



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Short Creek Township Harrison County 48880 Cadiz-Harrisville Road Cadiz, Ohio 43907

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements and related notes of Short Creek Township, Harrison County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to satisfy these requirements.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the combined cash balances of Short Creek Township, Harrison County, Ohio as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2014, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2014

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts Property and Other Local Taxes	\$13,121	\$74,023		\$87,144
Licenses, Permits and Fees		697		697
Intergovernmental	13,603	104,333	\$18	117,936
Earnings on Investments Miscellaneous	26 60	6 41,429	\$10	50 41,489
Total Cash Receipts	26,810	220,488	18	247,316
Cash Disbursements Current:				
General Government Public Safety	30,366	7,146 38,668		37,512 38,668
Public Works Health	571	166,025 8,595		38,668 166,596 8,595
Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,736 18	1,699 570		3,435 588
Total Cash Disbursements	32,691	222,703	0	255,394
Excess of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements	(5,881)	(2,215)	18	(8,078)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements) Transfers In Transfers Out		10,000	(10,000)	10,000 (10,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		10,000	(10,000)	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(5,881)	7,785	(9,982)	(8,078)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	7,267	42,956	11,752	61,975
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Nonspendable				
Restricted		34,446	1,770	36,216
Committed Assigned	1,386	16,295		16,295 1,386
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$1,386	\$50,741	\$1,770	\$53,897

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	General	Special Revenue	Permanent	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	• • • • - •	•		··· -··
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$12,872	\$86,848		\$99,720
Licenses, Permits and Fees	29.060	900 104,607		900 143,576
Intergovernmental Earnings on Investments	38,969 41	104,607	\$120	143,576
Miscellaneous	165	13,298	ψιζΟ	13,463
		10,200		10,100
Total Cash Receipts	52,047	205,657	120	257,824
Cash Disbursements Current:				
General Government	32,376	6,437		38,813
Public Safety	9,813	44,505		54,318
Public Works	508	119,567		120,075
Health	538	1,349	348	2,235
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	3,267	1,733		5,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	137	644		781
Total Cash Disbursements	46,639	174,235	348	221,222
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	5,408	31,422	(228)	36,602
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	1,859	11,534	11,980	25,373
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Nonspendable			10,000	10,000
Restricted		27,748	1,752	29,500
Committed		15,208		15,208
Assigned	7,267			7,267
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$7,267	\$42,956	\$11,752	\$61,975

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of the Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Short Creek Township, Harrison County, Ohio (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Adena, Cadiz, Harrisville, and New Athens Volunteer Fire Departments to provide fire services.

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

B. Accounting Basis

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Township recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit.

C. Deposits

The Township values certificates of deposit at cost.

D. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to segregate cash that is restricted as to use. The Township classifies its funds into the following types:

1. General Fund

The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

2. Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Fund Accounting (Continued)

2. Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

<u>Gasoline Tax Fund</u> - This fund receives gasoline tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads.

<u>Fire Levy Fund</u> - This fund receives property tax money to provide fire protection to Township residents.

3. Permanent Funds

These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs (for the benefit of the government or its citizenry). The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

<u>Cemetery Endowment Fund</u> - This fund receives interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement. These earnings are used for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township's cemetery.

E. Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

1. Appropriations

Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

2. Estimated Resources

Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

3. Encumbrances

The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2013 and 2012 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

1. Nonspendable

The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

2. Restricted

Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

3. Committed

Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

4. Assigned

Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

5. Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

2. Equity in Pooled Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2013	2012
Demand deposits	\$53,897	\$51,975
Certificates of deposit		10,000
Total deposits	\$53,897	\$61,975

Deposits: Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

3. Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the years ending December 31, 2013 and 2012, follows:

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$25,833	\$26,810	\$977
Special Revenue	238,139	230,488	(7,651)
Permanent		18	18
Total	\$263,972	\$257,316	(\$6,656)

2013 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetar	y Basis Expenditures
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	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$41,048	\$32,691	\$8,357
Special Revenue	265,318	222,703	42,615
Permanent	11,752	10,000	1,752
Total	\$318,118	\$265,394	\$52,724

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted Actual		
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$41,359	\$52,047	\$10,688
Special Revenue	208,794	205,657	(3,137)
Permanent	257	120	(137)
Total	\$250,410	\$257,824	\$7,414

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

3. Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2012 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$38,371	\$46,639	(\$8,268)
Special Revenue	218,358	174,235	44,123
Permanent	12,237	348	11,889
Total	\$268,966	\$221,222	\$47,744

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the Cemetery Special Revenue Fund by \$6,574 for the year ended December 31, 2013. Also, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the General Fund by \$8,268 for the year ended December 31, 2012

4. Property Tax

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

5. Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
U. S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) General		
Obligation Bonds	\$11,700	4.25%

The Township issued USDA general obligation bonds to finance the purchase of a backhoe for Township road maintenance. The Township's taxing authority collateralized the bonds.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	USDA General
Year ending	Obligation
December 31:	Bonds
2014	\$2,297
2015	2,221
2016	2,244
2017	2,264
2018	2,179
2019	2,294
Total	\$13,499

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

6. Retirement System

The Township's employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which includes postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2013 and 2012, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2013.

7. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2013, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Assets	\$34,954,286	\$34,771,270
Liabilities	8,486,363	9,355,082
Net Position	\$26,467,923	\$25,416,188

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

7. Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, the liabilities above include approximately \$7.9 and \$8.7 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$7.4 and \$7.8 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 948 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2013, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$4,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA		
<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
\$5,880	\$5,252	

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

8. Contingent Liabilities

A. Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

B. Oil/Gas Lease

The Township has entered into a "Paid-Up" Oil and Gas Lease. The lease is for 1.0046 acres of property owned by Short Creek Township, Harrison County, Ohio, and was effective September 30, 2014, for a five year period with American Energy – Utica, LLC. The lease calls for payments to the Township, in addition to the bonus, royalties in the amount of 20 percent for all oil and other liquid hydrocarbons and by-products produced and saved from the land, and all gas and other hydrocarbons and by-products. As of the date of the financial statements, the value of any potential royalties cannot be determined.

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Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Short Creek Township Harrison County 48880 Cadiz-Harrisville Road Cadiz, Ohio 43907

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of Short Creek Township, Harrison County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2014, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider findings 2013-002 through 2013-005 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be material weaknesses.

Short Creek Township Harrison County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2013-001 and 2013-002.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2013-001

Noncompliance

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) states that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any expenditure of money unless it has been appropriated.

At December 31, 2013, Cemetery Fund disbursements of \$8,595 exceeded appropriations of \$2,021 by \$6,574. At December 31, 2012, General Fund disbursements of \$46,639 exceeded appropriations of \$38,371 by \$8,268.

We recommend the Board of Trustees and Fiscal Officer compare disbursements to appropriations on a monthly basis. If appropriations in addition to those already adopted will be needed, the Board of Trustees should take the necessary steps to adopt additional appropriations, if possible, to prevent expenditures from exceeding appropriations or reduce spending. The Fiscal Officer should deny requests for payment when appropriations are not available.

FINDING NUMBER 2013-002

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 507.09(C) states, in part, a township fiscal officer may be compensated from the township general fund or from other township funds based on the proportion of time the township fiscal officer spends providing services related to each fund. A township fiscal officer must document the amount of time the township fiscal officer spends providing services related to each fund by certification specifying the percentage of time spent working on matters to be paid from the township general fund or from other township funds in such proportions as the kinds of services performed.

Also, the Township should record all employees' fringe benefits to the funds or budgets from which the officers or employees are compensated for services each year.

In 2012, all of the Fiscal Officer's salary was posted to the General Fund, but health insurance premiums for the Fiscal Officer were allocated to the Gasoline Tax Fund in the amount of \$7,139 and the Road & Bridge Fund in the amount of \$809, instead of the General Fund.

These adjustments have been agreed to by Township management and have been posted to the accounting system and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer charge fringe benefits to the funds in proportion to the allocation of salaries.

FINDING NUMBER 2013-003

Material Weakness

All local public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2013-003 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

The Ohio Township Handbook (revised March 2014) provides suggested account classifications. These accounts classify receipts by fund and source (taxes or charges for services, for example) and classify disbursements by fund, program (general government, for example) or object (personal services, for example). Using these classifications and the aforementioned accounting records will provide the Township with information required to monitor compliance with the budget, and prepare annual reports in the format required by the Auditor of State.

In 2013 and 2012, the Township's receipts and disbursements were not always posted to accurate receipt or expenditure classifications, based upon the source of the receipt and nature of the expenditure.

The Township received road usage reimbursements for road repair from various corporations in the amount of \$40,730 in 2013 and \$13,298 in 2012 and recorded the receipts as "Intergovernmental" instead of "Miscellaneous" within the Road and Bridge Fund.

In 2012, the Township posted an estate tax receipt at net in the amount of \$9,486 rather than gross in the amount of \$13,161. Therefore, "Intergovernmental" receipts and "General Government" expenditures were understated by \$3,675 within the General Fund.

In 2012, the Township received an Ohio State Fire Marshal pass-through equipment grant in the amount of \$9,260 for the Harrisville Volunteer Fire Department and recorded the expenditure to the Volunteer Fire Department as "General Government" instead of "Public Safety" within the General Fund.

