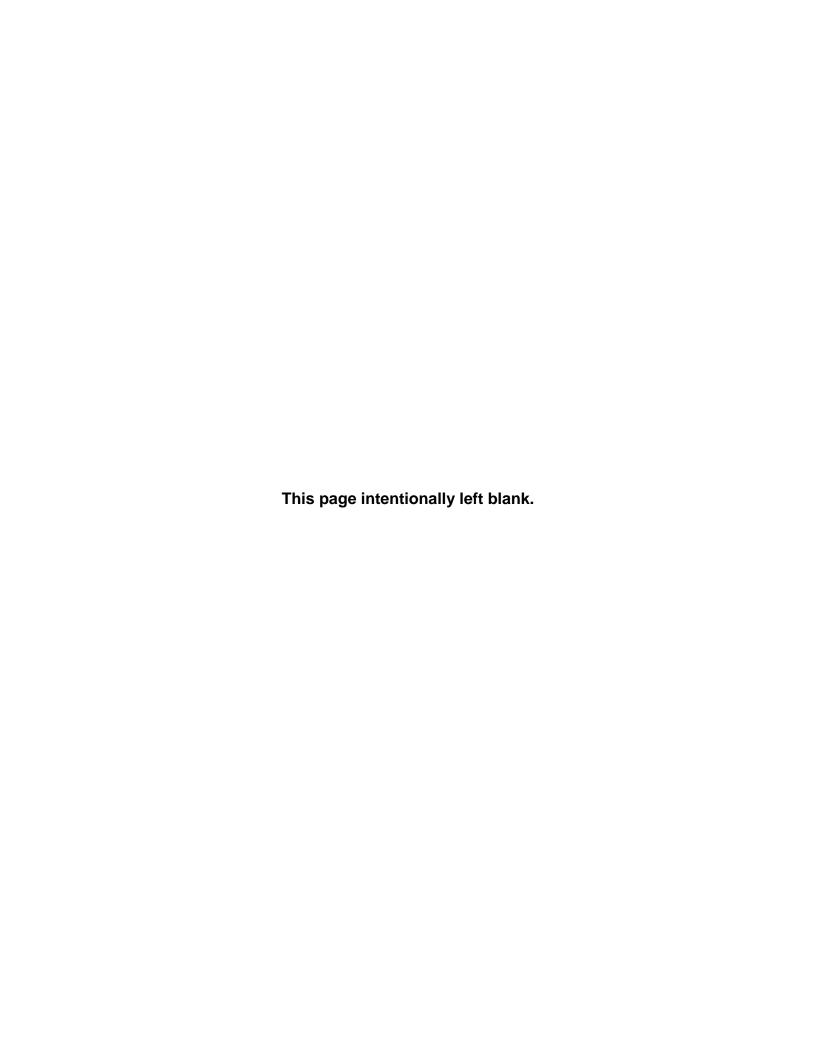




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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

James A. Garfield Local School District Portage County 10235 State Route 88 Garrettsville, Ohio 44231

To the Board of Education:

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of James A. Garfield Local School District, Portage County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

James A. Garfield Local School District Portage County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of James A. Garfield Local School District, Portage County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

James A. Garfield Local School District Portage County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 5, 2014

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### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The management's discussion and analysis of the James A. Garfield Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$5,144,796 which represents a 153.48% increase from 2013.
- General revenues accounted for \$16,031,841 in revenue or 80.84% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$3,800,149 or 19.16% of total revenues of \$19,831,990.
- The District had \$14,687,194 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$3,800,149 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$16,031,841 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the Straight A fund. The general fund had \$12,895,516 in revenues and other financing sources and \$12,548,594 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the general fund's fund balance increased \$346,922 from a balance of \$1,210,335 to \$1,557,257.
- The Straight A fund had \$3,338,008 in revenues and \$2,269,119 in expenditures during fiscal year 2014. The Straight A fund had a fund balance of \$1,068,889 at June 30, 2014.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the Straight A fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### Reporting the District as a Whole

### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

### Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the Straight A fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-21 of this report.

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position on page 22. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 23-48 of this report.

### The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2014 and 2013.

#### **Net Position**

A4	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Assets	\$ 11.695.009	\$ 7,697,622
Current and other assets	Ψ 11,0>0,00>	. , , ,
Capital assets, net	8,515,960	6,924,819
Total assets	20,210,969	14,622,441
<u>Deferred outflows</u>	90,112	98,762
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	2,977,348	1,746,306
Long-term liabilities	5,197,907	5,524,632
Zong term memues		
Total liabilities	8,175,255	7,270,938
<u>Deferred inflows</u>	3,628,997	4,098,232
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	3,169,255	2,321,358
Restricted	4,206,514	359,916
Unrestricted	1,121,060	670,759
Total net position	\$ 8,496,829	\$ 3,352,033

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$8,496,829. Of this total, \$4,206,514 is restricted in use.

At year-end, capital assets represented 42.14% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2014, were \$3,169,255. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

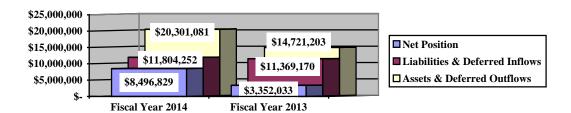
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The increases in current assets and current liabilities from fiscal year 2013 are due to intergovernmental receivables and contracts payable relating to the Straight A fund campus consolidation project.

