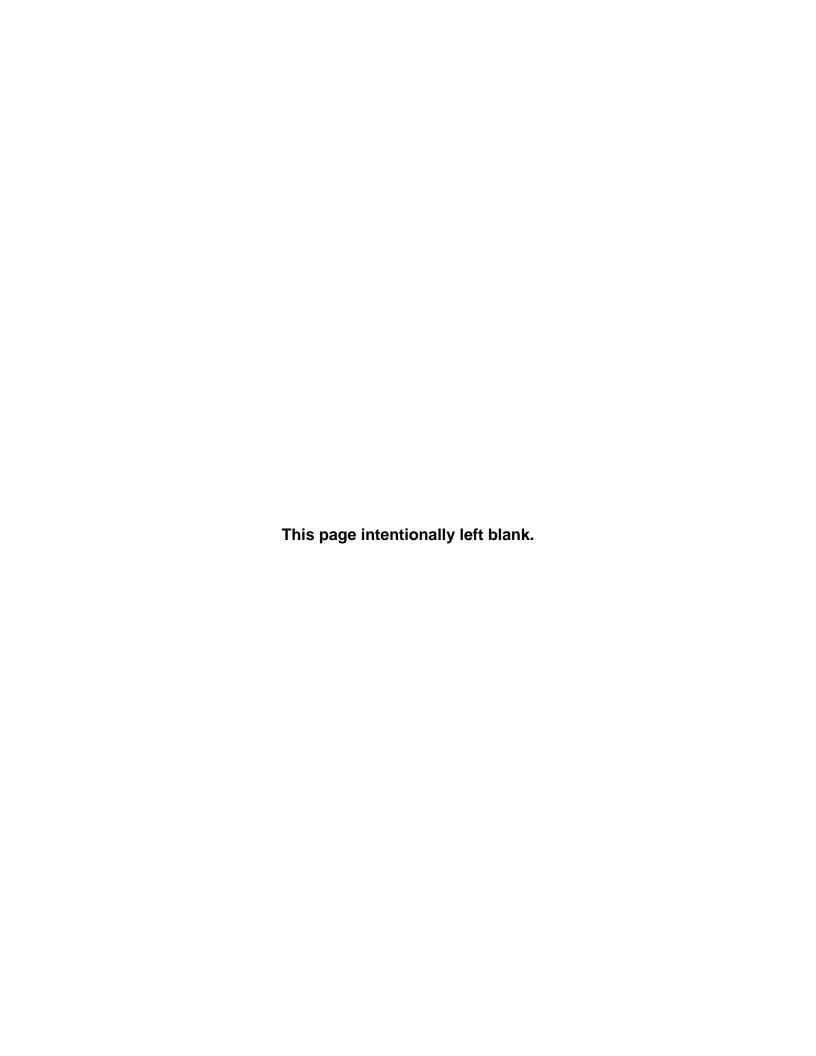




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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County 9565 Bucher Road, P.O. Box 2487 Whitehouse, Ohio 43571-0486

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 21, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

January 21, 2015

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### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Anthony Wayne Local School District's ("the District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$160,753 from \$1,588,262 to \$1,749,015.
- General revenues accounted for \$37,871,062 in revenue or 88.86% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$4,748,127 or 11.14% of all revenues. The District had total revenues of \$42,619,189.
- The District had \$42,458,436 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$4,748,127 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund. The general fund had \$35,186,910 in revenues and \$35,959,435 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$784,909 from \$2,060,832 to \$1,275,923.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$2,230,900 in revenues and \$1,374,714 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$856,186 from \$2,466,709 to \$3,322,895.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and permanent improvement fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

On the statement of net position and in the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement fund.

### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported on the statement of net position and in the statement of activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements.

### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals. These activities are reported in an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2014 and 2013.

#### **Net Position**

	Governmental Activities <u>2014</u>	Governmental Activities 2013
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$ 38,704,776 17,637,118	\$ 35,411,052 18,325,142
Total assets	56,341,894	53,736,194
Deferred outflows of resources	437,125	465,987
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	5,038,508 22,994,887	5,076,539 24,090,431
Total liabilities	28,033,395	29,166,970
Deferred inflows of resources	26,996,609	23,446,949
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	(552,264) 281,422 2,019,857	(595,267) 369,392 1,814,137
Total net position	\$ 1,749,015	\$ 1,588,262

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,749,015. The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2014 was a deficit of \$552,264. A portion of the District's net position, \$281,422, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is \$2,019,857.

The overall increase in assets is mainly due to property taxes receivable, which increased as a result of the 3.9 mill operating levy which was passed in November 2013. Much of this receivable, however, is offset by deferred inflows of resources since the taxes are levied to finance the next fiscal year.

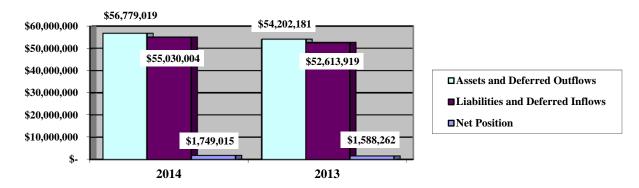
At year-end, capital assets represented 31.30% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Liabilities decreased for the District due to payments made on the long-term obligations. Long-term liabilities consist primarily of bonds payable, which had an outstanding balance of \$21,314,604 at June 30, 2014.

The chart below shows the Districts governmental activities assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2014 and 2013.

#### **Governmental Activities**



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,183,561	\$ 2,210,277		
Operating grants and contributions	2,564,566	1,867,909		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	25,285,348	23,509,395		
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,014,394	902,077		
Grants and entitlements	11,226,998	10,988,471		
Investment earnings	29,718	8,324		
Other	314,604	122,768		
Total revenues	42,619,189	39,609,221		
		(continued)		

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

### **Change in Net Position (Continued)**

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Expenses		
Program expenses:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 19,220,682	\$ 18,829,508
Special	3,889,751	2,969,478
Vocational	5,752	5,852
Other	1,003,665	739,545
Support services:		
Pupil	2,232,532	1,935,909
Instructional staff	525,138	947,159
Board of education	345,375	358,152
Administration	3,365,553	3,255,473
Fiscal	919,932	831,145
Business	21,362	24,455
Operations and maintenance	4,306,913	4,101,754
Pupil transportation	2,786,678	2,804,900
Central	194,802	59,876
Operations of non-instructional services:		
Food service operations	1,079,319	1,130,329
Other non-instructional services	290,956	249,301
Extracurricular activities	1,063,044	1,046,675
Interest and fiscal charges	1,206,982	1,231,509
Total expenses	42,458,436	40,521,020
Change in net position	160,753	(911,799)
Net position at beginning of year	1,588,262	2,500,061
Net position at end of year	\$ 1,749,015	\$ 1,588,262

### **Governmental Activities**

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$160,753. Total governmental expenses of \$42,458,436 were offset by program revenues of \$4,748,127 and general revenues of \$37,871,062. Program revenues supported 11.18% of the total governmental expenses.

