BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (AUDITED)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

BILL DAUGHERTY, TREASURER



Board of Education Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District 2077 Park Road W. North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450-9730

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 30, 2014



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

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Independent Auditor's Report

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Trumbull County 2077 Park Road W. North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450-9730

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General fund and Title I fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Independent Auditor's Report Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Page Two

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this Schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the Schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this Schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Julian & Sube the!

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2014, on our consideration of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 10, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The discussion and analysis of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position of governmental activities increased \$185,035 which represents a 12.32% increase from 2013.
- General revenues accounted for \$2,932,843 in revenue or 69.81% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$1,268,492 or 30.19% of total revenues of \$4,201,335.
- The District had \$4,016,300 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$1,268,492 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$2,932,843 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the Title I fund. The general fund had \$3,051,638 in revenues \$2,951,645 and in expenditures. During fiscal year 2014, the general fund's fund balance increased \$99,993 from a balance of \$343,083 to \$443,076.
- The Title I fund had \$734,531 in revenues and \$724,992 in expenditures. During fiscal 2014, the Title I fund's fund balance increased \$9,539 from \$10,424 to \$19,963.

Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the Title I fund are by far the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, central, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the Title I fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* than can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15-20 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities on page 21. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 22-47 of this report.

The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013. The 2013 amounts for liabilities and deferred inflows have been reclassified to conform to 2014 presentation.

	Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013		
<u>Assets</u>				
Current and other assets	\$ 2,615,936	\$ 2,490,040		
Capital assets, net	1,092,126	1,085,589		
Total assets	3,708,062	3,575,629		
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities	373,164	374,607		
Long-term liabilities	385,924	420,139		
Total liabilities	759,088	794,746		
<u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>				
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	1,261,535	1,278,479		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,261,535	1,278,479		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	886,034	842,570		
Restricted	193,936	175,363		
Unrestricted	607,469	484,471		
Total net position	\$ 1,687,439	\$ 1,502,404		

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2014, the District's assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,687,439. Of this total, \$607,469 is unrestricted in use.

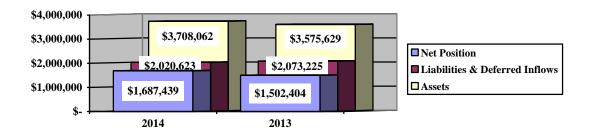
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

At year-end, capital assets represented 29.45% of total assets. Capital assets include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2014 was \$886,034. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending.

A portion of the District's net position, \$193,936, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$607,469 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

The graph below shows the District's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2014 and 2013:

Governmental Activities



The table below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 235,984	\$ 249,065		
Operating grants and contributions	1,032,508	1,054,558		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	1,343,095	1,345,195		
Grants and entitlements	1,576,270	1,508,745		
Investment earnings	221	486		
Other	13,257	4,738		
Total revenues	4,201,335	4,162,787		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Change in Net Position - Continued

T.	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2013		
Expenses				
Program expenses:				
Instruction:	¢ 1.251.024	¢ 1 262 745		
Regular	\$ 1,251,034	\$ 1,363,745		
Special	936,160	756,700		
Vocational	41,934	23,649		
Support services:				
Pupil	141,529	145,299		
Instructional staff	62,419	128,875		
Board of education	30,825	15,990		
Administration	433,095	431,794		
Fiscal	218,082	216,231		
Operations and maintenance	433,833	446,239		
Pupil transportation	235,458	214,323		
Central	6,083	5,686		
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	6,349	-		
Food service operations	126,901	137,976		
Extracurricular activities	87,833	87,240		
Interest and fiscal charges	4,765	10,759		
Total expenses	4,016,300	3,984,506		
Change in net position	185,035	178,281		
Net position at beginning of year	1,502,404	1,324,123		
Net position at end of year	\$ 1,687,439	\$ 1,502,404		

Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$185,035 during fiscal year 2014. Total governmental expenses of \$4,016,300 were offset by program revenues of \$1,268,492 and general revenues of \$2,932,843. Program revenues supported 31.58% of the total governmental expenses.

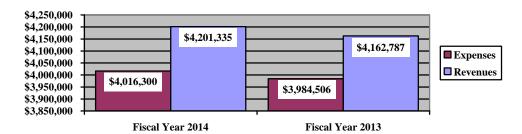
The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 69.49% of total governmental revenue.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$2,229,128 or 55.50% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal year 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

