



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Salem Township Tuscarawas County 8276 Stone Creek Road Newcomerstown, Ohio 43832

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of Salem Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy requirements.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Salem Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permit, described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 15, 2014, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

August 15, 2014

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$32,557	\$38,044	\$70,601
Licenses, Permits and Fees		600	600
Intergovernmental	31,975	99,106	131,081
Earnings on Investments		2	2
Miscellaneous	875	1,880	2,755
Total Cash Receipts	65,407	139,632	205,039
Cash Disbursements Current:			
General Government	73,395	5,087	78,482
Public Works		110,924	110,924
Health		10,793	10,793
Capital Outlay		3,400	3,400
Total Cash Disbursements	73,395	130,204	203,599
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(7,988)	9,428	1,440
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(7,988)	9,428	1,440
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	15,852	131,738	147,590
Fund Cash Balances, December 31			
Restricted		119,169	119,169
Committed		21,997	21,997
Assigned	7,864		7,864
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$7,864	\$141,166	\$149,030

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$37,082	\$38,215	\$75,297
Licenses, Permits and Fees		500	500
Intergovernmental	34,451	101,188	135,639
Earnings on Investments	2	6	8
Miscellaneous	141	35,871	36,012
Total Cash Receipts	71,676	175,780	247,456
Cash Disbursements Current:			
General Government	71,178	5,042	76,220
Public Safety	4,764	0,042	4,764
Public Works	4,704	114,867	114,867
Health		10,277	10,277
Total Cash Disbursements	75.042	120 196	206 129
Total Cash Disbursements	75,942	130,186	206,128
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(4,266)	45,594	41,328
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(4,266)	45,594	41,328
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	20,118	86,144	106,262
Fund Cash Balances, December 31			
Restricted		126,640	126,640
Committed		5,098	5,098
Assigned	15,852	- ,	15,852
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$15,852	\$131,738	\$147,590

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Clark Township, Coshocton County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publiclyelected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services.

The Township participates in three jointly governed organizations and the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. public entity risk pool. Notes 6 and 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

The Township belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management Plan (OPRM), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio governments. OPRM provides a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to its members.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Delaware Valley Joint Fire District (the District):

The District is as a body corporate and politic formed by the Township and the Village of Port Washington under Ohio Revised Code Section 505.371 to provide adequate and responsible fire emergency and fire rescue to all the people within the District.

Tri-County Ambulance District (the Ambulance District):

The Ambulance District is a body corporate and politic formed by the Township and several other political subdivisions under Ohio Revised Code Section 505.375 to provide emergency medical services.

Salem Township Union Cemetery (the Cemetery):

The Cemetery is as a body corporate and politic formed by the Township and the Village of Port Washington under Ohio Revised Code Section 759.341 to operate and maintain certain cemeteries.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis the Auditor of State prescribes or permits. This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the Auditor of State prescribes or permits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Deposits and Investments

All cash is maintained in an interest-bearing checking account.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash and investments that are restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

<u>Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives motor vehicle license tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Cemetery Fund</u> - This fund receives operating revenues for the maintenance of the Township's cemeteries.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2013 and 2012 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into three classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

2. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

3. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2013	2012
Demand deposits	\$149,030	\$147,590

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2013 and 2012 follows:

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$80,726	\$65,407	(\$15,319)
Special Revenue	128,874	139,632	10,758
Total	\$209,600	\$205,039	(\$4,561)

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
	Appropriation Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$96,578	\$73,395	\$23,183
Special Revenue	242,763	130,204	112,559
Total	\$339,341	\$203,599	\$135,742

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts				
	Budgeted	Budgeted Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance	
General	\$99,549	\$71,676	(\$27,873)	
Special Revenue	128,056	175,780	47,724	
Total	\$227,605	\$247,456	\$19,851	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
	Appropriation Budgetary		
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$120,334	\$75,942	\$44,392
Special Revenue	213,533	130,186	83,347
Total	\$333,867	\$206,128	\$127,739

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. Retirement System

The Township's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plans' benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2013 and 2012, OPERS members contributed 10%, respectively, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2013.