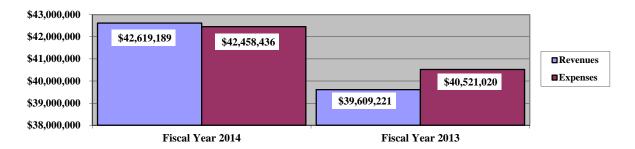
Total revenues for fiscal year 2014 were 7.60% higher than the prior year, as the District experienced increases in both program and general revenues. The increase in operating grants and contributions is primarily due to additional grant funding, from both State and Federal sources, for special education programs. Property taxes increased as the District began collecting on the 3.9 mill operating levy passed in 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Expenses also increased in fiscal year 2014, by 4.78%, which is mostly due to increased spending on the District's instructional programs, particularly special education programs. The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs; instruction expenses totaled \$24,119,850 or 56.81% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2014.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

### Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The table that follows shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

### **Governmental Activities**

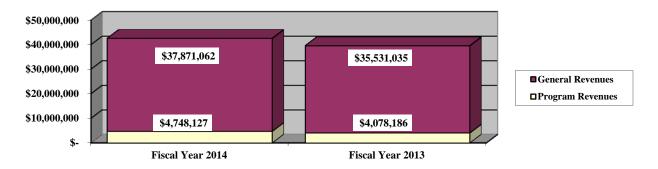
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
	2014	2014	2013	2013
Program expenses				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 19,220,682	\$ 18,057,244	\$ 18,829,508	\$ 17,866,417
Special	3,889,751	2,600,611	2,969,478	2,361,238
Vocational	5,752	1,390	5,852	(485)
Other	1,003,665	1,003,665	739,545	739,545
Support services:				
Pupil	2,232,532	2,123,806	1,935,909	1,701,839
Instructional staff	525,138	520,553	947,159	906,392
Board of education	345,375	345,375	358,152	358,152
Administration	3,365,553	3,175,337	3,255,473	3,100,901
Fiscal	919,932	919,932	831,145	831,145
Business	21,362	21,362	24,455	24,455
Operations and maintenance	4,306,913	4,288,893	4,101,754	4,083,424
Pupil transportation	2,786,678	2,574,164	2,804,900	2,617,919
Central	194,802	184,002	59,876	49,076
Operations of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	1,079,319	103,635	1,130,329	35,907
Other non-instructional services	290,956	2,101	249,301	179
Extracurricular activities	1,063,044	581,257	1,046,675	535,221
Interest and fiscal charges	1,206,982	1,206,982	1,231,509	1,231,509
Total expenses	\$ 42,458,436	\$ 37,710,309	\$ 40,521,020	\$ 36,442,834

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent; 89.81% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 88.82%. The District's taxpayers, as a whole, are by far the primary support for District's students.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2014 and 2013.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues**



### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet) reported a combined fund balance of \$6,249,494, compared to last year's total of \$6,128,814. The table below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2014	Fund Balance June 30, 2013	Increase (Decrease)	
General	\$ 1,275,923	\$ 2,060,832	\$ (784,909)	
Permanent improvement	3,322,895	2,466,709	856,186	
Other governmental	1,650,676	1,601,273	49,403	
Total	\$ 6,249,494	\$ 6,128,814	\$ 120,680	

#### General Fund

The District's general fund reported a fund balance of \$1,275,923 at June 30, 2014, which represents a decrease of \$784,909 from the prior year. The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

	2014	2013	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 21,604,057	\$ 20,139,466	7.27 %
Payments in lieu of taxes	853,227	758,268	12.52 %
Tuition	561,469	489,092	14.80 %
Earnings on investments	29,240	7,545	287.54 %
Intergovernmental	11,398,739	10,605,514	7.48 %
Other revenues	740,178	552,009	34.09 %
Total	\$ 35,186,910	\$ 32,551,894	8.09 %
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 22,244,334	\$ 21,139,317	5.23 %
Support services	13,173,089	12,874,322	2.32 %
Operation of non-instructional services	2,101	178	1,080.34 %
Extracurricular activities	539,911	518,997	4.03 %
Total	\$ 35,959,435	\$ 34,532,814	4.13 %

The District experienced growth in its two largest revenue sources, property taxes and intergovernmental revenue, which led to an overall increase in revenues. As mentioned previously, property tax revenue increased due to collections on the new operating levy passed in 2013. Intergovernmental revenues for the general fund consist primarily of payments received from the State Foundation funding program. A large portion of the increase can be attributed to additional Foundation funding for special education programs.

Most of the increase in general fund expenditures is due to spending on instruction programs, in particular special instruction. The majority of this increase resulted from additional professional and technical instruction services purchased by the District. In addition, the District had increased expenditures for payments due to other entities for students residing within the District who attended another District or community school.

### Permanent Improvement Fund

The permanent improvement fund is a major fund and is used to account for proceeds from an inside millage tax levy to be used for permanent improvements. The permanent improvement fund had \$2,230,900 in revenues and \$1,374,714 in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the permanent improvement fund's fund balance increased \$856,186 from \$2,466,709 to \$3,322,895.

### General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2014, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original and final budget revenues and other financing sources were \$32,098,028. Actual revenues and other financing sources were \$34,454,475, which is \$2,356,447 or 7.34% higher than the final budget. Property taxes were \$1,276,990 higher than projected in the final budget, and actual intergovernmental - state revenue was

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

\$740,306 higher than the final budget. These variances are a result of the District taking a conservative approach to budgeting by not amending the original revenue estimate for (a) collections on its new tax levy which was passed during the year and (b) changes in the State Foundation funding formula which allocated additional revenue to the District.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated expenditures plus other financing uses) of \$35,680,806 were increased to \$36,641,532 in the final budget. Most of the increase is due to additional funds appropriated for purchased services for instructional programs. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$36,361,255, which is \$280,277 or 0.76% lower than the final budget appropriations. There were no significant variances between the actual and final budget appropriations.

### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the District had \$17,637,118 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities. The table that follows shows fiscal year 2014 balances compared to 2013.

### Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
	2014	2013			
Land	\$ 1,608,844	\$ 1,608,844			
Land improvements	181,795	219,262			
Building and improvements	14,364,772	14,902,753			
Furniture and equipment	803,611	708,483			
Vehicles	678,096	885,800			
Total	\$ 17,637,118	\$ 18,325,142			

The decrease in capital assets is a result of depreciation expense of \$960,949 and net disposals of \$26,773 exceeding capital asset additions of \$299,698. See Note 8 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional detail on the District's capital assets.

#### Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$21,314,604 in general obligation bonds outstanding. Of this total, \$1,378,488 is due within one year and \$19,936,116 is due in greater than one year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

The following table summarizes the debt outstanding.

#### **Outstanding Debt, at Fiscal Year End**

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
General obligation bonds:		
Refunding	\$ 17,215,000	\$ 17,755,000
Capital appreciation	551,750	713,766
Accreted interest	2,688,097	2,988,400
Unamortized premium	859,757	917,630
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 21,314,604	\$ 22,374,796

At June 30, 2014, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$57,746,009 and the unvoted debt margin was \$824,306. See Note 9 in the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The District has continued to maintain the highest standards of service to our students, parents and community. The District is always presented with challenges and opportunities.

The District was removed from fiscal caution by the Ohio Department of Education in December 2009, after being placed in fiscal caution in March 2007. The District accomplished this (removal) by taking advantage of attrition and reducing staff where possible and strong fiscal management. The Board of Education and administration will continue to closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast and the Ohio Department of Education's Financial Analysis. Overall, the District continues to perform at the highest level determined by the State of Ohio, which is measured by a defined set of proficiency criteria. The District's most recent state report card shows the District's students achieving 26 out of 26 with an "Excellent" and "Excellent with Distinction" ratings, the eleventh straight year.

As the preceding information shows, the District heavily depends on its property taxpayers. At present, the local taxpayers support represents approximately 59% of the total revenues of the District. The local communities' support was measured in November 2012 when the community renewed a \$3 million, 3.4 mill emergency operating levy for 10 years and again in November 2013, passing a 3.9 mill continuing operating levy that will generate nearly \$4 million. The continued support of these issues demonstrates the strong belief of parents and community members that their schools are one of the highest priorities and one of the most important public institutions in their communities.

The District communicates to its residents through a newsletter that is published and posted on the District website roughly 6-7 times per year. They also use social media websites like Twitter and Facebook to communicate. They work to keep the taxpayers informed as they rely upon their support for the major part of its operations, and will continue to work diligently to plan expenses, staying carefully within the District's five-year financial plan. State law generally retards the growth of income generated by local levies rendering revenue relatively constant. This lack of revenue growth normally forces the District to come back to the voters from time to time and ask for additional financial support.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

The District has experienced growth; the student population has grown over 700 students since 2003. It tapered off with the slowing of new home developments, due to the economic times in general, however this is changing. The District is seeing home development and industrial development as well. The District also saw rapid growth in their assessed property valuation during the growth period. The District's assessed valuation has increased \$216,401,193 since 2003. This increase was a result of the triennial updates of property values in the District, continued growth of new construction, primarily in the area of new homes, and Lucas County's re-valuation of property values. For the first time in years, 2009's triennial update reflected a 'sign of the times' resulting in an 11% decrease in District valuation. The valuation went from \$965,854,084 in 2009 to \$845,904,285 in 2010 as a result of this reduction, but then increased to \$872,184,860 in 2011, showing positive growth in the community. Lucas County experienced a revaluation in 2012, and their valuation suffered another loss, at \$810,964,430; however, a positive trend is starting as their 2013 valuation rose to \$824,306,330.