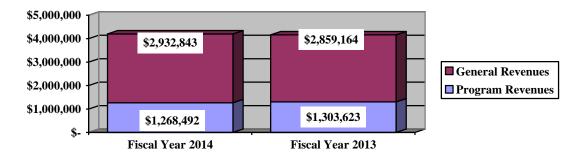
	T	otal Cost of	1	Net Cost of	T	otal Cost of	N	Net Cost of
		Services		Services		Services		Services
	_	2014	_	2014		2013		2013
Program expenses								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,251,034	\$	1,081,977	\$	1,363,745	\$	1,105,607
Special		936,160		108,136		756,700		23,465
Vocational		41,934		41,202		23,649		23,169
Support services:								
Pupil		141,529		106,029		145,299		130,137
Instructional staff		62,419		24,295		128,875		31,939
Board of education		30,825		30,825		15,990		15,990
Administration		433,095		429,444		431,794		409,030
Fiscal		218,082		218,082		216,231		216,231
Operations and maintenance		433,833		403,033		446,239		434,782
Pupil transportation		235,458		233,234		214,323		213,275
Central		6,083		2,483		5,686		2,086
Operations of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		6,349		6,349		-		-
Food service operations		126,901		6,313		137,976		7,885
Extracurricular activities		87,833		51,641		87,240		56,528
Interest and fiscal charges		4,765		4,765		10,759		10,759
Total expenses	\$	4,016,300	\$	2,747,808	\$	3,984,506	\$	2,680,883

The dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 55.24% and 53.74% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues for fiscal years 2014 and 2013, respectively. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 68.42% for fiscal year 2014. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on page 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$599,513, which is higher than last year's total of \$485,814. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2014	Fund Balance Increase/ June 30, 2013 (Decrease)		Percentage <u>Change</u>	
General	\$ 443,076	\$ 343,083	\$ 99,993	29.15 %	
Title I	19,963	10,424	9,539	91.51 %	
Other Governmental	136,474	132,307	4,167	3.15 %	
Total	\$ 599,513	\$ 485,814	\$ 113,699	23.40 %	

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$99,993.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2014	2013	Increase/	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	<u>Change</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,224,802	\$ 1,227,867	\$ (3,065)	(0.25) %
Tuition	164,709	183,096	(18,387)	(10.04) %
Earnings on investments	221	486	(265)	(54.53) %
Classroom materials and fees	4,318	2,972	1,346	45.29 %
Intergovernmental	1,629,067	1,596,402	32,665	2.05 %
Other revenues	28,521	19,293	9,228	47.83 %
Total	\$ 3,051,638	\$ 3,030,116	\$ 21,522	0.71 %
Expenditures				
Instruction	\$ 1,453,850	\$ 1,464,631	\$ (10,781)	(0.74) %
Support services	1,428,016	1,333,794	94,222	7.06 %
Non-instructional services	3,631	-	3,631	100.00 %
Extracurricular activities	55,228	55,779	(551)	(0.99) %
Debt service	10,920	10,920		- %
Total	\$ 2,951,645	\$ 2,865,124	\$ 86,521	3.02 %

The District experienced a \$21,522 or 0.71% increase in general fund revenues. Tuition decreased \$18,387 or 10.04% due to a decrease in open enrollment. Earnings on investments decreased \$265 or 54.53% due to a decrease in interest revenue. Classroom materials and fees increased \$1,346 or 45.29% due to higher classroom fees for Journalism, Home Economics, and K-5 programs. Other revenues increased \$9,228 or 47.83% primarily due to higher rental income and miscellaneous revenues. All other revenues remained consistent with the prior year.

Expenditures in the general fund increased \$86,521 or 3.02%. Non-instructional services expenditure increased \$3,631 or 100% due to an increase in food and supply costs in fiscal year 2014. All other expenditures remained consistent with the prior year.

Title I Fund

The District's Title I fund's fund balance increased by \$9,539. The revenues increased from \$652,836 to \$734,531. The expenditure increased from \$643,790 to \$724,992.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. During the course of fiscal year 2014, the District amended its general fund budget several times. For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$2,807,371 and final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$2,862,183. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2014 were \$2,920,983.

General fund original appropriations were \$3,025,000 and final appropriations were \$2,890,648. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$2,800,512, which was \$90,136 less than the final budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2014, the District had \$1,092,126 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in governmental activities.

The following table shows June 30, 2014 balances compared to June 30, 2013:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					
	2014	2013				
Land	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000				
Land improvements	94,513	96,208				
Building and improvements	767,864	727,544				
Furniture and equipment	161,208	169,724				
Vehicles	53,541	77,113				
Total	\$ 1,092,126	\$ 1,085,589				

The overall increase in capital assets of \$6,537 is due to capital outlays of \$125,035 exceeding depreciation expense of \$118,498.

See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014, the District had notes payable and a capital lease obligation outstanding. The following table summarizes these obligations outstanding.

Outstanding Debt, at Year End

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2013
Notes payable Capital lease obligation	\$ 180,682 <u>25,410</u>	\$ 209,095 33,924
Total	\$ 206,092	\$ 243,019

At June 30, 2014, the District's overall legal debt margin was \$4,872,863, with an unvoted debt margin of \$54,143.

