



Dave Yost • Auditor of State



**LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STARK COUNTY**

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# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Louisville City School District  
Stark County  
407 East Main St.  
Louisville, OH 44641

To the Board of Education:

### ***Report on the Financial Statements***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Louisville City School District, Stark County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

### ***Opinion***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Louisville City School District, Stark County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2014, it was determined that there were misstatements related to the beginning balance of capital assets construction in progress and net investment in capital assets. These amounts were restated by \$1,988,141. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter

### ***Other Matters***

#### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

#### *Supplementary and Other Information*

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures (Schedule) presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected the schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 13, 2015 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

**Dave Yost**  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

February 13, 2015

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**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

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The management's discussion and analysis of Louisville City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key Financial Highlights for 2014 are as follows:

- The Ohio School Facilities Commission-funded building project neared completion. Due to this, there were significant additions to buildings and improvements with a corresponding deletion of construction in progress.
- The School District experienced its seventh consecutive year of declining enrollment.
- For the first time in three years, the School District received more money than it expended on a cash basis.

### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes pertaining to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Louisville City School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Louisville City School District, the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund are the most significant funds.

### **Reporting the School District as a Whole**

#### *Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities*

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2014?" The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in that net position. The amount of net position, the difference between all other elements in the statement of net position, is one measure of the School District's financial health, or financial position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. Assessing the overall health of the School District involves many factors. Non-financial factors may include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District. On the other hand, financial factors may include the School District's financial position, liquidity and solvency and fiscal capacity.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

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In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of food service, operation of non-instructional services, and extracurricular activities.

**Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds**

*Fund Financial Statements*

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement debt service fund.

*Governmental Funds*

Most of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

*Fiduciary Funds*

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

**The School District as a Whole**

You may recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2014 compared to 2013.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

**Table 1**  
**Net Position**  
**Governmental Activities**

	2014	2013 (Restated)	Change
<b>Assets</b>			
Current and Other Assets	\$16,258,879	\$13,802,125	\$2,456,754
Capital Assets, Net	<u>73,617,274</u>	<u>75,815,154</u>	<u>(2,197,880)</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>89,876,153</u>	<u>89,617,279</u>	<u>258,874</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
	<u>839,699</u>	<u>893,873</u>	<u>(54,174)</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Current Liabilities	3,555,901	3,792,407	236,506
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	1,291,466	1,240,819	(50,647)
Due in More Than One Year	<u>30,247,022</u>	<u>31,044,329</u>	<u>797,307</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>35,094,389</u>	<u>36,077,555</u>	<u>983,166</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
	<u>9,584,520</u>	<u>7,828,711</u>	<u>(1,755,809)</u>
<b>Net Position</b>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	45,782,451	47,181,470	(1,399,019)
Restricted	1,608,074	1,715,204	(107,130)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(1,353,582)</u>	<u>(2,291,788)</u>	<u>938,206</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$46,036,943</u>	<u>\$46,604,886</u>	<u>(\$567,943)</u>

Overall, the position of the School District declined slightly, as evidenced by the decrease in net position. The School District continued to spend money related to the elementary school project, a portion of which was provided by the Ohio Schools Facility Commission. Liabilities declined as annual debt payments were made. Also, there were less payables related to the elementary school project at the end of the current fiscal year than at the end of the prior fiscal year.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all governmental activities is general revenue. The most significant portions of the general revenue are grants and entitlements, which is primarily State foundation funding, and local property tax. The remaining revenue was program revenues, which consist of charges for services provided by the School District and State and Federal grants.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

**Table 2**  
**Changes in Net Position**  
**Governmental Activities**

	2014	2013	Change
<b>Revenues</b>			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,738,888	\$2,393,498	\$345,390
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,318,381	2,009,862	1,308,519
Total Program Revenues	<u>6,057,269</u>	<u>4,403,360</u>	<u>1,653,909</u>
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	9,327,133	7,951,450	1,375,683
Grants and Entitlements	14,604,298	15,660,475	(1,056,177)
Unrestricted Contributions	4,210	78,294	(74,084)
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	48,747	33,086	15,661
Investment Earnings	1,400	4,558	(3,158)
Miscellaneous	177,834	122,274	55,560
Total General Revenues	<u>24,163,622</u>	<u>23,850,137</u>	<u>313,485</u>
Total Revenues	<u>30,220,891</u>	<u>28,253,497</u>	<u>1,967,394</u>
<b>Program Expenses</b>			
Instruction:			
Regular	12,036,581	11,998,147	(38,434)
Special	2,951,955	2,941,855	(10,100)
Vocational	422,405	403,751	(18,654)
Student Intervention Services	1,110,966	1,096,063	(14,903)
Support Services:			
Pupils	1,432,354	1,738,160	305,806
Instructional Staff	970,027	880,984	(89,043)
Board of Education	82,010	64,809	(17,201)
Administration	2,053,967	1,917,629	(136,338)
Fiscal	560,845	464,526	(96,319)
Business	37,923	96,657	58,734
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,849,902	2,503,461	(1,346,441)
Pupil Transportation	1,305,653	1,259,788	(45,865)
Central	115,681	30,656	(85,025)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,696,933	1,798,354	101,421
Extracurricular Activities	927,493	937,978	10,485
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,234,139	1,485,274	251,135
Total Program Expenses	<u>30,788,834</u>	<u>29,618,092</u>	<u>(1,170,742)</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(567,943)	(1,364,595)	796,652
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated)</i>	<u>46,604,886</u>	<u>47,969,481</u>	<u>(1,364,595)</u>
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>	<u>\$46,036,943</u>	<u>\$46,604,886</u>	<u>(\$567,943)</u>

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

**Governmental Activities**

The School District has carefully planned its financial existence by forecasting its revenues and expenses over the next five years. Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs. Property taxes increased by almost \$1.4 million over the prior fiscal year. This was due to an increase in the tax rate as a result of a five-year emergency levy that was passed in May of 2013, as well as strong delinquent tax collections.

The majority of the School District's expenses are for instruction. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff, pupil transportation and business operations are the next largest area of expenses. The remaining amount of program expenses are to facilitate other obligations of the School District such as interest and fiscal charges, the food service program and numerous extracurricular activities. Operation and maintenance of plant expenses rose significantly from the previous fiscal year due to construction in progress being completed and a shift in focus from building a new building to maintaining all buildings in the School District.

