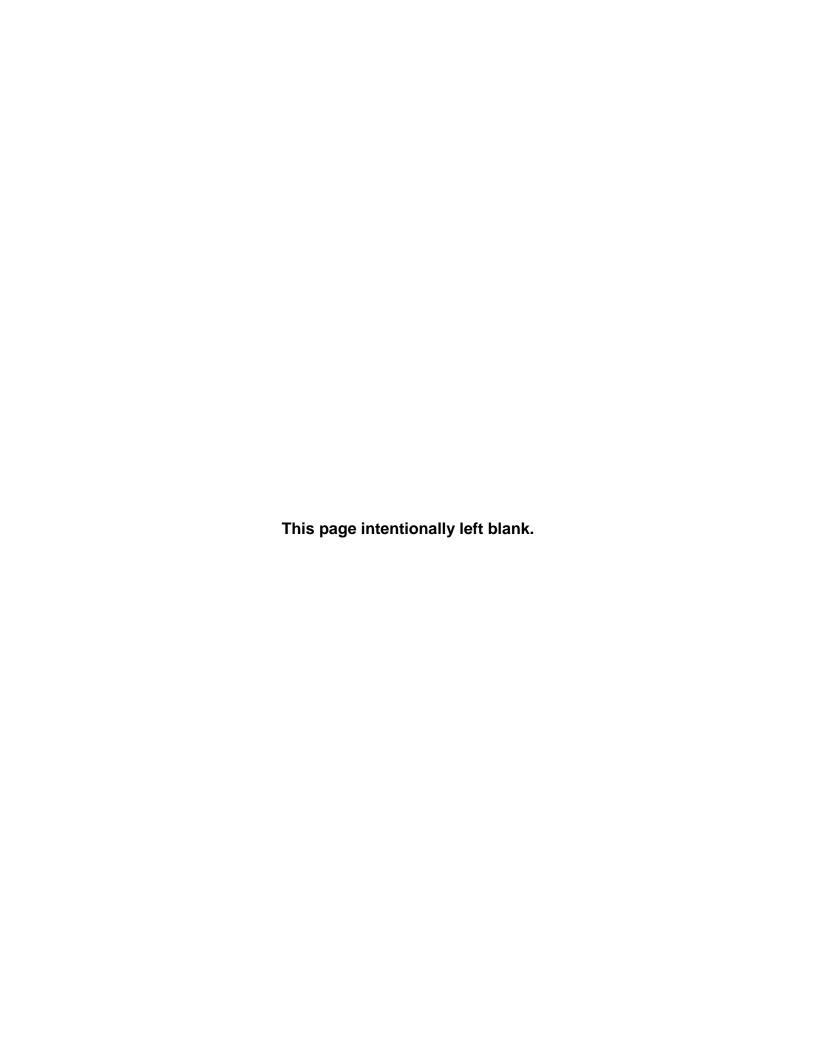




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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County 3750 North Main Street Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weathersfield Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weathersfield Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2013, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" and No. 65, "items previously reported as Assets and Liabilities". We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures Schedule presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 7, 2014, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 7, 2014

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Weathersfield Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$17,715,784 which represents a 488.65% increase from 2012.
- General revenues accounted for \$24,664,856 in revenue or 89.49% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$2,895,481 or 10.51% of total revenues of \$27,560,337.
- The District had \$9,844,553 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$2,895,481 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$24,664,856 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund, building fund, and classroom facilities fund. The general fund had \$8,080,679 in revenues and \$8,589,781 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2013, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$509,102 from a balance of \$955,525 to a fund balance of \$446,423.
- The bond retirement fund had \$1,441,492 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,281,630 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2013, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$159,862 from a balance of \$301,616 to a fund balance of \$461,478.
- The building fund had \$2,096,161 in other financing sources and \$43,006 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the building fund's fund balance increased \$2,053,155.
- The classroom facilities fund had \$15,704,709 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,277,177 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$14,427,532.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund, bond retirement fund, building fund, and classroom facilities fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2013?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Governmental Activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 16-17 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund, building fund, and classroom facilities fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities on page 23. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 25-56 of this report.

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2013 and 2012. The 2012 amounts for liabilities and deferred inflows have been reclassified to conform to 2013 presentation.

	Net Position				
	Governmental	Governmental			
	Activities	Activities			
	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012			
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 31,564,509	\$ 5,230,996			
Capital assets, net	4,871,795	3,963,548			
Total assets	36,436,304	9,194,544			
Deferred outflows of resources					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	91,791	<u> </u>			
Total deferred outflows of resources	91,791				
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	912,721	934,387			
Long-term liabilities	11,228,090	2,286,057			
Total liabilities	12,140,811	3,220,444			
Deferred inflows of resources					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	3,046,017	2,348,617			
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,046,017	2,348,617			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	1,176,968	2,198,149			
Restricted	15,890,253	563,891			
Unrestricted	4,274,046	863,443			
Total net position	\$ 21,341,267	\$ 3,625,483			

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2013, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$21,341,267.

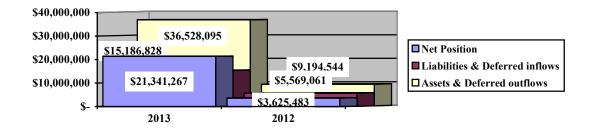
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

At year-end, capital assets represented 13.37% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2013, was \$1,176,968. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$15,890,253, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, and net position for fiscal year 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,825,313	\$ 1,843,738		
Operating grants and contributions	988,290	1,003,690		
Capital grants and contributions	81,878	6,544		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	2,746,142	2,405,911		
Decrease in FMV of investments	(15,713)	-		
Grants and entitlements	21,875,929	4,049,254		
Investment earnings	8,985	7,066		
Other	49,513	36,977		
Total revenues	27,560,337	9,353,180		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Change in Net Position

Evnonces	Governmental Activities 2013	Governmental Activities 2012
Expenses Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 4,003,106	\$ 4,046,892
Special	1,072,457	1,022,177
Other	399,155	447,144
Support services:	,	,
Pupil	427,292	445,635
Instructional staff	94,301	170,917
Board of education	21,368	19,804
Administration	819,883	772,584
Fiscal	330,909	303,416
Business	8,549	8,624
Operations and maintenance	1,127,357	1,148,441
Pupil transportation	288,483	354,409
Central	10,940	7,668
Operation of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	356,860	328,910
Extracurricular activities	437,743	411,248
Interest and fiscal charges	446,150	96,854
Total expenses	9,844,553	9,584,723
Change in net position	17,715,784	(231,543)
Net position at beginning of year	3,625,483	3,857,026
Net position at end of year	\$ 21,341,267	\$ 3,625,483

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$17,715,784, due to an increase in grants received from the Ohio Schools Facilities Commission for the construction of new elementary and high school buildings. Total governmental expenses of \$9,844,553 were offset by program revenues of \$2,895,481 and general revenues of \$24,664,856. Program revenues supported 29.41% of the total governmental expenses.