See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Current Financial Related Activities

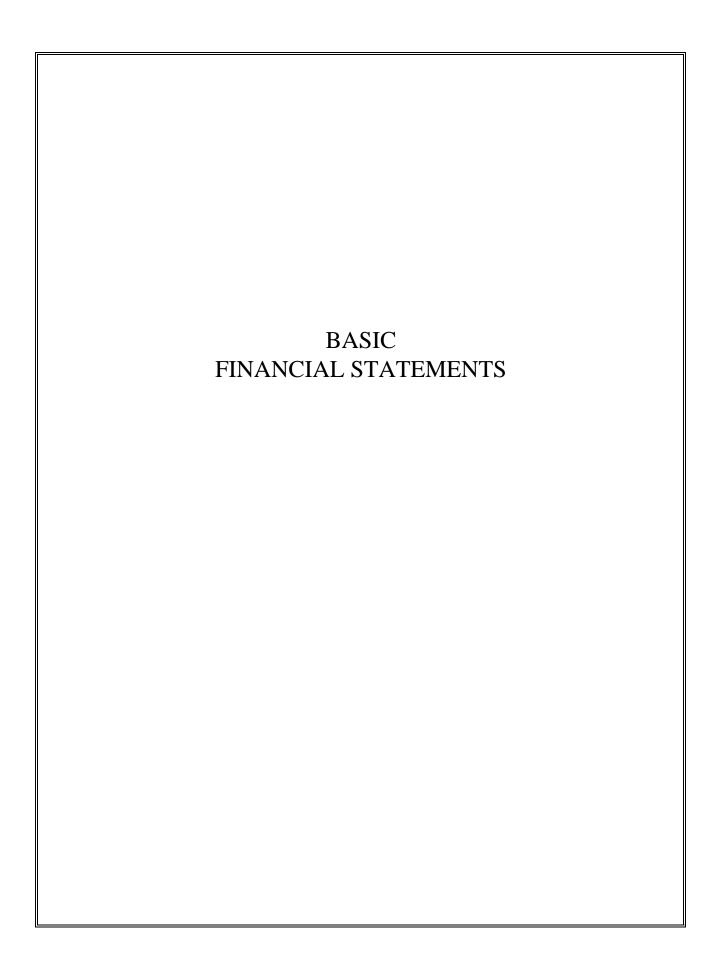
The District continues to benefit from previous cost cutting measures and ended up with additional carryover of approximately \$120,000, meaning revenues exceeded the District's expenditures on items listed on the five year forecast. The following items will continue to improve the District's financial status:

- Our half time Spanish teacher resigned and we replaced her with the Trumbull County Educational Service Center's Visual Learning Program.
- Four teachers resigned which will result in a substantial savings.
- The District was able to spend approximately \$124,535 in supplies and equipment in both buildings from Title I which was a major savings to the general fund.
- The High School Principal is retiring and has been re-hired at a lower salary.
- The Treasurer will be retiring in December and his replacement will be at a lower salary.

Over the summer the District continued on the window replacement program and completed the north side of the Bloomfield building. The total cost was \$105,000. The District also improved the security at the Bloomfield Middle/High School. The front of the building was opened up with a foyer that is adjacent to the school office. This allows the secretary to see who is entering the building prior to letting them in. The cost of this project was \$23,500 and both projects were paid entirely out of the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The OSFC will be reimbursing us \$5,000 through their grants program for this security improvement. The District contracted again with the Trumbull County Sheriff to have a Resource Officer assigned to the District for fiscal year 2015.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Bill Daugherty, Treasurer, 2077 Park Road W, North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450-9730.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

		vernmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	872,475
Receivables:		
Taxes		1,585,421
Accounts		1,062
Intergovernmental		148,027
Prepayments		5,713
Materials and supplies inventory		3,238
Capital assets:		
Land		15,000
Depreciable capital assets, net		1,077,126
Capital assets, net		1,092,126
Total assets		3,708,062
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		39,615
Accrued wages and benefits		255,618
Pension obligation payable		60,846
Intergovernmental payable		16,216
Accrued interest payable		869
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year		124,665
Due in more than one year		261,259
Total liabilities		759,088
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,261,535
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,261,535
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets		886,034
Restricted for:		000,034
Capital projects		151,218
Federally funded programs		22,244
Student activities		17,758
Other purposes		2,716
Unrestricted		607,469
	\$	1,687,439
Total net position	<u> </u>	1,007,439

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT} \\ \textbf{TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO} \end{array}$

