FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Including Independent Auditors' Report

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012





Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Ventures 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and Municipal Energy
Services Agency
1111 Schrock Road Suite 100
Columbus, Ohio 43229

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Ventures 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and Municipal Energy Services Agency, Franklin County, prepared by Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co., for the audit period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Ventures 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and Municipal Energy Services Agency is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

June 4, 2014



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1 ("OMEGA JV1"), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 1, OMEGA JV1 adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2014 on our consideration of OMEGA JV1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OMEGA JV1's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Financial Statement Overview

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1 ("OMEGA JV1") for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

OMEGA JV1 prepares its basic financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. OMEGA JV1's basic financial statements include the statements of net position; the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the statements of cash flows.

The statements of net position provide information about the nature and amount of assets and liabilities of OMEGA JV1 as of the end of the year. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report revenues and expenses for the year. The statements of cash flows report cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating and investing activities.

Financial Highlights

The following table summarizes the financial position of OMEGA JV1 as of December 31:

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	2013		2012			2011
Assets					•	
Electric plant, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	172,165	\$	191,909	\$	227,325
Board designated funds		74,546		71,199		76,977
Long term regulatory assets		75,594		72,340		62,539
Current assets		181,763		181,017		191,313
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	504,068	\$	516,465	\$	558,154
Net Position and Liabilities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	172,165	\$	191,909	\$	227,325
Net position - unrestricted		231,422		231,517		237,404
Total net position		403,587		423,426		464,729
Current liabilities		25,935		21,840		16,448
Noncurrent liabilities		74,546		71,199		76,977
Total Net Position and Liabilities	\$	504,068	\$	516,465	\$	558,154

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

2013 vs. 2012

Total assets were \$504,068 and \$516,465 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$12,397. The decrease in 2013 total assets is due primarily to an increase in accumulated depreciation, an increase in receivables from participants and a decrease in operating cash offset by an increase in regulatory assets.

Electric plant, net of accumulated depreciation was \$172,165 and \$191,909 at year-end 2013 and 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$19,744. The decrease was primarily the result of an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$19,710. The cost associated with the asset retirement obligation included in the cost of electric plant for 2013 was \$27,684, versus \$27,718 in 2012. ARO obligations for OMEGA JV1 were prepared by an independent engineering consultant.

Regulatory assets were \$75,594 and \$72,340 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$3,254. Regulatory assets contain amounts for ARO and operational and maintenance related expenses. These regulatory amounts are recorded in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as the corresponding expense is realized.

Current assets were \$181,763 and \$181,017 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$746. Compared to 2012 levels, cash decreased \$58,243, accounts receivable increased \$10,384, inventory increased \$252, and prepaid assets increased \$88 and current regulatory assets increased \$48,265.

Total net position and liabilities were \$504,068 and \$516,465 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$12,397.

Total net position was \$403,587 and \$423,426 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$19,839, which resulted from the 2013 net loss which is all related to depreciation. Net investment in capital assets was \$172,165 and \$191,909 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$19,744. This decrease resulted from the decrease in electric plant, net of depreciation explained above. Unrestricted net position was \$231,422 and \$231,517 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$95.

Current liabilities were \$25,935 and \$21,840 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$4,095. This resulted from an increase in accounts payable of \$3,295 and an increase in payables to related parties of \$515 and an increase in accruals of \$285.

Noncurrent liabilities were \$74,546 and \$71,199 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$3,347. This increase was due to the increase in the net present value of estimated ARO obligations for the project, based on an

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

independent analysis performed by an engineering firm hired by the project and by the regulatory liabilities relating to variable operation and maintenance expenses.

2012 vs. 2011

Total assets were \$516,465 and \$558,154 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$41,689. The decrease in 2012 total assets is due primarily to an increase in accumulated depreciation.

Electric plant, net of accumulated depreciation was \$191,909 and \$227,325 at year-end 2012 and 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$35,416. The decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in ARO asset values of \$12,691 and an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$22,725. The cost associated with the asset retirement obligation included in the cost of electric plant for 2012 was \$27,718, versus \$40,409 in 2011. ARO obligations for OMEGA JV1 were prepared by an independent engineering consultant.

Regulatory assets were \$72,340 and \$62,539 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$9,801. Regulatory assets contain amounts for ARO expenses. These regulatory amounts are recorded in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as the corresponding expense is realized.

Current assets were \$181,017 and \$191,313 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$10,296. Compared to 2011 levels, cash and temporary investments and accrued interest receivable increased \$4,131, accounts receivable decreased \$3,253, inventory decreased \$11,678, and prepaid assets increased \$504.

Total net position and liabilities were \$516,465 and \$558,154 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$41,689.

Total net position was \$423,426 and \$464,729 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$41,303, which resulted from the 2012 net loss. Net investment in capital assets was \$191,909 and \$227,325 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$35,416. This decrease resulted from the decrease in electric plant, net of depreciation explained above. Unrestricted net position was \$231,517 and \$237,404 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$5,887.

Current liabilities were \$21,840 and \$16,448 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$5,392. This resulted from an increase in accounts payable of \$1,498 and an increase in payables to related parties of \$4,014 and a decrease in accruals of \$120.

Noncurrent liabilities were \$71,199 and \$76,977 as of December 31, 2012 December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$5,778. This decrease was due to the decrease in the

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

net present value of estimated ARO obligations for the project, based on an independent analysis performed by an engineering firm hired by the project.

The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses and net position of OMEGA JV1 for the year ended December 31:

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

		2013	2012		2011	
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	379,759 402,996	\$	208,132 255,149	\$	192,105 207,033
Operating Loss		(23,237)		(47,017)		(14,928)
Nonoperating revenue						
Investment income		85		171		403
Future recoverable costs		3,312		5,543		5,770
Nonoperating Revenue		3,397		5,714		6,173
Change in Net Position	\$	(19,840)	\$	(41,303)	\$	(8,755)

Operating results

Electric revenues in 2013 were \$379,759 versus \$208,132 in 2012 which is an increase of \$171,627. Electric revenues in 2012 were \$208,132 versus \$192,105 in 2011 which is an increase of \$16,027. Electric rates are set by the Board of Participants based on budgets and are intended to cover budgeted operating expenses, actual fuel expense and debt service, if any.

Operating expenses in 2013 were \$402,996 versus \$255,149 in 2012 which is an increase of \$147,847. The increase in operating expenses in 2013 is due to increases in capacity, utilities and Rice Neshap allocation, which were partially offset by decreases in fuel and maintenance. Operating expenses in 2012 were \$255,149 versus \$207,033 in 2011 which is an increase of \$48,116. The increase in operating expenses in 2012 is due to increases in related party services, fuel, insurance, ARO depreciation expense and professional services, which were partially offset by decreases in maintenance and ARO accretion expense.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Investment income in 2013 was \$85 versus \$171 in 2012 which is a decrease of \$86. Investment income in 2012 was \$171 versus \$403 in 2011 which is a decrease of \$232. Investment income for OMEGA JV1 is interest earned on checking account balances and short term investments.

There were no distributions to participants of OMEGA JV1 in 2013 or 2012.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact management at 614.540.1111 or 1111 Schrock Road – Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43229.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	72,772	\$	131,015
Receivables from participants	•	19,225	Ť	8,841
Inventory		36,576		36,324
Regulatory assets		48,265		-
Prepaid expenses		4,925		4,837
Total Current Assets		181,763		181,017
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Electric Plant				
Electric generators		513,997		514,031
Fuel tank		35,000		35,000
Accumulated depreciation		(376,832)		(357,122)
Net Electric Plant		172,165		191,909
Other Assets				
Board designated funds		74,546		71,199
Regulatory assets		75,594		72,340
Total Non-Current Assets		322,305		335,448
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	504,068	\$	516,465
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	14,825	\$	11,245
Payable to related parties		11,110		10,595
Total Current Liabilities		25,935		21,840
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Asset retirement obligation		74,546		71,199
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		74,546		71,199
Total Liabilities		100,481		93,039
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		172,165		191,909
Unrestricted		231,422		231,517
Total Net Position		403,587		423,426
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	504,068	\$	516,465

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	 2013	 2012
OPERATING REVENUES		
Electric revenue	\$ 379,759	\$ 208,132
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Related party services	111,017	112,996
Capacity	126,624	-
Depreciation	19,710	22,725
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	3,439	2,656
Fuel	44,501	55,852
Maintenance	13,948	24,589
Utilities	17,363	, -
Insurance	20,904	22,037
Professional services	8,709	12,717
Other operating expenses	36,781	1,577
Total Operating Expenses	 402,996	255,149
Operating Loss	 (23,237)	 (47,017)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Investment income	86	171
Future recoverable costs	3,312	5,543
Total Non-Operating Revenues	3,398	5,714
Change in net position	(19,839)	(41,303)
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	 423,426	 464,729
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 403,587	\$ 423,426

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from participants	\$	321,110	\$	211,389
Cash paid to related parties for personnel services	Ψ	(110,502)	Ψ	(108,982)
Cash payments to suppliers and related parties for goods		(110,302)		(100,302)
and services		(265,590)		(104,224)
	-		_	
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(54,982)		(1,817)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investments sold and matured		-		35,415
Investment income received		86		175
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		86		35,590
The Gastrian and Symmosting / teathing			_	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(54,896)		33,773
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		202,214		168,441
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	147,318	\$	202,214
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH	_	2013		2012
USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$	(23,237)	\$	(47,017)
Depreciation		19,710		22,725
Accretion of asset retirement obligation		3,439		2,656
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Receivables from participants		(10,384)		3,253
Regulatory assets		(48,265)		-
Inventory		(252)		11,678
Prepaid expenses		(88)		(504)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,580		1,378
Payable to related parties	_	515	_	4,014
NET CACH LICED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES				(4.047)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	(54,982)	\$	(1,817)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO	<u>\$</u>	(54,982)	\$	(1,817)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO	<u>\$</u>	(54,982)	\$	(1,817)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION	<u>-</u>	·		·
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Cash and temporary investments	<u>\$</u>	72,772		131,015
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Cash and temporary investments Board designated funds	\$	72,772 74,546	\$	131,015 71,199
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Cash and temporary investments	<u>-</u>	72,772		131,015
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Cash and temporary investments Board designated funds TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND	\$	72,772 74,546	\$	131,015 71,199
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Cash and temporary investments Board designated funds TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	72,772 74,546	\$	131,015 71,199
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Cash and temporary investments Board designated funds TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Change in cost of plant due to change in estimated asset	\$	72,772 74,546 147,318	\$	131,015 71,199 202,214
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION Cash and temporary investments Board designated funds TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	\$	72,772 74,546	\$	131,015 71,199

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1 ("OMEGA JV1") was organized by 21 subdivisions of the State of Ohio (the "Participants") on April 1, 1992, pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement (the "Agreement") under the Ohio Constitution and Section 715.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. Its purpose is to provide a source of supplemental capacity to the Participants. The Participants are members of American Municipal Power, Inc. ("AMP") Northeast Area Service Group. The Participants are charged fees for the costs required to administer the joint venture and maintain the jointly owned electric plant. OMEGA JV1 purchased its electric generating facilities (the "Project"), known as the Engle Units, from AMP in September 1992. The electric generating facilities consist of six diesel-fired turbines designed for a total capacity of nine megawatts. These facilities are located in Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio. The Agreement continues until 60 days subsequent to the disposition of the Project, provided, however, that each Participant shall remain obligated to pay to OMEGA JV1 its respective share of the costs of termination, discontinuing, disposing of, and decommissioning the Project.

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies followed by OMEGA JV1.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place or deferred until a future period in which they will be recovered through rates.

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, except that restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statement of cash flows.

OMEGA JV1 has elected to comply with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 135.14. Under ORC 135.14, investments are limited to:

- Deposits at eligible institutions pursuant to ORC section 135.08, 135.09 and 135.18.
- 2. Bonds or other obligations of the state.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its agencies.
- 4. Bankers acceptances, with certain conditions.
- 5. The local government investment pool.
- 6. Commercial paper, with certain conditions.
- 7. All investments must have an original maturity of 5 years or less.
- 8. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

OMEGA JV1 has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments and specifies the maximum concentration of investments in each eligible security.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Market values may have changed significantly after year end.

Receivables/Payables

Accounts receivable are amounts due from participants at the end of the year. Due to the participant relationship and the high degree of collectibility, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is necessary. Accounts payable are amounts due to vendors for services incurred.

Inventory

Inventory consists of fuel and is stated at the lower of first-in, first-out ("FIFO") cost or market.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs of insurance paid during the current calendar year for coverage in subsequent years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Electric Plant

Electric plant is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method from 15 to 30 years, based on the estimated useful lives of the assets. Major renewals, betterments and replacements are capitalized, while maintenance and repair costs are charged to operations as incurred. When electric plant assets are retired, accumulated depreciation is charged with the cost of the assets plus removal costs, less any salvage value.

Electric plant assets are assessed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the service utility of the capital asset may have significantly and unexpectedly declined. If it is determined that impairment has occurred, an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated fair value.

Asset Retirement Obligations

OMEGA JV1 records, at fair value, legal obligations associated with the retirement or removal of long-lived assets at the time the obligations are incurred and can be reasonably estimated. When a liability is initially recorded, the entity capitalizes the cost by increasing the carrying value of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the difference between the accrued liability and the amount to settle the liability is recorded as a settlement gain or loss.

Board Designated Funds

Due to new environmental regulations that may affect the operation of the units, OMEGA JV1's Board of Participants designated funds from existing operating cash for the current value of the asset retirement obligation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Regulatory Assets

OMEGA JV1 records regulatory assets (expenses to be recovered in rates in future periods). Pursuant to the Agreement, Participants are required to pay all costs related to operations, maintenance and retirement of the jointly owned electric plant.

Regulatory assets consisted of the following at December 31:

	2013	2012
Future expenses related to fixed O&M	<u>\$ 48,265</u>	\$ -
	2013	2012
Future expenses related to asset retirement obligations	<u>\$ 75,594</u>	\$ 72,340

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Net Position

All property constituting OMEGA JV1 is owned by the Participants as tenants in common in undivided shares, each share being equal to that Participant's percentage ownership interest as follows:

<u>Municipality</u>	Project kW Entitlement	Percent Project Ownership and Entitlement
Cuyahoga Falls	1,894	21.05%
Niles	1,593	17.71
Wadsworth	1,011	11.24
Hudson	934	10.37
Galion	588	6.53
Oberlin	497	5.52
Amherst	488	5.42
Hubbard	341	3.79
Columbiana	272	3.03
Wellington	265	2.95
Newton Falls	228	2.53
Monroeville	167	1.85
Lodi	155	1.72
Seville	135	1.50
Brewster	130	1.45
Grafton	105	1.16
Milan	64	0.71
Beach City	50	0.55
Prospect	45	0.50
Lucas	21	0.23
South Vienna	17	0.19
Totals	9,000	100.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

REVENUES AND EXPENSES

OMEGA JV1 distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with OMEGA JV1's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of OMEGA JV1 are charges to participants for energy and capacity. Operating expenses include the cost of generation, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Electric revenue is recognized when earned as electric service is delivered. OMEGA JV1's rates for electric power are designed to cover annual operating costs. Rates are set annually by the Board of Participants. Periodically OMEGA JV1 will distribute earnings to its participants based on available operating cash. These distributions are approved by the Board of Participants.

EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. These standards have been implemented in these financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statements of cash flows, since they are not available for use.

		Carrying \ Decem			
	2013		2012		Risks
Checking	\$	147,318	\$	202,214	Custodial credit

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for accounts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, OMEGA JV1's deposits may not be returned to it. OMEGA JV1 has custodial credit risk on its cash and temporary investments balance to the extent the balance exceeds the federally insured limit as stated above. OMEGA JV1's investment policy requires that amounts in excess of FDIC limits be collateralized by government securities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no deposits or temporary investments exposed to custodial credit risk, as amounts do not exceed FDIC limits.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

OMEGA JV1 invests in instruments approved under the entity's investment policy. The Board of Participants has authorized OMEGA JV1 to invest in funds in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Allowable investments include United States Treasury and federal and state government agency obligations, money market funds, and commercial paper with the highest classification by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV1 had no investments with credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. OMEGA JV1's investment policy limits the maturity of commercial paper and bankers acceptances to 180 days.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV1 had no investments with interest rate risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 3 – ELECTRIC PLANT

Electric plant activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013							
		Beginning Balance	A	dditions		hange in Estimate		Ending Balance
Electric generators Fuel tank Total Electric Plant in Service Less: Accumulated depreciation Electric Plant, Net	\$ \$	514,031 35,000 549,031 (357,122) 191,909	\$ \$	- - (19,710) (19,710)	\$ \$	(34)	\$ \$	513,997 35,000 548,997 (376,832) 172,165
		Beginning		20		hange in		Ending
		Balance	A	dditions		Estimate		Balance
Electric generators Fuel tank Total Electric Plant in Service Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	526,722 35,000 561,722 (334,397)	\$	- - (22,725)	\$	(12,691) - (12,691) -	\$	514,031 35,000 549,031 (357,122)
Electric Plant, Net	\$	227,325	\$	(22,725)	\$	(12,691)	\$	191,909

During 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV1 recorded an adjustment to electric plant to reflect the revised estimate of the ARO (Note 4).

NOTE 4 – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

Under the terms of lease agreements, OMEGA JV1 has an obligation to remove electric generators from the leased sites on which the units are located and to perform certain restoration of the sites.

Asset retirement obligation activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013						
	Beginning	Accretion	Change in	Ending			
	Balance	Expense	Estimate	Balance			
Asset retirement obligation	\$ 71,199	\$ 3,439	\$ (92)	\$ 74,546			
			2012				
	Beginning	Accretion	Change in	Ending			
	Balance	Expense	Estimate	Balance			
Asset retirement obligation	\$ 76,977	\$ 2,656	\$ (8,434)	\$ 71,199			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Asset retirement obligations are determined based on detailed cost estimates, adjusted for factors that an outside third party would consider (i.e., inflation, overhead and profit), escalated using an inflation factor to the estimated removal dates, and then discounted using a credit adjusted risk-free interest rate. The removal date for each unit was determined based on the estimated life of the unit. The accretion of the liability and amortization of the property and equipment will be recognized over the estimated useful life of each unit. OMEGA JV1 updated its estimate of its asset retirement obligation based on an updated legal and technical study performed during 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 5 – NET POSITION

GASB No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The following calculation supports the net investment in capital assets:

	2013		2012	
Plant in service Accumulated depreciation	\$	548,997 (376,832)	\$	549,031 (357,122)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	172,165	\$	191,909

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

OMEGA JV1 is subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities related to environmental and other matters. Changes in regulations could adversely affect the operations and operating cost of OMEGA JV1.

On February 17, 2010, the US EPA promulgated the RICE NESHAP Rule establishing emission limits and work practice standards for compression ignited diesel engines at area sources. OMEGA JV1's engines were affected by this rule and were in compliance by May 2013.