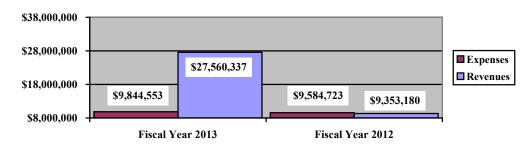
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 89.34% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$5,474,718 or 55.61% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

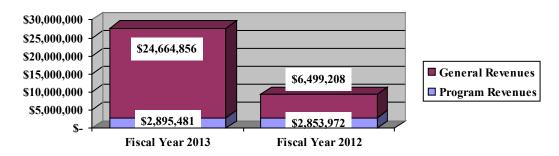
	Total Cost of Services 2013		<u> </u>	Net Cost of Services 2013		otal Cost of Services 2012	Net Cost of Services 2012	
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	4,003,106	\$	2,300,904	\$	4,046,892	\$	2,346,258
Special		1,072,457		430,076		1,022,177		342,093
Other		399,155		399,155		447,144		447,144
Support services:								
Pupil		427,292		427,292		445,635		445,635
Instructional staff		94,301		87,370		170,917		164,504
Board of education		21,368		21,368		19,804		19,804
Administration		819,883		819,883		772,584		772,584
Fiscal		330,909		330,909		303,416		303,416
Business		8,549		8,549		8,624		8,624
Operations and maintenance		1,127,357		1,045,479		1,148,441		1,141,897
Pupil transportation		288,483		288,483		354,409		354,409
Central		10,940		5,540		7,668		2,268
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		356,860		(24,586)		328,910		(46,806)
Extracurricular activities		437,743		362,500		411,248		332,067
Interest and fiscal charges		446,150	_	446,150		96,854	_	96,854
Total expenses	\$	9,844,553	\$	6,949,072	\$	9,584,723	\$	6,730,751

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, 57.17% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 70.59%. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State of Ohio are the primary support for the District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$17,658,069, which is higher than last year's balance of \$1,467,239. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	Fund Balance June 30, 2012	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General	\$ 446,423	\$ 955,525	\$ (509,102)	(53.28) %
Bond retirement	461,478	301,616	159,862	53.00 %
Building	2,053,155	<u>-</u>	2,053,155	100.00 %
Classroom facilities	14,427,532	-	14,427,532	100.00 %
Other Governmental	269,481	210,098	59,383	28.26 %
Total	\$ 17,658,069	\$ 1,467,239	\$ 16,190,830	1,103.49 %

General Fund

The District's general fund balance decreased \$509,102.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

	2013 Amount			2012		Increase/	Percentage Change	
			_	Amount	(Decrease)			
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,325,549	\$	2,270,769	\$	54,780	2.41 %	
Tuition		1,595,627		1,605,232		(9,605)	(0.60) %	
Earnings on investments		4,885		7,066		(2,181)	(30.87) %	
Intergovernmental - state		4,079,750		4,266,144		(186,394)	(4.37) %	
Other revenues		74,868		61,165		13,703	22.40 %	
Total	\$	8,080,679	\$	8,210,376	\$	(129,697)	(1.58) %	
Expenditures								
Instruction	\$	5,016,888	\$	4,670,990	\$	345,898	7.41 %	
Support services		3,057,632		3,134,457		(76,825)	(2.45) %	
Extracurricular activities		260,206		251,246		8,960	3.57 %	
Debt service		101,820		101,553		267	0.26 %	
Total	\$	8,436,546	\$	8,158,246	\$	278,300	3.41 %	

Overall revenue in the general fund remained relatively stable, with a decrease of only 1.58%. Earnings on investments decreased due to a decrease in interest rates on the District's investments. Intergovernmental revenue decreased \$186,394 due to a decrease in State foundation revenues recorded in the general fund.

Overall expenditures of the general fund increased \$278,300 or 3.41%. The largest increase in expenditures is instructional expenditures of \$345,898 or 7.41%, which can primarily be attributed to the increase in regular and special expenditures. This was due, in part to an increase in wage and benefit costs. All other expenditures remain comparable to fiscal year 2012.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2013, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$7,692,346. Final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$7,179,521. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$7,179,521.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures including other financing uses) of \$8,198,315 were increased to \$8,209,610 in the final budget appropriations. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2013 were \$8,209,610.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund had \$1,441,492 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,281,630 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2013, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased \$159,862 from a balance of \$301,616 to a fund balance of \$461,478.

Building Fund

The building fund had \$2,096,161 in other financing sources and \$43,006 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the building fund's fund balance increased \$2,053,155.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had \$15,704,709 in revenues and other financing sources and \$1,277,177 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2013, the classroom facilities fund's fund balance increased \$14,427,532.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the District had \$4,871,795 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2013 balances compared to June 30, 2012:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2013	2012				
Land	\$ 60,088	\$ 60,088				
Construction in progress	1,146,889	-				
Land improvements	222,264	250,239				
Building and improvements	2,851,408	2,971,293				
Furniture and equipment	538,212	611,716				
Vehicles	52,934	70,212				
Total	\$ 4,871,795	\$ 3,963,548				

The overall increase in capital assets of \$908,247 is primarily due to capital outlays of \$1,146,889 exceeding depreciation expense of \$238,642 for fiscal year 2013.

See Note 8 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the District had \$422,324 in lease purchase agreements, \$76,772 in general obligation bonds payable, \$938,139 in 2013 series refunding bonds and \$9,083,916 in 2012 series bonds. Of this total, \$346,217 is due within one year and \$10,174,934 is due in greater than one year. The following table summarizes the lease purchase agreements and bonds outstanding at June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities June 30, 2013	Governmental Activities June 30, 2012
Lease purchase agreements	\$ 422,324	\$ 720,399
General obligation bonds payable	76,772	1,045,000
Series 2013 general obligation refunding bonds	938,139	-
Series 2012 general obligation bonds	9,083,916	
Total	\$ 10,521,151	\$ 1,765,399

See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has two emergency levies. The first one originally voted in 2004 was renewed for 5 years at 5.2 mills. The Levy tax period for this levy ends in 2013, last collection in 2014. The District has filed with the Board of Elections in Trumbull County so that the \$538,168 Emergency Levy Renewal will be placed on the ballot in November of 2013. This renewal will be at 5.15 mills and will be for a 10 year term. The second emergency levy was renewed for a 10 year period in May of 2012. This levy generates \$418,128 and was renewed at 3.9 mills.

