CITY OF WHITEHALL, OHIO

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



DAN MILLER, CITY AUDITOR



Members of Council and Mayor City of Whitehall 360 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Whitehall, Franklin County, prepared by Julian & Grube, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2016. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Whitehall is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

September 27, 2017



CITY OF WHITEHALL, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016
DAN MILLER AUDITOR
PREPARED BY THE CITY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION	

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CITY OF WHITEHALL, OHIOCOMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

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June 29, 2017

Honorable Mayor Kim Maggard Members of City Council Citizens of Whitehall, Ohio

Transmittal Letter

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Whitehall, Ohio (the City) for the year ended December 31, 2016. The CAFR is the official report of the City's operations and financial position for the year, and has been developed for the benefit of Whitehall residents and elected officials, investment banks, underwriters, and all other interested parties. The financial statements are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The CAFR consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for these representations, the management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City is required by state law to have an annual audit performed by the Auditor of State's office or an independent public accounting firm, if permitted by the Auditor of State. Julian & Grube, Inc. performed the audit for the year ended December 31, 2016. The City continues to receive an unmodified opinion. The Independent Accountant's Report on the City's financial statements is included in the Financial Section of this report.

As part of the City's independent audit, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the City's independent audit for the year ended December 31, 2016 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Profile of the Government

Organized in 1947 the City of Whitehall gets its name from the Ye Olde White Hall Tavern which was an overnight stagecoach stop on the newly established National Road. The house and the land were purchased and parceled out in the early 1900's and make up the western portion of Whitehall.

Today, the City of approximately 19,657 residents is a first ring suburb of the City of Columbus. It is home to the Defense Supply Center Columbus (DSCC), built in 1918 and the largest employer in the City.

The City is a home-rule municipal corporation operating under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City's charter was adopted in its original form on November 8, 1966 and provides for a "Mayor-Council" form of government. The laws of the State of Ohio prevail when conflicts exist between the charter and the State constitution and in matters where the charter is silent. The charter can only be amended by a majority vote of the City's registered voters.

The Mayor is elected to a four year term that begins on the first day of January following the election. According to the charter, the Mayor is the chief executive officer of the City and is responsible to the electors for enforcement of all laws and ordinances. The Mayor appoints an Administrative Assistant, Service Director, Safety Director, Information Technology Director, Economic Development Director, Community Affairs Coordinator and members of various boards and commissions. The Mayor also appoints a Human Resources Director with the advice and consent of the Human Resources Commission. The other elected officials are the City Auditor, City Treasurer and City Attorney, each elected to a four year term.

Legislative authority is vested in a seven-member Council, three of whom are elected at-large and four from existing wards. Ward Council and at-large Council members are elected to staggered four year terms with terms beginning in even years on the first day of January following the election. The Council enacts legislation in the form of ordinances and resolutions relative to City services, appropriating and borrowing monies, and other municipal purposes. The President of Council is elected at-large to a four year term. The President presides over all Council meetings, renders a vote only in case of a tie, and serves as the acting Mayor when the Mayor is absent or for any reason unable to perform the duties of the office.

The City reporting entity is defined by GASB and includes all funds and departments of the City. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budgets, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes or whose relationship with the City is such that to exclude their activity would be misleading. Based on these criteria, the City has no component units.

Certain organizations, although sharing some degree of name similarity with the City, are separate and distinct entities, not only from the City but also from each other. The City is not financially accountable for these entities. Because of their independent nature, none of these organizations' financial statements are included in this report. Based on these criteria, the Whitehall Community Improvement Corporation (WCIC) has been excluded because the City is not financially accountable for them nor is the entity fiscally dependent on the City.

Ohio Revised Code requires Council to adopt an annual budget which serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Appropriations for the operation of various City departments are established through the passage of an ordinance by City Council. Budgetary control is facilitated through the maintenance of an encumbrance system for purchase orders, and through the use of the City's automated financial system. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the budget by no later than December 31, the close of the City's fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, (e.g., general fund), department (e.g., police) and line item (e.g., personal services). The City Council may pass supplemental appropriations at any time by ordinance. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The general fund and the TIF fund, a major special revenue fund, are presented in the basic financial statements. For governmental funds, other than the general fund and the major special revenue fund with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including police, fire, and emergency medical services; street maintenance; parks and recreation; planning and zoning; a municipal court; and general administrative services.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local Economy – Economic recovery in Whitehall, as in much of the nation, has been slow. Countywide unemployment numbers are encouraging – dropping from a high of 8.6 percent in 2010 to 3.7 percent in 2016.

Creative Palette has moved into their new building located on the west end of Poth Rd. Heartland Bank has begun building their new corporate headquarters at the north entrance to Whitehall on Hamilton Road and Wasserstrom has announced the relocation to Whitehall of their corporate headquarters.

Air South Commerce Center has built two state-of-the-art industrial facilities totaling more than 350,000 SF at the Airport Commerce and Tech Park. This development plan also includes an office/medical facility at the corner of Poth Road and Hamilton Road.

The City recently purchased approximately 20 acres at the corner of Broad Street and Hamilton Road with plans for redevelopment.

Long Term Financial Planning—Whitehall continues to be financially impacted by a consent decree with the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) to reduce sanitary sewer overflows and water in basements. The City's sewer lines, most of which are over fifty years old, are prone to inflow and infiltration especially during significant rainfall events and this inflow and infiltration occasionally overwhelms the capacity of the sanitary sewer system. Under the OEPA decree, the City is expected to spend \$2.58 million over fifteen years commencing in 2015 to correct problem areas that were discovered during the inspection phase of the Director's Final Findings and Orders (DFFO).

Outstanding general obligation bonds total \$3,915,000 dollars. The Fire Station bond accounts for \$185,000, is a GO bond and will be retired in 2017. The Street Scape bond accounts for \$1,300,000, is a GO bond that is reimbursed from TIF funds and will be retired in 2028. The Recreation Center bond accounts for \$2,430,000, is a GO bond and will be retired in 2030. The non-tax revenue bond accounts for \$4,100,000, is paid from TIF funds and will be retired in 2031.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The City of Whitehall, Ohio was awarded the Ohio Auditor of State Award for excellence in financial reporting for the year ending December 31, 2012 and the Ohio Auditor of State Award for excellence in financial reporting with Distinction for exemplary financial reporting in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for the years ending December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2015.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to City of Whitehall, Ohio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This was the 3rd consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my appreciation to the employees of the Whitehall Auditor's office for maintaining the accounting records of the City on an accurate and timely basis and for their professionalism throughout the year.

I would also like to thank the Mayor and Members of Council for their ongoing support of excellence in financial reporting and disclosure, and to Julian & Grube, Inc. for their assistance with the preparation of this CAFR.

Respectfully submitted,

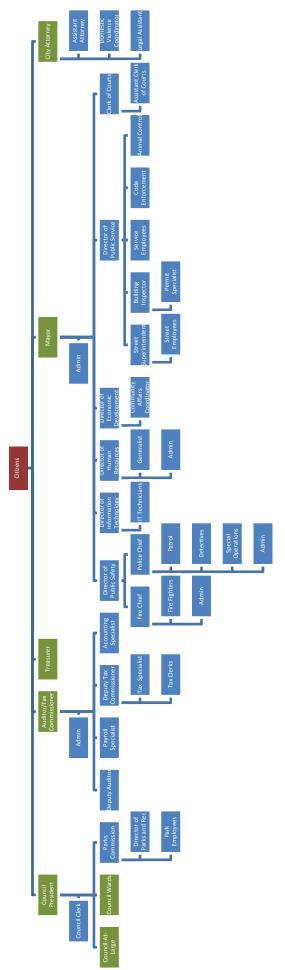
Dan Miller

Auditor and Tax Commissioner

Dan S. Miller



Organizational Chart





CITY OF WHITEHALL, OHIO

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Elected Officials

Mayor	Kim Maggard

City Council:

President Jim Graham At-Large Robert Bailey Wes Kantor At-Large At-Large Karen Conison 1st Ward Chris Rodriguez 2nd Ward Lee Stahley 3rd Ward Larry Morrison 4th Ward Van Gregg