As always, all of the District's financial abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future will bring. It is imperative the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the students' desired needs over the next several years.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mrs. Kerri L. Johnson, Treasurer, Anthony Wayne Local School District, 9565 Bucher Rd. P.O. Box 2487, Whitehouse, Ohio 43571.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Assets:         \$ 9,689,941           Receivables:         27,833,089           Property taxes         27,833,089           Payment in lieu of taxes         927,500           Accrued interest         2,723           Intergovernmental         194,002           Prepayments         2,603           Materials and supplies inventory         54,918           Capital assets:         11,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets.         17,637,118           Total assets         55,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accounts ages and benefits payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         11,705,321           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities.         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fisca		Governmental Activities		
Receivables:         27,833,089           Property taxes         27,833,089           Payment in lieu of taxes         2,723           Accrued interest         2,723           Intergovernmental         194,002           Prepayments         2,603           Materials and supplies inventory         54,918           Capital assets:         16,028,274           Land         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:         Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:         2           Accrued wages and benefits payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         410,2281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         114,493           Accrued interest payable         20,164           Long-term liabilities:         21,289,566           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities	Assets:			
Payment in lieu of taxes         927,500           Accrued interest         2,723           Intergovernmental         194,002           Prepayments         2,603           Materials and supplies inventory         54,918           Capital assets:         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         1,705,321           Due within one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,096,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,996,609           Net position:         26,996,		\$	9,689,941	
Payment in lieu of taxes         927,500           Accrued interest         2,723           Intergovernmental         194,002           Prepayments         2,603           Materials and supplies inventory         54,918           Capital assets:         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         1,705,321           Due within one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,096,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,996,609           Net position:         26,996,	Property taxes		27,833,089	
Accrued interest         2,723           Intergovernmental         194,002           Prepayments         2,603           Materials and supplies inventory         54,918           Capital assets:         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accorued wages and benefits payable         4102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         314,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         21,289,566           Total liabilities         21,289,566           Total liabilities         22,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:         26,096,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,096,009           Net position:         26,996,609           Net position:         (552,264)				
Intergovernmental         194,002           Prepayments         2,603           Materials and supplies inventory         54,918           Capital assets:         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         94,102,281           Pension obligation payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         11,705,321           Due within one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities:         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of programs         (552,264)           Net position:         (552,264)           Net investment in capital assets.         (552,264)           R				
Materials and supplies inventory         54,918           Capital assets:         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accorued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         21,289,566           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources         (552,264)           Restricted for:         (552,264)			194,002	
Capital assets:         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         20,1289,566           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,099,609           Net position:         (552,264)           Restricted for:         31,293           Federally funded programs         1,293           Federally funded programs         975           Student activities         263,971           Food service operations.         15,183	Prepayments		2,603	
Land         1,608,844           Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         1,705,321           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities.         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,996,609           Net position:         (552,264)           Restricted for:         31,293           Federally funded programs         1,293           Federally funde	Materials and supplies inventory		54,918	
Depreciable capital assets, net         16,028,274           Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         1,705,321           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities.         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,996,609           Net position:         (552,264)           Restricted for:         1,293           State funded programs         1,293           Federally funded programs         975           Student activ	•			
Capital assets, net         17,637,118           Total assets         56,341,894           Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         1,705,321           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources         26,996,609           Net position:         (552,264)           Restricted for:         1,293           Federally funded programs         1,293           Federally funded programs         975           Student activities         263,971           Food service operations	Land		1,608,844	
Deferred outflows of resources:         437,125           Liabilities:         65,527           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         2           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities.         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,996,609           Net position:         26,996,609           Net investment in capital assets.         (552,264)           Restricted for:         1,293           Federally funded programs.         1,293           Federally funded programs.         1,293           Federally funded programs.         263,971           Food service operations.         15,183           Unrestricted.         2,019,857	Depreciable capital assets, net			
Deferred outflows of resources:           Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding         437,125           Liabilities:           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         1,705,321           Due within one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities.         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,996,609           Net position:         (552,264)           Net investment in capital assets.         (552,264)           Restricted for:         State funded programs.         1,293           Federally funded programs.         975           Student activities         263,971           Food service operations.         15,183           Unrestricted.         2,019,857				
Liabilities:         437,125           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         50,164           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities.         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,996,609           Net position:         \$26,996,609           Net sinvestment in capital assets.         (552,264)           Restricted for:         \$1,293           Federally funded programs.         975           Student activities         263,971           Food service operations.         15,183           Unrestricted.         2,019,857	Total assets		56,341,894	
Liabilities:         65,527           Accounts payable         65,527           Accrued wages and benefits payable         4,102,281           Pension obligation payable         679,043           Intergovernmental payable         141,493           Accrued interest payable         50,164           Long-term liabilities:         1,705,321           Due within one year         1,705,321           Due in more than one year         21,289,566           Total liabilities.         28,033,395           Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,996,609           Net position:         (552,264)           Restricted for:         3           State funded programs.         1,293           Federally funded programs.         975           Student activities.         263,971           Food service operations.         15,183           Unrestricted.         2,019,857	Deferred outflows of resources:			
Accounts payable       65,527         Accrued wages and benefits payable       4,102,281         Pension obligation payable       679,043         Intergovernmental payable       141,493         Accrued interest payable       50,164         Long-term liabilities:       1,705,321         Due within one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities.       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:       (552,264)         Net investment in capital assets.       (552,264)         Restricted for:       State funded programs.       1,293         Federally funded programs.       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		437,125	
Accounts payable       65,527         Accrued wages and benefits payable       4,102,281         Pension obligation payable       679,043         Intergovernmental payable       141,493         Accrued interest payable       50,164         Long-term liabilities:       1,705,321         Due within one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities.       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:       (552,264)         Net investment in capital assets.       (552,264)         Restricted for:       State funded programs.       1,293         Federally funded programs.       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	Liabilities:			
Accrued wages and benefits payable       4,102,281         Pension obligation payable       679,043         Intergovernmental payable       141,493         Accrued interest payable       50,164         Long-term liabilities:       1,705,321         Due within one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources       26,996,609         Net position:       (552,264)         Net investment in capital assets       (552,264)         Restricted for:       State funded programs       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations       15,183         Unrestricted       2,019,857			65,527	
Pension obligation payable       679,043         Intergovernmental payable       141,493         Accrued interest payable       50,164         Long-term liabilities:       1,705,321         Due within one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities.       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857			*	
Intergovernmental payable       141,493         Accrued interest payable       50,164         Long-term liabilities:       1,705,321         Due within one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities.       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:       (552,264)         Restricted for:       (552,264)         State funded programs.       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857				
Long-term liabilities:       1,705,321         Due within one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities.       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857				
Due within one year       1,705,321         Due in more than one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources       26,996,609         Net position:         Net investment in capital assets       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations       15,183         Unrestricted       2,019,857	Accrued interest payable		50,164	
Due within one year       1,705,321         Due in more than one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources       26,996,609         Net position:         Net investment in capital assets       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations       15,183         Unrestricted       2,019,857	Long-term liabilities:			
Due in more than one year       21,289,566         Total liabilities       28,033,395         Deferred inflows of resources:         Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources       26,996,609         Net position:       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations       15,183         Unrestricted       2,019,857			1,705,321	
Deferred inflows of resources:           Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         26,069,109           Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.         927,500           Total deferred inflows of resources.         26,996,609           Net position:         (552,264)           Net investment in capital assets.         (552,264)           Restricted for:         1,293           Federally funded programs.         975           Student activities         263,971           Food service operations.         15,183           Unrestricted.         2,019,857			21,289,566	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:         Net investment in capital assets.       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs.       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	Total liabilities		28,033,395	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       26,069,109         Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:         Net investment in capital assets.       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs.       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	Deferred inflows of resources			
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.       927,500         Total deferred inflows of resources.       26,996,609         Net position:         Net investment in capital assets.       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857			26.069.109	
Net position:         26,996,609           Net investment in capital assets.         (552,264)           Restricted for:         1,293           Federally funded programs         975           Student activities         263,971           Food service operations.         15,183           Unrestricted.         2,019,857				
Net investment in capital assets.       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         State funded programs.       975         Student activities.       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	•			
Net investment in capital assets.       (552,264)         Restricted for:       1,293         State funded programs.       975         Student activities.       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	Not position:			
Restricted for:       1,293         State funded programs.       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities.       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	-		(552.264)	
State funded programs.       1,293         Federally funded programs       975         Student activities       263,971         Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857	*		(332,204)	
Federally funded programs         975           Student activities         263,971           Food service operations         15,183           Unrestricted         2,019,857			1 293	
Student activities       263,971         Food service operations       15,183         Unrestricted       2,019,857			,	
Food service operations.       15,183         Unrestricted.       2,019,857				
Unrestricted			,	
	•			
	Total net position	\$	1,749,015	

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Program	Reven	ues	I	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
				harges for		rating Grants		overnmental
		Expenses		ices and Sales		Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	19,220,682	\$	660,382	\$	503,056	\$	(18,057,244)
Special		3,889,751		123,083		1,166,057		(2,600,611)
Vocational		5,752		-		4,362		(1,390)
Other		1,003,665		-		-		(1,003,665)
Support services:								
Pupil		2,232,532		17,739		90,987		(2,123,806)
Instructional staff		525,138		4,585		-		(520,553)
Board of education		345,375		-		-		(345,375)
Administration		3,365,553		58,438		131,778		(3,175,337)
Fiscal		919,932		-		-		(919,932)
Business		21,362		-		-		(21,362)
Operations and maintenance		4,306,913		18,020		<del>-</del>		(4,288,893)
Pupil transportation		2,786,678		124,576		87,938		(2,574,164)
Central		194,802		-		10,800		(184,002)
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		1,079,319		696,481		279,203		(103,635)
Other non-instructional services		290,956		-		288,855		(2,101)
Extracurricular activities		1,063,044		480,257		1,530		(581,257)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,206,982		-				(1,206,982)
Totals	\$	42,458,436	\$	2,183,561	\$	2,564,566		(37,710,309)
	Pı	neral revenues:						
		General purposes						21,456,207
		Debt service						2,026,671
		Capital outlay						1,802,470
	G	ayments in lieu o rants and entitler	nents n	ot restricted				1,014,394
		o specific progra						11,226,998
		vestment earning						29,718
	M	iscellaneous						314,604
	Tota	al general revenu	es					37,871,062
	Cha	nge in net position	on					160,753
	Net	position at begi	nning	of year				1,588,262
	Net	position at end	of year				\$	1,749,015