The District successfully passed a 6.6 mill bond issue and 1.0 permanent improvement issue on March 6, 2013, which was our fourth attempt. In conjunction with Ohio Schools Facility Commission at a percent share of 72% State, 28% Local, Weathersfield Local School District will begin construction in June of 2013 to create a two building District. Seaborn Elementary will become a K-6th grade school and the High School will transform to a 7-12 grade school. The 100 year old Middle School portion will be demolished while maintaining the bus garage. The expected time frame will run from June of 2013 to the Fall of 2015. The total cost to the District including LFI's (Locally Funded Initiatives) is \$25,452,051.

The restructuring of the District is a constant issue. Beginning with the 2013 fiscal year, a majority of our special education services which have been contracted out with the Trumbull County Educational Service Center (TCESC) have been brought in-house. Our District in conjunction with McDonald Local Schools has employed our own School Psychologist of which we pay 60% and invoice McDonald for 40% of cost incurred. We also have contracted speech services with Easter Seals of Youngstown which will reduce our cost for services. We are looking into shared busing options as well. The special education supervisor and work study services that we were obtaining from TCESC has also been removed and our staff now handles these positions with our Superintendent handling the Special Education Administrator position. After years of diligent work, the Weathersfield Local Schools have cut their spending to 2006-2007 school year levels. We have downsized via attrition or retirement in both the classified and certificated fields.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (UNAUDITED)

The District entered into a lease agreement in June of 2013 for the delivery of 4 new buses in fiscal year 2014. This will bring the fleet to 9 buses; 6 of them now less than 5 years old. Construction begins full force in fiscal year 2014. Fiscal year 2014 will be a year of transition with K-6th educated in the current Middle School, and grades 7-12 educated in the current High School. During fiscal year 2014 Seaborn Elementary located on Miles-Carver Road will remain closed while construction continues throughout the year. Renovations using Ohio School Facility Commission Swing Space Dollars will be used to bring the Middle School more accommodating for K-6th. The High School will have ongoing construction throughout fiscal year 2014, working in phases so that the educational process is not disturbed. Trailers are in place to accommodate grades 7-12. The District will open in fiscal year 2014 completed and K-6th will move into their permanent home at Seaborn-Niles Carver Road. At this time the Board office will move to new office space at the High School, and the Middle School located on Route 46 will be demolished.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Laurena Rouan, Treasurer, Weathersfield Local School District, 3750 N. Main Street, Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

		Governmental Activities			
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,507,374			
Cash in segregated accounts		5,140			
Receivables:		2 (50 500			
Taxes		3,659,599			
Accounts		14,219			
Accrued interest		4,466 9,329,262			
Intergovernmental		35,427			
Materials and supplies inventory.		9,022			
Capital assets:		7,022			
Land and construction in progress		1,206,977			
Depreciable capital assets, net		3,664,818			
Capital assets, net	-	4,871,795			
Capital assets, liet		4,071,773			
Total assets		36,436,304			
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding .		91,791			
Total deferred outflows of resources		91,791			
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		25,287			
Accrued wages and benefits		676,656			
Pension obligation payable		168,238			
Intergovernmental payable		22,368			
Accrued interest payable		20,172			
Due within one year		413,595			
Due in more than one year		10,814,495			
Total liabilities		12,140,811			
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		3,046,017			
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,046,017			
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		1,176,968			
Restricted for:					
Capital projects		15,082,858			
Classroom facilities maintenance		21,680			
Debt service		536,657			
Locally funded programs		78			
Student activities		67,252			
Other purposes		181,728			
Unrestricted		4,274,046			
Total net position	\$	21,341,267			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net (Expense)

					Progr	am Revenues			(evenue and Changes in let Position
	Expenses		5	Charges for Services and Sales		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities: Instruction:										
Regular	\$	4,003,106 1,072,457 399,155	\$	1,620,982	\$	81,220 642,381	\$	- - -	\$	(2,300,904) (430,076) (399,155)
Support services:		427.202								(427, 202)
Pupil		427,292 94,301		-		6,931		-		(427,292) (87,370)
Board of education		21,368		_		0,731		_		(21,368)
Administration		819,883		_		_		_		(819,883)
Fiscal.		330,909		_		_		_		(330,909)
Business		8,549		-		-		-		(8,549)
Operations and maintenance		1,127,357		-		-		81,878		(1,045,479)
Pupil transportation		288,483		-		-		, <u>-</u>		(288,483)
Central		10,940		-		5,400		-		(5,540)
Food service operations		356,860		129,680		251,766		_		24,586
Extracurricular activities		437,743		74,651		592		-		(362,500)
Interest and fiscal charges		446,150	. <u> </u>	-		-		_		(446,150)
Total governmental activities	\$	9,844,553	\$	1,825,313	\$	988,290	\$	81,878		(6,949,072)
				al Revenues:						
				ty taxes levied						2 224 702
				ral purposes						2,334,702
				service						359,493 32,246
				al outlay room facilities						19,701
				ise in FMV of i						(15,713)
				and entitlemen						(13,713)
				ecific programs						3,976,792
				chools facilities						17,899,137
				ment earnings						8,985
				laneous						49,513
			Total g	general revenue	s					24,664,856
			Change	e in net position	n					17,715,784
			Net po	sition at begin	ning of	year	•			3,625,483
			Net po	sition at end o	of year.		•		\$	21,341,267

