



# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Road Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio (the Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Center's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and Adult Education Funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 20 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2013, the Center adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Center's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2014, on our consideration of the Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2014

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's (the Center) discussion and analysis of the annual financial statements provide a review of the financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Center's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Center's financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Center's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2013 by \$27,472,842.
- General revenues accounted for \$14,997,354 in revenue or 76 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions accounted for \$4,654,207 or 24 percent of total revenues of \$19,651,561.
- The Center had \$19,013,365 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$4,654,207 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions, while the remainder of these expenses were offset by general revenues.
- The Center has two major funds: the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund. All governmental funds
  had total revenues and other financing sources of \$19,998,232 and expenditures and other financing uses of
  \$18,668,361.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the Center's financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Center as a whole and present a long-term view of the Center's finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Center's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

#### REPORTING THE CENTER AS A WHOLE

The analysis of the Center as a whole begins with the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These Statements provide information that will help the reader to determine whether the Center is financially improving or declining as a result of the year's financial activities. These statements include all assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Center's net position and changes to those assets. This change informs the reader whether the Center's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the user of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the Center's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the Center's tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, the condition of capital assets, and required educational programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Center has only one kind of activity.

 Governmental Activities. All of the Center's programs and services (except for the agency fund) are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

#### REPORTING THE CENTER'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the Center's funds begins on page 7. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Center's major funds – not the Center as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Treasurer with approval from the Board to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the Center is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. The Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's major funds are the General Fund and Adult Education Fund.

Governmental Funds. Most of the Center's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Center's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Fiduciary Funds**. The Center only has an agency fund, which is used to account for student-managed activities. All of the Center's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. We exclude these activities from the Center's other financial statements because the Center cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Center is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

### THE CENTER AS A WHOLE

As stated previously, the statement of net position provides the perspective of the Center as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the Center's net position for 2013 compared to 2012.

Table 1 Net Position Governmental Activities

	2013	2012*
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 18,460,471	\$ 17,097,186
Capital Assets, Net	19,344,991	20,136,915
Total Assets	37,805,462	37,234,101
Liabilities		
Current and Other Liabilities	1,708,802	1,786,737
Long-Term Liabilities	4,243,008	4,350,534
Total Liabilities	5,951,810	6,137,271
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	4,380,810	4 262 194
1 2		4,262,184
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,380,810	4,262,184
Net Position		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,752,214	17,189,858
Restricted	3,585,949	3,200,529
Unrestricted	7,134,679	6,444,259
Total Net Position	\$ 27,472,842	\$ 26,834,646

<sup>\*</sup>Certain reclassifications were made to conform with the 2013 presentation.

Current and other assets increased \$1,363,285. This increase was primarily due to an increase in cash on hand as of June 30, 2013, which resulted from a decrease in cash basis expenditures during the year. Capital assets of the Center decreased \$791,924 primarily as a result of depreciation expense, which was partially offset by capital asset additions.

Current and other liabilities decreased \$77,935 due to decreases in accounts, intergovernmental, and matured compensated absences payables. Long-term liabilities decreased \$107,526. This decrease is primarily due to principal payments on capital leases which were partially offset by an increase in compensated absences.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 as compared to 2012.

Table 2 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities

Governmental Act	ivities	
	2013	2012
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services and Sales	\$ 2,143,74	5 \$ 2,129,369
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,510,46	
Total Program Revenues	4,654,20	
General Revenues:		
Property Taxes	5,015,14	4,144,250
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted		
to Specific Programs	9,631,56	9,808,503
Investment Earnings	20,54	
Gifts & Donations Not Restricted	ŕ	,
to Specific Programs	22,56	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	4,87	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	29,82	
Miscellaneous	272,84	
Total General Revenues	14,997,35	
Total General Revenues	11,777,32	11,211,133
Total Revenues	19,651,56	18,983,809
Program Expenses		
Instruction		
Regular	1,091,43	831,760
Vocational	12,664,04	13,295,293
Adult/Continuing		- 4,759
Support Services		
Pupils	1,397,96	1,407,880
Instructional Staff	1,182,11	
Board of Education	49,71	
Administration	372,62	
Fiscal	546,02	
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	1,243,59	
Pupil Transportation	23,99	
Central	100,62	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	297,22	
Extracurricular Activities	25,91	
Interest & Fiscal Charges	18,11	
mores of rison charges		
Total Expenses	19,013,36	55 19,224,483
Change in Net Position	638,19	(240,674)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	26,834,64	27,075,320
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 27,472,84	

Operating grants and contributions decreased due to decreases in funding for the Adult Education Fund program. Property taxes increased as the 2012 property tax revenues were lower because the 2011 amounts available to advance were significantly higher than 2012 amounts available to advance. The property tax amounts available to advance did not change significantly between 2012 and 2013. Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs decreased due to decreases in foundation receipts. Vocational instruction decreased as a result of decreases in the Adult Education Program.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

#### **Governmental Activities**

Operating grants and contributions and grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs comprised 13 percent and 49 percent of revenue while property taxes and charges for services and sales comprised 26 percent and 11 percent, respectively, for governmental activities of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center for fiscal year 2013 and represent the largest sources of revenue.

As indicated by governmental program expenses, total instruction is emphasized. Total instruction comprised 72 percent of governmental program expenses with support services comprising 26 percent of governmental expenses. The Board of Education relies on taxes, grants and entitlements to support increased student achievement within the Center.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted grants and entitlements.