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General		ermanent		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		_				-		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	4,535,539	\$	3,248,879	\$	1,905,523	\$	9,689,941
Property taxes		23,944,356		1,825,243		2,063,490		27,833,089
Payment in lieu of taxes		779,100		64,925		83,475		927,500
Accrued interest		2,723		-		-		2,723
Intergovernmental		10,594		_		183,408		194,002
Interfund loans		202,546		-		-		202,546
Prepayments		2,603		-		-		2,603
Materials and supplies inventory		49,021		-		5,897		54,918
Total assets	\$	29,526,482	\$	5,139,047	\$	4,241,793	\$	38,907,322
T 1 1997								
Liabilities:	ď	56744	¢.	9.572	¢.	211	\$	<i>(5.527</i>
Accounts payable	\$	56,744	\$	8,572	\$	211	Þ	65,527
Accrued wages and benefits payable		3,848,478		-		253,803		4,102,281
Compensated absences payable		88,184		-		- (0.129		88,184
Pension obligation payable		609,905		-		69,138		679,043
Intergovernmental payable		132,942		-		8,551		141,493
Interfund loans payable		4.726.252		8,572		202,546		202,546
Total habilities		4,736,253		8,372		534,249		5,279,074
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		22,394,394		1,722,887		1,951,828		26,069,109
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		338,456		19,768		21,565		379,789
Accrued interest not available		2,356		-		-		2,356
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next fiscal year.		779,100		64,925		83,475		927,500
Total deferred inflows of resources		23,514,306		1,807,580		2,056,868		27,378,754
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		49,021		_		5,897		54,918
Prepayments		2,603		-		-		2,603
Restricted:		,						,
Debt service		_		-		1,325,189		1,325,189
Food service operations		_		-		64,549		64,549
Targeted academic assistance		_		-		7,407		7,407
Extracurricular activities		-		_		263,971		263,971
Other purposes		-		_		2,268		2,268
Committed:						ŕ		ŕ
Capital improvements		-		3,322,895		-		3,322,895
Assigned:								
Student instruction		75,259		-		-		75,259
Student and staff support		377,295		-		-		377,295
Extracurricular activities		700		-		-		700
Vocational education		1,497		-		-		1,497
Subsequent year's appropriations		347,872		-		-		347,872
School supplies		106,202		-		-		106,202
Other purposes		315,474		-		-		315,474
Unassigned (deficit)		<u> </u>				(18,605)		(18,605)
Total fund balances		1,275,923		3,322,895		1,650,676		6,249,494
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances.	\$	29,526,482	\$	5,139,047	\$	4,241,793	\$	38,907,322
	Ψ	37,820,102	Ψ	2,127,017	<u>Ψ</u>	.,2.1,775	<u>Ψ</u>	- 0,7 0 7,022

# RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 6,249,494
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		17,637,118
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 379,789	
Accrued interest receivable Total	2,356	382,145
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(859,757)
Unamortized deferred amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		437,125
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(50,164)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable	(20,454,847)	
Compensated absences payable	(1,592,099)	
Total		 (22,046,946)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,749,015

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Permanent Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 21,604,057	\$ 1,816,713	\$ 2,045,301	\$ 25,466,071	
Payment in lieu of taxes	853,227	70,749	90,418	1,014,394	
Tuition	561,469	-	-	561,469	
Charges for services	-	-	696,481	696,481	
Earnings on investments	29,240	-	471	29,711	
Extracurricular	103,311	-	440,088	543,399	
Classroom materials and fees	239,616	-	-	239,616	
Other local revenues	397,251	59,949	1,530	458,730	
Intergovernmental - state	11,398,739	283,489	618,344	12,300,572	
Intergovernmental - federal	-	-	1,488,991	1,488,991	
Total revenues	35,186,910	2,230,900	5,381,624	42,799,434	
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	17,899,335	460,831	506,107	18,866,273	
Special	3,341,334	-	552,761	3,894,095	
Other	1,003,665	-	-	1,003,665	
Support services:					
Pupil	2,111,722	-	93,867	2,205,589	
Instructional staff	530,237	-	-	530,237	
Board of education	345,375	-	-	345,375	
Administration	3,212,318	-	135,949	3,348,267	
Fiscal	861,232	24,589	27,902	913,723	
Business	-	23,430	-	23,430	
Operations and maintenance	3,384,094	859,717	-	4,243,811	
Pupil transportation	2,548,559	2,500	-	2,551,059	
Central	179,552	-	14,231	193,783	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	-	-	1,030,805	1,030,805	
Other non-instructional services	2,101	-	288,855	290,956	
Extracurricular activities	539,911	-	439,273	979,184	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	3,647	-	3,647	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	702,016	702,016	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	1,537,277	1,537,277	
Total expenditures	35,959,435	1,374,714	5,329,043	42,663,192	
Net change in fund balances	(772,525)	856,186	52,581	136,242	
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,060,832	2,466,709	1,601,273	6,128,814	
(Decrease) in reserve for inventory	(12,384)	-	(3,178)	(15,562)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,275,923	\$ 3,322,895	\$ 1,650,676	\$ 6,249,494	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	136,2	242
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.			
Capital asset additions \$	299,698		
Current year depreciation  Total	(960,949)	(661,2	251)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving			
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(26,7	773)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when			
purchased. However, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		(15,5	562)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Property taxes	(180,723)		
Earnings on investments	478		
Intergovernmental Total	(39,165)	(219,4	410)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds,			
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		702,0	016
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,			
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities:			
Decrease in accrued interest payable	981		
Payment of accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	897,984		
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(597,681)		
Amortization of bond premiums	57,873		
Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Total	(28,862)	330,2	295
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as			
compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial			
resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(84,8	804)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	160,7	753