Many metropolitan and industrialized counties in Ohio have become nonattainment areas under the new fine particulate matter ambient air quality standards and will likely become a nonattainment area for ozone. This may require substantial local reductions of nitrogen oxides, volatile organic compounds, sulfur dioxide and particulate matter. In addition to emissions reductions required to achieve local compliance, additional reductions may be required to achieve compliance in down-wind, neighboring states. Summit County has been designated a nonattainment area for fine particulate matter, therefore, the Ohio EPA may restrict the hours of operations or require additional pollution control equipment for the OMEGA JV1 generating facilities.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

OMEGA JV1 is covered under the insurance policies of AMP and is billed for its proportionate share of the insurance expense. AMP maintains insurance policies related to commercial property, motor vehicle liability, workers' compensation, excess liability, general liability, pollution liability, directors' and officers' insurance, fiduciary liability, crime and fidelity coverage. No claims have been filed in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

OMEGA JV1 has entered into the following agreements:

 Pursuant to the Agreement, AMP was designated as an agent and provides various management and operational services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (cont.)

- As OMEGA JV1's agent, AMP entered into an agreement with Municipal Energy Services Agency ("MESA"), a related joint venture, for MESA to provide certain engineering, finance, administration and other services. The expenses related to these services were \$98,582 and \$99,284 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. OMEGA JV1 had a payable to MESA for \$5,192 and \$9,611 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- OMEGA JV1 uses the Energy Control Center for dispatching electrical control. OMEGA JV1 had a
 payable to the Energy Control Center for \$1,431 and \$984 at December 31, 2013 and 2012,
 respectively. The expenses related to dispatching electrical control were \$12,435 and \$13,712 for
 the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- The City of Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, agreed to provide a suitable site for the generating facilities, and OMEGA JV1 agreed to lease such site for the period of the Agreement plus one year, for the sum of one dollar. OMEGA JV1 incurred expenses of \$17,363 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, for utilities provided by Cuyahoga Falls to the site. Cuyahoga Falls also has agreed to perform operational tasks and routine maintenance on the generating facilities at no charge to OMEGA JV1 in exchange for the availability of the electric generation project to Cuyahoga Falls for electric system emergency backup.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1 ("OMEGA JV1"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2014, wherein we noted OMEGA JV1 implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 61, 65, and 66.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered OMEGA JV1's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV1's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV1's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the OMEGA JV1's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Including Independent Auditors' Report

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 ("OMEGA JV2"), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 1, OMEGA JV2 adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2014 on our consideration of OMEGA JV2's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OMEGA JV2's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Financial Statement Overview

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 ("OMEGA JV2") for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

OMEGA JV2 prepares their basic financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. OMEGA JV2's basic financial statements include the statements of net position; the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the statements of cash flows.

The statements of net position provide information about the nature and amount of assets and liabilities of OMEGA JV2 as of the end of the year. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report revenues and expenses for the year. The statements of cash flows report cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing and capital and related financing activities.

Financial Highlights

The following table summarizes the financial position of OMEGA JV2 as of December 31:

Condensed Statements of Net Position

	2013	2012	2011
Assets			
Electric Plant & Equipment, net of			
accumulated depreciation	\$ 21,075,074	\$ 23,293,330	\$ 26,526,010
Regulatory assets	1,437,015	1,359,567	1,276,791
Restricted assets	-	521,203	521,585
Board Designated Funds	1,139,344	1,420,860	1,859,701
Current assets	1,424,243	1,981,617	1,498,958
Total Assets	\$ 25,075,676	\$ 28,576,577	\$ 31,683,045
Net Position, Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 21,075,074	\$ 23,293,330	\$ 26,526,010
Net position - restricted	-	521,203	521,585
Net position - unrestricted	1,709,936	2,368,713	2,151,179
Total net position	22,785,010	26,183,246	29,198,774
Current liabilities	399,260	597,225	269,990
Noncurrent liabilities	1,498,059	1,420,860	1,859,701
Deferred inflow of resources	393,347	375,246	354,580
Total Net Position, Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of			
Resources	\$ 25,075,676	\$ 28,576,577	\$ 31,683,045

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

2013 vs. 2012

Total assets were \$25,075,676 and \$28,576,577 on December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$3,500,901. The decrease in total assets was due primarily to a decrease in net capital assets due to depreciation and decrease in operating cash offset by an increase in regulatory assets.

Electric plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation was \$21,075,074 and \$23,293,330 at year-end 2013 and 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$2,218,256. This decrease was the result of a \$2,881,923 increase in accumulated depreciation and \$766,100 decrease in construction-in-process offset by a \$1,429,767 increase in utility assets. The cost associated with the ARO included in the cost of electric plant for 2013 was \$811,365 versus \$806,722 in 2012. Estimated values of ARO obligations were prepared by an independent engineering consultant.

Regulatory assets were \$2,176,737 and \$1,359,567 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, an increase of \$817,170. Regulatory assets contain amounts deferred for ARO and operational and maintenance related expenses. These deferred amounts are recorded in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as the corresponding expense is realized.

Restricted assets totaled \$0 and \$521,203 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively. This was a decrease of \$521,203 and was the result of the OMEGA JV2 financing members requesting their cash back to pay down their debt.

Current assets were \$1,424,243 and \$1,981,617 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$557,374. In 2013, cash decreased \$1,324,913, accounts receivable increased \$59,937, inventories decreased \$39,331 and prepaid expenses increased \$7,211 versus 2012 levels.

Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and net position were \$25,075,676 and \$28,576,577 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$3,500,901. This decrease was primarily the result decreases in investment capital and restricted assets.

Total net position was \$22,785,010 and \$26,183,246 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$3,398,236. Net investment in capital assets was \$21,075,074 and \$23,293,330 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$2,218,256. This decrease resulted from the decrease in electric plant, net of accumulated depreciation. Restricted net position was \$0 and \$521,203 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$521,203, as the result of the OMEGA JV2 financing members requesting their cash back to pay down their debt. Unrestricted net position was \$1,709,936 and \$2,368,713 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$658,777.

Noncurrent liabilities were \$1,498,059 and \$1,420,860 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$77,199. This was primarily a result of the \$86,536 increase in regulatory liabilities for ARO expenses versus 2012 levels. AROs were estimated to be \$1,498,059 and \$1,420,860 at year end 2013 and 2012, respectively.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Current liabilities were \$399,260 and \$597,225 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$197,965. This decrease was primarily the result of decreased accounts payable obligations to third party vendors.

Deferred inflows of resources were \$393,347 and \$375,246 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$18,101. This was a result of an increase in overhaul maintenance intended to be recovered in future costs.

2012 vs. 2011

Total assets were \$28,576,577 and \$31,683,045 on December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$3,106,468. The decrease in total assets was due primarily to a decrease in net capital assets due to depreciation.

Electric plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation was \$23,293,330 and \$26,526,010 at year-end 2012 and 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$3,232,680. This decrease was the result of a \$656,366 decrease in utility assets and a \$2,868,554 increase in accumulated depreciation offset, in part by a decrease of \$473,860 in the estimated value of Asset Retirement Obligation (ARO) assets and an increase in CIP assets of \$766,100. The cost associated with the ARO included in the cost of electric plant for 2012 was \$806,722 versus \$1,280,582 in 2011. Estimated values of ARO obligations were prepared by an independent engineering consultant.

Regulatory assets were \$1,359,567 and \$1,276,791 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase of \$82,776. Regulatory assets contain amounts deferred for ARO expenses. These deferred amounts are recorded in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as the corresponding expense is realized.

Restricted assets totaled \$521,203 and \$521,585 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. This was a decrease of \$382.

Current assets were \$1,981,617 and \$1,498,958 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase of \$482,659. In 2012, cash and temporary investments and accrued interest receivable increased \$107,413, accounts receivable decreased \$47,199, inventories decreased \$83,758 and prepaid expenses increased \$111,503 versus 2011 levels. Cash collected from generation revenues to cover future overhaul expenses increased \$374,864.

Total liabilities, deferred inflow of resources and net position were \$28,576,577 and \$31,683,045 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$3,106,468. This decrease was primarily the result of current period losses.

Total net position was \$26,183,246 and \$29,198,774 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$3,015,528. Net investment in capital assets was \$23,293,330 and \$26,526,010 at December 31, 2012 and December 31,

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

2011, respectively, a decrease of \$3,232,680. This decrease resulted from the decrease in electric plant, net of accumulated depreciation. Restricted net position was \$521,203 and \$521,585 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$382, reflecting the increase in cash-restricted overhaul and short term trust investments. Unrestricted net position was \$2,368,713 and \$2,151,179 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$217,534.

Noncurrent liabilities were \$1,420,860 and \$1,859,701 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$438,841. This was a result of a decrease in estimated ARO versus 2011 levels. AROs were estimated to be \$1,420,860 and \$1,859,701 at year end 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Current liabilities were \$597,225 and \$269,989 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$327,235. This increase was primarily the result of increased accounts payable obligations to third party vendors.

Deferred inflows of resources were \$375,246 and \$354,580 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$20,666. This was a result of an increase in overhaul maintenance regulatory liability.

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	201	3	2012		2011
Operating revenues	\$ 4,25	7,839	2,453,869	\$	2,305,361
Operating expenses	7,21	2,816	5,903,966		5,201,771
Operating Loss	\$ (2,95	4,977)	(3,450,097)	\$	(2,896,410)
Nonoperating revenue					
Investment income	\$	4,425	2,972	\$	3,459
Gain on insurance proceeds		-	319,680		-
Future recoverable costs	7	3,519	111,917		114,799
Non operating revenue	7	7,944	434,569	_	118,258
Loss before distributions	(2,87	7,033)	(3,015,528)		(2,778,152)
Distribution to related party	(52	1,203)	_		-
Change in Net Position	\$ (3,39	8,236)	(3,015,528)	\$	(2,778,152)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

OMEGA JV2's rates are set by the Board of Participants and are intended to cover budgeted operating expenses plus actual fuel expense. OMEGA JV2 revenues do not include any bond payments by OMEGA JV2 financing members in their rates. Financing participants make these payments directly to AMP.

Electric revenues in 2013 were \$4,257,839 versus \$2,453,869 in 2012, an increase of \$1,803,970 due to the increase in capacity sales \$1,310,872. Electric revenues in 2012 were \$2,453,869 versus \$2,305,361 in 2011, an increase of \$148,508.

OMEGA JV2 operating expenses in 2013 were \$7,212,816 versus \$5,903,966 in 2012, an increase of \$1,308,850. This increase in expenses was due to an increase in capacity expense of \$1,310,872, Rice Neshap allocation of \$228,936 and IT allocation of \$63,000 offset, in part by a \$81,444 decrease in fuel, an \$20,541 decrease in utilities and a \$418,380 decrease in maintenance. OMEGA JV2 operating expenses in 2012 were \$5,903,966 versus \$5,201,771 in 2011, an increase of \$702,195. This increase in expenses was due to an increase in maintenance expense of \$628,474, a \$29,233 increase in professional services, a \$140,174 increase in MESA services and a \$47,748 increase in insurance offset, in part, by a \$9,550 decrease in fuel, an \$82,067 decrease in utilities and a \$14,750 decrease in banking fees.

Investment income in OMEGA JV2 in 2013 was \$4,425 versus \$2,972 in 2012, an increase of \$1,453. Investment income in OMEGA JV2 in 2012 was \$2,972 versus \$3,459 in 2011, a decrease of \$487. Investment income is earned on funds held by trustee as a requirement of the bond obligation for benefit of the OMEGA JV2 financing members. These funds were invested in short-term government backed securities, short-term commercial paper or within the trust agency's money market account.

In 2013, \$521,203 of restricted assets was returned to American Municipal Power, Inc. ("AMP") for debt held by AMP related to OMEGA JV2. The distribution was authorized by the board of participants.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact management at 614.540.1111 or 1111 Schrock Road – Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43229.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
ASSETS		
CUDDENT ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and temporary investments	\$ -	\$ 1,324,913
Receivables from participants	227,053	167,116
Regulatory Asset	739,722	-
Inventory	269,137	308,468
Prepaid expenses	188,331	181,120
Total Current Assets	1,424,243	1,981,617
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Restricted Assets		
Restricted Cash	-	521,203
Electric Plant and Equipment		,
Electric generators	58,883,549	57,453,782
Construction work in progress	=	766,100
Accumulated depreciation	(37,808,475)	(34,926,552)
Net Electric Plant and Equipment	21,075,074	23,293,330
Other Assets		
Board designated funds	1,139,344	1,420,860
Regulatory assets	1,437,015	1,359,567
Total Non-Current Assets	23,651,433	26,594,960
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 25,075,676	\$ 28,576,577
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 261,539	\$ 515,654
Payable to related parties	137,721	81,571
Total Current Liabilities	399,260	597,225
		007,220
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Asset retirement obligations	1,498,059	1,420,860
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,498,059	1,420,860
Total Liabilities	1,897,319	2,018,085
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Rates intended to recover future costs	393,347	375,246
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 2,290,666	\$ 2,393,331
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	21,075,074	23,293,330
Restricted	-	521,203
Unrestricted	1,709,936	2,368,713
Total Net Position	22,785,010	26,183,246
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION	\$ 25,075,676	\$ 28,576,577
		

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
OPERATING REVENUES				
Electric revenue	\$	4,257,839	\$	2,453,869
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Related party services		953,400		846,987
Capacity		1,310,872		-
Depreciation		2,881,923		2,868,554
Accretion of asset retirement obligation		68,628		64,160
Fuel		475,808		557,252
Maintenance		683,743		1,102,123
Utilities		108,439		128,980
Insurance		353,589		274,981
Professional services		30,325		44,696
Other operating expenses		346,089		16,233
Total Operating Expenses	_	7,212,816		5,903,966
Operating Loss		(2,954,977)		(3,450,097)
NONOPERATING REVENUES				
Investment income		4,425		2,972
Gain on insurance proceeds		-		319,680
Future recoverable costs		73,519		111,917
Total Non-Operating Revenues	_	77,944		434,569
Loss Before Distribution		(2,877,033)	_	(3,015,528)
DISTRIBUTION TO RELATED PARTY	_	(521,203)		
Change in net position		(3,398,237)		(3,015,528)
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	_	26,183,246		29,198,774
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	22,785,010	\$	26,183,246

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013	_	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from participants	\$	3,458,180	\$	2,501,068
Cash paid to related parties for personnel services		(897,250)	·	(819,110)
Cash payments to suppliers and related parties for goods		(,,		(, -,
and services		(3,512,759)		(1,831,986)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	-	(951,829)	_	(150,028)
Net dash osed in Operating Activities		(331,023)	_	(130,020)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of capital assets		(659,025)		(109,734)
Proceeds from insurance			_	319,680
Net Cash Provided (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(659,025)	_	209,946
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
				E0 000
Investments sold and matured		4 405		50,000
Investment income received		4,425		2,977
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		4,425		52,977
Not Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1 606 420)		112.895
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,606,429)		112,095
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		2,745,773		2,632,878
. 3				· · ·
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	1,139,344	\$	2,745,773
•			_	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013	20	12
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH				
USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$	(2,954,977)	\$ (3,4	50,097)
Depreciation		2,881,923	2,8	68,554
Accretion of asset retirement obligation		68,628		64,160
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Receivables from participants		(59,937)		47,199
Inventory		39,331		83,758
Prepaid expenses		(7,211)	(1	11,503)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(254,115)	2	99,358
Payable to related parties		56,150		27,877
Regulatory assets		(739,722)		-
Regulatory liabilities		18,101		20,666
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(951,829)	\$ (1	50,028)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$ 1,3	24,913
Restricted		-	5	21,203
Board designated funds		1,139,344	1,4	20,860
Total Cash Accounts		1,139,344	3,2	66,976
Less: Non-cash equivalents				
Restricted		-	(5	21,203)
Total Non-cash equivalents		_		21,203)
Total Non-Cash equivalents				_ : , _ = = /
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>\$</u>	1,139,344	\$ 2,7	45,773
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Change in cost of plant due to change in estimated asset retirement obligation	<u>\$</u>	4,643	\$ (4	73,860)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 ("OMEGA JV2") was organized by 36 subdivisions of the State of Ohio (the "Participants") on November 21, 2000, pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement (the "Agreement") under the Ohio Constitution and Section 715.02 of the Ohio Revised Code, and commenced operations on December 1, 2000. Its purpose is to provide backup and peaking capacity to the Participants. The Participants are members of American Municipal Power, Inc. ("AMP"). On December 27, 2001, OMEGA JV2 purchased 138.650 MW of electric plant generating units (the "Project") from AMP. The Project is referred to as "distributed generation" because the units are sited near the Participants' municipal electric systems where it is anticipated they will serve. The Project consists of two 32 MW used gas-fired turbines, one 11 MW used gas-fired turbine and 34 1.825 MW new and one 1.6 MW used oil-fired and diesel turbines. The Agreement continues until 60 days subsequent to the termination or disposition of the Project and for as long as required by the financing agreement; provided, however, that each Participant shall remain obligated to pay to OMEGA JV2 its respective share of the costs of terminating, discontinuing, retiring, disposing of, and decommissioning the Project.

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies followed by OMEGA JV2.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place or deferred until a future period in which they will be recovered through rates.

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, except that restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statement of cash flows.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Deposits and Investments (cont.)

OMEGA JV2 has elected to comply with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 135.14. Under ORC 135.14, investments are limited to:

- 1. Deposits at eligible institutions pursuant to ORC section 135.08, 135.09 and 135.18.
- 2. Bonds or other obligations of the state.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its agencies.
- 4. Bankers acceptances, with certain conditions.
- The local government investment pool.
- 6. Commercial paper, with certain conditions.
- 7. All investments must have an original maturity of 5 years or less.
- 8. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

OMEGA JV2 has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments and specifies the maximum concentration of investments in each eligible security.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Gains and losses on investment transactions are determined on a specific identification basis. Market values may have changed significantly after year end.

Receivables/Payables

Accounts receivable are amounts due from participants at the end of the year. Due to the participant relationship and the high degree of collectibility, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is necessary. Accounts payable are amounts due to vendors for services incurred.

Inventory

Inventory consists of fuel used to operate the Project and is stated at the lower of first-in, first-out ("FIFO") cost or market.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs of insurance paid during the current calendar year for coverage in subsequent years.

Electric Plant and Equipment

Electric plant generating units and vehicles are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over 20 years for generators and 3 years for vehicles, the estimated useful lives of the assets. Major renewals, betterments and replacements are capitalized, while maintenance and repair costs are charged to operations as incurred. When electric plant assets are retired, accumulated depreciation is charged with the cost of the assets plus removal costs, less any salvage value.

Electric plant assets are assessed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the service utility of the capital asset may have significantly and unexpectedly declined. If it is determined that impairment has occurred, an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated fair value.

