



Dave Yost • Auditor of State



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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

Marion Township
Hardin County
8315 State Route 195
Alger, Ohio 45812

We have performed the procedures enumerated below, with which the Board of Trustees and the management of Marion Township, Hardin County (the Township) and the Auditor of State agreed, solely to assist the Board in evaluating receipts, disbursements and balances recorded in their cash-basis accounting records for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, and certain compliance requirements related to these transactions and balances. Management is responsible for recording transactions; and management and the Board are responsible for complying with the compliance requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' attestation standards and applicable attestation engagement standards included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. The sufficiency of the procedures is solely the responsibility of the parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

This report only describes exceptions exceeding \$10.

Cash

1. We tested the mathematical accuracy of the December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 bank reconciliations. We found no exceptions.
2. We agreed the January 1, 2014 beginning fund balances recorded in the Fund Status Report to the December 31, 2013 balances in the prior year audited statements. We found no exceptions. We also agreed the January 1, 2015 beginning fund balances recorded in the Fund Status Report to the December 31, 2014 balances in the Fund Status Report. We found no exceptions.
3. We agreed the totals per the bank reconciliations to the total of the December 31, 2015 and 2014 fund cash balances reported in the Fund Status Reports. The amounts agreed.
4. We confirmed the December 31, 2015 bank account balance with the Township's financial institution. We found no exceptions. We also agreed the confirmed balances to the amounts appearing in the December 31, 2015 bank reconciliation without exception.
5. We selected five reconciling debits (such as outstanding checks) haphazardly from the December 31, 2015 bank reconciliation:
 - a. We traced each debit to the subsequent January. We found no exceptions.
 - b. We traced the amounts and dates to the check register, to determine the debits were dated prior to December 31. We noted no exceptions.

Property Taxes, Intergovernmental and Other Confirmable Cash Receipts

1. We selected a property tax receipt from one *Statement of Semiannual Apportionment of Taxes* (the Statement) for 2015 and one from 2014:

- a. We traced the gross receipts from the *Statement* to the amount recorded in the Revenue Receipt Register Report. The receipts in 2015 and 2014 were posted at net of fees versus gross.

Property tax receipts should be reported at the gross amount collected by the County Auditor with the related auditor and treasurer fees withheld by the County Auditor being recorded as disbursements. As a result of recording property tax receipts at the net amount, the 2015 General Fund and Fire Fund receipts and disbursements were understated by \$759 and \$864, respectively, for the tested receipts. The 2014 General Fund and Fire Fund receipts and disbursements were understated by \$149 and \$223, respectively, for the tested receipts.

The failure to record property tax receipts at the gross amount resulted in the understatement of activity in the accounting records and financial statements. Also monitoring of collections is inhibited since budgeted receipts recorded in the accounting system are based on the Amended Certificate of Estimated Receipts which reflects property taxes at the gross amount.

Property tax Statements should be reviewed to help ensure that receipts are recorded at the gross amount and related deductions are recorded as disbursements.

- b. We determined whether the receipt was allocated to the proper funds as required by Ohio Rev. Code Sections 5705.05-.06 and 5705.10. We found no exceptions.
 - c. We determined whether the receipt was recorded in the proper year. The receipt was recorded in the proper year.
2. We scanned the Revenue Receipt Register Report to determine whether it included two real estate tax receipts for 2015 and 2014. We noted the Revenue Receipts Register Report included the proper number of tax receipts for each year.
 3. We selected all receipts from the State Distribution Transaction Lists (DTL) from 2015 and all from 2014. We also selected five receipts from the County Auditor's Expenditure History by Vendor Report from 2015 and five from 2014.
 - a. We compared the amount from the above reports to the amount recorded in the Revenue Receipt Register Report. In 2015, receipts listed on the State Distribution Transaction List (DTL) were not recorded by the Township as result of not filing the proper paper work with the State of Ohio. In 2014, homestead and rollback receipts listed on the State Distribution Transaction List were recorded net of fees withheld by the State of Ohio. As a result General Fund and Fire Fund receipts and disbursements were understated by \$48 and \$72, respectively, for the tested receipts.

