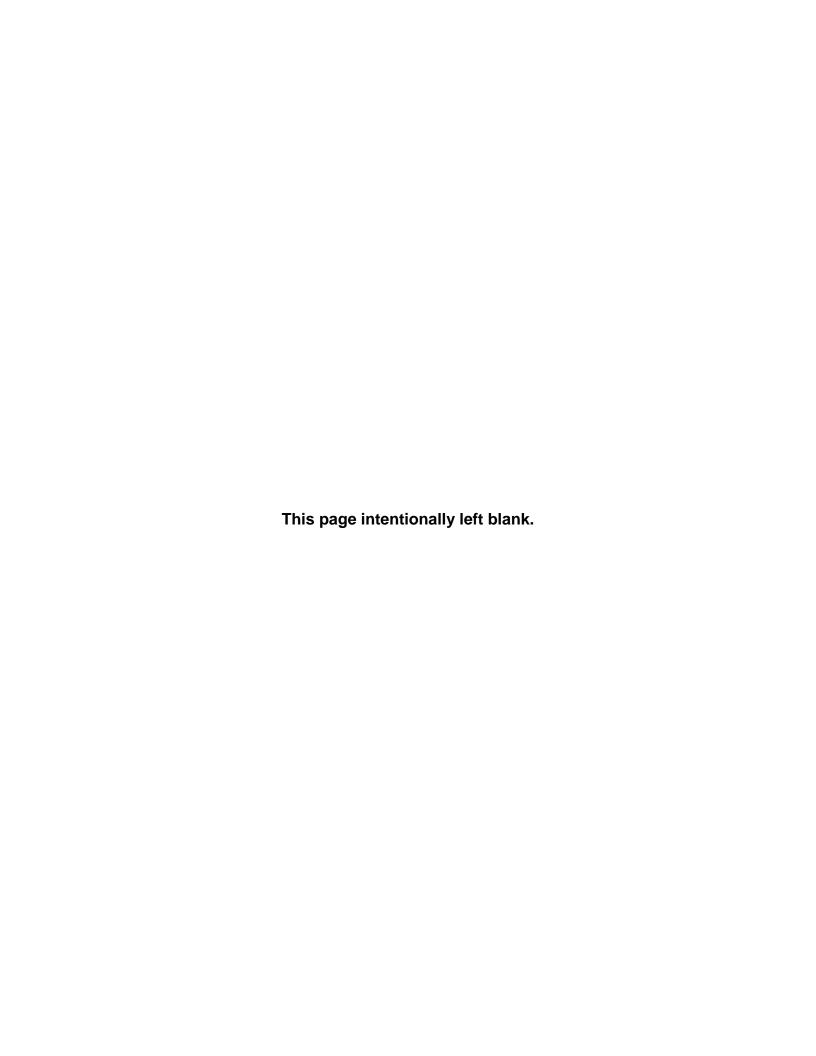




TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2013	3
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances (Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types - For the Year Ended December 31, 2012	4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	13



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Lake Township Stark County 12360 Market Avenue North Canton, Ohio 44632

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of Lake Township, Stark County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Government's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Lake Township Stark County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy requirements.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Lake Township, Stark County as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2014, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 25, 2014

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Ocal Bassints	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes	\$105,878	\$5,290,331	\$0	\$5,396,209
Licenses, Permits and Fees	361,944	φ5,∠90,331 74,537	0 20	436,481
Fines and Forfeitures	3,765	1,181	0	4,946
Intergovernmental	374,628	1,276,848	0	1,651,476
Special Assessments	0	95,734	0	95,734
Earnings on Investments	10,311	254	0	10,565
Miscellaneous	57,455	96,704	885	155,044
Total Cash Receipts	913,981	6,835,589	885	7,750,455
Cash Disbursements				
Current:	442.027	0	0	442.007
General Government Public Safety	413,027 0	0 3,953,040	0	413,027 3,953,040
Public Works	627	2,407,597	0	2,408,224
Health	160,401	94,004	0	254,405
Capital Outlay	69,180	215,933	0	285,113
Total Cash Disbursements	643,235	6,670,574	0	7,313,809
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	270,746	165,015	885	436,646
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Transfers In	0	60,000	0	60,000
Transfers Out	0	(60,000)	0	(60,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	0	0	0	0
Not Ohamas in Frank Oook Balanasa	070 740	405.045	005	400.040
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	270,746	165,015	885	436,646
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	1,072,357	2,833,589	2,993,502	6,899,448
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	15,785	2,160,808	240,287	2,416,880
Committed	141,748	837,796	2,754,100	3,733,644
Assigned	748,145	0	0	748,145
Unassigned (Deficit)	437,425	0	0	437,425
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$1,343,103	\$2,998,604	\$2,994,387	\$7,336,094