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		Negative)
Revenues:	 <u> </u>			 		<u> </u>
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 19,951,773	\$	19,951,773	\$ 21,228,763	\$	1,276,990
Payment in lieu of taxes	853,227		853,227	853,227		-
Tuition	465,000		465,000	561,469		96,469
Earnings on investments	18,000		18,000	17,480		(520)
Classroom materials and fees	_		_	134		134
Other local revenues	151,400		151,400	139,971		(11,429)
Intergovernmental - state	10,648,628		10,648,628	11,388,934		740,306
Total revenues	32,088,028		32,088,028	34,189,978		2,101,950
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	18,051,746		17,878,386	17,803,951		74,435
Special	2,716,158		3,379,160	3,376,869		2,291
Other	943,462		1,003,742	1,003,665		77
Support services:	,			, ,		
Pupil	1,815,956		2,162,605	2,088,595		74,010
Instructional staff	599,000		598,793	593,037		5,756
Board of education	402,716		377,820	363,240		14,580
Administration	3,192,405		3,150,468	3,136,329		14,139
Fiscal	874,136		872,313	870,085		2,228
Operations and maintenance	3,696,819		3,671,455	3,630,846		40,609
Pupil transportation	2,735,960		2,666,806	2,644,428		22,378
Central	171,867		189,840	169,952		19,888
Extracurricular activities	480,581		487,598	477,712		9,886
Total expenditures	35,680,806		36,438,986	36,158,709		280,277
Excess of expenditures over revenues	 (3,592,778)		(4,350,958)	 (1,968,731)		2,382,227
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year's expenditures	-		-	74,071		74,071
Advances in	_		-	187,964		187,964
Advances (out)	_		(202,546)	(202,546)		-
Proceeds from sale of assets	10,000		10,000	2,462		(7,538)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,000		(192,546)	61,951		254,497
Net change in fund balance	(3,582,778)		(4,543,504)	(1,906,780)		2,636,724
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,832,551		4,832,551	4,832,551		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	674,134		674,134	674,134		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,923,907	\$	963,181	\$ 3,599,905	\$	2,636,724

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust			
	Scholarship		Agency	
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	38,468	\$	147,670
Liabilities: Accounts payable		- -	\$	1,790 145,579
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	\$	147,670
Net position: Held in trust for scholarships		38,468		
Total net position	\$	38,468		

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship		
Additions:			
Gifts and contributions	\$	2,550	
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		2,100	
Change in net position		450	
Net position at beginning of year		38,018	
Net position at end of year	\$	38,468	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Anthony Wayne Local School District (the "District") is located in Lucas, Wood and Fulton Counties, including all of the Villages of Whitehouse and Waterville, and portions of the City of Maumee and surrounding townships. The District serves an area of approximately 74 square miles.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District currently operates 3 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school. The District employs 180 non-certified and 274 certified (including administrative) full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 4,361 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of education entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams and Wood counties in northwestern Ohio. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

#### Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an Assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

### Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc.

The Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc. (NOERC) is a jointly governed organization formed to bring educational entities into a better understanding of their common educational problems, facilitate and conduct practical educational research, coordinate educational research among members, provide a means for evaluating and disseminating the results of research, serve as a repository for research and legislative materials, and provide opportunities for training. The NOERC serves a twenty-five county area in Northwest Ohio. The Board of Directors consists of superintendents from two educational service centers, two exempted village school districts, five local school districts, and five city school districts, as well as representatives from two private or parochial schools and three institutions of higher education. Each active member is entitled to one vote on all issues addressed by the Board of Directors. Financial information can be obtained from the Northwestern Ohio Educational Research Council, Inc., Box 456, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

#### Penta Career Center

The Penta Career Center (the "Center") is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District. The District paid \$3,661 to the Center during fiscal year 2014. Financial information can be obtained from the Penta Career Center, Carrie Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, at 9301 Buck Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### **B.** Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District has no proprietary funds.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - The permanent improvement capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (b) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds account for student activities and District agency activities.

### C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows and all liabilities and deferred inflows associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current deferred outflows and current liabilities and current deferred inflows generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the timing requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2014, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for is as follows:

1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Lucas County Budget Commission for tax rate determination. The Lucas County Budget Commission waived the tax budget filing requirement for the fiscal year 2014.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate of estimated resources in effect when the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the fund level of expenditures, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission, and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation total.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2014. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board of Education during the fiscal year.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. Treasury notes, a U.S. Government money market account, commercial paper and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2014. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. The Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$29,240, which includes \$15,165 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

### G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### H. Capital Assets

General capital assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

#### I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

#### J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, employees age fifty or greater with ten years of service or any age with twenty years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2014 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

### K. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position and balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is nonspendable in the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the assets.

### L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### P. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements.

### Q. Nonpublic Schools

Within the boundaries of the District, Lial Catholic operates as a private school. State legislation provides funding to this parochial school. The District receives the money and then disburses the money to the Educational Service Center of Lake Erie West. These transactions are reported as a governmental activity of the District.

#### R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. The District did not have any extraordinary or special items during fiscal year 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

### S. Unamortized Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. On the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums are recognized in the current period.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position.

A reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 9.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees".

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
Straight A grant	\$ 11,169
IDEA Part B	3,398
Improving teacher quality	4,038

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$7,289 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$6,624,270. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2014, \$6,822,751 of the District's bank balance of \$7,322,751 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$500,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities				
Towns at we are the towns	F-1- W-1	6 months	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than
<u>Investment type</u>	Fair Value	or less	<u>months</u>	months	months	24 months
FFCB	\$ 100,113	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,113	\$ -	\$ -
FHLB	851,229	-	-	-	289,191	562,038
FNMA	1,033,576	-	-	205,685	230,171	597,720
FHLMC	751,230	-	-	200,388	200,086	350,756
U.S. Treasury notes	175,151	-	-	175,151	-	-
Commercial paper	100,000	100,000	-	-	-	-
U.S. Government money						
market account	4,329	4,329	-	-	-	-
STAR Ohio	228,892	228,892				
Total	\$ 3,244,520	\$ 333,221	\$ -	\$ 681,337	\$ 719,448	\$ 1,510,514

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.97 years.

*Interest Rate Risk:* Interest rate risk arises because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: The District's investments in the federal agency securities and U.S. Government obligations were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investment in commercial paper was rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment credit risk beyond the requirements in State statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities, commercial paper and U.S. Government obligations are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2014:

Investment type	Fair Value	% of Total
FFCB	\$ 100,113	3.09
FHLB	851,229	26.24
FNMA	1,033,576	31.86
FHLMC	751,230	23.15
U.S. Treasury notes	175,151	5.40
Commercial paper	100,000	3.08
U.S. Government money		
market mutual fund	4,329	0.13
STAR Ohio	228,892	7.05
Total	\$ 3,244,520	100.00

### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

C1-	1	:	
Casn	ana	investments	s ber note

Carrying amount of deposits Investments	\$ 6,624,270 3,244,520
Cash on hand	7,289
Total	\$ 9,876,079

### Cash and investments per statement of net position

Governmental activities	\$ 9,689,941
Private-purpose trust fund	38,468
Agency funds	147,670
Total	\$ 9,876,079

### NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2014 as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental	\$ 202,546

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)**

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Lucas, Fulton and Wood Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$1,211,506 in the general fund, \$90,097 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$82,588 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2013 was \$836,212 in the general fund, \$79,104 in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) and \$66,935 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

		2013 Second Half Collections		2014 First Half Collection		
	_	Amount	<u>Percent</u>	A	mount	Percent
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	793,354,760 17,609,670	97.83 2.17		5,175,320 9,131,010	97.68 2.32
Total	\$	810,964,430	100.00		1,306,330	100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	67.10		\$	71.60	

### **NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, accrued interest and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of Federal funds.

