SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Marysville Exempted Village School District Union County 1000 Edgewood Drive Marysville, Ohio 43040

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marysville Exempted Village School District, Union County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Marysville Exempted Village School District Union County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marysville Exempted Village School District, Union County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Marysville Exempted Village School District Union County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 29, 2015

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

The management's discussion and analysis of Marysville Exempted Village School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2014 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$11,445,404. Net position of governmental activities increased \$11,371,496, which represents an 80.51 percent increase from 2013. Net position of business-type activities increased \$73,908 or 208.48 percent from 2013.
- General revenues accounted for \$49,849,563 in revenue or 70.16 percent of all governmental activities revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions accounted for \$21,203,119 or 29.84 percent of total governmental activities revenues of \$71,052,682.
- The District had \$59,681,186 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$21,203,119 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$49,849,563 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major governmental funds are the general fund, bond retirement fund, permanent improvement fund and the Straight-A fund. The general fund had \$45,279,327 in revenues and other financing sources and \$44,911,193 in expenditures and other financing uses. The fund balance of the general fund increased from a deficit of \$500,599 to a deficit of \$132,465.
- The bond retirement fund had \$27,674,955 in revenues and other financing sources and \$27,355,300 in expenditures and other financing uses. The bond retirement fund accounted for two refunding bond issuances during fiscal year 2014.
- The permanent improvement fund had \$3,929,962 in revenues and \$2,857,068 in expenditures. The fund balance of the permanent improvement fund increased from \$5,281,913 to \$6,354,807.
- As a recipient of Ohio's Straight-A Fund Innovation Grant, the District is establishing a Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) Early College High School (Marysville ECHS). The Straight-A fund was established in fiscal year 2014 to account for this \$12.4 million grant, which includes costs to construct and renovate the building that will be used for the Marysville ECHS. Columbus State College, Honda, Union County Chamber of Commerce, EdWorks, and Ohio Hi Point have partnered with the District to establish Ohio's first manufacturing related STEM Early College High School. Marysville ECHS is scheduled to open in August of 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

Using this Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The *statement of net position* and *statement of activities* provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. The District has four major governmental funds: the general fund, bond retirement fund, permanent improvement fund and the Straight-A fund.

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues* and *expenses* except for fiduciary funds using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Business-Type Activities - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all or a significant portion of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The District's special enterprise-day care programs are reported as business-type activities.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 16-17 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 11. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-24 of this report.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund uses the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match information provided in the statements for the District as a whole. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-27 of this report.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as a private-purpose trust fund. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position on pages 28 and 29. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 30-61 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

The District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2014 and 2013.

	Govern	mental vities		ss-Type vities	Total		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
<u>Assets</u> Current assets Capital assets, net	\$ 51,917,512 100,779,141	\$ 41,360,723 101,278,756	\$ 151,116 <u>3,240</u>	\$ 102,131	\$ 52,068,628 100,782,381	\$ 41,462,854 101,278,756	
Total assets	152,696,653	142,639,479	154,356	102,131	152,851,009	142,741,610	
Deferred outflows	3,574,581	2,177,057			3,574,581	2,177,057	
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	7,480,235 96,671,632 104,151,867	7,734,836 99,516,292 107,251,128	31,457 <u>13,540</u> <u>44,997</u>	54,556 12,124 66,680	7,511,692 96,685,172 104,196,864	7,789,392 99,528,416 107,317,808	
Deferred inflows	26,623,067	23,440,604			26,623,067	23,440,604	
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	18,446,320 15,796,906 (8,746,926)	15,725,573 7,719,807 (9,320,576)	3,240	35,451	18,449,560 15,796,906 (8,640,807)	15,725,573 7,719,807 (9,285,125)	
Total net position	\$ 25,496,300	\$ 14,124,804	\$ 109,359	\$ 35,451	\$ 25,605,659	\$ 14,160,255	

Net Position

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				Totals	
	2014	2013		2014		2013	2014	2013
<u>Revenues</u>								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,439,519	\$ 2,851,418	\$	507,056	\$	431,871	\$ 2,946,575	\$ 3,283,289
Operating grants and contributions	6,266,318	4,864,283		-		-	6,266,318	4,864,283
Capital grants and contributions	12,497,282	-		-		-	12,497,282	-
General revenues:								
Property taxes	24,505,782	29,690,360		-		-	24,505,782	29,690,360
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,077,141	1,180,263		-		-	1,077,141	1,180,263
Grants and entitlements not restricted	24,148,217	24,040,003		-		-	24,148,217	24,040,003
Investment earnings	10,472	27,292		-		-	10,472	27,292
Miscellaneous	107,951	328,371				<u> </u>	107,951	328,371
Total revenues	71,052,682	62,981,990		507,056		431,871	71,559,738	63,413,861

The biggest decrease in revenues was for property taxes. Property taxes decreased \$5,184,578 due to the amount of taxes available as an advance and reported as revenue. The tax advance available is reported as revenue in the basic financial statements (see Note 6 to the basic financial statements for detail). The amount of taxes available as an advance can vary depending on when tax bills are sent to the taxpayer.

The largest increase in revenues was for capital grants and contributions, which is a result of the Straight-A grant awarded to the District for the Marysville ECHS during fiscal year 2014.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 68.48 percent of total governmental revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

Change in Net Position (Continued)

	Governmental		Busine	ess-Type		
	Activ	vities	Act	ivities	Te	otals
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Expenses						
Program expenses:						
Instruction:	\$ 32,500,565	\$ 30,258,056	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,500,565	\$30,258,056
Support services:						
Pupil	3,129,512	3,595,897	-	-	3,129,512	3,595,897
Instructional staff	3,474,015	4,280,666	-	-	3,474,015	4,280,666
Board of education	197,847	187,705	-	-	197,847	187,705
Administration	3,473,677	3,616,942	-	-	3,473,677	3,616,942
Fiscal	1,346,824	1,190,190	-	-	1,346,824	1,190,190
Business	396,368	604,923	-	-	396,368	604,923
Operations and maintenance	4,694,653	4,267,731	-	-	4,694,653	4,267,731
Pupil transportation	2,321,563	2,359,898	-	-	2,321,563	2,359,898
Central	438,324	510,626	-	-	438,324	510,626
Operation of non-instructional services:						
Other non-instructional services	171,096	195,093	-	-	171,096	195,093
Food service operations	1,900,230	2,181,190	-	-	1,900,230	2,181,190
Extracurricular activities	1,008,915	1,081,565	-	-	1,008,915	1,081,565
Interest and fiscal charges	4,369,617	4,534,036	-	-	4,369,617	4,534,036
Bond issue costs	257,980	159,464	-	-	257,980	159,464
Special enterprise-day care	-	-	433,148	435,650	433,148	435,650
Total expenses	59,681,186	59,023,982	433,148	435,650	60,114,334	59,459,632
Changes in net position	11,371,496	3,958,008	73,908	(3,779)	11,445,404	3,954,229
Net position at beginning						
of year	14,124,804	10,166,796	35,451	39,230	14,160,255	10,206,026
Net position at end of year	\$ 25,496,300	\$ 14,124,804	\$ 109,359	\$ 35,451	\$ 25,605,659	\$14,160,255

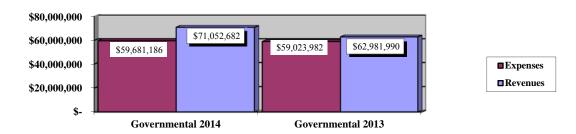
Governmental Activities

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$11,371,496. Total governmental expenses of \$59,681,186 were offset by program revenues of \$21,203,119, and general revenues of \$49,849,563. Program revenues supported 35.53 percent of the total governmental expenses. The District being a recipient of the \$12.4 million Straight-A grant to establish and construct the Marysville ECHS contributed to the increase in the net position of the governmental activities.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$32,500,565 or 54.46 percent of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2014. Instruction expenses increased by 7.41 percent during fiscal year 2014. During fiscal year 2013, instruction expenses decreased due to attrition of staff.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue and expenses for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.



Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants and contributions offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2014 and 2013. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2014	Net Cost of Services 2014	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013
Instruction:	\$ 32,500,565	\$ 16,984,728	\$ 30,258,056	\$ 26,398,822
Support services:				
Pupil	3,129,512	2,960,885	3,595,897	3,327,250
Instructional staff	3,474,015	1,562,070	4,280,666	4,013,326
Board of education	197,847	187,540	187,705	187,705
Administration	3,473,677	2,785,034	3,616,942	3,386,058
Fiscal	1,346,824	1,346,824	1,190,190	1,190,190
Business	396,368	396,368	604,923	604,923
Operations and maintenance	4,694,653	4,588,679	4,267,731	4,151,178
Pupil transportation	2,321,563	2,167,348	2,359,898	2,228,020
Central	438,324	438,223	510,626	506,536
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	171,096	(1,646)	195,093	40,421
Food service operations	1,900,230	(544)	2,181,190	99,625
Extracurricular activities	1,008,915	434,961	1,081,565	480,727
Interest and fiscal charges	4,369,617	4,369,617	4,534,036	4,534,036
Bond issue costs	257,980	257,980	159,464	159,464
Total expenses	\$ 59,681,186	\$ 38,478,067	\$ 59,023,982	\$ 51,308,281

The dependence upon tax revenues during fiscal year 2014 for governmental activities is apparent, as 64.47 percent of 2014 expenses are supported through taxes and other general revenues. The District's taxpayers and unrestricted grants and entitlements from the State are the primary support for the District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

\$80,000,000 \$60,000,000 \$49,849,563 \$55,266,289 General Revenues \$20,000,000 \$-Fiscal Year 2014 Fiscal Year 2013

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities include the special enterprise-day care operations. This program had revenues of \$507,056 and expenses of \$433,148 for fiscal year 2014. Tuition and fees from the day care operations outpaced expenses by \$73,908 during fiscal year 2014. The District's business-type activities do not receive support from tax revenues.

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on pages 18-19) reported a combined fund balance of \$11,969,695, which is \$4,192,947 higher than last year's total of \$7,776,748. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2014	Fund Balance (Deficit) June 30, 2013	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$ (132,465)	\$ (500,599)	\$ 368,134
Bond retirement	951,724	632,069	319,655
Permanent improvement	6,354,807	5,281,913	1,072,894
Straight-A fund	4,574,075	-	4,574,075
Other governmental	221,554	2,363,365	(2,141,811)
Total	<u>\$ 11,969,695</u>	\$ 7,776,748	\$ 4,192,947

The fund balance of the other governmental funds decreased during fiscal year 2014 as a result of using monies in the building capital projects fund to retire debt issued for capital improvement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

General Fund

The District's general fund balance increased \$368,134 during fiscal year 2014. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund.

	2014 Amount	2013 Amount	Percentage Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 19,398,595	\$ 23,014,389	(15.71) %
Intergovernmental	24,661,517	23,224,158	6.19 %
Other revenues	1,206,117	1,670,326	(27.79) %
Total	\$ 45,266,229	\$ 47,908,873	(5.52) %

Tax revenue decreased 15.71 percent. This decrease is primarily due to the fluctuation in the amount of taxes available as an advance, and reported as revenue, at the end of the fiscal years 2013 and 2014. The amount of taxes available for advance is determined by timing of the tax bills sent by the County auditor. Intergovernmental revenue increased 6.19 percent. The District received federal monies from the Medicaid School Program during fiscal year 2014, related to settlements from prior fiscal years, which contributed to the increase. Other revenues decreased 27.79 percent which is primarily due to a decrease in tuition, classroom materials and fees, and other local revenues during fiscal year 2014.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the general fund.

	2014 Amount	2013 Amount	Percentage Change
Expenditures			
Instruction	\$ 28,018,508	\$ 26,945,650	3.98 %
Support services	16,063,012	18,301,166	(12.23) %
Operation of non-instructional services	1,554	22,232	(93.01) %
Extracurricular activities	672,698	725,497	(7.28) %
Debt service	95,549	88,245	8.28 %
Total	\$ 44,851,321	\$ 46,082,790	(2.67) %

Instruction expenditures remained relatively consistent with 2014 experiencing increases primarily attributable to anticipated salary/wage increases offset by the attrition of staff. The decrease in support services, operation of non-instructional services and extracurricular activities is due to the District trying to tightly control costs. Overall the expenditures of the District decreased 2.67 percent during fiscal year 2014.

Bond Retirement Fund

Another major governmental fund is the bond retirement fund. The bond retirement fund had \$27,674,955 in revenues and other financing sources and \$27,355,300 in expenditures and other financing uses. The fund balance of the bond retirement fund increased from \$632,069 to \$951,724. During the year the District took advantage of lower interest rates to issue two general obligation bonds to advance refund portions of the March 2006 refunding bonds in November and June in the amount of \$8,830,000 and \$9,130,000, respectively. See Note 11.A to the basic financial statements for detail. The bond retirement fund also received a transfer in of \$2,131,361 from the building nonmajor capital projects fund to retire debt issued for capital improvement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

Permanent Improvement Fund

The District's other major governmental fund is the permanent improvement fund. The permanent improvement fund had \$3,929,962 in revenues and \$2,857,068 in expenditures. The District was able to continue the trend of adding to the fund balance of the permanent improvement fund by 20.31 percent at June 30, 2014, compared to a 33.88 percent increase at June 30, 2013, as a result of tight control of the District's capital and maintenance expenditures.

Straight-A Fund

The District established the Straight-A fund during fiscal year to account for the \$12.4 million grant the District was awarded to construct and establish the Marysville ECHS. Columbus State College, Honda, Union County Chamber of Commerce, EdWorks, and Ohio Hi Point have partnered with the District to establish Ohio's first manufacturing related STEM Early College High School. Marysville ECHS is scheduled to open in August of 2014. As of June 30, 2014, the District expended \$3,790,345 of the grant and \$2,279,203 of the costs were reported in construction in progress.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2014, the District amended its general fund budget. For the general fund, final budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$46,939,196 were \$1,244,374 more than original budgeted revenues and other financing sources of \$45,694,822. Actual revenues and other financing sources of \$47,269,800 were \$330,604 above the final budget.

General fund final appropriations were \$47,180,674 which was higher than original appropriations by \$822,603. The actual budget basis expenditures for fiscal year 2014 totaled \$46,567,865, which was \$612,809 less than the final budget appropriations.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2014, the District had \$100,782,381 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. \$100,779,141 was reported in the governmental activities and \$3,240 was reported in the business-type activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

The following table shows fiscal year 2014 balances compared to 2013:

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total					
	_	2014		2013	2	014	20	13		2014	_	2013
Land	\$	6,355,496	\$	6,355,496	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,355,496	\$	6,355,496
Construction in progress		2,279,203		-		-		-		2,279,203		-
Land improvements		1,009,191		1,169,426		-		-		1,009,191		1,169,426
Buildings and improvements		85,947,571		88,252,567		-		-		85,947,571		88,252,567
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		4,318,878		4,540,501		3,240		-		4,322,118		4,540,501
Vehicles		868,802		960,766		-		-		868,802		960,766
Total	\$	100,779,141	\$	101,278,756	\$	3,240	\$	_	\$	100,782,381	\$	101,278,756

The construction in progress reported in governmental activities at June 30, 2014, is attributable to the costs to construct and renovate the building that will be used for the Marysville ECHS. Business-type activities acquired \$3,600 in technology equipment during fiscal year 2014; prior to fiscal year 2014 all business-type capital assets were fully depreciated. See Note 9 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2014 the District had \$88,089,137 in general obligation bonds, capital leases, energy conservation project notes and loans payable outstanding. The general obligation bond issues are comprised of current issue bonds and capital appreciation bonds. Of this total debt outstanding, \$3,075,929 is due within one year and \$85,013,208 is due in more than one year. The table that follows summarizes the bonds, leases, notes and loans outstanding:

Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	Governmental Activities		
	2014	2013	
General obligation bonds	\$ 78,176,428	\$ 81,286,107	
Capital appreciation bonds - accreted interest	7,531,260	7,747,202	
Capital lease	1,726,245	2,155,516	
Energy conservation notes - long term	175,000	260,000	
Energy conservation notes - short term	445,000	495,000	
Loan payable	35,204	22,106	
Total	\$ 88,089,137	\$ 91,965,931	

See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for detail on the District's debt administration.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 UNAUDITED

Current Financial Related Activities

The District relies on its property taxes and state foundation funds to provide the funds necessary to maintain its educational programs. The District continues to grow with an average 2 percent growth rate per year. This year's growth brought the total school population to over 5,300 students. Our graduating class in 2002 was the last class under 300.