Table 3
Total and Net Cost of Program Services
Governmental Activities

	20	013	2012		
	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of	
	Services	Services	Services	Services	
Instruction	\$ 13,755,480	\$ 10,927,072	\$ 14,131,812	\$ 11,205,438	
Support Services	4,916,641	3,782,990	4,767,201	3,687,371	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	297,222	(394,505)	305,454	(457,766)	
Extracurricular Activities	25,910	25,662	20,016	19,766	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	18,112	17,939		-	
Total Expenses	\$ 19,013,365	\$ 14,359,158	\$ 19,224,483	\$ 14,454,809	

#### THE CENTER'S FUNDS

The Center's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The most significant change in the Center's total fund balance was in the General Fund.

The General Fund had \$15,750,097 in revenues and other financing sources and \$14,851,493 in expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund balance increased \$898,604 as revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses. Intergovernmental revenue decreased while property taxes and customer sales and services increased. Intergovernmental revenue decreased due primarily to less money received from state foundation receipts. Property taxes increased as the 2012 property tax revenues were lower because the 2011 amounts available to advance were significantly higher than 2012 amounts available to advance. The property tax amounts available to advance did not change significantly between 2012 and 2013. Customer sales and services increased due to more services being provided.

The Adult Education Fund had revenues of \$2,785,275 and expenditures of \$2,601,552 resulting in a \$183,723 increase in fund balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

### **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The Center's budget is adopted on a fund basis. Before the budget is adopted, the Board of Education reviews the detailed work papers of each object within the General Fund and then adopts the budget on a fund basis. The General Fund was the most significant budgeted fund.

During 2013, there were revisions to the General Fund budget. In part, these revisions increased estimated revenues and other sources by \$278,773 and decreased estimated expenditures and other uses by \$479,842. Actual revenues were the same as final budget amounts. Actual expenditures were above final budgeted expenditures by \$50,005; however, this is because the Center does not budget for advances, so the Center is in compliance with the Ohio Revised Code. The Treasurer has been given the authority by the Board of Education to make line item adjustments within the budget. The General Fund's ending unobligated cash balance was \$50,005 below the final budgeted amount.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the Center had \$19,344,991 invested in land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles. Table 4 shows the fiscal year 2013 balances compared to 2012.

Table 4
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
Governmental Activities

	2013		2012
Land	\$ 186	,368 \$	186,368
<b>Buildings and Improvements</b>	16,299	,883	16,917,819
Furniture and Equipment	2,827	,358	2,994,203
Vehicles	31	,382	38,525
Totals	\$ 19,344	,991 \$	20,136,915

Changes in capital assets from the prior year resulted from additions, deletions and depreciation expense. Please see Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding capital assets.

#### Debt

At June 30, 2013, the Center had \$2,592,777 in outstanding capital leases with \$345,625 due within one year.

At June 30, 2013, the Center's overall legal debt margin was \$177,691,164 with an unvoted debt margin of \$1,974,346. Please see Note 14 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding long-term obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Unaudited)

### CONTACTING THE CENTER'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors, and investors with a general overview of the Center's finances and to show the Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Ben Vanhorn, Treasurer, Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, 895 Crouse Chapel Road, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

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Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2013

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Current Assets:	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,165,108
Accrued Interest Receivable	6,237
Accounts Receivable, Net	226,772
Intergovernmental Receivable	66,136
Taxes Receivable	4,996,218
Noncurrent Assets:	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	186,368
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	19,158,623
Total Assets	37,805,462
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	100,666
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,214,640
Intergovernmental Payable	253,828
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	139,668
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	616,334
Due in More Than One Year	3,626,674
Total Liabilities	5,951,810
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	4,380,810
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,380,810
A TOTAL DISCOURT COLUMN TO THE	
NET POSITION:	17.752.214
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,752,214
Restricted for Capital Outlay	1,109,865
Restricted for Adult Education	1,478,432
Restricted for Classroom Facilities Maintenance	981,481
Restricted for Other Purposes	16,171
Unrestricted	7,134,679
Total Net Position	\$ 27,472,842

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Program	ı Revenu	ies		Net (Expense) Revenue and
	Expenses		Charges for Services and Sales		Ope	rating Grants Contributions	Changes in Net Position	
Governmental Activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,091,436	\$	10,420	\$	-	\$	(1,081,016)
Vocational		12,664,044		1,027,247		1,790,741		(9,846,056)
Support Services:								
Pupils		1,397,961		328,457		362,640		(706,864)
Instructional Staff		1,182,112		121,016		126,280		(934,816)
Board of Education		49,715		172		-		(49,543)
Administration		372,620		19,963		18,881		(333,776)
Fiscal		546,026		5,213		-		(540,813)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,243,591		66,420		62,818		(1,114,353)
Pupil Transportation		23,991		9,808		11,024		(3,159)
Central		100,625		959		-		(99,666)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		297,222		553,649		138,078		394,505
Extracurricular Activities Debt Service:		25,910		248		-		(25,662)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		18,112		173		<u>-</u>		(17,939)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,013,365	\$	2,143,745	\$	2,510,462		(14,359,158)
				al Revenues: ty Taxes Levied	l for:			
			Gene	eral Purposes				5,015,145
			Grants	and Entitlemen	ts not R	estricted		
			to Sp	ecific Programs				9,631,561
			Gifts a	and Donations n	ot Restri	cted		
				ecific Programs				22,560
			Investi	ment Earnings				20,543
			Payme	ents in Lieu of T	axes			4,876
			Gain o	n Sale of Capita	al Assets			29,822
			Miscel	llaneous				272,847
			Total (	General Revenu	es			14,997,354
			Chang	e in Net Positio	n			638,196
			Net Po	osition at Beginn	ning of Y	ear		26,834,646
			Net Po	osition at End of	`Year		\$	27,472,842