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	General	R	Bond Retirement	Building		Classroom Facilities	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:				 						
Equity in pooled cash										
and cash equivalents	\$ 1,258,435	\$	457,835	\$ 2,053,155	\$	14,427,532	\$	310,417	\$	18,507,374
Cash in segregated accounts	5,140		-	-		-		-		5,140
Receivables:										
Taxes	2,786,053		779,827	-		-		93,719		3,659,599
Accounts	14,219		-	-		-		-		14,219
Accrued interest	4,466		-	-		-		-		4,466
Intergovernmental	7,181		-	-		9,312,784		9,297		9,329,262
Prepayments	35,427		-	-		-		-		35,427
Materials and supplies inventory	-		-	-		-		9,022		9,022
Due from other funds	3,141		-	_		-		-		3,141
Total assets	\$ 4,114,062	\$	1,237,662	\$ 2,053,155	\$	23,740,316	\$	422,455	\$	31,567,650
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$ 25,219	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	68	\$	25,287
Accrued wages and benefits	630,653	-	-	_	•	-		46,003		676,656
Compensated absences payable	47,280		_	_		_		-		47,280
Pension obligation payable	159,377		_	_		_		8,861		168,238
Intergovernmental payable	20,745		_	_		_		1,623		22,368
Due to other funds	,		_	_		_		3,141		3,141
Total liabilities	 883,274		_	 _		_		59,696		942,970
	 000,271							27,070		
Deferred inflows of resources:	2245455		ć50.510					=0.04=		204604=
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	2,316,457		650,713	-		-		78,847		3,046,017
Delinquent property tax revenue not available	456,627		125,471	-		-		14,431		596,529
Intergovernmental revenue not available	7,181		-	-		9,312,784		-		9,319,965
Accrued interest not available	 4,100			 				<u> </u>		4,100
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,784,365	_	776,184	 		9,312,784		93,278	_	12,966,611
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:								0.022		0.022
Materials and supplies inventory	25 427		-	-		-		9,022		9,022
Prepaids	35,427		-	-		-		-		35,427
Restricted:			461 470							461 479
Debt service	-		461,478	-		1.4.407.522		20.422		461,478
Capital improvements	-		-	-		14,427,532		20,433		14,447,965
Classroom facilities maintenance	-		-	-		-		21,680		21,680
Food service operations	-		-	-		-		176,287		176,287
Other purposes.	-		-	-		-		78		78
Student activities	-		-	-		-		67,252		67,252
Committed:								4.050		
Capital improvements	-		-	2,053,155		-		1,278		2,054,433
Assigned:										
Student instruction	783		-	-		-		-		783
Student and staff support	60,101		-	-		-		-		60,101
School supplies	323		-	-		-		-		323
Public school support	26,076		-	-		-		-		26,076
Unassigned (deficit)	 323,713			 				(26,549)	_	297,164
Total fund balances	 446,423		461,478	 2,053,155		14,427,532		269,481		17,658,069
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 4,114,062	\$	1,237,662	\$ 2,053,155	\$	23,740,316	\$	422,455	\$	31,567,650

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2013}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 17,658,069
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		4,871,795
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Taxes receivable	\$ 596,529	
Accrued interest receivable	4,100	
Intergovernmental receivable	9,319,965	0.020.504
Total		9,920,594
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not		
recognized in the funds.		(225,512)
		(===;===)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in		
the funds.		91,791
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(20,172)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(434,147)	
Lease-purchase agreements payable	(422,324)	
Classroom facilities bonds	(76,772)	
General obligation current interest bonds	(9,460,000)	
General obligation capital appreciation bonds	(531,935)	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(30,120)	
Total		 (10,955,298)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 21,341,267
L		 ,, /

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General	Bond Retirement	Building	Classroom Facilities	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Taxes	\$ 2,325,549	\$ 359,493	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,516	\$ 2,722,558
Tuition	1,595,627	-	-	-	-	1,595,627
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	129,607	129,607
Earnings on investments	4,885	-	-	-	73	4,958
Extracurricular	10,032	-	-	-	74,651	84,683
Classroom materials and fees	25,355	-	-	-	-	25,355
Contributions and donations	1,600	-	-	-	82,470	84,070
Other local revenues	37,881	-	-	-	-	37,881
Intergovernmental - state	4,079,750	88,722	-	8,586,353	15,908	12,770,733
Intergovernmental - federal	-	-	-	-	668,562	668,562
Decrease in FMV of investments	-	-	-	(15,713)	-	(15,713)
Total revenues	8,080,679	448,215		8,570,640	1,008,787	18,108,321
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	3,881,007	-	-	-	77,205	3,958,212
Special	736,726	-	-	-	330,197	1,066,923
Other	399,155	-	-	-	-	399,155
Support services:						
Pupil	426,029	-	-	-	-	426,029
Instructional staff	80,428	-	-	-	7,717	88,145
Board of education	21,368	-	-	-	-	21,368
Administration	815,896	-	-	-	700	816,596
Fiscal	322,574	8,410	-	-	873	331,857
Business	8,549	-	-	-	-	8,549
Operations and maintenance	1,106,673	-	-	-	15,883	1,122,556
Pupil transportation	270,575	-	-	-	-	270,575
Central	5,540	-	-	-	5,400	10,940
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Food service operations	-	-	-	-	350,020	350,020
Extracurricular activities	260,206	-	-	-	80,810	341,016
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	43,006	1,103,883	-	1,146,889
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	78,000	115,000	-	-	220,075	413,075
Interest and fiscal charges	23,820	164,943	-	-	13,759	202,522
Bond issuance costs		44,623		173,294		217,917
Total expenditures	8,436,546	332,976	43,006	1,277,177	1,102,639	11,192,344
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(355,867)	115,239	(43,006)	7,293,463	(93,852)	6,915,977
Other financing sources (uses):						
Premium on bonds sold	-	58,278	-	173,294	-	231,572
Sale of bonds	-	934,999	2,096,161	6,960,775	-	9,991,935
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	153,235	153,235
Transfers (out)	(153,235)	-	-	-	-	(153,235)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(948,654)	-	-	-	(948,654)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(153,235)	44,623	2,096,161	7,134,069	153,235	9,274,853
Net change in fund balances	(509,102)	159,862	2,053,155	14,427,532	59,383	16,190,830
Fund balances at beginning of year	955,525	301,616	=		210,098	1,467,239
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 446,423	\$ 461,478	\$ 2,053,155	\$ 14,427,532	\$ 269,481	\$ 17,658,069

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	16,190,830
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			
statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those			
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as			
depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital			
outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period. Capital asset additions	\$ 1,146,889		
Current year depreciation	(238,642)		
Total		_	908,247
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds.			
Taxes	127,951		
Accrued interest	4,100		
Intergovernmental revenue Total	9,319,965	-	9,452,016
10111			7,132,010
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the			
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term			
liabilities in the statement of net position.	115,000		
Bonds Capital leases	115,000 298,075		
Total	276,013	_	413,075
Issuances of bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the funds;			
however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other			
financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.			(9,991,935)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is			
an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces			
long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges			
related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance			
in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions			
occurred during the year: Bonds refunded	853,228		
Deferred charges on refundings	95,426		
Total		_	948,654
Premiums on bonds related to the issuance of bonds are amortized			(224 552)
over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities.			(231,572)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,			
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported			
when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being			
reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	1,984		
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums	(30,120) 6,060		
Amortization of deferred charges	(3,635)		
Total		_	(25,711)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated			
absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore			
are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			52,180
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	17,715,784