Union County is one of the fastest growing counties in Ohio and Marysville is one of the fastest growing cities in Ohio. We have had eight new housing developments in the past six years. Marysville industrial and commercial tax base is increasing with an addition to the Scotts facility and new restaurants and stores being built in the Coleman's Crossing area.

House Bill 66, passed in 2005, phases out the tax on tangible personal property of general business, telephone, and railroads. The tax on general business and railroad property was eliminated in 2009 and the tax on telephone in 2011. The tax is phased out by reducing the assessment rate on the property each year. The loss and replacement of the tangible personal property tax revenues has been calculated by the Ohio Department of Taxation using 2004 as the base year. The base year amount is the amount of property tax revenue lost when the tax has been fully phased out. School districts are being "held harmless" and reimbursed for lost revenue in the first five years; in the following seven years, the reimbursements are phased out. Even with the direct reimbursement, the District will see no growth from tangible personal property revenues since the payment is calculated on a 2004 base year.

In November 2009, District residents passed a renewal of an existing 6.56 mill levy. This levy does not generate any additional tax dollars. In November 2012, District residents voted down a five-year 4 mill levy to provide for current expenses of the District.

In conclusion, the District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Todd Johnson, Treasurer/CFO, Marysville Exempted Village School District, 1000 Edgewood Drive, Marysville, Ohio 43040.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 12,390,773	\$ 151,116	\$ 12,541,889		
Property taxes	28,471,702	-	28,471,702		
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,215,434	-	1,215,434		
Accounts	1,210	-	1,210		
Intergovernmental	9,824,738	-	9,824,738		
Materials and supplies inventory	13,655	-	13,655		
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable capital assets	8,634,699	-	8,634,699		
Depreciable capital assets, net.	92,144,442	3,240	92,147,682		
Capital assets, net	100,779,141	3,240	100,782,381		
Total assets.	152,696,653	154,356	152,851,009		
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Unamortized deferred charges on			0.554.504		
debt refundings	3,574,581	-	3,574,581		
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable.	798,442	1,032	799,474		
Accrued wages and benefits payable	4,847,774	10,280	4,858,054		
Intergovernmental payable	265,662	1,492	267,154		
Pension obligation payable.	903,518	18,653	922,171		
Accrued interest payable	219,839	-	219,839		
Notes payable	445,000	-	445,000		
Due within one year.	3,675,146	8,144	3,683,290		
Due in more than one year.	92,996,486	5,396	93,001,882		
Total liabilities	104,151,867	44,997	104,196,864		
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next	25,407,633	-	25,407,633		
fiscal year	1,215,434		1,215,434		
Total deferred inflows of resources	26,623,067		26,623,067		
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	18,446,320	3,240	18,449,560		
Capital projects	15,111,939	-	15,111,939		
Food service operations	243,902	-	243,902		
Student activities	149,513	-	149,513		
Locally funded programs	34,571	-	34,571		
State funded programs	48,023	-	48,023		
Federally funded programs	208,958	-	208,958		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8,746,926)	106,119	(8,640,807)		
Total net position.	\$ 25,496,300	\$ 109,359	\$ 25,605,659		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		Program Revenues				Expense) Revenue anges in Net Posit	
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
Instruction: Regular	\$ 24,147,377 7,469,642 460,921	\$ 490,283 62,919		\$ 10,417,946 - -	\$ (12,856,367) (3,336,251) (369,485)	\$ - -	\$ (12,856,367) (3,336,251) (369,485)
Other	422,625	-	-	-	(422,625)	-	(422,625)
Pupil	3,129,512 3,474,015	95,336 11,641		1,667,319	(2,960,885) (1,562,070)	-	(2,960,885) (1,562,070)
Board of education	197,847 3,473,677	-	286,933	10,307 401,710	(187,540) (2,785,034)	-	(187,540) (2,785,034)
Fiscal Business Operations and maintenance	1,346,824 396,368 4,694,653	- - 105,272		-	(1,346,824) (396,368) (4,588,679)	-	(1,346,824) (396,368) (4,588,679)
Pupil transportation	2,321,563 438,324	13,680	140,535	-	(2,167,348) (438,223)	-	(2,167,348) (438,223)
Operation of non-instructional services:							
Other non-instructional services	171,096	1,354	171,388	-	1,646	-	1,646
Food service operations	1,900,230	1,084,979		-	544	-	544
Extracurricular activities	1,008,915	573,954	-	-	(434,961)	-	(434,961)
Interest and fiscal charges Bond issue costs	4,369,617 257,980	-	- 	-	(4,369,617) (257,980)	-	(4,369,617) (257,980)
Total governmental activities	59,681,186	2,439,519	6,266,318	12,497,282	(38,478,067)		(38,478,067)
Business-type activities: Special enterprise - day care	433,148	507,056				73,908	73,908
Totals	\$ 60,114,334	\$ 2,946,575	\$ 6,266,318	\$ 12,497,282	(38,478,067)	73,908	(38,404,159)
		General r					
			exes levied for:		18,789,155		18,789,155
			rice.		3,653,543	-	3,653,543
			utlay		2,063,084	_	2,063,084
		Payment in	1 lieu of taxes		1,077,141	-	1,077,141
			c programs		24,148,217	-	24,148,217
		Investmen			10.472	_	10 472

to specific programs	24,148,217	-	24,148,217
Investment earnings	10,472	-	10,472
Miscellaneous	107,951		107,951
Total general revenues	49,849,563		49,849,563
Change in net position	11,371,496	73,908	11,445,404
Net position at beginning of year	14,124,804	35,451	14,160,255
Net position at end of year	\$ 25,496,300	\$ 109,359	\$ 25,605,659

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BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

		General	F	Bond Retirement		ermanent provement	S	traight-A Fund
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	3,821,254	\$	563,319	\$	6,167,623	\$	875,123
Property taxes		22,000,086		4,117,033		2,354,583 1,215,434		-
		1,163		-		1,213,434		-
Due from other funds		211,278		-		-		-
Intergovernmental.		557,993		_		_		8,491,993
Materials and supplies inventory.		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	26,591,774	\$	4,680,352	\$	9,737,640	\$	9,367,116
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	104,873	\$		\$	18,665	\$	633,896
Accounts payable	φ	4,544,000	φ	-	ф	18,005	φ	19,180
Intergovernmental payable.		243,911		-		_		2,873
Compensated absences payable		298,361		-		_		2,075
Early retirement incentive payable.		298,332		-		-		-
Pension obligation payable		824,897		-		-		4,230
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-,
Accrued interest payable.		-		-		-		-
Note payable		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities.		6,314,374		-		18,665		660,179
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		19,674,387		3,636,595		2,096,651		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		471,834		92,033		52,083		-
Intergovernmental revenue not available.		263,644		- ,		-		4,132,862
Payment in lieu of taxes levied for the next		,						
fiscal year		-		-		1,215,434		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		20,409,865		3,728,628		3,364,168		4,132,862
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		951,724		-		-
Capital improvements		-		-		6,354,807		4,574,075
Food service operations		-		-		-		-
Student activities		-		-		-		-
Locally funded programs.		-		-		-		-
Non-public schools		-		-		-		-
Federally funded programs		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		(132,465)		-		-		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		(132,465)		951,724		6,354,807		4,574,075
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			_		_			
and fund balances	\$	26,591,774	\$	4,680,352	\$	9,737,640	\$	9,367,116

Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds				
\$	963,454	\$	12,390,773			
	-		28,471,702			
	-		1,215,434			
	47		1,210 211,278			
	- 774,752		9,824,738			
	13,655		13,655			
¢		¢				
\$	1,751,908	\$	52,128,790			
\$	41,008	\$	798,442			
	284,594		4,847,774			
	18,878		265,662			
	423		298,784			
	4,557		302,889			
	74,391		903,518			
	211,278		211,278			
	1,146		1,146			
	445,000		445,000			
	1,081,275		8,074,493			
	-		25,407,633			
	-		615,950			
	449,079		4,845,585			
	-		1,215,434			
	449,079		32,084,602			
	13,655		13,655			
	-		951,724			
	-		10,928,882			
	310,089		310,089			
	149,513		149,513			
	34,571		34,571			
	35,350		35,350			
	3,443 (325,067)		3,443			
	<u>, , , , ,</u>		(457,532)			
	221,554		11,969,695			
\$	1,751,908	\$	52,128,790			

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 11,969,695
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		100,779,141
1 5	15,950	
Intergovernmental receivable 4,84 Total	15,585	5,461,535
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(5,384,729)
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		3,574,581
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(218,693)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds (78,17	76,428)	
Accreted interest - general obligation bonds (7,53	31,260)	
Energy conservation note (17	75,000)	
Loan (3	35,204)	
	26,245)	
	41,093)	
Total		 (90,685,230)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 25,496,300

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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		General	Bond Retiremen			ermanent provement	Straight-A Fund	
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	19,398,595	\$	3,766,760	\$	2,127,366	\$	-
Payment in lieu of taxes		7,380		-		1,069,761		-
Tuition.		320,001		-		-		-
Transportation fees.		13,045		-		-		-
Earnings on investments		9,409		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular.		463,344		-		-		-
Classroom materials and fees		179,715		-		-		-
Rental income		105,272		-		-		-
Contributions and donations		25,117		-		-		-
Other local revenues		82,834		-		-		-
Intergovernmental - state		24,524,451		1,968,464		732,835		8,364,420
Intergovernmental - federal		137,066		-		-		-
Total revenues		45,266,229		5,735,224		3,929,962		8,364,420
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		20,938,683		-		644,582		847,449
Special		6,195,482		-		- ·		-
Vocational		445,807		-		-		-
Other		438,536		-		-		-
Support services:								
		2,919,038		-		_		-
Instructional staff.		1,677,644				1,019,002		505,687
Board of education		194,675				1,019,002		3,126
Administration		2,969,290		-		-		121,836
				97.049		49,398		121,850
Fiscal		1,173,814		87,048		,		-
Business.		367,268		-		14,958		-
Operations and maintenance		4,175,854		-		483,307		-
Pupil transportation		2,145,865		-		134,050		-
Central		439,564		-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		1,554		-		-		-
Food service operations.		-		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		672,698		-		-		-
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		11,823		2,312,247
Debt service:								
Principal retirement.		85,000		2,819,679		429,271		-
Interest and fiscal charges		10,549		4,645,323		70,677		-
Bond issuance costs		-		257,980		-		-
Total expenditures		44,851,321		7,810,030		2,857,068		3,790,345
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures.		414,908		(2,074,806)		1,072,894		4,574,075
Other financing sources (uses):								
Premium on refunding bonds		-		2,138,370		-		-
Sale of refunding bonds.		-		17,670,000		-		-
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		_		(19,545,270)		-		-
Loan proceeds		13,098		(17,575,270)		_		-
Transfers in.		15,070		2,131,361		-		-
Transfers (out)		(59,872)		2,131,301		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(46,774)	·	2,394,461				
- , ,						1 072 204		1 574 075
Net change in fund balances		368,134		319,655		1,072,894		4,574,075
Fund balances at beginning of year (deficit) .	~	(500,599)	φ.	632,069	¢	5,281,913	¢	-
Fund balances at end of year (deficit)	\$	(132,465)	\$	951,724	\$	6,354,807	\$	4,574,075

Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 25,292,721
-	1,077,141
-	320,001
-	13,045
1,293	10,702
1,084,979	1,084,979
273,163	736,507
275,105	179,715
-	105,272
12 972	· · · · ·
12,873	37,990
-	82,834
320,897	35,911,067
2,294,498	2,431,564
3,987,703	67,283,538
348,327	22,779,041
899,184	7,094,666
149	445,956
-	438,536
72,388	2,991,426
228,232	3,430,565
-	197,801
255,530	3,346,656
255,550	
-	1,310,260
-	382,226
694	4,659,855
3,048	2,282,963
-	439,564
144,576	146,130
1,820,522	1,820,522
275,605	948,303
-	2,324,070
	2 222 050
- 9,770	3,333,950 4,736,319
9,770	
4.059.025	257,980
4,058,025	63,366,789
(70,322)	3,916,749
	2,138,370
-	2,138,370
-	, ,
-	(19,545,270)
-	13,098
59,872	2,191,233
(2,131,361)	(2,191,233)
(2,071,489)	276,198
(2,141,811)	4,192,947
2,363,365	7,776,748
\$ 221,554	\$ 11,969,695

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	4,192,947
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period. The current period. Capital asset additions \$ 3,027,063 Current year depreciation (3,526,678)	<u>)</u>	(499,615)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.(786,939)Property taxes(786,939)Earnings on investments(230)Intergovernmental4,606,986Total(230)		3,819,817
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		3,333,950
The issuance of refunding bonds and loans are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		(17,683,098)
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year: General obligation bonds refunded 17,960,000 Deferred charges on refunding 1,585,270 Total 1,585,270	_	19,545,270
Premiums on debt issuances are recognized as revenues in the governmental funds; however, they are amortized over the life of the issuance on the statement of activities.		(2,138,370)
Governmental funds report expenditures for interest when it is due. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The following items resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities. Decrease in accrued interest payable51,248Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds215,942Amortization of bond premiums287,258Amortization of deferred charges(187,746)Total187,746)	<u>)</u>	366,702
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences and early retirement incentives, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		433,893
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	11,371,496

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues:								
From local sources:	¢	20 415 594	¢	20.071.545	¢	21 002 574	¢	112.020
Property taxes	\$	20,415,584	\$	20,971,545	\$	21,083,574	\$	112,029
Payment in lieu of taxes.		-		-		7,380		7,380
Tuition.		387,546		398,100		320,025		(78,075)
Transportation fees.		16,549		17,000		13,045		(3,955)
Earnings on investments		34,072		35,000		10,995		(24,005)
Extracurricular.		354,934		364,600		300,791		(63,809)
Classroom materials and fees		250,966		257,800		180,807		(76,993)
Rental income		111,951		115,000		105,272		(9,728)
Contributions and donations		1,947		2,000		25,117		23,117
Other local revenues		224,681		230,800		188,263		(42,537)
Intergovernmental - state		23,317,101		23,952,079		24,230,102		278,023
Intergovernmental - federal		58,409		60,000		137,066		77,066
Total revenues		45,173,740		46,403,924		46,602,437	<u> </u>	198,513
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		21,231,949		21,608,701		21,338,459		270,242
Special.		6,218,685		6,329,033		6,192,006		137,027
Vocational.		488,239		496,903		483,390		13,513
Other		431,580		439,238		511,721		(72,483)
Support services:		451,500		457,250		511,721		(12,405)
Pupil.		3,121,410		3,176,798		2,928,445		248,353
Instructional staff		1,713,844		1,744,255		1,903,745		(159,490)
Board of education		240,330		244,595		203,381		41,214
Administration.		3,028,383		3,082,120		3,101,844		(19,724)
Fiscal		1,017,216		1,035,266		1,192,044		(15,721) (156,778)
Business		433,147		440,833		405,819		35,014
Operations and maintenance.		4,559,581		4,640,489		4,351,540		288,949
Pupil transportation		2,078,573		2,115,456		2,209,411		(93,955)
Central.		490,542		499,246		458,936		40,310
Extracurricular activities.		665,924		677,741		686,703		(8,962)
Debt service:				0,,,,,,		000,700		(0,502)
Principal retirement		495,000		495,000		495,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges.		143,668		155,000		105,421		49,579
Total expenditures		46,358,071		47,180,674		46,567,865		612,809
-				., .,		- , ,		- ,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		(1.10.1.00.1)						
expenditures		(1,184,331)		(776,750)		34,572	. <u> </u>	811,322
Other financing sources:								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		-		-		132,591		132,591
Advances in.		87,392		89,772		89,772		-
Sale of notes		433,203		445,000		445,000		-
Sale of capital assets		487		500		-		(500)
Total other financing sources		521,082		535,272		667,363		132,091
Net change in fund balance		(663,249)		(241,478)		701,935		943,413
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,453,098		2,453,098		2,453,098		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		372,315		372,315		372,315		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,162,164	\$	2,583,935	\$	3,527,348	\$	943,413
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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

	Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and cash equivalents	\$	151,116	
Noncurrent assets:			
Depreciable capital assets, net.		3,240	
Total assets.		154,356	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		1,032	
Accrued wages and benefits		10,280	
Compensated absences.		8,144	
Pension obligation payable.		18,653	
Intergovernmental payable		1,492	
Total current liabilities		39,601	
Long-term liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable		5,396	
Total liabilities		44,997	
Net position:			
Investment in capital assets		3,240	
Unrestricted.		106,119	
Total net position	\$	109,359	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Fund			
Operating revenues:				
Tuition and fees.	\$ 507,056			
Total operating revenues	507,056			
Operating expenses:				
Personal services.	373,021			
Purchased services.	12,240			
Materials and supplies	41,257			
Other	6,270			
Depreciation	360			
Total operating expenses	433,148			
Operating income/change in net position	73,908			
Net position at beginning of year	35,451			
Net position at end of year	\$ 109,359			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	A	Business-Type Activities - Nonmajor Enterprise Fund				
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from tuition and fees	\$	507,056				
Cash payments for personal services.		(390,294)				
Cash payments for contractual services		(12,366)				
Cash payments for materials and supplies		(45,541)				
Cash payments for other expenses		(6,270)				
Net cash provided by operating activities		52,585				
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets		(3,600)				
Net cash used in capital and related						
financing activities.		(3,600)				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		48,985				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		102,131				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	151,116				
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Operating income	\$	73,908				
Adjustments:						
Depreciation.		360				
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Decrease in accounts payable		(3,761)				
Decrease in accrued wages and benefits		(6,325)				
Decrease in intergovernmental payable		(340)				
Increase in compensated absences payable		1,416				
Decrease in pension obligation payable		(12,673)				
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	52,585				

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust Special Trust		
			 Agency
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents.	\$	82,686	\$ 222,884
Investments		23,153	-
Accrued interest.		481	
Total assets.		106,320	\$ 222,884
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable.	\$	2,500	\$ -
Intergovernmental payable		-	1,747
Due to students.		-	205,039
Due to others.		-	 16,098
Total liabilities		2,500	\$ 222,884
Net position:			
Held in trust for scholarships		103,820	
Total net position.	\$	103,820	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Private Purpose Trust		
	Sch	Scholarship	
Additions:			
Earnings on investments.	\$	481	
Gifts and contributions.		2,075	
Total additions.		2,556	
Deductions: Scholarships awarded		7,369	
Change in net position		(4,813)	
Net position at beginning of year		108,633	
Net position at end of year	\$	103,820	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Marysville Exempted Village School District, Ohio (the "District") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services. The Board controls the District's instructional support facilities staffed by approximately 357 noncertified and approximately 208 certified teaching personnel and administrative employees providing education to 5,035 students.

The District provides regular and special instruction. The District also provides support services for pupils, instructional staff, general and school administration, business and fiscal services, facilities acquisition and construction services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, food services, extracurricular activities and non-programmed services.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA)

TRECA is a jointly governed organization among 40 school districts. TRECA was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to the administrative and instructional functions of member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports TRECA based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. TRECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In the event of the dissolution of TRECA, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidations in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months' financial contributions. Financial information is available from Mike Carder, Director, at 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302. During fiscal year 2014, the District paid \$104,907 to TRECA for its services.

Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School

The Ohio Hi-Point Joint Vocational School District is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio, which possesses its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Vocational School is governed by a Board of Education that consists of a representative from each participating school district and its degree of control is limited to its representation on the board. To obtain financial information write to the Ohio Hi-Point Vocational School, Eric Adelsberger, who serves as Treasurer, at 2280 State Route 540, Bellefontaine, Ohio 43311.

Union County Council of Governments (COG)

The District, Union County, and the City of Marysville (the "Members") formed the COG on January 26, 2012 to collaborate, share resources, reduce costs, centralize supervision and enhance the provision of technology services to its Members. The COG was established pursuant to Ohio Revised Code, Chapter 167. The COG is governed by a Governing Board consisting of the Superintendent of Marysville Exempted Village School District, the Mayor of the City of Marysville, and the President of the Board of Union County Commissioners. The degree of control exercised by each participating Member is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Financial information is available from Union County, who serves as fiscal agent, at 233 West Sixth Street, Marysville, Ohio 43040.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The District participates in a Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) administered by CompManagement, Inc. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The District pays a fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program. The District paid \$4,316 in fees during fiscal year 2014.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

<u>Permanent improvement fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major capital assets (other than that financed by proprietary funds).

<u>Straight-A fund</u> - This fund is used to account for monies received through the State of Ohio's Straight-A fund to be used for the construction and establishment of the Marysville STEM Early College High School.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. The following is the District's only proprietary fund:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises in which the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The enterprise fund is used to account for school day care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust that accounts for scholarship programs for students. The District's agency funds account for various student-managed activity programs, unclaimed funds, and the District's Section 125 Cafeteria Plan. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operation.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets/deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The proprietary fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund is included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

The proprietary fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. For the District, these revenues are tuition and fees for the school day care program and expenses incurred in operating the school day care program. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting on the fund financial statements. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year- end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition and grants.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> - A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations, and other revenues received in advance of the fiscal year for which they were intended to finance, have been recorded as deferred inflows. Payment in lieu of taxes and grants not received within the available period, grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met, and delinquent property taxes due at June 30, 2014, are recorded as deferred inflows on the governmental fund financial statements.

Deferred outflows of resources consist of unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding as reported on the statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified.

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgetary statements are presented beyond that legal level of control for informational purposes only. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Tax Budget

By January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit an annual operating budget for the following tax year to the Board of Education for consideration and passage. Adoption of a tax budget has been waived by the County Budget Commission.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Estimated Resources

Prior to April 1, unless a later date is approved by the Tax Commissioner, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued for fiscal year 2014.

Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets.

Lapsing of Appropriations

At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriation. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and are not reappropriated.

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" and "investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2014, investments were limited to non-negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs), money market accounts and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as non-negotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has invested funds in STAR Ohio during fiscal year 2014. STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Under existing Ohio statutes, interest earnings are allocated to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2014 amounted to \$9,409, which includes \$6,470 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows and for presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method. Inventory consists of donated food and purchased food.

H. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2014, are recorded as prepayments using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. The District had no significant prepayments at June 30, 2014.

I. Capital Assets

Governmental capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized.

Furniture, fixtures and equipment acquired by the proprietary fund is stated at cost (or estimated historical cost). Contributed capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	10 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements	50 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	8 years

J. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from cash deficits among the governmental activities are classified as "due to/from other funds". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental type activities columns of the statement of net position.

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "<u>Accounting for Compensated Absences</u>", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination (severance) payments. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. Employees may earn 15 days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 270 days. Upon retirement, certified and classified employees will receive 25 percent, and administration will receive 30 percent of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 64 days. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, employees any age with 10 years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2014 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported to the extent that a known liability for an employee's retirement/resignation has been incurred by fiscal year end. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees are paid. In proprietary funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, notes, loans and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

P. Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. During fiscal year 2014, there were no transfers between governmental and business-type activities.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Q. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

R. Issuance Costs, Bond Premium/Discount and Accounting Gain/Loss on Debt Refunding

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs, bond premiums, bond discounts, and deferred charges from debt refunding are recognized in the current period.