A portion of the District's net position, \$4,206,514, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The increase of restricted net position from fiscal year 2013 is due to the District's Straight A fund grant. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$1,121,060 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal year 2014 and 2013.

### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2013		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,755,592	\$ 1,789,561		
Operating grants and contributions	2,039,163	1,355,713		
Capital grants and contributions	5,394	-		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	4,969,264	4,462,103		
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	6,609,416	5,936,748		
Restricted grants and entitlments	4,415,400	-		
Investment earnings	9,430	13,247		
Miscellaneous	28,331	48,983		
Total revenues	\$ 19,831,990	\$ 13,606,355		

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2013
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 7,181,160	\$ 6,888,816
Special	1,524,790	1,302,354
Other	47	2,656
Support services:		
Pupil	679,322	626,893
Instructional staff	389,282	624,699
Board of education	38,671	36,810
Administration	1,040,989	1,006,822
Fiscal	342,032	327,353
Business	27,150	-
Operations and maintenance	1,309,649	1,215,593
Pupil transportation	856,996	872,966
Central	28,941	51,597
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	582,935	611,741
Other non-instructional services	20,233	10,646
Extracurricular activities	493,651	489,036
Interest and fiscal charges	171,346	185,620
Total expenses	14,687,194	14,253,602
Change in net position	5,144,796	(647,247)
Net position at beginning of year	3,352,033	3,999,280
Net position at end of year	\$ 8,496,829	\$ 3,352,033

#### **Governmental Activities**

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$5,144,796. Total governmental expenses of \$14,687,194 were offset by program revenues of \$3,800,149 and general revenues of \$16,031,841. Program revenues supported 25.87% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 58.38% of total governmental revenue.

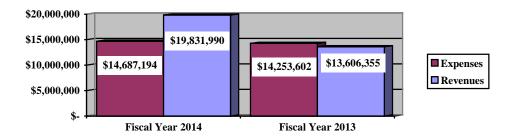
During fiscal year 2014, the District was awarded a \$5,000,000 grant from the Ohio Department of Education for the Straight A Program. The District will use \$4,415,400 of this grant to consolidate school buildings and the remainder of the grant will be used to purchase technology for students. This grant award is the primary reason for the increase in net position during fiscal year 2014.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$8,705,997 or 59.28% of total governmental expenses for fiscal 2014.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2014 and 2013.

### **Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. The following is a comparison of 2014 and 2013.

#### **Governmental Activities**

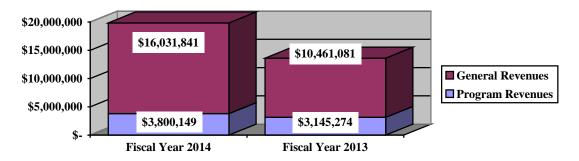
	otal Cost of Services 2014	N	Net Cost of Services 2014	T	otal Cost of Services 2013	N	Net Cost of Services 2013
Program expenses	 _				_		
Instruction:							
Regular	\$ 7,181,160	\$	5,261,111	\$	6,888,816	\$	5,619,959
Special	1,524,790		517,373		1,302,354		469,790
Other	47		47		2,656		2,656
Support services:							
Pupil	679,322		654,256		626,893		550,765
Instructional staff	389,282		372,920		624,699		548,877
Board of education	38,671		38,671		36,810		36,810
Administration	1,040,989		999,917		1,006,822		969,368
Fiscal	342,032		342,032		327,353		327,353
Business	27,150		27,150		-		-
Operations and maintenance	1,309,649		1,300,865		1,215,593		1,161,268
Pupil transportation	856,996		826,913		872,966		844,892
Central	28,941		11,070		51,597		23,450
Operations of non-instructional services:							
Food service operations	582,935		(22,944)		611,741		2,936
Other non-instructional services	20,233		(1,490)		10,646		(7,897)
Extracurricular activities	493,651		387,808		489,036		372,481
Interest and fiscal charges	 171,346		171,346		185,620	_	185,620
Total expenses	\$ 14,687,194	\$	10,887,045	\$	14,253,602	\$	11,108,328

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 66.37% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 74.13% and 77.93% for fiscal years 2014 and 2013, respectively. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants from the State are by far the primary support for District's students.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2014 and 2013.

### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**



### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$2,995,589, which is greater than last year's balance of \$1,498,741. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2014	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	Increase	Percentage <u>Change</u>			
General	\$ 1,557,257	\$ 1,210,335	\$ 346,922	28.66 %			
Straight A	1,068,889	-	1,068,889	100.00 %			
Other Governmental	369,443	288,406	81,037	28.10 %			
Total	\$ 2,995,589	\$ 1,498,741	\$ 1,496,848	99.87 %			