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2013

	General Fund	Adult Education Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Accrued Interest Receivable Accounts Receivable, Net Interfund Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Taxes Receivable	\$ 9,585,588 6,237 95,005 46,421 4,996,218	\$ 1,471,451 226,772 4,728	\$ 2,108,069	\$ 13,165,108 6,237 226,772 95,005 66,136 4,996,218
Total Assets	\$14,729,469	\$ 1,702,951	\$ 2,123,056	\$ 18,555,476
LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Interfund Payable Intergovernmental Payable Matured Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 79,237 1,149,883 - 215,542 139,668	\$ 21,429 51,035 - 31,691	\$ - 13,722 95,005 6,595	\$ 100,666 1,214,640 95,005 253,828 139,668
Total Liabilities	1,584,330	104,155	115,322	1,803,807
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Property Taxes not Levied to Finanace Current Year Operations Unavailable Revenues - Delinquent Taxes	4,380,810 155,670			4,380,810 155,670
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,536,480	-	-	4,536,480
FUND BALANCES: Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	353,481 295,206 7,959,972 8,608,659	1,598,796 - - - - - 1,598,796	2,107,778 - (100,044) 2,007,734	3,706,574 353,481 295,206 7,859,928 12,215,189
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$14,729,469	\$ 1,702,951	\$ 2,123,056	\$ 18,555,476

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities As of June 30, 2013

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 12,215,189
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		19,344,991
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.  Taxes		155,670
Long-term liabilities, including capital lease obligations and the long-term portion of compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences Capital Lease Obligations	(1,650,231) (2,592,777)	
Total		(4,243,008)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 27,472,842

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	General Fund	Adult Education Fund	All Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Property Taxes	\$ 5,022,037	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,022,037
Intergovernmental	10,382,916	832,967	926,140	12,142,023
Interest	20,928	-	-	20,928
Tuition and Fees	-	1,579,704	-	1,579,704
Rent	5,484	-	-	5,484
Gifts and Donations	5,700	-	16,860	22,560
Customer Sales and Services	127,727	285,906	144,924	558,557
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	4,876	- 06.600	26.720	4,876
Miscellaneous	149,429	86,698	36,720	272,847
Total Revenues	15,719,097	2,785,275	1,124,644	19,629,016
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Instruction:	1.025.460			1 025 460
Regular	1,035,469	1 717 440	- 5(5 14(	1,035,469
Vocational Support Services:	9,059,615	1,717,448	565,146	11,342,209
Pupils	627,791	704,759	66,040	1,398,590
Instructional Staff	895,678	145,224	123,021	1,163,923
Board of Education	18,033	143,224	123,021	18,033
Administration	328,963		40,642	369,605
Fiscal	531,401	_	-0,0-12	531,401
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,105,454	34,121	101,098	1,240,673
Pupil Transportation	261	51,121	23,730	23,991
Central	100,458	_	25,750	100,458
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	-	_	295,639	295,639
Extracurricular Activities	25,910	=	,	25,910
Capital Outlay	411,852	=	=	411,852
Debt Service:				
Principal	354,280	-	-	354,280
Interest	18,112			18,112
Total Expenditures	14,513,277	2,601,552	1,215,316	18,330,145
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,205,820	183,723	(90,672)	1,298,871
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In	-	-	338,216	338,216
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	31,000	-	-	31,000
Transfers Out	(338,216)			(338,216)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(307,216)		338,216	31,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	898,604	183,723	247,544	1,329,871
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	7,710,055	1,415,073	1,760,190	10,885,318
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 8,608,659	\$ 1,598,796	\$ 2,007,734	\$ 12,215,189

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,329,871
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital asset additions in the current period.  Capital Asset Additions Current Year Depreciation Total  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital asset additions in the current period.  411,852 (1,202,598)	(790,746)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities a gain or loss is reported for each disposal. These are the amounts of the proceeds from the sale of capital assets and the gain on the sale of capital assets.  Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets  Gain on Sale of Capital Assets  Total  (31,000)	(1,178)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Taxes (6,892) Interest (385)	(7,277)
Repayment of capital lease obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces liabilities in the statement of net position and does not result in an expense in the statement of activities.	354,280
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Increase in Compensated Absences (246,754)	
Total	(246,754)
Net Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 638,196

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Budget Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget: Positive (Negative)	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	15,416,918 15,782,015	\$ 15,695,691 15,302,173	\$ 15,695,691 15,352,178	\$	(50,005)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(365,097)	393,518	343,513		(50,005)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2012		7,325,290	7,325,290	7,325,290		-
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		314,147	314,147	 314,147		_
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013	\$	7,274,340	\$ 8,032,955	\$ 7,982,950	\$	(50,005)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
(Budgetary Basis)
Adult Education Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget: Positive		
	Ori	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	3,992,414 5,347,023	\$	1,425,994 2,780,603	\$	2,735,848 2,780,603	\$	1,309,854	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,354,609)		(1,354,609)		(44,755)		1,309,854	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2012		1,243,051		1,243,051		1,243,051		-	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated		111,558		111,558		111,558			
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013	\$		\$	_	\$	1,309,854	\$	1,309,854	

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund As of June 30, 2013

ASSETS: Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 111,858
Total Assets	\$ 111,858
LIABILITIES: Undistributed Monies	\$ 111,858
Total Liabilities	\$ 111,858

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CENTER AND REPORTING ENTITY

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center (the "Center") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board form of government consisting of eleven representatives from the various elected City and County School Boards within Pickaway and Ross Counties. The Center possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Center exposes students to job training leading to employment upon graduation from high school.