Asset Retirement Obligations

OMEGA JV2 records, at fair value, legal obligations associated with the retirement or removal of long-lived assets at the time the obligations are incurred and can be reasonably estimated. When a liability is initially recorded, the entity capitalizes the cost by increasing the carrying value of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the difference between the accrued liability and the amount to settle the liability is recorded as a settlement gain or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Board Designated Funds

Due to new environmental regulations that may affect the operation of the units, OMEGA JV2's Board of Participants designated funds from existing operating cash for the current value of the asset retirement obligation.

Regulatory Assets

OMEGA JV2 records regulatory assets (expenses to be recovered in rates in future periods). Regulatory assets include O&M expenses not yet recovered through billings to Participants. Pursuant to the Agreement, Participants are required to pay all costs related to operations, maintenance and retirement of the jointly owned electric plant.

Regulatory assets consisted of the following at December 31:

	2013	2012
Future expenses related to fixed O&M	<u>\$ 739,722</u>	<u>\$</u> -
	2013	2012
Future expenses related to asset retirement obligations	\$ 1,437,01 <u>5</u>	\$ 1,359,567

Deferred Inflow of Resources

OMEGA JV2 records deferred inflows of resources (rates collected for expenses not yet incurred). The balance consist of revenue related to amounts prepaid by the Participants for major repairs and maintenance and are recorded as income when the related expenditure occurs.

Deferred inflow of resources consisted of the following at December 31:

	 2013	 2012
Future expenses related to overhaul maintenance	\$ 393,347	\$ 375,246

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Net Position

The Project is owned by the Participants in undivided interests held either directly or in trust. Due to potential legal impediments to their holding of direct interests in the Project, some participants purchase capacity and energy from the Project and have their undivided ownership interests held in trust for them by other Participants acting as trustees. The respective ownership shares are as follows:

	Project	Percent Project
	kW	Ownership and
<u>Municipality</u>	Entitlement	Entitlement
Hamilton	32,000	23.87%
Bowling Green	19,198	14.32
Niles	15,400	11.48
Cuyahoga Falls	10,000	7.46
Wadsworth	7,784	5.81
Painesville	7,000	5.22
Dover	7,000	5.22
Galion	5,753	4.29
Amherst	5,000	3.73
St. Mary's	4,000	2.98
Montpelier	4,000	2.98
Shelby	2,536	1.89
Versailles	1,660	1.24
Edgerton	1,460	1.09
Yellow Springs	1,408	1.05
Oberlin	1,217	0.91
Pioneer	1,158	0.86
Seville	1,066	0.80
Grafton	1,056	0.79
Brewster	1,000	0.75
Monroeville	764	0.57
Milan	737	0.55
Oak Harbor	737	0.55
Elmore	364	0.27
Jackson Center	300	0.22
Napoleon	264	0.20
Lodi	218	0.16
Genoa	199	0.15
Pemberville	197	0.15
Lucas	161	0.12

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Net Position (cont.)

Municipality	Project kW	Percent Project Ownership and
<u>Municipality</u>	Entitlement	Entitlement
South Vienna	123	0.09%
Bradner	119	0.09
Woodville	81	0.06
Haskins	73	0.05
Arcanum	44	0.03
Custar	4	0.00*
Totals	134,081	100.00%
Reserves	4,569	
kW Capacity of the Project	138,650	

^{*} Represents less than 0.01%

REVENUE AND EXPENSES

OMEGA JV2 distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the OMEGA JV2's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of OMEGA JV2 are charges to participants for energy and capacity. Operating expenses include the cost of generation, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Electric revenue is recognized when earned as service is delivered. OMEGA JV2's rates for electric power are designed to cover annual operating costs, excluding depreciation. Rates are set annually by the Board of Participants.

Rates for electric service pursuant to contracts with the Participants are not designed to recover contributed capital used to acquire the electric plant generators. Rates charged to OMEGA JV2 financing participants for debt service are paid to AMP to retire the Project financing obligations (Note 10). Accordingly, OMEGA JV2 will generate negative operating margins during the operating life of the electric generators.

EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. These standards were implemented in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statements of cash flows, since they are not available for use.

	Carrying V Decem		
	 2013	 2012	Risks
Checking	\$ 1,139,344	\$ 3,266,976	Custodial credit

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for accounts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, OMEGA JV2's deposits may not be returned to it. OMEGA JV2 has custodial credit risk on its cash and temporary investments balances to the extent the balances exceed the federally insured limit. OMEGA JV2's investment policy requires that amounts in excess of FDIC limits be collateralized by government securities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. OMEGA JV2 invests in instruments approved under the entity's investment policy. The Board of Participants has authorized OMEGA JV2 to invest in funds in accordance with the ORC. Allowable investments include United States Treasury and federal and state government agency obligations, money market funds, and commercial paper with the highest classification by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV2 had no investments with credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. OMEGA JV2's investment policy limits the maturity of commercial paper and bankers acceptances to 180 days. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV2 had no investments with interest rate risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets include those assets comprising the Reserve and Contingency Fund, which are established and maintained pursuant to the Agreement.

The Agreement requires OMEGA JV2 to maintain a minimum funding in the Reserve and Contingency Fund of \$225,000. This amount was collected from the Participants in January 2001.

Of this amount, \$176,355 was collected from OMEGA JV2 participants who financed their capital contribution by participating in the bond issue. The fund is held by the bond trustee. In accordance with the trust indenture related to the bonds issued on behalf of OMEGA JV2 financing participants, amounts collected from financing participants may be used in the event of nonpayment of bond debt service.

At the end of 2013, OMEGA JV2 has \$0 in restricted assets as these were paid to participants.

Under the terms of the Agreement, if the balance of the fund is less than the required minimum, then AMP shall direct OMEGA JV2 to increase billings to financing participants such that the deficiency in the balance is funded within twelve months.

Restricted Assets

The following calculation supports the amount of OMEGA JV2 restricted assets:

	2013		2012
Restricted Assets			
Reserve and Contingency Fund	\$	-	\$ 521,203

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 - ELECTRIC PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Electric plant and equipment activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	_				2013			
	_	Beginning Balance	Additions	<u>A</u>	djustments		ange in	Ending Balance
Electric generators Construction Work-in-Progress	\$	57,453,782 766,100	\$ 1,425,124 -	\$	(766,100)	\$	4,643	\$ 58,883,549 -
Total Electric Plant and Equipment in Service		58,219,882	1,425,124	_	(766,100)		4,643	58,883,549
Less: Accumulated depreciation	۱	(34,926,552)	(2,881,923)	_				(37,808,475)
Electric Plant and Equipment Net	, <u>\$</u>	23,293,330	<u>\$ (1,456,799)</u>	<u>\$</u>	(766,100)	\$	4,643	\$21,075,074
					2012			
	_	Beginning Balance	Additions	R	etirements		ange in timate	Ending Balance
Electric generators Construction Work-in-Progress	\$	58,584,008	\$ - 766,100	\$	(656,366) -	\$(4	73,860) -	\$57,453,782 766,100
Total Electric Plant and Equipment in Service		58,584,008	766,100	_	(656,366)	(47	(3,860)	58,219,882
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(32,057,998)	(2,868,554)					(34,926,552)
Electric Plant and Equipment, Net	\$	26,526,010	\$ (2,102,454)	\$	(656,366)	\$(4 ⁻	73,860 <u>)</u>	\$ 23,293,330

During 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV2 recorded an adjustment to electric plant and equipment to reflect the revised estimate of the ARO (Note 5).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 5 – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

Under the terms of lease agreements, OMEGA JV2 has an obligation to remove electric generators from the leased sites where the units are located and to perform certain restoration activities at the sites.

Asset retirement obligation activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013							
	Beginning Balance	Revisions to Estimate	Accretion Expense	Ending Balance				
Asset retirement obligation	\$ 1,420,860	\$ 8,571	\$ 68,628	\$ 1,498,059				
		2012						
	Beginning Balance	Revisions to Estimate	Accretion Expense	Ending Balance				
Asset retirement obligation	\$ 1,859,701	\$ (503,001)	\$ 64,160	\$ 1,420,860				

Asset retirement obligations are determined based on detailed cost estimates, adjusted for factors that an outside third party would consider (i.e., inflation, overhead and profit), escalated using an inflation factor to the estimated removal dates, and then discounted using a credit adjusted risk-free interest rate. The removal date for each unit was determined based on the estimated life of the units. The accretion of the liability and amortization of the property and equipment will be recognized over the estimated useful lives of each unit. OMEGA JV2 updated its estimate of its asset retirement obligation based on an updated legal and technical study performed during 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 6 – NET POSITION

GASB No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 – NET POSITION (cont.)

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The following calculation supports the net investment in capital assets:

	2013	2012
Electric Plant and Equipment Assets Asset Retirement Obligation Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 58,072,184 811,365 (37,808,475)	\$ 57,413,160 806,722 (34,926,552)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 21,075,074	\$ 23,293,330

NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

The Project is subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities related to environmental and other matters. Changes in regulations could adversely affect the operations and operating cost of OMEGA JV2.

On February 17, 2010, the US EPA promulgated the RICE NESHAP Rule establishing emission limits and work practice standards for compression ignited diesel engines at area sources. OMEGA JV2's engines were affected by this rule and were in compliance by May 2013.

Many metropolitan and industrialized counties in Ohio have become nonattainment areas under the new fine particulate matter ambient air quality standards and will likely become a nonattainment area for ozone. This may require substantial local reductions of nitrogen oxides, volatile organic compounds, sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxides and particulate matter. In addition to emissions reductions required to achieve local compliance, additional reductions may be required to achieve compliance in down-wind, neighboring states. Butler (Hamilton) and Medina (Seville) counties are non-attainment areas for fine particulate matter; therefore, the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency may restrict the hours of operations or require additional pollution control equipment for the portions of the Project in these areas.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

OMEGA JV2 is covered under the insurance policies of AMP and is billed for its proportionate share of the insurance expense. AMP maintains insurance policies related to commercial property, motor vehicle liability, workers' compensation, excess liability, general liability, pollution liability, directors' and officers' insurance, fiduciary liability, crime and fidelity coverage. No claims have been filed in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 9 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

OMEGA JV2 has entered into the following agreements:

- Pursuant to the Agreement, AMP was designated as an agent and provides various management and operational services. OMEGA JV2 incurred expenses related to these services in the amount of \$200,049 and \$214,324 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and had a payable due to AMP of \$94,941 and \$20,080 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, for these services.
- As OMEGA JV2's agent, AMP entered into an agreement with Municipal Energy Services Agency ("MESA"), a related joint venture, for MESA to provide certain engineering, finance, administration and other services. The expenses related to these services were \$753,351 and \$632,663 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. OMEGA JV2 had a payable to MESA for \$42,780 and \$61,491 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- Participants with units sited in their communities provide utilities to the generating units. OMEGA
 JV2 incurred expenses of \$108,439 and \$128,980 for these services for the years ended December
 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2 ("OMEGA JV2"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2014, wherein we noted OMEGA JV2 implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 61, 65, and 66.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered OMEGA JV2's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV2's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV2's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the OMEGA JV2's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Including Independent Auditors' Report

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4 ("OMEGA JV4"), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 1, OMEGA JV4 adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2014 on our consideration of OMEGA JV4's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OMEGA JV4's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Financial Statement Overview

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4 ("OMEGA JV4") for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

OMEGA JV4 prepares its basic financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. OMEGA JV4's basic financial statements include the statements of net position; the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the statements of cash flows.

The statements of net position provide information about the nature and amount of assets and liabilities of OMEGA JV4 as of the end of the year. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report revenues and expenses for the year. The statements of cash flows report cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing and non-capital and related financing activities.

Financial Highlights

The following table summarizes the financial position of OMEGA JV4 as of December 31:

2013	2012	2011
\$ 1,176,598 200,000 462,904	\$ 1,274,873 150,000 499,805	\$ 1,373,148 100,000 535,155
\$ 1,839,502	\$ 1,924,678	\$ 2,008,303
\$ 1,176,598	\$ 1,274,873	\$ 1,373,148
464,504	636,855	622,416
11,325	12,950	12,739
187,075		
\$ 1,839,502	\$ 1,924,678	\$ 2,008,303
	\$ 1,176,598 200,000 462,904 \$ 1,839,502 \$ 1,176,598 464,504 11,325 187,075	\$ 1,176,598

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

2013 vs. 2012

Total assets were \$1,839,502 and \$1,924,678 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$85,176. This decrease in 2013 total assets is due primarily to accumulated depreciation due to yearly depreciation expense, offset by an increase in receivables.

Transmission lines, net of accumulated depreciation were \$1,176,598 and \$1,274,873 at December 31, 2013 and 2012 respectively, a decrease of \$98,275. This decrease was a result of yearly depreciation recorded.

Current assets and board designated funds were \$662,904 and \$649,805 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, an increase of \$13,099. This increase was mainly a result of an increase in maintenance reserve of \$50,000, transferred into the decommissioning fund as this is the yearly amount specifically earmarked for decommissioning of power lines offset by a \$48,817 decrease in operating cash.

Total net position, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources were \$1,839,502 and \$1,924,678 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$85,176.

Total net position was \$1,641,102 and \$1,911,728 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$270,626 which resulted from the operating loss of \$100,133 plus distributions to participants of \$172,351. Net investment in capital assets was \$1,176,598 and \$1,274,873 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, which is a decrease of \$98,275. The decrease resulted from decrease in utility plant assets, due to depreciation. Net position – unrestricted, was \$464,504 and \$636,855 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$172,351 due to distributions to members.

Current liabilities were \$11,325 and \$12,950 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$1,625 due to a decrease in accounts payable of \$1,900.

Deferred inflows of resources were \$187,075 and \$0 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$187,075. This was a result of an increase in operating and maintenance related regulatory balances.

2012 vs. 2011

Total assets were \$1,924,678 and \$2,008,303 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$83,625. This decrease in 2012 total assets is due primarily to accumulated depreciation due to yearly depreciation expense, offset by an increase in cash.

Transmission lines, net of accumulated depreciation were \$1,274,873 and \$1,373,148 at December 31, 2012 and 2011 respectively, a decrease of \$98,275. This decrease was a result of yearly depreciation recorded.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Current assets and board designated funds were \$649,805 and \$635,155 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase of \$14,650. This increase was mainly a result of an increase in maintenance reserve of \$50,000, transferred into the decommissioning fund as this is the yearly amount specifically earmarked for decommissioning of power lines. In 2012 cash and temporary investments decreased by \$35,392, primarily as a result of the transfer of cash into the board designated funds, offset by collections of rates.

Total net position and liabilities were \$1,924,678 and \$2,008,303 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$83,625.

Total net position was \$1,911,728 and \$1,995,564 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$83,836 which resulted from the income of \$87,988 offset by distributions to participants of \$172,351. Net investment in capital assets was \$1,274,873 and \$1,373,148 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which is a decrease of \$98,275. The decrease resulted from decrease in utility plant assets, due to depreciation. Net position – unrestricted, was \$636,855 and \$622,416 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase of \$14,439 due to the change in current assets and current liabilities.

Current liabilities were \$12,950 and \$12,739 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, an increase of \$211 due to the timing of expenses paid to suppliers.

The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses and net position of OMEGA JV4 for the year ended December 31:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2013		2012		2011	
Operating revenues Operating expenses Operating Income	\$	83,776 183,909 (100,133)	\$	270,000 182,012 87,988	\$	270,000 177,968 92,032
Nonoperating revenues				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Investment income		1,858		527		703
Income Before Distributions		(98,275)		88,515		92,735
Distributions to participants		172,351		172,351		172,351
Change in Net Position	\$	(270,626)	\$	(83,836)	\$	(79,616)

Operating revenues in 2013 were \$83,776, \$186,224 decrease from 2012 and 2011 levels due to recognizing the revenues in future periods.

Operating expenses in 2013 were \$183,909 versus \$182,012 in 2012, which was an increase of \$1,897. The increase in operating expense in 2013 is mainly due to an increase in maintenance expense of \$13,847 offset by a decrease in MESA services of \$12,431. Operating expenses in 2012 were \$182,012 versus \$177,968 in 2011, which was an increase of \$4,044. The increase

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

in operating expense in 2012 is mainly due to an increase in MESA services of \$5,003 and an increase of \$1,707 in professional services which were offset by a decrease in maintenance of \$2,439.

Investment income in 2013 was \$1,858 versus \$527 in 2012, which was an increase of \$1,331. The increase was due to an increase in interest rates. Investment income in 2012 was \$527 versus \$703 in 2011, which was a decrease of \$176. The decrease was due to a decrease in interest rates.

In 2013, 2012 and 2011, \$172,351 was returned to the participants as a distribution of excess cash. The distribution was authorized by the board of participants.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact management at 614.540.1111 or 1111 Schrock Road – Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43229.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 426,348	
Prepaid expenses	34,328 2,228	22,500 2,140
Total Current Assets	462,904	499,805
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Utility Plant		
Transmission line Accumulated depreciation	2,640,938 (1,464,340)	2,640,938 (1,366,065)
Net Utility Plant	1,176,598	1,274,873
Other Assets	1,170,000	1,214,010
Board designated funds	200,000	150,000
Total Non-Current Assets	1,376,598	1,424,873
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,839,502	\$ 1,924,678
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accrued expenses	\$ 9,876	
Payable to related parties	1,449	3,350
Total Current Liabilities	11,325	12,950
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Rates intended to recover future costs	187,075	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	1,176,598	1,274,873
Unrestricted	464,504	636,855
Total Net Position	1,641,102	1,911,728
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION	\$ 1,839,502	\$ 1,924,678

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012	
OPERATING REVENUES			
Transmission revenue	\$ 83,776	\$ 270,000	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Related party personnel services	31,633	44,062	
Depreciation	98,275	98,275	
Maintenance	27,284	13,437	
Professional services	9,932	10,373	
Other operating expenses	16,785	15,865	
Total Operating Expenses	183,909	182,012	
Operating Income (Loss)	(100,133)	87,988	
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Investment income	1,858	527	
Income (Loss) before Distributions	(98,275)	88,515	
DISTRIBUTIONS TO PARTICIPANTS			
City of Bryan	(72,387)	(72,387)	
Village of Pioneer	(51,705)	(51,705)	
Village of Montpelier	(43,088)	(43,088)	
Village of Edgerton	(5,171)	(5,171)	
Total Distributions	(172,351)	(172,351)	
Change in net position	(270,626)	(83,836)	
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	1,911,728	1,995,564	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,641,102	\$ 1,911,728	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			-	
Cash received from participants and customers	\$	259,023	\$	270,000
Cash paid to related parties for personnel services	•	(33,534)	*	(43,668)
Cash paid to suppliers and related parties for goods		(,,		(-,,
and services		(53,813)		(39,904)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		171,676		186,428
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Distributions to participants		(172,351)		(172,351)
Net Cash Used in Noncapital Financing Activities	_	(172,351)		(172,351)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investments sold and matured		-		50,000
Investment income received		1,858		531
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1,858		50,531
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,183		64,608
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		625,165		560,557
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	626,348	\$	625,165
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH				
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(100,133)	\$	87,988
Depreciation		98,275		98,275
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Receivables		(11,828)		-
Prepaid expenses		(88)		(46)
Accrued expenses		276		(183)
Payable to related parties		(1,901)		394
Regulatory liabilities		187,075		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	171,676	\$	186,428
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	426,348	\$	475,165
Board designated funds		200,000		150,000
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	626,348	\$	625,165

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4 ("OMEGA JV4") was organized by four subdivisions of the State of Ohio (the "Participants") on December 1, 1995, pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement (the "Agreement") under the Ohio Constitution and Section 715.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. Its purpose is to undertake the Williams County Transmission Project (the "Project"). The Participants are members of American Municipal Power, Inc. ("AMP"). OMEGA JV4 owns and operates the Project. The Project consists of a 69 KV three-phase transmission line located in Williams County, Ohio. During 2013 and 2012 OMEGA JV4 derived a majority of its revenue from two customers. The Agreement continues until 60 days subsequent to the termination or disposition of the Project; provided, however, that each Participant shall remain obligated to pay to OMEGA JV4 its respective share of the costs of terminating, discontinuing, retiring, disposing of, and decommissioning the Project.