The failure to file the proper paper work resulted in the Township not receiving receipts that may have been material to the impacted funds. The failure to record fees withheld on homestead and rollback receipts resulted in the understatement of activity in the accounting records and financial statements.

Budget versus actual statements should be frequently monitored to help detected uncollected receipts in a timely manner. The estimated homestead and rollback receipts presented on the *Statement of Semiannual Apportionment of Taxes* (the Statement) should be compared to actual receipts received. The difference should be used to gross up the receipts and to record the related disbursements

Property Taxes, Intergovernmental and Other Confirmable Cash Receipts (Continued)

- b. We determined whether these receipts were allocated to the proper funds. We found no exceptions.
- c. We determined whether the receipts were recorded in the proper year. We found no exceptions.

Debt

- 1. The prior audit documentation disclosed no debt outstanding as of December 31, 2013.
- 2. We inquired of management, and scanned the Revenue Receipt Register Report and Payment Register Detail Report for evidence of debt issued during 2015 or 2014 or debt payment activity during 2015 or 2014. We noted no new debt issuances, nor any debt payment activity during 2015 or 2014.

Payroll Cash Disbursements

- 1. We haphazardly selected one payroll check for five employees from 2015 and one payroll check for five employees from 2014 from the Wage Base Detail Report and:
 - a. We compared the hours and pay rate, or salary recorded in the Wage Base Detail Report to supporting documentation (timecard, legislatively or statutorily-approved rate or salary). The allocation of the employee's wages to various funds was not supported by a timecard or timesheet and was slightly different from the allocation resolution approved several years ago by the Trustees.

The failure to allocate wages to various funds based on the actual time worked each pay period increases the risk that restricted money may be illegally spent. A fixed wage fund allocation resolution, unless based on several years of actual time spent, may not result in a true picture of actual time worked on projects due to outside factors that cannot be controlled by the Township.

The Township should consider allocating wages based on the actual time spent each pay period.

- b. We determined whether the fund and account codes to which the check was posted were reasonable based on the employees' duties as documented in the minute record. We also determined whether the payment was posted to the proper year. We found no exceptions.
- 2. We scanned the last remittance of tax and retirement withholdings for the year ended December 31, 2015 to determine whether remittances were timely paid, and if the amounts paid agreed to the amounts withheld, plus the employer's share where applicable, during the final withholding period of 2015. We noted the following:

Payroll Cash Disbursements (Continued)

Withholding (plus employer share, where applicable)	Date Due	Date Paid	Amount Due	Amount Paid
Federal income taxes & Medicare	January 31, 2016	November 22, 2015 December 27, 2015 January 23, 2016	\$920.79	\$306.93 \$306.93 \$306.93
State income taxes	January 15, 2016	December 27, 2015	\$184.44	\$184.44
OPERS retirement	January 30, 2016	January 23, 2016	\$1,315.03	\$1,315.03

3. For the pay periods ended April 26, 2015 and August 31, 2015, we recomputed the allocation of the Boards' salaries to the General, Gasoline Tax, Motor Vehicle License Tax, and Cemetery Funds per the Employee Wage Detail Report. We found no exceptions.
4. For the pay periods described in the preceding step, we traced the Boards' salary for time or services performed to supporting certifications the Revised Code requires. We found no exceptions.
5. We inquired of management and scanned the Payment Register Detail Report for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 to determine if township employees and/or trustees were reimbursed for out-of-pocket insurance premiums. In 2014, insurance reimbursements made were in compliance with ORC 505.60 and 505.601. The Township did not reimbursement for out-of-pocket insurance premiums in 2015.

Non-Payroll Cash Disbursements

1. We haphazardly selected ten disbursements from the Payment Register Detail Report for the year ended December 31, 2015 and ten from the year ended 2014 and determined whether:
 - a. The disbursements were for a proper public purpose. We found no exceptions.
 - b. The check number, date, payee name and amount recorded on the returned, canceled check agreed to the check number, date, payee name and amount recorded in the Payment Register Detail Report and to the names and amounts on the supporting invoices. We found no exceptions.
 - c. The payment was posted to a fund consistent with the restricted purpose for which the fund's cash can be used. We found no exceptions.
 - d. The fiscal officer certified disbursements requiring certification or issued a *Then and Now Certificate*, as required by Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D). We found no exceptions.

Compliance – Budgetary

1. We compared the total estimated receipts from the Amended Official Certificate of Estimated Resources, required by Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.36(A)(1), to the amounts recorded in the Revenue Status Report for the General, Gasoline Tax and Cemetery funds for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. The amounts agreed.

Compliance – Budgetary (Continued)

2. We scanned the appropriation measures adopted for 2015 and 2014 to determine whether, for the General, Gasoline Tax and Cemetery funds, the Trustees appropriated separately for “each office, department, and division, and within each, the amount appropriated for personal services,” as is required by Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.38(C). We found no exceptions.
3. We compared total appropriations required by Ohio Rev. Code Sections 5705.38 and 5705.40, to the amounts recorded in the Appropriation Status Report for 2015 and 2014 for the following funds: General, Gasoline Tax and Cemetery funds. The Township utilizes the Appropriation Status Report as the appropriation resolution. Therefore, the amounts on the appropriation resolutions agreed to the amounts recorded in the Appropriation Status Report.
4. Ohio Rev. Code Sections 5705.36(A)(5) and 5705.39 prohibits appropriations from exceeding the certified resources. We compared total appropriations to total certified resources for the General, Gasoline Tax and Cemetery funds for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. We noted no funds for which appropriations exceeded certified resources.
5. Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(B) prohibits expenditures (disbursements plus certified commitments) from exceeding appropriations. We compared total expenditures to total appropriations for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 for the General, Gasoline Tax and Cemetery funds, as recorded in the Appropriation Status Report. We noted no funds for which expenditures exceeded appropriations.
6. Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.09 requires establishing separate funds to segregate externally-restricted resources. We scanned the Revenue Receipt Register Report for evidence of new restricted receipts requiring a new fund during December 31, 2015 and 2014. We also inquired of management regarding whether the Township received new restricted receipts. We noted no evidence of new restricted receipts for which Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.09 would require the Township to establish a new fund.
7. We scanned the 2015 and 2014 Revenue Status Reports and Appropriation Status Reports for evidence of inter-fund transfers which Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.14 - .16 restrict. We found no evidence of transfers these Sections prohibit, or for which Section 5705.16 would require approval by the Tax Commissioner and court of Common Pleas.
8. We inquired of management and scanned the Appropriation Status Reports to determine whether the Township elected to establish reserve accounts permitted by Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.13. We noted the Township did not establish these reserves.
9. We scanned the Cash Summary by Fund Report for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 for negative cash fund balance. Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.10 (I) provides that money paid into a fund must be used for the purposes for which such fund is established. As a result, a negative fund cash balance indicates that money from one fund was used to cover the expenses of another. We noted no funds having a negative cash fund balance.

Compliance – Contracts & Expenditures

We inquired of management and scanned the Payment Register Detail Report for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 to determine if the Township proceeded by force account (i.e. used its own employees) to maintain or repair roads (cost of project \$15,000-\$45,000) or to construct or reconstruct township roads (cost of project \$5,000-\$15,000/per mile) for which Ohio Rev. Code Section 5575.01 requires the county engineer to complete a force account project assessment form (i.e., cost estimate). We identified no projects requiring the county engineer to complete a force account cost estimate.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on the Township's receipts, disbursements, balances and compliance with certain laws and regulations. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, those charged with governance, and others within the Township, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Dave Yost". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, looping "D" and "Y".

Dave Yost
Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

July 19, 2016



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MARION TOWNSHIP

HARDIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbitt

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

**CERTIFIED
AUGUST 9, 2016**