The Center was established in 1970 through the cooperation of all school districts involved. The Center serves an area of approximately 1,090 square miles. It is located in Ross County, and includes the school districts within Ross and Pickaway Counties. It is staffed by 33 non-certificated employees and 104 certificated full-time teaching personnel who provide services to 1,056 students and other community members. The Center currently operates 2 instructional buildings.

#### Reporting Entity:

The Center is a jointly governed organization, legally separate from other organizations. The Board of Education of the Center is not directly elected, although no other school district appoints a voting majority of the Board. None of the school districts that appoint Board members are financially accountable for the Center.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Center consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Center. For the Center, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the Center.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Center is financially accountable. The Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Center in that the Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The Center has no component units.

The following entities which perform activities within the Center's boundaries for the benefit of its residents are excluded from the accompanying financial statements because the Center is not financially accountable for these entities nor are they fiscally dependent on the Center.

- < Ross-Pike Educational Service District < Cities of Chillicothe and Circleville
- < Participating Local/City School Districts
- < Pickaway County Educational Service Center

The Center is associated with four organizations, two of which are defined as jointly governed organizations, one as a public entity shared risk pool, and one as an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the South Central Ohio Computer Association Council of Governments, Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow, Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, respectively. These organizations are presented in Notes 16 and 17 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Center's accounting policies are described below.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Center's accounts are maintained on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to specific Center functions or activities. The operation of each fund is accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the Center's major governmental funds:

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Center and is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund is available to the Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the school laws of Ohio.

### **Adult Education**

The Adult Education Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures related to the provision of credit and noncredit classes to the community. The main source of revenue for the Adult Education Fund is tuition and fees.

The other governmental funds of the Center account for grants and other resources, debt service, and capital projects, whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. The Center's only fiduciary fund is an agency fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. In accordance with GASB 34, fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The Center's agency fund is used to account for student-managed activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of governmental activities of the Center at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Center's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Center. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Center.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

During the year, the Center segregates transactions related to certain Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Center at this more detailed level. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### **Measurement Focus**

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Center are included on the statement of net position.

The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements are prepared using either the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds or the accrual basis of accounting for fiduciary funds. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Center, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Center receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. (See Note 6.) Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Center must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Center on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

#### **Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

As more fully described in Note 20 to the basic financial statements, the Center has implemented both GASB Statement No. 63 and GASB Statement No. 65, effective for fiscal year 2013. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditures/expenses) until then. The Center did not have any deferred outflows as of June 30, 2013. The Center also reports a deferred inflow of resources which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time. For the Center these amounts consist of taxes and interest which are not collected in the available period.

The difference between deferred inflows on the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet is due to delinquent property taxes not received during the available period. These were reported as revenues on the Statement of Activities and not recorded as deferred inflows on the Statement of Net Position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Budgetary Process**

All funds, other than the agency fund, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Center's Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate issued during the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

The negative variance for the General fund in the budgetary basis statements on page 16 is because the Center does not appropriate for advances.

#### **Cash and Investments**

Cash received by the Center is deposited into one of several bank accounts with individual fund balance integrity maintained. Balances of all funds are maintained in these accounts or are temporarily used to purchase certificates of deposit or investments. All investment earnings accrue to the General Fund except those specifically related to those funds deemed appropriate according to Board of Education policy. Interest earned during fiscal year 2013 was \$20,928, which was credited to the General fund.

The Center records all its investments at fair value. For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool are considered to be cash equivalents. The Center has invested in the certificates of deposit, State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAROhio), money market funds, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government agency securities during fiscal year 2013. STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

Investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Center are reported as cash equivalents.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Capital Assets and Depreciation**

All capital assets of the Center are general capital assets that are associated with governmental activities. General capital assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The Center maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,000. The Center does not possess any infrastructure.

Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	10-40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years
Vehicles	5 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Interfund Receivables" and "Interfund Payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

# **Compensated Absences**

Vacation and personal leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Center will compensate its employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive severance benefits and those the Center has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The Center records an accrual for sick leave for all employees with ten years or more of service. The accrual amount is based upon accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the Center's severance policy.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employee will be paid.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities, that once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements when due.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflow/outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Center or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include federal and state grants restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Center applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

As of June 30, 2013, of the Center's \$3,585,949 in restricted net position, none was restricted by enabling legislation.

#### **Fund Balance Reserves**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in the spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Center Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Center Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Assigned** Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Center for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Center Board of Education.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Center applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Interfund Transactions**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the statement of activities.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTABILITY**

The Food Service special revenue fund had a deficit fund balance of \$100,044. The deficit in this fund is due to adjustments for accrued liabilities and the timing of grant awards. The General Fund provides transfers when cash is required, not when expenditures are incurred.