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies followed by OMEGA JV4.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place or deferred until a future period in which they will be recovered through rates.

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, except that restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statement of cash flows.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Deposits and Investments (cont.)

OMEGA JV4 has elected to comply with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 135.14. Under ORC 135.14, investments are limited to:

- 1. Deposits at eligible institutions pursuant to ORC section 135.08, 135.09 and 135.18.
- 2. Bonds or other obligations of the state.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its agencies.
- 4. Bankers acceptances, with certain conditions.
- 5. The local government investment pool.
- 6. Commercial paper, with certain conditions.
- 7. All investments must have an original maturity of 5 years or less.
- 8. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

OMEGA JV4 has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments and specifies the maximum concentration of investments in each eligible security.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Market values may have changed significantly after year end.

Receivables/Payables

Accounts receivable are amounts due from participants at the end of the year. Due to the participant relationship and the high degree of collectibility, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is necessary. Accounts payable are amounts due to vendors for services incurred.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs of insurance paid during the current calendar year for coverage in subsequent years.

Board Designated Funds

OMEGA JV4's Board of Participants have designated funds for the potential decommissioning of transmission lines.

Utility Plant

The transmission line is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method from 19 to 30 years, based on the estimated useful life of the assets. Major renewals, betterments and replacements are capitalized, while maintenance and repair costs are charged to operations as incurred. When utility plant assets are retired, accumulated depreciation is charged with the cost of the assets plus removal costs, less any salvage value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Utility Plant (cont.)

The transmission line is assessed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the service utility of the capital asset may have significantly and unexpectedly declined. If it is determined that impairment has occurred, an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated fair value.

Asset Retirement Obligations

OMEGA JV4 records, at fair value, legal obligations associated with the retirement or removal of long-lived assets at the time the obligations are incurred and can be reasonably estimated. When a liability is initially recorded, the cost of the related long-lived asset is increased. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the difference between the accrued liability and the amount to settle the liability is recorded as a settlement gain or loss. Depreciation expense and accretion expense incurred, but not yet recovered through rates, are offset by regulatory assets to be recovered through future billings to Participants. OMEGA JV4 has determined that there is no asset retirement obligation associated with the transmission line or utility poles. OMEGA JV4 determined there were no legal requirements currently in place that would mandate special disposal of the utility poles and transmission lines as they are replaced.

Deferred Inflow of Resources

OMEGA JV4 records deferred inflows of resources (rates collected for expenses not yet incurred).

Net Position

All property constituting OMEGA JV4 is owned by the Participants as tenants in common in undivided shares, each share being equal to that Participant's percentage ownership interest as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

<u>Municipality</u>	Percent Project Ownership and Entitlement
Bryan	42.00%
Pioneer	30.00
Montpelier	25.00
Edgerton	3.00
Totals	100.00%

REVENUE AND EXPENSES

OMEGA JV4 distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with OMEGA JV4's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of OMEGA JV4 are charges to participants for transmission services. Operating expenses include the cost of transmission services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Operating revenues are recognized when transmission service is delivered. OMEGA JV4's rates for transmission service are set by contracts with the customers. Periodically OMEGA JV4 will distribute earnings to its participants based on available operating cash. These distributions are approved by the Board of Participants.

EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. These standards were implemented in these financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statements of cash flows, since they are not available for use.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (cont.)

	Car	rying Value as			
		2013	 2012	Risks	_
Checking	\$	626,348	\$ 625,165	Custodial credit	

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for interest bearing accounts and noninterest bearing accounts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, OMEGA JV4's deposits may not be returned to it. OMEGA JV4 has custodial credit risk on its cash and temporary investments balance to the extent the balance exceeds the federally insured limit. OMEGA JV4's investment policy requires that amounts in excess of FDIC limits be collateralized by government securities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. OMEGA JV4 invests in instruments approved under the entity's investment policy. The Board of Participants has authorized OMEGA JV4 to invest in funds in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Allowable investments include United States Treasury and federal and state government agency obligations, money market funds, and commercial paper with the highest classification by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV4 had no investments with credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. OMEGA JV4's investment policy limits the maturity of commercial paper and bankers acceptances to 180 days. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV2 had no investments with interest rate risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 3 – UTILITY PLANT

Utility plant activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013
	Beginning Ending Balance Additions Balance
Transmission line Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,640,938 \$ - \$ 2,640,938 (1,366,065) (98,275) (1,464,340)
Utility Plant, Net	<u>\$ 1,274,873</u> <u>\$ (98,275)</u> <u>\$ 1,176,598</u>
	2012
	Beginning Ending Balance Additions Balance
Transmission line	\$ 2,640,938 \$ - \$ 2,640,938
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,267,790) (98,275) (1,366,065)

NOTE 4 – NET POSITION

GASB No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The following calculation supports the net investment in capital assets:

	 2013	 2012
Plant in service Accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,640,938 (1,464,340)	\$ 2,640,938 (1,366,065)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 1,176,598	\$ 1,274,873

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 5 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Project is subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities related to environmental and other matters. Changes in regulations could adversely affect the operations and operating cost of OMEGA JV4.

NOTE 6 – SIGNIFICANT CUSTOMERS

Transmission revenue in 2013 and 2012 was 100% derived from a nonparticipant. The contract with the nonparticipant can be cancelled on or after October 31, 2009 upon written notice six months prior to cancellation. As of December 31, 2013, no notice of cancellation had been received. A decision by the nonparticipant to purchase transmission service from a different provider would cause a significant decline in OMEGA JV4's transmission revenue and possibly impair the carrying value of the transmission line if replacement sales could not be found.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

OMEGA JV4 is covered under the insurance policies of AMP and is billed for its proportionate share of the insurance expense. AMP maintains insurance policies related to commercial property, motor vehicle liability, workers' compensation, excess liability, general liability, pollution liability, directors' and officers' insurance, fiduciary liability, crime and fidelity coverage. OMEGA JV4 is self-insured for property damage risks related to its transmission line. No claims have been filed in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 8 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

OMEGA JV4 has entered into the following agreements:

- Pursuant to the Agreement, AMP was designated as an agent and provides various management and operational services. The expenses related to these services were \$27,284 and \$13,437 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. OMEGA JV4 had no payable due to AMP as of December 21, 2013 and December 31, 2012.
- As OMEGA JV4's agent, AMP entered into an agreement with the Municipal Energy Services Agency ("MESA"), a related joint venture, for MESA to provide certain engineering, finance, administration and other services to OMEGA JV4. The expenses related to these services were \$31,633 and \$44,062 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. OMEGA JV4 had a payable to MESA of \$1,449 and \$3,350 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4 ("OMEGA JV4"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2014, wherein we noted OMEGA JV4 implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 61, 65, and 66.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered OMEGA JV4's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV4's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV4's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the OMEGA JV4's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Including Independent Auditors' Report

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 ("OMEGA JV5"), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 1, OMEGA JV5 adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2014 on our consideration of OMEGA JV5's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OMEGA JV5's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Financial Statement Overview

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 ("OMEGA JV5") for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

OMEGA JV5 prepares its basic financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. OMEGA JV5's basic financial statements include the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the statement of cash flows.

The statement of net position provides information about the nature and amount of assets and liabilities of OMEGA JV5 as of the end of the year. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position reports revenues and expenses and the change in net position for the year. The statement of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing and capital and related financing activities.

Financial Highlights

The following table summarizes the financial position of OMEGA JV5 as of December 31.

		2013	2012	2011
Assets				
Restricted assets - current	\$	7,759,990	\$ 7,642,061	\$ 7,514,762
Other current assets		7,800,793	 8,686,262	 9,584,660
Total current assets		15,560,783	16,328,323	17,099,422
Restricted assets - noncurrent		3,334,810	3,321,816	3,304,492
Electric plant and land		118,173,628	122,843,745	127,390,475
Other assets		2,719,789	1,570,767	1,761,326
Deferred outflow of resources	_	1,758,060	 2,078,852	 <u>-</u>
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$	141,547,070	\$ 146,143,503	\$ 149,555,715
Net Position, Liabilities, and Deferred				
Inflow of Resources				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	14,328,334	\$ 15,201,554	\$ 16,073,288
Net position - restricted		8,422,462	8,180,301	7,938,394
Net position - unrestricted		(12,978,833)	(13,609,892)	(13,390,567)
Net beneficial interest certificates		100,248,354	104,616,043	106,457,187
Current liabilities		9,766,364	9,683,963	9,598,732
Noncurrent liabilities		101,601	73,932	100,024
Deferred inflow of resources		21,658,788	 21,997,602	 22,778,657
Total net position, liabilities, and				
deferred inflow of resources	\$	141,547,070	\$ 146,143,503	\$ 149,555,715

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

2013 vs. 2012

Total assets and deferred outflow of resources were \$141,547,070 and \$146,143,503 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$4,596,433. The decrease was due to accumulated depreciation, write off issuance costs and billing /elimination of the 2012 Regulatory Asset. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in O&M Fixed and Debt Service Regulatory Assets.

Total current assets were \$15,560,783 and \$16,328,323 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$767,540. Due to decrease of \$1,312,283 in 2012 Regulatory Asset (Billing) offset by a \$514,461 increase in cash and temporary investments.

Utility plant assets were \$118,173,628 and \$122,843,745 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$4,670,117. Utility plant assets decreased as a result of depreciation. There were no significant capital expenditures or retirements of assets for OMEGA JV5 in 2013.

Noncurrent restricted assets were \$3,334,810 and \$3,321,816 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$12,994. The classification of restricted assets into current and noncurrent categories reflects the timing of anticipated payments from the Certificate Payment Fund and the Reserve and Contingency Fund.

Other assets were \$2,719,789 and \$1,570,767 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$1,149,022. The increase is due to the addition of 2 regulatory assets - \$1,903,694 (O&M Fixed), \$161,770 (Debt Service). The additions were offset by decreases in prepaid bond insurance of \$91,195 and write off issuance costs of \$825,246.

Deferred outflow of resources were \$1,758,060 and \$2,078,852 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively a decrease of \$320,792. This decrease is related to the amortization of the 1993 bond defeasance.

Total net position, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources were \$141,547,070 and \$146,143,503 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$4,596,433.

Net position was \$9,771,963 and \$9,771,963 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012.

Net Beneficial Interest Certificates were \$100,248,354 and \$104,616,043 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$4,367,689. This was primarily due to a principal payment made in 2013 on the 2004 Beneficial Interest Certificates of \$5,105,000 partially offset by the amortization of the unamortized discount of the 2001 bonds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Current liabilities were \$9,766,364 and \$9,683,963 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$82,401. This was due mainly to decreases in payables and accruals of \$186,449. These decreases were offset by \$250,000 increase in 2004 Bond Principal payment due for 2014.

Noncurrent liabilities were \$101,601 and \$73,932 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$27,669. This was primarily the result of an increase in accrued license fees and property taxes of \$18,186 and \$9,483, respectively.

Deferred inflow of resources were \$21,658,788 and \$21,997,602 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively a decrease of \$338,814. This was a result of a decrease in operating and maintenance related regulatory rates intended to recover future expenses.

2012 vs. 2011

Total assets and deferred outflow of resources were \$146,143,503 and \$149,555,715 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$3,412,212. The decrease was due to increased accumulated depreciation as well as a decrease in rate stabilization cash. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in deferred outflow of resources and capital assets.

Total current assets were \$16,328,323 and \$17,099,422 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$771,099. Cash and temporary investments decreased by \$1,628,982 primarily due to a decrease in rate stabilization cash. This decrease was partially offset by an increase in regulatory asset of \$980,873 due to the under recovery of 2012 expenses with approved rates.

Utility plant assets were \$122,843,745 and \$127,390,475 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$4,546,730. Utility plant assets decreased as a result of depreciation. OMEGA JV5 also placed into service \$230,132 in transmission line equipment in 2012. There were no significant capital expenditures or retirements of assets for OMEGA JV5 in 2011.

Noncurrent restricted assets were \$3,321,816 and \$3,304,492 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$17,324. The classification of restricted assets into current and noncurrent categories reflects the timing of anticipated payments from the Certificate Payment Fund and the Reserve and Contingency Fund.

Other assets were \$1,570,767 and \$1,761,326 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$190,559. The decrease was the result of a decrease in prepaid bond insurance of \$96,930.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Total net position, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources were \$146,143,503 and \$149,555,715 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$3,412,212.

Net position was \$9,771,963 and \$10,621,115 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$849,152. This decrease is reflective of the \$849,152 loss during operations for 2012.

Net Beneficial Interest Certificates were \$104,616,043 and \$106,457,187 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$1,841,144. This was primarily due to a principal payment made in 2012 on the 2004 Beneficial Interest Certificates of \$4,860,000 partially offset by the amortization of the unamortized discount of the 2001 bonds and classification of the 1993 bond defeasance to deferred outflow of resources.

Current liabilities were \$9,683,963 and \$9,598,732 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$85,231. This was due mainly to increases in payables and accruals of \$326,045 and the current portion of beneficial interest certificates of \$245,000. These increases were offset by decreases in accrued interest of \$101,250, \$107,919 decrease in estimated purchased power and \$234,395 decrease in intercompany payables.

Noncurrent liabilities were \$73,932 and \$100,024 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$26,092. This was primarily the result of a decrease in other accrued liabilities.

Deferred inflow of resources were \$21,997,602 and \$22,778,657 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively a decrease of \$781,055. This was a result of a decrease in operating and maintenance related regulatory rates intended to recover future expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses and net position of OMEGA JV5 for the years ended December 31:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2013	 2012	2011
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$ 22,506,356 16,493,360	\$ 22,485,574 17,914,638	\$ 24,453,017 19,082,468
Operating income	 6,012,996	 4,570,936	 5,370,549
Nonoperating income and expense Investment income	28,219	26,376	30,060
Interest Expense Amortization	 (6,416,305) 375,090	 (5,791,106) 344,642	 (5,984,398) 401,956
Total nonoperating income/(expense) Change in net position	\$ (6,012,996)	\$ (5,420,088) (849,152)	\$ (5,552,382) (181,833)

Operating results

Operating revenues were \$22,506,356 in 2013, an increase of \$20,782 over 2012. The increase in revenues was primarily due to an increase in balances relating to operations \$144,529 offset by a decrease in variable O&M revenue of \$446,917. Operating revenues were \$22,485,574 in 2012, a decrease of \$1,967,443 under 2011. The decrease in revenues was primarily due to decreases in hydro excess power \$1,409,413 and backup power \$106,239 as these amounts were netted against purchased power expense in 2012. Green attributes also decreased by \$305,187.

Operating expenses were \$16,493,360 in 2013, a decrease of \$1,421,278 from 2012. This decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in purchased power of \$2,828,040 which was offset by increases in maintenance \$339,475, MESA services \$125,027, Rice Neshap and General Fund allocations \$159,250. Operating expenses were \$17,914,638 in 2012, a decrease of \$1,167,830 from 2011. This decrease was primarily the result of a decreases in hydro excess power \$1,409,413 and backup power \$106,239 as these amounts were netted against purchased power expense in 2012. Green attributes also decreased by \$305,187. These decreases were offset by increases in transmission costs of \$501,119 and diesel fuel of \$96,608.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Non-Operating expense totaled \$6,012,996 in 2013 and \$5,420,088 in 2012, respectively, an increase of \$592,908. This increase was caused primarily by an increase in interest expense in 2013. Non-Operating expense totaled \$5,420,088 in 2012 and \$5,552,382 in 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$132,294. This decrease was caused primarily by a reduction in interest expenses in 2012.