City AuditorDan MillerCity AttorneyMichael BivensCity TreasurerSteve Quincel

Appointed Officials

Director of Public Service

Director of Public Safety

Director of Economic Development

Director of Human Resources

Director of Information Technology

Director of Parks & Recreation

Zachary Woodruff

Ann Lund

Bret Henninger

Shannon Sorrell



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

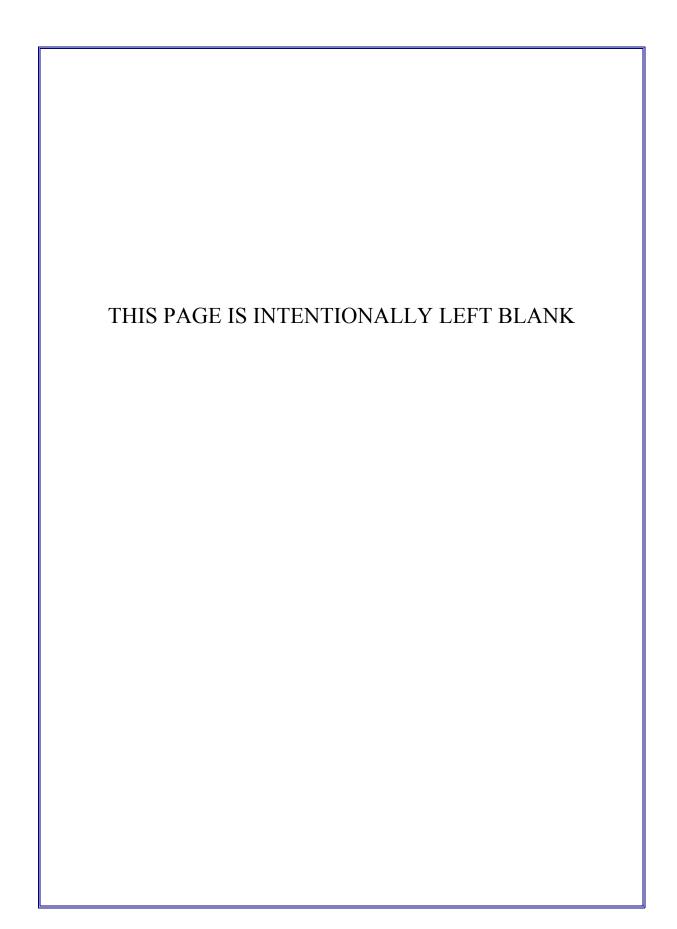
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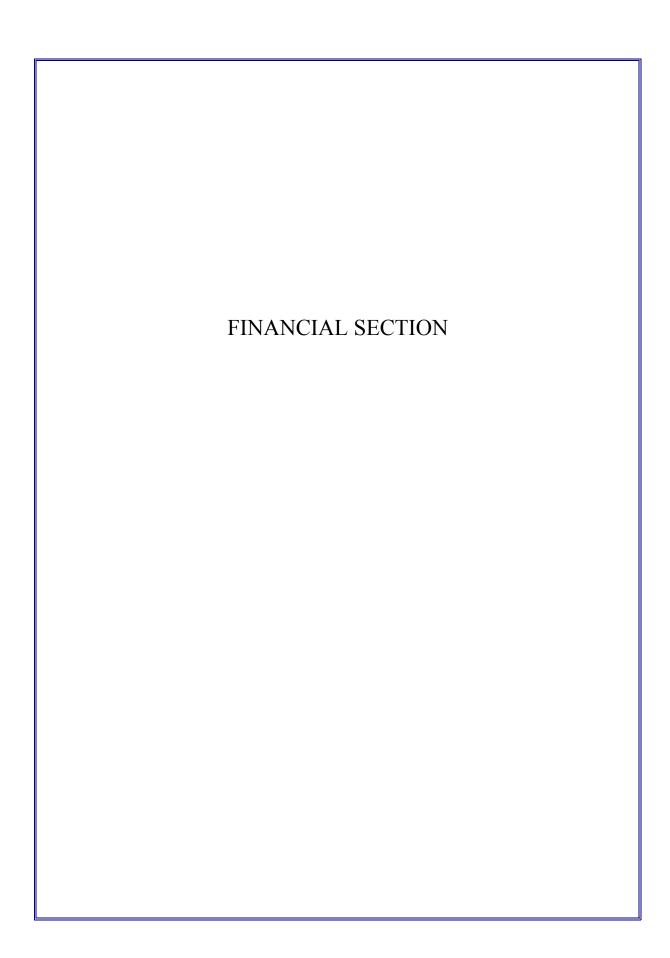
City of Whitehall Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

Executive Director/CEO





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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

City of Whitehall Franklin County 360 South Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whitehall, Franklin County, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Whitehall's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City of Whitehall's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City of Whitehall's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whitehall, Franklin County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General and TIF funds thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Independent Auditor's Report City of Whitehall

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liability/net pension asset and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City of Whitehall's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Julian & Sube Elec.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Whitehall's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Whitehall's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

June 29, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the City of Whitehall's (the "City") financial performance provides an overall review of the City's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2016 are as follows:

- > The total net position of the City increased \$1,552,586 or 6.78% from 2015's net position.
- ➤ General revenues accounted for \$27,264,931 or 83.69% of total governmental activities revenue. Program specific revenues accounted for \$5,313,499 or 16.31% of total governmental activities revenue.
- The City had \$31,025,844 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$5,313,499 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. The remaining expenses of the governmental activities were offset by general revenues (primarily miscellaneous revenues, property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, income taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$27,264,931.
- The general fund had revenues and other financing sources of \$33,220,579 in 2016. The expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$29,226,623 in 2016. The net increase in fund balance for the general fund was \$3,993,956 or 36.39%.
- The TIF fund had revenues of \$661,502 in 2016. The expenditures and other financing uses of the TIF fund totaled \$1,756,189 in 2016. The net decrease in fund balance for the TIF fund was \$1,094,687 or 34.97%.
- ➤ In the general fund, the actual revenues and other financing sources of \$33,968,799 were higher than the final budget of \$33,949,867. Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$34,773,903 were lower than the amount in the final budget of \$36,276,507. Budgeted revenues and other financing sources increased \$5,960,887 from the original to the final budget while budgeted expenditures and other financing uses increased \$7,526,808.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to these statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the City as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the City's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the City's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the City as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains a large number of funds used by the City to provide programs and activities, the view of the City as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the City perform financially during 2016?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the City as a whole, the financial position of the City has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the City's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required community programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the City's programs and services, including police, fire and rescue, street maintenance, capital improvements and general administration. These services are funded primarily by property and municipal income taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, and intergovernmental revenues including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the City's major funds. The City uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The City maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. The City has segregated these funds into major funds and nonmajor funds. The City's major governmental funds are the general fund and the TIF fund. Information for major funds is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. Agency funds are the City's only fiduciary fund type.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's net pension liability.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The table below provides a summary of the City's assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and net position at December 31, 2016 and 2015.

	Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmental Activities 2015		
<u>Assets</u>				
Current and other assets	\$ 34,432,051	\$ 28,127,220		
Capital assets	29,003,446	25,544,234		
Total assets	63,435,497	53,671,454		
<u>Deferred Outflows</u>	9,549,462	4,120,656		
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Long-term liabilities outstanding	45,356,353	32,427,440		
Other liabilities	1,776,225	1,289,806		
Total liabilities	47,132,578	33,717,246		
<u>Deferred Inflows</u>	1,391,050	1,166,119		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	24,806,999	23,338,274		
Restricted	5,853,599	5,363,015		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(6,199,267)	(5,792,544)		
Total net position	\$ 24,461,331	\$ 22,908,745		

During a prior year, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" and GASB Statement 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68" which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the City's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the City's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2 Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the City is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the City's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At December 31, 2016, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$24,461,331.

Capital assets reported on the government-wide statements represent the largest portion of the City's net position. At year-end, capital assets represented 45.72% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The net investment in capital assets at December 31, 2016, was \$24,806,999 in the governmental activities. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending.

Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net position, \$5,853,599, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. In the governmental activities, the remaining balance is a deficit unrestricted net position of (\$6,199,267).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The following table shows the changes in net position for 2016 and 2015.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmental Activities 2015		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,874,437	\$ 1,822,756		
Operating grants and contributions	2,610,807	1,183,441		
Capital grants and contributions	828,255	2,030,432		
Total program revenues	5,313,499	5,036,629		
General revenues:				
Municipal income taxes	24,838,215	24,162,958		
Property taxes	301,288	291,670		
Lodging taxes	67,934	79,850		
Payments in lieu of taxes	661,502	941,352		
Unrestricted grants and entitlements	745,623	936,001		
Investment earnings	57,224	63,266		
Miscellaneous	593,145	1,083,201		
Total general revenues	27,264,931	27,558,298		
Total revenues	32,578,430	32,594,927		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

	Change in Net Position			
	Governmental Activities 2016	Governmental Activities 2015		
Expenses				
General government	\$ 9,298,376	\$ 8,180,568		
Security of persons and property	15,289,561	13,745,077		
Public health and welfare	149,231	137,228		
Transportation	3,106,746	3,162,652		
Community environment	31,752	18,610		
Leisure time activity	786,491	891,685		
Economic development	747,485	475,907		
Utility services	1,347,178	1,211,198		
Interest and fiscal charges	269,024	131,542		
Total expenses	31,025,844	27,954,467		
Change in net position	1,552,586	4,640,460		
Net position at beginning of year (restated)	22,908,745	18,268,285		
Net position at end of year	\$ 24,461,331	\$ 22,908,745		

Governmental Activities

Security of persons and property, which primarily supports the operations of the police and fire departments accounted for \$15,289,561 of the total expenses of the City. These expenses were partially funded by \$874,158 in direct charges to users of the services and \$1,698,349 in operating grants and contributions. Transportation expenses totaled \$3,106,746. Transportation expenses were primarily funded by \$52,433 in direct charges to users of the services, \$912,458 in operating grants and contributions and \$828,255 in capital grants and contributions.