The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

**Table 3**  
**Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost of Services 2014	Net Cost of Services 2014	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$12,036,581	\$11,319,337	\$11,998,147	\$10,789,714
Special	2,951,955	487,732	2,941,855	1,762,399
Vocational	422,405	362,074	403,751	403,751
Student Intervention Services	1,110,966	1,035,198	1,096,063	1,092,540
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,432,354	1,335,523	1,738,160	1,719,835
Instructional Staff	970,027	908,689	880,984	877,484
Board of Education	82,010	76,630	64,809	64,809
Administration	2,053,967	1,799,346	1,917,629	1,820,269
Fiscal	560,845	527,011	464,526	464,526
Business	37,923	35,566	96,657	96,657
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,849,902	3,701,373	2,503,461	2,503,461
Pupil Transportation	1,305,653	1,229,202	1,259,788	1,259,788
Central	115,681	108,213	30,656	30,656
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,696,933	102,729	1,798,354	271,592
Extracurricular Activities	927,493	468,803	937,978	571,977
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,234,139	1,234,139	1,485,274	1,485,274
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$30,788,834</b>	<b>\$24,731,565</b>	<b>\$29,618,092</b>	<b>\$25,214,732</b>

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

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As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial. Over 30 percent of expenses are directly supported by local property taxes. Grant and entitlements not restricted to specific programs support over 47 percent of expenses. Program revenues account for just under 20 percent of all governmental expenses.

**School District's Funds**

Information regarding the School District's major funds can be found beginning on page 16. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues excluding other financing sources of \$30,242,994 and expenditures excluding other financing uses of \$29,612,634. The general fund balance increase of \$1,039,340 was largely due to increased property tax revenues. The bond retirement fund balance increase of \$160,923 was also largely due to increased property tax revenues. Property tax revenues increased because the School District began receiving the proceeds of the five year emergency levy that was passed in May 2013.

**General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2014, the School District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The School District uses an operational unit budget process and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenditures but provide flexibility for program based decision and management.

For the general fund, the final budget basis estimated revenue totaled \$24,138,642, which is higher than the original estimate of \$23,332,943. Final budget basis appropriations for expenditures totaled \$24,268,930 compared to the original estimate of \$24,266,974.

The total revenue variance between final budget and actual was insignificant. The total expenditure variance between final budget and actual amounted to \$504,546 or 2.08 percent of final budget expenditures.

The general fund's unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$1,808,142, which was \$636,622 more than the final budgeted amount of \$1,171,520.

**Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

*Capital Assets*

Table 4 shows fiscal 2014 values compared to 2013. More detailed information is presented in Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

**Table 4**  
**Capital Assets at June 30**  
**Governmental Activities**

	2014	2013 (Restated)
Land	\$2,954,840	\$2,954,840
Construction in Progress	0	43,558,395
Buildings and Improvements	68,580,211	27,297,059
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,021,092	1,173,260
Vehicles	1,061,131	831,600
<i>Total Capital Assets</i>	<i>\$73,617,274</i>	<i>\$75,815,154</i>

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, there was a decrease in capital assets during the fiscal year, due to annual depreciation outpacing capital expenditures.

*Debt*

Table 5 summarizes the bonds, capital leases and notes outstanding. More detailed information is presented in Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

**Table 5**  
**Outstanding Debt at Year End**  
**Governmental Activities**

	2014	2013
School Facilities Bonds	\$8,090,633	\$8,227,285
Energy Conservation Bonds	55,000	105,000
Refunding School Facilities Bonds	21,653,916	22,320,436
Capital Leases	870,928	730,535
<i>Total</i>	<i>\$30,670,477</i>	<i>\$31,383,256</i>

In 2001, school facilities bonds were issued for the local share of the School District's approved master plan with the Ohio School Facilities Commission, Expedited Local Partnership Program. In 2011, a portion of these bonds were refunded and in 2012 the remaining bonds were fully repaid. The refunded portion will be fully repaid in fiscal year 2030. The energy conservation bonds were issued for capital improvements under House Bill 264. Improvements were approved by the Ohio Department of Education for energy conservation measures resulting in operating cost savings. These bonds will be fully repaid in calendar year 2015.

The 2009 school facilities bonds were issued to retire notes that were issued to construct one elementary school to replace three existing elementary schools and to do additional renovations at the Louisville High School. This local money was used in conjunction with funding from the Ohio School Facilities Commission (OSFC).

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

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The School District's overall legal debt margin was \$1,929,653 with an unvoted debt margin of \$317,301 as of June 30, 2014.

**Current Issues Affecting Financial Condition**

On November 4, 2008, the voters of the Louisville City School District approved a 1.5 mill, \$8,500,000 bond issue to provide the opportunity for the School District to participate in the Classroom Facilities Assistance Program (CFAP) program. The program has allowed the School District to construct one elementary school to replace three existing elementary schools and provide renovation and additions to Louisville High School. This over \$40 million construction project was largely completed for the 2012-13 school year, with only small portions of the project completed during the 2013-2014 school year. The School District was able to complete the financial closeout of the project just after the end of fiscal year 2014. The School District received \$730,107 in remaining bond proceeds and interest dollars. That money is required to be spent on School District facilities and equipment. As a dual issue to the original bond issue, voters approved a 1.3 mill continuing levy for permanent improvements. This will provide the required .5 mill of maintenance for the CFAP program and also monies for other permanent improvement needs of the School District.

The School District was able to make great strides during the 2013-2014 school year to secure its financial stability. First and foremost was the contract the School District agreed to with its teacher's union. The certified union agreed to a new three year contract in October 2013. The three year agreement covers the 2013-2014, 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 school years. The certified union agreed to a complete wage freeze for 2013-2014 with a contingent bonus up to 1 percent based on unrestricted State aid to be paid in July 2014, an experience step increase for 2014-2015 with a contingent bonus up to 1 percent based on unrestricted State aid to be paid in July 2015, and an experience step increase for 2015-2016 with a contingent base increase up to 1 percent based on unrestricted State aid. Also certified members at the high school agreed to teach six classes daily instead of five which will allow the School District to eventually reduce staff at that building without cutting the educational programs offered. Furthermore, the teachers agreed to begin paying 13 percent of their health insurance cost in 2016-2017. The School District's classified union had previously agreed to a wage freeze for the same three year period with a provision that they receive whatever contract enhancements the teachers received. Hence their contract was adjusted to include similar language for salaries. The School District's administration was moved to a 15 percent health insurance share for 2014-2015, but did receive a raise to offset just the first year of the increased cost. The effect should be a net zero for both sides for the first year, but the School District expects significant savings over time. Administrators were then promised the same salary changes the teachers received for 2014-2015 and 2015-2016. Roughly 84 percent of the School District's expenses are in salary and benefits. Thus, securing some concessions on labor costs as well as achieving three years of labor stability is a huge benefit to the School District.