There were no distributions to participants in the past four years.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact management at 614.540.1111 or 1111 Schrock Road – Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43229.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	6,418,624	\$	5,904,163
Restricted assets - funds held by trustee		7,759,990		7,642,061
Receivables from participants		924,218		997,556
Receivables from related parties		10,000		10,590
Regulatory asset		119,298		1,431,581
Inventory		119,784		138,637
Prepaid expenses		208,869		203,735
Total Current Assets		15,560,783	_	16,328,323
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Restricted Assets				
Restricted assets - funds held by trustee		3,334,810		3,321,816
Electric Plant and Land		-,,		0,0=1,010
Electric plant in service		186,352,403		186,352,403
Land		431,881		431,881
Accumulated depreciation		(68,610,656)		(63,940,539)
Net Electric Plant and Land		118,173,628		122,843,745
Other Assets				122,010,110
Prepaid dedicated capacity				
Prepaid bond insurance, net		654,325		745,521
Regulatory asset		2,065,464		-
Beneficial interest certificates' issuance costs, net		-		825,246
Total Noncurrent Assets		124,228,227		127,736,328
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
		4 750 000		0.070.050
Unamortized defeasance costs	_	1,758,060	_	2,078,852
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		1,758,060		2,078,852
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$ 1	141,547,070	\$	146,143,503

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,580,455	\$	1,706,909
Payable to related parties		158,571		88,478
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets				
Accrued interest		1,402,515		1,508,869
Debt service collected to be reimbursed to members		1,269,823		1,274,707
Beneficial interest certificates, current		5,355,000		5,105,000
Total Current Liabilities		9,766,364		9,683,963
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Property taxes		9,483		-
Accrued license fees		92,118		73,932
2001 beneficial interest certificates		56,125,000		56,125,000
Unamortized discount		(28,743,987)		(30,197,583)
2004 beneficial interest refunding certificates		70,990,000		76,345,000
Unamortized premium		1,877,341		2,343,626
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		100,349,955		104,689,975
Total Liabilities	_	110,116,319		114,373,938
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Rates intended to recover future costs		21,658,788		21,997,602
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		21,658,788	_	21,997,602
	_	2:,000,:00		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		14,328,334		15,201,554
Restricted		8,422,462		8,180,301
Unrestricted		(12,978,833)		(13,609,892)
Total Net Position		9,771,963		9,771,963
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW				
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	141,547,070	\$	146,143,503

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
OPERATING REVENUES		
Electric revenue	\$ 22,506,356	\$ 22,485,574
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Purchased power	6,116,879	8,944,919
Capacity	637,341	-
Related party services	1,304,281	1,179,254
Depreciation	4,670,117	4,666,731
Maintenance	1,425,882	1,086,407
Utilities	167,165	159,023
Insurance	412,131	443,836
Professional services	69,295	109,214
Payment in lieu of taxes	840,000	840,000
Other operating expenses	 850,269	 485,254
Total Operating Expenses	 16,493,360	 17,914,638
Operating Income	 6,012,996	 4,570,936
NONOPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSE		
Investment income	28,219	26,376
Interest expense	(6,416,305)	(5,791,106)
Amortization of insurance	(91,196)	(190,560)
Amortization of premium	 466,286	 535,202
Total Nonoperating Expense	 (6,012,996)	 (5,420,088)
Change in net position	-	(849,152)
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	 9,771,963	 10,621,115
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 9,771,963	\$ 9,771,963

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from participants	\$	21,487,699	\$	22,610,354
Cash paid to related parties for personnel services		(1,233,598)		(1,413,649)
Cash payments to suppliers and related parties for goods				
and services		(10,604,028)		(13,682,592)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		9,650,073	_	7,514,113
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Payments on beneficial interest certificates		(5,105,000)		(4,860,000)
Interest payments on beneficial interest certificates		(3,923,024)		(4,172,150)
Proceeds from debt service to be refunded to members		1,269,823		1,274,707
Payment of debt service refunded to members		(1,274,707)		(1,270,741)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(9,032,908)	_	(9,028,184)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investments purchased		(4,772,381)		(4,746,393)
Investments sold and matured		4,641,458		4,527,802
Investment income received		28,219		26,381
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		(102,704)	_	(192,210)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		514,461		(1,706,281)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	_	5,904,163	_	7,610,444
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	6,418,624	\$	5,904,163

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013	 2012
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH			
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income	\$	6,012,996	\$ 4,570,936
Noncash items in operating income			
Depreciation		4,670,117	\$ 4,666,731
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Receivables from participants		73,338	124,780
Receivables from related parties		590	(10,590)
Regulatory asset		(753,181)	(980,873)
Inventory		18,853	15,498
Prepaid expenses		(5,134)	(6,703)
Deferred inflow of resources		(338,814)	(935,192)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(126,454)	330,011
Payable to related parties		70,093	(234,395)
Property taxes		9,483	-
Accrued license fees		18,186	 (26,090)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	9,650,073	\$ 7,514,113
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION			
Cash and temporary investments	\$	6,418,624	\$ 5,904,163
Funds held by trustee	_	11,094,800	 10,963,877
Total Cash Accounts		17,513,424	 16,868,040
Less Non-cash equivalents		(11,094,800)	 (10,963,877)
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	6,418,624	\$ 5,904,163

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 ("OMEGA JV5") was organized by 42 subdivisions of the State of Ohio (the "Participants") on April 20, 1993, pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement (the "Agreement") under the Ohio Constitution and Section 715.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. Its purpose was to undertake the Belleville Hydroelectric Project (the "Project"). The Participants are members of American Municipal Power, Inc. ("AMP"). OMEGA JV5 constructed and owns and operates the Project. The Project operations consist of:

- The Belleville hydroelectric generating plant and associated transmission facilities ("Belleville Hydroelectric Facilities");
- Backup generation facilities, including contracts for the output thereof; and
- Power purchased on behalf of OMEGA JV5 participants.

The Belleville Hydroelectric Facilities consists of a run-of-the-river hydroelectric plant designed for a capacity of 42 megawatts and approximately 26.5 miles of 138-kilovolt transmission facilities. The plant is located in West Virginia, on the Ohio River, at the Belleville Locks and Dam.

The Project was constructed with proceeds from the issuance of beneficial interest certificates (the "Certificates"). The Certificates evidence the obligation of the Participants to pay for the cost of the Project from revenues of their electric systems. The Agreement continues until 60 days subsequent to the termination or disposition of the Project and thereafter until the date the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on all bonds have been paid or deemed paid in accordance with any applicable trust indenture; provided, however, that each Participant shall remain obligated to pay to OMEGA JV5 its respective share of the costs of terminating, discontinuing, retiring, disposing of, and decommissioning the Project.

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies followed by OMEGA JV5.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place or deferred until a future period in which they will be recovered through rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW/OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, except that restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statement of cash flows.

OMEGA JV5 has elected to comply with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 135.14. Under ORC 135.14, investments are limited to:

- 1. Deposits at eligible institutions pursuant to ORC section 135.08, 135.09 and 135.18.
- 2. Bonds or other obligations of the state.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its agencies.
- 4. Bankers acceptances, with certain conditions.
- 5. The local government investment pool.
- 6. Commercial paper, with certain conditions.
- 7. All investments must have an original maturity of 5 years or less.
- 8. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

OMEGA JV5 has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments and specifies the maximum concentration of investments in each eligible security.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Market values may have changed significantly after year end.

Receivables/Payables

Accounts receivable are amounts due from participants at the end of the year. Due to the participant relationship and the high degree of collectibility, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is necessary. Accounts payable are amounts due to vendors for services incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW/OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Inventory

Inventory consists of fuel and is stated at the lower of first-in, first-out ("FIFO") cost or market.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs of insurance paid during the current calendar year for coverage in subsequent years.

OMEGA JV5 Plant

OMEGA JV5 plant is recorded at cost and consists of the hydroelectric plant, equipment, transmission facilities, and backup generating units. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets ranging from 3 to 40 years. Major renewals, betterments and replacements are capitalized, while maintenance and repair costs are charged to operations as incurred. When OMEGA JV5 plant assets are retired, accumulated depreciation is charged with the cost of the assets plus removal costs, less any salvage value.

OMEGA JV5 plant assets are assessed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the service of the capital asset may have significantly and unexpectedly declined. If it is determined that impairment has occurred, an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated fair value.

Asset Retirement Obligations

OMEGA JV5 records, at fair value, legal obligations associated with the retirement or removal of long-lived assets at the time the obligations are incurred and can be reasonably estimated. When a liability is initially recorded, the cost of the related long-lived asset is increased. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the difference between the accrued liability and the amount to settle the liability is recorded as a settlement gain or loss. Depreciation expense and accretion expense incurred, but not yet recovered through rates, are offset by regulatory assets to be recovered through future billings to Participants. OMEGA JV5 has determined that there is no asset retirement obligation associated with the transmission line or back-up diesel units. Based on these assumptions, OMEGA JV5 has not recorded an asset retirement obligation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW/OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Regulatory Assets

OMEGA JV5 records regulatory assets (expenses to be recovered in rates in future periods).

Deferred Inflow of Resources

OMEGA JV5 records deferred inflows of resources (rates collected for expenses not yet incurred). In addition, consist of revenue related to amounts prepaid by the Participants for operation and maintenance expenses and are recorded as income when the related expenditure occurs.

Deferred Outflow of Resources

OMEGA JV5 records deferred outflows of resources related to the unamortized cost from the defeasance of the 1993 beneficial interest certificates. Gains or losses on prior refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other obligations are reported as OMEGA JV5 liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources and Net Position (cont.)

Net Position

All property constituting OMEGA JV5 is owned by the Participants as tenants in common in undivided shares, each share being equal to that Participant's percentage ownership interest as follows:

	Project kW	Percent Project Ownership and
<u>Municipality</u>	Entitlement	Entitlement
Cuyahoga Falls	7,000	16.67%
Bowling Green	6,608	15.73
Niles	4,463	10.63
Napoleon	3,088	7.35
Jackson	3,000	7.14
Hudson	2,388	5.69
Wadsworth	2,360	5.62
Oberlin	1,270	3.02
New Bremen	1,000	2.38
Bryan	919	2.19
Hubbard	871	2.07
Montpelier	850	2.02
Minster	837	1.99
Columbiana	696	1.66
Wellington	679	1.62
Versailles	460	1.10
Monroeville	427	1.02
Oak Harbor	396	0.94
Lodi	395	0.94
Pemberville	386	0.92
Edgerton	385	0.92

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources and Net Position (cont.)

Net Position (cont.)

<u>Municipality</u>	Project kW Entitlement	Percent Project Ownership and Entitlement
Arcanum	352	0.84%
Seville	344	0.82
Brewster	333	0.79
Pioneer	321	0.76
Genoa	288	0.69
Jackson Center	281	0.67
Grafton	269	0.64
Elmore	244	0.58
Woodville	209	0.50
Milan	163	0.39
Bradner	145	0.35
Beach City	128	0.30
Prospect	115	0.27
Haskins	56	0.13
Lucas	54	0.13
Arcadia	46	0.11
South Vienna	45	0.11
Waynesfield	35	0.08
Eldorado	35	0.08
Republic	35	0.08
Custar	24	0.06
Totals	42,000	100.00%

REVENUE AND EXPENSES

OMEGA JV5 distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the OMEGA JV5's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of OMEGA JV5 are charges to participants for sales of electric power. Operating expenses include the cost of generation and transmission, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Operating revenues are recognized when earned as service is delivered. OMEGA JV5's rates for electric power are designed to cover annual operating costs except depreciation. Debt service is billed separately to the Participants. Rates are set annually by the Board of Participants. Periodically OMEGA JV5 will distribute earnings to its participants based on available operating and rate stabilization cash. These distributions are approved by the Board of Participants. No distributions were made in 2013 or 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62.* These standards were implemented in these financial statements. Certain items in the 2012 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statements of cash flows, since they are not available for use.

Carrying Value as of

	December 31,				
		2013	2012		Risks
Checking/Money Market Funds	\$	6,418,624	\$	5,904,163	Custodial credit
Government Money Market Mutual Fund		1,319		1,714	Credit, interest rate
Commercial Paper		11,093,481		10,962,163	Credit, interest rate, custodial credit, concentration of credit
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents,					
and Investments	\$	17,513,424	\$	16,868,040	

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for accounts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 – Cash and Temporary Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, OMEGA JV5's deposits may not be returned to it. OMEGA JV5 has custodial credit risk on its cash and temporary investments balance to the extent the balance exceeds the federally insured limit. OMEGA JV5's investment policy requires that amounts in excess of FDIC limits be collateralized by government securities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, OMEGA JV5 will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. OMEGA JV5's investment policy does not address this risk.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV5's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	20	2013		112
	Bank Balance	Carrying Value	Bank Balance	Carrying Value
Neither insured nor registered and held by a counterparty	\$ 11,093,481	\$ 11,093,481	\$ 10,962,163	\$ 10,962,163

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. OMEGA JV5 invests in instruments approved under the entity's investment policy. The Board of Participants has authorized OMEGA JV5 to invest in funds in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Allowable investments include United States Treasury and federal and state government agency obligations, money market funds, and commercial paper with the highest classification by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services at the time of purchase.

As of December 31, 2013, OMEGA JV5's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors	Moody's Investors Services
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	AAAm	Aaa
Commercial Paper	A-1	P-1

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 – CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Credit Risk (cont.)

As of December 31, 2012, OMEGA JV5's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors	Moody's Investors Services
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	AAAm	Aaa
Commercial Paper	A-1	P-1

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. OMEGA JV5's investment policy requires diversification of investments to limit losses from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific type of security, except for US Treasury and fixed rate non-callable Federal Agency securities.

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV5's investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

		Percentage of Portfolio		
Issuer	Investment Type	2013	2012	
Abbey Bank Credit Agricole Natixis Financial Societe Generale	Commercial Paper Commercial Paper Commercial Paper Commercial Paper	47.48% - 52.52% -	24.05% 10.08% 43.87% 22.00%	

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. OMEGA JV5's investment policy limits the maturity of commercial paper and bankers acceptances to 180 days.

As of December 31, 2013, OMEGA JV5 investments were as follows:

Investment	Maturity Date	Weighted Average Maturity (days)	 Fair Value
Abbey Bank 9Natixis Financial Government Money Market Mutual Fund	2/18/2014 2/18/2014 n/a	48 48 55	\$ 5,266,789 5,826,692 1,319
			\$ 11,094,800

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

As of December 31, 2012, OMEGA JV5's investments were as follows:

Investment	Maturity Date	Weighted Average Maturity (days)	ı	Fair Value
	- Watanty Bate	watanty (days)		i dii valac
Abbey National Bank Commercial Paper	2/15/2013	45	\$	2,637,235
Credit Agricole	2/15/2013	33		1,104,794
Natixis Financial	2/15/2013	42		4,808,710
Societe Generale	2/15/2013	37		2,411,424
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	n/a	55		1,714
				\$ 10,963,877

NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets include those assets comprising the Debt Service Reserve, Certificate Payment Fund, and Reserve and Contingency Funds, which are established and maintained pursuant to the fund agreement for the Certificates. Substantially all assets in the Certificate Payment Fund are available only to meet principal and interest payments on the Certificates. As part of the refunding of the 1993 Certificates in February 2004, the Debt Service Reserve Fund was liquidated. Assets in the Reserve and Contingency Fund are to be used for the following purposes: (i) subject to certain conditions, to remedy deficiencies in bond debt service payments; (ii) to pay for operating expenses to the extent that other operating funds are not sufficient; (iii) to pay for major repairs and maintenance; and (iv) to provide for the decommissioning of the Project.

The Certificates' trust agreement limits permissible restricted investments to those authorized for municipalities by Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code and also permits investments approved in writing by the AMBAC Assurance Corporation ("AMBAC") and MBIA Insurance Corporation ("MBIA"). The trust agreement does not restrict the duration of investments to the limitations imposed by Chapter 135. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, all investments were purchased in the name of the restricted funds' trustee and are held by the trustee. The investments held by the trustee are uninsured and unregistered.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 3 - RESTRICTED ASSETS (cont.)

Restricted Net Position

The following calculation supports the amount of restricted Net Position:

	2013	2012
Restricted Assets	 	
Certificate payment fund	\$ 7,759,990	\$ 7,642,061
Reserve and contingency fund	3,334,810	3,321,816
	 11,094,800	 10,963,877
Less:		
Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted		
Assets	 (2,672,338)	 (2,783,576)
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 8,422,462	\$ 8,180,301

NOTE 4 – UTILITY PLANT

Utility plant activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013				
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance	
Electric Plant and Equipment Land	\$186,352,403 431,881	-	-	\$186,352,403 431,881	
Total Utility Plant in Service	186,784,284	-	-	186,784,284	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(63,940,539)	(4,670,117)		(68,610,656)	
Utility Plant, Net	\$122,843,745	\$(4,670,117)	-	\$118,173,628	
	2012				
	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Additions	Disposals	Balance	
Electric Plant and Equipment Land	\$186,288,017 431,881	\$230,132 -	\$(165,746) -	\$186,352,403 431,881	
Total Utility Plant in Service	186,719,898	230,132	(165,746)	186,784,284	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(59,329,423)	(4,666,731)	55,615	(63,940,539)	
Utility Plant, Net	\$127,390,475	\$(4,436,599)	\$(110,131)	\$122,843,745	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 5 - PREPAID BOND INSURANCE

In connection with the issuance of the 2001 Certificates, OMEGA JV5 paid \$407,000 on behalf of the Participants for municipal bond insurance. In consideration for the payment of the premium and subject to the terms of the policy, the insurance company agrees to pay to the State Street Bank and Trust Company of New York, as trustee, or its successor, for benefit of the bondholders, that portion of the principal and interest on the 2001 Certificates that becomes due for payment but remains unpaid by reason of nonpayment by the Participants. This cost is being amortized over the maturities of the 2001 Certificates.

In connection with the issuance of the 2004 Certificates, OMEGA JV5 paid \$1,264,718 on behalf of the Participants for municipal bond insurance. In consideration for the payment of the premium and subject to the terms of the policy, the insurance company agrees to pay to the United States Trust Company of New York, as trustee, or its successor, for benefit of the bondholders, that portion of the principal and Interest on the 2004 Certificates that becomes due for payment but remains unpaid by reason of nonpayment by the Participants. This cost is being amortized over the maturities of the 2004 Certificates.

In connection with the issuance of the 2004 Certificates, OMEGA JV5 paid \$325,834 to Ambac Assurance Corporation for the purchase of a financial guaranty insurance policy. In consideration for the payment of the premium and subject to the terms of the policy, Ambac Assurance Corporation agrees to pay to The Bank of New York, as trustee, or its successor, that portion of the principal and interest on the 2004 Certificates, which becomes due for payment, but shall be unpaid, due to nonpayment by OMEGA JV5. This cost is being amortized over the maturities of the 2004 Certificates.

NOTE 6 – BENEFICIAL INTEREST CERTIFICATES

In February, 2004 OMEGA JV5 issued 2004 Beneficial Interest Refunding Certificates ("2004 Certificates") totaling \$116,910,000 for the purpose of refunding the principal of the outstanding 1993 Beneficial Interest Certificates ("1993 Certificates") due in the years 2005 through 2024. The 2004 Certificates were sold at a premium of \$7,674,145.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 - BENEFICIAL INTEREST CERTIFICATES (cont.)

OMEGA JV5 paid a redemption premium of \$1,313,550 to redeem the 1993 Certificates. The difference between the reacquisition price of \$132,668,550 and the net carrying amount of the 1993 Certificates, including unamortized discount and issuance costs, of \$126,112,000, is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the life of the 2004 Certificates.

OMEGA JV5 refunded the 1993 Certificates to reduce the total debt service payments through 2024 by approximately \$24,000,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the 1993 Certificates and the 2004 Certificates) of \$18,593,150.

The 2004 Certificates outstanding at December 31, 2013, are as follows:

Maturity Date February 15,		Principal Amount	Interest Rate	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
2014		5,355,000	5.00	
2015		5,630,000	5.00	
2016		6,050,000	5.00	
2017		6,215,000	5.00	
2018		6,520,000	5.00	
2019		6,845,000	5.00	
2020		7,190,000	5.00	
2021		7,550,000	5.00	
2022		7,925,000	5.00	
2023		8,325,000	5.00	
2024		8,740,000	4.75	
		76,345,000		
Less: Current portion		(5,355,000)		
Unamortized premium		1,877,341		
Unamortized cost from defeasance		.,07.,01.		
of beneficial interest certificates		(1,758,060)		
Total	\$	71,109,2814		

Interest on the 2004 Certificates is payable semiannually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing August 15, 2004, to and including the date of maturity or prior redemption.

The 2004 Certificates are not subject to optional redemption before February 15, 2014. The 2004 Certificates maturing after February 15, 2014 are subject to redemption in whole or in part on any date on or after February 15, 2014 at par plus accrued interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 - BENEFICIAL INTEREST CERTIFICATES (cont.)