#### **NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While the Center is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund and Adult Education Fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# NOTE 4 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as a restriction, commitment, or assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
- 4. Funds treated as General Fund equivalents on the GAAP basis are not included on the budget basis.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP and budgetary basis statements for the General Fund and the Adult Education Major Special Revenue Fund:

#### Net Change in Fund Balances

			Adult			
	General	Education				
GAAP Basis	\$ 898,604	\$ 183,72				
Adjustments:						
Revenue Accruals	(54,406)		(49,427)			
Expenditure Accruals	(120,312)		(21,414)			
Perspective Difference:						
Activity of Funds Reclassified						
for GAAP Reporting Purposes	(73,047)		-			
Encumbrances	(307,326)		(157,637)			
Budget Basis	\$ 343,513	\$	(44,755)			
$\mathcal{E}$		_	( ) /			

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the Center into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Center Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or other obligations of or securities issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations of or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above, provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying for interim money as provided in Section 135.08 of the Revised Code;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time;
- 9. Linked deposits as authorized by ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 135.80 of the Revised Code;
- 10. Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars, and to which notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two standard rating services; the aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation; the notes mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase; and
- 11. Bankers' acceptances of banks that are members of the federal deposit insurance corporation to which both the obligations are eligible for purchase by the federal reserve system and the obligations mature no later than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

Protection of the Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Center, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Center's deposits may not be returned to it. According to state law, public depositories must give security for all public funds on deposit in excess of those funds that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. These institutions may either specifically collateralize individual accounts in lieu of amounts insured by the FDIC, or may pledge a pool of government securities valued at least 105% of the total value of public monies on deposit at the institution. The Center's policy is to deposit money with financial institutions that are able to abide by the laws governing insurance and collateral of public funds.

As of June 30, 2013, the Center's bank balance was \$5,758,730. Of the Center's bank balance, \$1,311,145 was covered by FDIC and the remainder was collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool in the manner described above.

*Investments*: At June 30, 2013, the Center had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs.)
Money Market Funds	\$11,092	< 1 year
Federal National Mortgage Association	225,660	<1 year
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,714,888	3 to 5 years
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	648,677	1 to 2 years
US Treasury Note	450,299	1 to 2 years
Federal Home Loan Bank	1,475,442	< 1 year
Repurchase Agreement	50,300	< 1 year
STAROhio	3,345,608	< 1 year
Total Fair Value	\$7,921,966	

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the investment policy, the Center manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio.

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Center's policy does not address credit risk beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code. The Center limits their investments to money market funds, U.S. government agency notes, a repurchase agreement, and STAROhio. Investments in money market funds and STAROhio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Investments in Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal Home Loan Bank were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. Repurchase agreements were unrated.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Center's investment policy allows investments in repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, within financial institutions within the State of Ohio as designated by the Federal Reserve Board, and other investments as allowable per the Ohio Revised Code. Of the Center's investments, less than 1% was invested in money market funds, 24% was invested in Federal National Mortgage Association, 8% was invested in Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, 6% was invested in a US Treasury Note, 19% was invested in Federal Home Loan Bank, 1% was invested in a repurchase agreement, and 42% was invested in STAROhio.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### **NOTE 5 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Center does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. All of the Center's investments are held in the name of the Center.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the Center fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the Center in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible personal property located within the Center's boundaries. Property tax revenue received during calendar year 2013 represents collections of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received during calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35% of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2013 represents collections of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected in 2013 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 First- Half Collections		2013 First- Half Collection	
	Amount Percent		Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential				
and Other Real Estate	\$1,783,850,800	92.49%	\$1,789,416,950	90.63%
Public Utility	144,864,270	7.51%	184,929,270	9.37%
Total Assessed Value	\$1,928,715,070	100.00%	\$1,974,346,220	100.00%
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$4.20		\$4.20	

The Center receives property taxes from Pickaway, Ross and Hocking Counties. The county auditors periodically advance to the Center its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, tangible personal property, and public utility taxes which became measurable as of June 30, 2013. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount available as an advance at June 30 is intended to finance current fiscal year operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013, was \$459,738 in the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2013, consisted of property taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services, tuition and student fees), interest, interfund, and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full, except accounts receivable, due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current fiscal year guarantee of federal funds. An allowance has been recognized against accounts receivable to account for uncollectible accounts.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	A	Amount
General Fund	\$	46,421
Major Special Revenue Funds:		
Adult Education Fund		4,728
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Services		14,728
Public School Preschool Fund		40
Adult Basic Ed		219
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	\$	66,136

#### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Ending Balance			Ending Balance
	06/30/12	Additions	Deletions	06/30/13
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 186,368	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 186,368
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	186,368			186,368
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	23,468,439	53,043	-	23,521,482
Furniture and Equipment	6,157,181	358,809	(89,685)	6,426,305
Vehicles	121,365			121,365
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	29,746,985	411,852	(89,685)	30,069,152
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(6,550,620)	(670,979)	-	(7,221,599)
Furniture and Equipment	(3,162,978)	(524,476)	88,507	(3,598,947)
Vehicles	(82,840)	(7,143)	-	(89,983)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,796,438)	(1,202,598)	88,507	(10,910,529)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	19,950,547	(790,746)	(1,178)	19,158,623
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 20,136,915	\$ (790,746)	\$ (1,178)	\$ 19,344,991

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Vocational	\$ 1,166,629
Support Services:	
Pupils	200
Board of Education	31,682
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,920
Central	167
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,202,598

#### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2013, the Center contracted with Government Underwriters of America for fleet, liability, property, and boiler and machinery insurance.

Coverages provided by this company are as follows:

\$31,662,000
1,000,000
1,000,000
1,000,000
3,000,000
5,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

For fiscal year 2013, the Center participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 17). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

The Center is a member of the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium, a public entity shared risk pool (Note 17), consisting of seven government entities within the County offering medical and dental insurance to their employees. Monthly premiums are paid to the Ross-Pike County Educational Service Center as fiscal agent, who in turns pays the claims on the Center's behalf. The Consortium is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon termination of the Consortium, for any reason, the Consortium shall have no obligation under the plan beyond paying the difference between the claims incurred (even though later filed) and expenses of the Plan due up to the date of termination plus extended benefits, if any, provided under the Plan. Such claims and expenses shall be paid from the fund of the Consortium.