The School District's financial picture was further improved by positive growth in revenue. In January 2014, the School District began receiving the proceeds of the five year emergency levy that was passed in May 2013. The levy receipts coupled with strong delinquency collections saw property tax receipts and their related line items increase by over \$1 million from fiscal year 2013 to fiscal year 2014. Another positive note is that following the massive property devaluation that occurred with the 2012 sexennial update, the School District's property values have begun to rebound. Currently, the School District is expecting to see a three percent growth in valuation when the triennial update occurs in 2015. The School District also saw its State aid under the new funding formula increase by over \$190,000 year-over-year. That was the first year-over-year increase in that line item in three years. Other revenue receipts were also driven higher by increased open enrollment and larger pay-to-participate fee collections.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Management's Discussion and Analysis*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*  
*Unaudited*

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The financial future of Louisville City School District is more stable than it has been in recent history, but there are still several long term problems on the horizon. Foremost, the School District still relies on the State for almost 63 percent of its funding. The School District's financial future is still tied to the political whims of the State and the views of the political party in power when it comes to educational funding. Also the School District is expecting 2014-2015 to be the eighth consecutive year of decreased enrollment. The School District expects that trend to continue for the next several years. The School District does have about 109 students leaving through open enrollment or charter school enrollment, but that is more than offset by the 153 students that choose to open enroll into the School District. The real problem is that there has simply been a decline in the number of children needing to be educated. Census data shows a steep decline in student population in recent years, a statistic which has been supported by the enrollment drop. The enrollment decline means the School District needs to constantly monitor its resources and make sure that it is right sized to fit the population it serves. The School District cannot afford to have excess capacity.

**Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact James Carman, Treasurer, at Louisville City School District, 407 E. Main Street, Louisville, Ohio 44641, or email at [jcarman@louisville.sparcc.org](mailto:jcarman@louisville.sparcc.org).

**Louisville City School District**

*Statement of Net Position*

*June 30, 2014*

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$5,719,821
Accrued Interest Receivable	700
Intergovernmental Receivable	204,989
Inventory Held for Resale	29,469
Materials and Supplies Inventory	5,559
Property Taxes Receivable	10,298,341
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	2,954,840
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>70,662,434</u>
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>89,876,153</u>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	
Deferred Charge on Refunding	<u>839,699</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Accounts Payable	76,698
Contracts Payable	7,432
Accrued Wages Payable	2,644,768
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	131,950
Intergovernmental Payable	608,340
Accrued Interest Payable	86,713
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,291,466
Due In More Than One Year	<u>30,247,022</u>
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>35,094,389</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Property Taxes	<u>9,584,520</u>
<b>Net Position</b>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	45,782,451
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	249,633
Debt Service	1,001,539
District Managed Student Activities	77,298
Other Purposes	279,604
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>(1,353,582)</u>
<i>Total Net Position</i>	<u>\$46,036,943</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**  
*Statement of Activities*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$12,036,581	\$710,044	\$7,200	(\$11,319,337)
Special	2,951,955	148,859	2,315,364	(487,732)
Vocational	422,405	27,157	33,174	(362,074)
Student Intervention Services	1,110,966	72,639	3,129	(1,035,198)
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,432,354	80,814	16,017	(1,335,523)
Instructional Staff	970,027	59,238	2,100	(908,689)
Board of Education	82,010	5,380	0	(76,630)
Administration	2,053,967	232,024	22,597	(1,799,346)
Fiscal	560,845	33,834	0	(527,011)
Business	37,923	2,357	0	(35,566)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,849,902	148,529	0	(3,701,373)
Pupil Transportation	1,305,653	76,451	0	(1,229,202)
Central	115,681	7,468	0	(108,213)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	1,696,933	696,566	897,638	(102,729)
Extracurricular Activities	927,493	437,528	21,162	(468,803)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,234,139	0	0	(1,234,139)
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$30,788,834</b>	<b>\$2,738,888</b>	<b>\$3,318,381</b>	<b>(24,731,565)</b>
<b>General Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
General Purposes				7,162,754
Debt Service				1,812,335
Capital Outlay				216,648
Classroom Facilities Maintenance				135,396
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs				14,604,298
Unrestricted Contributions				4,210
Payments in Lieu of Taxes				48,747
Investment Earnings				1,400
Miscellaneous				177,834
<b>Total General Revenues</b>				<b>24,163,622</b>
Change in Net Position				(567,943)
<i>Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated (See Note 3)</i>				46,604,886
<i>Net Position End of Year</i>				<b>\$46,036,943</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**

*Balance Sheet*

*Governmental Funds*

*June 30, 2014*

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Assets</b>				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,488,650	\$1,246,771	\$1,981,059	\$5,716,480
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,341	0	0	3,341
Accrued Interest Receivable	700	0	0	700
Intergovernmental Receivable	15,987	0	189,002	204,989
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	29,469	29,469
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	5,559	5,559
Taxes Receivable	8,214,208	1,815,635	268,498	10,298,341
<i>Total Assets</i>	<u>\$10,722,886</u>	<u>\$3,062,406</u>	<u>\$2,473,587</u>	<u>\$16,258,879</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts Payable	\$25,107	\$0	\$51,591	\$76,698
Contracts Payable	0	0	7,432	7,432
Accrued Wages Payable	2,418,028	0	226,740	2,644,768
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	131,950	0	0	131,950
Intergovernmental Payable	533,975	0	74,365	608,340
<i>Total Liabilities</i>	<u>3,109,060</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>360,128</u>	<u>3,469,188</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>				
Property Taxes	7,652,669	1,688,662	243,189	9,584,520
Unavailable Revenue	361,770	81,190	82,120	525,080
<i>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</i>	<u>8,014,439</u>	<u>1,769,852</u>	<u>325,309</u>	<u>10,109,600</u>
<b>Fund Balances</b>				
Nonspendable	3,341	0	5,559	8,900
Restricted	0	1,292,554	1,818,558	3,111,112
Assigned	105,875	0	0	105,875
Unassigned (Deficit)	(509,829)	0	(35,967)	(545,796)
<i>Total Fund Balances (Deficit)</i>	<u>(400,613)</u>	<u>1,292,554</u>	<u>1,788,150</u>	<u>2,680,091</u>
<i>Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</i>	<u>\$10,722,886</u>	<u>\$3,062,406</u>	<u>\$2,473,587</u>	<u>\$16,258,879</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**  
*Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to  
 Net Position of Governmental Activities  
 June 30, 2014*

<b>Total Governmental Funds Balances</b>	\$2,680,091
 <i>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because</i>	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	73,617,274
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Delinquent Property Taxes	459,224
Intergovernmental	65,856
Total	525,080
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(86,713)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
OSFC Bonds	(8,090,633)
Energy Conservation Bonds	(55,000)
Refunding Bonds	(21,653,916)
Deferred Charge on Refunding	839,699
Compensated Absences	(857,936)
Early Retirement Incentive	(10,075)
Capital Leases	(870,928)
Total	(30,698,789)
<i>Net Position of Governmental Activities</i>	<b>\$46,036,943</b>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*  
*Governmental Funds*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