In accordance with the trust agreement, amended on January 1, 2004, OMEGA JV5 is required to charge the Participants additional debt service ("Refunding Debt Service") in the amount of 15% of principal and interest. On February 16 of each year from 2005 through 2024, amounts charged to the Participants for Refunding Debt Service for the previous twelve months shall be refunded to the Participants. OMEGA JV5 established a liability payable from restricted assets of \$1,269,823 and \$1,274,707 for amounts to be refunded to Participants at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The 2001 Beneficial Interest Certificates (the "2001 Certificates") outstanding at December 31, 2013 are as follows:

Maturity Date February 15,	Maturity Amount	Yield to Maturity
2025	\$ 10,915,000	5.51%
2026 2027	10,915,000 10,915,000	5.52 5.53
2028	10,915,000	5.54
2029	10,465,000	5.55
2030	2,000,000	5.56
Sub-Total	56,125,000	
Less: Unamortized discount	(28,743,987))
Total	\$ 27,381,013	

The interest component of the 2001 Certificates will accrete from the date of issuance, compounded semiannually on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing February 2002, with the original discount amount of \$42,225,017, and will be payable at maturity as a component of the maturity. The 2001 Certificates are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Except for the limited step-up provisions in the event of default by a Participant as described in Section 18 of the Joint Venture Agreement, the 2004 Certificates and the 2001 Certificates are payable solely from bond debt service payments to be made by the OMEGA JV5 Participants pursuant to an agreement dated as of January 1, 1993. The bond debt service payments are obligations of the OMEGA JV5 Participants, payable from the revenues of their municipal electric systems, subject only to the prior payment of the operation and maintenance expenses thereof. For accounting purposes, the obligation for repayment of the Certificates is reflected in the financial statements of OMEGA JV5.

The terms of the trust agreement related to the Certificates contain various covenants, the most restrictive of which require the timely payment of debt service and for the Participants of OMEGA JV5 to comply with the provisions of the Joint Venture Agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 - BENEFICIAL INTEREST CERTIFICATES (cont.)

Under the Joint Venture Agreement, the Participants must manage electric system revenues and expenditures so that, in each year, those revenues received in that year cover the greater of (i) operating and maintenance ("O&M") expenses plus 110% of its OMEGA JV5 bond debt service payments and any other senior electric revenue debt, or (ii) O&M expenses plus 100% of its OMEGA JV5 bond debt service payments and all other electric system debt whether revenue or general obligation ("debt service coverage ratio").

Based upon unaudited financial information for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, two Participants were not able to certify compliance with the debt service coverage ratio requirement of the Joint Venture Agreement.

Annual debt service requirements for the next five years and cumulative requirements thereafter for the 2004 Certificates and the 2001 Certificates at December 31, 2013 are as follows:

			Refunding	
	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Totals
2014	5,355,000	3,661,525	1,372,560	10,389,085
2015	5,630,000	3,386,900	1,373,648	10,390,548
2016	6,050,000	3,094,900	1,391,854	10,536,754
2017	6,215,000	2,788,275	1,368,497	10,371,772
2018	6,520,000	2,469,900	1,368,263	10,358,163
2019 – 2023	37,835,000	6,989,875	6,822,346	51,647,221
2024 – 2028	19,906,592	32,700,983	8,006,873	60,614,448
2029 – 2030	2,733,391	9,731,609	1,873,396	14,338,396
Totals	\$ 90,244,983	\$ 64,823,967	\$ 23,577,437	\$ 178,646,387

The fair value of the Certificates was estimated by using quoted market prices and is as follows:

	December 31, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	 Carrying	Estimated		Carrying		Estimated
	Value	Fair Value		Value		Fair Value
Long-term debt, including	 _			_		
current maturities:						
2001 Certificates	\$ 27,381,013	\$ 21,145,6050	\$	25,927,417	\$	32,080,355
2004 Certificates	76,345,000	74,969,353		81,450,000		84,330,961

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 - BENEFICIAL INTEREST CERTIFICATES (cont.)

Long-term liability activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013							
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance				
2001 certificates Less: Unamortized discount	\$ 56,125,000 (30,197,583) 25,927,417	\$ - - -	\$ - 1,453,596 1,453,596	\$ 56,125,000 (28,743,987) 27,381,013				
2004 certificates Less: Current maturities Unamortized premium	81,450,000 (5,105,000) 2,343,625 78,688,625	(5,355,000)	(5,105,000) 5,105,000 (466,285) (466,285)	76,345,000 (5,355,000) 1,877,341 72,867,341				
Accrued license fees	73,932	18,186		92,118				
Totals	\$ 104,689,974	\$ (5,336,814)	\$ 987,311	\$ 100,340,471				
	2012							
		20	12					
	Beginning Balance	Additions 20	12 Reductions	Ending Balance				
2001 certificates Less: Unamortized discount	Balance \$ 56,125,000			•				
	Balance \$ 56,125,000 (31,573,944)	Additions	Reductions \$ - 1,376,361	Balance \$ 56,125,000 (30,197,583)				
Less: Unamortized discount 2004 certificates Less: Current maturities	\$ 56,125,000 (31,573,944) 24,551,056 86,310,000 (4,860,000) 2,878,829	Additions \$ (5,105,000)	Reductions \$ - 1,376,361 1,376,361 (4,860,000) 4,860,000 (535,204)	\$ 56,125,000 (30,197,583) 25,927,417 81,450,000 (5,105,000) 2,343,625				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 - BENEFICIAL INTEREST CERTIFICATES (cont.)

Deferred inflow of resources at December 31 are as follows:

	2013	2012
Debt service billed to Participants for Certificates in excess of related expenses Debt service billed to Participants for funding the Reserve and Contingency Fund and accumulated	\$ 19,640,395	\$ 20,331,730
interest Inventories billed to Participants	1,649,387 367,006	1,636,393 29,480
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$ 21,656,788	\$ 21,997,602

NOTE 7 – NET POSITION

GASB No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components –net position invested in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - The component consists of the portion of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets." When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is OMEGA JV5's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 7 – NET POSITION (cont.)

The following calculation supports the net investment in capital assets:

	2013	2012
Plant assets	\$ 186,352,403	\$ 186,352,403
Land	431,881	431,881
Accumulated depreciation	(68,610,656)	(63,940,539)
Sub-Totals	118,173,628	122,843,745
Related debt:		
2001 beneficial interest certificates	56,125,000	56,125,000
Unamortized discount – 2001 Beneficial interest certificates	(28,743,987)	(30,197,583)
2004 beneficial interest certificates	70,990,000	76,345,000
Unamortized premium – 2004 Beneficial interest certificates Unamortized defeasance costs – 1993 Beneficial interest	1,877,341	2,343,626
certificates	(1,758,060)	(2,078,852)
Current portion – Beneficial interest certificates	5,355,000	5,105,000
Sub-Totals	103,845,294	107,642,191
Total Net Investment In Capital Assets	\$ 14,328,334	\$ 15,201,554

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

OMEGA JV5 is subject to regulation by federal, state and local authorities related to Environmental and other matters. Changes in regulations could adversely affect operations and operating costs of OMEGA JV5.

On February 17, 2010, the US EPA promulgated the RICE NESHAP Rule establishing emission limits and work practice standards for compression ignited diesel engines at area sources. The OMEGA JV5 engines are affected by this rule and compliance must be demonstrated by May 2013. OMEGA JV5 is evaluating its compliance options and assessing the impact on the project. Total costs are estimated at \$100,000 to \$300,000.

Many metropolitan and industrialized counties in Ohio have become non-attainment areas under the new ozone and fine particulate matter ambient air quality standards. This may require substantial local reductions of nitrogen oxides, volatile organic compounds, sulfur dioxide, and particulate matter. In addition to emissions reductions required to achieve compliance in down-wind, neighboring states. Medina (Wadsworth) County is a non-attainment area for fine particulate matter; therefore, the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency may restrict the hours of operations or require additional pollution control equipment for the OMEGA JV5 backup generation facilities in this area.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (cont.)

OTHER COMMITMENTS

OMEGA JV5 has agreed to make certain payments in lieu of taxes to Wood County, West Virginia. The payments in lieu of taxes will be approximately \$840,000 annually until the later of September 1, 2028 or until such time as the Project ceases commercial operations.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

OMEGA JV5 is covered under the insurance policies of AMP and is billed for its proportionate share of the insurance expense. AMP maintains insurance policies related to commercial property, motor vehicle liability, workers' compensation, excess liability, general liability, pollution liability, directors' and officers' insurance, fiduciary liability, crime and fidelity coverage. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 10 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

OMEGA JV5 has entered into the following agreements:

- Pursuant to the Agreement, AMP was designated as an agent and provides various management and operational services. The cost of these services for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$160,289 and \$171,600, respectively. OMEGA JV5's payables to AMP as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 were \$59,236 and \$12,945, respectively.
- As OMEGA JV5's agent, AMP purchases power and fuel on behalf of OMEGA JV5. Power and fuel
 purchases for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 amounted to \$6,754,219 and \$8,944,919,
 respectively. OMEGA JV5's receivable from AMP as of December 31, 2013 was \$0 and \$10,590
 receivable at December 31, 2012.
- As OMEGA JV5's agent, AMP entered into an agreement with Municipal Energy Services Agency
 ("MESA"), a related joint venture, for MESA to provide certain engineering, finance, administration and
 other services. The expense related to these services was \$1,143,992 and \$1,007,654 for the years
 ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. OMEGA JV5 had payables to MESA of \$99,335 and
 \$75,533 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- OMEGA JV5 sold capacity from back-up generating units to AMP's Northwest Area Service Group, Northeast Area Service Group and Jackson, Ohio. This revenue was approximately \$95,400 and \$633,600 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.
- Participants with backup generating units sited in their communities provide utilities to the Units. OMEGA JV5 incurred expenses of \$167,165 and \$159,023 for these services for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Per the Second Supplemental, Article III, Section 3.1 the 2004 BIRCs maturing after February 15, 2014 in the principal amount of \$70,990,000 are subject to optional redemption, in whole or in part, on any date on or after February 15, 2014, at the redemption price of par, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

On October 28, 2013, the AMP Board approved resolution 13-10-3537 authorizing a loan under the AMP Credit Agreement to provide up to \$71,000,000 for deposit with the Trustee to be used, with other funds available to the Trustee, to redeem all of the 2004 BIRCs. The OMEGA JV5 participants also approved resolution 13-10-218JV5 on the same date approving the redemption of the JV5 BIRCs.

On January 16, 2014, U.S. Bank N.A., the Trustee, gave notice to bond holders of full optional redemption of the JV5 2004 BIRCs on February 15, 2014. All of the JV5 BIRCs were redeemed from monies credited to the debt service and a draw on the facility. However, per the Second Supplemental Section 6.7, "\$2,750,000 needed to remain in the Reserve and Contingency Fund Requirement".



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5 ("OMEGA JV5"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2014, wherein we noted OMEGA JV5 implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 61, 65, and 66.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered OMEGA JV5's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV5's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV5's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the OMEGA JV5's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Including Independent Auditors' Report

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 ("OMEGA JV6"), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 1, OMEGA JV6 adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2014 on our consideration of OMEGA JV6's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering OMEGA JV6's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Financial Statement Overview

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 ("OMEGA JV6") for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

OMEGA JV6 prepares its basic financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. OMEGA JV6's basic financial statements include the statements of net position; the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the statements of cash flows.

The statements of net position provide information about the nature and amount of assets and liabilities of OMEGA JV6 as of the end of the year. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report revenues and expenses and the change in net position for the year. The statements of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing and capital and related financing activities.

Financial Highlights

The following table summarizes the financial position of OMEGA JV6 as of December 31:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2013		 2012		2011
Assets					
Electric plant, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	6,399,828	\$ 6,647,566	\$	7,378,551
Regulatory assets		533,281	446,410		430,145
Restricted assets - funds held by trustee		87,093	84,229		82,517
Current assets		2,256,098	2,057,393		1,812,602
Total Assets	\$	9,276,300	\$ 9,235,598	\$	9,703,815
Net Position, Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of Resources					
Net position - net investment in capital assets	\$	6,399,828	\$ 6,647,566	\$	7,378,551
Net position - restricted		87,093	84,229		82,517
Net position - unrestricted		1,759,177	1,812,577		1,131,481
Current liabilities		36,348	15,666		20,694
Asset retirement obligations		814,401	675,560		1,090,572
Deferred inflow of resources		179,453	_		_
Total Net Position, Liabilities and Deferred Inflow of					
Resources	\$	9,276,300	\$ 9,235,598	\$	9,703,815

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

2013 vs. 2012

Total assets were \$9,276,300 and \$9,235,598 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$40,702. This increase is due to an increase in cash offset by a decrease in electric plant, net of depreciation, due to yearly depreciation.

Current assets were \$2,256,098 and \$2,057,393 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$198,705. This increase was primarily due to an increase in cash of \$178,898, cash reserved for maintenance and repairs of \$51,796 and a \$32,692 decrease in accounts receivable.

Non-current assets were \$7,020,202 and \$7,178,205 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$158,003. This decrease was due mainly to a decrease in the value of electric plant, net of depreciation of \$247,738, offset by an increase in regulatory assets of \$86,871. Regulatory assets consist of future recoverable costs related to the accumulated depreciation expense on asset retirement obligations and accretion expense. Restricted assets consist of marketable securities held in trust as part of a bond requirement for the financing members of OMEGA JV6. These funds are available for use under covenants of the bond agreement. Upon repayment of the bonds, any unused funds will revert to the financing participants of OMEGA JV6. Restricted assets were \$87,093 and \$84,229 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 respectively, an increase of \$2,864.

Total net position, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources were \$9,276,300 and \$9,235,598 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 respectively, an increase of \$40,702. This increase was a result of an increase in non-current liabilities, relating to asset retirement obligation and regulatory liabilities.

Total net position was \$8,246,098 and \$8,544,372 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease \$298,274. Net investment in capital assets was \$6,399,828 and \$6,647,566 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$247,738. This decrease resulted from the decrease in electric plant, net of depreciation. Restricted net position was \$87,093 and \$84,229 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$2,864. This increase reflects an increase in trust cash. Unrestricted net position was \$1,759,177 and \$1,812,577 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, a decrease of \$53,400.

Current liabilities were \$36,348 and \$15,666 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$20,682. This resulted from an increase in levels of accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$19,020.

Non-current liabilities were \$814,401 and \$675,560 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 respectively, an increase \$138,841. This increase was due to an increase in the net present value of estimated ARO obligations for the project, based on the analysis of independent engineering consultants.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Deferred inflows of resources were \$179,453 and \$0 at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$179,453. This was a result of an increase in operating and maintenance related regulatory rates intended to recover future expenses.

2012 vs. 2011

Total assets were \$9,235,598 and \$9,703,815 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$468,217. This decrease is due to an increase in cash and cash reserved for maintenance and repairs offset by a decrease in electric plant, net of depreciation, due to yearly depreciation.

Current assets were \$2,057,393 and \$1,812,602 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$244,791. This increase was primarily due to an increase in cash of \$122,326, cash reserved for maintenance and repairs of \$85,133 and a \$40,925 increase in accounts receivable.

Non current assets were \$7,178,205 and \$7,891,213 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$713,008. This decrease was due mainly to a decrease in the value of electric plant, net of depreciation of \$730,985, offset by an increase in regulatory assets of \$16,265. Regulatory assets consist of future recoverable costs related to the accumulated depreciation expense on asset retirement obligations and accretion expense. Restricted assets consist of marketable securities held in trust as part of a bond requirement for the financing members of OMEGA JV6. These funds are available for use under covenants of the bond agreement. Upon repayment of the bonds, any unused funds will revert to the financing participants of OMEGA JV6. Restricted assets were \$84,229 and \$82,517 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$1,712.

Total net position, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources were \$9,235,598 and \$9,703,815 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$468,217. This decrease was a result of a decrease in net investment in capital assets offset by an increase in unrestricted net position and a decrease in asset retirement obligations.

Total net position was \$8,544,372 and \$8,592,549 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease \$48,177. Net investment in capital assets was \$6,647,566 and \$7,378,551 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$730,985. This decrease resulted from the decrease in electric plant, net of depreciation. Restricted net position was \$84,229 and \$82,517 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$1,712. This increase reflects an increase in trust cash. Unrestricted net position was \$1,812,577 and \$1,131,481 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$681,096.

Current liabilities were \$15,666 and \$20,694 at December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease of \$5,028. This resulted from a decrease in levels of

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

accounts payable for \$5,794 and a decrease in audit fees of \$120, offset by an increase in payables to related parties of \$887.

Non-current liabilities were \$675,560 and \$1,090,572 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, a decrease \$415,012. This decrease was due to a decrease in the net present value of estimated ARO obligations for the project, based on the analysis of independent engineering consultants.

The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses and net position of OMEGA JV6 for the years ended December 31:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2013		2012		2011
Operating revenues Operating expenses	\$	282,816 633,139	\$ 476,297 596,884	\$	746,730 695,150
Operating Income (Loss)		(350,323)	 (120,587)		51,580
Nonoperating revenue		4.074	4 000		0.050
Investment income Future recoverable costs		4,671 45,945	1,626 69,074		2,056 70,100
Nonoperating Revenue		50,616	70,700		72,156
Income before Contributions		(299,707)	(49,887)		123,736
Contributions from participants		1,433	 1,710		416
Change in Net Position	\$	(298,274)	\$ (48,177)	\$	124,152

Rates for electric power are set by OMEGA JV6's Board of Participants and are intended to cover budgeted operating expense (excluding depreciation). OMEGA JV6 does not include any bond payments by OMEGA JV6's financing members in their rates, as these debt service payments are made directly to AMP. In 2007, OMEGA JV6 was authorized by the Internal Revenue Service to issue \$3.5 million in Clean Renewable Energy Bonds that could be used to expand the output of the existing wind farm by installing one additional wind turbine. Although the original authorization was to expire December 31, 2009, this authorization was extended until December 31, 2010. Renewable Energy attributes (RECs or Green Tags) were sold in 2013 and 2012, through the efforts of MESA personnel.

Electric revenues in 2013 were \$282,816 versus \$476,297 in 2012, which is a decrease of \$193,481. The decrease in electric revenues is mainly due to deferred revenue for green attributes (\$51,796) and fixed O&M (\$127,657). Electric revenues in 2012 were \$476,297 versus \$746,730 in 2011, which is a decrease of \$270,433. The decrease in electric revenues is mainly due to lower sales of renewable energy attributes offset by an increase in budgeted rates on

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

fixed revenue. As such, green tag revenue decreased \$309,949 in 2012. The increase in fixed revenue of \$39,516 is due to higher rates billed per megawatt hour, per the 2012 budget.