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

				Program	Reven	ues	R	et (Expense) evenue and Changes in let Position
		Expenses	S	narges for ervices nd Sales	0	perating Frants and Intributions	Go	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		•					-	
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	1,251,034	\$	169,057	\$	-	\$	(1,081,977)
Special		936,160		-		828,024		(108, 136)
Vocational		41,934		-		732		(41,202)
Support services:								
Pupil		141,529		-		35,500		(106,029)
Instructional staff		62,419		-		38,124		(24,295)
Board of education		30,825		-		-		(30,825)
Administration		433,095		-		3,651		(429,444)
Fiscal		218,082		-		-		(218,082)
Operations and maintenance		433,833		11,303		19,497		(403,033)
Pupil transportation		235,458		-		2,224		(233,234)
Central		6,083		-		3,600		(2,483)
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		6,349		-		-		(6,349)
Food service operations		126,901		21,512		99,076		(6,313)
Extracurricular activities		87,833		34,112		2,080		(51,641)
Interest and fiscal charges		4,765		-				(4,765)
Total governmental activities	\$	4,016,300	\$	235,984	\$	1,032,508		(2,747,808)
		eral revenues: erty taxes levied	d for:					
		eneral purposes						1,203,788
		ebt service						17,422
		apital outlay			• •			121,885
		ts and entitleme						1 576 270
		specific progra						1,576,270
		stment earnings						221
	Miso	ellaneous			• •			13,257
	Tota	l general revenu	ies					2,932,843
	Chai	nge in net positi	on					185,035
	Net	position at begi	inning o	f year				1,502,404
	Net	position at end	of year				\$	1,687,439

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General	Title I	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash		- 00.004				0 40 ==0
and cash equivalents	\$	703,936	\$ 17,662	\$ 148,161	\$	869,759
Receivables:		1 455 505		120.004		1 505 101
Taxes		1,455,525	-	129,896		1,585,421
Accounts		1,062	-	-		1,062
Intergovernmental		51,402	92,977	3,648		148,027
Prepayments		5,710	-	3		5,713
Materials and supplies inventory		-	-	3,238		3,238
Restricted assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and cash equivalents		2,716	 -	 		2,716
Total assets	\$	2,220,351	\$ 110,639	\$ 284,946	\$	2,615,936
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	20,040	\$ 19,249	\$ 326	\$	39,615
Accrued wages and benefits		184,081	60,258	11,279		255,618
Compensated absences payable		43,608	-	,		43,608
Pension obligation payable		45,540	7,800	7,506		60,846
Intergovernmental payable		12,121	3,369	726		16,216
Total liabilities		305,390	90,676	19,837		415,903
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		1,158,175	-	103,360		1,261,535
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		275,955	-	24,627		300,582
Intergovernmental revenue not available		37,755	-	648		38,403
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,471,885		128,635		1,600,520
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepayments		5,710	-	3		5,713
Materials and supplies inventory		-	-	3,238		3,238
Capital improvements		_	_	126,591		126,591
Targeted academic assistance		_	19,963	4,459		24,422
Vocational education		_		17,758		17,758
School bus purchases		2,716	_			2,716
Assigned:		_,				_,
Public school support		1,817	_	_		1,817
Other purposes		381	_	_		381
Subsequent year's appropriations		334,350	_	_		334,350
Unassigned (deficit)	-	98,102	 	 (15,575)		82,527
Total fund balances		443,076	 19,963	 136,474		599,513
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances .	\$	2,220,351	\$ 110,639	\$ 284,946	\$	2,615,936

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$	599,513
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			1,092,126
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 300,582 38,403		
Total			338,985
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(869)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences payable Capital lease obligation payable	136,224 25,410		
Notes payable	 180,682		
Total		-	(342,316)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	1,687,439

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General	Title I		Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:		_					
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$ 1,224,802	\$	-	\$	144,541	\$	1,369,343
Tuition	164,709		-		-		164,709
Earnings on investments	221		-		-		221
Charges for services	-		-		21,512		21,512
Extracurricular	3,931		-		30,181		34,112
Classroom materials and fees	4,318		-		-		4,318
Rental income	11,303		-		-		11,303
Contributions and donations	303		-		2,080		2,383
Contract services	30		-		-		30
Other local revenues	12,954		-		-		12,954
Intergovernmental - state	1,629,067		-		25,700		1,654,767
Intergovernmental - federal			,531		211,799		946,330
Total revenues	3,051,638	734	,531		435,813		4,221,982
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular	1,212,634		-		770		1,213,404
Special	198,577	642	,544		105,978		947,099
Vocational	42,639		-		-		42,639
Support services:							
Pupil	106,531	35	,039		-		141,570
Instructional staff	26,951	22	,366		11,699		61,016
Board of education	30,676		-		-		30,676
Administration	440,638	3	,604		-		444,242
Fiscal	240,798		-		3,452		244,250
Operations and maintenance	369,938	19	,244		112,899		502,081
Pupil transportation	210,001	2	,195		-		212,196
Central	2,483		-		3,600		6,083
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Other non-instructional services	3,631		-		1,398		5,029
Food service operations	-		-		127,617		127,617
Extracurricular activities	55,228		-		32,605		87,833
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	8,514		-		28,413		36,927
Interest and fiscal charges	2,406				3,215		5,621
Total expenditures	2,951,645	724	,992		431,646		4,108,283
Net change in fund balances	99,993	9	,539		4,167		113,699
Fund balances at beginning of year	343,083	10	,424		132,307		485,814
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 443,076	\$ 19	,963	\$	136,474	\$	599,513