	General	Bond Retirement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes	\$7,193,747	\$1,825,543	\$354,408	\$9,373,698
Intergovernmental	15,436,696	314,413	2,100,220	17,851,329
Interest	930	0	470	1,400
Tuition and Fees	1,344,846	0	0	1,344,846
Extracurricular Activities	285,089	0	397,767	682,856
Contributions and Donations	22,597	0	28,501	51,098
Customer Sales and Services	13,579	0	695,771	709,350
Rentals	1,836	0	0	1,836
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	48,747	0	0	48,747
Miscellaneous	169,835	0	7,999	177,834
<i>Total Revenues</i>	<u>24,517,902</u>	<u>2,139,956</u>	<u>3,585,136</u>	<u>30,242,994</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	10,888,517	0	23,167	10,911,684
Special	2,261,460	0	633,393	2,894,853
Vocational	413,929	0	0	413,929
Student Intervention Services	1,107,182	0	3,784	1,110,966
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,185,609	0	176,182	1,361,791
Instructional Staff	901,930	0	11,552	913,482
Board of Education	82,010	0	0	82,010
Administration	1,861,338	0	170,304	2,031,642
Fiscal	506,413	37,705	7,434	551,552
Business	35,928	0	1,995	37,923
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,268,668	0	292,041	2,560,709
Pupil Transportation	1,173,230	0	34,081	1,207,311
Central	113,841	0	1,840	115,681
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	12,108	0	1,557,880	1,569,988
Extracurricular Activities	609,968	0	294,853	904,821
Capital Outlay	0	0	722,354	722,354
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	945,000	187,022	1,132,022
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	1,052,759	37,157	1,089,916
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	<u>23,422,131</u>	<u>2,035,464</u>	<u>4,155,039</u>	<u>29,612,634</u>
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under)</i> <i>Expenditures</i>	<u>1,095,771</u>	<u>104,492</u>	<u>(569,903)</u>	<u>630,360</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Inception of Capital Lease	0	0	327,415	327,415
Transfers In	0	56,431	0	56,431
Transfers Out	(56,431)	0	0	(56,431)
<i>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>	<u>(56,431)</u>	<u>56,431</u>	<u>327,415</u>	<u>327,415</u>
<i>Net Change in Fund Balances</i>	1,039,340	160,923	(242,488)	957,775
<i>Fund Balances (Deficit) Beginning of Year</i>	<u>(1,439,953)</u>	<u>1,131,631</u>	<u>2,030,638</u>	<u>1,722,316</u>
<i>Fund Balances (Deficit) End of Year</i>	<u>(\$400,613)</u>	<u>\$1,292,554</u>	<u>\$1,788,150</u>	<u>\$2,680,091</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**  
*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes  
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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**Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds** \$957,775

*Amounts reported for governmental activities in the  
statement of activities are different because*

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay expense in the current period.

Capital Outlay	532,328	
Current Year Depreciation	(2,511,040)	
Total		(1,978,712)

Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of capital assets, while the statement of activities reports the related gain or loss on disposal. The difference is the net book value of the disposed capital assets. (219,168)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Delinquent Property Taxes	(46,565)	
Intergovernmental	24,462	
Total		(22,103)

Repayment of bond principal and capital lease is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. 1,132,022

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Bonds	1,779	
Amortization of Premium	79,650	
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Refunding	(54,174)	
Bond Accretion	(171,478)	
Total		(144,223)

Other financing sources such as inception of capital lease in the governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. (327,415)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	7,030	
Early Retirement Incentive	26,851	
Total		<u>33,881</u>

*Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities* (\$567,943)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**  
*Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes*  
*In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual*  
*General Fund*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property Taxes	\$6,922,604	\$7,080,726	\$7,190,771	\$110,045
Intergovernmental	15,263,014	15,494,257	15,500,075	5,818
Interest	250	1,248	1,077	(171)
Tuition and Fees	881,692	1,169,112	1,170,307	1,195
Extracurricular Activities	95,000	176,167	174,317	(1,850)
Customer Sales and Services	54,000	13,579	13,579	0
Rentals	5,950	1,836	1,836	0
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	33,000	48,747	48,747	0
Miscellaneous	77,433	152,970	170,009	17,039
<i>Total Revenues</i>	23,332,943	24,138,642	24,270,718	132,076
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	11,032,879	11,034,013	10,897,660	136,353
Special	2,270,182	2,275,519	2,250,396	25,123
Vocational	414,102	415,076	413,146	1,930
Student Intervention Services	1,191,239	1,194,040	1,175,224	18,816
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,239,900	1,242,815	1,227,017	15,798
Instructional Staff	973,453	975,742	942,455	33,287
Board of Education	86,756	86,960	81,077	5,883
Administration	1,837,163	1,841,482	1,815,003	26,479
Fiscal	534,701	535,958	529,426	6,532
Business	89,692	89,903	58,370	31,533
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,481,576	2,487,410	2,387,960	99,450
Pupil Transportation	1,267,428	1,270,408	1,203,636	66,772
Central	124,611	124,904	116,832	8,072
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	16,045	16,083	15,566	517
Extracurricular Activities	667,049	668,617	640,716	27,901
Capital Outlay	9,977	10,000	9,900	100
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	24,236,753	24,268,930	23,764,384	504,546
<i>Excess of Revenues Over (Under)</i> <i>Expenditures</i>	(903,810)	(130,288)	506,334	636,622
<b>Other Financing Uses</b>				
Transfers Out	(58,294)	(58,431)	(58,431)	0
<i>Net Change in Fund Balance</i>	(962,104)	(188,719)	447,903	636,622
<i>Fund Balance Beginning of Year</i>	1,015,853	1,015,853	1,015,853	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	344,386	344,386	344,386	0
<i>Fund Balance End of Year</i>	\$398,135	\$1,171,520	\$1,808,142	\$636,622

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**  
*Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities*  
*Agency Fund*  
*June 30, 2014*

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**Assets**

Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u><u>\$116,987</u></u>
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**Liabilities**

Due to Students	<u><u>\$116,987</u></u>
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See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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**Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity**

Louisville City School District (the “School District”) is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally elected Board of Education (the “Board”) form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and Federal guidelines.

The School District is located in Stark County and encompasses the entire City of Louisville, and a portion of Nimishillen Township. The School District has 4 instructional facilities, 1 bus garage, and 1 administrative facility, staffed by 155 classified employees and 180 certificated employees who provide services to 3,065 students and other community members.

*Reporting Entity*

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Louisville City School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

*Non-public Schools* - Within the School District boundaries, St. Thomas Aquinas High School, St. Louis Elementary and Sacred Heart Elementary are operated as non-public schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the non-public schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the non-public schools. These transactions are reported in a special revenue fund as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization’s resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burden on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with the Stark County Schools Council of Government Workers’ Compensation Group Rating Program, an insurance purchasing pool; Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, the R.G. Drage Career Center and the Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council, jointly governed organizations; and the Louisville Public Library, a related organization. These organizations are presented in Notes 14, 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the Louisville City School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

***Basis of Presentation***

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

***Government-wide Financial Statements*** The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

***Fund Financial Statements*** During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

***Fund Accounting***

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. The School District has two categories of funds: governmental and fiduciary.