Operating expenses in 2013 were \$633,139 versus \$596,884 in 2012 which is an increase of \$36,255. This was primarily due to increased maintenance expense of \$32,640, an increase in capacity expense of \$21,059, a decrease in insurance of \$7,732, a decrease in professional services of \$2,243, an increase in MESA services of \$16,331 and a decrease in non-cash ARO depreciation expense of \$19,991. Operating expenses in 2012 were \$596,884 versus \$695,150 in 2011 which is a decrease of \$98,266. This was primarily due to decreased maintenance expense of \$89,200, a decrease in insurance of \$5,686, a decrease in consultants of \$2,488, a decrease in MESA services of \$555 and a decrease in non-cash ARO depreciation expense of \$1,189. This decrease was offset by a \$1,554 increase in professional services and a \$161 increase in non-cash ARO accretion expense.

Investment income in 2013 was \$4,671 versus \$1,626 in 2012 which is an increase of \$3,045. The increase is primarily due to increased interest rates. Investment income in 2012 was \$1,626 versus \$2,056 in 2011 which is a decrease of \$430. The decrease is primarily due to decreased interest rates.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact management at 614.540.1111 or 1111 Schrock Road – Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43229.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
ASSETS				
OUDDENT AGGETS				
CURRENT ASSETS	Φ	4 000 070	ф	1 05 1 000
Cash and temporary investments Receivables from participants	\$	1,232,978 397	\$	1,054,080 26,689
Receivables from related parties		11,804		18,204
Prepaid expenses		17,533		16,830
Total Current Assets		1,262,712		1,115,802
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	1,202,712	_	1,113,002
Restricted assets - funds held by trustee		87,093		84,229
Regulatory assets		533,281		446,410
Board designated funds		993,386		941,590
Electric Plant		,		,
Electric plant		9,486,262		9,422,834
Accumulated depreciation		(3,086,434)		(2,775,268)
Net Electric Plant		6,399,828		6,647,566
Total Non-Current Assets		8,013,588		8,119,795
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	9,276,300	\$	9,235,598
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSIT	10	N		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Φ.	00.007	Φ	44.047
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	30,337	\$	11,317
Payable to related parties		6,011	_	4,349
Total Current Liabilities		36,348		15,666
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		014 401		675 560
Asset retirement obligation		814,401	_	675,560
Total Non-Current Liabilities		814,401		675,560
Total Liabilities	_	850,749	_	691,226
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Rates intended to recover future costs	_	179,453		
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		6,399,828		6,647,566
Restricted		87,093		84,229
Unrestricted		1,759,177		1,812,577
Total Net Position		8,246,098		8,544,372
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	}			
AND NET POSITION	\$	9,276,300	\$	9,235,598

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
OPERATING REVENUES Electric revenue	\$ 282,816	\$ 476,297
Electric revenue	φ 202,010	φ 470,291
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Related party services	73,923	57,641
Capacity	21,059	-
Depreciation	311,166	331,157
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	34,487	37,625
Maintenance	140,480	107,840
Insurance	32,015	39,747
Professional services	9,511	11,754
Other operating expenses	10,498	11,120
Total Operating Expenses	633,139	596,884
Operating Loss	(350,323)	(120,587)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES		
Investment income	4,671	1,626
Future recoverable costs	45,945	69,074
Total Non-Operating Revenues	50,616	70,700
Loss before Contributions	(299,707)	(49,887)
CONTRIBUTIONS FROM PARTICIPANTS	1,433	1,710
Change in net position	(298,274)	(48,177)
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	8,544,372	8,592,549
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 8,246,098	\$ 8,544,372

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from participants and customers	\$	494,961	\$	449,608
Cash paid to related parties for personnel services		(72,261)		(56,755)
Cash payments to suppliers and related parties for goods				
and services		(195,246)		(187,024)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	227,454	_	205,829
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Contributions from participants		1,433		1,710
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities		1,433	_	1,710
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Deposit to restricted assets		(2,864)		(1,712)
Investments sold and matured		-		50,000
Investment income received		4,671		1,632
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	1,807	_	49,920
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		230,694		257,459
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year		1,995,670		1,738,211
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	2,226,364	\$	1,995,670
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$	(350,323)	\$	(120,587)
Depreciation	•	311,166	*	331,157
Accretion of asset retirement obligation		34,487		37,625
Changes in assets and liabilities		,		•
Receivables		26,292		(26,689)
Receivable from related parties		6,400		(14,236)
Prepaid expenses		(703)		3,587
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		19,020		(5,914)
Payable to related parties		1,662		886
Regulatory Liabilities		179,453		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	227,454	\$	205,829
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION				
Cash and temporary investments		1,232,978		1,054,080
Board designated funds		993,386		941,590
Funds held by trustee		87,093		84,229
Total cash accounts		2,313,457		2,079,900
Less: Non-cash equivalents	_	(87,093)		(84,229)
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	2,226,364	\$	1,995,670
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Change in cost of plant due to change in estimated asset				
retirement obligation	\$	63,428	\$	(399,828)
See accompanying notes to financial statements				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 ("OMEGA JV6") was organized by ten subdivisions of the State of Ohio (the "Participants") and commenced operations on December 15, 2003 ("Inception"), pursuant to a joint venture agreement (the "Agreement") under the Ohio Constitution and Section 715.02 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Its purpose is to provide low-polluting capacity to the Participants. The Participants are members of American Municipal Power, Inc. ("AMP"). In December 2003 and December 2004, OMEGA JV6 purchased 3.6 MW of electric plant generating units (the "Project") from AMP for a total capacity of 7.2 MW. The Agreement continues until 60 days subsequent to the termination or disposition of the Project and for as long as required by the financing agreement; provided, however, that each Participant shall remain obligated to pay to OMEGA JV6 its respective share of the costs of terminating, discontinuing, retiring, disposing of, and decommissioning the Project.

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies followed by OMEGA JV6.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic assets used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place or deferred until a future period in which they will be recovered through rates.

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Net Position

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, except that restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statement of cash flows.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Net Position (cont.)

Deposits and Investments (cont.)

OMEGA JV6 has elected to comply with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 135.14. Under ORC 135.14, investments are limited to:

- 1. Deposits at eligible institutions pursuant to ORC section 135.08, 135.09 and 135.18.
- 2. Bonds or other obligations of the state.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its agencies.
- 4. Bankers acceptances, with certain conditions.
- 5. The local government investment pool.
- 6. Commercial paper, with certain conditions.
- 7. All investments must have an original maturity of 5 years or less.
- 8. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

OMEGA JV6 has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments and specifies the maximum concentration of investments in each eligible security.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Market values may have changed significantly after year end.

Board Designated Funds

OMEGA JV6's Board of Participants designated funds from existing operating cash for the maintenance and repairs to the generating units.

Receivables/Payables

Accounts receivable are amounts due from related parties, as such, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is necessary. Accounts payable are amounts due to vendors for services incurred.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs of insurance paid during the current calendar year for coverage in subsequent years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Electric Plant

Electric plant is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over 30 years, the estimated useful lives of the assets. Major renewals, betterments and replacements are capitalized, while maintenance and repair costs are charged to operations as incurred. When electric plant assets are retired, accumulated depreciation is charged with the cost of the assets plus removal costs, less any salvage value.

Electric plant assets are assessed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the service utility of the capital asset may have significantly and unexpectedly declined. If it is determined that an impairment has occurred, an impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated fair value.

Asset Retirement Obligations

OMEGA JV6 records, at fair value, legal obligations associated with the retirement or removal of long-lived assets at the time the obligations are incurred and can be reasonably estimated. When a liability is initially recorded, the entity capitalizes the cost by increasing the carrying value of the related long-lived asset. Over time, the liability is accreted to its present value each period, and the capitalized cost is depreciated over the useful life of the related asset. Upon settlement of the liability, the difference between the accrued liability and the amount required to settle the liability is recorded as a settlement gain or loss.

Regulatory Assets

OMEGA JV6 records regulatory assets (expenses to be recovered in rates in future periods). Regulatory assets include O&M expenses not yet recovered through billings to Participants.

Regulatory assets consisted of the following at December 31:

	2013			2012
Future expenses related to asset retirement obligations	<u>\$</u>	533,281	<u>\$</u>	446,410

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Deferred Inflow of Resources

OMEGA JV6 records deferred inflows of resources (rates collected for expenses not yet incurred). Pursuant to the Agreement, Participants are required to pay all costs related to operations, maintenance and retirement of the jointly owned electric plant.

Deferred inflow of resources consisted of the following at December 31:

		20	12	
Future expenses related to Fixed O&M	\$	179,453	\$	

Net Position

All property constituting OMEGA JV6 is owned by the Participants as tenants in common in undivided shares, each being equal to that Participants' percentage ownership interest as follows:

<u>Municipality</u>	Project kW Entitlement	Percent Project Ownership and Entitlement
Bowling Green	4,100	56.94%
Cuyahoga Falls	1,800	25.00
Napoleon	300	4.17
Wadsworth	250	3.47
Oberlin	250	3.47
Montpelier	100	1.39
Edgerton	100	1.39
Pioneer	100	1.39
Monroeville	100	1.39
Elmore	100	1.39
Totals	7,200	100.00%

REVENUE AND EXPENSES

OMEGA JV6 distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the OMEGA JV6's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of OMEGA JV6 are charges to participants for energy and capacity. Operating expenses include the cost of generation, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

REVENUE AND EXPENSES (cont.)

Electric revenue is recognized when earned as service is delivered. OMEGA JV6's rates for electric power are designed to cover annual operating costs, except depreciation. Rates are set annually by the Board of Participants.

Rates for electric service pursuant to contracts with the Participants are not designed to recover contributed capital used to acquire the electric plant generators. Rates charged to OMEGA JV6 financing participants for debt service are paid to AMP to retire the Project financing obligations (Note 5). Accordingly, OMEGA JV6 will generate negative operating margins during the operating life of the electric plant.

Beginning January 1, 2009, renewable energy attributes from OMEGA JV6 were sold by AMP on behalf of the participants. These revenues will be realized upon delivery of the attributes.

EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. These standards were implemented in these financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statements of cash flows, since they are not available for use.

Carrying Value as of

		Decem			
		2013		2012	Risks
Checking	\$	2,226,364	\$	1,995,670	Custodial credit
Commercial Paper		84,981		83,975	Custodial credit, credit, interest rate, and concentration
Government Money Market Mutual Funds		2,112	_	254	Credit and interest rate
Totals	\$	2,313,457	\$	2,079,899	

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for accounts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 – CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, OMEGA JV6's deposits may not be returned to it. OMEGA JV6 had custodial credit risk on its cash and temporary investments balance to the extent the balance exceeds the federally insured limit. OMEGA JV6's investment policy requires that amounts in excess of FDIC limits be collateralized by government securities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, OMEGA JV6 will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. OMEGA JV6's investment policy does not address this risk.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, OMEGA JV6's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	2013					2012			
	E	Bank Balance	Carrying Value		Bank Balance		Carrying Value		
Neither insured nor registered and held by a counterparty	\$	84,981	\$	84,981	\$	83,975	\$	83,975	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. OMEGA JV6 invests in instruments approved under the entity's investment policy. The Board of Participants has authorized OMEGA JV6 to invest in funds in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Allowable investments include United States Treasury and federal and state government agency obligations, money market funds, and commercial paper with the highest classification by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services.

As of December 31, 2013, OMEGA JV6's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors	Moody's Investors Services
Commercial Paper	A1	P1
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	AAAm	Aaa

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Credit Risk (cont.)

As of December 31, 2012, OMEGA JV6's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors	Moody's Investors Services
Commercial Paper	A1	P1
Government Money Market Mutual Fund	AAAm	Aaa

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. OMEGA JV6's investment policy requires diversification of investments to limit losses from overconcentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific type of security, except for US Treasury and fixed rate non-callable Federal Agency securities.

At December 31, 2013 OMEGA JV6's investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Percentage of Portfolio
Abbey National	Commercial Paper	97.6%
At December 31, 2012, OMEGA	JV6's investment portfolio was concer	ntrated as follows:
Issuer	Investment Type	Percentage of Portfolio
Natixis Corp	Commercial Paper	99.7%

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. OMEGA JV6's investment policy limits the maturity of commercial paper and bankers acceptances to 180 days.

As of December 31, 2013, OMEGA JV6's investments were as follows:

Investment	Maturity Date	Weighted Average Maturity (days)	 Fair Value
Government Money Market Mutual Fund Abbey National	N/A 2/18/2014	48 48	\$ 2,112 84,981
			\$ 87,093

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Interest Rate Risk (cont.)

As of December 31, 2012, OMEGA JV6's investments were as follows:

Investment	Maturity Date	Weighted Average Maturity (days)	 Fair Value
Government Money Market Mutual Fund Natixis Corp	N/A 2/15/2013	45 45	\$ 254 83,975 84,229

NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

Restricted assets include those assets comprising the Reserve and Contingency Fund, which was established and maintained pursuant to the Agreement.

The Agreement requires OMEGA JV6 to maintain a minimum funding in a Reserve and Contingency Fund of \$50,000. Under the terms of the trust agreement associated with the OMEGA JV6 Bonds, if the balance in the fund is less than the required minimum, then AMP may direct OMEGA JV6 to increase billings to members such that the deficiency in the balance is funded within twelve months.

Restricted Assets

The following calculation supports the amount of restricted assets:

	 2013	 2012
Restricted Assets Reserve and Contingency Fund	\$ 87,093	\$ 84,229
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 87,093	\$ 84,229

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 - ELECTRIC PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Electric plant and equipment activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013			
	Beginning		Change in	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Estimate	Balance
Electric plant Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,422,834 (2,775,268)	\$ - (311,166)	\$ 63,428	\$ 9,486,262 (3,086,434)
Electric Plant, Net	\$ 6,647,566	\$ (311,166)	\$ 63,428	\$ 6,399,828
		20	12	
	Beginning	20	12 Change in	Ending
	Beginning Balance	20 Additions		Ending Balance
Electric plant Less: Accumulated depreciation	0 0		Change in	· ·

NOTE 5 – Acquisition of the Project

Pursuant to the Agreement, OMEGA JV6 purchased the Project and assumed related contracts from AMP. OMEGA JV6 financed the initial purchase with a one year note payable to AMP from OMEGA JV6.

The Participants in OMEGA JV6 consist of financing and nonfinancing participants. On July 1, 2004, AMP issued \$9,861,000 OMEGA JV6 Adjustable Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 ("OMEGA JV6 Bonds"), on behalf of the financing participants of OMEGA JV6. The net proceeds of the bond issue were contributed to OMEGA JV6. The nonfinancing participant in OMEGA JV6 contributed \$139,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 5 – Acquisition of the Project (cont.)

The OMEGA JV6 Bonds were not issued by OMEGA JV6 and the financing participants make debt service payments directly to AMP. Therefore, the OMEGA JV6 Bonds are not recorded in the financial statements of OMEGA JV6. The OMEGA JV6 Bonds outstanding at December 31, 2013, are as follows:

Maturity Date February 15 and August 15,	Principal Amount \$ 994,000		Interest Rate
2014			0.33%
2015 Total	\$	975,000 1,969,000	0.33%

The maturity table assumes an interest rate of 0.33%, which is equal to the interest rate used to calculate the February 15, 2014 principal payment.

Principal and interest on the OMEGA JV6 Bonds is payable in \$500,000 semi-annual installments on February 15 and August 15, beginning February 15, 2005. The OMEGA JV6 Bonds bear interest at an adjustable rate, which shall be established by reference to the Six-Month Municipal Market Data High Grade Index Rate (the "MMD Index Rate") plus 15 basis points. The adjustable rate will automatically be reset semi-annually, based on the MMD Index Rate as of two business days prior to the beginning of the next interest period. On August 15, 2019, the balance of the principal of the OMEGA JV6 Bonds, if not theretofore paid or provided for, shall become due and payable.

The OMEGA JV6 Bonds are payable solely from the basic and additional demand charges of the OMEGA JV6 financing participants. The OMEGA JV6 Bonds require compliance by the financing participants with the OMEGA JV6 Agreement, which requires that each financing participant maintain a debt service coverage ratio of 1.1 or greater.

Based on unaudited information for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, all financing participants are in compliance with the debt service coverage requirements.

The OMEGA JV6 Bonds are subject to optional redemption at any time, at the sole discretion of participants of OMEGA JV6, at the price of par plus accrued interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 – ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

Under the terms of lease agreements, OMEGA JV6 has an obligation to remove electric plant from the leased sites where the units are located and to perform certain restoration activities at the sites.

Asset retirement obligation activity for the years ended December 31 is as follows:

	2013				
	Beginning	Accretion	Change in	Ending	
	Balance	Expense	Estimate	Balance	
Asset retirement obligation	\$ 675,560	\$ 34,487	<u>\$ 104,354</u>	<u>\$ 814,401</u>	
		2	012		
	Beginning	Accretion	Change in	Ending	
	Balance	Expense	Estimate	Balance	
Asset retirement obligation	\$ 1,090,572	\$ 37,625	\$ (452,637)	\$ 675,560	

Asset retirement obligations are determined based on detailed cost estimates, adjusted for factors that an outside third party would consider (i.e., inflation, overhead and profit), escalated using an inflation factor to the estimated removal dates, and then discounted using a credit adjusted risk-free interest rate. The removal date for each unit was determined based on the estimated life of the units. The accretion of the liability and amortization of the property and equipment will be recognized over the estimated useful life of each unit. OMEGA JV6 updated its estimate of its asset retirement obligation based on an updated legal and technical study performed during 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 7 – NET POSITION

GASB No. 63 requires the classification of net position into three components – net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 7 – NET POSITION (cont.)

The following calculation supports the net investment in capital assets:

	 2013	 2012
Electric Plant Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 9,486,262 (3,086,434)	\$ 9,422,834 (2,775,268)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 6,399,828	\$ 6,647,566

NOTE 8 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

The Project is subject to regulations by federal, state and local authorities related to environmental and other matters. Changes in regulations could adversely affect the operations and operating cost of OMEGA JV6.