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 113,699
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 125,035 (118,498)	6,537
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Taxes receivable Intergovernmental Total	(26,248) 12,368	(13,880)
Repayment of long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		36,927
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The following resulted in less interest being reported on the statement of activities: Decrease in accrued interest payable		856
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	-	40,896
Change in net position of governmental activities	=	\$ 185,035

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	(egative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Taxes	\$	1,020,608	\$	1,040,534	\$	1,061,910	\$	21,376
Tuition		158,303		161,393		164,709		3,316
Earnings on investments		212		217		221		4
Classroom materials and fees		4,150		4,231		4,318		87
Rental income		10,863		11,075		11,303		228
Contributions and donations		291		297		303		6
Contract services		29		29		30		1
Other local revenues		12,238		12,477		12,733		256
Intergovernmental - state		1,539,171		1,569,222		1,601,460		32,238
Total revenues		2,745,865		2,799,475		2,856,987		57,512
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		1,185,711		1,132,333		1,112,667		19,666
Special		211,007		201,487		198,436		3,051
Vocational		44,567		42,560		41,845		715
Support services:								
Pupil		117,279		112,014		109,746		2,268
Instructional staff		36,208		34,672		32,016		2,656
Board of education		34,726		33,257		30,613		2,644
Administration		446,399		426,302		418,907		7,395
Fiscal		229,368		218,924		217,700		1,224
Operations and maintenance		411,860		394,210		367,902		26,308
Pupil transportation		241,830		231,603		213,176		18,427
Central		4,119		4,000		2,483		1,517
Other operation of non-instructional services .		3,800		3,626		3,626		-
Extracurricular activities		58,126		55,660		51,395		4,265
Total expenditures		3,025,000		2,890,648		2,800,512		90,136
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(279,135)		(91,173)		56,475		147,648
Other financing sources:								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		61,294		62,491		63,775		1,284
Sale of capital assets		212		217		221		1,204
Total other financing sources		61,506		62,708		63,996		1,288
Net change in fund balance		(217,629)		(28,465)		120,471		148,936
Fund balance at beginning of year		583,983		583,983		583,983		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	366,354	\$	555,518	\$	704,454	\$	148,936
I data suidire di ciid di sedi	Ψ	500,554	Ψ	555,510	Ψ	7,04,454	Ψ	170,730

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ${\rm TITLE~I~FUND}$ FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	843,755	\$	694,711	\$	694,711	\$	
Total revenue		843,755		694,711		694,711		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Special		643,817		643,817		631,513		12,304
Support Services:								-
Pupil		35,095		35,095		35,039		56
Instructional staff		29,907		29,907		29,356		551
Administration		4,173		4,173		4,173		-
Pupil transportation		2,350		2,350		2,225		125
Total expenditures		715,342		715,342		702,306		13,036
Net change in fund balance		128,413		(20,631)		(7,595)		13,036
Fund balance at beginning of year		25,257		25,257		25,257		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	153,670	\$	4,626	\$	17,662	\$	13,036

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency	
Assets:		_
Current assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and cash equivalents	\$	6,546
Total assets	\$	6,546
Liabilities:		
Due to students	\$	6,546
Total liabilities	\$	6,546

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Bloomfield - Mespo Local School District (the "District") is organized under Section 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide educational services to students and other community members of the District. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms by the citizens of the District.

The District serves an area of approximately 50 square miles in Trumbull County, including the townships of Bloomfield and Mesopotamia.

The District currently operates one elementary school and one comprehensive middle/high school. The District is staffed by 31 non-certified and 28 certified personnel to provide services to approximately 297 students and other community members.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Northeast Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN)

NEOMIN is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge.

Superintendents of the participating school districts are eligible to be voting members of the Governing Board which consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County school districts, and a treasurer from each county who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Educational Service Center, 6000 Youngstown Warren Road, Niles, Ohio 44446.

Trumbull Career and Technical Center

The Trumbull Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the 15 participating school district's elected boards, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. Financial information may be obtained by contacting the Treasurer of the Trumbull Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

Worker's Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a group rating plan (GRP) for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley Uniservice Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. Each year, the District pays an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

<u>Trumbull County School's Employee Benefit Insurance Consortium (Consortium)</u>

The Consortium is a Council of Governments established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167. The Council of Government (the Consortium) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio as defined by Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The Consortium is a shared risk pool as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10 and amended by GASB Statement No. 30. It was formed to carry out a cooperative program for the provisions and administration of health care benefits for member employees in accordance with the Council bylaws.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The governing body of the Consortium is an Assembly composed of the Superintendents of the members and any other representative of members who have been appointed by the respective governing bodies of the members. All representatives serve without compensation. As of June 30, 2014, there were 16 participating members of the Consortium. The Insurance Committee (Executive Board) functions as the advisory body to the Assembly. It consists of five representatives of the members, four of whom are appointed by the President of the Trumbull County Superintendent's Association, and the fifth of whom by the Superintendent of the Fiscal Agent. The Trumbull County Educational Service Center serves as the Consortium's fiscal agent and the Treasurer of the Consortium is the Treasurer of the Fiscal Agent. The Consortium administers medical, prescription, dental, and vision benefit plans for employees of the participating school systems and their eligible dependents.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> -The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Title I fund</u> - The purpose of the Title I fund is to account for financial assistance provided by State and local educational agencies to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The District has no proprietary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal net position) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2014, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgets

The District is required by State statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2014 is as follows:

- 1. Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Trumbull County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2014.
- 4. By July 1, the annual appropriation resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education by fund level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of expenditures, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of expenditures. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriations amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original, appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board prior to June 30, 2014; however, none of these amendments were significant. The budget figures, as shown in the accompanying budgetary statements, reflect the original and final appropriation amounts including all amendments and modifications.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. By policy of the Board of Education, investment earnings are assigned to the general fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$221, which includes \$48 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets generally related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and deletions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. The District does not possess infrastructure.

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	5 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years

I. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. The District did not have any interfund loans during fiscal year 2014.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2014, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees age fifty or greater with at least ten years of service and all employees with at least twenty years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2014, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated unpaid leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

K. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term notes and capital lease obligations are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted by State statute for school bus purchases.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets in the general fund represent cash and cash equivalents set-aside for school bus purchases. This restriction is required by State statute.

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. The District did not have any interfund activity to report at June 30, 2014.

R. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2014.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITLY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees".

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITLY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	_Deficit_
Food service	\$ 11,465
Race to the top	13
IDEA Part-B	856

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$463,025. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "<u>Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures</u>", as of June 30, 2014, all of the District's bank balance of \$495,078 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investment and maturity:

		Investment Maturity
		6 months or
Investment type	Fair Value	less
STAR Ohio	\$ 415,996	\$ 415,996

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2014:

Investment type	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 415,996	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	463,025
Investments		415,996
Total	\$	879,021
Cash and investments per statement of net posi-	tion_	
Governmental activities	\$	872,475
Agency fund		6,546
Total	\$	879,021

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Trumbull County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$21,396 in the general fund and \$1,909 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2013 was \$12,906 in the general fund and \$1,298 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

	2013 Second Half Collections			2014 First Half Collections		
	Amount Percent		ent	Amount Perce		
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate	\$ 52,	333,090 96	.83 \$	52,269,520	96.54	
Public utility personal	1,	711,410 3	.17	1,873,400	3.46	
Total	\$ 54,	044,500 100	.00 \$	54,142,920	100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for:						
General		\$54.90		\$54.90		
Permanent improvement		3.00		-		

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of taxes, accounts, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Taxes	\$ 1,585,421
Accounts	1,062
Intergovernmental	148,027
Total	\$ 1,734,510

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	06/30/13	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	06/30/14
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	15,000			15,000
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	155,536	4,500	-	160,036
Buildings and improvements	2,225,769	92,772	-	2,318,541
Furniture and equipment	489,389	25,963	(68,357)	446,995
Vehicles	326,883	1,800		328,683
Total capital assets, being depreciated	3,197,577	125,035	(68,357)	3,254,255
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(59,328)	(6,195)	-	(65,523)
Buildings and improvements	(1,498,225)	(52,452)	-	(1,550,677)
Furniture and equipment	(319,665)	(34,479)	68,357	(285,787)
Vehicles	(249,770)	(25,372)		(275,142)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,126,988)	(118,498)	68,357	(2,177,129)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,085,589	\$ 6,537	\$ -	\$ 1,092,126

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:		
Regular	\$	35,705
Special		12,139
Support services:		
Instructional staff		95
Board of education		149
Administration		9,563
Fiscal		389
Operations and maintenance		33,885
Pupil transportation		25,372
Food service operations	_	1,201
Total depreciation expense	\$	118,498

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

In prior years the District entered into capitalized leases for copiers. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of copiers have been capitalized in the amount of \$44,880. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2014 was \$22,440, leaving a current book value of \$22,440. A corresponding liability has been recorded in the governmental activities on the statement of net position. Principal payments made during fiscal year 2014 totaled \$8,514 and were paid out of the general fund.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2015	\$ 10,920
2016	10,920
2017	6,370
Total minimum lease payments	28,210
Less: amount representing interest	(2,800)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 25,410

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During fiscal year 2014, the following activity occurred in the long-term obligations of governmental activities.

	Balance 06/30/13		ons Reductions	Balance 06/30/14	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
Notes payable	\$ 209,09	95 \$	- \$ (28,413)	\$ 180,682	\$ 28,885
Compensated absences	177,12	20 43,	587 (40,875)	179,832	86,560
Capital lease obligation	33,92	<u>24</u>	- (8,514)	25,410	9,220
Total long-term obligations, governmental activities	\$ 420,13	<u>\$ 43,</u> :	587 \$ (77,802)	\$ 385,924	\$ 124,665

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries are paid, which consist of the general fund, food service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund), and Title I fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Tax Anticipation Notes, Series 2009</u>: On November, 9, 2009, the District issued tax anticipation notes (qualified school construction bonds) to provide funds for various building improvements. These notes are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. Accordingly, such unmatured obligations of the District are accounted for in the statement of net position. Payments of principal and interest relating to this note are recorded as an expenditure in the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The notes were issued in the amount of \$291,574 and mature on September 15, 2019. The stated interest rate of the notes is 1.65% and interest payments are due on March 15 and September 15 of each year.