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts				Variano Final B	udget	
	(Original		Final	Actual	Posit (Nega	
Revenues:		<u> </u>	-				
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$	2,089,518	\$	1,950,216	\$ 1,950,216	\$	-
Tuition		1,709,601		1,595,627	1,595,627		-
Earnings on investments		5,191		4,845	4,845		-
Other local revenues		22,455		20,958	20,958		-
Intergovernmental - state		3,821,406		3,566,645	 3,566,645		-
Total revenues		7,648,171		7,138,291	 7,138,291		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		3,714,286		3,745,943	3,745,943		-
Special		658,621		734,225	734,225		-
Other		428,131		399,570	399,570		-
Support services:							
Pupil		279,319		291,887	291,887		-
Instructional staff		134,005		101,858	101,858		-
Board of education		21,195		21,502	21,502		-
Administration		779,480		802,044	802,044		-
Fiscal		277,808		279,934	279,934		-
Business		8,751		9,104	9,104		-
Operations and maintenance		1,205,001		1,111,335	1,111,335		-
Pupil transportation		322,354		302,412	302,412		-
Central		4,004		5,540	5,540		-
Extracurricular activities		251,733		251,021	 251,021		
Total expenditures		8,084,688		8,056,375	 8,056,375		
Excess of expenditures over							
revenues		(436,517)		(918,084)	 (918,084)	-	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Refund of prior year's expenditures		44,175		41,230	41,230		-
Transfers (out)	-	(113,627)		(153,235)	 (153,235)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(69,452)		(112,005)	 (112,005)		
Net change in fund balance		(505,969)		(1,030,089)	(1,030,089)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,255,140		1,255,140	1,255,140		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		153,063		153,063	 153,063		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	902,234	\$	378,114	\$ 378,114	\$	-

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2013

	Age	ency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	28,127
Total assets	\$	28,127
Liabilities: Due to students	\$	28,127
Total liabilities	\$	28,127

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Weathersfield Local School District (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the "Board") and provides educational services as mandated by State or federal agencies. The Board controls the District's three instructional/support facilities.

The District ranks as the 486th largest by total enrollment among the 918 public school districts and community schools in the State of Ohio. The District is staffed by 38 non-certified and 71 certified personnel to provide services to approximately 974 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty one school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts and a treasurer from each county who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Northeast Ohio Instructional Media Center (NEOIMC)

NEOIMC is a jointly governed organization among 45 school districts. The organization was formed for the purpose of providing quality films and/or other media to support the curricula of the Districts. Each member pays a monthly premium based on use of the media materials. NEOIMC is governed by an advisory committee made up of a member from a parochial school, a Joint Vocational School, one county superintendent from each participating county, one city superintendent and two local superintendents rotating every two years. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the treasurer at the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Region 12 Professional Development Center (the "Center")

The Center is a jointly governed organization among the school districts located in Trumbull, Mahoning and Columbiana counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of establishing an articulated, regional structure for professional development, in which school districts, the business community, higher education and other groups cooperatively plan and implement effective professional development activities that are tied directly to school improvement, and in particular, to improving instructional programs.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium (the "Consortium")

The District participates in the Consortium. The Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Ohio School Plan

The Ohio School Plan (the "Plan") is a shared liability, property and fleet insurance risk pool which is governed by a board of thirteen school superintendents, business managers and treasurers. Harcum-Schuett, the insurance agency, has one board seat. OSBA, BASA, and OASBO executive directors serve as ex-officio members. Four hundred and fifty educational entities are served by the Plan. The Plan's board elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Plan. All Plan revenues are generated from charges for services. For more information, write to the Ohio School Plan, Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., 246 Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

<u>Building fund</u> - The building capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources and expenditures related to the school facilities construction project.

<u>Classroom facilities fund</u> - The classroom facilities capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources and expenditures related to the school facilities construction project.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets plus deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2013, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2014 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2013, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds except agency funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2013 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2013.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2013. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statement, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2013, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), a repurchase agreement, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, a U.S. Government money market mutual fund and federal agency securities. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2013. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2013.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2013 amounted to \$4,885, which includes \$4,013 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans to account for negative cash balances are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the District has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the District's termination policy. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for classified, certified and administrative employees after fifteen years of service.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2013 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2013.

R. Bond Premium and Discount/Deferred Charge on Refunding

On fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are expensed/expended in the fiscal year they occur.

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as an addition to or reduction of the face amount of the new debt. On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 10.F.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2013, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 60, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements</u>", GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>", GASB Statement No. 62, "<u>Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements</u>", GASB Statement No. 63, "<u>Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position</u>", GASB Statement No. 65, "<u>Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities</u>", and GASB Statement No. 66, "<u>Technical Corrections-2012</u>".

GASB Statement No. 60 addresses issues related to service concession arrangements (SCAs), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement between a transferor (a government) and an operator (governmental or nongovernmental entity) in which (1) the transferor conveys to an operator the right and related obligation to provide services through the use of infrastructure or another public asset (a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration and (2) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 60 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 61 modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. The Statement amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government in certain circumstances. Finally, the Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 61 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 62 codifies accounting and financial reporting guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA pronouncements in an effort to codify all sources of GAAP for State and local governments so that they derive from a single source. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 62 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial and reporting guidance for *deferred outflows of resources* and *deferred inflows of resources* which are financial statement elements that are distinct from assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 63 standardizes the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's *net position*. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 63 has changed the presentation of the District's financial statements to incorporate the concepts of net position, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. GASB Statement No. 65 also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, such as changes in the determination of the major fund calculations and limiting the use of the term deferred in financial statement presentations. GASB Statement No. 65 has changed the presentation of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 66 enhances the usefulness of financial reports by resolving conflicting accounting and financial reporting guidance that could diminish the consistency of financial reporting. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2013 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
IDEA, part B	\$ 103
Title I - disadvantaged children	26,35
Improving teacher quality	8′