Bird and bat collisions with the turning blades of wind turbines have resulted in wildlife losses in some wind turbine locations. There have reportedly been some dead bats observed near the project by an outside college study group. If it is concluded that there is a bird or bat collision problem, fines may be assessed or operational restrictions imposed against OMEGA JV6.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

OMEGA JV6 is covered under the insurance policies of AMP and is billed for its proportionate share of the insurance expense. AMP maintains insurance policies related to commercial property, motor vehicle liability, workers' compensation, excess liability, general liability, pollution liability, directors' and officers' insurance, fiduciary liability, crime and fidelity coverage. There have been no claims in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTE 10 – SIGNIFICANT CUSTOMERS

OMEGA JV6 has two participants that comprised 33% and 33% of electric service revenue in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

OMEGA JV6 has entered into the following agreements:

- Pursuant to the Agreement, AMP was designated as an agent and provides various management and operational services. OMEGA JV6 incurred expenses related to these services in the amount of \$2,064 and \$2,112 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and had a payable of \$578 and \$176 to AMP at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- As OMEGA JV6's agent, AMP entered into an agreement with Municipal Energy Services Agency
 ("MESA"), a related joint venture, for MESA to provide certain engineering, finance, administration and
 other services. The expenses related to these services were \$71,859 and \$55,529 for the years ended
 December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. OMEGA JV6 had a payable to MESA for \$5,433 and
 \$4,174 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- During 2013 and 2012, AMP sold green tags on behalf of OMEGA JV6. OMEGA JV6 had a receivable from AMP of \$11,804 and \$18,204 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTE 12 – FUTURE LEASE COMMITMENT

On November 14, 2002, AMP entered into a 20 year lease for the land where the Project is located. The term of the lease allows for annual renewals if the Project is commercially operable. The lease requires annual payments of \$1,000 per wind turbine unit. AMP has assigned this lease to OMEGA JV6. Rent expense from this lease totaled \$4,000 during each of the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6 ("OMEGA JV6"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2014, wherein we noted OMEGA JV6 implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 61, 65, and 66.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered OMEGA JV6's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV6's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of OMEGA JV6's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the OMEGA JV6's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014



MUNICIPAL ENERGY SERVICES AGENCY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Including Independent Auditors' Report

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants

Municipal Energy Services Agency:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Municipal Energy Services Agency ("MESA"), which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

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www.cshco.com p. 513.241.3111 f. 513.241.1212 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Municipal Energy Services Agency as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the changes in its financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Effect of Adopting New Accounting Standards

As discussed in Note 1, MESA adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, and Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. Our opinions were not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 16, 2014 on our consideration of MESA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering MESA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Financial Statement Overview

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial performance of Municipal Energy Services Agency ("MESA") for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The information presented should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

MESA prepares its basic financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. MESA's basic financial statements include the statements of net position; the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the statements of cash flows.

The statements of net position provide information about the nature and amount of assets and liabilities of MESA as of the end of the year. The statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position report revenues and expenses for the year. The statements of cash flows reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operating and investing activities.

Financial Highlights

The following table summarizes the financial position of MESA as of December 31:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	2013	2012			2011
Assets					
Cash and short term investments	\$ 1,321,507	\$	1,994,162	\$	2,053,164
Accounts receivable AMP members	1,068,543		486,691		188,214
Accounts receivable related parties	2,101,681		1,372,238		1,295,315
Interest receivable	-		-		5
Costs/recoveries in excess of member project billings	216,210		72,290		295,690
Prepaids	2,083		972		10,596
Total Current Assets	\$ 4,710,025	\$	3,926,353	\$	3,842,984
Total assets	\$ 4,710,025	\$	3,926,353	\$	3,842,984
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	\$ 3,009,383	\$	2,351,569	\$	2,292,840
Noncurrent liabilities	1,700,642		1,574,784	_	1,550,144
Total liabilities	\$ 4,710,025	\$	3,926,353	\$	3,842,984

2013 vs. 2012

Total assets were \$4,710,025 and \$3,926,353 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$783,672. This was due to increases in receivables from AMP members of \$581,852, receivables from related parties of \$729,443.

Total liabilities were \$4,710,025 and \$3,926,353 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$783,672. This is primarily due to increases in accounts payable, payable to

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

related parties, accrued salaries and related benefits and sick accruals. This was offset by a decrease in construction retainage payable.

Current liabilities were \$3,009,383 and \$2,351,569 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$657,814. This was due to increases in accounts and claims payable \$462,342, payable to related parties \$197,323 and accrued salaries and related benefits \$257,639. This was offset by a decrease in construction retainage payable \$291,941.

Non-current liabilities were \$1,700,642 and \$1,574,784 as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, an increase of \$125,858. Non-current liabilities are comprised of accrued sick leave.

2012 vs. 2011

Total assets were \$3,926,353 and \$3,842,984 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$83,369. The increase in 2012 total assets was due primarily to decreases in cash and temporary investments, prepaid and costs and recoveries in excess of billings from projects constructed on behalf of members. These are offset by an increase in receivables from related parties and receivables from AMP members.

Current assets were \$3,926,353 and \$3,842,984 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$83,369. This was due to decreases in cash of \$59,002, prepaid of \$9,624 and costs and recoveries in excess of billings from projects constructed on behalf of members of \$223,400. This was offset by increases in receivables from AMP members of \$298,477, receivables from related parties of \$76,923.

Total liabilities were \$3,926,353 and \$3,842,984 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$83,369. This is primarily due to decreases in accounts payables. This is offset by increases in payable to related parties, vacation accruals, accrued salaries and related benefits and sick accruals.

Current liabilities were \$2,351,569 and \$2,292,840 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$58,729. This was due to decreases of accounts payable to related parties of \$274,167. This was offset by increases in accounts payable to AMP members of \$44,625, accrued vacation of \$268,983 and accrued salaries and related benefits of \$19,258.

Non current liabilities were \$1,574,784 and \$1,550,144 as of December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, an increase of \$24,640. Non current liabilities are comprised of accrued sick leave.

The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses and changes in net position of MESA for the years ended December 31:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (Unaudited)

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2013	2012	2011		
Operating revenues	\$ 22,180,046	\$ 18,586,600	\$ 20,836,212		
Operating expenses	22,181,132	18,587,851	20,838,597		
Operating Loss	(1,086)	(1,251)	(2,385)		
Nonoperating revenue					
Investment income	1,086	1,251	2,385		
Change in Net Position	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Operating revenues in 2013 were \$22,180,046 versus \$18,586,600 in 2012 which was an increase of \$3,593,446. MESA has primarily two sources of revenues; projects for members and providing personnel services to related parties. Revenue from projects on behalf of members increased by \$3,004,687 and revenue from providing personnel services to related parties increased by \$588,759. Operating revenues in 2012 were \$18,586,600 versus \$20,836,212 in 2011 which was a decrease of \$2,249,612. Revenue from projects on behalf of members decreased by \$4,271,657 and revenue from providing personnel services to related parties increased by \$2,022,045.

Operating expenses in 2013 were \$22,181,132 versus \$18,587,851 in 2012 which was an increase of \$3,593,281. This increase was primarily due to an increase in expense for project materials on behalf of members of \$3,078,253 and an increase in MESA payroll and related benefits expense of \$527,577. Operating expenses in 2012 were \$18,587,851 versus \$20,838,597 in 2011 which was a decrease of \$2,250,746. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in expense for project materials on behalf of members of \$4,249,584 and an increase in MESA payroll and related benefits expense of \$2,035,047.

Investment income for MESA is limited to interest earned on checking account for the operating funds held at the bank. Investment income in 2013 was \$1,086 versus \$1,251 in 2012 which was a decrease of \$165. The decrease in 2013 was a result of lower interest rates. Investment income in 2012 was \$1,251 versus \$2,385 in 2011 which was a decrease of \$1,134. The decrease in 2012 was a result of lower interest rates.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact management at 614.540.1111 or 1111 Schrock Road – Suite 100, Columbus, OH 43229.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and short term investments	\$ 1,321,507	\$ 1,994,162
Receivables from AMP members	1,068,544	
Receivables from related parties	2,101,681	•
Costs and recoveries in excess of billings from		
projects constructed on behalf of members	216,210	72,290
Prepaid expenses	2,083	972
Total Current Assets	4,710,025	3,926,353
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,710,025	\$ 3,926,353
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 436,773	\$ 294,320
Payable to related parties	413,951	216,628
Claims payable	319,889	-
Retainage payable	-	291,941
Accrued salaries and related benefits	760,375	502,736
Accrued vacation leave	1,078,395	1,045,944
Total Current Liabilities	3,009,383	2,351,569
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accrued sick leave	1,700,642	1,574,784
Total Non Current Liabilities	1,700,642	1,574,784
Total Liabilities	4,710,025	3,926,353
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET DOSITION	¢ 4.740.005	Ф 2 02C 252
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 4,710,025	\$ 3,926,353

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2242	0040
	2013	2012
OPERATING REVENUES		
Services	\$ 17,011,986	\$ 16,423,227
Project revenue	5,168,060	2,163,373
Total Operating Revenues	22,180,046	18,586,600
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and related benefits	16,861,752	16,334,175
Professional fees	94,501	62,782
Direct project expenses	5,193,997	2,115,744
Insurance	30,882	75,150
Total Operating Expenses	22,181,132	18,587,851
Operating Loss	(1,086)	(1,251)
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Investment income and other	1,086	1,251
Change in net position	-	-
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from AMP members for services	\$ 4,586,208	\$ 1,864,896
Cash received from related parties for services	16,138,622	16,569,704
Cash payments to employees for services	(16,445,804)	(16,021,294)
Cash payments to suppliers and related parties	,	,
for goods and services	(4,952,767)	(2,473,564)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(673,741)	(60,258)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investments sold and matured	_	50,000
Investment income received	1,086	1,256
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,086	51,256
That Guart Torrada by introducing receiving		01,200
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(672,655)	(9,002)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	1,994,162	2,003,164
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,321,507	\$ 1,994,162
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH		
USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$ (1,086)	\$ (1,251)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Receivables from AMP-Ohio members	(581,853)	(298,477)
Receivables from related parties	(729,443)	(76,923)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings		
from projects constructed on behalf of members	(143,920)	223,400
Prepaid expenses	(1,111)	9,624
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	142,453	(274,167)
Accounts payable to related parties	197,323	44,625
Claims payable	319,889	-
Accrued salaries and related benefits	257,639	19,258
Accrued vacation and sick leave	158,309	293,623
Retainage payable	(291,941)	30
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (673,741)	\$ (60,258)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Municipal Energy Services Agency ("MESA") was organized by 31 subdivisions of the State of Ohio (the "Participants") on December 31, 1996, pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement (the "Agreement") under the Ohio Constitution and Section 715.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. As of December 31, 2013, there were 48 Participants in MESA. Its purpose is to provide access to a pool of personnel experienced in planning, engineering, construction, safety training, finance, administration and other aspects of the operation and maintenance of municipal electric and other utility systems. The participants are members of American Municipal Power, Inc. ("AMP"). MESA also provides personnel and administrative services to AMP, the Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Ventures: 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6 ("OMEGA JVs") and the Ohio Municipal Electric Association ("OMEA"). The Agreement continues until December 31, 2008, and thereafter for successive terms of three years so long as at least two participants have not given notice of termination of participation. At December 31, 2013, no notice of termination has been received.

The following summarizes the significant accounting policies followed by MESA.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, except that restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statement of cash flows.

MESA has elected to comply with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) section 135.14. Under ORC 135.14, investments are limited to:

- 1. Deposits at eligible institutions pursuant to ORC section 135.08, 135.09 and 135.18.
- 2. Bonds or other obligations of the state.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government and its agencies.
- 4. Bankers acceptances, with certain conditions.
- 5. The local government investment pool.
- 6. Commercial paper, with certain conditions.
- 7. All investments must have an original maturity of 5 years or less.
- 8. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

MESA has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments and specifies the maximum concentration of investments in each eligible security.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on quoted market prices. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Market values may have changed significantly after year end.

Receivables/Payables

Accounts receivable are amounts due from participants, related parties, and other members of AMP at the end of the year. Due to the participant relationship and the high degree of collectibility, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is necessary. Accounts payable are amounts due to vendors for services incurred.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent costs of insurance paid during the current calendar year for coverage in subsequent years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Retainage Payable

The balance represents a deposit for a transmission project from the City of Hamilton. The deposit may be refundable based on the service agreement.

Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave

MESA records a liability for compensated absences (sick and vacation) attributable to services rendered. Vacation leave for which employees can receive compensation in a future period is recorded as earned by the employees. Sick leave is recorded for those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments as well as other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments.

SERVICE REVENUE AND EXPENSES

Revenues are recognized as services are performed. Service revenue is charged to AMP, the OMEGA JVs, and OMEA at a rate to recover the cost of salaries incurred related to work performed for each entity plus an overhead rate ranging from 71% to 150%. To the extent that the overhead amount charged to the entities is different from actual overhead charges incurred, MESA adjusts the amount charged to AMP. AMP absorbs any undercharges and uses any excess charges to offset other administrative expenses incurred, which benefits all members of AMP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

PROJECT REVENUE AND EXPENSES

MESA performs short-term and long-term construction and technical service projects for the members of AMP. Short-term service project revenues are recognized when costs are incurred. Long-term project revenues are recognized in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Statement of Position 81-1 ("SOP 81-1"), Accounting for Performance of Construction-Type and Certain Production-Type Contracts for time and materials contracts. In accordance with SOP 81-1, revenue from time and material contracts is recognized to the extent of billable rates times hours delivered plus materials and expenses incurred. Materials and expenses are typically billed at cost. General and administrative costs are charged to expense as incurred. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted projects are made in the period in which such losses are identified. Changes in project performance, project conditions and estimated profitability are recognized in the period in which the revisions become known.

Costs and recoveries in excess of billings from projects constructed on behalf of members represent unbilled services and reimbursable materials and expenses associated with ongoing projects. Billings in excess of costs and recoveries for projects constructed on behalf of members represent advanced billings for services to be performed at a future date for ongoing projects. Direct project expenses include an allocation of operating expenses.

MESA distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with MESA's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for MESA include the cost of sales and services, and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012- an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62*. These standards were implemented in these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of unrestricted cash and highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Restricted cash accounts, if any, are treated as investments in the statements of cash flows, since they are not available for use.

	Carrying Value as of December 31,				
		2013		2012	Risks
Checking/Money Market Funds	\$	1,321,507	\$	1,702,220	Custodial credit
Government Money Market Mutual Fund				291,942	Interest rate, credit
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments	\$	1,321,507	\$	1,994,162	

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for interest and noninterest bearing accounts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, MESA's deposits may not be returned to it. MESA has custodial credit risk on its cash and temporary investments balance to the extent the balance exceeds the federally insured limit. However, MESA's investment policy requires that amounts in excess of FDIC limits be collateralized by government securities. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, there were no deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. MESA invests in instruments approved under the entity's investment policy. The Board of Participants has authorized MESA to invest in funds in accordance with the Ohio Revised Code. Allowable investments include United States Treasury and federal and state government agency obligations, money market funds, and commercial paper with the highest classification by at least two nationally recognized standard rating services.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

	<u>'</u>	,				
Credit Risk (cont.)						
As of December 31, 20°	13 and 2012, MESA's invest	ments were rate	ed as follows:			
In	vestment Type	Standard & Poors Fitch Ratings				
Government M	Government Money Market Mutual Fund AAAm AAA					
Interest Rate Risk						
	isk changes in interest rates cy limits the maturity of com					
As of December 31, 201	13, MESA's had \$0 in invest	ments.				
As of December 31, 20°	12, MESA's investments wer	e as follows:				
	Investment Type	<u>Fa</u>		ted Average urity (Days)		
Government Money Market Mutual Fund \$\frac{\$ 291,942}{} 45						
NOTE 3 – LONG TERM L	IABILITY					
	ty for the year ended Decem	nber 31, 2013 is	as follows:			
			Ending	Due Within One Year		
	ty for the year ended Decem Beginning Balance Addition	ns <u>Reduct</u>	Ending	One Year		
ong-term liability activi	ty for the year ended Decem Beginning Balance Addition	ns <u>Reduct</u> 852 <u>\$ (326</u>	Ending ions Balance 994) \$ 1,700,6	One Year		
Accrued sick leave	ty for the year ended Decem Beginning Balance Addition \$ 1,574,784 \$ 452,	ns Reduct 852 \$ (326) nber 31, 2012 is	Ending black Balance 994) \$ 1,700,6 as follows: Ending	One Year 642 \$ -		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All MESA employees participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System ("OPERS"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public pension plan. OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State Statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code ("ORC").

OPERS administers three separate pension plans as described below:

The Traditional Pension Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan.

The Member-Directed Plan—a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulated retirement assets equal to the value of member and (vested) employer contributions plus any investment earnings.

The Combined Plan—a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Under the Combined Plan, OPERS invests employer contributions to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to, but less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, the investment of which is self-directed by the members, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member –Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost-of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits.

Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the ORC.

The ORC provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2013, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans.

The 2013 member contribution rates were 10.00% of cover payroll for members in state and local classifications.

The 2013 employer contribution rate for state and local employers was 14.00% of covered payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The ORC provides statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employer and employee required and actual contributions to OPERS were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31					
		2013		2012		2011
Required and Actual Employer Pension Contributions Required and Actual Employer OPEB Contributions		1,505,880 115,837	\$	988,155 596,942	\$	817,465 493,416
Required and Actual Employer OPERS Contributions	\$	1,621,717	\$	1,585,097	\$	1,310,881
Required and Actual Employer OPERS Contribution Rate		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%
Required and Actual Employee OPERS Contribution Rate		10.00%		10.00%		10.00%

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit ("OPEB") as described in GASB Statement No.45.

The ORC permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The ORC provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post retirement health care benefits. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Board of Trustees determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 4 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 1% for the year ending December 31, 2013 and 4% for the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Combined Plan was 1% for the year ending December 31, 2013 6.05% for the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Effective January 1, 2014, the portion of employer contributions allocated to healthcare was raised to 2 percent for both plans, as recommended by the OPERS Actuary. The OPERS Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care benefits provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2013, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00% of covered payroll. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

MESA is covered under the insurance policies of AMP and is billed for its proportionate share of the insurance expense. AMP maintains insurance policies related to commercial property, motor vehicle liability, workers' compensation, health care excess liability, general liability, directors' and officers' insurance, fiduciary liability, and crime and fidelity coverage. In addition, MESA maintains an errors and omissions policy related to engineering services it performs. No claims have been filed in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2013 and 2012

NOTE 6 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to the Agreement, AMP was designated as an agent and provides MESA various management and operational services. As MESA's agent, AMP enters into agreements with related entities to have MESA provide services. Revenues earned from these agreements for the years ended December 31 are as follows:

	2013	2012
AMP	\$ 17,815,176	\$ 13,959,208
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 1	98,583	99,284
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 2	753,351	632,663
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 4	31,633	44,062
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 5	1,068,497	1,007,654
Ohio Municipal Electric Generation Agency Joint Venture 6	71,859	55,529
Ohio Municipal Electric Association	379,726	332,296
AMP Members	1,961,221	2,455,904
Totals	\$ 22,180,046	\$ 18,586,600

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, MESA had receivables from affiliates of \$2,101,681 and \$1,372,238, respectively. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, MESA had a receivable from members of AMP of \$1,068,544 and \$486,691, respectively. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, MESA had a payable to AMP for \$413,951 and \$216,628, respectively.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Participants

Municipal Energy Services Agency:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Municipal Energy Services Agency ("MESA"), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2013 and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 16, 2014, wherein we noted MESA implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 61, 65, and 66.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered MESA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of MESA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MESA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the MESA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio April 16, 2014



OMEGA JV 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 AND MESA

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 19, 2014