6. Risk Management

Risk Pool Membership

The Government belongs to the Ohio Plan Risk Management, Inc. (OPRM) - formerly known as the Ohio Government Risk Management Plan, (the "Plan"), a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members"). The Plan is legally separate from its member governments.

Pursuant to Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code, the plan provides property, liability, errors and omissions, law enforcement, automobile, excess liability, crime, surety and bond, inland marine and other coverages to its members sold through fourteen appointed independent agents in the State of Ohio.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

6. Risk Management (continued)

OPRM coverage programs are developed specific to each member's risk management needs and the related premiums for coverage are determined through the application of uniform underwriting criteria addressing the member's exposure to loss, except OPRM retains 41.5% (effective November 1, 2011) of the premium and losses on the first \$250,000 casualty treaty and 10% of the first \$1,000,000 property treaty. Effective November 1, 2012 the plan increased its retention to 50% of the first \$250,000 casualty treaty. The Plan's property retention remained unchanged from prior years. This change was made to balance the reinsurance market conditions. Members are only responsible for their self-retention (deductible) amounts, which vary from member to member. OPRM had 767 and 774 members as of December 31, 2012 and 2013 respectively.

Plan members are responsible to notify the Plan of their intent to renew coverage by their renewal date. If a member chooses not to renew with the Plan, they have no other financial obligation to the Plan, but still need to promptly notify the Plan of any potential claims occurring during their membership period. The former member's covered claims, which occurred during their membership period, remain the responsibility of the Plan.

Settlement amounts did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Pool's audited financial statements conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and members' equity at December 31, 2012 and 2013.

	2012	2013
Assets	\$13,100,381	\$13,774,304
Liabilities	(6,687,193)	(7,698,395)
Members' Equity	\$6,413,188	5,805,909

You can read the complete audited financial statements for OPRM at the Plan's website, www.ohioplan.org.

7. Jointly Governed Organization

Delaware Valley Joint Fire District (the District)

The District provides fire protection services for the Township. A five-member Board of Trustees governs the District. Each political subdivision within the District appoints two members. The fifth member is appointed by one individual subdivision within the District on a two year rotational basis. Those subdivisions are Salem Township and the Village of Port Washington. The Township is not financially accountable for the District or is the District financially dependent on the Township. The District serves as its own taxing and debt issuance authority. During 2013 and 2012, no monies were paid to the District from the Township.

Tri-County Ambulance District (the Ambulance District)

The Ambulance District provides emergency medical services for the Township. The Ambulance District is directed by an appointed six-member Board of Directors. One board member is appointed by each political subdivision within the Ambulance District. Those subdivisions are Oxford, Salem, Perry, and Washington Townships; and the Villages of Port Washington and Newcomerstown. The Ambulance District provides emergency medical services to citizens within those areas. During 2012, the Township paid \$4,764 in total to the Ambulance District. No monies were paid to the Ambulance District from the Township in 2013.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

7. Jointly Governed Organization (Continued)

Salem Township Union Cemetery (the Cemetery)

The Cemetery was established to operate and maintain certain cemeteries. The Village of Port Washington and the Township established a three-member Board of Trustees to operate the Cemetery as allowed under Ohio Revised Code Section 759.36. The Cemetery serves as its own taxing and debt issuance authority. During 2013 and 2012, the Township paid \$9,430 in total to the Cemetery.

8. Health Insurance

The Township provides health insurance to all employees through Tuscarawas County. The Township is invoiced their monthly premiums and the premiums are paid to the county. All risk transfers to Tuscarawas County.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Salem Township Tuscarawas County 8276 Stone Creek Road Newcomerstown, Ohio 43832

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of Salem Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 15, 2014, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider Finding 2013-001 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be a material weakness.