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$220 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

B. Cash in Segregated Accounts

At fiscal year end, \$5,140 was on deposit with Farmers National Bank for an athletic account. This amount is included in the total amount of "Deposits with Financial Institutions".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,272,176, exclusive of the \$5,571,331 repurchase agreement included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2013, \$837,283 of the District's bank balance of \$4,339,904 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$3,502,621 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

D. Investments

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Investment type	_	Fair value	6	months or less		to 12 nonths	_	13 to 18 months	_	19 to 24 months		eater than 1 months
Negotiable certificates of deposit US Government money market Repurchase agreement STAR Ohio	\$	8,457,739 239,174 5,571,331 1	\$	1,244,286 239,174 5,571,331 1	\$ 1,	739,338	\$	3,234,270	\$	1,991,843 - -	\$	248,002
Total	\$	14,268,245	\$	7,054,792	\$ 1,	739,338	\$	3,234,270	\$	1,991,843	\$	248,002

The weighted average maturity of investments is 0.72 years.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's \$5,571,331 investment in repurchase agreements, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. Ohio law requires the market value of the securities subject to repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement by 2%. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District's investments in federal agency securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned the U.S. Government money market an AAAm money market rating. The District has no policy that would further limit its investment choices. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2013:

<u>Investment types</u>	Fair Value	% of Total
Negotiable certificate of deposit	\$ 8,457,739	59.27
US Government money market	239,174	1.68
Repurchase agreement	5,571,331	39.05
STAR Ohio	1	-
Total	\$ 14,268,245	100.00

E. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2013:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,272,176
Investments	14,268,245
Cash on hand	220
Total	\$18,540,641
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 18,512,514
Agency fund	28,127
Total	\$ 18,540,641

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers to nonmajo	or governmental funds from:	
General fund	_	\$ 153,235

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the statement of activities.

All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16

B. Interfund balances at June 30, 2013, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds.

Receivable fund	Payable fund	A	mount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	3,141

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover negative cash balances in specific funds where revenues were requested, but were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no internal balances at June 30, 2013 are reported on the statement of net position.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2013 were levied after April 1, 2012, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2013 represent the collection of calendar year 2012 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2013 became a lien on December 31, 2011, were levied after April 1, 2012, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull and Mahoning Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2013, are available to finance fiscal year 2013 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013 was \$12,969 in the general fund, \$3,643 in the bond retirement fund and \$441 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2012 was \$4,742 in the general fund and \$227 in the bond retirement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2013 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2013 taxes were collected are:

	2012 Seco Half Collect		2013 First Half Collect	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/residential				
and other real estate	\$ 75,956,480	95.00	\$ 77,955,270	94.76
Public utility personal	3,997,410	5.00	4,308,720	5.24
Total	\$ 79,953,890	100.00	\$ 82,263,990	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:				
General	\$55.15		\$54.85	
Debt service	1.60		8.20	

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2013 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), intergovernmental and accrued interest. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 7 – RECEIVABLES – (Continued)

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 3,659,599
Accounts	14,219
Accrued interest	4,466
Intergovernmental	 9,329,262
Total	\$ 13,007,546

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance	Additions	Daduations	Balance
Governmental activities:	06/30/12	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	06/30/13
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 60,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,088
Construction in progress		1,146,889	<u>-</u>	1,146,889
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	60,088	1,146,889		1,206,977
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	883,281	-	-	883,281
Buildings and improvements	7,096,664	-	-	7,096,664
Furniture and equipment	1,746,027	-	-	1,746,027
Vehicles	479,711			479,711
Total capital assets, being depreciated	10,205,683			10,205,683
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(633,042)	(27,975)	-	(661,017)
Buildings and improvements	(4,125,371)	(119,885)	-	(4,245,256)
Furniture and equipment	(1,134,311)	(73,504)	-	(1,207,815)
Vehicles	(409,499)	(17,278)		(426,777)
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,302,223)	(238,642)		(6,540,865)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,963,548	\$ 908,247	\$ -	\$ 4,871,795

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

<u>Instruction</u> :	
Regular	\$ 115,077
Support services:	
Pupil	711
Instructional staff	2,112
Operations and maintenance	3,154
Pupil transportation	18,154
Extracurricular activities	96,175
Food service operations	 3,259
Total depreciation expense	\$ 238,642

NOTE 9 - LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS

A. On June 28, 2001, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with the Weathersfield School Building Corporation (the "Corporation") for the financing of the reconstruction and improvement of the Joe Lane Sports Complex. The source of revenue to fund the principal and interest payments is derived from various donations, advertising and contributions from the District's general fund. During fiscal year 2013, the District made a final principal payment of \$220,075 on the lease-purchase agreement.

Capital assets consisting of land improvements and building improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$950,000. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2013 was \$228,000, leaving a current book value of \$722,000.

In conjunction with the lease-purchase agreement, the District entered into a ground-lease agreement whereby the District subleases the real property upon which the reconstruction and improvements are being made to the Corporation. The District is the lessor and the Corporation is the lessee under the ground-lease agreement. The ground-lease commenced on June 28, 2001 and terminated in fiscal year 2013.

B. On March 1, 2002, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with the Rickenbacker Port Authority (through the Ohio Association of School Business Officials (OASBO) Expanded Asset Pooled Financing Program) for building improvements throughout the District. National City Bank has been designated as trustee for the agreement. The source of revenue to fund the principal and interest payments is general operating revenues of the District. The District made \$78,000 in principal payments during fiscal year 2013. Principal and interest payments are recorded as debt service expenditures in the general fund.

Capital assets consisting of building improvements have been capitalized in the amount of \$1,095,324. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2013 was \$284,776, leaving a current book value of \$810,548.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 9 - LEASE-PURCHASE AGREEMENTS – (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the lease-purchase agreement and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2014	\$ 100,915
2015	100,837
2016	100,563
2017	101,068
2018	75,676
Total minimum lease payments	479,059
Less: amount representing interest	(56,735)
Total	\$ 422,324

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During the fiscal year 2002, the District issued \$2,000,000 in general obligation bonds to provide funds for renovations and improvements to Seaborn Elementary. These bonds bear an annual interest rate of 2.10% and mature on December 1, 2014. The District refunded \$853,228 of these bonds during fiscal year 2013. Payments of principal and interest relating to this bond are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement fund.