### General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$346,922. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities of the general fund.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	2014 Amount	2013 Amount	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,564,756	\$ 4,112,954	\$ 451,802	10.98 %
Tuition	1,335,359	1,294,177	41,182	3.18 %
Earnings on investments	8,897	13,247	(4,350)	(32.84) %
Intergovernmental	6,901,800	6,314,763	587,037	9.30 %
Other revenues	80,966	135,662	(54,696)	(40.32) %
Total	\$ 12,891,778	\$ 11,870,803	\$ 1,020,975	8.60 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 7,661,436	\$ 7,630,572	\$ 30,864	0.40 %
Support services	4,461,584	4,512,410	(50,826)	(1.13) %
Non-instructional services	5,512	-	5,512	100.00 %
Extracurricular activities	377,612	389,000	(11,388)	(2.93) %
Debt service	42,450	42,450	<del>_</del>	- %
Total	\$ 12,548,594	\$ 12,574,432	\$ (25,838)	(0.21) %

Tax revenue increased \$451,802 or 10.98% from fiscal year 2013. Tuition revenue increased \$41,182 or 3.18% from fiscal year 2013 due to greater revenue from open enrollment. Intergovernmental revenue increased \$587,037 or 9.30% from fiscal year 2013 due to more revenue received from the State. Other revenue decreased \$54,696 or 40.32% from fiscal year 2013 due to less received from refunds and reimbursements. Instructional expenditures increased \$30,864 or 0.40% over fiscal year 2013. This is mainly due to wage and benefit increases. Overall, expenditures decreased \$25,838 or 0.21% from fiscal year 2013.

### Straight A Fund

The Straight A fund had \$3,338,008 in revenues and \$2,269,119 in expenditures during fiscal year 2014. The Straight A fund had a fund balance of \$1,068,889 at June 30, 2014. The Straight A fund accounts for the Straight A grant, which was awarded to the District by the Ohio Department of Education. The District is using the grant to consolidate the District's schools onto one campus, expand technology for students and training for teachers.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2014, the District amended its general fund budget a few times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$11,836,494 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$12,527,586. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal 2014 were \$12,401,238. This represents a \$126,348 decrease from final budgeted revenues and other financing sources.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$12,814,978 were increased to \$12,863,977 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$12,572,676, which was \$291,301 below the final budget appropriations.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2014, the District had \$8,515,960 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

### Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2014	2013			
Land	\$ 137,302	\$ 137,302			
Construction in progress	1,868,562	-			
Building and improvements	6,001,498	6,191,514			
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	259,299	282,333			
Vehicles	249,299	313,670			
Total	\$ 8,515,960	\$ 6,924,819			

The overall increase in capital assets of \$1,591,141 is due to capital outlays of \$1,925,670 being greater than depreciation expense of \$333,459 and disposals of \$1,070 (net of accumulated depreciation) in the current fiscal year.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$4,120,000 in general obligation bonds and \$81,212 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of the total bond and lease obligations, \$347,301 is due within one year and \$3,853,911 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes the bonds and leases outstanding.

### **Outstanding Debt, at Year End**

	Governmental Activities				
	2014	2013			
General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations	\$ 4,120,000 81,212	\$ 4,415,000 115,654			
Total	\$ 4,201,212	\$ 4,530,654			

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The Board of Education and administration closely monitor revenue and expenditures in accordance with the financial forecast. The District has communicated to its community the reliance upon their support for its operations, and that it will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, staying carefully within the District's five-year financial plan.

The District was awarded a \$5,000,000 Straight A Grant from the State of Ohio in December 2013. The grant, themed the Campus of Excellence, specified an addition to the Elementary school to house fifth and sixth grade students, technology upgrades including a 1:1 chrome book program for grades 7 to 12, and developing new community partners to repurpose the former Intermediate school building. All three targets were met for the start of the 2014/2015 school year. The new addition at the elementary opened for students on August 26, 2014, chrome books were distributed to grades 7 to 12 in August 2014, and the Portage County Educational Service Center and Greater Cleveland YMCA are offering programs in the former Intermediate school building.

In conclusion, the budgeting and internal controls utilized by the District are well regarded. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to garner adequate resources to support a quality educational program.

### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact: Mrs. Tracy Knauer, Treasurer, James A. Garfield Local School District, 10235 State Route 88, Garrettsville, Ohio 44231.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,939,403		
Receivables:				
Taxes		4,735,346		
Accounts		4,441		
Intergovernmental		3,957,148		
Accrued interest		533		
Prepayments		22,484		
Materials and supplies inventory		35,654		
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable capital assets		2,005,864		
Depreciable capital assets, net		6,510,096		
Capital assets, net		8,515,960		
Total assets		20,210,969		
1000 0000000000000000000000000000000000	-	20,210,707		
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		90,112		
		J 0,112		
Liabilities:		101.047		
Accounts payable		101,867		
Contracts payable		1,079,064		
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,272,011		
Compensated absences payable		135,665		
Retirement incentive payable		100,444		
Pension obligation payable		224,122		
Intergovernmental payable		50,442		
Accrued interest payable		13,733		
Long-term liabilities:				
Due within one year		441,485		
Due in more than one year	-	4,756,422		
Total liabilities		8,175,255		
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		3,628,997		
.13	-	-,,		
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		3,169,255		
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		3,809,945		
Debt service		320,253		
Locally funded programs		466		
State funded programs		1,707		
Federally funded programs		1,386		
Student activities		34,785		
Other purposes		37,972		
Unrestricted		1,121,060		
Total net position	\$	8,496,829		
Total net position	\$	0,490,029		

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net (Expense)

