



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

**BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Bay Village City School District
Cuyahoga County
377 Dover Center Road
Bay Village, Ohio 44140

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay Village City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay Village City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis* and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Federal Award Receipts and Expenditures presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling the schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 22, 2016

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BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

UNAUDITED

The discussion and analysis of Bay Village City School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to those respective statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2015 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased by \$ 4,226,703.
- Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$ 39,217,683 in 2015. Of this total, 87.2 percent consisted of General revenues while Program revenues accounted for the balance of 12.8 percent.
- Program expenses totaled \$ 34,990,980. Instructional expenses made up 54.1 percent of this total while support services accounted for 31.5 percent. Other expenses rounded out the remaining 14.4 percent.
- Outstanding general obligation bonded debt decreased to \$ 27,685,000 from \$ 28,633,698 in 2014.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains all the funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole considers all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2015?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's performance, demographic and socioeconomic factors and willingness of the community to support the School District. On the other hand, financial factors may include the School District's financial position, liquidity and solvency, fiscal capacity and risk and exposure. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District is classified into governmental activities. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation of non-instructional, extracurricular activities and interest.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 19. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Building Fund.

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Governmental Funds

All of the School District's activities are reported as governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provided a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

The School District as a Whole

You may recall that the *Statement of Net Position* provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2015 compared to 2014.

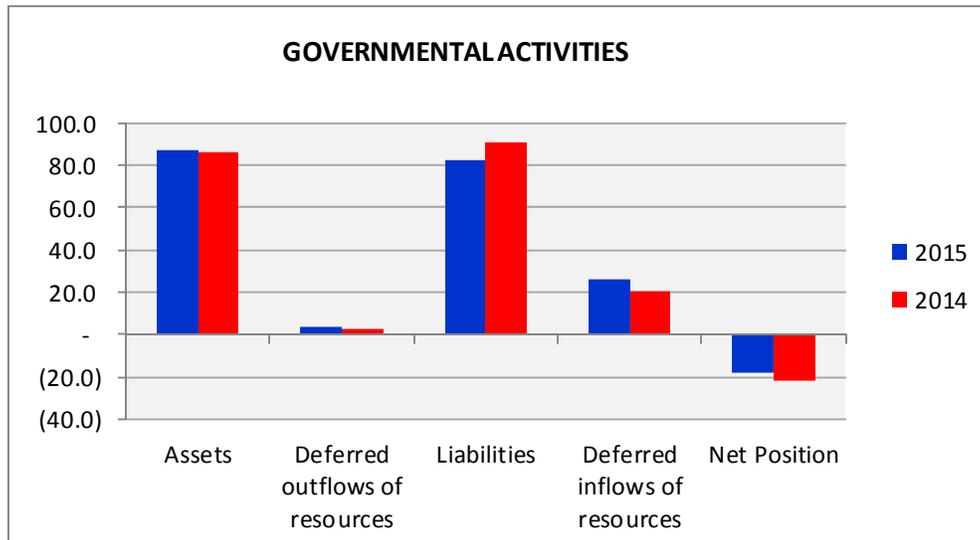
Table 1
Net Position
Governmental Activities

	6/30/2015	Restated 6/30/2014
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 49,789,986	\$ 53,826,539
Capital assets, net		
Nondepreciable capital assets	11,853,663	6,179,408
Depreciable capital assets, net	25,870,012	26,593,266
Total assets	87,513,661	86,599,213
Deferred outflows of resources	3,417,507	2,943,556
Liabilities		
Current liabilities and other liabilities	4,796,275	4,207,872
Long term liabilities		
Due within one year	1,809,375	1,527,054
Due in more than one year		
Other amounts	32,060,197	33,151,009
Net pension liability	44,044,008	52,311,276
Total liabilities	82,709,855	91,197,211
Deferred inflows of resources	26,235,114	20,586,062
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	13,860,734	13,323,427
Restricted	4,856,484	4,531,717
Unrestricted	(36,731,019)	(40,095,648)
Total net position	\$(18,013,801)	\$(22,240,504)

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During 2015, the School District adopted GASB Statement 68, “Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27,” which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District’s actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan’s net pension liability. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio’s statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District’s proportionate share of each plan’s collective:

1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees’ past service
2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the “employment exchange” – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer’s promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability

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of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the School District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, from \$ 27,127,216 to (\$ 22,240,504).

Total assets increased by \$ 914,448. The most significant asset change was a decrease in equity in pooled cash of \$ 3,828,262 and due from other governments of \$ 257,294 along with increases in net capital assets of \$ 4,951,001. The change in equity in pooled cash and net capital assets both are due to the School District's continued construction in process.

During 2015, total liabilities decreased by \$ 8,487,356. The liabilities that had significant decreases were the long term liabilities of \$ 1,090,812 and net pension liability of \$ 8,267,268. The School District's long term liabilities were paid down from the prior year also accounting for the decrease in the equity in pooled cash.

The vast majority of revenue supporting all Governmental activities is general revenue. General revenue totaled \$ 34,184,635 or 87.2 percent of the total revenue. The most significant portion of the general revenue is local property tax. The remaining amount of revenue received was in the form of program revenues, which equated to \$ 5,033,048 or 12.8 percent of total revenue.

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Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2015 compared to fiscal year 2014.

Table 2
Governmental Activities

	2015	2014
Revenues		
Program revenue		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,945,298	\$ 3,136,418
Operating grants, interest and contributions	2,068,797	1,700,368
Capital grants and contributions	18,953	7,200
Total program revenue	<u>5,033,048</u>	<u>4,843,986</u>
General revenue		
Property taxes	25,155,713	23,758,898
Grants and entitlements not restricted for specific purposes	8,415,815	7,643,506
Investment earnings	84,733	172,900
Miscellaneous	528,374	(457,543)
Total general revenues	<u>34,184,635</u>	<u>31,117,761</u>
Total revenues	<u>39,217,683</u>	<u>35,961,747</u>
Program expenses		
Instruction		
Regular	13,733,230	13,865,429
Special	3,384,504	2,359,657
Vocational	295,800	378,129
Other instruction	1,505,126	1,301,574
Supporting services		
Pupil	1,858,324	3,148,174
Instructional staff	873,810	782,800
Board of education	30,047	72,708
Administration	2,348,621	2,340,411
Fiscal services	780,195	1,140,588
Business	349,644	439,453
Operation and maintenance	3,108,436	3,085,144
Pupil transportation	1,179,600	882,807
Central services	494,269	464,938
Operation of non-instructional		
Food service operation	729,571	852,645
Community services	753,501	792,115
Day care operations	913,583	825,481
Extracurricular activities		
Academic	109,084	85,817
Sports	858,535	834,339
Co-curricular	172,481	212,354
Interest	1,512,619	749,933
Totals	<u>34,990,980</u>	<u>34,614,496</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 4,226,703</u>	<u>\$ 1,347,251</u>

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Governmental Activities

The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$ 2,943,555 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$ 658,894. Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$ 34,990,980
Pension expense under GASB 68	(658,894)
2015 contractually required contribution	<u>3,053,940</u>
Adjusted 2015 program expenses	37,386,026
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27	<u>35,015,634</u>
Increase in program expenses not related to pension	<u><u>\$ 2,370,392</u></u>

The School District is a high performing School District that has had excellent support from the community. In November 2010, the community approved a 6.9 mill levy on the first attempt which generated approximately 3.4 million dollars annually. The School District is committed to limiting future expenditure increases to the 3% to 4% annual range.

Although the School District relies heavily upon local property taxes to support its operations, the School District does actively solicit and receive additional grant and entitlement funds to help offset some operating costs.

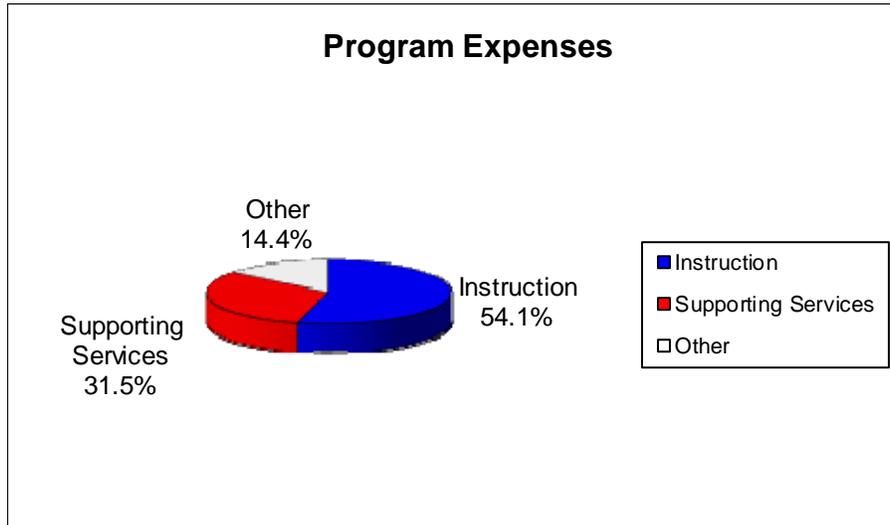
As one can see, approximately 54.1 percent of the School District's budget is used to fund instructional expenses. Additional supporting services for pupils, staff and business operations encompass an additional 31.5 percent. The remaining amount of program expenses, roughly 14.4 percent, is budgeted to facilitate other obligations of the School District such as interest and numerous extracurricular activities.

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Actual expenses were consistent with annual budget expectations and the School District exhibited an increase in net position in 2015 of \$ 4,226,703.



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The Statement of Activities shows the total net cost of program services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services for governmental activities and the net cost of those services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements, investment earnings and miscellaneous income.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Governmental activities				
Instruction				
Regular	\$ 13,733,230	\$ 14,384,194	\$(13,221,558)	\$(13,448,624)
Special	3,384,504	2,463,198	(1,953,859)	(2,322,768)
Vocational	295,800	313,341	(295,800)	(313,341)
Other instruction	1,505,126	1,528,227	(1,505,126)	(1,351,367)
Supporting services				
Pupil	1,858,324	3,093,797	(1,772,214)	(2,575,242)
Instructional staff	873,810	1,080,830	(864,565)	(937,244)
Board of education	30,047	33,180	(30,047)	(33,180)
Administration	2,348,621	2,217,153	(2,299,097)	(2,168,359)
Fiscal services	780,195	597,480	(780,195)	(597,480)
Business	349,644	386,463	(349,644)	(386,463)
Operation and maintenance	3,108,436	2,860,632	(3,089,483)	(2,860,632)
Pupil transportation	1,179,600	977,906	(1,179,600)	(977,906)
Central services	494,269	410,982	(494,269)	(410,982)
Operation of non-instructional				
Food service operation	729,571	805,180	4,874	(20,887)
Community services	753,501	671,420	(54,658)	(44,386)
Day care operations	913,583	826,196	39,454	124,214
Extracurricular activities				
Academic	109,084	111,991	(109,084)	(111,991)
Sports	858,535	819,065	(417,961)	(441,267)
Co-curricular	172,481	213,377	(72,481)	(72,721)
Interest	1,512,619	1,221,022	(1,512,619)	(1,221,022)
Totals	<u>\$ 34,990,980</u>	<u>\$ 35,015,634</u>	<u>\$(29,957,932)</u>	<u>\$(30,171,648)</u>

As one can see, the reliance upon local tax revenues for governmental activities is crucial. Over 64.1 percent of revenues came from local property taxes. Grant and entitlements not restricted to specific programs make up 21.5 percent of revenue, while investment and other miscellaneous type revenues make up 1.6 percent. Program revenues only account for 12.8 percent of all governmental revenues.

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Clearly, the Bay Village community is by far the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Bay Village City Schools.

School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds can be found on page 19. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$ 39,595,595 and expenditures and other financing uses of \$ 43,150,609. The School District's most significant fund, the General Fund, had a net change in fund balance for the year of \$ 1,999,137.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the General Fund.

The School District uses a site-based style of budgeting and has in place systems that are designed to tightly control expenses but provide flexibility for site-based decision and management.

For the General Fund, the final budget basis revenue estimates totaled \$ 31,693,737; this was less than the actual amount of \$ 32,314,499 by \$ 620,762. The main difference between the budget estimates and actual was due to a conservative estimate for intergovernmental revenue. The budget basis expenditure estimate totaled \$ 33,102,977 which was more than the actual expenditure amount of \$ 31,176,901 by \$ 1,926,076. This difference was primarily due to changes in staffing costs throughout the year.

The General Fund unencumbered ending cash balance totaled \$ 11,661,371 which was above the original and final budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2015, the School District had \$ 37,723,675 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation. Table 4 shows fiscal 2015 values compared to 2014.

Table 4
Capital Assets at June 30
Governmental Activities

	2015	2014
Land	\$ 767,158	\$ 617,400
Construction in progress	11,086,505	5,562,008
Buildings and improvements	25,188,394	26,005,483
Furniture and equipment	357,321	389,797
Vehicles	324,297	197,986
Total capital assets	<u>\$ 37,723,675</u>	<u>\$32,772,674</u>

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All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, capital assets increased during the fiscal year which was the result of the beginning of construction projects related to the school improvement levy passed in 2012. For additional capital assets information, see Note 9 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At June 30, 2015, the School District had \$ 27,685,000 in bonds outstanding. Table 5 summarizes the School District's bonds outstanding.

Table 5
Long Term Bonds at June 30
Governmental Activities

	2015	2014
School improvement refunding bonds 2006 4.0% matures 2025	\$ 11,895,000	\$ 11,895,000
School improvement capital appreciation bonds and accretion interest 2006, 12.69%, 2013, 2014 maturity	-	438,698
School improvement bond 2013 3.0%-4.0%, matures 2037	15,790,000	16,300,000
Total bonds	<u>\$ 27,685,000</u>	<u>\$ 28,633,698</u>

Outstanding bonds consist of general obligation bonds for school improvements. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the School District for which its full faith, credit and resources are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable property of the School District. General obligation bonds will be paid from the Debt Service Fund from property taxes.

Other obligations include certificates of participation, net pension liability and compensated absences. For additional debt obligation information see Note 12 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

School District Outlook

Bay Village City School's current financial condition is excellent. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its revenues and expenditures in accordance with its financial forecast. The School District ranks among the top schools in Ohio for educational excellence.

The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges though. These challenges are internal and external in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist as the School District must rely heavily on local property taxes to fund its operations. External challenges continue to evolve as legislators at the State level continue to explore a more equitable funding system.

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UNAUDITED

Although the School District relies heavily on its property taxpayers to support its operations, the community support of the schools is quite strong. The Bay Village voters passed an incremental tax levy for 5.5 mills in November 2003 which helps fund the general operations and permanent improvements of the School District. In November 2006, the School District passed a 5.75 mill operating levy for the purpose of current expenses. As recent as November 2010, the School District passed a 6.9 mill levy for the purpose of current expenses. The current five year forecast projects deficit spending in all five years forecasted which is projected to eliminate the district's positive carryover balance by year five. The district is currently evaluating the timing of placing an additional operating levy on the ballot for voter approval.

Externally, the State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational funding system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable." Since 1997, the State has directed its additional financial support toward school districts with little property tax wealth. In May of 2000, the Ohio Supreme Court, again, ruled that, while the State had made some progress, the current funding system for schools is far too dependent on property taxes, which are inherently not "equitable" nor "adequate." The court directed the Governor and the legislature to address the fundamental issue creating the inequities. On December 11, 2002, the Ohio Supreme Court issued its latest opinion regarding the State's school funding plan. The decision reaffirmed earlier decisions that Ohio's current school-funding decision is unconstitutional. The Supreme Court relinquished jurisdiction over the case and directed "...the Ohio General Assembly to enact a school-funding scheme that is thorough and efficient..." The School District is currently unable to determine what effect, if any, this decision will have on its future State funding and on its financial operations.

As a result of the challenges mentioned above, it is imperative the School District's management continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet student needs over the next several years.

In summary, the Bay Village City School District has committed itself to financial and educational excellence for many years to come.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designated to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Kevin Robertson, Treasurer, Bay Village City School District, 377 Dover Center Road, Bay Village, Ohio 44140.

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BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 23,847,893
Accounts receivable	2,812
Due from other governments	40,428
Taxes receivable	25,898,853
Capital assets	
Nondepreciable capital assets	11,853,663
Depreciable capital assets, net	25,870,012
Total assets	87,513,661
Deferred outflow s of resources	
Pension	3,417,507
Total Deferred outflow s of resources	3,417,507
Liabilities	
Accounts and contracts payable	1,674,230
Accrued salaries, w ages and benefits	2,553,185
Due to other governments	477,773
Accrued interest payable	91,087
Long term liabilities	
Due w ithin one year	1,809,375
Due in more than one year	
Other amounts	32,060,197
Net pension liability	44,044,008
Total liabilities	82,709,855
Deferred inflow s of resources	
Property taxes	19,577,852
Unavailable - other	31,321
Deferral on refunding	279,770
Pension	6,346,171
Total deferred inflow s of resources	26,235,114
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	13,860,734
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	37,763
Debt service	4,681,086
Federal/State grants	83,651
Other purposes	53,984
Unrestricted	(36,731,019)
Total net position	\$ (18,013,801)

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants Interest and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities					
Instruction					
Regular	\$ 13,733,230	\$ 511,672	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (13,221,558)
Special	3,384,504	254,240	1,176,405	-	(1,953,859)
Vocational	295,800	-	-	-	(295,800)
Other instruction	1,505,126	-	-	-	(1,505,126)
Supporting services					
Pupil	1,858,324	30,108	56,002	-	(1,772,214)
Instructional staff	873,810	-	9,245	-	(864,565)
Board of education	30,047	-	-	-	(30,047)
Administration	2,348,621	-	49,524	-	(2,299,097)
Fiscal services	780,195	-	-	-	(780,195)
Business	349,644	-	-	-	(349,644)
Operation and maintenance	3,108,436	-	-	18,953	(3,089,483)
Pupil transportation	1,179,600	-	-	-	(1,179,600)
Central services	494,269	-	-	-	(494,269)
Operation of non-instructional					
Food service operation	729,571	634,671	99,774	-	4,874
Community services	753,501	23,037	675,806	-	(54,658)
Day care operations	913,583	950,996	2,041	-	39,454
Extracurricular activities					
Academic	109,084	-	-	-	(109,084)
Sports	858,535	440,574	-	-	(417,961)
Co-curricular	172,481	100,000	-	-	(72,481)
Interest	1,512,619	-	-	-	(1,512,619)
Totals	<u>\$ 34,990,980</u>	<u>\$ 2,945,298</u>	<u>\$ 2,068,797</u>	<u>\$ 18,953</u>	<u>(29,957,932)</u>

General revenues

Property taxes levied for:

 General purpose

22,679,049

 Debt service

2,476,664

Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific purposes

8,415,815

Investment earnings

84,733

Miscellaneous

528,374

Total general revenues

34,184,635

Change in net position

4,226,703

Net position at beginning of year, restated

(22,240,504)

Net position at end of year

\$ (18,013,801)

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 CUYAHOGA COUNTY

BALANCE SHEET –
 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets and deferred outflow s of resources					
Assets					
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 12,947,715	\$ 3,945,901	\$ 6,707,425	\$ 246,852	\$ 23,847,893
Receivables, net of allow ance					
Taxes	23,660,591	2,238,262	-	-	25,898,853
Accounts and other	2,812	-	-	-	2,812
Due from other governments	-	-	-	40,428	40,428
Interfund receivable	38,855	178,000	-	-	216,855
Total assets	<u>36,649,973</u>	<u>6,362,163</u>	<u>6,707,425</u>	<u>287,280</u>	<u>50,006,841</u>
Total assets and deferred outflow s of resources	<u>\$ 36,649,973</u>	<u>\$ 6,362,163</u>	<u>\$ 6,707,425</u>	<u>\$ 287,280</u>	<u>\$ 50,006,841</u>
Liabilities, deferred inflow s of resources and fund balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 346,751	\$ 2,500	\$ 1,295,009	\$ 29,970	\$ 1,674,230
Accrued wages and benefits	2,530,217	-	-	22,968	2,553,185
Due to other governments	471,475	-	-	6,298	477,773
Interfund payable	-	-	178,000	38,855	216,855
Compensated absences payable	160,215	-	-	-	160,215
Total liabilities	<u>3,508,658</u>	<u>2,500</u>	<u>1,473,009</u>	<u>98,091</u>	<u>5,082,258</u>
Deferred inflow s of resources					
Property taxes	17,899,275	1,678,577	-	-	19,577,852
Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes	518,053	51,236	-	-	569,289
Unavailable revenue - other	8,539	-	-	22,782	31,321
Total deferred inflow s of resources	<u>18,425,867</u>	<u>1,729,813</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,782</u>	<u>20,178,462</u>
Fund balances					
Restricted	-	4,629,850	5,234,416	175,643	10,039,909
Assigned	6,340,247	-	-	-	6,340,247
Unassigned (deficit)	8,375,201	-	-	(9,236)	8,365,965
Total fund balances	<u>14,715,448</u>	<u>4,629,850</u>	<u>5,234,416</u>	<u>166,407</u>	<u>24,746,121</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflow s of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 36,649,973</u>	<u>\$ 6,362,163</u>	<u>\$ 6,707,425</u>	<u>\$ 287,280</u>	<u>\$ 50,006,841</u>

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2015

Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total governmental funds balances	\$ 24,746,121
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the funds.	37,723,675
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. These deferrals are attributed to property taxes and deferred gain.	289,519
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflow s/outflow s are not reported in governmental funds:	
Deferred outflow s of resources - pension	3,417,507
Deferred inflow s of resources - pension	(6,346,171)
Net pension liability	(44,044,008)
Long term liabilities and accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Compensated absences	(4,016,869)
Bonds payable	(27,685,000)
Certificates of participation	(1,385,000)
Unamortized bond premium	(622,488)
Accrued interest payable	(91,087)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (18,013,801)

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 23,015,240	\$ 2,506,420	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,521,660
Tuition and fees	1,827,546	-	-	-	1,827,546
Interest	37,656	-	16,518	525	54,699
Intergovernmental	8,730,374	337,156	-	1,438,247	10,505,777
Rental	233,359	-	-	-	233,359
Charges for services	-	-	-	634,671	634,671
Extracurricular	236,483	-	-	200,539	437,022
Other	303,726	-	7,000	28,144	338,870
Total revenues	34,384,384	2,843,576	23,518	2,302,126	39,553,604
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction					
Regular	13,910,223	-	-	14,624	13,924,847
Special	3,046,723	-	-	546,764	3,593,487
Vocational	313,239	-	-	-	313,239
Other instruction	1,508,904	-	-	-	1,508,904
Supporting services					
Pupil	2,006,341	-	-	44,037	2,050,378
Instructional staff	889,479	-	42,435	3,100	935,014
Board of education	30,901	-	-	-	30,901
Administration	2,437,233	-	-	55,002	2,492,235
Fiscal services	775,098	2,500	-	-	777,598
Business	375,432	-	-	-	375,432
Operation and maintenance	3,175,204	-	5,064	19,108	3,199,376
Pupil transportation	1,173,019	-	-	-	1,173,019
Central services	533,723	-	-	-	533,723
Operation of non-instructional					
Food service operation	-	-	-	751,294	751,294
Community services	23,732	-	-	760,427	784,159
Day care operations	934,305	-	-	-	934,305
Extracurricular activities					
Academic and subject oriented	73,890	-	-	40,377	114,267
Sports oriented	632,227	-	-	155,418	787,645
Co-curricular	183,787	-	-	342	184,129
Capital outlay	149,989	-	5,880,157	14,085	6,044,231
Debt service					
Principal	120,000	839,822	-	-	959,822
Interest	72,025	1,579,697	-	-	1,651,722
Total expenditures	32,365,474	2,422,019	5,927,656	2,404,578	43,119,727
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,018,910	421,557	(5,904,138)	(102,452)	(3,566,123)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers-in	-	26,968	-	3,914	30,882
Proceed from sale of capital assets	11,109	-	-	-	11,109
Transfers-out	(30,882)	-	-	-	(30,882)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(19,773)	26,968	-	3,914	11,109
Net change in fund balances	1,999,137	448,525	(5,904,138)	(98,538)	(3,555,014)
Fund balances, beginning of year	12,716,311	4,181,325	11,138,554	264,945	28,301,135
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 14,715,448	\$ 4,629,850	\$ 5,234,416	\$ 166,407	\$ 24,746,121

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ (3,555,014)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital outlay	\$ 5,910,407	
Depreciation expense	(959,406)	
Total		4,951,001

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes	\$ (365,947)	
Interest	(4,895)	
Due from other governments	(2,212)	
Total		(373,054)

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. 139,103

The issuance of long term debt (e.g. bonds) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. 994,751

Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 3,053,940

Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (658,892)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. (325,132)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 4,226,703

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -
BUDGET BASIS (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 25,213,825	\$ 25,668,973	\$ 22,238,809	\$ (3,430,164)
Tuition and fees	177,471	374,138	621,807	247,669
Interest	10,574	22,292	37,330	15,038
Property rentals	41,153	86,757	144,452	57,695
Intergovernmental	2,557,750	5,392,163	8,965,476	3,573,313
Other	70,874	149,414	248,525	99,111
Total revenues	<u>28,071,647</u>	<u>31,693,737</u>	<u>32,256,399</u>	<u>562,662</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction				
Regular	13,891,709	13,891,709	13,734,140	157,569
Special	3,045,444	3,045,444	3,017,614	27,830
Vocational	336,014	336,014	315,811	20,203
Other instruction	1,769,615	1,769,615	1,564,073	205,542
Supporting services				
Pupil	2,088,417	2,088,417	2,058,919	29,498
Instructional staff	1,003,908	1,003,908	850,100	153,808
Board of education	34,408	34,408	30,924	3,484
Administration	2,320,363	2,320,363	2,222,008	98,355
Fiscal services	849,195	849,195	841,257	7,938
Business	443,130	443,130	387,899	55,231
Operation and maintenance	3,385,822	3,385,822	3,352,824	32,998
Pupil transportation	1,268,737	1,268,737	1,206,336	62,401
Central services	744,823	744,823	542,788	202,035
Operation of non-instructional				
Community services	42,589	42,589	(3,547)	46,136
Extracurricular activities				
Academic and subject oriented	100,469	100,469	73,890	26,579
Sports oriented	515,168	515,168	498,024	17,144
Co-curricular	104,469	104,469	71,940	32,529
Capital outlay	747,084	747,084	151,871	595,213
Debt service				
Principal	164,500	164,500	120,000	44,500
Interest	79,145	79,145	72,025	7,120
Total expenditures	<u>32,935,009</u>	<u>32,935,009</u>	<u>31,108,896</u>	<u>1,826,113</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(4,863,362)</u>	<u>(1,241,272)</u>	<u>1,147,503</u>	<u>2,388,775</u>
Other financing sources (uses)				
Contingencies	(99,000)	(99,000)	-	99,000
Advances-in	-	-	46,991	46,991
Proceeds from the sales of assets	-	-	11,109	11,109
Advances-out	(38,086)	(38,086)	(37,123)	963
Transfers-out	(30,882)	(30,882)	(30,882)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(167,968)</u>	<u>(167,968)</u>	<u>(9,905)</u>	<u>158,063</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other sources (uses)	(5,031,330)	(1,409,240)	1,137,598	2,546,838
Fund balance, beginning of year	9,823,074	9,823,074	9,823,074	-
Prior year encumbrances	700,699	700,699	700,699	-
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 5,492,443</u>	<u>\$ 9,114,533</u>	<u>\$ 11,661,371</u>	<u>\$ 2,546,838</u>

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
 CUYAHOGA COUNTY

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2015

	Private Purpose Trust	
	Scholarship Fund	Agency Funds
Assets		
Equity in pooled cash	\$ 28,992	\$ 118,169
Total assets	<u>28,992</u>	<u>118,169</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	-	2,116
Due to others	-	30,901
Due to students	-	85,152
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 118,169</u>
Net position		
Held in trust for scholarships	<u>\$ 28,992</u>	

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -
PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>Scholarship Fund</u>
Additions	
Interest	<u>\$ 39</u>
Deductions	<u>-</u>
Change in net assets	39
Net position, beginning of year	<u>28,953</u>
Net position, end of year	<u><u>\$ 28,992</u></u>

See the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

The Bay Village City School District (the District) was established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is a city school district as defined by Section 3311.03 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education consisting of five members and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the School District. Average daily membership was approximately 2,500. The School District employs 249 certificated and 189 non-certificated employees.

REPORTING ENTITY

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Within the School District boundaries, there are various nonpublic schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these nonpublic schools. These monies are received and disbursed by the School District on behalf of the nonpublic schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the nonpublic schools. These transactions are reported as a governmental activity of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and, 1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; 3) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of or provided financial support to the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with the North Coast Council Ohio, the Suburban Health Consortium, the Bay Village Education Foundation, and the Ohio Schools Council, which are considered to be jointly governed organizations. The School District participates in a public risk pool managed by the Ohio Schools Boards Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. The School District also has a joint operating agreement with the City of Bay Village for constructing, equipping and furnishing a community gymnasium. These organizations and their relationships with the School District are described in more detail in Note 17 and 18 to these basic financial statements.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The various funds of the School District are grouped into the categories governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - the general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - the debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. FUND ACCOUNTING (continued)

Building Fund – the building fund is used to account for the construction and renovations of school buildings and facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's only trust fund is a private-purpose trust fund which accounts for scholarship monies. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for student activities and unclaimed monies.

D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in the total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

E. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and outflows, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (continued)

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 5). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: property taxes available as an advance, grants, investment earnings, tuition, and student fees.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 19.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, deferral on refunding pension, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and miscellaneous revenues. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 19)

Expenditures/Expenses

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

F. BUDGETARY PROCESS

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund, function and object level for the General Fund, and fund/special cost center for all other funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate that were in effect at the time the final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

G. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash received by the School District is deposited in one central bank account with individual fund balance integrity maintained through School District records. Monies for all funds are maintained in this account or temporarily transferred to the State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio) or other short term investments. Under existing Ohio statutes, interest earnings are allocated to funds based on average monthly cash balances. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$ 37,656 of which \$ 13,339 was credited from other funds. During fiscal year 2015, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and money markets.

Except for investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Investment contracts and money market investments that had a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are reported at cost or amortized cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are considered to be cash equivalents.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. INVENTORY

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are stated at cost. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

I. RESTRICTED ASSETS

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation.

J. PREPAID EXPENSE

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2015 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the period amount is recorded at the time of purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

K. CAPITAL ASSETS

All capital assets of the School District are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported on the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and reductions during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, other than land and construction in process, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Land improvements	10 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 years

L. INTERFUND BALANCES

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net position.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

M. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. The liability is based on an estimate of the amount of accumulated sick leave that will be paid as a termination benefit.

For governmental fund financial statements, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

N. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Long-term notes and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the governmental fund financial statements when due.

O. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws, or regulations of other governments. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$ 4,856,484 of net position restricted, of which none is restricted by enabling legislation. Net position restricted for other purposes include other grants and rotary funds.

The School District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

P. FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

P. FUND BALANCE (continued)

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used

Q. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

R. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

S. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 2 – CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

For fiscal year 2015, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2014:

	Governmental Activities
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$ 27,127,217
Adjustments:	
Net pension liability	(52,311,276)
Deferred outflow - payments subsequent to measurement date	2,943,555
Restated Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$ (22,240,504)

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the School District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available.

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget Basis (Non-GAAP) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis statements are the following:

1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis).
2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis).
3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (GAAP basis).
4. Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have a separate legally adopted budget (budget basis).

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,137,598
Adjustments, increase (decrease)	
Revenue accruals	394,047
Expenditure accruals	(34,194)
Encumbrances	417,670
Funds budgeted separately	84,016
GAAP basis, as reported	\$ 1,999,137

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. LEGAL REQUIREMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit, or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Protection of the School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies may be invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least 2 percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
7. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances (if authorized by the Board of Education), and;
8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest rating classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$ 1,270 in cash on hand which is included on the balance sheet of the School District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash."

B. DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District may not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$ 23,976,078 and the bank balance was \$ 24,167,663. Of the bank balance, \$ 20,771,735 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$ 3,395,928 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging institution's trust department not in the School District's name.

The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposits being secured.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. INVESTMENTS

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2015, the School District had the following investments:

	Maturities	Fair Value
Investment in State Treasurer's Investment Pool	n/a	\$ 17,495
Money Market Investment	n/a	211
		\$ 17,706

D. INTEREST RATE RISK

The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. State statute limits investments in commercial paper to a maximum maturity of 180 days from the date of purchase. Repurchase agreements are limited to 30 days and the market value of the securities must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily.

E. CREDIT RISK

The School District follows the Ohio Revised Code that limits its investment choices. As of June 30, 2015, the School District's investments in STAR Ohio were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

F. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The School District's allocation as of June 30, 2015 was 98.8 percent invested in STAR Ohio and 1.2 percent in money markets.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility, and tangible personal (used in business) property located in the School District. Real and public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represent the collection of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes for 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes for 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed values as of December 31, 2013, the lien date. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The School District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the Counties by June 30, 2015 are available to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents delinquent taxes outstanding and real property, public utility property, and tangible personal property taxes which were measurable as of June 30, 2015 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at June 30, nor were they levied to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The receivable is therefore offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes for that portion not intended to finance current year operations. The amount available as an advance was recognized as revenue.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015, was \$ 5,243,263 in the General Fund and \$ 508,448 in the Debt Service Fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014, was \$ 4,466,832 in the General Fund and \$ 98,750 in the Debt Service Fund. The difference was in the timing and collection by the County Fiscal Officer.

On the full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis this revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second - Half Collections		2015 First - Half Collections	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$ 488,228,350	98.30 %	\$ 490,480,510	98.13 %
Public Utilities	8,464,010	1.70	9,342,110	1.87
Total Assessed Value	<u>\$ 496,692,360</u>	<u>100.00 %</u>	<u>\$ 499,822,620</u>	<u>100.00 %</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	<u>\$ 109.91</u>		<u>\$ 109.91</u>	

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2015, consisted of taxes, accounts and other, and interfund. All receivables are considered substantially collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
Non-major funds:	
Improving teacher quality	\$ 3,163
IDEA Part B	35,061
Title III	2,045
EHA preschool	159
Total due from other governments	<u>\$ 40,428</u>

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

On the fund financial statements at June 30, 2015, interfund balances consisted of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Receivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>
General Fund	\$ 38,855	\$ -
Debt Service Fund	178,000	-
Building Fund		178,000
Non-major Funds:		
Title VIB	-	34,098
Title I	-	1,732
Title III, Immigrant	-	2,045
Improving Teacher Quality	-	821
EHA Preschool	-	159
Total	<u>\$ 216,855</u>	<u>\$ 216,855</u>

These amounts are represented as "Interfund Receivable/Payable" on the balance sheet. The non-major fund interfund payable was to pay for expenditures. The \$ 178,000 interfund transaction between the Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund is a manuscript bond. The manuscript bond is not expected to be repaid in one year.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the General Fund transferred \$ 3,914 to the Community Gym Fund to subsidize improvements and expenditures and \$ 26,968 to the Debt Service Fund to pay principal and interest on the manuscript debt.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities				
Nondepreciable capital assets				
Land	\$ 617,400	\$ 149,758	\$ -	\$ 767,158
Construction in progress	5,562,008	5,524,497	-	11,086,505
	<u>6,179,408</u>	<u>5,674,255</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>11,853,663</u>
Depreciable capital assets				
Buildings and improvements	41,348,203	-	-	41,348,203
Furniture and equipment	1,546,720	42,640	-	1,589,360
Vehicles	1,397,940	193,512	-	1,591,452
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>44,292,863</u>	<u>236,152</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>44,529,015</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	15,342,720	817,089	-	16,159,809
Furniture and equipment	1,156,923	75,116	-	1,232,039
Vehicles	1,199,954	67,201	-	1,267,155
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>17,699,597</u>	<u>959,406</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,659,003</u>
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>26,593,266</u>	<u>(723,254)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25,870,012</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 32,772,674</u>	<u>\$ 4,951,001</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 37,723,675</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	
Regular	\$ 729,374
Special	2,927
Vocational	651
Supporting services	
Administration	21,804
Business	2,032
Operation and maintenance	48,676
Pupil transportation	55,227
Operation of non-instructional services	
Food service operation	4,764
Community services	11,657
Extracurricular activities	
Sports oriented	82,294
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 959,406</u>

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balance	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Restricted for					
Debt service	\$ -	\$ 4,629,850	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,629,850
Capital projects	-	-	5,234,416	-	5,234,416
Community gym	-	-	-	37,763	37,763
Food service	-	-	-	11,042	11,042
Other grants	-	-	-	12,137	12,137
Athletics	-	-	-	31,050	31,050
State grants	-	-	-	82,688	82,688
Federal grants	-	-	-	963	963
Total restricted	<u>-</u>	<u>4,629,850</u>	<u>5,234,416</u>	<u>175,643</u>	<u>10,039,909</u>
Assigned					
Encumbrances	267,970	-	-	-	267,970
Subsequent year appropriation	4,891,929	-	-	-	4,891,929
Other purposes	1,180,348	-	-	-	1,180,348
	<u>6,340,247</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,340,247</u>
Unassigned (deficit)	<u>8,375,201</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,236)</u>	<u>8,365,965</u>
Total fund balance	<u>\$14,715,448</u>	<u>\$ 4,629,850</u>	<u>\$ 5,234,416</u>	<u>\$ 166,407</u>	<u>\$24,746,121</u>

NOTE 11 – DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

On June 30, 2015, the Title I Fund had a deficit balance of \$ 1,732 and the Improving Teacher Quality Fund had a deficit balance of \$ 7,504. The General Fund is liable for deficits in the funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2015 were as follows:

	Outstanding June 30, 2014	Additions	Retired	Outstanding June 30, 2015	Amounts Due In One Year
School improvement refunding bond 2006 4.0%, matures 2025	\$ 11,895,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,895,000	\$ 880,000
Capital appreciation bonds 2006 12.69%, matures 2013, 2014	329,822	-	329,822	-	-
School improvement bond 2013 3.0% - 4.0%, matures 2037	16,300,000	-	510,000	15,790,000	520,000
Total bonds	<u>28,524,822</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>839,822</u>	<u>27,685,000</u>	<u>1,400,000</u>
Accretion interest on CABs 2006	108,876	16,666	125,542	-	-
Premium on bonds	657,417	-	34,929	622,488	-
Certificates of participation 2004, 3.158% - 5.339%, matures 2023	1,505,000	-	120,000	1,385,000	125,000
Net pension liability					
STRS	41,151,976	-	6,605,131	34,546,845	-
SERS	11,159,300	-	1,662,137	9,497,163	-
Total net pension liability	<u>52,311,276</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,267,268</u>	<u>44,044,008</u>	<u>-</u>
Compensated absences	3,881,948	913,708	618,571	4,177,085	284,375
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 86,989,339</u>	<u>\$ 930,374</u>	<u>\$ 10,006,132</u>	<u>\$ 77,913,581</u>	<u>\$ 1,809,375</u>

Certificates of Participation – In 2004, the School District entered into a ground lease to secure the necessary funding for anticipated cost overruns of the middle school project. The lease is an annual lease subject to renewal for 25 years through December 1, 2023.

The Leasing Corporation entered into an agreement with a trustee through which it assigned and transferred rights and interest under the lease to Huntington National Bank, as trustee. Legal title to the facility remains with Huntington National Bank until all payments required under the lease have been made. At that time, title will transfer to the School District. The Trustee issued Certificates of Participation in the lease agreement enabling holders of the Certificates to receive a portion of the semi-annual lease payments. Proceeds from the issuance are being used to cover the anticipated cost overruns of the middle school project.

The obligation of the School District under the lease and any subsequent lease renewal is subject to annual appropriation of the rental payments. The annual principal and interest requirements will be provided from the General Fund. The Certificates of Participation are not a general obligation of the School District but are payable only from appropriations by the School District for annual lease payments.

The amount of bonds issued in 2006 was \$ 14,734,984. The general obligation bonds included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds. The present value reported in the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2015 was \$ 11,895,000. This year the addition of these bonds was \$ 16,666 which represents the increase in accretion of interest. As of June 30, 2015, the capital appreciation bonds have been paid in full.

In 2013, the School District issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$16,800,000 for the construction and renovation of the School Districts buildings and facilities. The bonds mature December 1, 2037.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

The School District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments. On the old bonds, accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the School District's financial statements. On June 30, 2015, \$ 11,820,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Principal and interest requirements to retire bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 996,318	\$ 2,396,318
2017	1,435,000	939,618	2,374,618
2018	1,485,000	880,031	2,365,031
2019	1,535,000	818,444	2,353,444
2020	1,580,000	756,143	2,336,143
2021-2025	8,785,000	2,811,075	11,596,075
2026-2030	4,750,000	1,397,426	6,147,426
2031-2035	3,985,000	796,556	4,781,556
2036-2038	2,730,000	143,168	2,873,168
	<u>\$ 27,685,000</u>	<u>\$ 9,538,779</u>	<u>\$ 37,223,779</u>

Principal and interest required to retire the certificate of participation at June 30, 2015, were as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 125,000	\$ 65,287	\$ 190,287
2017	130,000	58,275	188,275
2018	140,000	50,938	190,938
2019	145,000	43,279	188,279
2020	155,000	35,216	190,216
2021-2025	690,000	63,901	753,901
	<u>\$ 1,385,000</u>	<u>\$ 316,896</u>	<u>\$ 1,701,896</u>

Bonds payable will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund and the certificates of participation will be repaid from the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund, Food Service Fund or Daycare Center Special Rotary Fund.

NOTE 13 – CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2015, the School District had contractual commitments for renovations as follows:

	Contracted Amount	Expended	Remaining Liability
District renovations	<u>\$ 8,153,873</u>	<u>\$ 6,522,536</u>	<u>\$ 1,631,337</u>

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. PROPERTY AND LIABILITY

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the School District contracted with Ohio Casualty for the following types of coverage:

	Amount	Deductible
Ohio Casualty		
Type of coverage:		
Building and contents at replacement value	\$ 95,410,687	\$ 1,000
Boiler & Machinery at replacement value	-	1,000
General liability		
each occurrence	4,000,000	N/A
personal injury	4,000,000	2,500
general aggregate	6,000,000	N/A
Automotive liability	4,000,000	1,000
Uninsured motorist	250,000	N/A
Errors and omissions	4,000,000	2,500

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. During the current fiscal year, the School District contracted with Indiana Insurance for all of its insurance. There has not been a significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

B. WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The School District participated in the Ohio School Boards Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the school district by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService, Inc, provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. EMPLOYEE MEDICAL BENEFITS

The School District offers a board paid employee assistance program and wellness services through its insurance carrier to assist with physical wellness and the board provides services from outside providers to focus on mental and emotional well-being.

The School District participates in the Suburban Health Consortium (the Consortium), a shared risk pool (Note 18), to provide group health, life, dental and/or other insurance coverages. Consortium Member premium rates are set or determined by the Board of Directors. To the extent and in the manner permitted by any applicable agreements, policies, rules, regulations and laws, each Consortium Member may require contributions from its employees toward the cost of any benefit program being offered by the Consortium Member, and such contributions shall be included in the payments from such Consortium premium to the Consortium. Because the School District is a member of the Consortium and the Consortium holds the reserves for Incurred But Not Reported (IBNR) claims, not the individual school districts, IBNR information is not available on a district-by-district basis.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital maintenance. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward and used for the same purposes in future years. The following cash basis information identifies the changes in the fund balance reserves for capital maintenance during fiscal year 2015.

	Capital Maintenance
Balance, July 1, 2014	\$ -
Required set aside	417,109
Qualifying expenditures	(5,148,251)
Balance June 30, 2015	\$ (4,731,142)
Carry forward at June 30, 2015	\$ -

Expenditures and offset credits for capital maintenance during the year were \$ 5,148,251 which exceeded the required set-aside.

NOTE 16 – CONTINGENCIES

A. GRANTS

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies.

Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015.

B. FOUNDATION

District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the District.

NOTE 17 - COMMUNITY GYMNASIUM JOINT OPERATING AGREEMENT

On August 13, 2001, the School District entered into an agreement for constructing, equipping and furnishing a Community Gymnasium and a development and use agreement with the City of Bay Village (the City) for the Community Gymnasium (the Gym). Both agreements were amended on February 25, 2002. The initial term of the agreement commenced on the first date the Gym opened for public use and will end thirty years thereafter.

The agreements include termination provisions which allow either the School District or the City to seek 100 percent usage upon request at least two years prior to the expiration of the initial term. Termination provisions require repayment of the initial contribution plus a percent of the cost of major additions.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 17 - COMMUNITY GYMNASIUM JOINT OPERATING AGREEMENT (continued)

Under the terms of the contribution agreement, the School District will contribute one third of the cost of the Gym project which includes costs of constructing, equipping and furnishing the Gym, the cost of constructing, equipping and furnishing related joint use areas and the costs of related design and other professional services. The City's contribution amount shall not exceed \$ 1,143,280. In 2002, the City issued \$ 1,100,000 in general obligation bonds to meet its obligation. The Gym and joint use areas shall be owned by the School District.

The development and use agreement includes provisions for capital improvement funding. Under these provisions, both the School District and the City are required to establish and maintain a community gym fund. For the first year of operation the School District and the City contributed \$ 3,000 and \$ 6,000 respectively. These amounts increase three-percent annually and will be used for capital improvements and contracted maintenance as jointly decided.

The School District is responsible for fire and liability insurance. The City is responsible for maintaining liability insurance for activities in the Gym under the City's supervision. The School District and the City also have additional annual obligations for housekeeping, custodial equipment, supplies and utility costs.

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. NORTH COAST COUNCIL OHIO

The North Coast Council Ohio ("NCCO") is a jointly governed organization comprised of 31 school districts. NCCO was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology (with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment) to administrative and instructional functions for member districts. Each of the governments of these districts supports NCCO based upon a per pupil charge, dependent upon the software package utilized. The NCCO assembly consists of a superintendent or designated representative from each participating district, and a representative from the fiscal agent. NCCO is governed by a board of directors chosen from the general membership of the NCCO assembly. The board of directors consists of a representative from the fiscal agent, the chairman of each operating committee, and at least one assembly member from each county from which participating districts are located. Fiscal information for NCCO is available from the Treasurer of the Educational Service Center of Cuyahoga County (fiscal agent), located at 6393 Oak Tree Blvd., Independence, Ohio 44131. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District paid \$ 75,360 to NCCO for basic service charges.

B. SUBURBAN HEALTH CONSORTIUM

The Suburban Health Consortium ("the Consortium") is a shared health risk pool created on October 1, 2001, formed by the Boards of Education of several school districts in northeast Ohio, for the purposes of maximizing benefits and/or reducing costs of group health, life, dental and/or other insurance coverages for their employees and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees. The Consortium was formed and operated as a legally separate entity under Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833. The Board of Directors shall be the governing body of the Consortium.

The Board of Education of each Consortium Member shall appoint its Superintendent or such Superintendent's designee to be its representative of the Board of Directors. The officers of the Board of Directors shall consist of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Recording Secretary, who shall be elected at the annual meeting of Board of Directors and serve until the next annual meeting. All of the authority of the Consortium shall be exercised by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall also set all premiums and other amounts to be paid by the Consortium Members. Board of Directors shall also have the authority to waive premiums and other payments. All members of the Board of Directors shall serve without compensation. The Fiscal Agent shall be the Board of Education responsible for administering the financial transactions of the Consortium (Orange City School District).

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

B. SUBURBAN HEALTH CONSORTIUM (continued)

The Fiscal Agent shall carry out the responsibilities of the Consortium Fund, enter into contracts on behalf of the Consortium as authorized by the Directors and carry out such other responsibilities as approved by the Directors and agreed to by the Fiscal Agent. Each District Member enrolled in a benefit program may require contributions from its employees toward the cost of any benefit program being offered by such District Member, and such contributions shall be included in the payments from such District Member to the Fiscal Agent for such benefit program. Contributions are to be submitted by each District Member, to the Fiscal Agent, required under the terms of the Consortium Agreement and any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled to the Fiscal Agent on a monthly basis, or as otherwise required in accordance with any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled. All general administrative costs incurred by the Consortium that are not covered by the premium payments shall be shared equally by the Consortium Members as approved by the Directors, and shall be paid by each Consortium Member upon receipt of notice from the Fiscal Agent that such payment is due. It is the express intention of the Consortium Members that the Consortium Agreement and the Consortium shall continue for an indefinite term, but may be terminated as provided in the Consortium Agreement. Any Consortium Member wishing to withdraw from participation in the Consortium or any benefit program shall notify the Fiscal Agent at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

Upon withdrawal of a Consortium Member, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided such Consortium Member has paid to the Consortium, prior to the effective date of withdrawal, a withdrawal fee in the amount equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rate. Payment of the withdrawal fee does not extend insurance coverage for two months. Upon automatic withdrawal, for non-payment of premiums required by the Consortium Agreement, the Consortium shall pay run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided that the Consortium has received from such Consortium Member all outstanding and unpaid premiums and other amounts and the withdrawal fee equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rates. Any Consortium Member which withdraws from the Consortium pursuant to the Consortium Agreement shall have no claim to the Consortium's assets. Financial information for the Consortium can be obtained from the Treasurer of Orange City School District (the fiscal agent) at 32000 Chagrin Blvd., Pepper Pike, Ohio 44124.

C. BAY VILLAGE EDUCATION FOUNDATION

The Bay Village Education Foundation (Foundation) is a jointly governed organization established by the Ohio Revised Code to support, promote and fund creative programs designed by students and staff of the School District which enhance excitement and enthusiasm for learning. Foundation monies provide programs that are not paid for with tax dollars. Gifts, donations and contributions of cash, securities or other property from any source may be made to and accepted by the Foundation to enable the Foundation to carry out its purpose. The Board of Trustees consists of at least nine (9) and not more than eighteen (18) Trustees.

D. OHIO SCHOOLS COUNCIL

The Ohio Schools' Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 126 school districts. The jointly governed organization was created by school districts for the purpose of saving money through volume purchases. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. Each school district member's superintendent serves as a representative of the Assembly. The Assembly elects five of the Council's Board members and the remaining four are representatives of the Greater Cleveland School Superintendents' Associations. The Council operates under a nine-member Board of Directors (the Board). The Board is the policy making authority of the Council. The Board meets monthly September to June. The Board appoints an Executive Director who is responsible for receiving and disbursing funds, investing available funds, preparing financial reports for the Board and Assembly and carrying out such other responsibilities as designated by the Board. In fiscal year 2015, the School District paid \$ 97,130 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting David Cottrell, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools' Council at 6393 Oak Tree Blvd, Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (continued)

D. OHIO SCHOOLS COUNCIL (continued)

The School District participates in the natural gas purchase program. This program allows the School District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Constellation served as the natural gas supplier and program manager from June 24, 2010 to March 31, 2016. There are currently 151 participants in the program including the Bay Village City School District. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

NOTE 19 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. NET PENSION LIABILITY

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 19 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. PLAN DESCRIPTION - SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS)

Plan Description –School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS’ fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to retire on or before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS’ Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System’s funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District’s contractually required contribution to SERS was \$ 770,064 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount none is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 19 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. PLAN DESCRIPTION - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS)

Plan Description –School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 19 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

C. PLAN DESCRIPTION - STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) (continued)

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$ 2,001,764 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount none is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

D. PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,497,163	\$ 34,546,845	\$ 44,044,008
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.187656%	0.142031%	
Pension expense	\$ 290,892	\$ 368,000	\$ 658,892

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 64,665	\$ 266,070	\$ 330,735
Difference between employer contribution and proportionate share of contributions	97,991	(65,159)	32,832
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	969,336	2,084,604	3,053,940
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,131,992	\$ 2,285,515	\$ 3,417,507
Deferred inflows of resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 1,233,133	\$ 5,113,038	\$ 6,346,171

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 19 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

D. PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS (continued)

\$ 3,053,940 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	SERS	STRS	Total
2016	\$ (267,619)	\$ (1,228,031)	\$ (1,495,650)
2017	(267,619)	(1,228,031)	(1,495,650)
2018	(267,619)	(1,228,031)	(1,495,650)
2019	(267,620)	(1,228,034)	(1,495,654)
	\$ (1,070,477)	\$ (4,912,127)	\$ (5,982,604)

E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage inflation	3.25 percent
Future salary increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent of net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial cost method	Early age normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 19 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

E. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS – SERS (continued)

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	0.00%
U.S. stocks	22.50%	5.00%
Non-U.S. stocks	22.50%	5.50%
Fixed income	19.00%	1.50%
Private equity	10.00%	10.00%
Real assets	10.00%	5.00%
Multi-asset strategies	15.00%	7.50%
	100.00%	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 13,549,630	\$ 9,497,163	\$ 6,088,689

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 19 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (continued)

F. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Domestic equity	31.00%	8.00%
International equity	26.00%	7.85%
Alternatives	14.00%	8.00%
Fixed income	18.00%	3.75%
Real estate	10.00%	6.75%
Liquidity reserves	1.00%	3.00%
	<u>100.00%</u>	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 20 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

A. SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (continued)

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$ 45,103, \$ 8,557, and \$ 8,236, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013.

B. STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$ 0, \$ 145,895 and \$ 143,698 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In November of 2015, the School District refunded \$ 1,385,000 of the Certificates of Participation issued in 2004.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO
 LAST TWO YEARS (1)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.187656%	0.187656%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,497,163	\$ 11,159,300
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,348,209	\$ 5,147,461
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	177.58%	216.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
 STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO
 LAST TWO YEARS (1)

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.142031%	0.142031%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,546,845	\$ 41,151,976
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,589,532	\$ 14,369,829
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	236.79%	286.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
 SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 724,960	\$ 740,192	\$ 713,438	\$ 672,465
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(724,960)</u>	<u>(740,192)</u>	<u>(713,438)</u>	<u>(672,465)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,500,454	\$ 5,348,209	\$ 5,147,461	\$ 4,999,743
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.18%	13.84%	13.86%	13.45%

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$ 597,389	\$ 673,969	\$ 457,622	\$ 450,618	\$ 483,946	\$ 464,632
<u>(597,389)</u>	<u>(673,969)</u>	<u>(457,622)</u>	<u>(450,618)</u>	<u>(483,946)</u>	<u>(464,632)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>					
\$ 4,752,501	\$ 4,977,612	\$ 4,650,630	\$ 4,588,774	\$ 4,531,326	\$ 4,391,608
12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%	10.58%

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
 STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF OHIO
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	<u>\$ 2,155,745</u>	<u>\$ 1,896,639</u>	<u>\$ 1,868,078</u>	<u>\$ 1,829,663</u>
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(2,155,745)</u>	<u>(1,896,639)</u>	<u>(1,868,078)</u>	<u>(1,829,663)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District covered-employee payroll	\$ 15,398,181	\$ 14,589,532	\$ 14,369,829	\$ 14,074,329
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
\$ 1,860,450	\$ 1,838,117	\$ 1,779,832	\$ 1,700,370	\$ 1,615,087	\$ 1,563,715
<u>(1,860,450)</u>	<u>(1,838,117)</u>	<u>(1,779,832)</u>	<u>(1,700,370)</u>	<u>(1,615,087)</u>	<u>(1,563,715)</u>
<u>\$ -</u>					
\$ 14,311,150	\$ 14,139,360	\$ 13,691,018	\$ 13,079,769	\$ 12,423,749	\$ 12,028,579
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

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**BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Receipts	Non-Cash Receipts	Expenditures	Non-Cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	113,087	28,392	113,087	28,392
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		113,087	28,392	113,087	28,392
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		113,087	28,392	113,087	28,392
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
<i>Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:</i>					
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education Grants - FY 2014	84.027	43,753	0	14,705	0
Special Education Grants - FY 2015	84.027	527,486	0	561,584	0
Subtotal Special Education Grants		571,239	0	576,289	0
Preschool Grant - FY 2015	84.173	15,843	0	16,002	0
Subtotal Preschool Grant		15,843	0	16,002	0
Total Special Education Cluster		587,082	0	592,291	0
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies- FY 2014	84.010	(59)		0	
Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies - FY 2015	84.010	81,847	0	81,847	0
Total Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies		81,788	0	81,847	0
Title III, Part A, English Acquisition State Grants - 2014	84.365	0	0	1,051	0
Title III, Part A, English Acquisition State Grants - 2015	84.365	0	0	2,045	0
Total Title III, Part A, English Acquisition State Grants - 2015		0	0	3,096	0
Improving Teacher Quality - FY 2014	84.367	4,319	0	6,157	0
Improving Teacher Quality - FY 2015	84.367	46,077	0	46,252	0
Total Improving Teacher Quality		50,396	0	52,409	0
Total U.S. Department of Education		719,266	0	728,592	0
Total Federal Assistance		\$832,353	\$28,392	\$842,730	\$28,392

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

**BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

**NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Awards Receipts and Expenditures (the Schedule) reports the Bay Village City School District's (the District's) federal award programs' receipts and disbursements. The Schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting.

NOTE B- CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE C – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE D - TRANSFERS BETWEEN PROGRAM YEARS

Federal regulations require schools to obligate certain federal awards by June 30. However, with ODE's consent, schools can transfer unobligated amounts to the subsequent fiscal year's program. These transfers resulted in the Schedule reporting negative receipts. The District transferred the following amounts from 2014 to 2015 programs:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>CFDA Number</u>	<u>Amount Transferred from 2014 to 2015</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	\$ 59



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bay Village City School District
Cuyahoga County
377 Dover Center Road
Bay Village, Ohio 44140

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bay Village City School District, Cuyahoga County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2016, wherein we noted the District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27* and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 22, 2016



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Bay Village City School District
Cuyahoga County
377 Dover Center Road
Bay Village, Ohio 44140

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Bay Village City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Bay Village City School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Bay Village City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Dave Yost
Auditor of State
Columbus, Ohio

January 22, 2016

**BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT
CUYAHOGA COUNTY**

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS
OMB CIRCULAR A-133 § .505
JUNE 30, 2015**

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material control weaknesses reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material internal control weaknesses reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under § .510(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States - CFDA #84.027; Special Education Pre-School - CFDA #84.173
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$ 300,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

**2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS**

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BAY VILLAGE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

CUYAHOGA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
FEBRUARY 4, 2016**