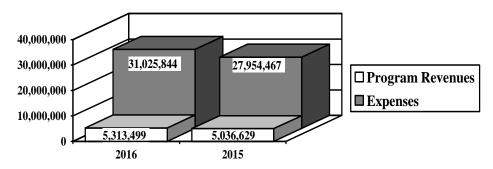
During 2016, the local state and federal government contributed to the City a total of \$3,439,062 in operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. These revenues are restricted to a particular program or purpose. Of the total operating grants and contributions, \$912,458 subsidized transportation programs and \$1,698,349 subsidized security of persons and property programs. The City received \$828,255 in capital grants and contributions which includes funds from OPWC for road projects.

General revenues totaled \$27,264,931, and amounted to 83.69% of total governmental revenues in 2016. These revenues primarily consist of property and municipal income tax revenue of \$25,139,503. The other primary source of general revenues is payments in lieu of taxes, making up \$661,502.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements. As can be seen in the graph below, the City is highly dependent upon property and municipal income taxes as well as miscellaneous revenues.

Governmental Activities - Program Revenues vs. Total Expenses



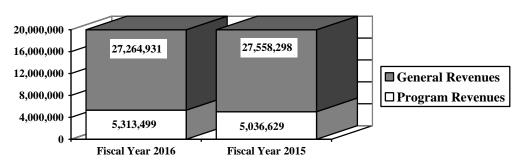
Governmental Activities

	2016		2015				
	Total Cost of Net Cost of		Total Cost of		Net Cost of		
		Services	 Services		Services		Services
Program Expenses:							
General government	\$	9,298,376	\$ 8,485,685	\$	8,180,568	\$	7,442,019
Security of persons and property		15,289,561	12,717,054		13,745,077		12,645,711
Public health and welfare		149,231	149,231		137,228		137,228
Transportation		3,106,746	1,313,600		3,162,652		188,277
Community environment		31,752	31,752		18,610		18,610
Leisure time activity		786,491	651,336		891,685		667,346
Economic development		747,485	747,485		475,907		475,907
Utility services		1,347,178	1,347,178		1,211,198		1,211,198
Interest and fiscal charges		269,024	269,024		131,542		131,542
Total	\$	31,025,844	\$ 25,712,345	\$	27,954,467	\$	22,917,838

The dependence upon general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, with 82.87% of expenses supported through taxes and other general revenues for 2016.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$28,267,676 which is \$4,966,386 greater than last year's total of \$23,301,290. The schedule below indicates the fund balances and the total change in fund balances as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Balances 12/31/16	Fund Balances 12/31/15	Change
Major funds:			
General	\$ 14,968,265	\$ 10,974,309	\$ 3,993,956
TIF	2,035,740	3,130,427	(1,094,687)
Other nonmajor governmental funds	11,263,671	9,196,554	2,067,117
Total	\$ 28,267,676	\$ 23,301,290	\$ 4,966,386

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

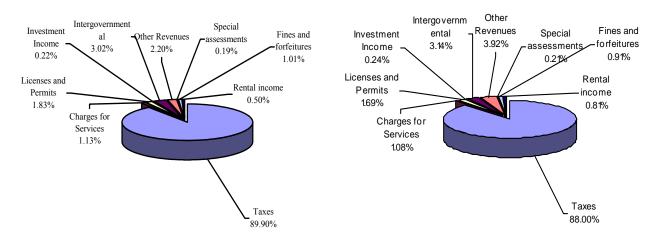
General Fund

The City's general fund balance increased \$3,993,956. The table that follows assists in illustrating the revenues of the general fund. Tax revenues decreased slightly. Income tax receipts fluctuated based on estimated receivables at year end. The charges for services increased due to an increase in receipts relating to EMS services provided, accident reports/damage collections and an increase in receipts related to miscellaneous services provided. Revenues related to licenses and permits increased mainly due to an increase in revenues related to building permits. Revenues related to fines and forfeitures increased due to an increase in mayor's court costs and fines. Intergovernmental revenue decreased due to a decrease in revenues received from the State and from Franklin County. Special assessment revenues decreased due to a decrease in special assessments to property owners during the year. Investment income decreased due to a decrease in the interest received on investments. Rental income decreased due to a decrease in general fund transfers made from agency funds in 2016 compared to 2015. During 2015, these transfers were reclassed to other revenues on the GAAP basis.

			Amount	Percentage
	2016	2015	Increase	Increase
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 24,382,485	\$ 24,390,078	\$ (7,593)	(0.03) %
Charges for services	305,366	300,938	4,428	1.47 %
Licenses and permits	496,586	468,437	28,149	6.01 %
Fines and forfeitures	274,216	253,035	21,181	8.37 %
Intergovernmental	817,879	869,025	(51,146)	(5.89) %
Special assessments	52,433	57,714	(5,281)	(9.15) %
Investment income	60,406	67,394	(6,988)	(10.37) %
Rental income	135,155	224,339	(89,184)	(39.75) %
Other	595,699	1,085,670	(489,971)	(45.13) %
Total	\$ 27,120,225	\$ 27,716,630	\$ (596,405)	(2.15) %

Revenues - 2016

Revenues - 2015



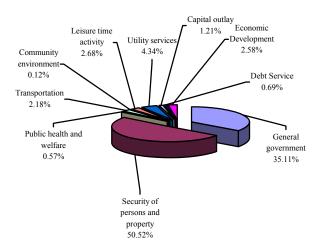
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows assists in illustrating the expenditures of the General Fund.

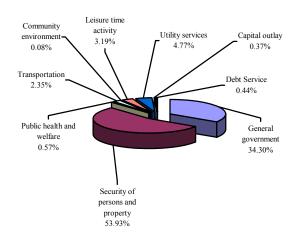
	2016	2015	Amount	Percentage
	2010	2015	Increase	Increase
	Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Expenditures				
General government	\$ 8,957,838	\$ 7,758,784	\$ 1,199,054	15.45 %
Security of persons and property	12,886,587	12,201,205	685,382	5.62 %
Public health and welfare	145,736	129,525	16,211	12.52 %
Transportation	557,058	532,108	24,950	4.69 %
Community environment	31,262	17,134	14,128	82.46 %
Leisure time activity	684,967	722,640	(37,673)	(5.21) %
Economic development	658,624	341,488	317,136	92.87 %
Utility services	1,106,730	1,078,343	28,387	2.63 %
Capital outlay	307,893	83,284	224,609	269.69 %
Debt service	175,000	100,000	75,000	75.00 %
Total	\$ 25,511,695	\$ 22,964,511	\$ 2,547,184	11.09 %

The most significant increase was in the area of general government and can be attributed primarily to an increase in office expenses and employee related costs. The increase in security of persons and property expenditures can be attributed to an increase in the amount of police and fire salaries. The increase in economic development expenditures is due to the City's new economic development fund. This fund was established in 2015 by the City for the purpose of providing economic incentives and economic planning. All other current year expenses were comparable to the prior year.

Expenditures - 2016



Expenditures - 2015



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

TIF Fund

The City's TIF fund had revenues of \$661,502 in 2016. The expenditures and other financing uses of the TIF fund totaled \$1,756,189 in 2016. The net decrease in fund balance for the TIF fund was \$1,094,687 or 34.97%.

Budgeting Highlights

The City's budgeting process is prescribed by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC). Essentially the budget is the City's appropriations which are restricted by the amounts of anticipated revenues certified by the Budget Commission in accordance with the ORC. Therefore, the City's plans or desires cannot be totally reflected in the original budget. If budgeted revenues are adjusted due to actual activity then the appropriations can be adjusted accordingly.

Budgetary information is presented for the General Fund. The actual revenues and other financing sources of \$33,968,799 were higher than the final budget of \$33,949,867. Actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$34,773,903 were lower than the amount in the final budget of \$36,276,507. Budgeted revenues and other financing sources increased \$5,960,887 from the original to the final budget while budgeted expenditures and other financing uses increased \$7,526,808.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the City had \$29,003,446 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure, which is an increase of \$3,459,212 from prior year primarily due to the City's ongoing road improvement projects.