On the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are recognized in the current period and are not amortized. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. Unamortized bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 11.A.

For an advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as deferred outflows of resources.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2014, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 70, "<u>Accounting and</u> <u>Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees</u>".

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2014 included the following individual fund deficits:

Major fund	Deficit
General fund	\$ 132,465
Nonmajor funds	
Miscellaneous state grants	33,463
Race to the top	412
IDEA, Part B	65,315
Title I	37,006
Improving teacher quality	15,626
Building capital projects	173,245

The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities, including due to other funds in all funds except for the general and building fund to cover deficit cash balances at fiscal year-end (see Note 5.A for detail).

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$7,156,983. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2014, \$7,301,177 of the District's bank balance of \$7,551,177 was exposed to custodial credit risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2014, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment
		Maturities
		6 months or
Investment type	Fair Value	less
Money market funds	\$ 22,991	\$ 22,991
STAR Ohio	5,690,638	5,690,638
Total	\$ 5,713,629	\$ 5,713,629

Interest Rate Risk: The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of the settlement date. The District's policy attempts to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, investments of the District will be limited to those maturing in five years or less from the date of settlement.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The money market funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2014:

Investment type	Fair Value	<u>% to Total</u>
Money market funds	\$ 22,991	0.40
STAR Ohio	5,690,638	99.60
Total	\$ 5,713,629	100.00

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 7,156,983
Investments	 5,713,629
Total	\$ 12,870,612
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 12,390,773
Business-type activities	151,116
Private-purpose trust fund	105,839
Agency fund	 222,884
Total	\$ 12,870,612

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund balances at June 30, 2014, as reported on the fund financial statements, consist of the following amounts due to/from other funds:

Receivable fund	Payable funds	Amount
General	Nonmajor governmental funds:	
	Miscellaneous state grants	13,779
	Race to the top	33,964
	IDEA, Part B	80,552
	Title I	43,725
	IDEA, preschool grant for the handicapped	5,447
	Improving teacher quality	16,036
	Miscellaneous federal grants	17,775
	Total	\$ 211,278

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS - (Continued)

The purpose of the due to/from other funds is to cover the negative cash balances at fiscal year-end in the nonmajor governmental funds. The interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

B. Interfund transfers for the fiscal year 2014 consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

	Amount
<u>Transfers from general fund to</u> : Building nonmajor capital projects fund	\$ 59,872
Transfers from building nonmajor capital projects fund to:	· · · · ·
Bond retirement fund	2,131,361
Total	\$ 2,191,233

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers from the general fund to the building nonmajor capital projects fund are to provide for the principal retirement of the short-term energy conservation notes on GAAP-basis, as the notes are reported as a liability in the building nonmajor capital projects fund. Transfers from the building nonmajor capital projects fund to the bond retirement fund are to provide allowable resources for the retirement of debt issued for capital improvement.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2014 were levied after April 1, 2013, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2013, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2014 represent the collection of calendar year 2013 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 became a lien on December 31, 2012, were levied after April 1, 2013, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Union County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2014, are available to finance fiscal year 2014 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014 was \$1,853,865 in the general fund, \$388,405 in the bond retirement fund and \$205,849 in the permanent improvement fund. This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2013 was \$3,538,844 in the general fund, \$632,069 in the bond retirement fund and \$372,347 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2014 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The encoder developed and	lice to a final	n 2014 torreg meners a allocated amon
I ne assessed values upon	which the liscal year	r 2014 taxes were collected are:
The assessed values apon		

	2013 Second Half Collections			2014 First If Collections ount Percent
	Amount	Percent	Allio	<u>Juin reicem</u>
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 654,747 	,	\$ 628,6 60,5	581,030 91.22 532,510 8.78
Total	\$ 693,744	,790 100.00	\$ 689,2	213,540 100.00
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 5	9.06	\$	59.56

NOTE 7 - PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

According to State law, Union County has entered into agreements with property owners under which Union County has granted property tax abatements to those property owners and agreed to construct certain infrastructure improvements. The property owners have agreed to make payments to Union County to help pay the costs of the infrastructure improvements. The amount of those payments generally reflects all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been abated. The property owners' contractual promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes generally continues until the costs of the improvement have been paid or the agreement expires, whichever occurs first. Future development by those owners or others may result in subsequent agreements to make payments in lieu of taxes and may therefore spread the costs of the improvements to a larger number of property owners. The District received \$1,077,141 in payments in lieu of taxes during fiscal year 2014 and a receivable of \$1,215,434 has been reported on the fund financial statements and the statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2014 consisted of property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 28,471,702
Payment in lieu of taxes	1,215,434
Accounts	1,210
Intergovernmental	9,824,738
Total receivables	<u>\$ 39,513,084</u>

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables, except property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014
	<u>Julie 30, 2013</u>	Additions	Deductions	<u>Julie 30, 2014</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	¢ (255 40(¢	¢	¢ ()55 40(
Land	\$ 6,355,496	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,355,496
Construction in progress		2,279,203		2,279,203
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,355,496	2,279,203		8,634,699
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	4,368,567	-	-	4,368,567
Building and improvements	114,964,398	-	-	114,964,398
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	18,535,756	663,308	-	19,199,064
Vehicles	3,105,790	84,552		3,190,342
Total capital assets, being depreciated	140,974,511	747,860		141,722,371
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(3,199,141)	(160,235)	-	(3,359,376)
Building and improvements	(26,711,831)	(2,304,996)	-	(29,016,827)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(13,995,255)	(884,931)	-	(14,880,186)
Vehicles	(2,145,024)	(176,516)	-	(2,321,540)
Total accumulated depreciation	(46,051,251)	(3,526,678)		(49,577,929)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$101,278,756	<u>\$ (499,615)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	\$100,779,141

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2014, the District had two buildings which were not being utilized due to the opening of the new middle school building during fiscal year 2009. The old middle school building is scheduled to be removed and reopened if necessary based on student enrollment and the East Elementary building will be reopened if necessary due to increased student enrollment or changes in the kindergarten program. The carrying value of the old middle school and East elementary buildings at year-end were \$762,442 and \$2,622,887, respectively.

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,734,589
Special	387,109
Vocational	31,468
Support Services:	
Pupil	185,759
Instructional staff	535,641
Administration	199,109
Fiscal	50,155
Business	24,648
Operations and maintenance	63,099
Pupil transportation	165,407
Central	1,009
Other non-instructional services	4,291
Food service operations	86,505
Extracurricular	57,889
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,526,678

Business-type activities:	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital assets, being depreciated: Furniture, fixtures and equipment	<u>\$ 1,130</u>	\$ 3,600	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 4,730
Less: accumulated depreciation Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(1,130)	(360)		(1,490)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,240	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,240

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 10 - CAPITALIZED LEASES

Prior to fiscal year 2014, the District entered into agreements for building and land improvements and computer networking technology under capital lease obligations. The cost of the capital assets obtained under these capital leases is \$2,016,000 (buildings and land improvements) and \$1,000,939 (furniture, fixtures and equipment) which is included in the governmental activities capital assets and the related liability is included in the governmental activities. The capital leases are paid from the permanent improvement fund.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2015	\$ 499,163
2016	412,368
2017	156,689
2018	156,111
2019	155,269
2020 - 2023	621,344
Total minimum lease payments	2,000,944
Less: amount representing interest	(274,699)
Total	\$ 1,726,245

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The District's long-term obligations activity during fiscal year 2014 consisted of the following:

Governmental Activities:	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within One Year
<u>General obligation bonds</u>	¢ 4.001.400	¢	¢ (40,400)	¢ 4 101 020	¢ 21.000
2000 Refunding new elementary 3.4-5.15%	\$ 4,221,439	\$ -	\$ (40,409)		\$ 31,692
2000 Fifth/sixth elementary 5.79%	700,478	-	(122,649)	577,829	139,583
2000 New elementary and middle school 4.35-5.375%	194,266	-	(36,621)	157,645	44,283
2002 Refunding fifth/sixth elementary 3.60% 2005 Refunding school improvement 3.25-5%	414,974	-	-	414,974 30,664,966	-
e 1	32,184,966	-	(1,520,000)	· · ·	921,298
2006 School improvement/refunding 3.5-5% 2012 School improvement/refunding 2-5%	32,699,984 10,870,000	-	(18,985,000) (25,000)	13,714,984 10,845,000	935,000 35,000
2012 School improvement/refunding 2-5%	10,870,000	8,655,000	(23,000) (50,000)	8,605,000	33,000
2013 School improvement/refunding 2-5% 2014 School improvement/refunding 1-4%	-	8,033,000 9,015,000	(30,000)	9,015,000	-
· ·	01.00(.105	· · · · · · · · ·			-
Subtotal general obligaton bonds	81,286,107	17,670,000	(20,779,679)	78,176,428	2,106,856
Unamortized premium on bond issuances	3,533,617	2,138,370	(287,258)	5,384,729	-
Capital appreciation bonds interest accretion	7,747,202	1,169,379	(1,385,321)	7,531,260	_
Total general obligation bonds	92,566,926	20,977,749	(22,452,258)	91,092,417	2,106,856
Other long-term obligations:					
Energy conservation notes	260,000	-	(85,000)	175,000	85,000
Loan payable	22,106	13,098	-	35,204	-
Early retirement incentive	850,118	-	(547,229)	302,889	302,889
Compensated absences	3,661,626	600,228	(921,977)	3,339,877	741,328
Capital leases payable	2,155,516	-	(429,271)	1,726,245	439,073
Total other long-term obligations	6,949,366	613,326	(1,983,477)	5,579,215	1,568,290
Total	\$ 99,516,292	\$ 21,591,075	<u>\$(24,435,735)</u>	\$ 96,671,632	\$ 3,675,146
Business-type Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 12,124	\$ 8,810	\$ (7,394)	\$ 13,540	\$ 8,144
Total business-type activities	\$ 12,124 \$ 12,124	\$ 8,810	$\frac{(7,394)}{(7,394)}$	\$ 13,540	\$ 8,144
i otar business-type activities	φ 12,124	<u>ه ٥,٥١٥</u>	<u>\$ (7,394)</u>	φ <u>15,340</u>	φ <u>0,144</u>

<u>Capital leases payable</u> - Refer to Note 10 to the notes to the basic financial statements for detail on the capital lease obligations.

<u>Compensated absences</u> - Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the person is paid, which, for governmental activities, is primarily the general fund, the food service, Straight-A, IDEA Part-B, Title I, improving teacher quality and miscellaneous federal grant nonmajor special revenues funds, and, for business-type activities, the school day care fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Early retirement incentive (ERI)</u> - The District Board of Education approved an early retirement incentive for certified and classified employees for fiscal years 2011 and 2012. Employees who elected to participate in the ERI will receive a payment for their unused sick leave, to the extent allowed by the current labor agreement along with a payment of \$20,000-\$45,000. The payment for the ERI will be paid out over a three-year period beginning in fiscal years 2011 and 2012. The total liability for the ERI at June 30, 2014 was \$302,889, of which the entire amount is due within one year. The liability is recorded in the governmental activities statement of net position as a component of "long-term liabilities".

<u>Energy conservation project</u> - The District has issued long-term energy conservation notes to provide financing for energy conservation measures to significantly reduce energy consumption in the buildings of the District. Payments of principal and interest on the energy conservation notes are reported as expenditures in the bond retirement fund.

<u>Loan payable</u> - On June 26, 2012, the Board of Education approved a resolution to authorize the District Treasurer to enter into a loan agreement on behalf of the District for the Union County Council of Governments (COG). The District's share of the \$400,000 no-interest loan with the Ohio Department of Development is scheduled to be 10.64 percent or \$69,787. As of June 30, 2014, the COG has received loan proceeds of 330,866 for approved expenditures. A liability for the District's share of \$35,204 has been reported as a liability on the statement of net position. A payment schedule will not be available until all loan funds have been disbursed.

B. Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds and energy conservation notes are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Ge	General Obligation Bonds			Energy Conservation Note				otes		
Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest		Total
2015	\$ 2,106,856	\$	5,514,116	\$	7,620,972	\$	85,000	\$	6,426	\$	91,426
2016	2,063,475		5,730,363		7,793,838		90,000		2,183		92,183
2017	1,725,244		6,043,018		7,768,262		-		-		-
2018	3,307,889		4,364,348		7,672,237		-		-		-
2019	4,360,624		3,492,263		7,852,887		-		-		-
2020 - 2024	22,252,340		18,505,512		40,757,852		-		-		-
2025 - 2029	34,915,000		5,721,922		40,636,922		-		-		-
2030	7,445,000		162,059		7,607,059		_		_		_
Total	\$78,176,428	\$	49,533,601	\$	127,710,029	\$	175,000	\$	8,609	\$	183,609

C. Defeased Debt

In March 2001, the District defeased \$7,669,538 of general obligation bonds for the new elementary additions, dated October 1, 1995, through the issuance of \$7,667,973 of general obligation bonds for the new elementary additions. The net proceeds of the 2001 bonds have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$4,621,599 at June 30, 2014, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

In March 2002, the District defeased \$13,335,000 of general obligation bonds for the fifth/sixth elementary building, dated March 1, 2000, through the issuance of \$13,334,974 of general obligation bonds for the fifth/sixth elementary building. The net proceeds of the 2002 bonds have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$13,335,000 at June 30, 2014, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

In September 2005, the District defeased \$41,425,000 of certificates of participation for school improvements, dated March 2, 2005, through the issuance of \$40,284,966 of general obligation bonds for school improvements. The net proceeds of the 2005 bonds have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded certificates. The refunded certificates, which have an outstanding balance of \$33,875,000 at June 30, 2014, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

In February 2006, the District defeased \$12,350,000 of general obligation bonds for a new elementary and Raymond elementary school improvements, dated December 1, 2000, through the issuance of \$12,349,984 of general obligation bonds for school improvements. The net proceeds of the 2006 Bonds have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$12,210,000 at June 30, 2014, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

In November 2012, the District issued \$10,870,000 in school improvement general obligation refunding bonds to currently refund \$10,835,000 of the school improvement refunding bonds dated March 1, 2002 and to advance refund \$515,000 of the school improvement bonds dated March 2, 2006. The debt issue is comprised of current interest serial bonds (par value \$8,845,000) and current interest term bonds (par value \$2,025,000). The interest rate on the current interest serial bonds ranges from 2.00- 5.00 percent and the interest rate on the current interest term bonds is 3.00 percent. Interest payments on the bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029. The net proceeds of the 2012 school improvement refunding bonds related to the advance refunding portion have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$260,000 at June 30, 2014, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

In November 2013, the District issued \$8,655,000 in school improvement general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund \$8,830,000 of the school improvement bonds dated March 2, 2006. The debt issue is comprised of current interest serial bonds (par value \$6,705,000) and current interest term bonds (par value \$1,950,000). The interest rate on the current interest serial bonds ranges from 2.00-5.00 percent and the interest rate on the current interest term bonds is 5.00 percent. Interest payments on the bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2026. The net present value savings of the refunding was \$420,434. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,007,863. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The net proceeds of the 2013 school improvement refunding bonds related to the advance refunding portion have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$8,830,000 at June 30, 2014, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

In June 2014, the District issued \$9,015,000 in school improvement general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund \$9,130,000 of the school improvement bonds dated March 2, 2006. The debt issue is comprised of current interest serial bonds (par value \$9,015,000). The interest rate on the current interest serial bonds ranges from 1.00- 4.00 percent. Interest payments on the bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029. The net present value savings of the refunding was \$674,488. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$577,407. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued. The net proceeds of the 2014 school improvement refunding bonds related to the advance refunding portion have been invested in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States Government and placed in irrevocable escrow accounts which, including interest earned, will be used to pay the principal and interest on the refunded bonds. The refunded bonds, which have an outstanding balance of \$9,130,000 at June 30, 2014, are not included in the District's outstanding debt since the District has in-substance satisfied its obligations through the advance refunding.