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	# 440.000	# 5 404 045	Φ.0	45 505 707
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$113,922	\$5,421,815	\$0	\$5,535,737
Charges for Services	0	110,045	0	110,045
Licenses, Permits and Fees Fines and Forfeitures	376,170	0 7,739	0	376,170
Intergovernmental	4,942 407,569	7,739 1,208,754	0	12,681 1,616,323
Special Assessments	407,569	77,940	0	77,940
Earnings on Investments	6,981	77,940 291	0	77,940 7,272
Miscellaneous	48,092	168,975	4,946	222,013
Miscellarieous	40,092	100,973	4,940	222,013
Total Cash Receipts	957,676	6,995,559	4,946	7,958,181
Cash Disbursements Current:				
General Government	451,075	0	0	451,075
Public Safety	0	4,065,524	0	4,065,524
Public Works	603	2,059,043	0	2,059,646
Health	156,911	92,712	0	249,623
Capital Outlay	84,817	131,064	171,232	387,113
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Total Cash Disbursements	693,406	6,348,343	171,232	7,212,981
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	264,270	647,216	(166,286)	745,200
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	264,270	647,216	(166,286)	745,200
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 (restated)	808,087	2,186,373	3,159,788	6,154,248
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	•	0.000.075	000 400	0.040.077
Restricted	0	2,003,675	239,402	2,243,077
Committed	107,874	829,914	2,754,100	3,691,888
Assigned	964,483	0 0	0 0	964,483
Unassigned (Deficit)	0			0
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$1,072,357	\$2,833,589	\$2,993,502	\$6,899,448

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Lake Township, Stark County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides general government services, including road and bridge maintenance, park operations and police protection. The Township contracts with the Greentown, Hartville, and Uniontown Volunteer Fire Departments to provide fire and ambulance services.

The Township participates in two jointly governed organizations and a public entity risk pool. Notes 7 and 8 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

Ohio Plan Risk Management Inc. - This organization is an unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

The Stark Council of Governments (SCOG) – This organization is a statutorily created political subdivision of Ohio for purposes of providing a permanent forum for discussion and study of concerns of the county, cities, villages and townships for development of policies and programs for implementation by one or more of the local governing bodies.

The Stark County Regional Planning Commission (SCRPC) – This organization is a statutorily created political subdivision of Ohio for the purpose of formulating and renewing plans affecting long and short term social, economic, and governmental developmental within the region.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Township values the repurchase agreement and certificates of deposit at cost.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Police District Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money for the purposes of providing police protection services for the Township.

<u>Fire District Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money for the purposes of providing fire protection services for the Township.

3. Capital Project Funds

These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant capital project funds:

<u>Capital Project Administration Building Fund</u> – This fund receives transfers from the General Fund to be used for the future construction of a new administration building.