The following table shows fiscal 2016 balances compared to 2015:

Capital Assets at December 31 (Net of Depreciation)

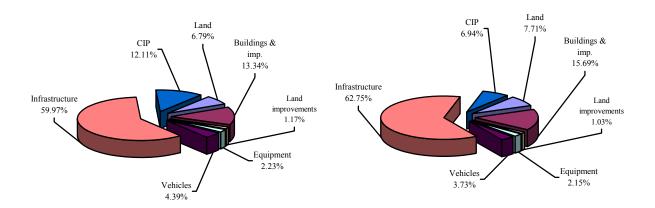
	Governmental Activities					
	2016			2015		
Land	\$	1,970,582	\$	1,970,582		
Land improvements		340,676		263,178		
Buildings and improvements		3,868,108		4,008,818		
Equipment		647,772		549,474		
Vehicles		1,274,234		952,037		
Infrastructure		17,391,013		16,026,525		
Construction in progress		3,511,061		1,773,620		
Totals	\$	29,003,446	\$	25,544,234		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

The following graphs show the breakdown of governmental capital assets by category for 2016 and 2015.

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2016

Capital Assets - Governmental Activities 2015



The City's largest capital asset category is infrastructure. The net book value of the City's infrastructure (cost less accumulated depreciation) represents approximately 59.97% of the City's total governmental capital assets. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for detail on capital assets.

Debt Administration

The City had the following long-term obligations in outstanding at December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Governmental Activities				
	2016	2015			
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,915,000	\$ 4,305,000			
Real estate purchase contract	400,000	500,000			
OPWC loans	703,028	416,900			
Revenue bonds	4,100,000	-			
FCIB loan	550,000	-			
Lease agreement	1,631,772	-			
Capital lease obligation	86,313	94,808			
Total long-term debt obligations	\$ 11,386,113	\$ 5,316,708			

See Note 12 to the basic financial statements for detail on long-term obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)

Economic Conditions and Next Year's General Fund Budget Outlook

The City of Whitehall remains strong financially. The City of Whitehall's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded and the City is well prepared to meet the challenges of the future.

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2017 budget. Most revenues are influenced by the economy. The City income tax revenue forecast, particularly, is highly influenced by economic conditions. The primary objective for the 2017 budget was to cut costs while continuing to improve service delivery to our constituents.

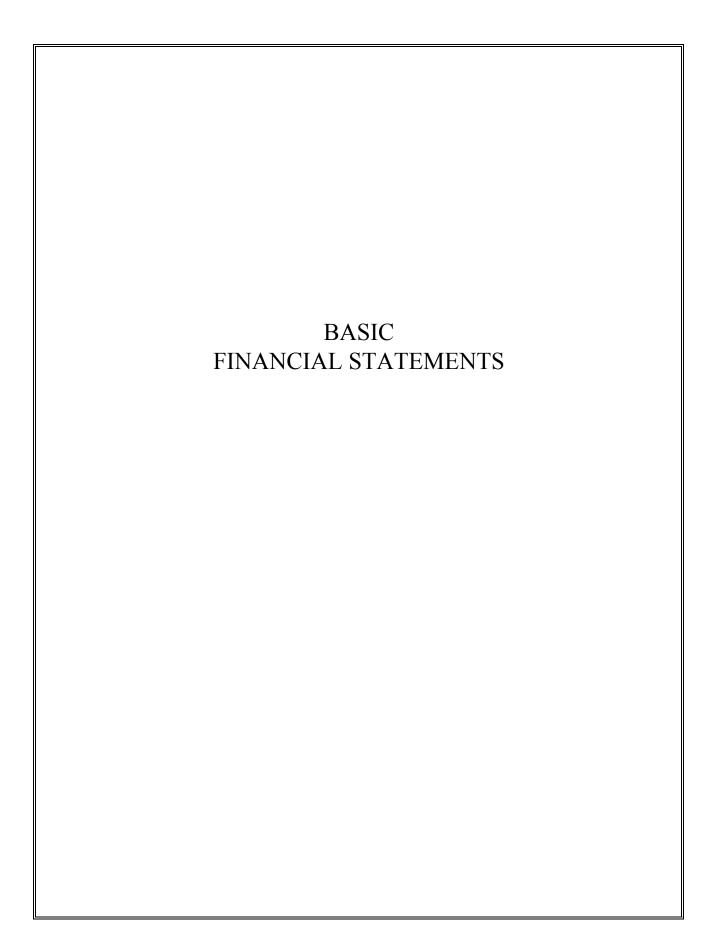
When considering the economic health of the City, the unassigned fund balance serves as a useful indicator of the City's net resources available for spending at year-end. At the end of 2016, the City's general fund unencumbered fund balance slightly decreased from the previous year due to capital purchases.

The use of telework agreements continues to grow and has increased the amount of income tax refunds the City has had to pay out. The administration should strongly consider the effect of downward pressures on future revenue and the impact it has upon maintaining current citywide services to residents and taxpayers. In order to achieve this, administration must be committed to maintaining comprehensive efforts to reduce costs and maximize efficiency.

In order to meet the challenges of 2017, a strong and balanced commitment to cost containment and continued revenue enhancement in respect to the general fund is essential. The City's financial position will remain stable only if thorough and conservative financial management is practiced while aggressively seeking new development opportunities and other sources of revenue.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. Dan Miller, City Auditor, City of Whitehall, 360 S. Yearling Road, Whitehall, Ohio 43213.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	21,257,703	
Cash with fiscal and escrow agent		726,165	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Income taxes.		4 152 117	
Property and other taxes		4,152,117 363,265	
Payments in lieu of taxes		903,168	
Accounts.		569,245	
Special assessments		281,758	
Accrued interest		7,627	
Due from other governments		857,971	
Prepayments		380,557	
Materials and supplies inventory.		232,442	
Assets held for resale		4,700,000	
Net pension asset		33	
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress		5,481,643	
Depreciable capital assets, net		23,521,803	
Total capital assets, net		29,003,446	
Total assets		63,435,497	
	-		
Deferred outflows of resources:		5.240	
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		5,249	
Pension Ohio police and fire		6,961,880	
Pension OPERS.		2,582,333	
Total deferred outflows of resources		9,549,462	
Liabilities:			
		694,641	
Accounts payable		294,652	
Accrued wages and benefits payable		265,056	
Due to other governments		310,225	
Accrued interest payable		34,845	
Claims payable		176,806	
Long-term liabilities:		170,000	
Due within one year		1,821,259	
Net pension liability.		32,211,216	
Other amounts due in more than one year		11,323,878	
Total liabilities	-	47,132,578	
		17,132,370	
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Payments in lieu of taxes levied for the		301,183	
next fiscal year		903,168	
Pension Ohio police and fire		74,082	
Pension OPERS		112,617	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,391,050	
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		24,806,999	
Restricted for:		_ ,,~~,~~	
Debt service		67,936	
Capital projects		33,787	
Street maintenance and repair		3,101,279	
Economic development		90,825	
Community development		169,658	
Human services programs		2,390,114	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(6,199,267)	
		(0,177,207)	
Total net position	\$	24,461,331	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Net (Expense)

		Ermoneae		harges for	Ope	ram Revenues rating Grants Contributions	_	ital Grants		Revenue and Changes in Net Position overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:		Expenses	Servi	ices and Sales	ana	Contributions	and C	ontributions		Activities
Current:										
General government	\$	9,298,376	\$	812,691	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(8,485,685)
Security of persons and property	Ψ	15,289,561	Ψ	874,158	Ψ	1,698,349	Ψ	_	Ψ	(12,717,054)
Public health and welfare		149,231		-		1,070,547		_		(149,231)
Transportation.		3,106,746		52,433		912,458		828,255		(1,313,600)
Community environment		31,752		-		-		-		(31,752)
Leisure time activity		786,491		135,155		_		_		(651,336)
Economic development		747,485		-		_		-		(747,485)
Utility services		1,347,178		_		_		-		(1,347,178)
Interest and fiscal charges		269,024		_		_		-		(269,024)
Total governmental activities	\$	31,025,844	\$	1,874,437	\$	2,610,807	\$	828,255		(25,712,345)
			Mı (unicipal income General purpose	s taxes l s	evied for:				301,288 24,838,215
				dging taxes levi						
										67,934
				yments in lieu o ants and entitler		ot restricted				661,502
			te	o specific progr	ams .					745,623
					-					57,224
										593,145
			Tota	l general revenu	ies					27,264,931
			Char	nge in net positi	on					1,552,586
			Net]	position at begi	inning	of year				22,908,745
			Net]	position at end	of year	r			\$	24,461,331