***Governmental Funds*** Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for or reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund** The bond retirement debt service fund is used to account for and report the accumulation of property tax revenue restricted for the payment of general obligation bonds.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

**Fiduciary Fund Type** Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

**Measurement Focus**

**Government-wide Financial Statements** The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in total net position.

**Fund Financial Statements** All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (e.g., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (e.g., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

**Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

**Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions** Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

***Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources*** In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

***Expenses/Expenditures*** On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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***Cash and Cash Equivalents***

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents."

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to STAROhio. Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

STAROhio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAROhio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAROhio are valued at STAROhio's net asset value per share which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$930, which includes \$320 assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

***Restricted Assets***

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature of normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or the laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions. Restricted assets on the balance sheet represent cash and cash equivalents for unclaimed monies.

***Inventory***

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed/expended when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food and supplies held for resale, and supplies held for consumption. Inventory is recorded at fair market value for commodities.

***Capital Assets***

All capital assets of the School District are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received.

The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

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All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	10 years
Vehicles	15 years

***Compensated Absences***

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for all accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District had identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees within three years of retirement.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund from which the employee who has accumulated unpaid leave is paid.

***Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations***

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

***Internal Activity***

Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

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*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

***Fund Balance***

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

***Nonspendable*** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The “not in spendable form” criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

***Restricted*** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

***Committed*** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

***Assigned*** Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the School District Board of Education. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or by State statute. The School District Board of Education assigned fund balances for public school support, rotary, adult education and summer school.

***Unassigned*** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

***Net Position***

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in the statement of net position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include food service, auxiliary services and classroom maintenance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

***Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

***Budgetary Data***

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object level within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the amended certificate that was in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education. Prior to June 30, the Board requested and received an amended certificate in which estimated revenue closely reflects actual revenue for the fiscal year.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

**Note 3 – Restatement of Net Position**

During fiscal year 2014, it was determined that there were misstatements related to capital assets. Construction in progress and net investment in capital assets were overstated by \$1,988,141, decreasing net position from \$48,593,027 to \$46,604,886 at June 30, 2013.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

**Note 4 – Fund Balance**

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Bond Retirement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
<i><b>Nonspendable</b></i>				
Inventory	\$0	\$0	\$5,559	\$5,559
Unclaimed Monies	3,341	0	0	3,341
<i>Total Nonspendable</i>	<u>3,341</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5,559</u>	<u>8,900</u>
<i><b>Restricted for</b></i>				
Classroom Maintenance	0	0	203,501	203,501
District Managed Activities	0	0	77,298	77,298
Non-Instructional Services	0	0	30,377	30,377
Other Purposes	0	0	28,448	28,448
Debt Service Payments	0	1,292,554	0	1,292,554
Capital Improvements	0	0	1,478,934	1,478,934
<i>Total Restricted</i>	<u>0</u>	<u>1,292,554</u>	<u>1,818,558</u>	<u>3,111,112</u>
<i><b>Assigned to</b></i>				
Public School Support	68,827	0	0	68,827
Rotary	4,208	0	0	4,208
Adult Education	3,663	0	0	3,663
Summer School	29,177	0	0	29,177
<i>Total Assigned</i>	<u>105,875</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>105,875</u>
<i>Unassigned (Deficit)</i>	<u>(509,829)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(35,967)</u>	<u>(545,796)</u>
<i>Total Fund Balances (Deficit)</i>	<u><u>(\$400,613)</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,292,554</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,788,150</u></u>	<u><u>\$2,680,091</u></u>

**Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).

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*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies, public school support, rotary and summer school funds are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$1,039,340
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(557,091)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(148,212)
Perspective Differences:	
Uniform School Supplies	362,680
Public School Support	242,026
Rotary	8,760
Summer School	9,577
Encumbrances	<u>(509,177)</u>
Budget Basis	<u><u>\$447,903</u></u>

**Note 6 - Deposits and Investments**

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim moneys are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

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Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio); and
8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances of training requirement have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

**Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, \$3,551,550 of the School District's bank balance of \$4,051,550 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

**Investments**

As of June 30, 2014, the School District had \$1,858,739 invested in STAROhio, which has an average maturity of 51.4 days.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
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**Interest Rate Risk** The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

**Credit Risk** STAROhio carries a rating of AAAM by Standard and Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

### **Note 7 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2014 represents collections of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2014 represents collections of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013 and are collected in calendar year 2014 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Stark County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the county by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$199,769 in the general fund, \$45,783 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$5,566 in the permanent improvements capital projects fund, and \$3,479, in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2013, was \$196,793 in the general fund, \$61,245 in the bond retirement debt service fund, \$7,001 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund, and \$4,374 in the classroom facilities maintenance special revenue fund. The difference is in the timing and collection by the County Auditor.

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On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2014 taxes were collected are:

	2013 Second- Half Collections		2014 First- Half Collections	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Real Estate	\$304,978,320	97.20 %	\$308,053,970	97.09 %
Public Utility Personal	8,784,510	2.80	9,247,130	2.91
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$313,762,830</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>	<b>\$317,301,100</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$49.10		\$53.00	

The tax rate increased due to the five year emergency levy that was passed in May 2013.

**Note 8 - Receivables**

Receivables at June 30, 2014, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent and student fees), interest and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables except for a portion of the delinquent property taxes are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables follows:

	Amount
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	
IDEA-B Grant	\$98,075
Title I Grant	66,957
Stimulus Title II Grant	20,650
Medicaid	15,987
Early Childhood Special Education Grant	3,320
<i>Total Governmental Activities</i>	<b>\$204,989</b>

**Louisville City School District**  
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**Note 9 – Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/13 <u>(Restated)</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 6/30/14 <u></u>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>				
Capital Assets, not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$2,954,840	\$0	\$0	\$2,954,840
Construction in Progress	43,558,395	204,913	(43,763,308)	0
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	<u>46,513,235</u>	<u>204,913</u>	<u>(43,763,308)</u>	<u>2,954,840</u>
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	38,316,075	43,219,650	(75,745)	81,459,980
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	7,863,191	543,658	(1,665,992)	6,740,857
Vehicles	2,381,764	327,415	0	2,709,179
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	<u>48,561,030</u>	<u>44,090,723</u>	<u>(1,741,737)</u>	<u>90,910,016</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and Improvements	(11,019,016)	(1,869,397)	8,644	(12,879,769)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(6,689,931)	(543,759)	1,513,925	(5,719,765)
Vehicles	(1,550,164)	(97,884)	0	(1,648,048)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(19,259,111)</u>	<u>(2,511,040) *</u>	<u>1,522,569</u>	<u>(20,247,582)</u>
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, net	<u>29,301,919</u>	<u>41,579,683</u>	<u>(219,168)</u>	<u>70,662,434</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$75,815,154</u>	<u>\$41,784,596</u>	<u>(\$43,982,476)</u>	<u>\$73,617,274</u>

\* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$925,013
Special	44,542
Vocational	7,880
Support Services:	
Pupils	27,936
Instructional Staff	48,902
Administration	33,545
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,202,904
Pupil Transportation	93,978
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	105,263
Extracurricular Activities	21,077
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$2,511,040</u>

**Louisville City School District**  
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**Note 10 - Risk Management**

***Property and Liability***

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2014, the School District's contracted with Ohio Casualty Insurance for the following coverage:

Type of Coverage	Coverage	Deductible
Liability	\$1,000,000/\$2,000,000	\$5,000
School Leaders Errors/Omissions	\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000	\$2,500
Law Enforcement Liability	\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000	\$2,500
Sexual Misconduct/Molestation	\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000	\$0
Employers Stop Gap Liability	\$1,000,000/\$2,000,000	\$0
Employee Benefits Liability	\$1,000,000/\$3,000,000	\$1,000
Excess Liability/Umbrella	\$5,000,000/\$5,000,000	\$0
Fleet Insurance	\$1,000,000 liability	\$250/\$500
Property Insurance	\$113,982,887	\$5,000
Inland Marine	\$2,624,313	\$500
Crime	\$50,000	\$1,000
Employee Dishonesty	\$50,000	\$1,000
Coverage According to the Terrorism Risk Insurance Act (TRIA) of 2002 and 2005	N/A	N/A

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from last year.

***Worker's Compensation***

The School District participates in the Stark County Schools Council of Government Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 14). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP, and the firm of AultComp provides medical review analysis services to the GRP.

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**Note 11 - Set Asides**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end and carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amount for capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Acquisition
Set-aside Balances as of June 30, 2013	\$0
Current Year Set-aside Requirement	525,466
Current Year Offsets	(492,339)
Qualifying Disbursements	(72,155)
Totals	(\$39,028)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$0
Set-aside Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$0

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements and offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

**Note 12 - Capital Leases**

In a prior fiscal year, the School District entered into a lease agreement for football stadium bleachers. In fiscal year 2014, the School District entered into a lease for four school buses. These lease obligations meet the criteria of a capital lease and have been recorded on the government-wide statements. The payments for these capital leases are shown on a GAAP basis as debt service expenditures in permanent improvement capital projects fund.

	Governmental Activities
Asset:	
Vehicles and Bleachers	\$1,377,715
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(96,253)
Current Book Value	\$1,281,462

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and present value of the minimum lease payments:

	Governmental Activities
2015	\$230,212
2016	230,212
2017	230,212
2018	230,212
2019	35,495
Total Minimum Lease Payment	956,343
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(85,415)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$870,928

**Note 13 – Long-Term Obligations**

Changes in long-term obligations of the School District during fiscal year 2014 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding 6/30/13	Additions	Deletions	Amount Outstanding 6/30/14	Amounts Due in One Year
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
2009 School Facilities Bonds (2.00%-5.00%)					
Serial Bonds	\$2,035,000	\$0	\$150,000	\$1,885,000	\$150,000
Term Bonds	5,810,000	0	0	5,810,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	30,000	0	0	30,000	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	54,105	26,036	0	80,141	0
Premium	298,180	0	12,688	285,492	0
Total 2009 School Facilities Bonds	8,227,285	26,036	162,688	8,090,633	150,000
Energy Conservation Bonds (6.125%)	105,000	0	50,000	55,000	55,000
Ohio School Facilities Commission					
Refunding Bonds (0.70%-4.00%)					
Serial Bonds	16,455,000	0	745,000	15,710,000	785,000
Term Bonds	4,240,000	0	0	4,240,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	275,000	0	0	275,000	0
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	245,570	145,442	0	391,012	0
Premium	1,104,866	0	66,962	1,037,904	0
Total Ohio School Facilities Commission	22,320,436	145,442	811,962	21,653,916	785,000
Capital Leases	730,535	327,415	187,022	870,928	196,198
Compensated Absences	864,966	124,711	131,741	857,936	95,193
Early Retirement Incentive	36,926	0	26,851	10,075	10,075
Total Governmental Activities	\$32,285,148	\$623,604	\$1,370,264	\$31,538,488	\$1,291,466

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

On October 15, 2001, Louisville City School District issued \$26,270,000 in voted general obligation serial bonds for the construction of a new Middle School, and renovations and additions to North Nimishillen Elementary and to the High School. The bonds were issued for a twenty-nine year period with final maturity at December 1, 2029. These bonds were partially refunded in fiscal year 2011 and the nonrefunded portion was fully repaid in fiscal year 2012.

On August 27, 2009 the School District issued \$8,500,000 in Ohio School Facilities Commission bonds which included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds in the amounts of \$2,660,000, \$5,810,000 and \$30,000 respectively. The bonds were issued to construct one elementary school to replace three existing elementary schools and to do additional renovations at the Louisville High School. The bonds were issued at an interest rate of 2 to 5 percent for a 27 year period with a maturity date at December 1, 2036.

The serial, term, and capital appreciation bonds remained outstanding at June 30, 2014. Interest on the capital appreciation bonds will be accreted annually until the point of maturity of the capital appreciation bonds which is 2020 through 2022.

The final maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2014 is \$590,000. The accretion recorded for 2014 was \$26,036, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$110,141.

The 2009 School Facilities Commission term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027, 2032 and 2036 are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

Year	Issue		
	\$1,025,000	\$1,855,000	\$2,930,000
2024	\$180,000	\$0	\$0
2025	295,000	0	0
2026	305,000	0	0
2030	0	590,000	0
2031	0	615,000	0
2033	0	0	680,000
2034	0	0	715,000
2035	0	0	750,000
Total	\$780,000	\$1,205,000	\$2,145,000

The remaining principal amount of the term bonds (\$245,000, \$650,000, and \$785,000) will mature at the stated maturity.

On September 15, 1997, Louisville City School District issued \$555,000 in energy conservation bonds. The bonds were issued for a fifteen-year period with final maturity at June 1, 2015.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

On December 2, 2010, the School District issued \$21,970,000 in general obligation bonds to refund a portion of the Ohio School Facilities Commission general obligation serial bonds in order to take advantage of lower interest rates. The bonds included serial, term and capital appreciation (deep discount) bonds in the amount of \$17,455,000, \$4,240,000 and \$275,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2029. The final maturity amount of outstanding capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2014, is \$2,215,000. The accretion recorded for 2014 was \$145,442, for a total outstanding bond liability of \$666,012.

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$1,272,270. Net proceeds of \$22,999,308 were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30, 2014, \$21,045,000 of the defeased bonds are still outstanding.