	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2013
Current interest bonds	\$ 1,045,000	\$ -	\$ (968,228)	\$ 76,772
Total	\$ 1,045,000	<u>\$</u>	\$ (968,228)	\$ 76,772

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	_ <u>P</u>	rincipal	_I	nterest	 Total
2014 2015	\$	40,217 36,555	\$	74,783 78,445	\$ 115,000 115,000
Total	\$	76,772	\$	153,228	\$ 230,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Series 2013 General Obligation Bonds: On February 13, 2013, the District issued Series 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$853,228 of the general obligation bonds.

The refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$855,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$79,999. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.00% - 2.00% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2021. The balance of the current interest refunding bonds at June 30, 2013, is \$855,000. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2016 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal plus accrued interest to the redemption date at stated approximate yields to maturity of 13.26%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$130,000. Principal and interest payments will be made from the debt service fund.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the refunded debt by \$95,426; this amount is amortized as a deferred outflow of resources over the remaining term of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The advance refunding was undertaken to reduce combined total debt service payments through December 1, 2021 by \$128,253 and resulted in an economic gain of \$120.488.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2021.

	Interest Rate	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2013	Amounts Due in One Year
Current interest bonds	1.00% - 2.00%	\$ -	\$ 855,000	\$ -	\$ 855,000	\$ 20,000
Capital appreciation bonds	13.26%	-	79,999	-	79,999	-
Accreted interest		-	3,140		3,140	
Total		\$ -	\$ 938,139	\$ -	\$ 938,139	\$ 20,000

C. Principal and interest requirements to retire the refunding bonds outstanding at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year		Curre	nt In	nt Interest Bonds - 2013			13 <u>Capital Appr</u>				al Appreciation Bonds -		
Ending June 30,	_ <u>I</u>	Principal_	_	Interest	_	Total	<u>I</u>	Principal Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	_	Total	
2014	\$	20,000	\$	15,350	\$	35,350	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
2015		15,000		15,175		30,175		-		-		-	
2016		130,000		14,125		144,125		-		-		-	
2017		-		63,151		63,151		79,999		50,001		130,000	
2018		130,000		12,175		142,175		-		-		-	
2019 - 2022		560,000	_	24,150		584,150	_						
Total	\$	855,000	\$	144,126	\$	999,126	<u>\$</u>	79,999	\$	50,001	\$	130,000	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. <u>Series 2012 General Obligation Bonds</u>: On October 23, 2012, the District issued \$9,056,936 in general obligation bonds (Series 2012 Bonds).

The issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,605,000, and capital appreciation bonds par value \$451,936. The interest rates on the current interest bonds range from 1.40% - 3.20%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2015, December 1, 2018, and December 1, 2019 (interest rates at 9.64%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$745,000. Total accreted interest of \$26,980 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2013. Unspent proceeds at June 30, 2013 were \$7,910,047.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is June 1, 2034.

	Interest Rate	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2013	Amounts Due in One Year
Current interest bonds	1.40% - 3.20%	\$ -	\$ 8,605,000	\$ -	\$ 8,605,000	\$ 205,000
Capital appreciation bonds	9.64%	-	451,936	-	451,936	-
Accreted interest			26,980		26,980	
Total		\$ -	\$ 9,083,916	\$ -	\$ 9,083,916	\$ 205,000

E. Principal and interest requirements to retire the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

Fiscal Year					ent Interest Bonds - 2013				Appreciation Bonds - 20				
Ending June 30,	_	<u>Principal</u>	_	Interest	_	Total		Princ	<u>ipal</u>	_	Interest	_	Total
2014	\$	205,000	\$	234,598	\$	439,598		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2015		240,000		231,260		471,260			-		-		-
2016		-		229,462		229,462		183	,093		61,907		245,000
2017		250,000		227,587		477,587			-		-		-
2018		250,000		223,837		473,837			-		-		-
2019 - 2023		765,000		1,087,055		1,852,055		268	,843		231,157		500,000
2024 - 2028		1,385,000		961,577		2,346,577			-		-		-
2029 - 2033		1,560,000		778,826		2,338,826			-		-		-
2034 - 2038		1,815,000		520,443		2,335,443			-		-		-
2039 - 2043	_	2,135,000	_	190,510	_	2,325,510				_			
Total	\$	8,605,000	\$	4,685,155	\$	13,290,155		\$ 451	,936	\$	293,064	\$	745,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

F. During the fiscal year 2013, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance 06/30/12	2 Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/13	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 1,045,0	00 \$ -	\$ (968,228)	\$ 76,772	\$ 40,217
Series 2013 General obligation bonds		055,000		0.5.5.000	20.000
Current interest		- 855,000		855,000	20,000
Capital appreciation bonds		- 79,999		79,999	-
Accreted interest		- 3,140	-	3,140	-
Series 2012 General obligation bonds Current interest Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest		- 8,605,000 - 451,936 - 26,980	-	8,605,000 451,936 26,980	205,000
Compensated absences	520,63	58 15,487	(54,718)	481,427	67,378
Lease-purchase agreements payable	720,39	99	(298,075)	422,324	81,000
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,286,0	<u>\$ 10,037,542</u>	\$(1,321,021)	<u>\$ 11,002,578</u>	\$ 413,595
Add: Unamortized premium on bonds				225,512	
Total on statement of net position				\$ 11,228,090	

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which is primarily the general fund. The lease-purchase agreements will be paid from the general fund and the Joe Lane Sports Complex fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

G. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code further provides that when a Board of Education declares a resolution that the student population is not adequately served by existing facilities, and that insufficient capacity exists within the 9% limit to finance additional facilities, the State Department of Education may declare that district a "special needs" district. This permits the incurrence of additional debt based upon projected 5-year growth of the school district's assessed valuation. The District was determined to be a "special needs" district by the State Superintendent on March 6, 2012.

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment is made for 25% of unused accumulated sick leave days up to 210 days plus 13% of sick leave days in excess of 210 days.