				Progi	ram Revenues			R	evenue and Changes in Net Position
		C	harges for		rating Grants		ital Grants		overnmental
	 Expenses	Servi	ices and Sales	and (	Contributions	and C	ontributions		Activities
Governmental activities:									
Instruction:									
Regular	\$ 7,181,160	\$	1,255,695	\$	658,960	\$	5,394	\$	(5,261,111)
Special	1,524,790		93,958		913,459		-		(517,373)
Other	47		-		-		-		(47)
Support services:									
Pupil	679,322		-		25,066		-		(654,256)
Instructional staff	389,282		-		16,362		-		(372,920)
Board of education	38,671		-		-		-		(38,671)
Administration	1,040,989		3,274		37,798		-		(999,917)
Fiscal	342,032		-		-		-		(342,032)
Business	27,150		-		_		-		(27,150)
Operations and maintenance .	1,309,649		4,946		3,838		-		(1,300,865)
Pupil transportation	856,996		7,805		22,278		-		(826,913)
Central	28,941		17,871		-		-		(11,070)
Operation of non-instructional services:									, , ,
Food service operations	582,935		266,200		339,679		-		22,944
Other non-instructional services	20,233		-		21,723		-		1,490
Extracurricular activities	493,651		105,843		_		-		(387,808)
Interest and fiscal charges	 171,346								(171,346)
Totals	\$ 14,687,194	\$	1,755,592	\$	2,039,163	\$	5,394		(10,887,045)
		Pro (	eral revenues: operty taxes lev General purpose Debt service.	es					4,512,009 457,255
		t	rants and entitle to specific progrants and entitle	ams .					6,609,416
		5	Straight A const	ruction	project				4,415,400
			vestment earnin						9,430
			iscellaneous .	-					28,331
		Tota	al general reven	ues					16,031,841
		Chai	nge in net positi	on					5,144,796
		Net	position at beg	inning	of year				3,352,033
		Net	position at end	of yea	ır			\$	8,496,829

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General	Stra	ight A Fund	Gov	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	-			<u> </u>				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	2,396,551	\$	201,031	\$	341,821	\$	2,939,403
Taxes		4,303,291		_		432,055		4,735,346
Accounts		2,876		_		1,565		4,441
Intergovernmental		198,650		3,661,992		96,506		3,957,148
Accrued interest		533		3,001,772		70,500		533
				-		42		22.484
Prepayments		22,442		-				, -
Materials and supplies inventory		31,136		-		4,518		35,654
Due from other funds		32,225						32,225
Total assets	\$	6,987,704	\$	3,863,023	\$	876,507	\$	11,727,234
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	48,178	\$	53,078	\$	611	\$	101,867
Contracts payable	Ψ.		Ψ	1,079,064	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,079,064
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,171,706		1,072,004		100,305		1,272,011
Compensated absences payable		116,664		_		19,001		135,665
				-		19,001		,
Retirement incentive payable		100,444		-		1 176		100,444
Intergovernmental payable		49,266		-		1,176		50,442
Pension obligation payable		224,122		-		-		224,122
Due to other funds						32,225		32,225
Total liabilities		1,710,380		1,132,142		153,318		2,995,840
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		3,302,913		_		326,084		3,628,997
Delinquent property tax revenue not available.		244,193		_		25,076		269,269
Accrued interest not available		533		_				533
Other nonexchange transactions not available		-		1,661,992		2,586		1,664,578
Miscellaneous revenue not available		172,428		1,001,772		2,360		172,428
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,720,067		1,661,992		353,746		
Total deferred lilllows of resources		3,720,007		1,001,992		333,740		5,735,805
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		31,136		-		4,518		35,654
Prepaids		22,442		-		42		22,484
Restricted:						200.010		200.010
Debt service		-		-		308,910		308,910
Capital improvements		-		1,068,889		-		1,068,889
Special education		-		-		337		337
Targeted academic assistance		-		-		1,250		1,250
Extracurricular		-		-		34,785		34,785
Other purposes		-		-		40,339		40,339
Committed:								
Other purposes		11,000		-		-		11,000
Assigned:								
Student instruction		28,934		-		-		28,934
Student and staff support		146,481		_		_		146,481
Subsequent year's appropriations		580,967		_		_		580,967
Uniform school supplies		18,348		_		_		18,348
Other purposes		22,388				_		22,388
				-		(20.729)		
Unassigned (deficit)		695,561 1,557,257		1,068,889	-	(20,738) 369,443	-	2,995,589
	-	<u>.</u>						
Total liabilities, deferred outflows and fund balances	\$	6,987,704	\$	3,863,023	\$	876,507	\$	11,727,234

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 2,995,589
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the	
statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	8,515,960
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-	
period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.	
Property taxes receivable \$ 269,269	
Accrued interest receivable 533	
Intergovernmental receivable 1,837,006	
Total	2,106,808
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not	
recognized in the funds.	(156,541)
recognized in the runus.	(130,341)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in	
the funds.	90,112
A compadintenent mayable is not due and mayable in the	
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.	(12.722)
current period and therefore is not reported in the runds.	(13,733)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and	
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported	
in the funds.	
General obligation bonds (4,120,000)	
Capital lease obligations (81,212)	
Compensated absences (840,154)	
Total	 (5,041,366)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 8,496,829