In 2013, the Fiscal Officer posted a debt payment of \$1,754 to the Road and Bridge Fund instead of the General Fund, where loan proceeds had been posted when the loan was received.

These adjustments have been agreed to by the Township management and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements and posted to the accounting records.

We recommend the Township utilize available authoritative resources to appropriately classify revenue and expenditure transactions.

FINDING NUMBER 2013-004

Material Weakness

All local public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

The Ohio Township Handbook (revised March 2014) and the UAN Accounting and General Manual (revised December 2013) provide five suggested fund balance classifications and clarifies the existing governmental fund type definitions. The fund balance classifications relate to constraints placed upon the use of resources reported in governmental funds. The five classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2013-004 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

During 2013 and 2012, Township's fund balance classification for the Road and Bridge, Special Revenue Fund-Type, was not posted to accurate fund balance classification, based upon the constraints placed upon the use of resources reported in this governmental fund. The Road and Bridge levy is apportioned between inside and outside millage in which the Board of Trustees imposed a partial internal constraint on the resources in this fund and compliance with constraints imposed by the local government is not considered to be legally enforceable. Restricted fund balance constraints are externally imposed or are enacted through enabling legislation and are legally enforceable. The Township classified the Road and Bridge Fund balance of \$16,295 in 2013 and \$15,208 in 2012 as restricted rather than committed.

When the appropriation measure is adopted for the subsequent year, if a portion of existing fund balance is included as a budgetary resource, then that portion of fund balance should be classified as assigned. Stated differently, if appropriations (temporary or annual) exceed estimated receipts (not resources), the excess is to be assigned as it uses existing fund balance at year-end. This would be applicable to the general fund as it is the only fund with a positive unassigned fund balance. The Township appropriated the General Fund unencumbered fund balance of \$1,386 at December 31, 2013 in 2014 and \$7,267 at December 31, 2012 in 2013 and classified these fund balances as unassigned rather than assigned.

The Township adjusted the accompanying financial statements to properly reflect fund balance classifications for the funds noted above.

We recommend the Township develop internal control procedures to ensure the financial statements of the Township accurately reflect its fund balances in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 reporting requirements. The Fiscal Officer may refer to Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 for additional guidance.

FINDING NUMBER 2013-005

Material Weakness

The Township should establish internal controls in place to reasonably assure that budgetary accounts, at the legal level of control or lower, are integrated into the financial accounting system. This means designing an accounting system to provide ongoing and timely information on unrealized budgetary receipts and remaining uncommitted balances of appropriations.

The Township Fiscal Officer did not accurately post budgeted receipts, and any amendments to them, to the Uniform Accounting Network (UAN) accounting system. Variances existed between the certificate of estimated resources and the amounts posted to the accounting system. The following tables detail these variances:

	2013	Amount Per Last	Amounts Posted to	
<u>Fund</u>		Amended Certificate	the Accounting System	Variance
General		\$25,833	\$27,391	(\$1,558)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2013-005 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

2012	Amount Per Last	Amounts Posted to	
Fund	Amended Certificate	the Accounting System	<u>Variance</u>
General	\$41,359	\$48,194	(\$6,835)
Fire District	44,505	44,906	(401)

The Fiscal Officer did not always accurately post appropriations, and any amendments made to them, to the accounting system. Variances existed between the 2013 and 2012 appropriation resolution/amendments to the amounts posted to the accounting system. The following table details these variances:

2013	Amount Per Appropriation	Amounts Posted to	
<u>Fund</u>	Resolution	the Accounting System	<u>Variance</u>
Cemetery	\$2,021	\$12,021	(\$10,000)
2012	Amount Per Appropriation	Amounts Posted to	
2012 <u>Fund</u>	Amount Per Appropriation <u>Resolution</u>	Amounts Posted to the Accounting System	<u>Variance</u>
			<u>Variance</u> (\$11,665)

Because the information entered into the accounting system was inaccurate, Township management was unable to effectively monitor budgetary versus actual activity. Adjustments were made to the budgetary activity reported in Note 3 to the financial statements in order to accurately present budgeted receipts as certified by the County Budget Commission and appropriations per the appropriation resolution.

We recommend the Fiscal Officer record only estimated receipts per the Official Certificate of Estimated Resources and appropriations approved by the Board of Trustees. The Fiscal Officer should periodically present budget vs. actual results to the Trustees. As part of their monitoring responsibilities, the Trustees should review this information and should inquire to the Fiscal Officer if they note apparent errors in the budget or actual data and should also use this information to determine if they should amend estimated revenue or appropriations.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to the findings reported above.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

SHORT CREEK TOWNSHIP

HARRISON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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