# **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### School Employees Retirement System

The Center contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits; annual cost-of-living adjustments; and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained on SERS' website, <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a>, under <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">Employers/Audit Resources</a>.

Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Center is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended, up to a statutory maximum amounts, by the SERS' Retirement Board. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund) of the System. For fiscal year 2013, the allocation to pension and death benefits is 13.10 percent. The remaining 0.90 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Health Care and Medicare B Funds. The Center's contributions to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$243,190, \$116,696, and \$223,037, respectively; 99 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for the fiscal years 2012 and 2011. \$1,908 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2013 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

#### State Teachers Retirement System

The Center participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

STRS Ohio is a statewide retirement plan for licensed teachers and other faculty members employed in the public schools of Ohio or any school, community school, college, university, institution or other agency controlled, managed and supported, in whole or in part, by the state or any political subdivision thereof.

Plan Options - New members have a choice of three retirement plan options. In addition to the Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, new members are offered a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DC Plan allows members to allocate all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation among various investment choices. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated to investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. Contributions into the DC Plan and the Combined Plan are credited to member accounts as employers submit their payroll information to STRS Ohio, generally on a biweekly basis. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

DB Plan Benefits – Plan benefits are established under Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code. Any member may retire who has (i) five years of service credit and attained age 60; (ii) 25 years of service credit and attained age 55; or (iii) 30 years of service credit regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance, payable for life, is the greater of the "formula benefit" or the "money-purchase benefit" calculation. Under the "formula benefit," the retirement allowance is based on years of credited service and final average salary, which is the average of the member's three highest salary years. The annual allowance is calculated by using a base percentage of 2.2% multiplied by the total number of years of service credit (including Ohio-valued purchased credit) times the final average salary. The 31st year of earned Ohio service credit is calculated at 2.5%. An additional one-tenth of a percent is added to the calculation of every year of earned Ohio service over 31 years (2.6% for 32 years, 2.7% for 33 years and so on) until 100% of final average salary is reached. For members with 35 or more years of Ohio contributing service, the first 30 years will be calculated at 2.5% instead of 2.2%. Under the "money-purchase benefit" calculation, a member's lifetime contributions plus interest at specified rates are matched by an equal amount from other STRS Ohio funds. This total is then divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor to determine the maximum annual retirement allowance.

**DC Plan Benefits** – Benefits are established under Sections 3307.80 to 3307.89 of the Revised Code. For members who select the DC Plan, all member contributions and employer contributions at a rate of 10.5% are placed in an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump-sum withdrawal. Employer contributions into members' accounts are vested after the first anniversary of the first day of paid service. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**Combined Plan Benefits** – Member contributions are allocated by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund a defined benefit payment. A member's defined benefit is determined by multiplying 1% of the member's final average salary by the member's years of service credit. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

A retiree of STRS Ohio or another Ohio public retirement system is eligible for reemployment as a teacher following the elapse of two months from the date of retirement. Contributions are made by the reemployed member and employer during the reemployment. Upon termination of reemployment or age 65, whichever comes later, the retiree is eligible for an annuity benefit or equivalent lump-sum payment in addition to the original retirement allowance. A reemployed retiree may alternatively receive a refund of only member contributions with interest before age 65, once employment is terminated.

Benefits are increased annually by 3% of the original base amount for Defined Benefit Plan participants.

The Defined Benefit and Combined Plans offer access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the plans and their eligible dependents. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. By Ohio law, health care benefits are not guaranteed.

A Defined Benefit or Combined Plan member with five or more years' credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. A death benefit of \$1,000 is payable to the beneficiary of each deceased retired member who participated in the Defined Benefit Plan. Death benefit coverage up to \$2,000 can be purchased by participants in the DB, DC or Combined Plans. Various other benefits are available to members' beneficiaries.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

Chapter 3307 of the Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10% for members and 14% for employers.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Center was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The Center's contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$1,062,248, \$1,118,682, and \$1,141,302, respectively; 84 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent of the required contribution has been made for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. \$171,494 represents the unpaid contribution for fiscal year 2013 and is recorded as a liability within the respective funds.

STRS Ohio issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771 or by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

## Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System. As of June 30, 2013, three members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

#### **NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

# State Teachers Retirement System

STRS Ohio administers a pension plan that is comprised of: a defined benefit plan; a self-directed defined contribution plan; and a combined plan which is a hybrid of the defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer a cost-sharing, multiple-employer health care plan. STRS Ohio provides access to health care coverage to eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined plans. Coverage under the current program includes hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Pursuant to Section 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code, the Retirement Board has discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the associated health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium.

STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Financial Annual Report by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free 1-888-227-7877.

Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. Of the 14 percent employer contribution rate, 1 percent of covered payroll was allocated to post-employment health care for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011. The 14 percent employer contribution rate is the maximum rate established under Ohio law. For the Center, these amounts equaled \$83,159, \$87,731, and \$89,010, for fiscal years 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### **NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

#### School Employees Retirement System

In addition to a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) administers two postemployment benefit plans.

#### Medicare Part B Plan

The Medicare B plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Ohio Revised Code 3309.69. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income. SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50.