Salem Township Tuscarawas County Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2013-002.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

August 15, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number 2013-001

Financial Reporting - Material Weakness

As a result of audit procedures performed, errors were noted in the Township's financial statements for 2013 and 2012 that required audit reclassifications as follows:

- Public Safety Expense in the amount of \$4,764 was improperly classified as General Government Expense in the General Fund in 2012;
- In 2012, the Township improperly classified the fund balances of the Gasoline Tax Fund as "Committed" instead of "Restricted" and the Road and Bridge Fund as "Restricted" instead of "Committed." Balances are classified as Nonexpendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned based upon designations imposed on revenue received in those funds. Fund balances are only Restricted when an entity external to the Township, such as the State of Ohio, Federal Awarding Agency, debt issuer, etc, impose restrictions. The Gasoline Tax Fund was funded through distributions through the State of Ohio and is restricted for specific purposes and should be reported as "Restricted." The Road and Bridge Fund receives property tax revenue levied from inside millage and as there were no external restrictions and as the limited use of revenue was imposed by the Board of Trustees, related fund balances should be reported as "Committed." As a result, Gasoline Tax Fund balance of \$69,923 and Road and Bridge Fund balance of \$5,098 was improperly classified in 2012;
- The Township improperly classified the General Fund balance as Unassigned instead of Assigned in 2013 and 2012. General Fund assigned balances can be the result of having outstanding encumbrances at year end or the portion of the General Fund ending balance that is used to provide for subsequent year appropriations not covered by subsequent year estimated revenue on the first Certificate of Estimate Resources. Subsequent year appropriations exceeded subsequent year estimated revenue by \$7,864 and \$15,852 for 2014 and 2013, respectively. As a result, the ending General Fund balances should have been reported as \$7,864 and \$15,852 for 2013 and 2012, respectively;
- In 2013, the Township received \$5,852 in grant revenue. This amount was classified as "Other Revenue" instead of "Intergovernmental."

As a result, the Township's financial statements were not accurately classified.

To help ensure the Township's financial statements and notes to the financial statements are complete and accurate, the Township should adopt policies and procedures to identify and correct errors and omissions. The Township should also refer to the UAN Accounting Training manual for additional guidance in recording receipts and expenditures in the UAN System. In addition, the Township should review the financial statements and notes prior to submission for audit.

The Township's financial statements were adjusted accordingly.

Official's Response: The officials have elected not to respond.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

Finding Number 2013-002

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless there is attached thereto a certificate of the fiscal officer of the subdivision that the amount required to meet the obligation has been lawfully appropriated for such purpose and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrances. This certificate need be signed only by the subdivision's fiscal officer. Every contract made without such a certificate shall be void, and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in §§ 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

2. Blanket Certificate – Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.

3. Super Blanket Certificate – The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

During 2012 and 2013, 28% of expenditures tested were not certified by the Fiscal Officer prior to incurring the obligation. It was also found that neither of the two exceptions above was utilized for the items found to be in noncompliance. The Township should certify the availability of funds for expenditure and also implement the use of Then and Now Certificates as further means to certify funds pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D).

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

Finding Number 2013-002 (Continued)

Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D) (Continued)

In addition, the Township had three of six super blanket purchase orders that were not properly closed at year end. Two of these super blanket purchase orders were for expenses that are not recurring or for a reasonably predictable operating expense. Also, the Township had more than one blanket purchase order issued for a specific line item at the same time. Lastly, the Township has not established a threshold limit for the use of blanket purchase orders.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursement and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend the Fiscal Officer certify the funds are or will be available prior to obligation by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

The Township should also implement procedures to ensure blanket purchase orders are closed by fiscal year end in order to comply with Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(D). In addition, the Township should establish by resolution a blanket certification dollar threshold to help ensure only one blanket purchase order per line item is open at a time.

Official's Response: The officials have elected not to respond.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Not Corrected, Partially Corrected; Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken; or Finding No Longer Valid; Explain
2011-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D) – Expenditures were not properly certified.	No	Not corrected. See Schedule of Findings 2013-002.
2011-002	Financial Reporting – The Township had numerous material reclassification and adjustment errors.	No	Not corrected. See Schedule of Findings 2013-001.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

SALEM TOWNSHIP

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST 28, 2014

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