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

		General	ŗ	ΓIF Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	8,807,970	\$	1,983,213	\$	10,466,520	\$	21,257,703
Cash with fiscal and escrow agents		-		-		491,165		491,165
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Municipal income taxes		4,152,117		-		-		4,152,117
Property and other taxes		355,890		-		7,375		363,265
Payments in lieu of taxes		-		903,168		-		903,168
Accounts		160,912		52,527		355,806		569,245
Interfund loans		-		-		37,666		37,666
Accrued interest		7,620		_		7		7,627
Special assessments		281,758		_		_		281,758
Due from other governments		438,878		_		419,093		857,971
Prepayments		380,557		_		-		380,557
Materials and supplies inventory		73,409		_		159,033		232,442
Assets held for resale		4,675,000		_		25,000		4,700,000
Restricted assets:		1,075,000				25,000		1,700,000
Cash with fiscal and escrow agent		_		_		235,000		235,000
Total assets	\$	19,334,111	\$	2,938,908	\$	12,196,665	\$	34,469,684
10tal assets	Ψ	17,334,111	Ψ	2,730,700	Ψ	12,170,003	Ψ	34,402,004
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	572,684	\$	_	\$	121,957	\$	694,641
Contracts payable	Ψ	3,716	Ψ	_	Ψ	290,936	Ψ	294,652
Accrued wages and benefits payable		265,028		_		28		265,056
Compensated absences payable		112,133		_		20		112,133
Interfund loans payable		112,133				37,666		37,666
Due to other governments		310,080		_		145		310,225
Claims payable		176,806		_		143		176,806
Total liabilities		1,440,447				450,732		1,891,179
Total habilities		1,440,447				430,732		1,091,179
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		301,183		_		_		301,183
Payments in lieu of taxes levied for		501,105						301,103
the next fiscal year				903,168				903,168
		54 707		903,100		-		-
Delinquent property tax revenue not available. Accrued interest not available		54,707		-		-		54,707
		3,306		-		-		3,306
Special assessments revenue not available		281,758		-		221 (20		281,758
Miscellaneous revenue not available.		57,910		-		231,638		289,548
Municipal income tax revenue not available		1,913,517		-		250.624		1,913,517
Intergovernmental revenue not available	-	313,018		- 002.160		250,624		563,642
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	2,925,399	-	903,168		482,262		4,310,829
Fund balances:								
		5 120 004				104.022		5 215 027
Nonspendable		5,130,994		2.025.740		184,033		5,315,027
Restricted		076.042		2,035,740		6,180,747		8,216,487
Committed		876,942		-		4,811,255		5,688,197
Assigned		1,156,263		-		102,781		1,259,044
Unassigned (deficit)		7,804,066		-		(15,145)		7,788,921
Total fund balances		14,968,265		2,035,740		11,263,671		28,267,676
Total liabilities defermed in flarer								
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	ø	10 224 111	ø	2 020 000	ø	12 107 775	ø	24.460.694
of resources and fund balances	\$	19,334,111	\$	2,938,908	\$	12,196,665	\$	34,469,684

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2016

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 28,267,676
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		29,003,446
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds.		
Municipal income taxes receivable	\$ 1,913,517	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	54,707	
Accounts receivable	289,548	
Accrued interest receivable	3,306	
Special assessments receivable	281,758	
Intergovernmental receivable	 563,642	
Total		3,106,478
On the statement of net position, interest is accrued on outstanding		
bonds, whereas in funds, interest is accrued when due.		(34,845)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and therefore are not reported in the funds. The long-term		
liabilities are as follows:		
General obligation bonds payable	(3,915,000)	
Revenue bonds payable	(4,100,000)	
Real estate purchase contract	(400,000)	
OPWC loan	(703,028)	
FCIB loan	(550,000)	
Lease purchase agreement payable	(1,631,772)	
Capital lease obligations payable	(86,313)	
Compensated absences payable	(1,646,212)	
Total		(13,032,325)
The net pension asset is not available to pay for current period		
expenditures; therefore, the asset is not reported in the governmental funds.		33
The net pension asset and net pension liability are not available to pay for		
current period expenditures and are not due and payable in the current		
period, respectively; therefore, the asset, liability and related deferred		
inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources	9,544,213	
Deferred inflows of resources	(186,699)	
Net pension liability	(32,211,216)	
Total		(22,853,702)
Unamortized deferred charges on refundings are not recognized in the funds		5,249
Unamortized premiums on bond issuances are not recognized in the funds		 (679)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 24,461,331

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

			Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	TIF Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:				
Municipal income taxes	\$ 24,089,057	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,089,057
Property and other taxes	293,428	-	67,934	361,362
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	661,502	-	661,502
Charges for services	305,366	-	495,273	800,639
Licenses and permits	496,586	-	-	496,586
Fines and forfeitures	274,216	-	22,918	297,134
Intergovernmental	817,879	-	3,353,710	4,171,589
Special assessments	52,433	-	-	52,433
Investment income	60,406	-	380	60,786
Rental income	135,155	-	-	135,155
Contributions and donations	2,554	-	-	2,554
Other	593,145		56,166	649,311
Total revenues	27,120,225	661,502	3,996,381	31,778,108
Expenditures: Current:				
	0.057.020		42.050	0.000.700
General government	8,957,838	-	42,950	9,000,788
Security of persons and property	12,886,587	-	345,308	13,231,895
Public health and welfare	145,736	- 65 141	1 072 (70	145,736
Transportation	557,058	65,141	1,073,678	1,695,877
Community environment	31,262	-	-	31,262
Leisure time activity	684,967	-	- 00.061	684,967
Economic development	658,624	-	88,861	747,485
Utility services	1,106,730	-	240,448	1,347,178
Capital outlay	307,893	-	5,554,760	5,862,653
Debt service:	100.000		427.100	527 100
Principal retirement.	100,000	-	437,100	537,100
Interest and fiscal charges	75.000	-	158,640	158,640
Bond issuance costs	75,000		7.041.745	75,000
Total expenditures	25,511,695	65,141	7,941,745	33,518,581
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,608,530	596,361	(3,945,364)	(1,740,473)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond issuance	4,100,000	-	-	4,100,000
Lease issuance	-	-	1,631,772	1,631,772
Sale of capital assets	100,354	-	-	100,354
Capital lease transaction	-	-	14,285	14,285
Transfers in	1,350,000	-	4,143,462	5,493,462
Transfers (out)	(3,714,928)	(1,691,048)	(87,486)	(5,493,462)
Loan issuance	550,000		310,448	860,448
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,385,426	(1,691,048)	6,012,481	6,706,859
Net change in fund balances	3,993,956	(1,094,687)	2,067,117	4,966,386
Fund balances at beginning of year	10,974,309	3,130,427	9,196,554	23,301,290
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 14,968,265	\$ 2,035,740	\$ 11,263,671	\$ 28,267,676

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Capital asset additions Solvent year depreciation \$ 5,245,186 (1,737,226)		
Total		3,507,960
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.		(48,748)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Municipal income taxes Delinquent property taxes Accounts Accrued interest Special assessments 749,158 7,860 7,860 92,490 (3,182) (121,215)		
Intergovernmental 75,211 Total		800,322
Repayment of bond, loan, capital lease, and lease-purchase principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Issuance of bonds, loans and lease transactions are recognized as an		537,100
other financing source in the funds, however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as revenues as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position.	((6,606,505)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following items contributed to more interest being reported in the statement of activities: Increase in accrued interest payable (30,399)		
Amortization of bond premium 741		
Amortization of deferred charges on debt refundings (5,726) Total		(35,384)
Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports		
these amounts as deferred outflows.		2,842,602
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension asset/liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	((4,632,229)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		221,082
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,552,586

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts					riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					 		
Income taxes	\$	23,258,617	\$	24,805,000	\$ 24,743,285	\$	(61,715)
Property and other taxes		275,135		293,428	293,428		-
Charges for services		279,035		297,587	297,587		-
Licenses and permits		508,818		542,647	525,615		(17,032)
Fines and forfeitures		253,062		269,887	269,887		-
Intergovernmental		868,841		926,607	825,179		(101,428)
Special assessments		140,649		150,000	59,463		(90,537)
Investment income		84,176		89,773	89,773		-
Rental income		185,548		197,884	135,155		(62,729)
Contributions and donations		4,688		5,000	2,554		(2,446)
Other		649,159		692,319	587,138		(105,181)
Total revenues		26,507,728		28,270,132	 27,829,064		(441,068)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		9,131,073		9,982,712	9,389,502		593,210
Security of persons and property		13,019,839		13,099,110	12,896,104		203,006
Public health and welfare		147,119		146,700	145,831		869
Transportation		622,454		594,433	460,444		133,989
Community environment		28,200		43,200	36,528		6,672
Leisure time activity		1,000,123		872,679	761,220		111,459
Utility services		1,317,554		1,252,613	1,150,309		102,304
Capital outlay		150,580		5,171,070	4,951,319		219,751
Principal retirement		100,000		100,000	100,000		-
Bond issuance costs		_		75,000	75,000		-
Total expenditures		25,516,942		31,337,517	29,966,257		1,371,260
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		990,786		(3,067,385)	(2,137,193)		930,192
Other financing sources (uses):							
Bond issuance		-		4,100,000	4,100,000		-
Sale of capital assets		365,438		389,735	389,735		-
Advances in		93,766		100,000	100,000		-
Advances out		(25,000)		(25,000)	-		25,000
Transfers in		1,022,048		1,090,000	1,000,000		(90,000)
Transfers out		(3,207,757)		(4,913,990)	(4,807,646)		106,344
Loan issuance					 550,000		550,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,751,505)		740,745	1,332,089		591,344
Net change in fund balance		(760,719)		(2,326,640)	(805,104)		1,521,536
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,417,973		6,417,973	6,417,973		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		878,380		878,380	878,380		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,535,634	\$	4,969,713	\$ 6,491,249	\$	1,521,536