<u>Capital Project Maintenance Building Fund</u> – This fund accounts for monies to be used for the future construction of a new maintenance building.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the office, department and division level of control for the General Fund and fund level for all other, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2013 and 2012 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Fund Balance (Continued)

3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

2. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCES

The General Fund balance as of January 1, 2012 has been restated due to the correction of an error. General government disbursements previously reported in the General Fund as of December 31, 2011 were \$134,444; however, actual expenditures were \$132,444,

	General
Fund balance, December 31, 2011	\$806,087
Correction of general government disbursements	2,000
Fund balance, January 1, 2012	\$808,087

3. EQUITY IN POOLED DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2013	2012
Demand deposits	\$576,094	(\$10,552)
Certificates of deposit	2,000,000	0
Total deposits	2,576,094	(10,552)
Repurchase agreement	4,760,000	6,910,000
Total deposits and investments	\$7,336,094	\$6,899,448

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Investments: The Township's financial institution transfers securities to the Township's agent to collateralize repurchase agreements. The securities are not in the Township's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

4. BUDGETARY ACTIVITY

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2013 and 2012 follows:

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$913,580	\$913,981	\$401
Special Revenue	6,895,578	6,895,589	11
Capital Projects	885	885	0
Total	\$7,810,043	\$7,810,455	\$412

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	-
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$2,017,621	\$663,677	\$1,353,944
Special Revenue	7,839,579	7,102,304	737,275
Capital Projects	3,020,266	116,086	2,904,180
Total	\$12,877,466	\$7,882,067	\$4,995,399

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts

	gotoa roi riotaai	r tooolpto	
	Budgeted	Actual	_
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$956,368	\$957,676	\$1,308
Special Revenue	7,004,213	6,995,559	(8,654)
Capital Projects	4,200	4,946	746
Total	\$7,964,781	\$7,958,181	(\$6,600)

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

2012 Baagetou ver / tetaar Baagetar y Bacie Experiantaree			
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$1,630,097	\$766,073	\$864,024
Special Revenue	9,784,777	6,911,848	2,872,929
Capital Projects	3,073,457	321,975	2,751,482
Total	\$14,488,331	\$7,999,896	\$6,488,435

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

5. PROPERTY TAX

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township. The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

6. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The Township's elected officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes these plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2013 and 2012, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2013.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The Township belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - formerly known as the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverage to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss, except OPRM retains 41.5% (effective November 1, 2011) of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2012 the plan increased its retention to 50% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. The Plan's property retention remained unchanged from prior years. This change was made to balance the reinsurance market conditions. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 767 and 765 members as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2012 and 2011 (the latest information available).

2012	2011
\$13,100,381	\$12,501,280
(6,687,193)	(5,328,761)
\$6,413,188	\$7,172,519
	\$13,100,381 (6,687,193)

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

8. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The Stark Council of Governments (SCOG) is a statutorily created political subdivision of Ohio for purposes of providing a permanent forum for discussion and study of concerns of the county, cities, villages and townships for development of policies and programs for implementation by one or more of the local governing bodies. SCOG is jointly governed among municipalities and townships located in Stark County. Each member's control over the operation of the Council is limited to its representation on the Board which consists of 27 members. The Board exercises total control of SCOG operations. Complete the financial statements may be obtained from the Regional Planning Commission, Stark County, Ohio.

The Stark County Regional Planning Commission (SCRPC) is a statutorily created political subdivision of Ohio for the purpose of formulating and renewing plans affecting long and short term social, economic, and governmental developmental within the region. The Commission is jointly governed among municipalities and townships located in Stark County. Each member's control over the operation of SCRPC is limited to its representation on the Board which consists of 61 members. The Board exercises total control over SCRPC operations. Complete financial statements may be obtained from the Regional Planning Commission, Stark County, Ohio.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Lake Township Stark County 12360 Market Avenue North Hartville, Ohio 44632

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of Lake Township, Stark County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2014 wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-02-03 permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

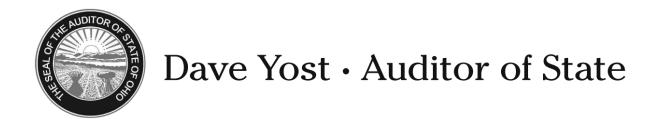
Lake Township Stark County Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

June 25, 2014



LAKE TOWNSHIP

STARK COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED AUGUST 12, 2014