The Ohio School Facilities Commission Refunding term bonds maturing on December 1, 2029 are subject to mandatory sinking fund. The mandatory redemption is to occur in December 2028 (with the remaining principal amount of \$2,185,000 to be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2029) at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, according to the following schedule:

Year	Amount
2028	\$2,055,000

The school facilities bonds and the energy conservation bonds will be paid from the debt service fund. Compensated absences and the early retirement incentive are to be paid from the general fund, food service, auxiliary services, title VI-B, and title I special revenue funds. Capital leases will be paid from the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

The overall debt margin of the School District as of June 30, 2014 was \$1,929,653 with an unvoted debt margin of \$317,301.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds					
	Serial		Term		Capital Appreciation	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	\$935,000	\$1,027,465	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2016	980,000	1,007,565	0	0	0	0
2017	1,095,000	983,278	0	0	0	0
2018	1,150,000	953,403	0	0	0	0
2019	110,000	935,440	0	0	150,000	945,000
2020-2024	5,665,000	4,334,102	0	0	155,000	1,555,000
2025-2029	7,300,000	1,476,302	3,080,000	1,326,705	0	0
2030-2034	360,000	246,396	4,720,000	751,983	0	0
2035-2037	0	0	2,250,000	172,250	0	0
Total	\$17,595,000	\$10,963,951	\$10,050,000	\$2,250,938	\$305,000	\$2,500,000

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

	2007 Energy Conservation Bonds	
	Principal	Interest
2015	\$55,000	\$3,369

**Note 14 - Insurance Purchasing Pool**

The Stark County Schools Council of Government Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program has created a group insurance pool for the purpose of creating a group rating plan for workers' compensation. The governing body is comprised of the superintendents and representatives who have been appointed by the respective governing body of each member.

The intent of the pool is to achieve a reduced rate for the School District by the group with other members of the group. The injury claim history of all participating members is used to calculate a common rate for the group. An annual fee is paid to Comp Management, Inc. to administer the group and to manage any injury claims. Premium savings created by the group are prorated to each member entity annually based on the percentage created by comparing its payroll to the total payroll of the group.

**Note 15 - Jointly Governed Organizations**

***Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium*** The Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium (SPARCC) is a jointly governed organization created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes made up of public school districts and educational service centers from Stark, Portage, and Carroll Counties. The primary function of SPARCC is to provide data processing services to its member districts with the major emphasis being placed on accounting, inventory control and payroll services. Other areas of service provided by SPARCC include student scheduling, registration, grade reporting, and test scoring. Each member district pays an annual fee for the services provided by SPARCC.

SPARCC is governed by a board of directors comprised of each Superintendent within the Consortium. The Stark County Educational Service Center serves as the fiscal agent of the Consortium and receives funding from the State Department of Education. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Consortium including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. Louisville City School District paid \$50,655 to SPARCC during fiscal year 2014 for services. Financial information can be obtained by writing the Stark/Portage Area Computer Consortium, 2100 38<sup>th</sup> Street N.W., Canton, Ohio 44709.

***R.G. Drage Career Center*** The Stark County Area Vocational School (R.G. Drage) is a joint vocational school which is a jointly governed organization among six school districts. It is operated under the direction of a seven member Board consisting of one representative from each of the six participating school district's boards and one board member that rotates from each participating district. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Center including budgeting, appropriating, contracting and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. R.G. Drage offers vocational education. The Board has its own budgeting and taxing authority. The School District did not pay R.G. Drage for services during fiscal year 2014. Financial information can be obtained by writing the R.G. Drage Career Center, 6805 Richville Drive S.W., Massillon, Ohio 44646.

***Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council*** The Stark County Tax Incentive Review Council (TIRC) is a jointly governed organization, created as a regional council of governments pursuant to State statutes. TIRC has 24 members, consisting of three members appointed by the County Commissioners, four

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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members appointed by municipal corporations, ten members appointed by township trustees, one member from the county auditor's office and six members appointed by boards of education located within the enterprise zones of Stark County. The Board exercises total control over the operations of the Council including budgeting, appropriating, contracting, and designating management. Each participant's degree of control is limited to its representation on the Board. The TIRC reviews and evaluates the performance of each Enterprise Zone Agreement. This body is advisory in nature and cannot directly impact an existing Enterprise Zone Agreement; however, the council can make written recommendations to the legislative authority that approved the agreement. There is no cost associated with being a member of this Council.

**Note 16 – Related Organization**

The Louisville Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Louisville City School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District serves as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Louisville Public Library, 700 Lincoln Avenue, Louisville, Ohio 44641.

**Note 17 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

*School Employees Retirement System*

Plan Description – The School District participates in the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the allocation to pension and death benefits was 13.10 percent. The remaining .90 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is allocated to the Medicare B and Health Care funds. The School District's required contributions for pension obligations to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$435,630, \$451,081 and \$437,679, respectively. For fiscal year 2014, 74.67 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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***State Teachers Retirement System***

Plan Description – The School District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that can be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio Web site at [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org).

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon the recommendation of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 11 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate will be increased one percent each year beginning July 1, 2013, until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations.

The School District's required contributions to STRS Ohio for the DB Plan and for the defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan were \$1,527,561 and \$99,655 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, \$1,556,703 and \$102,355 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and \$1,757,194 and \$100,086 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. For fiscal year 2014, 83.04 percent has been contributed for the DB plan and 83.04 percent has been contributed for the Combined Plan, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

Contributions made to STRS Ohio for the DC Plan for fiscal year 2014 were \$16,108 made by the School District and \$12,656 made by the plan members. In addition, member contributions of \$78,301 were made for fiscal year 2013 for the defined contribution portion of the Combined Plan.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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***Social Security System***

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System. As of June 30, 2014, one member of the Board of Education has elected Social Security. The Board's liability is 6.2 percent of wages.

**Note 18 - Postemployment Benefits**

***School Employees Retirement System***

Plan Description – The School District participates in two cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries up to a statutory limit. Benefit provisions and the obligation to contribute are established by SERS based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at [www.ohsers.org](http://www.ohsers.org) under Employers/Audit Resources.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For fiscal year 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined amount; for fiscal year 2014, this amount was \$20,250. During fiscal year 2014, the School District paid \$66,507 in surcharge.

Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$71,163, \$74,376, and \$87,881, respectively. For fiscal year 2014, 74.67 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The School District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$25,273, \$25,481, and \$25,847 respectively. For fiscal year 2014, 74.67 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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***State Teachers Retirement System***

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which can be obtained by visiting [www.strsoh.org](http://www.strsoh.org) or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$121,702, \$127,620, and \$135,169, respectively. For fiscal year 2014, 83.04 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. The STRS Board voted to discontinue the current one percent allocation to the health care fund effective July 1, 2014.

**Note 19 - Other Employee Benefits**

***Compensated Absences***

The criteria for determining vacation, personal and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Eligible employees earn three days of personal leave per year, which may not be accumulated. Full-time classified employees earn five to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service; part-time 12-month employees earn vacation on a prorated basis. Accumulated vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated with a maximum of 276 days for both classified and certified employees and unlimited for administrators. Upon retirement of a classified employee, payment is made for one-fourth of total sick leave accumulation, for a maximum payment of 72 days. Upon retirement of a certified employee, payment is made for one-fourth of accumulated but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 72 days. Upon retirement of administrators, payment is made for one-fourth of total sick leave accumulation, for an unlimited amount of days. Employees receiving such payment must meet the retirement provisions set by STRS or SERS.