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fin	riance with aal Budget
	Original		Final	Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues:	 					
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 947,000	\$	1,026,200	\$ 661,502	\$	(364,698)
Total revenues	 947,000		1,026,200	661,502		(364,698)
Expenditures:						
Transportation	42,894		118,362	117,668		694
Total expenditures	42,894		118,362	117,668		694
Excess/deficiency of revenues						
over/under expenditures	904,106		907,838	 543,834		(364,004)
Other financing uses:						
Transfers (out)	(95,334)		(1,691,743)	(1,691,048)		695
Total other financing uses	 (95,334)		(1,691,743)	(1,691,048)		695
Net change in fund balance	808,772		(783,905)	(1,147,214)		(363,309)
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,130,427		3,130,427	3,130,427		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,939,199	\$	2,346,522	\$ 1,983,213	\$	(363,309)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 Agency
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 214,936
Total assets	\$ 214,936
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 12,317 499 202,120
Total liabilities	\$ 214,936

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE CITY

The City of Whitehall (the "City") is a home rule corporation established under the laws of the State of Ohio that operates under its own Charter. The current Charter, which provides for the Mayor-Council form of government, was adopted November 8, 1966 and became effective December 31, 1966.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial principles. The most significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. To provide necessary services to its citizens, the City is divided into various departments including police, fire fighting and prevention, emergency medical services, street maintenance, parks and recreation, public service and planning and zoning. The operation of each of these departments is directly controlled by the City through the budgetary process and therefore is included as a part of the reporting entity.

For financial reporting purposes, the City's financial statements include all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and departments for which the City is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by the GASB, exists if the City appoints a voting majority of an organization's Governing Board and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific burdens on the City. The City may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations with a separately elected Governing Board, a Governing Board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed Board that is fiscally dependent on the City. The City also took into consideration other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City has no component units.

The City participates in the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission which is considered a jointly governed organization and is further discussed in Note 18 of the basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The City's financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the City at year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the governmental activities of the City. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the City, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which governmental functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the City.

Fund Financial Statements - During the year, the City segregates transactions related to certain City functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the City at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

C. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The City has no proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the City's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

 $\underline{\it TIF fund}$ - The TIF Fund accounts for the financial resources restricted for use for construction, improvements and various projects within the TIF district, which are funded by monies received in connection with tax increment financing agreements.

Other governmental funds of the City are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the City under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the City's own programs. The City has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The City's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. The City's agency fund includes activity for COBRA extended benefits, electrical inspector fees, trunk and storm sewer fees, inspection deposits, special deposits, street maintenance deposits, plumbing permits, acreage fees and Christmas tree lot bonds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the City are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenses) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements - All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows and current liabilities and deferred inflows are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. For the City, available means expected to be received within sixty days of year end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include municipal income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the income is earned (See Note 7). Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: income tax, State-levied locally shared taxes (including gasoline tax, local government funds and permissive tax), fines and forfeitures, charges for services and grants.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, see Note 14 for deferred outflows of resources related to the City's net pension liability. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2016, but which were levied to finance 2017 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City, unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, income taxes, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

For the City, see Note 14 for deferred inflows of resources related to the City's net pension liability. This deferred inflow of resources is only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations ordinance are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. For all funds, Council appropriations are made at the fund, department and object level. This is known as the legal level of budgetary control.

Tax Budget - A tax budget of estimated revenue and expenditures for all funds is submitted to the County Auditor, as Secretary of the County Budget Commission, by July 20 of each year, for the period January 1 to December 31 of the following year. All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted; however, only certain governmental funds are required to be reported in the basic financial statements.

Estimated Resources - The County Budget Commission determines if the budget substantiates a need to levy all or part of previously authorized taxes and reviews estimated revenue. The Commission certifies its actions to the City by September 1. As part of this certification, the City receives the official certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. On or before December 31, the City must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about January 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include unencumbered cash balances at December 31 of the preceding year. The certificate of estimated resources may be further amended during the year if the City Auditor determines, and the Budget Commission agrees, that estimates need to be either increased or decreased. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the original and final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during 2016.

Appropriations - A temporary appropriation ordinance to control expenditures may be passed on or about January 1 of each year for the period January 1 to March 31. An annual appropriation ordinance must be passed by April 1 of each year for the period January 1 to December 31. The appropriation ordinance fixes spending authority at the legal level of budgetary control. The appropriation ordinance may be amended during the year as new information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed current estimated resources, as certified. The appropriations for a fund may only be modified during the year by an ordinance of Council. The amounts on the budgetary statement reflect the final appropriation amounts, including all amendments and modifications legally enacted.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Lapsing of Appropriations - At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Encumbrances are carried forward and are not reappropriated as part of the subsequent year appropriations.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances of the City's funds are pooled and invested in investments maturing within five years in order to provide improved cash management. Individual fund integrity is maintained through City records. Each fund's interest in the pooled bank account is presented on the balance sheet as "equity in pooled cash and investments".

During 2016, investments were limited to federal agency securities, U.S. Government money market, U.S. Treasury Notes and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments other than STAR Ohio, are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The City measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For 2016, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

At year end, the City had monies on deposit with the Franklin County Treasurer. This deposit relates to undistributed permissive taxes and has been reported on the financial statements as "cash with fiscal and escrow agent".

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. During 2016, interest revenue credited to the general fund amounted to \$60,406 which includes \$35,480 assigned from other City funds.

For purpose of presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the City are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the City's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

On government-wide and fund financial statements, purchased inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption.

I. Assets Held for Resale

As part of an economic development program, the City has acquired land and buildings for the purpose of revitalization. The City's intent is to sell the land and buildings for development. These transactions are conducted through the City's general fund and the streetscape project fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The associated assets have been reported at lower of cost or market.

J. Capital Assets

These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and disposals during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The City maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for all capital assets. The City's infrastructure consists of streets and curbs, traffic signals/lights and water/sewer improvements. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Useful lives for infrastructure were estimated based on the City's historical records of necessary improvements and replacement.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 - 50 years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	25 years

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the City consist of vacation leave, sick leave and compensatory time to the extent that payment to the employee for these absences is attributable to services already rendered and is not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City and the employee.

In conformity with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", vacation and compensatory benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at December 31 by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and by those employees for whom it is probable they will become eligible to receive termination benefits in the future.

The total liability for vacation leave, compensatory time and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus applicable additional salary related payments. City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation and sick leave at various rates.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "compensated absences payable" in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims, bonds, capital leases, lease purchase agreements and net pension liability are recognized as a liability on the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

M. Prepayments

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit beyond December 31, 2016, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording a current asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditures/expense in the year in which it was consumed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

N. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the statement of net position.

O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide financial statements.

P. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes land held for resale in the general fund, unclaimed monies in the general fund, and yearend balances of materials and supplies inventory and prepayments.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (ordinance) of City Council (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Per the City's fund balance policy, in the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of City Council, which includes giving the City Auditor the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

S. Bond Issuance Costs/Bond Premium and Discount/Accounting Gain or Loss

On the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are expensed during the year in which they are incurred.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds.

For advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported on the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

On the governmental-fund financial statements, bond premiums and issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 12.

T. Rental Income

In 2011, the City entered into a lease agreement with Four Seasons Golf Center, LLC for the lease of a City-owned golf facility. The lease is a five year term and calls for regularly scheduled rent payments plus additional rent payments as defined by the agreement. The City recognized \$33,848 in revenue related to this lease in 2016 in the general fund.

U. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the City Council and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During 2016, no such events took place for the City.

V. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

W. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For 2016, the City has implemented GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", GASB Statement No. 73 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68", GASB Statement No. 76, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments", GASB Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures", GASB Statement No. 78, "Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans" and GASB Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants".

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurement. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The City incorporated the corresponding GASB 72 guidance into its 2016 financial statements, however GASB Statement No. 72 did not have an effect on the beginning net position/fund balance of the City.