The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the current employer contribution rate to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal years 2013, 2012, and 2011, the actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent, 0.75 percent, and 0.76 percent. For the Center, contributions for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were \$13,763, \$15,274, and \$14,762, which equaled the required contributions for those years.

#### Health Care Plan

Ohio Revised Code 3309.375 and 3309.69 permit SERS to offer health care benefits to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. SERS offers several types of health plans from various vendors, including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively.

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority to fund SERS' post-employment benefits through employer contributions. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment benefit plans.

The Health Care Fund was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 105(e). Each year after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer 14 percent contribution to the Health Care Fund. At June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, the health care allocations were 0.16 percent, 0.55 percent, and 1.43 percent, respectively. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the minimum compensation level was established at \$20,525. The surcharge, added to the unallocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. For the Center, the amounts assigned to health care, including the surcharge, during the 2013, 2012, and 2011 fiscal years equaled \$18,244, \$49,164, and \$68,300, respectively, which equaled the required allocation for each year.

The SERS Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending upon the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

The financial reports of SERS' Health Care and Medicare B plans are included in its *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. It is also posted on SERS' website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">Employers/Audit Resources</a>.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### **NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 285 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of the first 180 days of accrued, but unused sick leave credit, to a maximum of 45 days, plus one-tenth of days 181 through 285, to a maximum of 10 and one-half days for all employees.

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

The Center provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through the Metropolitan Education Council.

### C. Deferred Compensation

Center employees may participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan. This plan was created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plan permits deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plan, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

#### D. Early Retirement Incentive

The Center has a retirement incentive program. Participation is open to certified employees, with certain exceptions, who achieve 1) age 55 and 25 years of experience, 2) age 60 and 5 years of experience, or 3) any age and 30 years of experience. In addition to meeting the requirement above, the employee must submit a letter of resignation and intent to retire no later than February 1 with retirement effective at the close of the school year. For those employees meeting such requirements, a benefit of \$10,000 will be payable in the calendar year after the retirement takes effect by January 30.

# NOTE 13 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2012, the Center entered into a lease for the purchase of copier equipment and the purchase of property. The copier lease was in the amount of \$83,193 and matures in 2015. The property lease was in the amount of \$200,000 and matures in 2016.

During fiscal year 2006, the Center issued Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) in the amount of \$5,220,000 at 0% interest, maturing in 2021. The terms of these QZAB are structured as a non-certificated lease-purchase agreement. This agreement also included a grant in the amount of \$853,820, making the total amount to be repaid \$4,366,180.

These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, *Accounting for Leases*, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# NOTE 13 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE (Continued)

The capital assets acquired by the leases have been capitalized in the statement of net position for governmental activities in the amount of \$4,889,713. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability was recorded on the statement of net position for governmental activities. Principal payments in fiscal year 2013 totaled \$354,280.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal & Interest
2014	\$347,955
2015	337,955
2016	272,886
2017	272,886
2018	272,886
2019-2022	1,091,548
Total	2,596,116
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(3,339)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$2,592,777

#### **NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term debt and other obligations at June 30, 2013 and the related transactions for the year then ended are summarized below:

	Principal			Principal	Amount
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	6/30/12	Additions	Deductions	6/30/13	One Year
Capital Leases	\$2,947,057	\$0	\$354,280	\$2,592,777	\$345,625
Compensated Absences	1,403,477	500,755	254,001	1,650,231	270,709
Total Long Term Obligations	\$4,350,534	\$500,755	\$608,281	\$4,243,008	\$616,334

Capital leases will be paid from the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the funds from which the employees' salaries are paid, with the significant funds being the General Fund and the Adult Education Fund.

The Center's overall legal debt margin was \$177,691,164 and an unvoted debt margin of \$1,974,346 at June 30, 2013.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### **NOTE 15 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

As of June 30, 2013, receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Interfund	Interfund
	Receivables	Payables
General Fund:	\$95,005	\$0
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:		
Food Service	0	95,005
Total	\$95,005	\$95,005

All of the above interfund balances relate to advances from the General Fund in anticipation of the receipt of grant monies for Special Revenue Funds. For purposes of reporting in the government-wide financial statements, all interfund receivables and payables were eliminated.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, transfers in and out that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$0	\$338,216
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund: OSFC Maintenance	138,216	0
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund:	200.000	0
Total		
Permanent Improvement	200,000 \$338,216	\$338,210

The General Fund transferred monies to the Ohio School Facilities Maintenance and Permanent Improvement Funds to subsidize these funds.

#### **NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

South Central Ohio Computer Association Council of Governments - The Center is a participant in the South Central Ohio Computer Association Council of Governments (SCOCA COG) which is an information technology center. SCOCA COG is a council of governments providing information technology services to 58 public education entities, 58 non-public education entities, and public libraries from 24 Ohio counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of SCOC

A COG consists of two representatives from each of the eleven participating counties, two school treasurers, and a representative for the fiscal agent. SCOCA COG is not accumulating significant financial resources nor is it experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. The Center paid SCOCA COG \$190,375 for services provided during the fiscal year. Financial information for SCOCA COG can be obtained from their fiscal office located at Pike County Career Technology Center, P.O. Box 577, 175 Beaver Creek, Piketon, Ohio 45661.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow - The Center is a member of the Great Seal Education Network of Tomorrow (the "Council"). The Council is a regional council of governments consisting of twelve city, local, and joint vocational school districts, two educational service centers and the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus for the purpose of promoting the use of advanced telecommunications and technology to provide enhanced educational opportunities to the communities of Ross and Pickaway Counties. The Council is operated under the direction of a Board of Directors consisting of one representative (the superintendent or another person appointed by the Board of Education) of each of the members. To obtain financial information, write to the Ohio University-Chillicothe Campus, who acts as fiscal agent, at 571 West Fifth Street, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

