



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Shelby County
129 East Court Street
Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Ohio (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of S & H Products, which represent 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amount included for S & H Products is based solely on the report of other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General, Public Assistance, Auto License and Gas, and Developmental Disabilities funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 3, fund balance and net position was restated in the Developmental Disabilities Fund and Governmental Activities, respectively, to remove the balances of a previously reported blended component unit as the entity no longer met the criteria under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61 for component unit reporting.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the County's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2015, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

September 9, 2015

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED**

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Shelby County's discussion and analysis of the annual financial report provides a review of the financial performance for the year ended December 31, 2014.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The County's total net position decreased \$532,485 during 2014. Net position of governmental activities decreased \$281,647 (less than one percent). Net position of business-type activities decreased by \$250,838 (about 2 percent).
- The General Fund transfers out equaled \$3,493,750. Of these transfers, \$3,224,490 were transfers of sales tax receipts to the Auto License and Gas and Capital Improvements Funds (\$1,612,245 each) and the remaining \$269,260, was to subsidize various programs of the non-major governmental funds.
- Business-type operations showed total operating revenue of \$7,994,193 and total operating expenses of \$8,552,274 for an operating loss of \$558,081. Total business-type unrestricted net position was \$1,490,702. This total includes \$1,479,743 for the Fair Haven Fund and \$10,959 for the Sewer Fund.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, decreased \$1,766,653 for governmental activities. This was due to depreciation expense being higher than the additions to capital assets for the year.

USING THIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. These statements are presented so that the reader can understand Shelby County's financial situation as a whole and also give a detailed view of the County's fiscal condition.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Major fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as the amount of funds available for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County as a whole begins with the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information that will help the reader to determine if Shelby County is financially better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by private sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes to that net position. This change informs the reader whether the County's financial position, as a whole, has improved or diminished. In evaluating the overall financial health, the reader of these financial statements needs to take into account non-financial factors that also impact the County's financial well-being. Some of these factors include the County's tax base, and the condition of capital assets.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County is divided into two kinds of activities.

Governmental Activities – Most of the County's services are reported here including general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, economic development and assistance, and intergovernmental.

Business-Type Activities – These services include Fair Haven and Sewer. Fair Haven is the county home. Service fees for these operations are charged based upon the amount of usage. The intent is that the fees charged recoup operational costs.

REPORTING THE COUNTY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the County's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds – not the County as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the County Auditor, with the approval of the County Commissioners, to help control, manage and report money received for a particular purpose or to show that the County is meeting legal responsibilities for use of grants. Shelby County's major funds are General, Public Assistance, Auto License and Gas, Developmental Disabilities, Capital Improvement Tax, Fair Haven, and Sewer.

Governmental Funds – Most of the County's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future on services provided to our residents. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Enterprise Funds – When the County charges citizens for the services it provides, with the intent of recapturing operating costs, these services are generally reported in enterprise funds. Enterprise funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements will essentially match.

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

As stated previously, the Statement of Net Position looks at the County as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the County's net position for 2014 compared to 2013.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

**Table 1
Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2014	2013 (Restated)	2014	2013	2014	2013 (Restated)
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$39,248,965	\$36,164,451	\$4,635,059	\$4,852,914	\$43,884,024	\$41,017,365
Capital Assets	75,099,839	76,866,492	11,600,377	11,898,950	86,700,216	88,765,442
Total Assets	114,348,804	113,030,943	16,235,436	16,751,864	130,584,240	129,782,807
Liabilities:						
Long-Term Liabilities:						
Due within One Year	191,081	183,942	85,381	74,474	276,462	258,416
Due in More Than One Year	1,676,575	1,734,652	2,843,167	2,931,181	4,519,742	4,665,833
Other Liabilities	3,036,434	1,728,949	481,547	670,030	3,517,981	2,398,979
Total Liabilities	4,904,090	3,647,543	3,410,095	3,675,685	8,314,185	7,323,228
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property Taxes Not Levied to Finance Current Year	6,483,324	6,140,364			6,483,324	6,140,364
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	75,062,386	76,830,217	9,849,972	10,152,035	84,912,358	86,982,252
Restricted for:						
Other Purposes	22,246,891	20,719,330			22,246,891	20,719,330
Capital Outlay	2,161,122	2,760,637	1,484,667	1,306,640	3,645,789	4,067,277
Unrestricted	3,490,991	2,932,852	1,490,702	1,617,504	4,981,693	4,550,356
Total Net Position	\$102,961,390	\$103,243,036	\$12,825,341	\$13,076,179	\$115,786,731	\$116,319,215

The increase in the current assets of the governmental activities was mostly due to an increase in cash balances of \$2,712,104. A large portion of this was due to the increase in cash balances of the Developmental Disabilities Fund. This is also the reason for the increase in Net Position Restricted for Other Purposes. The cash balance of the General Fund increased, as well as Net Position Unrestricted mostly due to increased sales tax receipts.

The decrease in capital assets of the governmental activities and the corresponding decrease in Net Position, Net Investment in Capital Assets, was due to depreciation and deletions of assets being higher than additions for the year. The depreciation is mostly from the infrastructure assets.

Other liabilities of governmental funds increased because of contracts payable of 1.3 million at fiscal year-end for the courthouse renovations and the jail security system.

Net Position Restricted for Capital Outlay decreased due to the courthouse renovations.

Total net position decreased \$532,485. Net position of the County's governmental activities decreased by \$281,647, with unrestricted net position increasing \$558,139. The net position of the County's business-type activities decreased by \$250,838.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2014, as compared with the year ended December 31, 2013.

**Table 2
Changes in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2013 (Restated)				2013 (Restated)	
	2014	(Restated)	2014	2013	2014	(Restated)
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$7,263,921	\$7,126,428	\$7,882,049	\$7,758,813	\$15,145,970	\$14,885,241
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest Capital Grants and Contributions	12,221,307	13,048,278			12,221,307	13,048,278
	245,550		197,321	1,763,630	442,871	1,763,630
Total Program Revenues	<u>19,730,778</u>	<u>20,174,706</u>	<u>8,079,370</u>	<u>9,522,443</u>	<u>27,810,148</u>	<u>29,697,149</u>
General Revenues:						
Property and Other Taxes	6,307,043	6,162,001			6,307,043	6,162,001
Permissive Sales Tax	9,967,365	8,855,695			9,967,365	8,855,695
Grants and Entitlements	3,444,861	3,416,066			3,444,861	3,416,066
Interest	176,853	36,631	11,988	1,785	188,841	38,416
Other	127,480	177,136	112,144	74,892	239,624	252,028
Total General Revenues	<u>20,023,602</u>	<u>18,647,529</u>	<u>124,132</u>	<u>76,677</u>	<u>20,147,734</u>	<u>18,724,206</u>
Total Revenues	<u>39,754,380</u>	<u>38,822,235</u>	<u>8,203,502</u>	<u>9,599,120</u>	<u>47,957,882</u>	<u>48,421,355</u>
Program Expenses:						
Legislative and Executive	4,853,555	4,782,654			4,853,555	4,782,654
Judicial	2,662,886	2,412,783			2,662,886	2,412,783
Public Safety	5,296,723	5,069,037			5,296,723	5,069,037
Public Works	11,471,566	11,586,619			11,471,566	11,586,619
Health	369,788	308,017			369,788	308,017
Human Services	14,482,878	14,615,009			14,482,878	14,615,009
Conservation and Recreation	120,000				120,000	
Economic Dev. And Assist.	425,956	509,268			425,956	509,268
Intergovernmental	215,640	210,883			215,640	210,883
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,085	4,457			2,085	4,457
Fair Haven			7,327,329	7,480,473	7,327,329	7,480,473
Sewer			1,261,961	1,126,537	1,261,961	1,126,537
Total Expenses	<u>39,901,077</u>	<u>39,498,727</u>	<u>8,589,290</u>	<u>8,607,010</u>	<u>48,490,367</u>	<u>48,105,737</u>
Increase(Decrease) in Net Position Before Transfers	(146,697)	(676,492)	(385,788)	992,110	(532,485)	315,618
Transfers	(134,950)	(105,000)	134,950	105,000		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>(\$281,647)</u>	<u>(\$781,492)</u>	<u>(\$250,838)</u>	<u>\$1,097,110</u>	<u>(\$532,485)</u>	<u>\$315,618</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Governmental Activities

Grants and entitlements is the largest source of revenue for Shelby County, comprising approximately 40% of total revenues of governmental activities for 2014. Program specific grants and entitlements made up 31% of this and unrestricted grants and entitlements made up 9%. The major recipients of the restricted grants and entitlements were the Public Assistance, Auto License and Gas, and Developmental Disabilities Funds.

Permissive sales tax is the next largest source of revenue for the County, making up 25% of total revenues. While sales tax rates remained the same, sales tax revenue increased 13% from 2013 to \$9,967,365, due to greater sales activity in the County during 2014.

The County's direct charges to users of governmental services made up around 18% of total governmental revenues for 2014. These charges are for fees for real estate transfers, fees associated with the collection of property taxes, sheriff fees, fines and forfeitures related to judicial activity, licenses and permits, rent and other miscellaneous charges.

Property and other taxes made up about 16% of total revenues for 2014.

The remaining revenue of one percent was from interest and miscellaneous revenues.

Human services programs accounted for approximately 36% of total expenses for governmental activities. Public works expenditures make up approximately 29% of total expenses. Other major program expenses for governmental activities include public safety programs and general government legislative and executive, which accounted for 13%, and 12% of total expenses, respectively.

Administration and the County Commissioners have a quality of life commitment to the citizens and businesses located in the County. With this in mind, the County Commissioners committed over 5.2 million for capital assets. These assets included the purchase of safety and road maintenance equipment and vehicles, bridge replacements and road resurfacing, a jail security system, and courthouse renovations.

Business-Type Activities

The net position of business-type activities decreased by \$250,838 during 2014. Charges for services were the largest revenue source, accounting for 96% of total business-type activities revenues. Capital grants and contributions accounted for 2% of revenues during 2014. The Fair Haven County Home received a donation to be used for capital improvements, and the Sewer Fund received a vehicle purchased from governmental funds and Issue II grant monies for a sewer project. Interest and miscellaneous revenues also accounted for about two percent of total revenues during 2014.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services for governmental activities for 2014 and 2013. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Table 3

	2014		2013 (Restated)	
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	\$4,853,555	\$1,827,633	\$4,782,654	\$1,678,595
Judicial	2,662,886	1,527,199	2,412,783	1,065,271
Public Safety	5,296,723	3,817,201	5,069,037	3,881,768
Public Works	11,471,566	6,237,654	11,586,619	6,365,870
Health	369,788	181,355	308,017	144,933
Human Services	14,482,878	6,367,313	14,615,009	5,932,378
Conservation and Recreation	120,000	1,800		
Economic Dev. And Assistance	425,956	(7,581)	509,268	39,866
Intergovernmental	215,640	215,640	210,883	210,883
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,085	2,085	4,457	4,457
Total Expenses	\$39,901,077	\$20,170,299	\$39,498,727	\$19,324,021

As indicated above, citizen safety and well-being is emphasized.

Charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants of approximately 50% of total revenues of governmental activities are received and used to fund the expenses of the County. The remaining 50% of revenues is used to fund the rest of the expenses. The County Commissioners rely on these general revenues, especially taxes, to furnish the quality of life to businesses and citizens to which they and previous County Commissioners have always been committed.

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Information about the County's major governmental funds begins on page 16. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$40,224,601 and expenditures of \$38,215,318.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,769,318 while total fund balance was \$3,175,563, an increase of \$704,067 from the prior year, due to an increase in sales tax receipts. The Public Assistance Fund balance increased \$58,653 due to normal operations of the fund. The Auto License and Gas Fund balance increased \$50,050. The Developmental Disabilities fund balance increased \$1,032,827. The Capital Improvement Tax fund balance decreased by \$48,427.

The enterprise funds reflect an operating loss for 2014. Fair Haven had an operating loss of \$211,993. The census at the home was lower, so the revenues and expenditures were lower during 2014. The Sewer Fund had an operating loss of \$346,088.

Major Funds Budgeting Highlights

The County's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The County's budget is adopted on a line item basis. Before the budget is adopted, the County Commissioners review detailed budget worksheets of each function within the General Fund and then adopts the budget at the fund, department, and object level (i.e., General Fund – Commissioners – salaries, supplies, equipment, contract repairs, travel expenses, maintenance, and other expenses).

During 2014, the General Fund had original appropriations of \$15,157,950 and final appropriations of \$15,537,943. Actual expenditures plus encumbrances for 2014 were \$15,216,047.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

**Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Land	\$2,419,034	\$2,419,034	\$407,208	\$407,208
Construction in Progress				244,934
Buildings	17,534,311	15,257,993	1,412,294	1,488,166
Equipment	1,023,582	1,058,558	20,974	22,078
Furniture and Fixtures	53,688	64,923		
Vehicles	1,969,309	1,962,804	82,857	70,712
Infrastructure	52,099,915	56,103,180	9,677,044	9,665,852
Totals	<u>\$75,099,839</u>	<u>\$76,866,492</u>	<u>\$11,600,377</u>	<u>\$11,898,950</u>

See Note 9 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed capital asset information.

Debt

At December 31, 2014, Shelby County had \$96,000 in long-term governmental debt outstanding, and \$2,582,089 in long-term enterprise debt.

**Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year End**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
General Obligation Bonds	\$58,547	\$123,747		
Loans Payable			\$2,582,089	\$2,640,411
Capital Leases	37,453	36,275		
Totals	<u>\$96,000</u>	<u>\$160,022</u>	<u>\$2,582,089</u>	<u>\$2,640,411</u>

The general obligation bonds are being paid through the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund using payments from Clinton Township. Clinton Township installed a storm sewer in the Millcreek Subdivision and the County issued the bonds for them, but Clinton Township is repaying them.

Obligations under governmental activities capital leases will be paid from the General Fund, Public Assistance Fund and Auto License and Gas Fund.

The loans payable in the Sewer Enterprise Fund will be paid from the fund's operating revenues and from special assessments received within that fund. In addition, the Village of Fort Loramie is making payments to contribute a portion of the funds for paying off the Fort Loramie Flow Equalization Project OWDA Loan.

See Note 15 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the County's outstanding debt obligations.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**MANAGEMENTS' DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
UNAUDITED
(Continued)**

During 2014, the County issued \$3,120,000 general obligation bonds to fund the courthouse renovations. The Auto License and Gas and Permanent Improvement Funds are the purchasing funds and the Capital Improvement Tax Fund is the borrowing fund. Interfund receivables and payables have been set up in these funds. See Note 16 of the notes to the basic financial statements for more detailed information on the manuscript debt.

The County's overall legal debt margin was \$20,442,562 as of December 31, 2014. The more restrictive un-voted legal debt margin was \$6,869,897 as of the same date.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and investors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Amy Berning, County Auditor, Shelby County, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	S and H Products
Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$23,964,073	\$1,051,498	\$25,015,571	
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	51,806	11,472	63,278	\$168,659
Investments in Segregated Accounts		1,318,634	1,318,634	152,316
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent	3,597		3,597	389,269
Accrued Interest Receivable	45,484	1,746	47,230	648
Permissive Sales Tax Receivable	1,638,448		1,638,448	
Accounts Receivable (Net, where applicable, of Uncollectible Accounts)	676,168	1,091,964	1,768,132	41,280
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	314,456	7,019	321,475	
Due from Other Governments	4,665,773	384,298	5,050,071	
Property and Other Taxes Receivable	6,597,812		6,597,812	
Prepaid Items	151,624	5,141	156,765	
Internal Balances	41		41	
Notes Receivable	818,144		818,144	
Special Assessments Receivable	321,539	62,856	384,395	
Loans Receivable		700,431	700,431	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	72,680,805	11,193,169	83,873,974	40,811
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,419,034	407,208	2,826,242	
Total Assets	114,348,804	16,235,436	130,584,240	792,983
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	278,519	144,642	423,161	142
Contracts Payable	1,342,082		1,342,082	
Retainage Payable	109,318		109,318	
Accrued Wages Payable	713,098	195,829	908,927	11,757
Due to Other Governments	535,605	123,959	659,564	1,164
Unearned Revenue	57,015		57,015	
Accrued Interest Payable	797	15,398	16,195	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		1,678	1,678	
Internal Balances		41	41	
Long Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	191,081	85,381	276,462	
Due in More Than One Year	1,676,575	2,843,167	4,519,742	
Total Liabilities	4,904,090	3,410,095	8,314,185	13,063
Deferred Inflow of Resources:				
Property Taxes Not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	6,483,324		6,483,324	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	75,062,386	9,849,972	84,912,358	40,811
Restricted for:				
Other Purposes	22,246,891		22,246,891	
Capital Outlay	2,161,122	1,484,667	3,645,789	
Unrestricted	3,490,991	1,490,702	4,981,693	739,109
Total Net Position	\$102,961,390	\$12,825,341	\$115,786,731	\$779,920

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>		
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>
Governmental Activities:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	\$4,853,555	\$3,008,203	\$17,719	
Judicial	2,662,886	698,384	437,303	
Public Safety	5,296,723	1,175,046	304,476	
Public Works	11,471,566	845,796	4,260,766	\$127,350
Health	369,788	182,361	6,072	
Human Services	14,482,878	1,354,131	6,761,434	
Conservation and Recreation	120,000			118,200
Economic Development and Assistance	425,956		433,537	
Intergovernmental	215,640			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,085			
Total Governmental Activities	<u>39,901,077</u>	<u>7,263,921</u>	<u>12,221,307</u>	<u>245,550</u>
Business-type activities:				
Fair Haven	7,327,329	7,007,911		166,033
Sewer	1,261,961	874,138		31,288
Total business-type activities	<u>8,589,290</u>	<u>7,882,049</u>		<u>197,321</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$48,490,367</u>	<u>\$15,145,970</u>	<u>\$12,221,307</u>	<u>\$442,871</u>
Component Unit:				
S and H Products	\$248,766	\$185,010	\$46,407	\$0

General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied for:

- General Purposes
- Other Purposes
- County Permissive Motor Vehicle License Taxes
- Levied for Public Works

Permissive Sales Taxes Imposed for:

- General Purposes
- Permanent Improvements
- Roads and Bridges
- Capital Improvements
- Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs
- Unrestricted Investment Earnings
- Miscellaneous
- Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3)

Net Position End of Year

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Primary Government			Component Unit
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	S and H Products
(\$1,827,633)		(\$1,827,633)	
(1,527,199)		(1,527,199)	
(3,817,201)		(3,817,201)	
(6,237,654)		(6,237,654)	
(181,355)		(181,355)	
(6,367,313)		(6,367,313)	
(1,800)		(1,800)	
7,581		7,581	
(215,640)		(215,640)	
(2,085)		(2,085)	
<u>(20,170,299)</u>		<u>(20,170,299)</u>	
	(\$153,385)	(153,385)	
	<u>(356,535)</u>	<u>(356,535)</u>	
	(509,920)	(509,920)	
<u>(20,170,299)</u>	<u>(509,920)</u>	<u>(20,680,219)</u>	
			(\$17,349)
1,964,089		1,964,089	
4,191,171		4,191,171	
151,783		151,783	
5,106,566		5,106,566	
1,636,309		1,636,309	
1,612,245		1,612,245	
1,612,245		1,612,245	
3,444,861		3,444,861	
176,853	11,988	188,841	47,033
127,480	112,144	239,624	1,862
(134,950)	134,950		
<u>19,888,652</u>	<u>259,082</u>	<u>20,147,734</u>	<u>48,895</u>
(281,647)	(250,838)	(532,485)	31,546
<u>103,243,037</u>	<u>13,076,179</u>	<u>116,319,216</u>	<u>748,374</u>
<u>\$102,961,390</u>	<u>\$12,825,341</u>	<u>\$115,786,731</u>	<u>\$779,920</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>General</u>	<u>Public Assistance</u>	<u>Auto License and Gas</u>
Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,999,694	\$498,371	\$2,802,933
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	37,777		
Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agents			
Receivables:			
Property and Other Taxes	2,275,572		15,122
Permissive Sales Tax	1,390,373		
Accounts (Net, where applicable, of Uncollectible Accounts)	388,726	8,825	1,185
Interfund	12,392	104,603	2,011,243
Special Assessments			
Accrued Interest	45,417		67
Due from Other Governments	1,014,006	29,640	2,144,682
Prepaid Items	51,867	37,393	19,074
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	47,979	1,205	260,067
Notes Receivable			
Total Assets	<u>7,263,803</u>	<u>680,037</u>	<u>7,254,373</u>
Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	106,525	15,821	43,238
Contracts Payable			
Retainage Payable			
Accrued Wages Payable	286,494	85,192	68,158
Due to Other Governments	239,253	77,457	39,450
Interfund Payable	84,569	825	
Unearned Revenue		57,015	
Total Liabilities	<u>716,841</u>	<u>236,310</u>	<u>150,846</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Property Taxes Not Levied to Finance Current Year Operations	2,243,890		
Unavailable Revenue	1,127,509	26,410	1,495,481
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>3,371,399</u>	<u>26,410</u>	<u>1,495,481</u>
Fund Balances:			
Non-spendable	179,472	38,598	1,876,581
Restricted		378,719	3,731,465
Committed			
Assigned	226,773		
Unassigned	2,769,318		
Total Fund Balances	<u>3,175,563</u>	<u>417,317</u>	<u>5,608,046</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$7,263,803</u>	<u>\$680,037</u>	<u>\$7,254,373</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Developmental Disabilities	Capital Improvement Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$9,950,735	\$4,587,863	\$4,124,477	\$23,964,073
		14,029	51,806
3,597			3,597
4,307,118			6,597,812
		248,075	1,638,448
3,000		274,432	676,168
		1,320,712	3,448,950
		321,539	321,539
			45,484
1,106,583		370,862	4,665,773
14,136		29,154	151,624
5,205			314,456
		818,144	818,144
<u>15,390,374</u>	<u>4,587,863</u>	<u>7,521,424</u>	<u>42,697,874</u>
42,142		70,793	278,519
	1,339,282	2,800	1,342,082
	109,318		109,318
218,540		54,714	713,098
131,708		47,737	535,605
7,092	3,120,000	236,423	3,448,909
			57,015
<u>399,482</u>	<u>4,568,600</u>	<u>412,467</u>	<u>6,484,546</u>
4,239,434			6,483,324
864,830		765,803	4,280,033
<u>5,104,264</u>		<u>765,803</u>	<u>10,763,357</u>
19,341		1,656,711	3,770,703
9,867,287	19,263	4,655,366	18,652,100
		32,877	32,877
			226,773
		(1,800)	2,767,518
<u>9,886,628</u>	<u>19,263</u>	<u>6,343,154</u>	<u>25,449,971</u>
<u>\$15,390,374</u>	<u>\$4,587,863</u>	<u>\$7,521,424</u>	<u>\$42,697,874</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
DECEMBER 31, 2014**

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$25,449,971
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets reported in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		75,099,839
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Property and Other Taxes	\$156,115	
Intergovernmental	3,176,735	
Accounts Receivable	624,239	
Special Assessments	306,643	
Interest	16,301	
	<u>4,280,033</u>	
Total		4,280,033
Some liabilities, including notes payable and accrued interest payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Accrued Interest	(797)	
General Obligation Bonds	(58,547)	
Capital Leases	(37,453)	
Compensated Absences	(1,771,656)	
	<u>(1,868,453)</u>	
Total		<u>(1,868,453)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u><u>\$102,961,390</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>General</u>	<u>Public Assistance</u>	<u>Auto License and Gas</u>
Revenues:			
Property and Other Taxes	\$1,961,994		\$151,783
Permissive Sales Tax	8,331,056		
Intergovernmental	1,755,770	\$2,971,848	4,316,054
Charges for Services	2,960,548	638,098	351,468
Licenses and Permits	50,757		
Fines and Forfeitures	152,576		
Special Assessments			
Interest	184,601		3,460
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments	3,521		(1,035)
Other	245,702	69,882	138,882
Total Revenues	<u>15,646,525</u>	<u>3,679,828</u>	<u>4,960,612</u>
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General Government:			
Legislative and Executive	4,184,270		
Judicial	2,090,185		
Public Safety	4,128,452		
Public Works	688,386		6,550,941
Health	150,379		
Human Services	623,764	3,620,169	
Conservation and Recreation			
Economic Development and Assistance			
Intergovernmental	215,640		
Capital Outlay			
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	9,804	992	553
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2	14	160
Total Expenditures	<u>12,090,882</u>	<u>3,621,175</u>	<u>6,551,654</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>3,555,643</u>	<u>58,653</u>	<u>(1,591,042)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets			16,320
Inception of Capital Lease			12,527
Transfers - In	642,174		1,612,245
Transfers - Out	(3,493,750)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(2,851,576)</u>		<u>1,641,092</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	704,067	58,653	50,050
Fund Balances Beginning of Year - Restated (Note 3)	<u>2,471,496</u>	<u>358,664</u>	<u>5,557,996</u>
Fund Balances End of Year	<u>\$3,175,563</u>	<u>\$417,317</u>	<u>\$5,608,046</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Developmental Disabilities	Capital Improvement Tax	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$4,198,290			\$6,312,067
		1,636,309	9,967,365
4,777,548		2,326,545	16,147,765
55,445		1,413,353	5,418,912
		143,050	193,807
		186,755	339,331
		311,255	311,255
			188,061
			2,486
297,199		591,887	1,343,552
9,328,482		6,609,154	40,224,601
		575,749	4,760,019
		478,512	2,568,697
		692,466	4,820,918
		225,163	7,464,490
		215,985	366,364
8,295,655		1,718,144	14,257,732
		120,000	120,000
		422,161	422,161
			215,640
	\$2,860,672	278,881	3,139,553
		65,200	76,549
		3,019	3,195
8,295,655	2,860,672	4,795,280	38,215,318
1,032,827	(2,860,672)	1,813,874	2,009,283
			16,320
			12,527
	2,812,245	269,260	5,335,924
		(1,977,124)	(5,470,874)
	2,812,245	(1,707,864)	(106,103)
1,032,827	(48,427)	106,010	1,903,180
8,853,801	67,690	6,237,144	23,546,791
\$9,886,628	\$19,263	\$6,343,154	\$25,449,971

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$1,903,180
<p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:</p>		
<p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:</p>		
Capital Outlay	\$5,214,097	
Depreciation	(6,942,165)	
Excess of Capital Outlay over Depreciation Expense	(1,728,068)	(1,728,068)
<p>Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each sale. In the current year, these amounts consisted of:</p>		
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	(16,320)	
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(22,265)	
	(38,585)	(38,585)
<p>New capital leases are recorded as other financing sources and uses in the funds, but are recorded as long-term obligations in the statement of net position.</p>		
Inception of Capital Lease		(12,527)
<p>Repayment of long-term obligations is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. In the current year, these amounts consist of:</p>		
General Obligation Bond Principal Payments	65,200	
Capital Lease Principal Payments	11,349	
	76,549	76,549
<p>Some revenues that will not be collected for several months after the County's year end are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenues changed by these amounts this year:</p>		
Property and Other Taxes	(5,024)	
Intergovernmental	(412,924)	
Charges for Services	9,364	
Fines and Forfeitures	(77,987)	
Licenses and Permits	270	
Other Revenue	15,416	
Special Assessments	10,830	
Interest	(10,167)	
	(470,222)	(470,222)
<p>Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of:</p>		
Decrease in Accrued Interest	1,110	
Increase in Compensated Absences	(13,084)	
	(11,974)	(11,974)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(\$281,647)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

SHELBY COUNTY

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$1,956,000	\$1,956,000	\$1,957,071	\$1,071
Permissive Sales Tax	7,282,000	7,582,000	8,143,886	561,886
Intergovernmental	1,682,375	1,682,375	1,764,056	81,681
Charges for Services	2,243,400	2,333,400	2,440,337	106,937
Licenses and Permits	180,000	180,000	50,782	(129,218)
Fines and Forfeitures	132,000	132,000	166,890	34,890
Interest	110,000	110,000	165,204	55,204
Other	131,650	131,650	163,027	31,377
Total Revenues	<u>13,717,425</u>	<u>14,107,425</u>	<u>14,851,253</u>	<u>743,828</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government:				
Legislative and Executive	4,003,340	3,962,249	3,858,248	104,001
Judicial	2,109,060	2,133,710	2,093,616	40,094
Public Safety	4,026,761	4,090,274	4,081,520	8,754
Public Works	707,078	715,859	700,710	15,149
Health	280,387	279,597	150,379	129,218
Human Services	654,748	637,266	620,184	17,082
Intergovernmental	220,859	215,640	215,640	
Total Expenditures	<u>12,002,233</u>	<u>12,034,595</u>	<u>11,720,297</u>	<u>314,298</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>1,715,192</u>	<u>2,072,830</u>	<u>3,130,956</u>	<u>1,058,126</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	1,500	2,000		(2,000)
Advances In	5,000	5,000		(5,000)
Advances Out		(2,000)	(2,000)	
Transfers - In	600,000	600,000	642,174	42,174
Transfers - Out	(3,155,717)	(3,501,348)	(3,493,750)	7,598
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(2,549,217)</u>	<u>(2,896,348)</u>	<u>(2,853,576)</u>	<u>42,772</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(834,025)	(823,518)	277,380	1,100,898
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	742,643	742,643	742,643	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>114,110</u>	<u>114,110</u>	<u>114,110</u>	
Fund Balance End of Year	<u>\$22,728</u>	<u>\$33,235</u>	<u>\$1,134,133</u>	<u>\$1,100,898</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$2,662,981	\$2,744,948	\$2,750,183	\$5,235
Charges for Services	639,088	680,756	680,756	
Other	157,633	195,875	202,737	6,862
Total Revenues	<u>3,459,702</u>	<u>3,621,579</u>	<u>3,633,676</u>	<u>12,097</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Human Services	<u>3,482,267</u>	<u>3,654,966</u>	<u>3,445,108</u>	<u>209,858</u>
Excess of Revenues Over(Under) Expenditures	(22,565)	(33,387)	188,568	221,955
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	280,772	280,772	280,772	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>27,362</u>	<u>27,362</u>	<u>27,362</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u><u>\$285,569</u></u>	<u><u>\$274,747</u></u>	<u><u>\$496,702</u></u>	<u><u>\$221,955</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
AUTO LICENSE AND GAS FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>			Variance with
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$140,000	\$140,000	\$148,636	\$8,636
Intergovernmental	4,130,000	4,130,000	4,290,405	160,405
Charges for Services	280,000	280,000	375,443	95,443
Interest	1,800	1,800	1,829	29
Other	26,000	26,000	139,383	113,383
Total Revenues	<u>4,577,800</u>	<u>4,577,800</u>	<u>4,955,696</u>	<u>377,896</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public Works	<u>10,604,306</u>	<u>10,604,306</u>	<u>6,776,961</u>	<u>3,827,345</u>
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(6,026,506)	(6,026,506)	(1,821,265)	4,205,241
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	1,100,000	1,612,245	1,612,245	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets			16,320	16,320
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>1,100,000</u>	<u>1,612,245</u>	<u>1,628,565</u>	<u>16,320</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,926,506)	(4,414,261)	(192,700)	4,221,561
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4,836,593	4,836,593	4,836,593	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>93,618</u>	<u>93,618</u>	<u>93,618</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u>\$3,705</u>	<u>\$515,950</u>	<u>\$4,737,511</u>	<u>\$4,221,561</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (NON-GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL
DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>(Negative)</u>
Revenues:				
Property and Other Taxes	\$4,128,565	\$4,128,565	\$4,198,265	\$69,700
Intergovernmental	3,943,484	3,943,484	4,586,042	642,558
Charges for Services	45,000	45,000	55,345	10,345
Other	457,500	457,500	283,332	(174,168)
Total Revenues	<u>8,574,549</u>	<u>8,574,549</u>	<u>9,122,984</u>	<u>548,435</u>
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Human Services	7,986,228	8,358,728	7,255,730	1,102,998
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>588,321</u>	<u>215,821</u>	<u>1,867,254</u>	<u>1,651,433</u>
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers - Out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(100,000)</u>	<u>(100,000)</u>	<u>(100,000)</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance	488,321	115,821	1,767,254	1,651,433
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	7,702,205	7,702,205	7,702,205	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	<u>34,453</u>	<u>34,453</u>	<u>34,453</u>	
Fund Balance at End of Year	<u><u>\$8,224,979</u></u>	<u><u>\$7,852,479</u></u>	<u><u>\$9,503,912</u></u>	<u><u>\$1,651,433</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>Fair Haven</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets:			
Current Assets:			
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$934,468	\$117,030	\$1,051,498
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	10,250	1,222	11,472
Investments in Segregated Accounts	1,318,634		1,318,634
Accounts Receivable	1,010,570	81,394	1,091,964
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,746		1,746
Inventory of Supplies and Materials	7,019		7,019
Due from Other Governments	382,776	1,522	384,298
Prepaid Items	4,329	812	5,141
Special Assessments Receivable		62,856	62,856
Loan Receivable		50,457	50,457
Total Current Assets	<u>3,669,792</u>	<u>315,293</u>	<u>3,985,085</u>
Non-current Assets:			
Loan Receivable - net of current portion		649,974	649,974
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	17,031	390,177	407,208
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,273,013	9,920,156	11,193,169
Total Non-current Assets	<u>1,290,044</u>	<u>10,960,307</u>	<u>12,250,351</u>
Total Assets	<u>4,959,836</u>	<u>11,275,600</u>	<u>16,235,436</u>
Liabilities:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	114,153	30,489	144,642
Accrued Wages Payable	183,998	11,831	195,829
Due to Other Governments	113,473	10,486	123,959
Accrued Interest Payable		15,398	15,398
Interfund Payable		41	41
Compensated Absences Payable	14,213	703	14,916
OPWC Loans Payable		7,372	7,372
OWDA Loans Payable		57,771	57,771
USDA Loan Payable		7,000	7,000
Total Current Liabilities	<u>425,837</u>	<u>141,091</u>	<u>566,928</u>
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Compensated Absences Payable - net of current portion	279,545	53,676	333,221
OPWC Loans Payable - net of current portion		205,458	205,458
OWDA Loans Payable - net of current portion		1,797,488	1,797,488
USDA Loan Payable - net of current portion		507,000	507,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>279,545</u>	<u>2,563,622</u>	<u>2,843,167</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>705,382</u>	<u>2,704,713</u>	<u>3,410,095</u>
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,290,044	8,559,928	9,849,972
Restricted for Capital Improvements Endowment	1,484,667		1,484,667
Unrestricted	1,479,743	10,959	1,490,702
Total Net Position	<u>\$4,254,454</u>	<u>\$8,570,887</u>	<u>\$12,825,341</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	Fair Haven	Sewer	Total
Operating Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$7,007,911	\$874,138	\$7,882,049
Other	107,425	4,719	112,144
Total Operating Revenues	<u>7,115,336</u>	<u>878,857</u>	<u>7,994,193</u>
Operating Expenses:			
Personal Services	5,133,341	342,641	5,475,982
Contractual Services	885,065	470,542	1,355,607
Materials and Supplies	886,303	80,179	966,482
Depreciation	69,322	330,784	400,106
Other	353,298	799	354,097
Total Operating Expenses	<u>7,327,329</u>	<u>1,224,945</u>	<u>8,552,274</u>
Operating Loss	<u>(211,993)</u>	<u>(346,088)</u>	<u>(558,081)</u>
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Interest	11,988		11,988
Capital Grants and Contributions	166,033	5,066	171,099
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(37,016)	(37,016)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>178,021</u>	<u>(31,950)</u>	<u>146,071</u>
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	(33,972)	(378,038)	(412,010)
Capital Contributions		26,222	26,222
Transfers In		134,950	134,950
Change in Net Position	(33,972)	(216,866)	(250,838)
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>4,288,426</u>	<u>8,787,753</u>	<u>13,076,179</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u><u>\$4,254,454</u></u>	<u><u>\$8,570,887</u></u>	<u><u>\$12,825,341</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
ENTERPRISE FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	Fair Haven	Sewer	Total
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Received from Customers and Support	\$6,793,745	\$870,881	\$7,664,626
Cash Received from Other Operating Receipts	102,622	3,197	105,819
Cash Payments for Employee Services and Benefits	(5,215,726)	(336,359)	(5,552,085)
Cash Payments to Suppliers	(1,818,875)	(619,551)	(2,438,426)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(356,831)	(799)	(357,630)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(495,065)	(82,631)	(577,696)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities			
Transfers - In		134,950	134,950
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(75,311)	(75,311)
Capital Grants and Contributions	166,033	67,146	233,179
Repayments on Fort Loramie Loan		72,655	72,655
Loan Proceeds		70,245	70,245
Loan Principal Payments		(128,568)	(128,568)
Loan Interest Payments		(65,323)	(65,323)
Net Cash Provided By (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	166,033	(59,156)	106,877
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest	12,027		12,027
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(317,005)	(6,837)	(323,842)
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	2,580,357	125,089	2,705,446
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$2,263,352	\$118,252	\$2,381,604
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Operating Loss	(\$211,993)	(\$346,088)	(\$558,081)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	69,322	330,784	400,106
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(238,843)	139	(238,704)
Decrease in Inventory of Supplies and Materials	1,448		1,448
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Governments	19,874	(1,522)	18,352
Increase (Decrease) in Prepaid Items	9,660	(710)	8,950
Increase in Special Assessments Receivable		(3,396)	(3,396)
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(61,259)	(3,336)	(64,595)
Decrease in Contracts Payable		(65,003)	(65,003)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages	(52,701)	536	(52,165)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Governments	(7,750)	207	(7,543)
Increase in Interfund Payable		41	41
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable	(22,823)	5,717	(17,106)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(\$495,065)	(\$82,631)	(\$577,696)

Non-Cash Transaction:

During 2014, the governmental funds donated a vehicle to the Sewer Fund with a book value of \$26,222.

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$33,297	\$2,455,226
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts		916,707
Investments in Segregated Accounts		97,352
Receivables:		
Property and Other Taxes		39,857,952
Accounts (Net, where applicable, of Uncollectible Accounts)		246,871
Special Assessments		233,696
Due from Other Governments		2,666,871
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		151,114
Total Assets	33,297	46,625,789
Liabilities:		
Due to Other Governments		43,371,564
Undistributed Monies		3,235,215
Deposits Held and Due to Others		19,010
Total Liabilities		\$46,625,789
Net Position:		
Held in Trust for Pool Participants	\$33,297	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

	<u>Private Purpose Trust</u>
Additions:	
Donations	\$7,300
Deductions:	
Distributions to Participants	<u>19,707</u>
Change in Net Position	(12,407)
Net Position Beginning of Year	<u>45,704</u>
Net Position End of Year	<u><u>\$33,297</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Shelby County, Ohio (The County) was created in 1819. The County is governed by a board of three Commissioners elected by the voters of the County. Other officials elected by the voters of the County who manage various segments of the County's operations are the Auditor, Treasurer, Recorder, Clerk of Courts, Coroner, Engineer, Prosecuting Attorney, Sheriff, a Common Pleas Court Judge, and a joint Probate/Juvenile Court Judge.

Although the elected officials manage the internal operations of their respective departments, the County Commissioners authorize expenditures as well as serve as the budgeting and taxing authority, contracting body and the chief administrators of public services for the County, including each of these departments.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the County are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the County. For Shelby County, this includes the Children's Services Board, the Board of Developmental Disabilities, the Child Support Enforcement Agency, the Community Corrections Planning Board, Fair Haven Home, the Shelby County Veterans Services, and all departments and activities that are directly operated by the elected County officials.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The County is financially accountable for an organization if the County appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the County is legally obligated or has assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the County is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the organization's budget, the levying of its taxes or the issuance of its debt.

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit column in the entity-wide financial statements identifies the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit, S and H Products. It is reported separately to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. Condensed financial information for the component unit is presented in Note 19.

S and H Products is a legally separate, not-for-profit corporation, served by a board appointed by the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. The workshop, under contractual agreement with the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities, provides sheltered employment for mentally or physically handicapped individuals in Shelby County. The Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities provides the workshop with personnel necessary for the operation of the habilitation services to the clients, land and buildings for the operation of the center, maintenance and repair of the buildings and professional staff to supervise and train clients of S and H Products. Based on the significant services and resources provided by the County to the workshop and the workshop's sole purpose of providing assistance to the developmentally disabled adults of Shelby County, the workshop is reflected as a component unit of Shelby County. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from S and H Products at 1200 Children's Home Road, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

As the custodian of public funds, the County Treasurer invests all public monies held on deposit in the County treasury. In the case of the separate agencies, boards and commissions listed below, the County serves as fiscal agent, but is not financially accountable for their operations. Accordingly, the activity of the following districts and agencies are presented as agency funds within the County's financial statements:

Shelby County General Health District
Shelby County Soil Conservation District
Shelby County Regional Planning Commission
Shelby County Office of Homeland Security
Shelby County Park District
Shelby County Special Emergency Planning
Shelby County Family and Children First

The County is associated with certain organizations which are defined as Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations, a Related Organization, and an Insurance Pool. The County's Joint Ventures, the Shelby County Office of Homeland Security and the Shelby County Regional Planning Commission (the Commission), are presented in Note 20 of the basic financial statements. A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual arrangement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control, in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. The Jointly Governed Organizations of the County, the Tri County Board of Recovery and Mental Health Services (Tri County Mental Health Board), the West Central Ohio Network (WestCON), and the North Central Ohio Solid Waste Management District (the District), are presented in Note 21 of the basic financial statements. A jointly governed organization is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility on the part of the participating governments. The Related Organization, the Shelby Metropolitan Housing Authority (SMHA), is presented in Note 22. A related organization is an organization for which the County appoints a majority of the governing board but for which there is no potential benefit or burden and no authority to impose the will of the County.

The Insurance Pools, the Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. (the Pool) and the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC) are risk-sharing pools. A risk-sharing pool is an organization formed by a group of governments to combine risks and resources and share in the cost of losses. They are presented in Note 23.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Shelby County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the County's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds utilized by the County: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General fund balance is available to the County for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Public Assistance Fund – This fund is used to account for various federal and state grants as well as transfers from the General Fund used to provide public assistance to general relief recipients, medical assistance, and certain public social services.

Auto License and Gas Fund – This fund is used to account for revenue derived from permissive sales and use tax, motor vehicle licenses, gasoline taxes and investment income. Expenditures in this fund are restricted by state law to County road and bridge repair and improvement programs.

Developmental Disabilities Fund – This fund is used to account for the operation of a school and the costs of administering a workshop for the developmentally disabled. Revenue sources include a county-wide property tax levy and federal and state grants.

Capital Improvement Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the .25 percent sales tax revenue that the County has set aside for capital improvements.

The other governmental funds of the County account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted for a particular purpose, and for various revenues collected for the repayment of debt.

2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, and cash flows. The County's proprietary funds are enterprise funds.

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The following are the County's major enterprise funds:

Fair Haven Fund – This fund is used to account for charges to residents of the county home to be used for the operation and maintenance of the county home.

Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the provision of sanitary sewer service to the residents of the County.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used by the County to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments, and are therefore, not available to support the County's own programs. Agency funds are used to report resources held by the County in a purely custodial capacity. The County's fiduciary funds are a private purpose trust fund and agency funds. The County's private purpose trust fund accounts for donated money used for the purpose of helping foster children. The County's agency funds are primarily established to account for the collection of various taxes, receipts and fees, and to account for funds of the General Health District, Soil Conservation District, Regional Planning Commission, Office of Homeland Security, Park District, Special Emergency Planning, and Family and Children First.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

2. Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all enterprise funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expense and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; enterprise funds and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unavailable revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

E. Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transaction

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year-end.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Non-exchange revenue transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, permissive sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). On an accrual basis, revenue from permissive sales tax is recognized in the period when the exchange transaction on which the tax is imposed occurs (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: permissive sales tax (See Note 7), federal and State subsidies, grants, locally levied shared taxes (including gasoline tax), charges for services, fines and forfeitures, and interest.

F. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are increases in net position that are applicable to future reporting periods.

Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2014, but were levied to finance 2015 operations, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred inflows of resources.

G. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

H. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are decreases in net position that are applicable to future reporting periods. The County had no deferred outflow of resources at year-end.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances of the County's funds, except cash and cash equivalents in segregated accounts, are pooled and invested in short-term investments in order to provide improved cash management. Individual fund integrity is maintained through County records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements. Cash and cash equivalents that are held separately by S and H Products and within departments of the County and not held with the County Treasurer are recorded on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts." Investments that are held separately by S and H Products and within departments of the County and not held as part of the pool are recorded on the balance sheet as "Investments in Segregated Accounts." Cash and cash equivalents that are held by the West Central Ohio Network (WestCON) on behalf of the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities are recorded on the balance sheet as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent".

During 2014, the County invested in the Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), the Federal National Mortgage Association, the First American Treasury Obligation Fund and certificates of deposit.

Investments are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase and investments of the cash management pool are reported as cash equivalents on the financial statements.

Interest income is distributed to the funds according to statutory requirements. Interest revenue of \$184,601 was credited to the General Fund during 2014, which includes \$172,474 assigned from other County funds.

J. Receivables and Payables

Receivables and payables are recorded on the County's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also, by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and in the case of receivables, collectability.

Using these criteria, the County has elected to not record child support arrearages within the special revenue and agency fund types. These amounts, while potentially significant, are not considered measurable, and because collections are often significantly in arrears, the County is unable to determine a reasonable value.

K. Inventory of Supplies and Materials

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost while inventories of proprietary funds are stated at the lower of cost or market. For all funds, cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when used. Inventories of the proprietary funds are expensed when used.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2014, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount at the time of purchase and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed.

M. Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, outstanding interfund loans and unpaid amounts for interfund services are reported as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." On fund financial statements, long-term interfund loans are classified as non-spendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available expendable resources. Interfund balances are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position except for any net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as "Internal Balances".

N. Capital Assets

General capital assets are capital assets that are associated with and generally rise from governmental activities. They generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets used by the enterprise funds are reported in both the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost, calculated by indexing estimated current cost back to the year of acquisition) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values on the date donated. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of ten thousand dollars. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

All capital assets except for land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the County's historical records of necessary improvements and replacements. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings	40-100 years
Equipment	8-20 years
Furniture and Fixtures	8-20 years
Vehicles	8-15 years
Infrastructure	10-70 years

In governmental funds, the County's infrastructure system consists of roads, bridges, culverts and a fiber optic network. In the enterprise funds, infrastructure consists of sewer lines.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Compensated Absences

Vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The County records a liability for accumulated unused vacation and compensatory time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the County has identified as probable of receiving payment in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employee's wage rates at year-end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the County's termination policy. The County records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees after ten years of current service with the County.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the funds from which the employees will be paid. In the enterprise fund, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

P. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from the enterprise funds are reported on the enterprise fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, short-term loans, contractually required pension contributions, and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term loans, capital leases, notes, and bonds are recognized as liabilities on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Q. Capital Contributions

Contributions of capital arise from outside contributions of capital assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction or transfers of capital assets between governmental and business-type activities.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include funds for the operation of a school; resident homes for the developmentally disabled; the medical, financial, and social support to general relief recipients; the support and placement of children; and County road and bridge repair/improvement programs.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

S. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activities of the enterprise funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for county home and sewer. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the services that are the primary activities of the funds. Revenues and expenses that do not meet these definitions are reported as non-operating.

T. Fund Balance

Fund balance is reported as non-spendable when it is not in spendable form.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. The County first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the Board of County Commissioners has placed constraints on the use of resources by resolution.

Fund balance is reported as assigned when the Auditor has encumbered or otherwise set aside resources not already committed to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance represents resources not restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose.

The County applies committed resources first and then assigned resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance is available.

U. Interfund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in enterprise funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

V. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

W. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the County Commissioners may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the County Commissioners' authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the County Commissioners. The legal level of control has been established by the County Commissioners at the fund, department, and object level (i.e., General Fund – Commissioners – salaries, supplies, equipment, contract repairs, travel expenses, maintenance, and other expenses).

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the County Auditor. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during 2014.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the County Commissioners during the year.

3. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

Net position of governmental activities and fund balance of the Developmental Disabilities Fund as previously reported for the year ended December 31, 2013, were restated to remove the balances of the Wilma Valentine Creative Learning Center. In the past, the Learning Center was included as a blended component unit. After review, it was determined that the Learning Center is not a component unit of Shelby County. The removal of the Learning Center balances had the following effect on net position/ fund balance as previously reported:

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

3. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

	Governmental Activities	Developmental Disabilities Fund
Net position/fund balance as previously reported		
December 31, 2013	\$103,434,975	\$9,045,739
Wilma Valentine Creative Learning Center Balances	(191,938)	(191,938)
Restated net position/fund balance as of December 2013	\$103,243,037	\$8,853,801

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While financial position and results of operations are reported on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual, presented for the General Fund, the Public Assistance Fund, the Auto License and Gas Fund, and the Developmental Disabilities Fund, are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Outstanding year-end encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Receipt and payment of year-end intrafund loans are treated as other sources or uses (budget basis) rather than an increase or decrease in an asset or liability account (GAAP basis).
5. Unrecorded cash represents amounts received but not included as revenue on the budget basis operating statements. These amounts are included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.
6. The change in the fair value of investments is not included on the budget basis operating statement. This amount is included as revenue on the GAAP basis operating statement.
7. Cash that is held by the agency funds on behalf of County funds on a budget basis are allocated and reported on the balance sheet (GAAP basis) in the appropriate County fund.
8. Non-budgeted activity represents receipts and disbursements the West Central Ohio Network (WestCON) that was on behalf of the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. This activity is included in the revenues and expenditures of the Developmental Disabilities Fund on a GAAP basis.
9. Perspective differences arise from the activity of some funds being included with the major funds on a GAAP basis because they are closely tied to the activity of those funds. These funds are not presented on the budget basis because the budget basis only presents the legally adopted budget for the fund.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

4. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the GAAP basis to the budget basis for the County's General Fund and major special revenue funds are as follows:

	Net Change in Fund Balance			
	General	Public Assistance	Auto License and Gas	Developmental Disabilities
GAAP Basis	\$704,067	\$58,653	\$50,050	\$1,032,827
Adjustments:				
Revenue Accruals	(99,061)	99,900	(4,320)	228,189
Expenditure Accruals	9,605	21,308	(181,064)	1,512,064
Encumbrances	(112,072)		(61,601)	(55,443)
Advances	(2,000)			
Unrecorded Cash 2013	(33,899)	25	124	6,246
Unrecorded Cash 2014	(55,560)		(1,655)	
Decrease in Fair Value of Investments	3,521		1,035	
Agency Fund Cash -2013	37,338			77,000
Agency Fund Cash -2014	(42,261)			(77,025)
Non-Budgeted Activity				(908,981)
Perspective Differences	(108,243)	11,110		(45,920)
Prepaid Items	(24,055)	(2,428)	17,258	(1,703)
Inception of Capital Lease			(12,527)	
Budget Basis	<u>\$277,380</u>	<u>\$188,568</u>	<u>(\$192,700)</u>	<u>\$1,767,254</u>

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the County are classified by State statute into two categories. Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demand upon the County treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the County treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawal on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts. Monies held by the County which are not considered active are classified as inactive.

Protection of the County's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the County Auditor by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Beginning June 15, 2004, inactive monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities provided a written investment policy has been filed with the Ohio Auditor of State:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of the United States;

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

2. Bonds, notes, debentures or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or its political subdivisions provided that such political subdivisions are located wholly or partly within the County;
5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
8. Securities lending agreements in which the County lends securities and the eligible institution agrees to simultaneously exchange similar securities or cash, equal value for equal value;
9. Up to twenty-five percent of the County's average portfolio in either of the following:
 - a. commercial paper notes in entities incorporated under the laws Ohio or any other state that have assets exceeding five hundred million dollars rated at the time of purchase, which are rated in the highest qualification established by two nationally recognized standard rating services, which do not exceed ten percent of the value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation and mature within 270 days after purchase;
 - b. banker's acceptances eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System and which mature within 180 days after purchase;
10. No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service consisting exclusively of obligations guaranteed by the United States, securities issued by a federal government agency or instrumentality, and/or highly rated commercial paper.

Reverse repurchase agreements, investments in derivatives, and investments in stripped principal or interest obligations that are not issued or guaranteed by the United States, are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Other than corporate notes, commercial paper, and bankers acceptances, an investment must mature within five years from the date of settlement unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County. Investments must be purchased with the expectation that they will be held to maturity.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee, or if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

The following information discloses the risks associated with the County's deposits and investments as defined in GASB Statement No. 3, "Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments and Reverse Repurchase Agreements" and GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures."

A. Deposits

At December 31, 2014, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$18,673,317 and the bank balance was \$19,141,282.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2014, \$9,758,811 of the government's bank balance of \$19,141,282 was exposed to custodial credit risk in that it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent but not in the County's name.

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2014, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Investment Maturities			
	Carrying Value	Less Than One Year	One to Three Years	Three to Five Years
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$498,280		\$498,280	
Federal Home Loan Bank	1,488,810		994,280	\$494,530
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	4,131,012	\$501,105	3,629,907	
Federal National Mortgage Association	4,737,499	1,011,895	1,506,130	2,219,474
First American Treasury Obligation	355,771	355,771		
Total	\$11,211,372	\$1,868,771	\$6,628,597	\$2,714,004

Interest Rate Risk: State statute limits the maturity of investments to five years unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the County. The County does not have a formal investment policy that further limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The County places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. 43% of the County's investments at December 31, 2014, were in the Federal National Mortgage Association, 37% were in the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, 13% were in the Federal Home Loan Bank, 4% were in the Federal Farm Credit Bank and 3% were in the First American Treasury Obligation Fund money market fund.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

5. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk: State statute limits investments in corporate bonds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The County's investments in the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal National Mortgage Association were rated AAA by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's at December 31, 2014. The County's investment in the First American Treasury Obligation was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's at December 31, 2014.

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Non-expendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 and No. 40 is as follows:

	Primary Government	
	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$28,487,676	\$1,415,986
Cash on Hand	(15,376)	
Cash with Fiscal Agent	(3,597)	
Investments:		
Certificates of Deposit	1,152,934	(1,152,934)
Federal Farm Credit Bank	(498,280)	498,280
Federal Home Loan Bank	(1,488,810)	1,488,810
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	(4,131,012)	4,131,012
Federal National Mortgage Association	(4,737,499)	4,737,499
First American Treasury Obligation Fund	(92,719)	92,719
GASB Statement No. 3	\$18,673,317	\$11,211,372

6. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal property (other than public utility) located in the County. Property tax revenue received during 2014 for real and public utility property taxes represents collections of 2013 taxes.

2014 real property taxes are levied after October 1, 2013 on the assessed value as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. 2014 real property taxes are collected in and intended to finance 2015.

Public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2014 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2013, are levied after October 1, 2013, and are collected in 2014 with real property taxes.

Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

6. PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County. The County Auditor periodically remits to each subdivision its portion of the taxes collected. Accrued property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes and outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2014, and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31, nor are they intended to finance 2014 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a deferred inflow of resources. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as revenue while the remainder of the receivable is a deferred inflow of resources.

The full tax rate for all County operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$9.10 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2014 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

<u>Category</u>	<u>Assessed Value</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Agricultural/Residential Real Property	\$772,460,930	76.87
Other Real Property	195,171,730	19.42
Public Utility Personal Property	37,211,710	3.71
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$1,004,844,370</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

7. PERMISSIVE SALES AND USE TAX

The County has a 1.5 percent tax on all retail sales, except sales of motor vehicles, made in the County, and on the storage, use, or consumption in the County of tangible personal property, including automobiles, not subject to the sales tax. The first 1 percent was imposed by the County Commissioners, by resolution, for general operations and permanent improvements. Beginning April 1, 2013, the additional .50 percent was allocated by resolution to road and bridge improvement projects (.25 percent) and to capital improvements (.25 percent). Vendor collections of the tax are paid to the State Treasurer by the twenty-third day of the month following collection. The State Tax Commissioner certifies to the State Auditor the amount of the tax to be returned to the County. The Tax Commissioner's certification must be made within forty-five days after the end of each month. The State Auditor then has five days in which to draw the warrant payable to the County.

Proceeds of the permissive sales and use tax were credited to the General Fund and the Permanent Improvement Fund during 2014. The .50 percent was then transferred from the General Fund to the Auto and Gas Fund and the Capital Improvement Tax Fund. A receivable is recognized at year-end for amounts that will be received from sales which occurred during 2014. On a modified and full accrual basis, the full amount of the receivable is recognized as revenue. Sales and use tax revenue received in 2014 amounted to \$8,331,056 in the General Fund, and \$1,636,309 in the non-major funds, for a total of \$9,967,365.

8. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2014, consisted of property and other taxes, permissive sales tax, accounts (billings for user charged services), interfund, special assessments, accrued interest, intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements and shared revenues, notes, and loans. The special assessments receivable in the enterprise funds represent amounts that have been assessed to property owners on the tax duplicate for the sewer system. The County has \$140,935 delinquent special assessments at December 31, 2014.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

8. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

All receivables are considered collectible in full, except the Juvenile Court and Clerk of Courts fines and court costs and the managed care receivables of the Fair Haven County Home. A summary of accounts receivable for Juvenile Court, Clerk of Courts, and Fair Haven, as well as other receivables owed to the County for all fund types is as follows:

	Juvenile/Probate Court Fines	Clerk of Court Fines	Fair Haven Managed Care	Other Receivables	Total Receivables
Receivable	\$1,052,765	\$4,979,702	\$525,734	\$658,282	\$7,216,483
Allowance for Uncollectible	(945,680)	(4,235,618)	(20,182)		(5,201,480)
Net Accounts Receivable	<u>\$107,085</u>	<u>\$744,084</u>	<u>\$505,552</u>	<u>\$658,282</u>	<u>\$2,015,003</u>

A summary of intergovernmental receivables follows:

Governmental Activities:

Gasoline Tax	\$1,149,939
Motor Vehicle License Tax	983,986
Casino Tax	286,548
Local Government	338,265
Homestead and Rollback	383,683
Election Cost Reimbursement	3,718
Public Defender Reimbursement	21,217
ODE Unit Funding/subsidy payments	559,304
ODE Title XX	13,116
ODE Handicapped Preschool Grant	58,822
Developmental Disabilities Provider Support	112,286
Developmental Disabilities Waiver	74,306
Miscellaneous Developmental Disabilities Reimbursements	20,620
VOCA and SVAA Grants	51,594
Judiciary Grants	61,004
Public Safety Grants	23,520
Prisoner Housing and Fines	170,765
Workers Compensation Refund	93,124
Community Recreation Project Grant	118,200
Community Housing Improvement Corporation Grants	1,000
Children's Services Underfunded	57,132
Child Support Enforcement Agency Underfunded	32,627
Miscellaneous Public Assistance Reimbursements	19,052
Miscellaneous Child Support Reimbursements	16,087
Miscellaneous Reimbursements	15,858
Total Governmental Activities	<u>4,665,773</u>

Enterprise Funds:

Medicare Reimbursement	143,190
Medicaid Reimbursement	210,242
Area Agency on Aging Daycare/Transportation/Meals	3,431
Workers Compensation Refund	27,435
Total Business-Type Activities	<u>384,298</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

8. RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Agency Funds:

Local Government Assistance	685,360
Library Assistance	730,594
Gasoline Tax	598,217
Motor Vehicle License Tax	244,530
Homestead and Rollback	44,588
Electric Deregulation	1,024
WIC Administration	187,984
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Grant	52,440
Emergency Performance Grant	25,373
Help Me Grow Grant	61,383
Well Child Grant	26,370
Ohio Children's Trust Fund	9,008
Total Agency Funds	2,666,871
Total All Funds	\$7,716,942

Notes and Loans Receivable

The County has several notes receivable with local homeowners. The terms and conditions of the notes specify that the monies are to be used for rehabilitation of residences and down payment assistance. Some of the notes require monthly payments at various interest rates for up to ten years, while other notes are deferred until the owner sells the home. At December 31, 2014, the total amount of notes receivable of the Other Economic Development Special Revenue Fund was \$759,597, which includes \$660,497 that is expected to be collected in more than one year.

The County also has a note receivable with Clinton Township. During 2010, the County issued general obligation bonds on behalf of Clinton Township and the Township is making payments to the County to cover the debt service on the bonds. The outstanding repayment portion has been recorded as notes receivable in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund. At December 31, 2014, the total amount of notes receivable in the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund is \$58,547, all of which is expected to be collected within one year.

The County has an outstanding loan receivable from the Village of Fort Loramie for its share of the 2005 Sewer Flow Equalization Project. This project was financed with a loan from OWDA, with the agreement that the Village of Fort Loramie would be responsible for 65% of the total debt repayment.

The Village makes monthly payments to cover its share of the annual debt service of the OWDA loan. A loan receivable has been recorded in the Sewer Fund for the outstanding repayment portion that is the Village's responsibility. At December 31, 2014, the total amount of loans receivable in the Sewer Fund was \$700,431, which includes \$649,974 that is expected to be collected in more than one year.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance at 12/31/2013	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 12/31/2014
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$2,419,034			\$2,419,034
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	28,484,771	\$2,977,925		31,462,696
Equipment	2,124,168	120,621	(\$75,627)	2,169,162
Furniture and Fixtures	247,917			247,917
Vehicles	7,138,889	567,930	(199,997)	7,506,822
Infrastructure	164,417,528	1,570,443	(649,057)	165,338,914
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>202,413,273</u>	<u>5,236,919</u>	<u>(924,681)</u>	<u>206,725,511</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(13,226,778)	(701,607)		(13,928,385)
Equipment	(1,065,610)	(155,597)	75,627	(1,145,580)
Furniture and Fixtures	(182,994)	(11,235)		(194,229)
Vehicles	(5,176,085)	(545,125)	183,697	(5,537,513)
Infrastructure	<u>(108,314,348)</u>	<u>(5,551,423)</u>	<u>626,772</u>	<u>(113,238,999)</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(127,965,815)</u>	<u>(6,964,987)</u>	<u>886,096</u>	<u>(134,044,706)</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>74,447,458</u>	<u>(1,728,068)</u>	<u>(38,585)</u>	<u>72,680,805</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>76,866,492</u>	<u>(1,728,068)</u>	<u>(38,585)</u>	<u>75,099,839</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	407,208			407,208
Construction in Progress	244,934		(244,934)	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>652,142</u>		<u>(244,934)</u>	<u>407,208</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	3,014,629			3,014,629
Equipment	147,835	10,858		158,693
Furniture and Fixtures	18,000			18,000
Vehicles	265,764	26,222	(36,837)	255,149
Infrastructure	<u>13,641,446</u>	<u>320,245</u>		<u>13,961,691</u>
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	<u>17,087,674</u>	<u>357,325</u>	<u>(36,837)</u>	<u>17,408,162</u>
Total Capital Assets At Historical Cost	<u>17,739,816</u>	<u>357,325</u>	<u>(281,771)</u>	<u>17,815,370</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	(1,526,463)	(75,872)		(1,602,335)
Equipment	(125,757)	(11,962)		(137,719)
Furniture and Fixtures	(18,000)			(18,000)
Vehicles	(195,052)	(14,077)	36,837	(172,292)
Infrastructure	<u>(3,975,594)</u>	<u>(309,053)</u>		<u>(4,284,647)</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(5,840,866)</u>	<u>(410,964)</u>	<u>36,837</u>	<u>(6,214,993)</u>
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	<u>11,246,808</u>	<u>(53,639)</u>		<u>11,193,169</u>
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$11,898,950</u>	<u>(\$53,639)</u>	<u>(\$244,934)</u>	<u>\$11,600,377</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

9. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental programs as follows:

General Government – Legislative and Executive	\$122,745
General Government – Judicial	67,455
Public Safety	445,176
Public Works	5,992,481
Health	6,660
Human Services	326,675
Economic Development and Assistance	3,795
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$6,964,987</u>

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During 2014, the County contracted with the Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc. for liability, property and crime insurance. The listing below is a general description of insurance coverage. All policy terms, conditions, restrictions, exclusions, etc. are not included.

Coverage provided by the insurance pool is as follows:

Liability:	
General Liability	2,000,000
Public Official Errors and Omissions Liability	2,000,000
Law Enforcement Liability	2,000,000
Employee Benefit Liability	2,000,000
Auto Liability	2,000,000
Ohio Stop Gap	2,000,000
Crime	
Employee Dishonesty	500,000
Depositors Forgery	200,000
Money and Securities	150,000
Excess Liability	4,000,000
Excess Healthcare Professional Liability	3,000,000
Excess Crime Liability	500,000
Pollution Liability	1,000,000
Property – replacement value	86,284,000
Flood– separate pool aggregates	50,000,000
Earthquake – separate pool aggregates	100,000,000
Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000

The County pays all elected officials' bonds by statute. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in the last three years. There has been no material change in this coverage from the prior year.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

10. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Health Care Benefits

The County participates in the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC), a risk-sharing pool consisting of five counties (See Note 23). Each member pays premiums to the MEBC for employee medical and life insurance premiums. The MEBC is responsible for the management and operation of the program. Upon withdrawal, the County is obligated for the payment of supplementary payments attributable to years during which the County was a member of the MEBC. Such supplementary payments may include, but are not limited to, sums sufficient to pay claims, retain reserve levels and pay for continuing claims administration. In addition, the County will continue to be responsible for all other obligations of membership attributable to such prior years. The MEBC Board of Trustees has the right to return monies to an exiting member subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims.

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The County participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the member directed plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The combined plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the combined plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the traditional plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the member directed plan. While members in the State and local divisions may participate in all three plans, law enforcement (generally sheriffs and deputy sheriffs) and public safety divisions exist only within the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional and combined plans. Members of the member directed plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to OPERS, 277 E. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, the members of all three plans, except those in law enforcement participating in the traditional plan, were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. Members participating in the traditional plan who were in law enforcement contributed 13 percent of their annual covered salary.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2014, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.00 percent of covered payroll, and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.10 percent. The Ohio Revised Codes currently limits the employer contribution to a rate not to exceed 14.00 percent of covered payroll for state and local employer units and 18.10 percent covered payroll for law and public safety employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan. Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits, and the remainder is for pension benefits.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The County's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2014 was 12.00 percent of covered payroll except for those plan members in law enforcement or public safety. For those classifications, the County's pension contributions were 16.10 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to the traditional and combined plans for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$2,151,743, \$2,365,354, and \$1,767,832, respectively; 93 percent has been contributed for 2014 and 100 percent for 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the member-directed plan for 2014 were \$84,896 made by the County and \$60,640 made by the plan members.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Certified teachers, employed by the school for Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities participate in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. STRS Ohio provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS Ohio issues a stand-alone financial report that may be obtained by writing to STRS Ohio, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3371, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Ohio website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans, a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary times a percentage that varies based on years of service, or an allowance based on member contributions and earned interest matched by STRS Ohio funds times an actuarially determined annuity factor. The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and employer contributions equal to 10.5 percent of earned compensation into an investment account. Investment decisions are made by the member. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DC Plan and the DB Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are invested by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. DC and Combined Plan members will transfer to the Defined Benefit Plan during their fifth year of membership unless they permanently select the DC or Combined Plan. Existing members with less than five years of service credit as of June 30, 2001, were given the option of making a one-time irrevocable decision to transfer their account balances from the existing DB Plan into the DC Plan or the Combined Plan. This option expired on December 31, 2001. Benefits are established by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years credited service who becomes disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible spouses and dependents of these active members who die before retirement may qualify for survivor benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11 percent of their annual covered salaries. The County was required to contribute 14 percent; 13 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations, the same portion that was used to fund pension obligations for 2013. Contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board, upon recommendations of its consulting actuary, not to exceed statutory maximum rates of 11 percent for members and 14 percent for employers. Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions.

The County's required contributions for pension obligations to the DB Plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$143,224, \$128,665 and \$133,328 respectively; 93 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2014 and 100 percent for 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the DC and Combined Plans for fiscal year 2014 were \$9,910 made by the plan members and \$12,614 by the County.

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting www.opers.org, or by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

OPERS' Post Employment Health Care plan was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits. Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. For 2014, the employer contribution allocated to the health care plan for members in the traditional plan and the combined plan was 2.00 percent of covered payroll. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The County's contribution allocated to fund postemployment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 was \$363,227, \$136,784, and \$680,543, respectively; 94 percent has been contributed for 2014 and 100 percent for 2013 and 2012.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

12. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

The County provides comprehensive health care benefits to retired teachers and their dependents through the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio). Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Benefit provisions and the obligations to contribute are established by the System based on authority granted by State statute. This system is on a pay-as-you-go basis.

All STRS Ohio benefit recipients who participated in the Defined Benefit or Combined Plans and sponsored dependents are eligible for health care coverage. The STRS Ohio Board has statutory authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. All benefit recipients pay a portion of the health care cost in the form of a monthly premium. By law, the cost of coverage paid from STRS funds is included in the employer contribution rate, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the STRS Ohio Board allocated employer contributions equal to one percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The County's required contributions for healthcare for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$11,017, \$9,857, and \$10,256; 93 percent has been contributed for 2014 and 100 percent has been contributed for 2013 and 2012.

13. OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Deferred Compensation Plans

County employees and elected officials may elect to participate in the Ohio Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan or the Ohio County Commissioners Association Deferred Compensation Plan. Both plans were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Participation is on a voluntary payroll deduction basis. The plans permit deferral of compensation until future years. According to the plans, the deferred compensation is not available until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency.

B. Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at varying rates depending on length of service and department policy. Overtime hours can be accrued as compensatory time at one and one half times the amount of hours worked. All accumulated, unused vacation and compensatory time is paid upon separation if the employee has at least one year of service with the County.

The County's current leave policy states that all full-time employees working eighty hours in active pay status are entitled to 4.6 hours of sick leave with pay for every full pay period worked. Employees working less or more than the required amount for the pay period shall receive a pro-rated share of sick leave. Any County employee who has 10 or more years of service as an employee of any office, department, commission, or board of Shelby County will be paid for 25 percent of the value of his accrued but unused sick leave up to a maximum of 240 hours. Such payment is based upon the employee's rate of pay at the time of his retirement and is paid to the employee in one lump sum upon retirement.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

14. CAPITAL LEASES

During 2014 and in prior years, the County entered into leases for the use of equipment. The terms of these agreements provide options to purchase the equipment. The leases meet the criteria of a capital lease as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee. The new leases have been recorded as "Other Financing Sources – Inception of Capital Lease" in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds.

Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis. Principal payments on all capital leases in 2014 totaled \$11,349 in the governmental funds.

Capital assets acquired by lease have been capitalized in the statement of net position for governmental activities in the amount of \$75,548, which is equal to the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation on these assets at December 31, 2014, was \$33,772 and the carrying value was \$41,776.

The following is a schedule of the future long-term minimum lease payments required under the capital leases and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2014.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities Amounts
2015	\$12,353
2016	12,353
2017	9,320
2018	2,848
2019	2,136
Total	39,010
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,557)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$37,453

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the County's general long-term obligations for the year consist of the following:

	Balance at 12/31/13	Increases	Decreases	Balance at 12/31/14	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable:					
2010 Millcreek Storm Sewer Bonds –3.27%	\$123,747		\$65,200	\$58,547	\$58,547
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Compensated Absences Payable	1,758,572	\$981,347	968,263	1,771,656	120,747
Obligations Under Capital Lease	36,275	12,527	11,349	37,453	11,787
Total Other Long-Term Obligations	1,794,847	993,874	979,612	1,809,109	132,534
Total Governmental Activities	\$1,918,594	\$993,874	\$1,044,812	\$1,867,656	\$191,081

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The Millcreek Storm Sewer Bonds were issued on February 2, 2010, on behalf of Clinton Township, for the purpose of constructing a storm sewer in the Millcreek Subdivision. The County is repaying the debt from the Bond Retirement Debt Service Fund with payments from Clinton Township. The bonds carry an interest rate of 3.27 % and reach final maturity on January 15, 2015.

Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund, the Public Assistance Fund, the Auto License and Gas Fund, and the Developmental Disabilities Fund, as well as the Dog and Kennel, Other Public Works, Other Legislative and Executive, Other Judicial, Other Public Safety, and Other Human Services non-major funds. Capital lease obligations will be paid from the General Fund, Public Assistance Fund and the Auto License and Gas Fund.

Changes in the long-term obligations reported in the enterprise funds during 2014 were as follows:

	<u>Balance at 12/31/13</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Balance at 12/31/14</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Loans Payable:					
2005 Ft. Loramie Sewer OWDA Loan - 3.75%	\$1,141,805		\$69,606	\$1,072,199	\$35,785
2006 McCartyville Sewer OWDA Loan – 0.00%	450,462		32,176	418,286	16,088
2009 Millcreek Sewer OWDA Loan – 1.50%	376,439		11,665	364,774	5,898
1998 Arrowhead Hills Sewer OPWC Loan – 0.00%	16,875		1,875	15,000	3,750
2010 Millcreek Sewer OPWC Loan – 0.00%	134,830		4,903	129,927	2,451
2011 Kettlersville Sewer USDA Loan – 3.50%	520,000		6,000	514,000	7,000
2014 Arrowhead Hills Sewer OPWC Loan – 0.00%		\$70,245	2,342	67,903	1,171
Total Loans	<u>2,640,411</u>	<u>70,245</u>	<u>128,567</u>	<u>2,582,089</u>	<u>72,143</u>
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Compensated Absences Payable	365,244	198,630	217,415	346,459	13,238
Total Business Type Activities	<u>\$3,005,655</u>	<u>\$268,875</u>	<u>\$345,982</u>	<u>\$2,928,548</u>	<u>\$85,381</u>

The 2005 Ft. Loramie Sewer OWDA loan is a twenty year loan in the amount of \$1,562,925 for the Fort Loramie Flow Equalization Project. Per an agreement with the Village of Fort Loramie, the Village is responsible for 65% of the repayment of this debt. The Village of Fort Loramie is making monthly payments to the Sewer Fund for its share of the debt. The County's share of this loan is being repaid from the operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The McCartyville Sewer OWDA loan is a twenty year, \$643,518 loan for the planning and construction of the McCartyville Sewer Collection System. It is being repaid from the operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The Millcreek Sewer OWDA loan is a 30 year, \$415,920 loan for the construction of the Millcreek Subdivision Sewer project. That project was also funded through a 30 year, \$147,087 OPWC loan. These loans will be repaid from operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The Kettlersville Sewer USDA loan is a 30 year, \$520,000 loan. This loan will also be paid from operating revenues of the Sewer Fund. The 1998 Arrowhead Hills OPWC loan is a twenty year loan that was issued in the amount of \$75,000 for the purpose of making improvements to the Arrowhead Hills Water System. It is being repaid from the Sewer Enterprise Fund's operating revenues. The 2014 Arrowhead Hills OPWC loan is a thirty year loan that was issued in the amount of \$70,245 for the purpose of making improvements to the Arrowhead Hills Water System.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net general obligation debt of the County, exclusive of certain exempt debt, issued without a vote of the electors should not exceed one percent of the total assessed valuation of the County. The Code further provides that the total voted and un-voted net debt of the County less the same exempt debt should not exceed a sum equal to three percent of the first \$100,000,000 of the assessed valuation, plus one and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$100,000,000 and not in excess of \$300,000,000, plus two and one-half percent of such valuation in excess of \$300,000,000. The effects of the debt limitations at December 31, 2014, are an overall debt margin of \$20,442,562 and an un-voted debt margin of \$6,869,897.

The following is a summary of the County's future annual principal and interest requirements for long-term obligations:

Year	Governmental Activities	
	General Obligation Bonds	
	Principal	Interest
2015	\$58,547	\$979
Totals	\$58,547	\$979

Business-Type Activities						
Year	Ft. Loramie Sewer OWDA		McCartville Sewer OWDA		Millcreek Sewer OWDA	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	\$35,785	\$20,104	\$16,088		\$5,898	\$2,736
2016	73,596	38,182	32,176		11,929	5,339
2017	76,381	35,396	32,176		12,109	5,159
2018	79,272	32,505	32,176		12,291	4,976
2019	82,273	29,504	32,176		12,476	4,792
2020-2024	460,503	98,386	160,879		65,255	21,084
2025-2029	264,389	15,055	112,615		70,318	16,019
2030-2034					75,772	10,565
2035-2039					81,650	4,687
2040					17,076	192
Totals	\$1,072,199	\$269,132	\$418,286	\$0	\$364,774	\$75,549

Year	Arrowhead Hills OPWC		Millcreek Sewer OPWC		Kettlersville Sewer USDA	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	\$3,750		\$2,451		\$7,000	\$17,348
2016	3,750		4,903		7,000	17,111
2017	3,750		4,903		7,000	16,785
2018	3,750		4,903		8,000	16,639
2019			4,903		8,000	16,369
2020-2024			24,515		45,000	77,592
2025-2029			24,515		53,000	69,424
2030-2034			24,514		63,000	59,805
2035-2039			24,514		74,000	48,500
2040-2044			9,806		89,000	34,999
2045-2049					106,000	18,935
2050-2051					47,000	2,396
Totals	\$15,000	\$0	\$129,927	\$0	\$514,000	\$395,903

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

15. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Year	Arrowhead Hills OPWC	
	Principal	Interest
2015	\$1,171	\$0
2016	2,341	0
2017	2,341	0
2018	2,341	0
2019	2,341	0
2020-2024	11,705	0
2025-2029	11,705	0
2030-2034	11,709	0
2035-2039	11,710	0
2040-2044	10,539	0
Totals	\$67,903	\$0

A. Conduit Debt

From time to time, the County has issued bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The County issued hospital revenue bonds in 1996 and 1997. The principal amount outstanding on the bonds at December 31, 2014, was \$602,120 and \$398,727, respectively. In 2013, the County issued multi-family housing mortgage revenue bonds with the principal amount of \$11,100,000 outstanding as of December 31, 2014. The proceeds of the bonds do not constitute a general obligation, debt or bonded indebtedness of the County; neither is the full faith and credit or taxing power of the County pledged to make repayment.

16. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Manuscript Debt

On July 17, 2014, the County issued \$3,120,000 of general obligation bonds to itself in order to fund courthouse renovations. The bonds carry a 1.25% interest rate and reach final maturity on July 17, 2019. The bonds were purchased from the Auto License and Gas and Permanent Improvement Funds. The following table summarizes the principal and interest payments required from the Capital Improvement Tax Fund to the Auto License and Gas and Permanent Improvement Funds to retire the debt:

Year	2014 Courthouse Renovations	
	Principal	Interest
2015	\$624,000	\$39,000
2016	624,000	31,200
2017	624,000	23,400
2018	624,000	15,600
2019	624,000	7,800
Totals	\$3,120,000	\$117,000

An interfund payable of \$3,120,000 has been recorded in the Capital Improvement Tax Fund, and interfund receivables of \$1,996,800 and \$1,123,200 have been recorded in the Auto License and Gas and Permanent Improvement Funds, respectively.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

16. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Other interfund balances at December 31, 2014, result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting records, and (3) payments between funds are made. The following table summarizes the interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2014:

Interfund Payable	Interfund Receivable				Total
	General Fund	Public Assistance Fund	Auto License and Gas Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	
General Fund			\$7,061	\$77,508	\$84,569
Developmental Disabilities Fund			7,092		7,092
Public Assistance	\$825				825
Capital Improvement Tax			1,996,800	1,123,200	3,120,000
Non-major Governmental Funds	11,567	\$104,603	249	120,004	236,423
Total	<u>\$12,392</u>	<u>\$104,603</u>	<u>\$2,011,202</u>	<u>\$1,320,712</u>	<u>\$3,448,909</u>

The Auto License and Gas Fund also had an interfund receivable from the Sewer Fund of \$41 at December 31, 2014. \$1,597,440 of the Auto License and Gas Fund interfund receivable is not expected to be paid within a year, and \$1,191,700 of the non-major governmental funds interfund receivable is not expected to be paid within a year. All other interfund receivables are expected to be paid within one year.

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; to segregate money for anticipated capital projects; to provide additional resources for current operations or debt service; and to return money to the fund from which it was originally provided once a project is completed. The General Fund had transfers out of sales tax revenue to the Auto License and Gas Fund and the Capital Improvement Tax Fund of \$1,612,245 each, and to non-major governmental funds of \$269,260 to subsidize other funds. The General Fund had transfers in of \$640,000, the Capital Improvement Tax fund had transfers in of \$1,200,000, and the Sewer Fund had transfers in of \$134,950 from the non-major funds to help cover costs for 2014. The General Fund also had transfers in of \$2,174 from the non-major funds for reimbursements.

17. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance of the governmental funds is classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and/or unassigned based on the constraints imposed on the use of the resources.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds at December 31, 2014 were as follows:

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

17. FUND BALANCE (Continued)

Fund Balance	General	Public Assistance	Auto License and Gas Tax	Developmental Disabilities
Non-Spendable:				
Inventory	\$47,979	\$1,205	\$260,067	\$5,205
Prepaid Items	51,867	37,393	19,074	14,136
Unclaimed Monies	79,626			
Long-Term Advances			1,597,440	
Long-Term Notes Receivable				
Total Non-Spendable	<u>179,472</u>	<u>38,598</u>	<u>1,876,581</u>	<u>19,341</u>
Restricted for:				
Roads, Bridges, and Culverts			3,731,465	
Ditch Maintenance				
Public Assistance		378,719		
Developmental Disabilities				9,867,287
Dog and Kennel				
Statewide Glass Initiative Grant				
Real Estate Assessment and Collection				
Judiciary Operations and Special Projects				
Public Safety				
Child Support Enforcement				
Community Development				
Debt Service:				
Capital Improvements				
Total Restricted		<u>378,719</u>	<u>3,731,465</u>	<u>9,867,287</u>
Committed to:				
Sheriff Commissary				
Total Committed				
Assigned for:				
Unpaid Obligations	126,707			
Recycling Center	59,928			
Court Appointed Special Advocates Program	29,015			
Crimestoppers Rewards	11,123			
Total Assigned	<u>226,773</u>			
Unassigned	<u>2,769,318</u>			
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$3,175,563</u>	<u>\$417,317</u>	<u>\$5,608,046</u>	<u>\$9,886,628</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

17. FUND BALANCE (Continued)

<u>Fund Balance</u>	<u>Capital Improvement Tax</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Non-Spendable:			
Inventory			\$314,456
Prepaid Items		\$29,154	151,624
Unclaimed Monies			79,626
Long-Term Advances		967,060	2,564,500
Long-Term Notes Receivable		660,497	660,497
Total Non-Spendable		<u>1,656,711</u>	<u>3,770,703</u>
Restricted for:			
Roads, Bridges, and Culverts		91,661	3,823,126
Ditch Maintenance		538,585	538,585
Public Assistance			378,719
Developmental Disabilities			9,867,287
Dog and Kennel		22,869	22,869
Statewide Glass Initiative Grant		97,350	97,350
Real Estate Assessment and Collection		1,176,512	1,176,512
Judiciary Operations and Special Projects		794,199	794,199
Public Safety		292,674	292,674
Child Support Enforcement		188,315	188,315
Community Development		219,858	219,858
Debt Service:		58,547	58,547
Capital Improvements	\$19,263	1,174,796	1,194,059
Total Restricted	<u>19,263</u>	<u>4,655,366</u>	<u>18,652,100</u>
Committed to:			
Sheriff Commissary		32,877	32,877
Total Committed		<u>32,877</u>	<u>32,877</u>
Assigned for:			
Unpaid Obligations			126,707
Recycling Center			59,928
Court Appointed Special Advocates Program			29,015
Crimestoppers Rewards			11,123
Total Assigned			<u>226,773</u>
Unassigned		(1,800)	2,767,518
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$19,263</u>	<u>\$6,343,154</u>	<u>\$25,449,971</u>

18. SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2014, the County had contractual purchase commitments as follows:

<u>Vendor</u>	<u>Project</u>	<u>Contract Amount</u>	<u>Amount Expended</u>	<u>Balance At 12/31/14</u>
Stanley Convergent	Jail security system	\$692,940	\$451,600	\$241,340
Energy Systems Group	Courthouse renovations	4,800,000	2,220,000	2,580,000
Bruce Mooney Associates	Air knife system	18,950		18,950
Kalida Truck Equipment	Crane/post driver/puller	28,778		28,778

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

19. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

A. Nature of Organization

S and H Products is a non-profit sheltered workshop providing residential, vocational, habilitation and family resource services to mentally retarded and developmentally disabled adults in Shelby County and other counties. S and H Products is primarily funded by the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities as disclosed in Note 24.

S and H Products is exempt under Internal Revenue Code Section 501©(3) from federal income tax. It is also currently exempt from federal unemployment tax and Ohio franchise, personal property, and sales taxes. The payroll of the Thomas Edison Center became subject to social security (FICA) coverage due to the Social Security Amendments of 1983. S and H Products operates on a fiscal year which ran from July 1, 2013, to June 30, 2014.

B. Classification of Net Position

Unrestricted net position is comprised of the amount upon which donors have placed no restriction on expenditure of these assets themselves or their investment income.

Temporarily restricted net position and investment income generated by these assets comprise those amounts the expenditure of which has been restricted by donors for use during a specific time period or for a particular purpose. When such a restriction expires; that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a program restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted capital assets are released to unrestricted net positions and are reported in the statement of activities and changes in net position.

Permanently restricted net position comprise those assets contributed to the component units by donors who have indicated an intention that the assets are to remain in perpetuity as permanent endowments of the component units. Investment income generated by these assets is reported as unrestricted or temporarily restricted, depending upon whether the donors have limited the expenditure of income to a particular purpose or purposes or have indicated that such income is to be available for the general purposes of the component units. At June 30, 2014, all of the assets of the component unit are unrestricted, except for \$40,811 that is net investment in capital assets.

C. Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents held by S and H Products are classified as "Cash and Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts" on the statement of net position. This includes cash and any investment with an original maturity of three months or less. Investments held by S and H Products are classified as "Investment in Segregated Accounts." Cash held by the Community Foundation of Shelby County on behalf of S and H Products is classified as "Cash and Cash Equivalents with Fiscal Agent" on the statement of net position.

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of deposits for S and H Products was \$320,725 and the bank balance was \$322,101.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. S & H Products does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2014, the entire bank balance of \$322,101 was insured by the Federal Depositors Insurance Corporation.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

19. NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT (Continued)

The classification of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9, "Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting."

A reconciliation between the classifications of cash and cash equivalents and investments on the basic financial statements and the classifications of deposits and investments presented above per GASB Statement No. 3 and No. 40 is as follows:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Deposits	Investments
GASB Statement No. 9	\$168,659	\$152,316
Cash on Hand	(250)	
Investments:		
Certificates of Deposit	152,316	(152,316)
GASB Statement No. 3	\$320,725	\$0

D. Capital Assets

A summary of S and H Products capital assets at June 30, 2014, follows:

Leasehold Improvements	\$25,057
Shop and Office Equipment	140,053
Transportation Equipment	45,550
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	210,660
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(169,849)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$40,811

It is the component unit's policy to capitalize all assets in excess of \$1,000 and all expenditures for repairs, maintenance, renewals, and betterments that materially prolong the useful lives of assets. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 15 years for leasehold improvements, 10 years for shop and office equipment, and 5 years for transportation equipment. Depreciation expense for the year amounted to \$10,267.

E. Segment Information

Net working capital for S and H Products was \$349,840. Other segment information can be obtained in the combined financial statements.

F. Related Party Transactions

Shelby County provided facilities, equipment, transportation and salaries for administration, implementation, and supervision programs to S&H Products during fiscal year 2014. S&H Products is unable to place a value on the materials and services received from Shelby County, as determined by the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. In other transactions with Shelby County, S&H Products received \$6,736 for the year ended June 30, 2014 for goods and services. S&H Products did not make any payments for goods and services received from Shelby County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

20. JOINT VENTURES

A. Shelby County Office of Homeland Security

The Shelby County Office of Homeland Security Agency is a joint venture among Shelby County, the City of Sidney, and townships and villages within the County. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is composed of the following seven members: one County Commissioner representing the board of county commissioners entering into the agreement; five chief executives representing the municipal corporations and townships entering into the agreement; and one non-elected representative. During 2014, the County contributed \$60,000 (44 percent) of total revenue for the operation of the agency. The agency is a joint venture since it cannot continue to exist without the financial support of the County. The County does not have an equity interest in the joint venture. The agency is not accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. Complete financial statements can be obtained from Cheri Drinkwine, Director, located at 800 Fair Road, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

B. Shelby County Regional Planning Commission

The Shelby County Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) is a joint venture among the County, the City of Sidney, and townships and villages within the County. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. All units of local government may become a member of the Commission. The Board is comprised of representatives appointed by member units of local government. The Board of County Commissioners may appoint three representatives, at least one being a county representative, one being a municipal resident and one being a resident of the unincorporated portion of Shelby County. The City of Sidney may appoint three representatives, each village may appoint one representative, each township may appoint one representative and the County Engineer is an ex-officio member. The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic, and governmental characteristics, functions, and services of the County. During 2014, the County contributed \$3,197 to the operation of the Commission. The Commission is not accumulating significant financial resources and is not experiencing fiscal stress that may cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on members in the future. Complete financial statements can be obtained from Dianna Reisinger, Director, located at the Shelby County Courthouse Annex, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

21. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Tri County Board of Recovery and Mental Health Services

The Tri County Board of Recovery and Mental Health Services (Tri County Mental Health Board) is a jointly governed organization among Shelby, Miami and Darke counties. The Tri County Mental Health Board provides leadership in planning for and supporting community-based alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services in cooperation with public and private resources with emphasis on the development of prevention and early intervention programming while respecting, protecting and advocating for the rights of persons as consumers of alcohol, drug addiction and mental health services.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

21. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

The ability to influence operations depends on the County's representation on the Board. The Board of Trustees consists of eighteen members: four members are appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Mental Health, four members are appointed by the Director of the Ohio Department of Alcohol and Drug Addiction Services and the remaining ten members are appointed by the County Commissioners of Shelby, Miami and Darke counties in the same proportion as the County's population bears to the total population of the three counties combined. During 2014, a tax levy provided \$538,752 (25 percent of total tax revenue) for the operations of the organization.

B. West Central Ohio Network

The West Central Ohio Network (WestCON) is a jointly governed organization among Allen, Shelby, Darke, Miami, Auglaize, Mercer, Logan, and Union counties. WestCON was created to serve as an administrator and fiscal agent of Supported Living funds for the Boards of Developmental Disabilities of each of the participating counties. The degree of control exercised by any participating government is limited to its representation on the Board of Directors (the Board) of WestCON. The Board consists of one delegate, who is the Superintendent, from each of the participating Boards of Developmental Disabilities. During 2014, the County had Board allocated payments to WestCON of \$225,000.

C. North Central Ohio Solid Waste Management District

The North Central Ohio Solid Waste Management District (the District) is a jointly governed organization among Shelby, Allen, Champaign, Hardin, Marion, and Union Counties. The District was established following the requirements of House Bill 592. The Board of Directors consists of County Commissioners from each county. Initial funding for the District was contributed by each county based on its individual county's population as compared to the total of all participating counties' populations. In 1994, the District became self-supporting and does not anticipate having to rely on future support coming from funds given to the District by the six counties involved. During 2014, Shelby County made no payments to the District for solid waste fees. Allen County serves as fiscal agent for the District. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the District, Allen County, Ohio.

22. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Shelby Metropolitan Housing Authority

The Shelby Metropolitan Housing Authority (SMHA) is a related organization of Shelby County. The SMHA is a legally separate body politic. The majority of the SMHA Board is appointed by Shelby County. The SMHA Board is composed of five representatives, who include: one member appointed by the Shelby County Common Pleas Court Judge; one member appointed by the Shelby County Commissioners; one member appointed by the Shelby County Probate Court Judge; and two members appointed by the Mayor of Sidney. The County is not able to impose its will on the SMHA and no financial benefit and/or burden relationship exists. The SMHA is responsible for approving its own budgets, appointing personnel and accounting and finance related activities. The general purpose of the SMHA is to provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing for qualified persons within the County. During 2014, the County did not have any financial contributions to the operation of the SMHA.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

23. RISK SHARING POOLS

A. Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc.

The Mid West Pool Risk Management Agency, Inc., (the Pool) is an Ohio nonprofit corporation established by five counties for the purpose of establishing a risk-sharing insurance program. Member counties agree to jointly participate in coverage of losses and pay all contributions necessary for the specified insurance coverage provided by the Pool. Coverage includes comprehensive general liability, automobile liability, certain property insurance, and public officials' error and omissions liability insurance.

Each member county has one vote on all matters requiring a vote, to be cast by a designated representative. The affairs of the Pool are managed by an elected board of not more than five trustees. Only county commissioners of member counties are eligible to serve on the board. No county may have more than one representative on the board at any time. Each member county's control over the budgeting and financing of the Pool is limited to its voting authority and any representation it may have on the board of trustees.

B. Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium

The County participates in the Midwest Employee Benefit Consortium (MEBC), a risk-sharing pool consisting of five counties. The MEBC is responsible for the administration of the program and processing of all claims for each member. The County pays premiums to the MEBC for employee medical and life insurance benefits.

The MEBC is governed by a Board of Trustees consisting of one county commissioner from each participating member. Each participant decides which plans offered by the Board of Trustees will be extended to its employees. Participation in the MEBC is by written application subject to acceptance by the Board of Trustees and payment of the monthly premiums. The County withdrew from the MEBC effective December 31, 2014.

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A. S and H Products

S and H Products, a discretely presented component unit of Shelby County, has entered into a contractual agreement with the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities, whereby the Board of Developmental Disabilities provides sheltered employment for developmentally disabled individuals in Shelby County. The Board of Developmental Disabilities provides the workshop with personnel who provide habilitation services to the clients, land and buildings for the operation of the center, maintenance and repair of the buildings and professional staff to supervise and train clients of S and H Products.

In 2014, the County was unable to establish a value for the contributions to S and H Products for salaries, fringes, maintenance and repairs of buildings, transportation, and administrative costs.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

B. Residential Services Support, Inc.

Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities has entered into a contractual agreement with Residential Services Support, Inc (RSSI), a non-profit organization, to provide housing for persons with developmental disabilities. Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities receives Community Capital Assistance funding through the State of Ohio for purchase, renovation, and construction of facilities for housing of individuals served through Board programs. The Board provides RSSI with the awarded community capital assistance funding in order for RSSI to secure a property for purchase. The Board and RSSI staff mutually agrees on the monthly rent the occupants will make directly to RSSI. RSSI is responsible for all upkeep of the purchased properties. The property deed and insurance is held solely by RSSI. The Board co-signs for any mortgage necessary to cover the difference between the grant award and the purchase price of the property.

During 2014, the County received \$124,500 in Community Capital Assistance Funding to purchase an additional RSSI property. As of December 31, 2014, RSSI managed nine properties on behalf of Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities. There are no outstanding mortgages on any of these properties.

25. CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County legal counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

B. Grants

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the County Commissioners believe such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

C. Ohio EPA

On May 14, 2012, the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued Director's Final Findings and Orders to the Shelby County Board of Commissioners disclosing that the Newport Area is an unincorporated area in Shelby County, Ohio, wherein centralized wastewater facilities are unavailable. The Director's Orders require that not later than five months the County shall submit to the Ohio EPA for approval a general plan for sewage improvements or other methods of abating pollution and correcting the unsanitary conditions for the Newport Area, implementation of the plan, complete the sewage system installation within six years in accordance with the approved permit to install application and achieve compliance with Ohio's water pollution control laws, and finally provide notice to the Ohio EPA in writing completion of the Order's. The County Commissioner's on July 30, 2013 engaged Calfee, Halter & Griswold LLP to Provide Legal Services Related to Shelby County's Compliance with the Ohio EPA Director's Final Findings and Orders Regarding Newport, Ohio.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

25. CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

On July 22, 2014 the County Commissioner's approved a request for obligation of funds and a letter of intent to meet conditions with the U.S. Department Of Agriculture, for the construction of sewer collection facilities and force main to serve the unincorporated hamlet of Newport in Cynthian Township, Shelby County, Ohio. The County had been approved to become a recipient of Federal Financial Assistance for a \$511,000 loan and grant in the amount of \$1,717,000 for the project. As of December 31, 2014 the project has not been started and no loan or grant funds have been requested.

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services):</i>			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	G-1415-11-5426	10.561	\$242,381
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>242,381</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Development):</i>			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii	B-C-13-1CR-1	14.228	148,544
	B-F-13-1CR-1		<u>72,200</u>
Total Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii			220,744
Home Investment Partnerships Program	B-C-13-1CR-2	14.239	<u>61,745</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			<u>282,489</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Youth Services)</i>			
Juvenile Accountability Block Grant	2011-JB-015-B072S	16.523	8,293
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Public Safety):</i>			
Crime Victim Assistance	2014VOCA10214868	16.575	7,167
	2014VAGENE421		<u>31,621</u>
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Attorney General):</i>			
Crime Victim Assistance	2014VACHAE440		8,272
	2014VOCA10204421		<u>2,794</u>
Total -Crime Victim Assistance			49,854
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>58,147</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services):</i>			
<i>(Passed through Workforce Area 7)</i>			
Workforce Investment Act Cluster			
Workforce Investment Act - Adult Program	2013-7375-1 / 2014-7375-1	17.258	100,669
Workforce Investment Act - Adult Program Administrative	2013-7375-1 / 2014-7375-1	17.258	2,169
Workforce Investment Act - Adult Program OMJ Branding	2013-7375-1 / 2014-7375-1	17.258	6,512
Workforce Investment Act - Adult Program Total			<u>109,350</u>
Workforce Investment Act - Youth Activities	2013-7375-1 / 2014-7375-1	17.259	118,508
Workforce Investment Act - Youth Activities Administrative	2013-7375-1 / 2014-7375-1	17.259	<u>2,818</u>
Workforce Investment Act - Youth Activities Total			121,326
Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Workers	2013-7375-1 / 2014-7375-1	17.278	64,452
Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Workers - Administrative	2013-7375-1 / 2014-7375-1	17.278	<u>1,429</u>
Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Workers Total			65,881
Total Workforce Investment Act Cluster			<u>296,557</u>
Total U.S. Department of Labor			<u>296,557</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
<i>(Passed through the Ohio Department of Transportation)</i>			
Highway Planning and Construction	PID 92307	20.205	27,370
	PID 96203		<u>15,204</u>
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			<u>42,574</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):</i>			
Special Education Preschool Grants	071159-PG-SI-14P	84.173	31,813
	071159-PG-SI-15P		<u>27,110</u>
Total Special Education Preschool Grants			58,923
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Health)</i>			
Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families	07510021HG0615	84.181	2,045
	07510021HG0514		<u>56,442</u>
Total Special Education-Grants for Infants and Families			58,487
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>117,410</u>

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Secretary of State)</i>			
Help America Vote Act Requirement Payments		90.401	1,240
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services)</i>			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	5AU-C-14-100-22-112	93.556	4,289
	5AU-C-14-100-22-127		2,145
	5AU-14-100-22-075		13,292
	5AU-15		7,000
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)</i>			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	G-1415-11-5426	93.556	63,438
Total Promoting Safe and Stable Families			90,164
Child Support Enforcement	G-1415-11-5426	93.563	488,867
Community Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	G-1415-11-5426	93.590	2,000
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Programs	G-1415-11-5426	93.645	31,147
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	G-1415-11-5426	93.674	140
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	G-1415-11-5426	93.558	798,368
Foster Care Title IV-E	G-1415-11-5426	93.658	63,090
Medical Assistance Program	G-1415-11-5426	93.778	506,813
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Development Disabilities):</i>			
Medical Assistance Program	CY2014 MAC	93.778	3,641
Medical Assistance Program	CY2013 MAC	93.778	3,252
Medical Assistance Program Total			513,706
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)</i>			
Adoption Assistance	G-1415-11-5426	93.659	153,314
Social Services Block Grant	G-1415-11-5426	93.667	407,665
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Development Disabilities):</i>			
Social Services Block Grant	CY2014 TXX	93.667	37,101
Total Social Services Block Grant			444,766
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services)</i>			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	G-1415-11-5426	93.575	36,688
<i>(Passed Through Ohio Department of Aging)</i>			
<i>(Passed Through Area Agency on Aging)</i>			
Aging Cluster			
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B			
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers		93.044	33,985
Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C Nutrition Services		93.045	54,529
Nutrition Services Incentive Program		93.053	9,216
Total Aging Cluster			97,730
<i>(Passed through the Ohio Secretary of State)</i>			
Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities Grants to States		93.617	2,220
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,722,200
Total Federal Awards Expenditures			<u>\$3,762,998</u>

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014**

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Shelby County (the County's) federal award programs disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B - SUBRECIPIENTS

The County passes certain Federal awards received from Ohio Department of Jobs and Family Services and the Area 7 Workforce Investment Board to other governments or not-for-profit agencies (subrecipients). As Note A describes, the County reports expenditures of Federal awards to subrecipients when paid in cash.

As a sub-recipient, the County has certain compliance responsibilities, such as monitoring its sub-recipients to help assure they use these sub-awards as authorized by laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and that sub-recipients achieve the award's performance goals.

NOTE C— HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM (HIPP) REVOLVING LOAN PROGRAM

The County has a revolving loan fund (RLF) program to lend money to eligible persons to rehabilitate homes. The federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants money for these loans to the County, passed through the Ohio Department of Development. The Schedule reports loans made and administrative costs as disbursements on the Schedule. Subsequent loans are subject to the same compliance requirements imposed by HUD as the initial loans. These loans are collateralized by mortgages on the property.

Activity in the HIPP revolving loan fund during 2014 is as follows:

Beginning Loans Receivable Balance as of January 1, 2014	\$767,535
Loans Made	91,536
Loan Principal Repaid	(14,438)
Declining Balance Loan Forgiveness	(85,036)
Ending Loans Receivable Balance as of December 31, 2014	<u>\$759,597</u>
Cash balance on hand in the revolving loan fund as of December 31, 2014	\$114,152
Administrative costs expended during 2014	\$0

NOTE D -- MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the County to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The County has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.

NOTE E – COMMINGLING

Federal funds received from Workforce Investment Act Cluster, Medical Assistance Program, Aging Cluster, and Crime Victim Assistance programs were commingled with state subsidy and local revenues. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the County assumes that federal dollars are expended first.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014
(Continued)**

NOTE F – 2009 COST REPORT SETTLEMENT

During the calendar year, the Shelby County Board of Developmental Disabilities received a notice of a liability owed to the Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities for the Medicaid Program (CFDA# 93.778) in the amount of \$402. The Cost Report liability was for the difference between the statewide payment rate and the rate calculated based upon actual expenditures for Medicaid services. This liability is not listed on the County's Schedule of Federal Awards Expenditures since the underlying expenses occurred in the prior reporting periods.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Shelby County
129 East Court Street
Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of County Commissioners:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, (the County) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2015 wherein we noted that fund balance and net position was restated in the Developmental Disabilities Fund and Governmental Activities, respectively, to remove the balances of a previously reported blended component unit. Our report refers to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the S & H Products (discretely presented component unit), as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that those auditors separately reported.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the County's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

September 9, 2015



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Shelby County
129 East Court Street
Sidney, Ohio 45365

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Shelby County's (the County) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect each of Shelby County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2014. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the County's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The County's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the County's compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the County's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii

As described in finding 2014-001 in the accompanying schedule of findings, the County did not comply with requirements regarding Equipment and Real Property Management applicable to its Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii major federal program. Compliance with this requirement is necessary, in our opinion, for the County to comply with requirements applicable to this program.

Qualified Opinion on Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion on Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii* paragraph, Shelby County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Unmodified Opinion on the Other Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Shelby County complied in all material respects with the requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its other major federal program identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, we cannot assure we have identified all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program's compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2014-001 to be a material weakness.

The County's response to our internal control over compliance finding is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and / or corrective action plan. We did not audit the County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Financial Condition
Shelby County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133
Page 2

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping initial "D".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

September 9, 2015

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**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .505
DECEMBER 31, 2014**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Qualified - Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii Unmodified - Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	Yes
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-entitlement Grants in Hawaii – CFDA 14.228 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families – CFDA 93.558
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
 REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Finding Number	2014-001
CFDA Title and Number	Community Development Block Grants/States' Program and Nonentitlement Grants in Hawaii – CFDA 14.228
Federal Award Number / Year	B-F-13-1CR-1
Federal Agency	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Pass-Through Agency	Ohio Department of Development

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

2 CFR 215.34(f) states that, the recipient's property management standards for equipment acquired with Federal funds and federally-owned equipment shall include all of the following:

- (1) Equipment records shall be maintained accurately and shall include the following information.
 - (i) A description of the equipment.
 - (ii) Manufacturer's serial number, model number, Federal stock number, national stock number, or other identification number.
 - (iii) Source of the equipment, including the award number.
 - (iv) Whether title vests in the recipient or the Federal Government.
 - (v) Acquisition date (or date received, if the equipment was furnished by the Federal Government) and cost.
 - (vi) Information from which one can calculate the percentage of Federal participation in the cost of the equipment (not applicable to equipment furnished by the Federal Government).
 - (vii) Location and condition of the equipment and the date the information was reported.
 - (viii) Unit acquisition cost.
 - (ix) Ultimate disposition data, including date of disposal and sales price or the method used to determine current fair market value where a recipient compensates the Federal awarding agency for its share.
- (2) Equipment owned by the Federal Government shall be identified to indicate Federal ownership.
- (3) A physical inventory of equipment shall be taken and the results reconciled with the equipment records at least once every two years. Any differences between quantities determined by the physical inspection and those shown in the accounting records shall be investigated to determine the causes of the difference. The recipient shall, in connection with the inventory, verify the existence, current utilization, and continued need for the equipment
- (4) A control system shall be in effect to insure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the equipment. Any loss, damage, or theft of equipment shall be investigated and fully documented; if the equipment was owned by the Federal Government, the recipient shall promptly notify the Federal awarding agency.
- (5) Adequate maintenance procedures shall be implemented to keep the equipment in good condition.
- (6) Where the recipient is authorized or required to sell the equipment, proper sales procedures shall be established which provide for competition to the extent practicable and result in the highest possible return.

**Finding 2014-001
(Continued)**

Additionally, the County's fixed asset policy provides that tangible assets with a useful life in excess of one year with an initial cost exceeded 10,000 will be capitalized and included on the County's capital assets listing.

During 2014, the County purchased a therapy tub in the amount of \$25,005 for use at the Fair Haven County Home with Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) federal funds. This expenditure was 11% of 2014 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) federal funds expenditures. The County failed to maintain the required capital asset records to track the equipment purchased with federal funds. The County should implement procedures to verify that all equipment purchased with federal funds is properly recorded and maintained as required. Failure to maintain the appropriate records could result in a future loss in grant funding.

Officials' Response:

See Corrective Action Plan, page 86.

**FINANCIAL CONDITION
SHELBY COUNTY**

**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
OMB CIRCULAR A -133 § .315 (c)
DECEMBER 31, 2014**

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2014-001	<p>Shelby County will implement procedures to verify that all equipment purchased with Federal Grant dollars will be properly recorded on Shelby County's fixed asset program.</p> <p>This procedure will include a spreadsheet for each department to complete at the end of each calendar year for all equipment purchased with Federal Grant money. The County will use these spreadsheets to verify that all federally funded equipment has been recorded in the County's inventory program.</p>	11/30/15	Deb Francis



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SHELBY COUNTY FINANCIAL CONDITION

SHELBY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED
OCTOBER 20, 2015