GASB Statement No. 73 improves the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 76 identifies - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 76 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 77 requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclosure certain information about the agreement. GASB Statement No. 77 also requires disclosures related to tax abatement agreements that have been entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The City incorporated the corresponding GASB 77 guidance into its 2016 financial statements. See Note 21 for the tax abatement disclosure. GASB 77 did not have an effect on the beginning net position/fund balance of the City.

GASB Statement No. 78 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for defined benefit pensions provided to the employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (cost-sharing pension plan) that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 68 and that (a) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (b) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (c) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the City.

GASB Statement No. 79 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for qualifying external investment pools that elect to measure for financial reporting purposes all of their investments at amortized cost. This Statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance and also establishes additional note disclosure requirements for governments that participate in those pools. The City participates in STAR Ohio which implemented GASB Statement No. 79 for 2016. The City incorporated the corresponding GASB 79 guidance into its 2016 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at December 31, 2016 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
2009 Bulletproof Vests	\$ 1,831
Bulletproof Vest Grant	13,314

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the City into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the City treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the City Council has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) or (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the City's deposits are provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the City Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the City Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Fiscal and Escrow Agent

At year-end, the City had \$235,000 on deposit with the Franklin County Treasurer. The data regarding insurance and collateralization can be obtained from the Franklin County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2016. This amount is not included in the City's depository balance below.

At year-end, the City had \$491,165 with Huntington Bank. This was related to the City's lease agreement for energy conservation.

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At December 31, 2016, the carrying amount of all City deposits was \$16,278,990. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of December 31, 2016, \$7,391,197 of the City's bank balance of \$16,432,084 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$9,040,887 was covered by the FDIC.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the City. The City has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the City to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of December 31, 2016, the City had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/	M	easurement	6 1	months or		7 to 12		13 to 18		19 to 24	G	reater than
Investment type	_	Amount		less	_	months	_	months	_	months	2	24 months
Fair Value:												
FHLB	\$	249,240	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	249,240
FHLMC		2,234,387		-		499,610		498,863		249,065		986,849
FFCB		997,068		-		-		248,560		-		748,508
FNMA		1,075,092		-		249,635		-		-		825,457
U.S. Government												
money market		33,757		33,757		-		-		-		-
U.S. Treasury notes		490,849		-		-		248,427		-		242,422
Amortized Cost:												
STAR Ohio		113,256		113,256	_		_				_	
Total	\$	5,193,649	\$	147,013	\$	749,245	\$	995,850	\$	249,065	\$	3,052,476

The weighted average maturity of investments is 2.19 years.

The City's investments in U.S. government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The City's investments in federal agency securities (FHLB, FHLMC, FFCB, FNMA) and U.S. Treasury notes, are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: The City's investment policy states that the City will minimize interest rate risk by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities and by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. With certain limitations, the City's investment policy states that the maximum maturity period for securities bearing interest at a fixed rate should be no greater than five years.

In addition, eligible investments bearing interest rates at a variable rate must have a maturity not greater than two years. The Ohio Revised Code requires repurchase agreements to not exceed 30 days and the fair value of securities for repurchase agreements must exceed the principal value by an amount greater than or equal to two percent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: The City's investments in federal agency securities, the U.S. Treasury bills and the U.S. Treasury notes were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard and Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. Standard & Poor's has assigned STAR Ohio an AAAm money market rating. The City's U.S. Government money market mutual funds were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The City's investment policy limits investments to those authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The federal agency securities and U.S. Treasurer Notes are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the City Auditor or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The City's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issue or specific class of securities.

The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the City at December 31, 2016:

Measurement/	M	easurement	
Investment type		<u>Amount</u>	% of Total
Fair Value:			
FHLB	\$	249,240	4.80
FHLMC		2,234,387	43.02
FFCB		997,068	19.20
FNMA		1,075,092	20.70
U.S. Government money market		33,757	0.65
U.S. Treasury notes		490,849	9.45
Amortized Cost:			
STAR Ohio		113,256	2.18
	\$	5,193,649	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2016:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	16,278,990
Investments		5,193,649
Cash with fiscal and escrow agent	_	726,165
Total	\$	22,198,804
Cash and investments per statement of net position	n	
Governmental activities	\$	21,983,868
Agency funds	_	214,936
Total	\$	22,198,804

NOTE 5 - INTERFUNDS

A. Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2016, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers to nonmajor governmental funds from:</u>	_	Amount
General fund	\$	3,714,928
TIF fund		341,048
Nonmajor governmental funds		87,486
Transfers to general fund from:		
TIF fund		1,350,000
Total transfers	\$	5,493,462

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers from the TIF fund to the general fund were for property acquisition and economic development incentives. Transfers from the TIF fund to nonmajor governmental funds were for debt service and economic development incentives. Transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to nonmajor governmental funds were for debt service and to close out a grant fund.

All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 5 - INTERFUNDS - (Continued)

B. Interfund loans consisted of the following at December 31, 2016, as reported on the fund financial statements:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 37,666

The interfund loans are expected to be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received by the borrowing funds. Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the statement of net position.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the City. Taxes collected from real property taxes (other than public utility) in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on the assessed value as of January 1 of that preceding year, the lien date. Assessed values are established by the County Auditor at 35 percent of appraised market value. All property is required to be revaluated every six years. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits later payment dates to be established.

Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes collected in one calendar year are levied in the preceding calendar year on assessed values determined as of December 31 of the second year preceding the tax collection year, the lien date. Public utility tangible personal property is assessed at varying percentages of true value; public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value. 2016 public utility property taxes became a lien December 31, 2015, are levied after October 1, 2016, and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility property taxes are payable on the same dates as real property taxes described previously.

The County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts in the County, including the City of Whitehall. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected. Property taxes receivable represents real property taxes, public utility taxes, delinquent tangible personal property taxes and other outstanding delinquencies which are measurable as of December 31, 2016 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. In the governmental funds, the current portion receivable has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the current taxes were not levied to finance 2016 operations and the collection of delinquent taxes has been offset by a deferred inflow of resources since the collection of the taxes during the available period is not subject to reasonable estimation. On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue while on a modified accrual basis the revenue is considered a deferred inflow of resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$1.50 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and public utility property upon which 2016 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

Real property

Residential/agricultural Commercial/industrial/mineral	\$116,385,640 89,800,590
Public utility	
Real	134,960
Personal	13,389,600
Total assessed value	\$219,710,790

NOTE 7 - LOCAL INCOME TAX

The City levies a municipal income tax of 2.5% on all salaries, wages, commissions and other compensation; on net profits earned within the City; and on incomes of residents earned outside of the City. In the latter case, the City allows a credit of 100% for any income tax paid to another municipality to a maximum of the total amount assessed. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employees' compensation and remit the tax to the City either monthly or quarterly. Corporations and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. Income tax revenue has been reported as revenue in the general fund to the extent that it was measurable and available to finance current operations at December 31. Income tax revenue for 2016 was \$24,089,057 in the general fund.

NOTE 8 - TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICTS (TIF)

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established five TIFs. A TIF represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement date of the TIF are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owners of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "payments in lieu of taxes (PILOT)", as though the TIF had not been established. These "PILOTS" are then dedicated to the payments for various public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF area. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF continue to be subjected to property taxes. PILOT revenue was \$661,502 in 2016 as reported in the fund financial statements. The TIFs have a longevity of the shorter period of 30 years or until the public improvements are paid for. The property tax exemption then ceases; PILOT's cease and property taxes then apply to the increased property values.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 9 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at December 31, 2016, consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest, special assessments, and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. All intergovernmental receivables have been classified as "due from other governments" on the financial statements. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2016.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Municipal income taxes	\$ 4,152,117
Property and other taxes	363,265
Payment in lieu of taxes	903,168
Accounts	569,245
Special assessments	281,758
Accrued interest	7,627
Due from other governments	857,971
Total	\$ 7,135,151

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the financial statements. The only receivable not expected to be collected within the subsequent year is the special assessments which are collected over the life of the assessment.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	12/31/15	Additions	Disposals	12/31/16
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,970,582	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,970,582
Construction in progress	1,773,620	3,474,823	(1,737,382)	3,511,061
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,744,202	3,474,823	(1,737,382)	5,481,643
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	648,685	92,631	-	741,316
Buildings and improvements	9,146,053	17,400	-	9,163,453
Equipment	2,257,376	233,885	(116,680)	2,374,581
Vehicles	3,265,536	591,832	(186,492)	3,670,876
Infrastructure	32,862,903	2,571,997		35,434,900
Total capital assets, being depreciated	48,180,553	3,507,745	(303,172)	51,385,126
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(385,507)	(15,133)	-	(400,640)
Buildings and improvements	(5,137,235)	(158,110)	-	(5,295,345)
Equipment	(1,707,902)	(126,815)	107,908	(1,726,809)
Vehicles	(2,313,499)	(229,659)	146,516	(2,396,642)
Infrastructure	(16,836,378)	(1,207,509)		(18,043,887)
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,380,521)	(1,737,226)	254,424	(27,863,323)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	21,800,032	1,770,519	(48,748)	23,521,803
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 25,544,234	\$ 5,245,342	\$ (1,786,130)	\$ 29,003,446