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the tax anticipation notes:

Fiscal Year		Tax Anticipation Notes				
Ending June 30,	<u>P</u>	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest		Total
2015	\$	28,885	\$	2,981	\$	31,866
2016		29,366		2,505		31,871
2017		29,855		2,020		31,875
2018		30,351		1,527		31,878
2019		30,856		1,027		31,883
2020		31,369		517		31,886
Total	\$	180,682	\$	10,577	\$	191,259

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2014, are a voted debt margin of \$4,872,863 and an unvoted debt margin of \$54,143.

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles and general liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. The liability limits are \$15,000,000 for each accident, and uninsured motorist of \$100,000 per person/\$1,000,000 per occurrence.

Real property and contents are fully insured. Real property is 90% co-insured. Limits of insurance on real property and equipment are \$12,893,311 with no deductible.

The District liability policy has a limit of \$15,000,000 for each occurrence and \$17,000,000 aggregate. The District's errors and omissions policy has a \$15,000,000 limit with no deductible.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from fiscal year 2013.

B. Health, Vision and Life Insurance

The District has joined together with other school districts in the state to form the Trumbull County School's Employee Benefit Insurance Consortium (Consortium), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for 16 member school districts in Trumbull County. The District pays a monthly premium to the Consortium for its insurance coverage. It is intended that the Consortium will be self-supporting through member premiums. The monthly premium includes a specific and aggregate stop loss premium paid to General American Insurance. The specific individual stop loss is \$100,000 per year. The aggregate stop loss is 105% of yearly anticipated claims.

The District provides health, vision and life insurance coverage for employees. The health insurance coverage is administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio, a third party administrator. Vision Service Plan administers the vision coverage. ING Reliastar Life Insurance Company provides the life insurance coverage. The District pays the insurance premiums, as a fringe benefit for the employees. Employees hired prior to July 1, 2008 pay 5% and employees hired after July 1, 2008 pay 10% of their health insurance premium.

Post employment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 12.

C. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2014, the District participated in the Sheakley Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is tiered into groups based upon past workers' compensation experience. Within each tiered group, a common premium rate is applied to all school districts within that group. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the state based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of their tiered group. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$64,879, \$67,407 and \$72,705, respectively; 77.92 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$166,415, \$171,922 and \$176,329, respectively; 82.74 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$13,613 made by the District and \$10,696 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$9,358, \$12,377 and \$15,654, respectively; 77.92 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$3,764, \$3,808 and \$4,294, respectively; 77.92 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$12,801, \$13,225 and \$13,564, respectively; 82.74 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 13 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and Title I are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund and Title I fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund	Title I Fund	
Budget basis	\$ 120,471	\$ (7,595)	
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	12,238	39,820	
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	30,567	(22,686)	
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(63,996)	-	
Funds budgeted elsewhere	713		
GAAP basis	\$ 99,993	\$ 9,539	

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the District agency fund, emergency levy fund, and the public school support fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