### **Governmental activities:**

Property taxes	\$ 27,833,089
Payment in lieu of taxes	927,500
Accrued interest	2,723
Intergovernmental	194,002
Total	\$ 28,957,314

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,608,844	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,608,844
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,608,844			1,608,844
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,507,767	-	-	2,507,767
Building and improvements	29,164,451	-	-	29,164,451
Furniture and equipment	2,744,933	276,268	(53,386)	2,967,815
Vehicles	4,298,552	23,430	(115,750)	4,206,232
Total capital assets, being depreciated	38,715,703	299,698	(169,136)	38,846,265
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(2,288,505)	(37,467)	-	(2,325,972)
Building and improvements	(14,261,698)	(537,981)	-	(14,799,679)
Furniture and equipment	(2,036,450)	(154,367)	26,613	(2,164,204)
Vehicles	(3,412,752)	(231,134)	115,750	(3,528,136)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,999,405)	(960,949)	142,363	(22,817,991)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,325,142	<u>\$ (661,251)</u>	\$ (26,773)	\$ 17,637,118

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 552,160
Special	28,686
Vocational	5,752
Support services:	
Administration	328
Fiscal	1,199
Business	21,362
Operations and maintenance	36,039
Pupil transportation	216,377
Central	1,019
Extracurricular activities	60,664
Food service operations	 37,363
Total depreciation expense	\$ 960,949

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** The District's long-term obligations activity during fiscal year 2014 consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds: Series 1993, refunding Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	\$ 21,624 158,530	\$ - 9,846	\$ (21,624) (168,376)	\$ -	\$ -
Series 1995, facilities improvement Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	48,912 511,262	39,826	(48,912) (551,088)	-	-
Series 2000, facilities improvement Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	268,243 491,423	54,023	(91,480) (178,520)	176,763 366,926	92,029 191,035
Series 2001, refunding Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	139,995 1,336,298	327,485	-	139,995 1,663,783	54,803 650,621
Series 2006, refunding Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	5,700,000 134,996 425,123	- - 118,269	(90,000)	5,610,000 134,996 543,392	90,000
Series 2011, refunding Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	4,340,000 54,996 46,568	- - 31,150	(250,000)	4,090,000 54,996 77,718	250,000
Series 2011A, refunding Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	7,715,000 45,000 19,196	17,082	(200,000)	7,515,000 45,000 36,278	50,000
Total G.O. bonds  Other long-term obligations:  Compensated absences  Total other long-term obligations	21,457,166 1,715,635 1,715,635	341,442 341,442	(1,600,000) (376,794) (376,794)	20,454,847 1,680,283 1,680,283	1,378,488 326,833 326,833
Total governmental activities	\$ 23,172,801 Add: unamortized Total on statement	\$ 939,123 premium on bonds to f net position	\$ (1,976,794)	22,135,130 <u>859,757</u> \$ 22,994,887	\$ 1,705,321

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

- **B.** In July of 1993, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds (Series 1993, refunding bonds). These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position. The source of payment was derived from a current 2.60 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy. The capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2013, at a total accreted value of \$190,000.
- C. In 1995, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 1995, facilities improvement bonds). These bonds were partially refunded in September of 2001 (See Note 9.E.). The non-refunded bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position. The source of payment was derived from a current 2.60 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy. The capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2013, at a total accreted value of \$600,000.
- **D.** On October 1, 2000, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2000, school facilities improvement bonds). A portion of these bonds (\$6,395,000) was refunded in 2006 (See Note 9.F.) and the remaining current interest bonds comprising the issue were refunded in 2011 (See Note 9.G.). These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position. The source of payment is derived from a current 2.60 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy.
  - At June 30, 2014, this issue is comprised of capital appreciation bonds, par value \$176,763. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2014 and 2015, (stated interest 8.4311%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$590,000. Total accreted interest of \$366,926 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.
- **E.** In September of 2001, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds (Series 2001, refunding bonds). These bonds refunded the callable portion of the Series 1995 issue. The District refunded the current interest for this issue during fiscal year 2013 (see Note 9.H.). These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position. The source of payment is derived from a current 2.60 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy.

At June 30, 2014, this issue is comprised of capital appreciation bonds, par value \$139,995. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2014 through 2016, (stated interest rates of 21.218% - 21.541%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$2,410,000. Total accreted interest of \$1,663,783 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

**F.** On December 28, 2005, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds (Series 2006, school facilities improvement bonds). These bonds refunded the \$6,395,000 callable portion of the Series 2000 issue. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position. The source of payment is derived from a current 2.60 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy.

This issue is comprised of current interest bonds, present value \$5,610,000 at June 30, 2014, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$134,996. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2016 through 2018, (stated interest 20.109%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,310,000. Total accreted interest of \$543,392 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2030.

**G.** On February 3, 2011, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds (Series 2011, refunding bonds). These bonds refunded the remaining \$745,000 callable portion of the Series 2000 issue and the \$4,275,000 callable portion of the Series 2001 issue. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position. The source of payment is derived from a current 2.60 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy.

This issue is comprised of current interest bonds, present value \$4,090,000 at June 30, 2014, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$54,996. The capital appreciation bonds mature each December 1, 2018 through 2019, (stated interest 28.56% and 28.75%, respectively) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$500,000. Total accreted interest of \$77,718 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2030.

**H.** On November 29, 2011, the District issued general obligation refunding bonds (Series 2011A, refunding bonds). These bonds refunded the \$8,090,000 callable portion of the Series 2001, refunding issue. These bonds are general obligations of the District, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. On the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest relating to these bonds are recorded as expenditures in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). On the government-wide financial statements, principal payments reduce the liability reported on the statement of net position. The source of payment is derived from a current 2.60 (average) mil bonded debt tax levy.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

This issue is comprised of current interest bonds, present value \$7,515,000 at June 30, 2014, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$45,000. The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2018 (stated interest 25.04%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$235,000. Total accreted interest of \$36,278 has been included on the statement of net position at June 30, 2014.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2030.