B. Life Insurance

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees. Certified employees are covered up to \$45,000, classified employees are covered up to \$40,000 and bus drivers are covered up to \$32,000.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property, Fleet, and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2013, the District contracted with First Place Insurance for property insurance and inland marine coverage; and with Indiana Insurance for fleet and liability insurance. Coverages are as follows:

Indiana Insurance provider for:

maiana msurance provider jor.	
Building and Contents - replacement cost (\$5,000 deductible)	\$37,347,517
Inland Marine Coverage (\$1,000 deductible)	
Boiler Insurance (\$1,000 deductible)	
Crime / Dishonesty Insurance (\$1,000 deductible)	25,000
Ohio School Plan - Indiana Insurance provider for:	
Automobile Liability (\$5,000 deductible)	1,000,000
Uninsured Motorists (\$5,000 deductible)	50,000
General Liability	1,000,000
Per occurrence	3,000,000
Fleet Liability	1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. Also, the District has not materially reduced its coverage in the past year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Medical, Dental, Vision and Drug Benefits

The District has contracted with the Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium to provide employee medical, prescription drug, vision and dental benefits. The Trumbull County Schools Employee Insurance Benefit Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of sixteen Trumbull County school districts. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. Weathersfield Local School District pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating school districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has the right to return monies to an exiting district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims. The following table summarizes the monthly premiums:

	mily Single Coverage
Medical/Prescription PPO I \$1,3	82.05 \$531.36
Medical/Prescription PPO II 1,2	40.84 476.89
Medical/Prescription PPO III 1,0	99.64 422.44
Vision	6.54 2.37
Dental	74.36 20.98

For employees hired after July 1, 2008, the District pays 90% of the premium for either PPO II or PPO III. If hired before July 1, 2008, the District pays 95% of either PPO I, II or III. The plan utilizes a \$5.00 deductible for generic drugs and a \$10.00 deductible for brand name drugs.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District uses the firm of Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. to provide administrative support for claims processing, and to assist the District in compliance with Bureau of Workers Compensation and Industrial Commission regulations. The District purchases its workers compensation coverage from the Bureau of Workers Compensation.

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2013, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$140,376, \$131,890 and \$121,419, respectively; 75.61 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2013, plan members were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 10 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 13 - PENSION PLANS – (Continued)

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$532,792, \$545,336 and \$533,398, respectively; 82.37 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2013 were \$19,874 made by the District and \$14,195 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2013, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2013 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2013, 0.16 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2013, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,525.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 14 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$22,324, \$21,412 and \$35,575, respectively; 75.61 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2013, this actuarially required allocation was 0.74 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$7,930, \$7,789 and \$7,814, respectively; 75.61 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2013, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$40,984, \$41,949 and \$41,031, respectively; 82.37 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2013 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 15 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis); and,
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) rather than cost (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (1,030,089)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	7,492
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	45,240
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(41,230)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	437,242
Adjustment for encumbrances	72,243
GAAP basis	\$ (509,102)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, the emergency levy fund and the public school support fund.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 17 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	(Capital
	Impi	rovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2012	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		162,147
Contributions in excess of the current		
fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures		(231,903)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets		-
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		
Total	\$	(69,756)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2014	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	

NOTE 18 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	,	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	En	cumbrances
General fund	\$	70,548
Classroom facilities		1,555,403
Other governmental		231,070
Total	\$	1,857,021

NOTE 19 – SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On June 1, 2013, the District entered into a \$316,280 lease agreement with Sovereign Bank with a 2.38 percent interest rate, for the delivery of four new buses in fiscal year 2014. The first payment is August 15, 2013 and the lease matures on August 15, 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 20 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

On June 30, 2013, the District had the following contractual commitments outstanding related to the Ohio School Facilities Commission ("OSFC") construction project. A summary of the primary contractual commitments follows:

		Amount Paid	Remaining
	Contract	Through	Contract
Contractor	<u>Amount</u>	June 30, 2013	Amount
MS Consultants	\$ 1,561,513	\$ 980,469	\$ 581,044
Howells & Baird	28,200	23,750	4,450
Professional Services Industries	62,365	7,860	54,505
Gandee & Associates	129,575	28,735	100,840
Apple Mobile Leasing	81,000	-	81,000
ULINE	5,186	4,969	217
Osborn Engineering	92,439	-	92,439
AA Blueprint	10,000	3,794	6,206
American Express	2,160	190	1,970
Trane U.S. Incorporated	837,845	-	837,845
Western Reserve Mechanical	6,822	4,941	1,881
Total	\$ 2,817,105	\$1,054,708	\$ 1,762,397

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:					
Nutrition Cluster:					
Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution):					
National School Lunch Program	10.555		\$33,635		\$33,635
Cash Assistance:					
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$38,268		\$38,268	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	184,661		184,661	
Total Nutrition Cluster		222,929	33,635	222,929	33,635
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		222,929	33,635	222,929	33,635
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:					
Title I, Part A Cluster					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2012	84.010	0		8,446	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2013	84.010	208,052		211,193	
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies		208,052		219,639	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)					
Special Education Grants to States - 2012	84.027	0		151	
Special Education Grants to States - 2013	84.027	164,162		164,162	
Total Special Education Grants to States		164,162		164,313	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Title II, Part A					
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	40,323		40,323	
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		40,323		40,323	
TOTALS		\$635,466	\$33,635	\$647,204	\$33,635

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES SCHEDULE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Weathersfield Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and expenditures. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated commodities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County 3750 North Main Street Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Weathersfield Local School District, Trumbull County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2014, wherein we noted the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No.63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position" and No. 65, "items previously reported as Assets and Liabilities".

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Weathersfield Local School District
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost

Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

February 7, 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County 3750 North Main Street Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Weathersfield Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Weathersfield Local School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Weathersfield Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Weathersfield Local School District
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control
Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave YostAuditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

February 7, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No	
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified	
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510?	No	
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster (CFDA # 10.553 and #10.555 Special Education Grants to States - (CFDA # 84.027)	
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others	
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No	

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedure

Weathersfield Local School District Trumbull County 3750 North Main Street Mineral Ridge, Ohio 44440

To the Board of Education:

Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.53 states "the auditor of state shall identify whether the school district or community school has adopted an anti-harassment policy in accordance with Section 3313.666 of the Revised Code. This determination shall be recorded in the audit report. The auditor of state shall not prescribe the content or operation of any anti-harassment policy adopted by a school district or community school."

Accordingly, we have performed the procedure enumerated below, which was agreed to by the Board, solely to assist the Board in evaluating whether Weathersfield Local School District (the District has updated its anti-harassment policy in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 3313.666. Management is responsible for complying with this requirement. This agreed-upon procedure engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of this procedure is solely the responsibility of the Board. Consequently; we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedure described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

1. We noted the Board amended its anti-harassment policy at its meeting on December 15, 2010 to include prohibiting harassment, intimidation, or bullying of any student "on a school bus" or by an "electronic act".

We were not engaged to and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the anti-harassment policy. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

February 7, 2014





WEATHERSFIELD LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 11, 2014