#### NOTE 17 – PUBLIC ENTITY SHARED RISK AND INSURANCE PURCHASING POOLS

Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium - The Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium (the "Consortium"), a shared risk pool, currently operates to provide medical and dental insurance coverage to enrolled employees of the consortium members and to eligible dependents of those enrolled employees. Seven school districts within Ross County and its surrounding area have entered into an agreement with the Ross-Pike Educational Service District to form the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium. The overall objectives of the Consortium are to formulate and administer a program of medical and dental insurance for the benefit of the Consortium members' employees and their dependents, to obtain lower costs for insurance coverage, and to secure cost control by implementing a program of comprehensive loss control. The Consortium's business and affairs are managed by a Council consisting of one representative for each participating school. The participating school districts pay an administrative fee to the fiscal agent to cover the costs of administering the Consortium.

Accordingly, the Ross County School Employees Insurance Consortium is not part of the Center and its operations are not included as part of the reporting entity. To obtain financial information, write to the Ross-Pike Educational Service District, Erin Kirby who serves as Treasurer, at 475 Western Avenue, Chillicothe, Ohio 45601.

Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan - The Center participates in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

# **NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS**

The Center is required by State statute to annually set aside in the General Fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition or construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in restricted cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDE CALCULATIONS (Continued)

The following information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Maintenance
Set Aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$0
Current Year Set Aside Requirement	174,055
Current Year Qualifying Disbursements	(213,004)
Total	(\$38,949)
Balance Carried Forward to Fiscal Year 2014	(\$38,949)
Set Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2013	\$0

The Center had qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the set-aside amount below zero in the Capital Maintenance Reserve. This extra amount may not be carried forward and used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years.

#### **NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The Center received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the Center at June 30, 2013, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

# B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the Center as defendant.

#### **NOTE 20 – CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES**

For 2013 the Center implemented GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements," GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities".

Statement No. 62 incorporated into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure issued on or before November 30, 1989 which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Statement No. 63 provides guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position and related disclosures. GASB 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

# NOTE 20 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (Continued)

Statement No. 65 provides guidance on how to properly classify items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. In addition, guidance is provided on recognizing certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

The implementation of these GASB Statements had no impact on beginning of year fund balance/net position; however, GASB Statements No. 63 and 65 did result in certain financial reporting changes for 2013.

#### **NOTE 21 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Adult Education	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Restricted for				
Other Purposes	\$0	\$0	\$16,432	\$16,432
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	981,481	981,481
Adult Education	0	1,598,796	0	1,598,796
Capital Improvements	0	0	1,109,865	1,109,865
Total Restricted	0	1,598,796	2,107,778	3,706,574
Committed to				
Termination Benefits	353,481	0	0	353,481
Assigned to				
Other Purposes	295,206	0	0	295,206
<b>Unassigned (Deficit)</b>	7,959,972	0	(100,044)	7,859,928
Total Fund Balances	\$8,608,659	\$1,598,796	\$2,007,734	\$12,215,189

# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

# FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
	Tear	Number	Receipts	Experienteres
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):  National School Lunch Program	2013	10.555	6,962	6,962
ů	2013	10.555	0,902	0,902
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program	2013	10.553	42,262	42,262
5			•	·
National School Lunch Program	2013	10.555	110,076	110,076
Total Nutrition Cluster			159,300	159,300
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			159,300	159,300
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States				
Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States	2012	84.048	294,575	294,575
Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States  Total Vocational Education-Basic Grants to States	2013	84.048	141,505 436,080	141,505 436,080
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2012	84.367	_	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2012	84.367	11,042	11,042
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			11,042	11,042
Adult Education State Grants				
Adult Education State Grant	2012	84.002	-	2,131
Adult Education State Grant  Total Adult Education State Grants	2013	84.002	113,126 113,126	113,126 115,257
rotarridan Educatorricate Grante			110,120	110,207
Direct from U.S. Department of Education				
Student Financial Aid Cluster:				
Federal Pell Grant Program	2013	84.063	737,765	737,765
Federal Family Education Loans	2013	84.268	1,016,125	1,016,125
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			1,753,890	1,753,890
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			2,314,138	2,316,269
TOTALS			¢ 0.470.400	. 0 47F F00
TOTALS			\$ 2,473,438	\$ 2,475,569

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

# NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio (the Center's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

# **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The Center commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the Center assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The Center reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The Center allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Rd Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center, Ross County, Ohio (the Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 18, 2014, wherein we noted the Center adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Center's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2014

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Rd Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's (the Center) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Center's major federal program.

# Management's Responsibility

The Center's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Center's compliance for each of the Center's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Center's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Center's compliance.

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

# Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Center's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

February 18, 2014

# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER ROSS COUNTY

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(~I)(4)(;;)	reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Student Financial Aid Cluster (CFDA# 84.268, and 84.063)	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	\$300,00	
	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes	

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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#### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURE

Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center Ross County 895 Crouse Chapel Rd Chillicothe, Ohio 45601

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Pickaway-Ross Career and Technology Center (the Center) has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on May 24, 2012 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

February 18, 2014

Columbus, Ohio





# PICKAWAY-ROSS CAREER AND TECHNOLOGY CENTER

# **ROSS COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 11, 2014