D. Legal Debt Margin

Under current State statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9 percent of the total assessed value of real and personal property with certain exceptions. One such exception is to receive a special needs district certification from the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The District was certified as a special needs district on June 29, 2005 and as a result may incur net indebtedness by issuance of securities in an amount that does not exceed 9 percent of the projected increase of its tax valuation in during the next ten years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 12 - NOTES PAYABLE

Note payable activity of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

Note Payable	Interest Rate	Balance e 30, 2013	A	Additions	1	Deletions	Balance e 30, 2014
Energy conservation note Energy conservation note	2.00% 2.00%	\$ 495,000	\$	445,000	\$	(495,000)	\$ 445,000
Total		\$ 495,000	\$	445,000	\$	(495,000)	\$ 445,000

On May 14, 2014, the District retired the \$495,000 energy conservation note and reissued an energy conservation note in the amount of \$445,000. The maturity date of the 2014 note is May 15, 2015. The energy conservation note was initially issued to provide financing for energy conservation measures to significantly reduce energy consumption in the buildings of the District.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2014, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty Insurance Company for various coverages, as follows:

Coverage/Deductible	Aggregate
Fleet Insurance - \$500/Comprehensive 500/Collision	\$1,000,000
Buildings and Contents - \$1,000	
School District Liability (no deductible)	2,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability - \$1,000	3,000,000
School Leaders Errors and Omissions - \$2,500	1,000,000
Umbrella Policy (no deductible)	5,000,000
Crime - \$1,000	100,000
Miscellaneous - \$500	
Computers - \$500	

Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Worker's Compensation

The District participates in a Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, Inc. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Employee Group Life, Medical, Dental, and Vision Insurance

The District has elected to provide a comprehensive benefits package to employees through a fullyinsured program. The District provides life and health insurance to employees through United Healthcare, dental insurance through Core Source, and vision insurance through VSP.

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District contributes to the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the School Employees Retirement System, 300 East Broad Street, Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current District rate is 14 percent of annual covered payroll. A portion of the District's contribution is used to fund pension obligations with the remainder being used to fund health care benefits. For fiscal year 2014, 13.05 percent and 0.05 percent of annual covered salary was the portion used to fund pension obligations and death benefits, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to a statutory maximum amount of 14 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. The District's required contributions for pension obligations and death benefits to SERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$967,538, \$949,090 and \$978,121, respectively; 82.54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 14 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District participates in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org, under "Publications".

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on a member's lifetime contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds divided by an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal. The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The DB portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60; the DC portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - For fiscal year 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 14 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The District's required contributions for pension obligations to STRS Ohio for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$2,910,555, \$2,876,581 and \$3,069,321, respectively; 82.74 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$176,654 made by the District and \$138,799 made by the plan members.

C. Social Security System

Effective July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the SERS/STRS Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the SERS/STRS Ohio. As of June 30, 2014 certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in two cost-sharing, multiple employer postemployment benefit plans administered by the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries, a Health Care Plan and a Medicare Part B Plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans. A prescription drug program is also available to those who elect health coverage. SERS employs two third-party administrators and a pharmacy benefit manager to manage the self-insurance and prescription drug plans, respectively. The Medicare Part B Plan reimburses Medicare Part B premiums paid by eligible retirees and beneficiaries as set forth in Section 3309.69 of the Ohio Revised Code. Qualified benefit recipients who pay Medicare Part B premiums may apply for and receive a monthly reimbursement from SERS. The reimbursement amount is limited by statute to the lesser of the January 1, 1999 Medicare Part B premium or the current premium. The Medicare Part B monthly premium for calendar year 2014 was \$104.90 for most participants, but could be as high as \$335.70 per month depending on their income and the SERS' reimbursement to retirees was \$45.50. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. The financial reports of both Plans are included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is available by contacting SERS at 300 East Broad St., Suite 100, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3746. It is also posted on the SERS' Ohio website, www.ohsers.org, under "Employers/Audit Resources".

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). For 2014, 0.14 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2014, the actuarially determined amount was \$20,250.

Active members do not contribute to the postemployment benefit plans. The Retirement Board establishes the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

The District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$133,967, \$124,227 and \$153,117, respectively; 82.54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

The Retirement Board, acting with advice of the actuary, allocates a portion of the employer contribution to the Medicare Part B Fund. For fiscal year 2014, this actuarially required allocation was 0.76 percent of covered payroll. The District's contributions for Medicare Part B for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$56,132, \$53,613 and \$57,763, respectively; 82.54 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2014, STRS Ohio allocated employer contributions equal to 1 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$223,889, \$221,275 and \$236,102, respectively; 82.74 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2013 and 2012.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) While not legally required, the District budgets advances-in and advances-out as operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 701,935
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(1,498,761)
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	1,508,965
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(714,137)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	(23,950)
Adjustment for encumbrances	394,082
GAAP basis	\$ 368,134

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the uniform school supplies and the public school support fund.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is not involved in material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

NOTE 18 - SET ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (CONTINUED)

NOTE 18 - SET ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	_	apital ovements
Set-aside balance June 30, 2013	\$	-
Current year set-aside requirement		892,277
Current year qualifying expenditures	((177,130)
Current year offsets	(3,	,026,699)
Total	<u>\$ (2</u> ,	,311,552)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2015	\$	-
Set-aside balance June 30, 2014	\$	

NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Year-End
Fund	Ene	cumbrances
General fund	\$	294,420
Permanent improvement fund		888,613
Straight A fund		9,829,875
Other governmental funds		83,242
Total	\$	11,096,150

SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Grant Year(s)	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
<u>Nutrition Cluster:</u> Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution): National School Lunch Program	2014	10.555	\$ 122,130	\$ 122,130
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program	2014	10.553	112,896	112,896
National School Lunch Program Total Nutrition Cluster	2014	10.555	593,303 828,329	593,303 828,329
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			828,329	828,329
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through the Ohio Department of Education				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	2014 2013	84.010 84.010	331,980 65,864	375,705 100,120
Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			397,844	475,825
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States	2014	84.027	592,946	673,498
	2013	84.027	177,061	228,786
Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster	2014	84.173	770.007	<u> </u>
Total Special Education Guster			770,007	907,731
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	2014	84.287	114,812	132,587
	2013	84.287	88,432	100,980
Total Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers			203,244	233,567
ARRA - Race to the Top Incentive Grants	2014	84.395	77,102	111,336
	2013	84.395	3,551	983
Total ARRA - Race to the Top Incentive Grants			80,653	112,319
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	2014	84.367	84,781	100,818
	2013	84.367	10,944	21,187
Total Improving Teacher Quality State Grants			95,725	122,005
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,547,473	1,851,447
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES			\$ 2,375,802	\$ 2,679,776

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Marysville Exempted Village School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Marysville Exempted Village School District Union County 1000 Edgewood Drive Marysville, Ohio 43040

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Marysville Exempted Village School District, Union County, Ohio, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.ohioauditor.gov Marysville Exempted Village School District Union County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

are Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 29, 2015



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Marysville Exempted Village School District Union County 1000 Edgewood Drive Marysville, Ohio 43040

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Marysville Exempted Village School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of the Marysville Exempted Village School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The *Summary of Audit Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Marysville Exempted Village School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

88 East Broad Street, Tenth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-3402 or 800-443-9275 Fax: 614-728-7199 www.ohioauditor.gov Marysville Exempted Village School District Union County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

re Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

January 29, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505 JUNE 30, 2014

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program, CFDA #10.553; National School Lunch Program, CFDA #10.555 Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States, CFDA #84.027; Special Education, Preschool Grants, CFDA #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	No

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

MARYSVILLE EXEMPTED VILLAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT

UNION COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED FEBRUARY 24, 2015

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov