



HOWLAND TOWNSHIP TRUMBULL COUNTY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE	PAGE
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Cash Basis Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis	13
Statement of Activities - Cash Basis	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Assets and Fund Cash Balances - Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balances - Governmental Funds	18
Statement of Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – General Fund	20
Statement of Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – Road and Bridge Fund	21
Statement of Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – Police District Fund	22
Statement of Receipts, Cash Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Cash Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) – Fire District Fund	23
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Fiduciary Fund	24
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	25
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	43
Schedule of Findings	45



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Howland Township Trumbull County 205 Niles-Cortland Road Warren, Ohio 44484

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Howland Township, Trumbull County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Howland Township Trumbull County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Howland Township, Trumbull County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, Road and Bridge, Police District, and Fire District funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the accounting basis. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Township had a prior period adjustment that affected General and Fire District fund balances. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

We applied no procedures to Management's Discussion & Analysis, as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 15, 2016, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 15, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of Howland Township's (the "Township") financial performance provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2014, within the limitations of the Township's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Township's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2014 are as follows:

- For 2014, the total net cash position of the Township increased \$261,504 or 16.03%.
- For 2014, general cash receipts accounted for \$7,057,654 or 83.91% of total governmental activities cash receipts and program specific cash receipts accounted for \$1,353,067 or 16.09% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- For 2014, the Township had \$8,149,217 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,353,067 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes) of \$7,057,654 were adequate to provide for these programs.
- The Township's major funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Police District Fund, and Fire District Fund. The General Fund had cash receipts and other financing receipts of \$1,598,450. The cash disbursements and other financing disbursements of the General Fund, totaled \$1,602,713. The General Fund's cash balance decreased \$4,263 from 2013, as restated in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, to 2014.
- The Road and Bridge Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts of \$1,175,285. The Road and Bridge Fund had cash disbursements of \$1,164,160. The Road and Bridge Fund cash balance increased \$11,125 from 2013 to 2014.
- The Police District Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts of \$2,074,417. The Police District Fund had cash disbursements of \$2,003,094. The Police District Fund cash balance increased \$71,323 from 2013 to 2014.
- The Fire District Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts of \$2,520,469. The Fire District Fund had cash disbursements of \$2,199,404. The Fire District Fund cash balance increased \$321,065 from 2013, as restated in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, to 2014.

Using this Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This cash basis annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Township's cash basis of accounting. The statement of net position – cash basis and statement of activities – cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole Township, presenting an aggregate view of the Township's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the Township's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Township, there are four major governmental funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the Township as a Whole

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis answers the question, "How did we do financially during 2014?" These statements include *only net position* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the Township's net cash position and changes in that position on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Township as a whole, the cash basis financial position of the Township has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the Township's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio, availability of federal and state funding, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis, the governmental activities include the Township's programs and services, including police and fire protection, road and bridge maintenance and repair, and ambulance services. The statement of net position – cash basis and the statement of activities – cash basis can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

Reporting the Township's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Township's major funds. The Township uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the Township's most significant funds. The Township's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Police District Fund, and the Fire District Fund. The analysis of the Township's major governmental funds begins on page 8.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Funds

All of the Township's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the Township's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various Township programs. Since the Township is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net position and fund cash balances or changes in net position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. However, differences will be apparent when comparing gross receipts and disbursements on the fund financial statements to the statement of activities – cash basis due to transfers between governmental funds being eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities – cash basis. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 15-18 of this report.

The Township's budgetary process accounts for transactions on the budgetary basis of accounting. The difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the cash basis of accounting is that encumbrances at year-end are recorded as a disbursement on the budgetary basis of accounting whereas on the cash basis, the disbursement is only recorded when cash is paid. The budgetary statements for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Police District Fund, and Fire District Fund are presented to demonstrate the Township's compliance with annually adopted budgets. The budgetary statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Township. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs. An agency fund is the Township's only fiduciary fund type. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 23 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-40 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Recall that the statement of net position – cash basis provides the perspective of the Township as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the Township's net cash position for 2014 and 2013.

	Net Position				
	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>			
Assets					
Equity in pooled cash and					
cash equivalents	\$ 1,892,995	\$ 1,631,491			
Total assets	1,892,995	1,631,491			
Net Cash Position					
Restricted	1,023,082	857,316			
Unrestricted	869,913	774,175			
Total net cash position	\$ 1,892,995	\$ 1,631,491			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

For fiscal year 2014, net cash position of the Township increased \$261,504 or 16.03%. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash position of \$869,913 at December 31, 2014 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The table below shows the changes in net cash position for 2014 and 2013.

Change in Net Cash Position

	Governmental Activities 2014	Governmental Activities 2013
Cash Receipts:		
Program cash receipts:		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 999,526	\$ 1,066,331
Operating grants and contributions	281,875	266,492
Capital grants and contributions	71,666	58,454
Total program cash receipts	1,353,067	1,391,277
General cash receipts:		
Property and other taxes	4,830,247	4,673,372
Unrestricted grants	1,701,603	2,052,215
Tax anticipation note proceeds	257,395	-
Investment earnings	3,175	1,883
Other	265,234	191,950
Total general cash receipts	7,057,654	6,919,420
Total cash receipts	8,410,721	8,310,697
Cash Disbursements:		
General government	1,107,693	1,254,480
Public safety	4,847,101	4,768,237
Public works	1,328,068	1,870,441
Health	123,937	113,717
Human services	10,558	8,454
Conservation - recreation	-	14,889
Miscellaneous	99,518	80,374
Capital outlay	610,763	695,646
Debt service		
Principal retirement	19,722	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,857	
Total cash disbursements	8,149,217	8,806,238
Change in net cash position	261,504	(495,541)
Net cash position at beginning of year	1,631,491	2,127,032
Net cash position at end of year	\$ 1,892,995	\$ 1,631,491

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

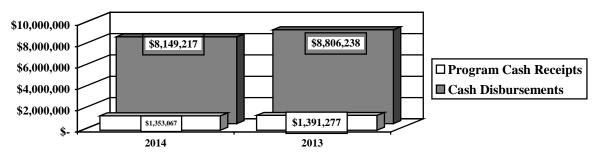
Governmental cash position increased by \$261,504 in 2014 from 2013.

General government represents activities related to the governing body as well as activities that directly support Township programs. In 2014, general government cash disbursements totaled \$1,107,693 or 13.59% of total governmental cash disbursements. General government programs were supported by \$345,379 in direct charges to users for services and \$831 in operating and contributing grants.

In 2014, the public safety programs accounted for \$4,847,101 or 59.47% of total governmental cash disbursements. Public safety programs were supported by \$613,022 in direct charges and \$71,629 in operating and contributing grants.

The statement of activities – cash basis shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for 2014 and 2013. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities - Program Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services 2014		_ N	Vet Cost of Services 2014	Total Cost of Services 2013			Net Cost of Services 2013
Cash disbursements:								
Current:								
General government	\$	1,107,693	\$	761,483	\$	1,254,480	\$	891,679
Public safety		4,847,101		4,162,450		4,768,237		4,090,974
Public works		1,328,068		1,144,122		1,870,441		1,662,087
Health		123,937		102,065		113,717		57,354
Human services		10,558		10,557		8,454		8,453
Conservation - recreation		-		_		14,889		14,889
Miscellaneous		99,518		99,518		80,374		80,374
Capital outlay		610,763		494,376		695,646		609,151
Debt service								
Principal retirement		19,722		19,722		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,857	_	1,857			_	
Total	\$	8,149,217	\$	6,796,150	\$	8,806,238	\$	7,414,961

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 83.40% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2014.

\$9,000,000 \$8,000,000 \$7,000,000 \$6,919,420 \$7,057,654 \$6,000,000 **■** General Cash Receipts \$5,000,000 ☐ Program Cash Receipts \$4,000,000 \$3,000,000 \$2,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,353,067 \$1,391,277 2014 2013

Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The Township's governmental funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting.

At December 31, 2014, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$1,892,995, which is \$261,504 more than last year's total of \$1,631,491. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of December 31, 2014, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds. Refer to Note 3 to the basic financial statements for the restatement of fund balances in the General and Fire District Fund.

	Fund	Cash Balance	Fund	Cash Balance	In	ncrease/
	Decer	mber 31, 2014	<u>Decer</u>	mber 31, 2013	(Decrease)	
Major Funds:						
General	\$	867,997	\$	872,260	\$	(4,263)
Road and Bridge		90,969		79,844		11,125
Police District		138,348		67,025		71,323
Fire District		502,208		181,143		321,065
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		293,473		431,219		(137,746)
Total	\$	1,892,995	\$	1,631,491	\$	261,504

General Fund

The General Fund, had cash receipts and other financing receipts of \$1,598,450 and cash disbursements and other financing disbursements of \$1,602,713. The General Fund's cash balance decreased \$4,263 from 2013 as restated to 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the General Fund.

	_	2014 Amount	 2013 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>	
Cash Receipts:					
Taxes	\$	513,850	\$ 517,255	(0.66) %	
Intergovernmental		427,084	786,386	(45.69) %	
Special assessments		4,831	6,281	(23.09) %	
License, permits and fees		329,937	345,144	(4.41) %	
Fines and forfeitures		10,998	12,824	(14.24) %	
Investment income		3,175	1,883	68.61 %	
Other		128,707	 106,646	20.69 %	
Total	\$	1,418,582	\$ 1,776,419	(20.14) %	

Intergovernmental income cash receipts decreased primarily due to a decrease in estate taxes. Other receipts increased primarily due to refunds and reimbursements. All other receipts remained comparable to the prior fiscal year on either a percentage basis or an immaterial dollar amount.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash disbursements of the General Fund.

	2014 Amount	2013 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>	
<u>Cash Disbursements</u>				
General government	\$ 1,031,734	\$ 1,184,261	(12.88) %	
Public safety	92,714	57,561	61.07 %	
Public works	-	510,597	(100.00) %	
Health	86,767	61,374	41.37 %	
Human services	10,558	8,454	24.89 %	
Conservation - recreation	-	14,889	(100.00) %	
Miscellaneous	99,518	80,374	23.82 %	
Capital outlay	253,147	319,766	(20.83) %	
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	17,418	-	100.00 %	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,857		100.00 %	
Total	\$ 1,593,713	\$ 2,237,276	(28.77) %	

General government disbursements decreased primarily due to decreases in salaries for multiple departments. Public safety increased due primarily to increases in fuel disbursements and police and fire repairs. Public works decreased due to no disbursements for road and highway paving in 2014. Health disbursements increased in 2014 due to increases in general health district and land utilization disbursements. Conservation - recreation decreased in 2014 due to more disbursements relating to wetlands in 2013. Miscellaneous disbursements increased due to increases in postal salaries and insurance and road and highway materials and supplies. Capital outlay decreased due to fewer equipment purchases and replacements primarily relating to the fire department. Debt service disbursements increased due to payments for tax anticipation notes the Township entered into during 2014.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Road and Bridge Fund

The Road and Bridge Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts of \$1,175,285 in 2014. Cash disbursements in this fund were \$1,164,160 in 2014. The Road and Bridge Fund cash balance increased \$11,125 from 2013 to 2014.

Police District Fund

The Police District Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts of \$2,074,417 in 2014. Cash disbursements in this fund were \$2,003,094 in 2014. The Police District Fund cash balance increased \$71,323 from 2013 to 2014.

Fire District Fund

The Fire District Fund, a Township major fund, had cash receipts of \$2,520,969 in 2014. Cash disbursements in this fund were \$2,199,404 in 2014. The Fire District Fund cash balance increased \$321,065 from 2013 as restated to 2014.

Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The Township's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

For 2014, original and final budget estimated resources were \$1,197,969 for the General Fund. Actual cash receipts and other financing sources of \$1,598,450 were more than final budget estimates by \$400,481. The original and final budgetary basis disbursements and other financing disbursements were \$2,070,088. The actual budgetary basis disbursements and other financing disbursements of \$1,995,236 were \$74,852 more than the final budget estimates.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The Township does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The Township had capital outlay disbursements of \$610,763 during 2014.

Debt Administration

The Township had the following debt outstanding at December 31, 2014:

	Governmental Activities 2014			
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan Tax anticipation notes	\$	89,855 162,450		
Total long-term obligations	\$	252,305		

See Note 6 for more information on the Township's debt.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)

Current Financial Related Activities

Howland Township has felt a loss of tax revenue due to the loss of manufacturing plants. With the loss of plants come the loss of jobs and the rise of delinquent taxes. The county auditor's estimated revenue and actual receipts are down due to delinquent taxes. Also, with the reduction in Tangible Personal Property Tax and Undivided Local Government, the loss of revenue is ongoing. Another loss is the inheritance tax that is always unexpected income and allows the Township to provide paving projects, equipment, etc.

The future of the Township will be based on the current Delphi bankruptcy which employs 3,000 people and generates a large part of the tax revenue for the Township. The Township, along with the employees are always looking for ways to save money through health insurance costs, group programs, and finding grants.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a General overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Robert Costello, Fiscal Officer, Howland Township, 205 Niles-Cortland Rd. NE, Warren, Ohio 44484.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities			
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,892,995		
Total assets		1,892,995		
Net cash position:				
Restricted for:				
Public safety		805,934		
Public works		90,969		
Health and human services		38,758		
Street maintenance and construction		66,366		
Capital projects		21,055		
Unrestricted		869,913		
Total net cash position	\$	1,892,995		

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net (Cash
Disbursements)
Cash Receipts and
Changes in Net Position

	Program Cash Receipts							Changes in Net Position		
		Operating Capital				Capital		8		
	Disbursements		Cash Charges for			rants and		ants and		Governmental
				Services	Cor	ntributions	Con	tributions		Activities
Governmental activities:										
Current:										
General government	\$	1,107,693	\$	345,379	\$	831	\$	-	\$	(761,483)
Public safety		4,847,101		613,022		71,629		-		(4,162,450)
Public works		1,328,068		4,831		179,115		-		(1,144,122)
Health		123,937		6,915		14,957		-		(102,065)
Human services		10,558		-		1		-		(10,557)
Miscellaneous		99,518		-		-		-		(99,518)
Capital outlay		610,763		29,379		15,342		71,666		(494,376)
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		19,722		-		-		-		(19,722)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,857								(1,857)
Total governmental activities	\$	8,149,217	\$	999,526	\$	281,875	\$	71,666		(6,796,150)
		neral cash rece	-	levied for:						
	-	eneral purposes								513,850
		oad and bridge								899,247
		ıblic safety - po	_							1,528,726
		ıblic safety - fi								1,888,424
		nts and entitlen								1,701,603
		anticipation no			_					257,395
		estment receipt								3,175
		cellaneous								265,234
										203,231
	Tota	al general cash	receip	ots						7,057,654
	Cha	nge in net cash	posit	ion						261,504
	Net	cash position	at beş	ginning of ye	ar					1,631,491
	Net	cash position	at en	d of year					\$	1,892,995

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	(General	Road d Bridge	Police District]	Fire District
Assets:			 	 		
Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	867,997	\$ 90,969	\$ 138,348	\$	502,208
Total assets	\$	867,997	\$ 90,969	\$ 138,348	\$	502,208
Fund cash balances:						
Restricted:						
Public safety	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 138,348	\$	502,208
Public works		-	90,969	-		-
Health and human services		-	-	-		-
Street maintenance and construction		-	-	-		-
Capital projects		-	-	-		-
Committed:						
Health and human services		-	_	-		-
Assigned:						
Encumbrances - general government		11,305	_	-		-
Encumbrances - public safety		488	-	-		-
Encumbrances - public works		380,730	_	-		-
Encumbrances - subsequent year appropriations		475,474	 	 		
Total fund cash balances	\$	867,997	\$ 90,969	\$ 138,348	\$	502,208

	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	293,473	\$	1,892,995	
\$	293,473	\$	1,892,995	
\$	165,378	\$	805,934	
	38,758		90,969 38,758	
	66,366		66,366	
	21,055		21,055	
	1,916		1,916	
	-		11,305	
	-		488	
	-		380,730	
			475,474	
Φ.	202.472	Φ.	1.002.005	
\$	293,473	\$	1,892,995	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	 General	a	Road nd Bridge	 Police District	 Fire District
Cash receipts:					
Taxes	\$ 513,850	\$	899,247	\$ 1,528,726	\$ 1,888,424
Intergovernmental	427,084		260,255	471,555	599,719
Special assessments	4,831		-	-	-
Charges for services	-		-	-	-
License, permits and fees	329,937		-	-	-
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	10,998		-	125	-
Interest	3,175		-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-		-	-	600
Miscellaneous	128,707		15,783	74,011	31,726
Total cash receipts	1,418,582		1,175,285	2,074,417	2,520,469
Cash disbursements:					
Current:	1 021 724			21 5 47	29.070
General government	1,031,734		-	31,547	38,970
Public safety	92,714		-	1,967,991	2,084,236
Public works	-		1,159,587	-	-
Health	86,767		-	-	-
Human services	10,558		-	-	-
Miscellaneous	99,518		-	-	-
Capital outlay	253,147		4,573	3,556	76,198
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	17,418		-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	1,857			 	
Total cash disbursements	1,593,713		1,164,160	 2,003,094	 2,199,404
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts over					
(under) cash disbursements	 (175,131)		11,125	 71,323	 321,065
Other financing receipts (disbursements):					
Tax anticipation note proceeds	179,868		-	-	-
Transfers in	-		-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(9,000)		-	-	-
Total other financing receipts (disbursements)	 170,868		-		-
Net change in fund cash balances	(4,263)		11,125	71,323	321,065
Fund cash balances					
at beginning of year (restated)	 872,260		79,844	 67,025	 181,143
Fund cash balances at end of year	\$ 867,997	\$	90,969	\$ 138,348	\$ 502,208

Other	Total			
Governmental	Governmental			
Funds	Funds			
\$ -	\$ 4,830,247			
295,930	2,054,543			
-	4,831			
623,931	623,931			
28,941	358,878			
763	11,886			
1	3,176			
-	600			
15,007	265,234			
964,573	8,153,326			
5,442	1,107,693			
702,160	4,847,101			
168,481	1,328,068			
37,170	123,937			
-	10,558			
-	99,518			
273,289	610,763			
2,304	19,722			
1 100 046	1,857			
1,188,846	8,149,217			
(224,273)	4,109			
77,527	257,395			
9,000	9,000			
	(9,000)			
86,527	257,395			
(137,746)	261,504			
431,219	1,631,491			
\$ 293,473	\$ 1,892,995			

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Dudostod	A	4			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	_	<u>Budgeted</u> Original	Amo	ints Final		Actual		egative)
Budgetary basis receipts:		Original		Fillai		Actual		(egalive)
Taxes	\$	523,534	\$	523,534	\$	513,850	\$	(9,684)
Intergovernmental	·	320,435		320,435	·	427,084	·	106.649
Special assessments		-		-		4,831		4,831
License, permits and fees		327,750		327,750		329,937		2,187
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		´ -		, -		10,998		10,998
Interest		-		_		3,175		3,175
Miscellaneous		26,250		26,250		128,707		102,457
Total budgetary basis receipts		1,197,969		1,197,969		1,418,582		220,613
Budgetary basis disbursements: Current:								
General government		1,119,947		1,138,032		1,043,039		94,993
Public safety		116,431		116,431		93,202		23,229
Public works		350,730		380,730		380,730		
Health		82,670		86,790		86,767		23
Human services		9,000		14,000		10,558		3,442
Miscellaneous		82,500		108,000		99,518		8,482
Capital outlay		212,091		13,379		253,147		(239,768)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		17,418		17,418		17,418		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,857		1,857		1,857		-
Total budgetary basis disbursements		1,992,644		1,876,637		1,986,236		(109,599)
Excess of budgetary basis expenditures over								
budgetary basis receipts		(794,675)		(678,668)		(567,654)		111,014
Other financing sources (uses):								
Tax anticipation note proceeds		-		-		179,868		179,868
Transfers (out)		(77,444)		(84,451)		(9,000)		75,451
Total other financing sources (uses)		(77,444)		(84,451)		170,868		255,319
Net change in fund cash balance		(872,119)		(763,119)		(396,786)		366,333
Fund cash balance at beginning of year		835,253		835,253		835,253		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		37,007		37,007		37,007		
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$	141	\$	109,141	\$	475,474	\$	366,333

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Budgetary basis receipts:					
Taxes	\$ 854,463	\$ 881,135	\$ 899,247	\$ 18,112	
Intergovernmental	268,358	276,686	260,255	(16,431)	
Miscellaneous	-	-	15,783	15,783	
Total budgetary basis receipts	1,122,821	1,157,821	1,175,285	17,464	
Budgetary basis disbursements: Current:					
Public works	1,159,253	1,194,253	1,160,687	33,566	
Capital outlay	43,412	43,412	12,948	30,464	
Total budgetary basis disbursements	1,202,665	1,237,665	1,173,635	64,030	
Net change in fund cash balance	(79,844)	(79,844)	1,650	81,494	
Fund cash balance at beginning of year	74,650	74,650	74,650	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	5,194	5,194	5,194		
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,494	\$ 81,494	

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) POLICE DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Budgetary basis receipts:				
Taxes	\$ 1,441,929	\$ 1,441,929	\$ 1,528,726	\$ 86,797
Intergovernmental	483,015	483,015	471,555	(11,460)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	125	125
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	74,011	44,011
Total budgetary basis receipts	1,954,944	1,954,944	2,074,417	119,473
Budgetary basis disbursements:				
Current:	• • • • • •	•0.000		(2 - 1-)
General government	28,800	28,800	31,547	(2,747)
Public safety	1,986,169	1,986,169	1,967,991	18,178
Capital outlay	7,000	7,000	3,556	3,444
Total budgetary basis disbursements	2,021,969	2,021,969	2,003,094	18,875
Net change in fund cash balance	(67,025)	(67,025)	71,323	138,348
Fund cash balance at beginning of year	66,845	66,845	66,845	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	180	180	180	
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 138,348	\$ 138,348

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND CASH BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) FIRE DISTRICT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive	
Budgetary basis receipts:					
Taxes	\$ 1,777,383	\$ 1,807,372	\$ 1,888,424	\$ 81,052	
Intergovernmental	593,690	603,651	599,719	(3,932)	
Contributions and donations	-	-	600	600	
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,050	31,726	28,676	
Total budgetary basis receipts	2,374,073	2,414,073	2,520,469	106,396	
Budgetary basis disbursements:					
Current:					
General government	40,000	40,000	38,970	1,030	
Public safety	2,302,699	2,302,699	2,087,285	215,414	
Capital outlay	212,517	252,517	103,298	149,219	
Total budgetary basis disbursements	2,555,216	2,595,216	2,229,553	365,663	
Net change in fund cash balance	(181,143)	(181,143)	290,916	472,059	
Fund cash balance at beginning of year	166,270	166,270	166,270	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	14,873	14,873	14,873		
Fund cash balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 472,059	\$ 472,059	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2014

	A	gency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,400
Total assets	\$	8,400
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$	8,400
Total liabilities	\$	8,400

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE TOWNSHIP

Howland Township, Trumbull County, Ohio (the "Township") is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Township is directed by a publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees.

The Township provides the following services: police and fire protection, road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance and emergency medical services as well as general governmental services.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 2.C., these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. In cases where these cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in the financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided. Following are the more significant of the Township's accounting policies:

A. Basis of Presentation

The Township's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Township as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Township at year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each of the Township's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the Township is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and receipts of interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Township's general receipts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the year, the Township segregates transactions related to certain Township functions or activities in separate funds to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Township at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

B. Fund Accounting

The Township uses fund accounting to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are used to segregate resources that are restricted as to use. The funds of the Township are divided into three categories, governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The Township has no proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - The Township classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants) and other non-exchange transactions as governmental funds. The following are the Township major governmental funds:

<u>General</u> - This fund is used to account for all financial resources of the Township except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Road and Bridge</u> - This fund accounts for tax and grant receipts and their use as they pertain to the Township's roads.

Police District - This fund accounts for revenues collected for police operations.

Fire District - This fund accounts for revenues collected for fire operations.

Other governmental funds of the Township are used to account for charges for services and disbursements for ambulance and emergency medical services, grants and other resources, and capital projects whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds include pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments which are not available to support the Township's own programs. The Township does not have any trust funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature and are used to hold resources for individuals, organizations or other governments. The agency fund accounts for insurance proceeds held for fire damage claims.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Township's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Receipts are recorded in the Township's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The Certificate of Estimated Resources establishes a limit on the amount the Township may appropriate.

The appropriations ordinance is the Township's authorization to spend resources and sets limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Township. The legal level of control has been established at the fund, department, and object level for all funds.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Township Fiscal Officer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Township.

The appropriations ordinance is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation ordinance for that fund that covered the entire year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Township during the year.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the Township is pooled and invested. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Township records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents".

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

During 2014, the Township invested in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's shares price, which is the price the investment could be sold for on December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Interest earnings are allocated to Township funds according to State statutes, grant requirements, or debt related restrictions. Interest receipts credited to the general fund during 2014 were \$3,175 which includes \$1,652 assigned from other Township funds.

F. Restricted Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of their use. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Township did not have any restricted assets at December 31, 2014.

G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Township reports disbursements for inventories and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

The acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements.

I. Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Township's cash basis of accounting.

J. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Township recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 7 and 8, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

K. Long-term Obligations

The Township's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds or other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported when the cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when paid. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

L. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Township first applies restricted resources when an obligation is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Trustees (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Board of Trustees, which includes giving the Fiscal Officer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Subsidies from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as another financing receipt (disbursement) in the governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements.

O. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during 2014.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Prior Period Adjustment

A prior period adjustment was made at December 31, 2013, to move \$100,000 in disbursements for the purchase of a fire truck from the general fund to the fire district special revenue fund. The general fund made the disbursement in 2013; however, in 2014 it was determined that the fire district special revenue would have sufficient receipts to cover the purchase. The Township's fund cash balances have been restated as follows:

Othor

								Other		
		Re	oad and		Police	Fire	Go	vernmental		
	 General	I	Bridge	I	District	 District		Funds	Total	_
Fund cash balance										
at December 31, 2013	\$ 772,260	\$	79,844	\$	67,025	\$ 281,143	\$	431,219	\$ 1,631,491	
Prior period adustment	100,000					(100,000)				_
Adjusted fund cash balance										
at December 31, 2013	\$ 872,260	\$	79,844	\$	67,025	\$ 181,143	\$	431,219	\$ 1,631,491	_

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the Township into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the Township treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Township has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate note debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the Township's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Township by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the Township, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Fiscal Officer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2014, the carrying amount of all Township deposits was \$1,895,017. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2014, \$1,350,416 of the Township's bank balance of \$2,104,282 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$753,866 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the Township. The Township has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the Township to a successful claim by the FDIC.

B. Investments

As of December 31, 2014, the Township had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturi					
			6 ma	nths or		
<u>Investment type</u>	_Fair	Value	1	ess		
STAR Ohio	\$	6,378	\$	6,378		

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the Township's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Township places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the Township at December 31, 2014:

<u>Investment type</u>	<u>Fair</u>	<u>Value</u>	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	6,378	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of net position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 1,895,017
Investments	 6,378
Total	\$ 1,901,395
Cash and investments per financial statements	
Governmental activities	\$ 1,892,995
Agency fund	 8,400
Total	\$ 1,901,395

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the Township. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2014 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2013, are levied after October 1, 2014, and are collected in 2015 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the Township. The County Auditor periodically remits to the Township its portion of the taxes collected.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAX - (Continued)

The full tax rate for all Township operations for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$13.00 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2014 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	2014
Real Property	
Residential/agricultural	\$307,943,630
Commercial/industrial/mineral	84,642,190
Public Utility	
Real	235,060
Personal	7,948,100
Total assessed valuation	\$400,768,980

NOTE 6 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2014 are summarized as follows:

	Е	Balance					Balance
	Decem	ber 31, 2013	Proceeds	<u>P</u>	ayments	Dece	mber 31, 2014
<u>Description</u>							
Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan	\$	14,632	\$ 77,527	\$	(2,304)	\$	89,855
Ambulance tax anticipation notes			179,868		(17,418)		162,450
Total	\$	14,632	\$ 257,395	\$	(19,722)	\$	252,305

The OPWC loan was issued in fiscal years 2013 and 2014 to fund the Township's culvert replacement project. The OPWC loan is a 20 year, interest free loan. Principal payments were paid from the culvert replacement capital projects fund in fiscal year 2014.

The ambulance tax anticipation notes were issued on March 31, 2014 and July 30, 2014 for the purchase of two ambulances. The tax anticipation notes are for a term of 5 years and carry interest rates of 2.8% and 2.5%, respectively. The tax anticipation notes will be repaid from the general fund's yearly lodging tax receipts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 6 - DEBT OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The principal and interest requirements to retire the debt obligations outstanding at December 31, 2014, are as follows:

Year Ending]	Loans		
December 31,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	_I	nterest	-	Total
2015	\$	39,055	\$	4,103	\$	43,158
2015	Ф	39,033	Ф	3,188	Ф	43,159
2017		40,929		2,229		43,158
2018		41,905		1,254		43,159
2019		23,629		253		23,882
2020 - 2024		23,040		-		23,040
2025 - 2029		23,040		-		23,040
2030 - 2034		20,736		_	_	20,736
Total	\$	252,305	\$	11,027	\$	263,332

Under the cash basis of accounting, debt obligations at year end are not reported on the financial statements.

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - The Township participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20% per year). Under the Member-Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of the member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar to the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member-Directed Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. For 2014, member and employer contribution rates were consistent across all three plans. The 2014 member contribution rates were 10.00% for members. The Township's contribution rate for 2014 was 14.00% of covered payroll.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Township's contribution rate for pension benefits for members in the Traditional Plan and Combined Plan for 2014 was 12.00%. The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$319,380, \$334,838, and \$263,115, respectively; 91.82% has been contributed for 2014 and 100% has been contributed for 2013 and 2012. Contributions to the Member-Directed Plan for 2014 were \$3,243 made by the Township and \$2,317 made by the plan members.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The Township contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. OP&F provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by visiting the website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy - From January 1, 2014 through July 1, 2014, plan members were required to contribute 10.75% of their annual covered salary. From July 2, 2014 through December 31, 2014, plan members were required to contribute 11.50% of their annual covered salary. Throughout 2014, the Township was required to contribute 19.50% and 24.00% for police officers and firefighters, respectively. Contribution rates are established by State statute.

For 2014, the portion of the Township's contributions to fund pension obligations was 19.00% for police officers and 23.50% for firefighters. The Township's required contributions for pension obligations to OP&F for firefighters was \$308,555 for the year ended December 31, 2014, \$268,533 for the year ended December 31, 2013, and \$230,119 for the year ended December 31, 2012. 100% has been contributed for 2013 and 2012. 91.47% has been contributed for firefighters for 2014.

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined Plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/investments/cafr.shtml, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-5601 or (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2014, local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll. Each year the OPERS' Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Traditional Plan and Combined Plan for 2014 was 2.00%.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The Township's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$45,936, \$22,537, and \$89,031, respectively; 91.82% has been contributed for 2014 and 100% has been contributed for 2013 and 2012.

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under State Bill 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4.00% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The Township contributes to the OP&F Pension Fund sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-employment health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 8 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by visiting the website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts, one account is for health care benefits under an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust and the other account is for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan into the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. For 2014, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.50% of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that the pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The Township's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment healthcare benefits for firefighters was \$6,565 for the year ended December 31, 2014, \$47,646 for the year ended December 31, 2013, and \$90,047 for the year ended December 31, 2012. 100% has been contributed for 2013 and 2012. 91.47% has been contributed for firefighters for 2014.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Pool Membership

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township contracted with the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. OTARMA is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP.) Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Casualty Coverage

For an occurrence prior to January 1, 2006, OTARMA retains casualty risks up to \$250,000 per occurrence, including claim adjustment expenses. OTARMA pays a percentage of its contributions to APEEP. APEEP reinsures claims exceeding \$250,000, up to \$1,750,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. For an occurrence on or subsequent to January 1, 2006, the Pool retains casualty risk up to \$350,000 per occurrence, including loss adjustment expenses. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured with APEEP in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 for each claim and \$10,000,000 in the aggregate per year. Governments can elect up to \$13,000,000 in additional coverage with the General Reinsurance Corporation, through contracts with OTARMA.

If losses exhaust OTARMA's retained earnings, APEEP provides excess of funds available coverage up to \$5,000,000 per year, subject to the annual aggregate limit of \$10,000,000.

Property Coverage

The Travelers Indemnity Company reinsures specific losses exceeding \$500,000 up to \$600 million per occurrence. APEEP reinsures members for specific losses exceeding \$150,000 up to \$500,000 per occurrence, subject to an annual aggregate loss payment. Travelers provides property aggregate stop loss coverage to APEEP based upon the combined Members' Total Insurable Value (TIV). If the stop loss is reached by payment of the Pools retained losses, Travelers will then reinsure property specific losses in excess of the retention up to their \$600,000,000 per occurrence limit. Additionally, effective January 1, 2009, APEEP provides an additional aggregate for the \$50,000 excess \$100,000 layer, with the aggregate limit tied to TIV, for the insurance coverages to the Pools.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreements do not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective township.

Property and casualty settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2013 and 2014:

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Assets	\$ 34,954,286	\$ 35,970,263
Liabilites	 8,486,363	8,912,432
Net Position	\$ 26,467,923	\$ 27,057,831

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, liabilities noted above include approximately \$8.5 million and \$9.4 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets and net position above also include approximately \$7.9 million and \$8.6 million of unpaid claims to be billed to 944 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. The Township's share of these unpaid claims is approximately \$61,000. This payable includes the subsequent year's contribution due if the Township terminates participation, as described in the last paragraph below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

Based on discussions with OTARMA the expected rates charged by OTARMA to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

Contributions to OTARMA	
2014	\$62,010
2013	\$61,361
2012	\$60,395

After completing one year of membership, members may withdraw on each anniversary of the date they joined OTARMA provided they give written notice to OTARMA 60 days in advance of the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's budgetary contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Township is defendant in several lawsuits. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of these suits, management believes that the resolution of these matters will not materially adversely affect the Township's financial condition.

NOTE 11 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2014, consisted of the following as reported on the fund financial statements:

Transfers from general fund to:

Nonmajor governmental funds

\$ 9,000

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.15.

Interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

NOTE 12 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The statement of cash receipts, cash disbursements and changes in fund cash balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the general fund, road and bridge fund, police district fund and fire district fund is prepared on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as assigned or restricted fund balance (cash basis). At December 31, 2014, the encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) amounted to \$392,523 for the general fund, \$9,475 for the road and bridge fund, and \$30,149 for the fire district fund.

NOTE 13 – BUDGETARY NONCOMPLIANCE

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the General Fund for the year ended 2014.

NOTE 14 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

For 2014, the Township has implemented GASB Statement No. 69, "<u>Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations</u>" and GASB Statement No. 70, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting</u> for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees".

GASB Statement No. 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The Statement improves the decision usefulness of financial reporting by requiring that disclosures be made by governments about combination arrangements in which they engage and for disposals of government operations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 69 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Township.

GASB Statement No. 70 improves the recognition, measurement, and disclosures for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are nonexchange transactions. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the Township.

NOTE 15 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The Township utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the Township's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Enc	umbrances
General	\$	392,523
Road and bridge		9,475
Fire district		30,149
Other governmental funds		37,240
Total	\$	469,387

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Howland Township Trumbull County 205 Niles-Cortland Road Warren, Ohio 44484

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Howland Township, Trumbull County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 15, 2016, wherein we noted the Township uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles. We also noted beginning fund balances for the General Fund and Fire District Fund were restated.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, that we consider material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. We consider findings 2014-002 and 2014-004 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider findings 2014-001 and 2014-003 described in the accompanying schedule of findings to be significant deficiencies.

Howland Township
Trumbull County
Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters
Required By Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings as items 2014-001 and 2014-005.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

September 15, 2016

HOWLAND TOWNSHIP TRUMBULL COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. ODOT Project Grant Accounting

Finding Number	2014-001

NONCOMPLIANCE AND SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Auditor of State Bulletin 2000-008 provides guidance for local governments participating in on-behalf programs with other governments as to the application of Statement No. 24 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. In general, when a local government enters into an on-behalf program agreement with another local government or the State (or the federal government, if applicable), whereby the local government or its residents are the beneficiaries under the agreement, the cash value benefit of the program received under the agreement should be recorded as memorandum receipts and disbursements in the year on-behalf disbursements are made.

There are also several budgetary compliance requirements associated with the recording of such program receipts and disbursements:

- Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.09(F) requires the legislative authority to establish a special fund for each grant to account for the grant or project objectives.
- Once the grant is awarded or the application is approved, the fiscal officer must obtain
 an official certificate of estimated resources or an amended certificate of estimated
 resources for all or part of the grant or project, based on the expected cash
 disbursements to be made on the local government's behalf in the current fiscal year in
 accordance with Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36(A)(3).
- Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits a subdivision or taxing unit from making disbursements unless they have been properly appropriated; therefore, appropriations should be recorded in accordance with the terms and conditions of the grant or project agreement. Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.40 requires the legislative authority to pass a resolution amending its appropriation measure prior to recording the appropriations.

During 2014, the Township was the beneficiary of Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) monies that were paid directly to the vendors by ODOT. On behalf of the Township, ODOT paid the vendors \$97,016. The Township did not have procedures in place to record the receipt and disbursement transactions relating to these ODOT on-behalf-of payments nor did they amend their estimated resources and appropriations to properly budget for the expected grant receipts and disbursements. The Township's financial statements were adjusted to reflect these transactions.

When approved for funding by a State or Federal agency, the Township should follow the reporting requirements summarized by Auditor of State Bulletin 2000-008, as well as applicable budgetary requirements of the Ohio Revised Code. When the Township receives notice that funds will be expended on its behalf, the Township should certify the available resources to the County Budget Commission and amend appropriations to account for the expected grant receipts and disbursements.

Howland Township Trumbull County Schedule of Findings Page 2

2. Debt Activity Not Properly Posted

Finding Number	2014-002

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Ohio Administrative Code 117-2-02(A) states all local public offices shall maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements required by rule 117-2-03 of the Administrative Code.

In 2014, the Township issued tax anticipation notes, totaling \$179,868, for the purpose of purchasing two ambulances. The banks paid the note proceeds directly to the ambulance vendor on behalf of the Township. The Township did not have procedures in place to record the note proceeds or the related capital outlay disbursement in their accounting system. In addition, the Township made debt payments totaling \$19,275 related to the ambulance tax anticipation notes. However, the payments were improperly posted and reported as capital outlay disbursements instead of principal and interest disbursements in its accounting system.

The financial statements were adjusted accordingly.

The Township should account for all debt issuances, including on-behalf payments, in the accounting system. The Township should post debt payments to the proper disbursement account codes to reflect payment of principal and interest according to the amortization schedule or billed amount.

3. Correction of Prior Period Disbursement

Finding Number	2014-003

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

In 2013, the Township purchased a fire truck in the amount of \$484,503, with \$261,903 paid from the General Fund and \$222,600 paid from the Fire District Fund. In 2014, the Township determined their Fire District Fund revenue would be more than anticipated, so the Township decided to allocate \$100,000 more of the fire truck purchase to the Fire District Fund and \$100,000 less to the General Fund. Therefore, the Township made a correcting entry in the accounting system in 2014 to void the 2013 original disbursements and re-allocate the new amounts, with \$161,903 paid from the General Fund and \$322,600 paid from the Fire District Fund.

This entry caused an understatement of 2014 disbursements in the General Fund and a corresponding overstatement of 2014 disbursements in the Fire District Fund in the amount of \$100,000. In order to correct for this transaction on the financial statements, the Township recorded adjusting entries on the trial balances to the General Fund Miscellaneous Receipts and Capital Outlay accounts. The combination of accounting system and trial balance posting corrections caused an overstatement of General Fund Miscellaneous Receipts and Fire District Fund Capital Outlay Disbursements in the amount of \$100,000 on the financial statements.

Howland Township Trumbull County Schedule of Findings Page 3

Finding Number 2014–003 (Continued)

Proper accounting would have been to reduce the initial disbursement amounts posted in the originating funds, and then post disbursements in the funds in which the obligation belongs.

These errors have been corrected by the Township by making a prior period adjustment to the 2014 beginning fund balances of the General and Fire District funds to increase and decrease them by \$100,000, respectively.

The Township should consider using beginning fund balance adjustments for corrections of prior period disbursements that would have a significant effect on cash fund balances.

4. Budget Versus Actual Financial Statements

Finding Number	2014-004

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Ohio Administrative Code Chapter 117-2-01 provides that all public officials are responsible for the design and operation of a system of internal control that is adequate to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives for their respective public offices in certain categories. "Internal control" means a process affected by an entity's governing board, management, and other personnel, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives over the reliability of financial reporting.

The Township did not have procedures in place to help ensure the budget versus actual financial statements accurately reflected budget and actual balances. General Fund budgetary basis disbursement balances in the original budgeted, final budgeted, and actual disbursement columns were misstated. The Township has adjusted their financial statements accordingly.

The Township should review the draft financial statements to help ensure all amounts are properly recorded and classified.

5. Expenditures Exceeded Appropriations

Finding Number	2014-005	

NONCOMPLIANCE

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) provides that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

In 2014, actual disbursements exceeded appropriations in the General Fund Capital Outlay account in the amount of \$239,768 and in the Police District Fund General Government account in the amount of \$2.747.

The Township should monitor and amend their budget to help ensure disbursements do not exceed appropriations at the legal level of control.

Howland Township Trumbull County Schedule of Findings Page 4

Official's Responses: The Township did not provide responses.



HOWLAND TOWNSHIP

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 25, 2016