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Straight A Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:		_~		
From local sources:				
Taxes	\$ 4,564,756	\$ -	\$ 461,405	\$ 5,026,161
Tuition	1,335,359	-	· -	1,335,359
Transportation fees	7,805	-	-	7,805
Earnings on investments	8,897	-	35	8,932
Charges for services	-	-	266,200	266,200
Extracurricular	25,546	-	103,891	129,437
Classroom materials and fees	10,467	-	-	10,467
Other local revenues	37,148	-	23,060	60,208
Intergovernmental - intermediate	-	-	13,000	13,000
Intergovernmental - state	6,765,213	3,338,008	100,808	10,204,029
Intergovernmental - federal	136,587	-	890,663	1,027,250
Total revenues	12,891,778	3,338,008	1,859,062	18,088,848
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	6,578,792	397,757	71,271	7,047,820
Special	1,082,597	-	439,183	1,521,780
Other	47	-	-	47
Support services:				
Pupil	647,897	-	25,292	673,189
Instructional staff	369,615	1,050	18,534	389,199
Board of education	38,671	-	-	38,671
Administration	936,860	-	38,326	975,186
Fiscal	326,426	-	10,104	336,530
Business	27,150	-	-	27,150
Operations and maintenance	1,291,518	-	5,250	1,296,768
Pupil transportation	796,256	-	953	797,209
Central	27,191	1,750	-	28,941
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	-	-	576,004	576,004
Other non-instructional services	5,512	-	14,721	20,233
Extracurricular activities	377,612	-	112,807	490,419
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	-	1,868,562	-	1,868,562
Principal retirement	34,442	_	295,000	329,442
Interest and fiscal charges	8,008	_	170,700	178,708
Total expenditures	12,548,594	2,269,119	1,778,145	16,595,858
Excess of revenues over expenditures	343,184	1,068,889	80,917	1,492,990
•	343,104	1,000,007	00,717	1,472,770
Other financing sources:	0.500		100	2.050
Sale of capital assets	3,738		120	3,858
Total other financing sources	3,738		120	3,858
Net change in fund balances	346,922	1,068,889	81,037	1,496,848
Fund balances at beginning of year	1,210,335		288,406	1,498,741
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,557,257	\$ 1,068,889	\$ 369,443	\$ 2,995,589

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,496,848
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions	\$ 1,925,670		
Current year depreciation	(333,459)		
Total		•	1,592,211
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving			
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to			(4.0=0)
decrease net position.			(1,070)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds.			
Property taxes	(56,897)		
Earnings on investments	533		
Intergovernmental	 1,794,112	-	
Total			1,737,748
Repayment of bond and capital lease principal is an expenditure in the			
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities			
on the statement of net position. Principal payments during the year were:			
Bonds	295,000		
Capital leases	 34,442	<u>-</u> ,	
Total			329,442
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,			
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported			
when due. The following items resulted in less interest being			
reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	984		
Amortization of bond premiums	15,028		
Amortization of deferred charges	 (8,650)	-	
Total			7,362
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,			
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures			
in governmental funds.			(17,745)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	5,144,796

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	Actual		egative)
Revenues:		<u> </u>			 		
From local sources:							
Taxes	\$	3,134,400	\$	3,317,407	\$ 3,317,407	\$	-
Tuition		1,261,808		1,335,481	1,335,359		(122)
Transportation fees		6,551		6,933	6,933		-
Earnings on investments		8,527		9,025	9,025		-
Classroom materials and fees		1,417		1,500	762		(738)
Other local revenues		7,705		8,155	6,650		(1,505)
Intergovernmental - state		6,355,839		6,726,934	6,604,536		(122,398)
Intergovernmental - federal		132,295		140,019	140,019		-
Total revenues		10,908,542		11,545,454	 11,420,691		(124,763)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		6,586,449		6,611,633	6,569,849		41,784
Special		1,107,153		1,111,386	1,085,101		26,285
Other		5,138		5,158	54		5,104
Support services:							
Pupil		662,179		664,711	652,787		11,924
Instructional staff		452,524		454,254	423,063		31,191
Board of education		41,364		41,522	39,102		2,420
Administration		983,557		987,318	961,683		25,635
Fiscal		323,704		324,942	316,616		8,326
Business		33,435		33,563	30,492		3,071
Operations and maintenance		1,342,146		1,347,278	1,296,880		50,398
Pupil transportation		900,235		903,677	825,788		77,889
Central		309		310	310		-
Operation of non-instructional services .		5,491		5,512	5,512		-
Extracurricular activities		364,420		365,813	 359,193		6,620
Total expenditures		12,808,104		12,857,077	 12,566,430		290,647
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(1,899,562)		(1,311,623)	 (1,145,739)		165,884
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures		24,566		26,000	24,677		(1,323)
Refund of prior year's (receipts)		(6,874)		(6,900)	(6,246)		654
Transfers in		882,298		933,812	933,812		-
Advances in		17,309		18,320	18,320		-
Sale of capital assets		3,779		4,000	3,738		(262)
Total other financing sources (uses)		921,078		975,232	 974,301		(931)
Net change in fund balance		(978,484)		(336,391)	(171,438)		164,953
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,165,074		2,165,074	2,165,074		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		111,293		111,293	111,293		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,297,883	\$	1,939,976	\$ 2,104,929	\$	164,953

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	40,081	
Receivables:			
Accounts		65	
	<u></u>		
Total assets	\$	40,146	
Liabilities:			
Due to students	\$	40,146	
Total liabilities	\$	40,146	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The James A. Garfield Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District serves an area of approximately fifty-six square miles in Portage County including the Village of Garrettsville and portions of the surrounding townships of Freedom, Nelson, Hiram and Charlestown.