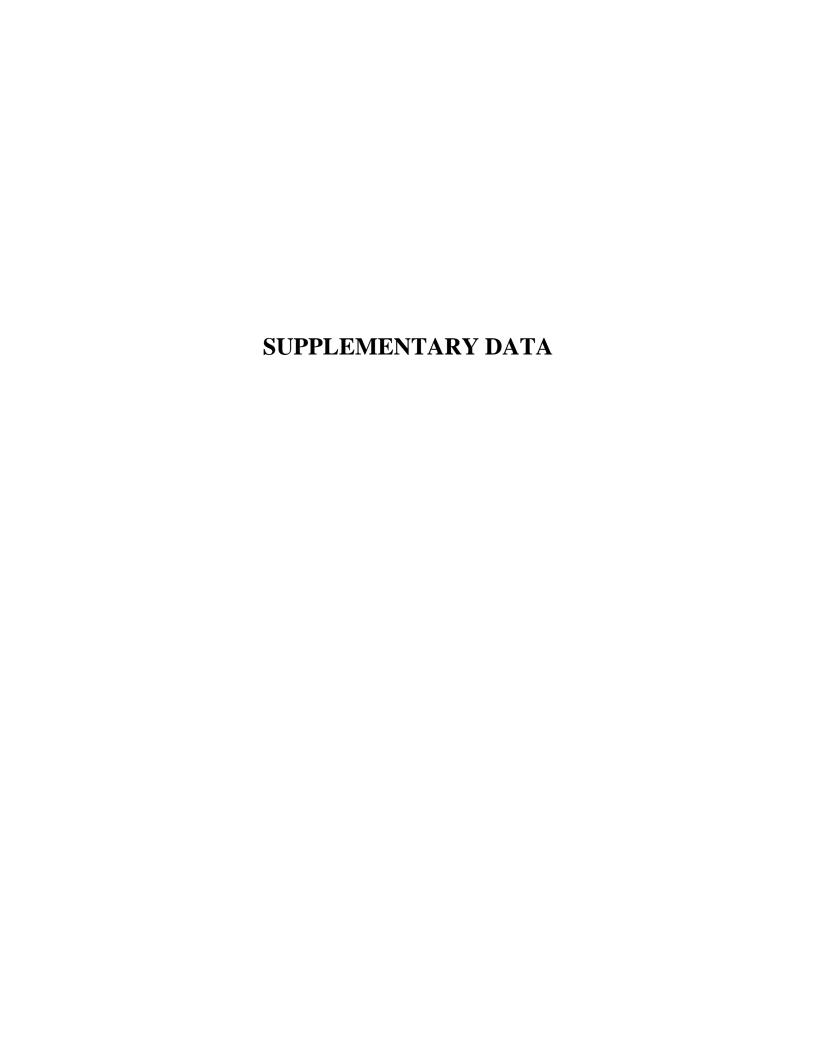
	C	Capital
	<u>Impr</u>	ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		47,051
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement		-
Current year qualifying expenditures	((110,882)
Excess qualified expenditures from prior years		-
Current year offsets	((146,432)
Waiver granted by ODE		-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds		<u> </u>
Total	\$ ((210,263)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2015	\$	_
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$	_

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

Although the District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital improvements set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future fiscal years. The negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future fiscal years.

In addition to the above statutory set-asides, the District also has \$2,716 in monies restricted for school bus purchases.



BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

SUB GF	AL GRANTOR/ !ANTOR/ AM TITLE	CFDA NUMBER	(A) PASS-THROUGH GRANT NUMBER	FE	(B) CASH DERAL CEIPTS	(B) CASH EDERAL URSEMENTS
PASSEI	PARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE OTHROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Chil (C)(D)	d Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program	10.553	2014	\$	26,434	\$ 26,434
(C)(D) (D)(E)	National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555 10.555	2014 2014		65,043 5,831	 65,043 5,831
	Total National School Lunch Program				70,874	 70,874
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster				97,308	 97,308
	State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	2014		1,398	 1,398
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				98,706	 98,706
PASSEI	PARTMENT OF EDUCATION OF THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
(F) (F)	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	2013 2014		40,105 652,449	 76,985 625,321
	Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies				692,554	 702,306
(F) (F)	Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027	2013 2014		(4,606) 101,041	 6,643 96,726
	Total Special Education Grants to States				96,435	 103,369
(F) (F)	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367 84.367	2013 2014		5,252 15,511	 10,883 9,382
	Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants				20,763	 20,265
	ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund (SFSF) - Race to the Top Incentive Grants, Recovery Act	84.395A	2014		2,100	 2,100
	Total U.S. Department of Education				811,852	 828,040
	Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$	910,558	\$ 926,746

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS:

- (A) (B) (C) (D) (E) (F)
- OAKS did not assign pass-through numbers for fiscal year 2014.

 This schedule was prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

 Commingled with state and local revenue from sales of lunches; assumed expenditures were made on a first-in, first-out basis. Included as part of "Child Nutrition Cluster" in determining major programs.

 The Food Donation Program is a non-cash, in kind, federal grant. Commodities are valued at entitlement value.

 The District generally must spend Federal assistance within 15 months of receipt (funds must be obligated by June 30th and spent by September 30th). However, with Ohio Department of Education ("ODE")'s approval, a District can transfer unspent Federal assistance to the succeeding year, thus allowing the District a total of 27 months to spend the assistance. Schools can document this by using special cost centers for each year's activity, and transferring the amounts ODE approves between the cost centers. During fiscal year 2014, the ODE authorized the following transfers:

Program Title	CFDA	Grant Year	Transfers Out		Transfers In	
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2013	\$	4,606		
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	2014			\$	4,606
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2013	\$	10,895		
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	2014			\$	10,895
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2013	\$	748		
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	2014			\$	748
Total			\$	16,249	\$	16,249



Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Accounting Standards*

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Trumbull County 2077 Park Road W. North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450-9730

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Board of Education Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 10, 2014

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333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by *OMB Circular A-133*

Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District Trumbull County 2077 Park Road W. North Bloomfield, Ohio 44450-9730

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's compliance for the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Board of Education Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Bloomfield-Mespo Local School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 10, 2014

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS				
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No		
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Program's Compliance Opinion	Unmodified		
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under §.510(a)?	No		
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Program (listed):	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies, CFDA #84.010		
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: >\$300,000 Type B: all others		
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes		

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None



BLOOMFIELD-MESPO LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 6, 2015