### I. Principal and interest requirements to retire the District's long-term bonds are as follows:

	 Cu	rren	t Interest Bo	nds		Capita	al A	ppreciation	Boı	nds
Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest		Total	 Principal		Interest	_	Total
2015	\$ 390,000	\$	628,418	\$	1,018,418	\$ 146,832	\$	928,168	\$	1,075,000
2016	395,000		618,324		1,013,324	131,588		978,412		1,110,000
2017	300,000		608,856		908,856	93,193		1,166,807		1,260,000
2018	1,100,000		587,293		1,687,293	42,748		377,252		420,000
2019	650,000		558,543		1,208,543	114,275		820,725		935,000
2020 - 2024	8,305,000		2,050,624		10,355,624	23,114		221,886		245,000
2025 - 2029	4,695,000		690,865		5,385,865	-		-		-
2030 - 2031	1,380,000		61,820		1,441,820	-		-		-
										-
Total	\$ 17,215,000	\$	5,804,743	\$	23,019,743	\$ 551,750	\$	4,493,250	\$	5,045,000

### J. Other Long-Term Obligations

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employee is paid which, for the District, is the general fund and the food service nonmajor governmental fund.

#### K. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2014, are a voted debt margin of \$57,746,009 (including available funds of \$1,325,189) and an unvoted debt margin of \$824,306.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

#### NOTE 10 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty-five days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Upon retirement, payment to certified employees is made for 31 percent of the total sick leave accumulation, up to a maximum accumulation of 82 days. Classified employees are paid for 25 percent of the first 200 accumulated days, 33 percent for each day accumulated from 201 to 245 days, and one day for each year of service over 20 years. If a classified employee has accumulated a total of 245 sick days or more, and that employee has taken 15 or fewer sick days during the best 4 years of the last 6 years of employment, he/she may receive severance pay for a maximum of 80 days. An employee receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by STRS Ohio and SERS.

#### **B.** Insurance Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance in the amount of \$50,000 to certified employees. For classified employees, group term life insurance is provided in the amount of \$25,000.

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District does not have a "self-insurance" fund with formalized risk management programs. The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

During fiscal year 2014, the District purchased from Governmental Underwriters of America, Inc., general liability insurance, which carried a \$1 million per occurrence/\$3 million annual aggregate limitation.

Fleet and property/casualty insurance are purchased through commercial carriers and traditionally funded.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has not been a significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal year 2013.

The District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through Paramount Healthcare, a fully funded program. The District provides dental insurance through Core Source, a fully funded program. The District also provides life insurance through Deerborn National Life Insurance.

Postemployment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 13. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The District uses the firm of Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. to provide administrative support for claims processing, and to assist the District in compliance with Bureau of Workers Compensation and Industrial Commission regulations. The District purchases its workers compensation coverage from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation.

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS**

### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a>, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$700,023, \$682,845 and \$659,613, respectively; 81.14 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>, under "Publications".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$2,172,552, \$2,194,759 and \$2,190,649, respectively; 83.83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$195,025 made by the District and \$153,234 made by the plan members.

### C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

#### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

### A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly pemium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$92,388, \$84,314 and \$103,264, respectively; 81.14 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$40,612, \$38,573 and \$38,954, respectively; 81.14 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$167,119, \$168,828 and \$168,511, respectively; 83.83 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

#### **NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis) as opposed to cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### NOTE 14 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ (1,906,780)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	396,859
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	196,615
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(59,489)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	168,925
Adjustment for encumbrances	431,345
GAAP basis	\$ (772,525)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the special trust fund, uniform school supplies fund, adult education fund, and the public school support fund.

### **NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2014, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

### B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

#### **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

### **NOTE 16 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)**

	C	apital
	<u>Impr</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		738,144
Current year offsets	(2	,155,298)
Total	\$ (1	<u>,417,154</u> )
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2015	\$	
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$	

#### **NOTE 17 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	Year-End		
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	Encumbrances		
General fund	\$	431,261		
Permanent improvement		484,996		
Nonmajor governmental		74,952		
Total	\$	991,209		

### **NOTE 18 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Pam Gerhardinger, a Board Member, is co-owner of Anthony Wayne Tire and Auto Repair, a local company who performed various repairs and provided parts/services for District vehicles in 2014. The District remitted \$4,625 during 2014. The projects were approved at arm's length, with full knowledge by District officials, of Mrs. Gerhardinger's interest, and Mrs. Gerhardinger took no part in the deliberation or decision by District officials with respect to the projects

# SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Lunch Program Cash Assistance Non- Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)	080694-LLP4-2014	10.555	\$218,676 55,272	\$218,676 55,272
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			273,948	273,948
Passed Through Department of Defense:				
National School Lunch Program Non- Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)		10.555	9,421	9,421
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			283,369	283,369
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies				
Title I - Targeted Asst. FY 13 Title I - Targeted Asst. FY 14	080694-C1S1-2013 080694-C1S1-2014	84.010 84.010	73,507 321,130	40,795 319,719
Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies			394,637	360,514
Special Education Grants to States				
Title VI - B - FY 13 Title VI - B - FY 14	080694-6BSF-2013 080694-6BSF-2014	84.027 84.027	82,664 671,418	101,784 664,384
Total Special Education Grants to States			754,082	766,168
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants				
Title II-A - FY 13 Title II-A - FY 14	080694-TRS1-2013 080694-TRS1-2014	84.367 84.367	11,568 59,311	11,571 59,232
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			70,879	70,803
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,219,598	1,197,485
Total Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures			\$1,502,967	\$1,480,854

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THIS SCHEDULE.

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

### **NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports Anthony Wayne Local School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

### **NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

### **NOTE C - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County 9565 Bucher Road, P.O. Box 2487 Whitehouse, Ohio 43571-0486

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2015.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

One Government Center, Suite 1420, Toledo, Ohio 43604-2246 Phone: 419-245-2811 or 800-443-9276 Fax: 419-245-2484

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

January 21, 2015

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County 9565 Bucher Road, P.O. Box 2487 Whitehouse, Ohio 43571-0486

To the Board of Education:

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

### Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Anthony Wayne Local School District, Lucas County, Ohio complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affects each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Major Federal Programs and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by *OMB Circular A-133* Page 2

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Dave Yost** Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

January 21, 2015

# ANTHONY WAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT HENRY COUNTY

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

### 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Grants to States CFDA #84.027 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies CFDA #84.010
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

Anthony Wayne Local School District Lucas County Schedule of Findings Page 2

### 3. FINDING FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



### ANTHONY WAYNE LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

### **LUCAS COUNTY**

### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

**CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 12, 2015**