The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State and/or federal agencies. The Board controls the District's three instructional/support facilities staffed by 57 non-certified and 94 certified full time teaching personnel, including 9 administrators, who provide services to 1,521 students and other community members.

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

The District is associated with the Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium, Portage County Schools Consortium, and Maplewood Career Center, which are defined as jointly governed organizations. Jointly governed organizations are governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. Information regarding these organizations is presented below.

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Stark Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC)

SPARCC is a data consortium of 35 school districts. SPARCC was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports SPARCC based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last 12 months' financial contribution. SPARCC is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the District does not have any equity interest in SPARCC because a residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest.

Financial information can be obtained from the Treasurer for the Stark County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2100, 38th Street NW, Canton, Ohio 44709-2300.

### Portage County School Consortium (the "Consortium")

Portage County School Consortium is an insurance group-purchasing consortium made up of 22 school districts in Columbiana, Portage and Mahoning Counties. All member districts pay an insurance premium directly to the Consortium. The District paid \$1,709,189 in the form of health care premiums to the Consortium for the current fiscal year.

### Maplewood Career Center

The Maplewood Career Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of two representatives from each of the ten participating school districts' elected Boards, which possess its own budgeting and taxing authority. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of providing vocational instruction to juniors and seniors in the participating districts. To obtain financial information, write to the Maplewood Career Center, Michelle Seckman, who serves as Treasurer, at 7075 State Route 88, Ravenna, Ohio 44266-9131.

#### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

### Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District has no proprietary funds.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Straight A fund</u> - The Straight A fund is used to account for grant revenue awarded to the District from the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) for the purpose of consolidating all of the District's schools onto one campus and for the purchase of technology for students.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

#### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the grant's timing requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2014, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the fund financial statements as intergovernmental revenue and an expenditure of food service operations. In addition, this amount is reported in the statement of activities as an expense with a like amount reported within the "operating grants and contributions" program revenue account.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

### E. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The amounts reported as the original budget revenue in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted revenue amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during fiscal year 2014. The amounts reported as the original budgeted expenditure amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted expenditure amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2014. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$8,897, which includes \$1,730 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

### **G.** Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. It is the policy of the District to not capitalize interest costs incurred as part of construction.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 years
Buildings	30 - 50 years
Furniture fixtures and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 20 years

### I. Interfund Balances

Payables resulting from workers' compensation liabilities and certain pension liabilities in the nonmajor governmental funds and amounts to cover negative cash balances are recorded as "due to other funds" and a corresponding receivable recorded as "due from other funds" in the general fund. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

### J. Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employee's rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent it is probable that benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination (severance) payments.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

### K. Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Deferred Charge on Refunding

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of the debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This deferred charge on refunding is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources.

On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized in the current period. A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.A.

### L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for special trusts.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

### N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position and the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is offset by a nonspendable amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### P. Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of Education has \$50,662 of unassigned fund balance in the general fund set aside to be used for budget stabilization. The Board has set aside these funds to cover emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The budget stabilization arrangement may be removed by action of the Board of Education at any time.

### Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

### R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2014.

### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees".

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor governmental funds		Deficit		
Food service	\$	12,708		
Title VI-B		3,470		

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

#### A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$1,714,643, which is exclusive of STAR Ohio reported as an investment below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2014, \$1,241,915 of the District's bank balance of \$2,010,107 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$768,192 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### **B.** Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			<b>Investment Maturities</b>				
			6	months or			
<u>Investment type</u>	]	Fair value		less			
STAR Ohio	\$	1,264,841	\$	1,264,841			
	\$	1,264,841	\$	1,264,841			

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk arises as potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

*Credit Risk:* STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2014:

Investment type	<u>Fair value</u>	% of total
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,264,841	100.00%
	\$ 1,264,841	100.00%

#### C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investment to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

Cash and investments per note
-------------------------------

Carrying amount of deposits	\$	1,714,643
Investments		1,264,841
Total	\$	2,979,484
Cash and investments per statement of net position	<u>on</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	2,939,403
Agency fund		40,081
Total	\$	2,979,484

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

Due to/from other funds at June 30, 2014 as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following:

Due from other funds	<u>Due to other funds</u>	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 32.225

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

The purpose of the due to/from other funds balance at June 30, 2014 is to show the liability of certain nonmajor governmental funds to the general fund for their portion of the workers' compensation and pension liabilities and to cover negative cash balances.

Due to/from other funds between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2014 are reported on the statement of net position.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Portage County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$756,185 in the general fund and \$80,895 in the bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2013 was \$315,112 in the general fund and \$33,328 in the bond retirement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

		2013 Second			2014 First			
		Half Collect	ions	]	Half Collections			
	_	Amount	Percent		Amount			
Agricultural/residential								
and other real estate	\$	160,406,680	96.88	\$ 16	50,342,390	96.59		
Public utility personal		5,164,310	3.12		5,668,150	3.41		
Total	\$	165,570,990	100.00	<u>\$ 16</u>	66,010,540	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	65.63		\$	65.63			

### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of taxes, accounts, intergovernmental grants and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

### **Governmental activities:**

Taxes	\$ 4,735,34	6
Accounts	4,44	.1
Intergovernmental	3,957,14	8
Accrued interest	53	3
Total	\$ 8,697,46	8

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within subsequent years.

# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

# NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance 06/30/13	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 06/30/14
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 137,302 - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 1,868,562 1,868,562	\$ - - -	\$ 137,302 1,868,562 2,005,864
Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings and improvements Furniture, fixtures and equipment Vehicles	286,374 10,495,640 1,086,881 935,493	57,108	(50,168)	286,374 10,495,640 1,093,821 935,493
Total capital assets, being depreciated	12,804,388	57,108	(50,168)	12,811,328
Less: accumulated depreciation  Land improvements  Buildings and improvements  Furniture, fixtures and equipment  Vehicles	(286,374) (4,304,126) (804,548) (621,823)	(190,016) (79,072) (64,371)	- - 49,098 	(286,374) (4,494,142) (834,522) (686,194)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,016,871)	(333,459)	49,098	(6,301,232)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net	6,787,517 \$ 6,924,819	(276,351) \$ 1,592,211	(1,070) \$ (1,070)	6,510,096 \$ 8,515,960
Governmentar activities capitar assets, net	Ψ 0,727,017	Ψ 1,372,211	$\psi$ (1,070)	Ψ 0,515,700

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 187,549
Special	5,494
Support services:	
Pupil	622
Instructional staff	6,922
Administration	39,700
Fiscal	775
Operations and maintenance	22,423
Pupil transportation	59,322
Extracurricular	3,375
Food service operations	 7,277
Total depreciation expense	\$ 333,459

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 9 - CAPITALIZED LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years, the District entered into capitalized leases for copier equipment. These lease agreements met the criteria of a capital lease as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of office equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$175,243. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2014 was \$99,303, leaving a current book value of \$75,940. Principal payments in fiscal year 2014 totaled \$34,442 paid by the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		<u>Amount</u>
2015	\$	42,450
2016		42,450
2017		3,537
Total		88,437
Less: amount representing interest		(7,225)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	81,212

### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During the fiscal year 2014, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	_	Balance 06/30/13	 Additions	<u> </u>	Reductions	_	Balance 06/30/14	Amounts Due in One Year
General obligation bonds Capital lease obligation Compensated absences	\$	4,415,000 115,654 822,409	\$ - - 101,146	\$	(295,000) (34,442) (83,401)	\$	4,120,000 81,212 840,154	\$ 310,000 37,301 94,184
Total	\$	5,353,063	\$ 101,146	\$	(412,843)		5,041,366	\$ 441,485
Add: Unamortized premiur	m or	refunding				_	156,541	
Total on statement of net po	ositio	on				\$	5,197,907	

<u>Compensated absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

<u>Capital lease obligation</u>: The capital lease obligation will be paid from the general fund. See Note 9 for details.

**B.** On March 1, 2007, the District issued general obligation bonds (series 2007 refunding bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the series 1999 current interest general obligation bonds (callable principal \$5,105,000). The issuance proceeds of \$5,258,550 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. At June 30, 2014, \$4,065,000 of this debt was outstanding.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$4,865,000 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The interest rate on the refunding issue is 4%.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$153,550. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the 2007 series refunding bonds:

Fiscal Year	 Current Interest Bonds								
Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Total					
2015	\$ 310,000	\$	158,600	\$	468,600				
2016	315,000		146,100		461,100				
2017	330,000		133,200		463,200				
2018	345,000		119,700		464,700				
2019	360,000		105,600		465,600				
2020 - 2024	2,010,000		297,200		2,307,200				
2025	 450,000		9,000		459,000				
Total	\$ 4,120,000	\$	969,400	\$	5,089,400				

### C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2014, are a voted debt margin of \$11,129,859 (including available funds of \$308,910) and an unvoted debt margin of \$166,011.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 11 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made for thirty percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of seventy-five days for both certificated and classified employees. An employee receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS).

### **B.** Group Health and Dental Insurance

Health, life, vision and dental and other group insurance is offered to employees as a fringe benefit. Employer and employee contributions to premium are determined by negotiated agreements with employee labor unions. Currently, all coverage is 90% Board paid, while the remaining 10% is paid by the employee.

#### C. Early Retirement Incentive

The District offers an early retirement incentive plan for certified and classified employees. The employee must have ten or more full years of continuous full-time service with the District since the most recent date of employment or reemployment and must be in an active state of employment at the time of retirement.

For fiscal year 2014, any certified or classified employee eligible to retire as of March 1, 2014 will receive the early retirement incentive if they notify the District by March 1, 2014 and retire by July 1, 2014.

For certified employees, the amount of the retirement incentive is a one-time payment of \$15,000 to be made by January 31 of the year following retirement. Five certified employees took the retirement incentive during fiscal year 2014.

For classified employees, the amount of the retirement incentive bonus is a one-time payment equal to one third of the employee's previous year's pay to be made by January 31 of the year following retirement. Two classified employees took the retirement incentive bonus during fiscal year 2014.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

### A. Comprehensive

The District participates in the Portage County School Consortium (the "Consortium"), which is a cooperative entity among 22 educational-service providers formed in 1981 to facilitate effective risk management and to share the cost of providing various insurance coverages and employee benefits. The Health and Welfare Trust is organized under the provisions of Section 501(c) (9) of the Internal Revenue Code. Its purpose is to facilitate the management of risks associated with providing employee benefits coverage such as health insurance, disability insurance and life insurance. A third party administrator is retained by the consortium to facilitate the operation of the Health and Welfare Trust. The District pays all insurance premiums directly to the consortium. The insurance agreement with the Consortium also provides that the Consortium will reinsure through commercial companies for claims over \$200,000 per employee. Although the District does not participate in the day-to-day management of the Consortium, one of its administrators serves as a trustee of the Consortium's governing board, as provided in the Consortium's enabling authority. Although the District recognizes that it retains a contingent liability to provide insurance coverage should the assets of the Consortium become depleted, it is the opinion of management that the assets of the Consortium are sufficient to meet its claims.

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2014, the District contracted with the following carriers for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Insurance Provider	Coverage	Deductible
Ohio Casualty Insurance	General Liability	\$0
Ohio Casualty Insurance	School Bus	\$1,000
Ohio Casualty Insurance	Automobile	\$250/\$500
Ohio Casualty Insurance	Property Insurance	\$2,500

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from coverages in the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

# B. Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan"), an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 2.A.). The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan.

The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the Plan rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Plan. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Plan. Participation in the Plan is limited to districts that can meet the Plan's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS**

### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the District Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <a href="www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a>, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$220,370, \$224,834 and \$223,225, respectively; 81.41 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$779,916, \$832,604 and \$796,190, respectively; 85.11 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$34,508 made by the District and \$27,113 made by the plan members.

#### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$31,542, \$28,629 and \$43,400, respectively; 81.41 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$12,785, \$12,701 and \$13,183, respectively; 81.41 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$59,994, \$64,046 and \$61,245, respectively; 85.11 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to a reservation of fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (171,438)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	370,920
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(93,615)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(36,751)
Funds budgeted elsewhere **	90,245
Adjustment for encumbrances	187,561
GAAP basis	\$ 346,922

As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "<u>Fund Balance Reporting</u>", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the emergency levy fund, uniform school supplies fund, public school support fund, District agency fund, and underground storage tank fund.

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### B. Litigation

The District is not involved in material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### **NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	<u>Im</u>	Capital provements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		256,452
Current year qualifying expenditures		(453,147)
Total	\$	(196,695)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2015	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

# **NOTE 18 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS**

As of June 30, 2014, the District has commitments with the following companies for the construction project.

			Amount Paid		Amount	
		Contract	as of		]	Remaining
Contractor	Amount		June 30, 2014		C	on Contract
Hammond Construction	\$	4,149,640	\$	729,062	\$	3,420,578

### **NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Year-End
General fund	\$ 141,750
Straight A fund	2,730,881
Other governmental	 12,902
Total	\$ 2,885,533

# FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Pass Through Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Nutrition Cluster: Non Cash Assistance (Food Distribution) National School Lunch Program		10.555	\$42,543	\$39,106
National School Breakfast Program	049205-3L70-2014	10.553	53,854	53,854
National School Lunch Program	049205-3L60-2014	10.555	240,825	240,825
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			337,222	333,785
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:  Title I, Part A Cluster  Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	049205-3M00-2013	84.010	36.817	35,559
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	049205-3M00-2014	84.010	186,413 223,230	181,518 217,077
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education Grants to States  Total Special Education Grants to States	049250-3M20-2013 049250-3M20-2014	84.027 84.027	46,700 236,540 283,240	47,558 233,568 281,126
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II, Part A	049205-3Y60-2014	84.367	47,082	47,058
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			553,552	545,261
TOTALS			\$890,774	\$879,046

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedu

# NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the James A. Garfield Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

#### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

James A. Garfield Local School District Portage County 10235 State Route 88 Garrettsville, Ohio 44231

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the James A. Garfield Local School District, Portage County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2014.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

James A. Garfield Local School District
Portage County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 5, 2014

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

James A. Garfield Local School District Portage County 10235 State Route 88 Garrettsville, Ohio 44231

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the James A. Garfield Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

#### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the James A. Garfield Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

James A. Garfield Local School District
Portage County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 5, 2014

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster CFDA # 84.027 Child Nutrition Cluster CFDA # 10.555 and 10.553
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

### None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS	3	FINDINGS	FOR	FFDFRAI	AWARDS
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### None

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30 2014

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; <i>Explain</i>
2013-001	Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.24 provides the Board of Education shall fix the compensation of its treasurer which shall be paid from only the general fund of the district.  The District charged 10% of the Treasurer's salary and benefits in the amount of \$12,308 to the Food Service Fund, which is prohibited under ORC 3313.24(A).	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid – Has Been Corrected.
2013-002	2 C.F.R., Part 225, Appendix A(C)(1)(c) and Appendix B paragraph 8(h)(3-5) - Noted unallowable costs being paid from the Child Nutrition Cluster Program Grant which resulted in questioned costs of \$18,549.	Yes	Finding No Longer Valid – Has Been Corrected.



# JAMES A. GARFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

### **PORTAGE COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 30, 2014