***Early Notification of Retirement Incentive***

Any employee giving notice of retirement no later than February 1 in any year, will receive double severance pay up to a maximum of \$10,000 for the doubled portion. The Board does not limit the number of employees participating in the plan in any one year. The program ended after fiscal year 2013, with the final related payments of \$10,075 to be paid in July of 2014. These expenditures are reflected in the funds from which the employee's salary and severance are paid.

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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***Life Insurance***

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance through Consumer's Life, to eligible employees.

***Longevity***

The Board pays a longevity allowance to classified personnel at 8 years, 12 years, 16 years, and 20 years of continuous service in the School District. The allowance amount is based on contract length, and is described in the negotiated agreement.

***Insurance Benefits***

The School District also provides medical/surgical insurance, prescription drug, vision and dental insurance through the Stark County Schools Council of Governments to all eligible employees. Employees have the option of choosing a traditional comprehensive plan with 80 percent co-payment of major medical expenses after deductibles or a Preferred Provider Organization (Medical Mutual or Aultcare) plan with a 90 percent co-pay of major medical expenses after deductibles.

**Note 20 - Contingencies**

***Grants***

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2014, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

***Litigation***

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

**Note 21 – Accountability**

At June 30, 2014, the following funds had deficit fund balances:

	<u>Amount</u>
<b><i>Major Funds</i></b>	
General Fund	(\$400,613)
<b><i>Non-Major Funds</i></b>	
Food Service	(17,955)
Class Size Reduction	(5,366)
Title I	(5,194)
Preschool Grant	(1,893)

**Louisville City School District**  
*Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*  
*For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014*

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The deficit balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

**Note 22 - Interfund Transfers**

During fiscal year 2014, the general fund transferred \$56,431 to the bond retirement debt service fund for debt obligations. The transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15, and 5705.16.

**Note 23 – Significant Commitments**

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General Fund	\$509,177
Other Governmental Funds	<u>190,014</u>
	<u><u>\$699,191</u></u>

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LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STARK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARD RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
<b><u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u></b>					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>					
<i>Child Nutrition Cluster:</i>					
<i>Cash Assistance:</i>					
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$95,430		\$95,430	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	467,015		467,015	
<i>Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)</i>					
National School Lunch Program	10.555		122,886		122,886
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		562,445	122,886	562,445	122,886
<b>Total U.S. Department of Agriculture</b>		<b>562,445</b>	<b>122,886</b>	<b>562,445</b>	<b>122,886</b>
<b><u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u></b>					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>					
<i>Special Education Cluster:</i>					
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	581,059		604,631	
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	15,503		15,530	
<b>Total Special Education Cluster</b>		<b>596,562</b>		<b>620,161</b>	
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	362,155		365,636	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	86,587		90,389	
ARRA - Race to the Top Incentive Grants Recovery Act, Resident Educator Program	84.395	2,100		2,100	
<b>Total U.S. Department of Education</b>		<b>1,047,404</b>		<b>1,078,286</b>	
<b><u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES</u></b>					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Development Services Agency</i>					
Medical Assistance Program (CAFS)	93.778	53,212		0	
<b>Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services</b>		<b>53,212</b>		<b>0</b>	
<b>Totals</b>		<b>\$1,663,061</b>	<b>\$122,886</b>	<b>\$1,640,731</b>	<b>\$122,886</b>

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

**LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STARK COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES  
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014**

**NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures Schedule (the Schedule) reports the Louisville City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

**NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

**NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

**NOTE D – MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (CAFS)**

The District received \$53,212 for the Medical Assistance Program which relates to settlement for CAFS services provided during prior years.



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Louisville City School District  
Stark County  
407 East Main St.  
Louisville, OH 44641

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Louisville City School District, Stark County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 13, 2015 wherein we noted the District restated capital assets construction in progress.

### ***Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider a material weakness.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider finding 2014-001 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be a material weakness.

***Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

***Purpose of this Report***

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping initial "D".

**Dave Yost**  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

February 13, 2015



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Louisville City School District  
Stark County  
407 East Main St.  
Louisville, OH 44641

To the Board of Education:

### ***Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Louisville City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Louisville City School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs identifies the District's major federal program.

### ***Management's Responsibility***

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

### ***Opinion on the Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, the Louisville City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2014.

***Report on Internal Control Over Compliance***

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Entity's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



**Dave Yost**  
Auditor of State  
Columbus, Ohio

February 13, 2015

**LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT  
STARK COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS  
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505  
JUNE 30, 2014**

**1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

<i>(d)(1)(i)</i>	<b>Type of Financial Statement Opinion</b>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<b>Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	Yes
<i>(d)(1)(ii)</i>	<b>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iii)</i>	<b>Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?</b>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<b>Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?</b>	No
<i>(d)(1)(iv)</i>	<b>Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?</b>	No
<i>(d)(1)(v)</i>	<b>Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion</b>	Unmodified
<i>(d)(1)(vi)</i>	<b>Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?</b>	No
<i>(d)(1)(vii)</i>	<b>Major Programs (list):</b>	Nutrition Cluster CFDA 10.553 and 10.555
<i>(d)(1)(viii)</i>	<b>Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs</b>	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
<i>(d)(1)(ix)</i>	<b>Low Risk Auditee?</b>	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

**Capital Asset Records**

<i>Finding Number</i>	2014-001
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MATERIAL WEAKNESS

During fiscal year 2014, the District restated their beginning balance of capital assets to decrease the amount reported for construction in progress by \$1,988,141 due to errors found in supporting asset records. In addition, the ending balance reported in the District's financial statements did not agree to their Schedule of Changes in Fixed Assets by Class (EIS) Report which was understated in total by \$2,957,125 over all asset categories. Finally, \$1,660,623 of assets were removed from the District's detailed asset listing such as textbooks, chairs, and uniforms that should not have been capitalized since they did not meet the District's capitalization threshold; however, the District only maintained support for \$228,454 of these deleted assets. Without maintaining proper capital asset records, the District will be unable to help ensure completeness over assets owned by the District.

The District should maintain a detailed listing of capital assets that agrees to the financial statements to help ensure accuracy and completeness of capital assets for financial reporting purposes. In addition, the District should periodically reconcile the detailed listing for each asset class to the summary reported in the financial statements including removing any items the District does not currently own.

**Officials Response:** We did not receive a response from officials regarding the above finding.

<b>3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS</b>
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None



# Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**LOUISVILLE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**STARK COUNTY**

**CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

**This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.**

*Susan Babbitt*

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU**

**CERTIFIED  
MARCH 10, 2015**