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 36,940
Security of persons and property	273,910
Transportation	1,338,035
Community environment	28
Leisure time activity	88,313
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$1,737,226

NOTE 11 - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

Capital Leases

During the current year and during prior years, the City entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of copiers and copier equipment. The terms of the lease agreements provide an option to purchase the equipment. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$118,320. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. Accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2016 was \$38,203, leaving a current book value of \$80,117. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in 2016 totaled \$21,077 and \$4,359, respectively, paid by the technology fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

During a prior year, the City entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of copiers. These leases meet the criteria of a capital lease, which defines a capital lease generally as one which transfers benefits and risks of ownership to the lessee at the conclusion of the lease term. Capital assets consisting of equipment have been expensed, rather than capitalized, for these leases as the equipment acquired does not exceed the City's threshold for capitalization. The present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition was \$8,033. A corresponding liability was recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal or interest payments in 2016 totaled \$1,703 and \$286, respectively. The lease obligation will be retired from the technology fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 11 - LESSEE DISCLOSURE - (Continued)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease obligations and the present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2016:

Year Ending		
December 31,	<u>Ec</u>	uipment
2017	\$	28,728
2018		28,729
2019		24,854
2020		10,353
2021	_	1,305
Total minimum lease payments		93,969
Less: amount representing interest	_	(7,656)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	86,313

NOTE 12 - LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. During 2016, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due in
Governmental activities:	12/31/15	Additions	Reductions	12/31/16	One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,305,000	\$ -	\$ (390,000)	\$ 3,915,000	\$ 375,000
Real estate purchase contract	500,000	-	(100,000)	400,000	100,000
OPWC loans	416,900	310,448	(24,320)	703,028	35,151
Revenue bonds	-	4,100,000	-	4,100,000	235,000
FCIB loan	-	550,000	-	550,000	57,056
Lease agreement	-	1,631,772	-	1,631,772	54,825
Capital lease obligations	94,808	14,285	(22,780)	86,313	24,981
Net pension liability	25,101,182	7,110,034	-	32,211,216	-
Compensated absences	2,008,130	1,024,082	(1,273,867)	1,758,345	939,246
Total	\$ 32,426,020	\$ 14,740,621	\$ (1,810,967)	45,355,674	\$ 1,821,259
	Add: unamortiz	ed premium on b	ond issue	679	
	Total on stateme	ent of net position	n	\$ 45,356,353	

General Obligation Bond

On February 20, 2007, the City issued general obligation refunding bonds (2007 various purpose refunding bonds). These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The bonds have an annual interest rate of 4.00% and are scheduled to mature on December 1, 2017. Principal and interest payments are made out of the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 12 - LONG -TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$61,763. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

On September 24, 2014, the City issued \$1,475,000 in general obligation serial bonds, for the purpose of improving streetscapes and acquiring land. These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The bonds have an annual interest rate of 2.75% and are scheduled to mature on December 1, 2028. Principal and interest payments are made out of the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

On July 14, 2015, the City issued \$2,500,000 in recreational facilities construction and improvement bonds, for the purpose of designing, constructing and improving various recreational facilities. These bonds are general obligations of the City, for which its full faith and credit is pledged for repayment. The bonds have an annual interest rate of 2.69% and are scheduled to mature on June 1, 2030. Principal and interest payments are made out of the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The following is a summary of the City's future annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds payable:

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 375,000	\$ 107,174	\$ 482,174
2018	240,000	94,002	334,002
2019	245,000	87,421	332,421
2020	260,000	80,707	340,707
2021	265,000	73,583	338,583
2022 - 2026	1,460,000	253,753	1,713,753
2027 - 2030	1,070,000	55,432	1,125,432
Total	\$ 3,915,000	\$ 752,072	\$ 4,667,072

Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) Loans

OPWC loans were issued during 2010 for the Mayflower Boulevard reconstruction, 2011 for the Country Club Village Roadway Improvements, 2012 for the Rosemore Avenue reconstruction, 2015 for Hamilton Road improvements, 2016 for additional Hamilton Road improvements and during 2016 for Etna Road improvements. The loans are interest free and principal payments are made from the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 12 - LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the City's future debt service principal and interest requirements for the OPWC loans. OPWC loans #CC08S and #CC11T has been excluded from the following calculations because the loans are currently "open" meaning the final disbursements have not yet been made from OPWC.

Year Ending				
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	\$ 35,151	\$ -	\$ 35,151	
2018	35,151	-	35,151	
2019	35,151	-	35,151	
2020	35,151	-	35,151	
2021	35,151	-	35,151	
2022 - 2026	175,754	-	175,754	
2027 - 2031	175,753	-	175,753	
2032 - 2036	72,189	-	72,189	
2037 - 2041	19,700	-	19,700	
2042	3,949		3,949	
Total	\$ 623,100	\$ -	\$ 623,100	

Revenue Bonds

The City has pledged future nontax revenues in the City's general fund to repay \$4,100,000 in in Series 2016 nontax revenue bonds. The City transfers the required amount of the debt payment to the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund) yearly. The proceeds were used to acquire the real and personal property within the City generally known as the Commons at Royal Landing as part of a project to redevelop that property with a mix of commercial and residential uses. The Series 2016 revenue bonds are payable solely from nontax revenues in the general fund and are payable through 2031. The most significant amounts of nontax revenues in the City's general fund which are pledged for these purposes are derived from charges for services, licenses and permits and fines and forfeitures. Annual principal and interest payments on the revenue bonds are expected to require less than 1.71 percent of general fund nontax revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the Series 2016 revenue bonds is \$4,816,980. Principal and interest paid for the current year was \$0 and \$32,823, respectively. General fund nontax revenues for the current year were \$1,919,861.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 12 - LONG -TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the City's future debt service principal and interest requirements for the Revenue Bonds.

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 235,000	\$ 87,615	\$ 322,615
2018	235,000	82,445	317,445
2019	240,000	77,220	317,220
2020	245,000	71,885	316,885
2021	250,000	66,440	316,440
2022 - 2026	1,360,000	245,080	1,605,080
2027 - 2031	1,535,000	86,295	1,621,295
Total	\$ 4,100,000	\$ 716,980	\$ 4,816,980

Franklin County Infrastructure Bank (FCIB) Loan

During 2016, the City entered into a Franklin County Infrastructure Bank (FCIB) Loan in the amount of \$550,000. The proceeds will be used to finance improvements to the north Hamilton Road corridor. The interest rates on the loan is 1.70%. Principal and interest payments on the bonds are due on April 1 and October 1 of each year and will be paid from the debt service fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The final maturity date is October 1, 2025.

The following is a summary of the City's future debt service principal and interest requirements for the FCIB Loan.

Year Ending December 31,	P	rincipal	Iı	nterest	Total
2017	\$	57,056	\$	9,109	\$ 66,165
2018		58,030		8,134	66,164
2019		59,020		7,144	66,164
2020		60,028		6,136	66,164
2021		61,053		5,112	66,165
2022 - 2025		254,813		9,842	 264,655
Total	\$	550,000	\$	45,477	\$ 595,477

Lease Agreement

On April 29, 2016, the City entered into a Master Lease Agreement in the amount of \$1,631,772 for energy conservation measures. The interest rates on the lease is 2.90%. Principal and interest payments on the lease are due on April 29 and October 29 of each year and will be paid from the mechanical upgrades fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The final maturity date is April 29, 2032.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 12 - LONG -TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The following is a summary of the City's future debt service principal and interest requirements for the lease.

Year Ending							
December 31,	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	54,825	\$	70,762	\$	125,587	
2018		81,950		45,143		127,093	
2019		85,525		42,738		128,263	
2020		89,200		40,235		129,435	
2021		93,050		37,617		130,667	
2022 - 2026		527,850		144,799		672,649	
2027 - 2031		648,750		60,661		709,411	
2032		50,622		734	_	51,356	
Total	\$ 1	,631,772	\$	442,689	\$	2,074,461	

Capital lease obligations

See Note 11 for detail on the City's capital lease obligations. In calculating the amount reported as "net investment in capital assets" on the statement of net position, it should be noted that \$4,792 of the capital lease obligation total of \$86,313 at December 31, 2016 was not used to acquire capital assets and therefore is excluded from the calculation and reported as a component of unrestricted net position.

Real Estate Purchase Contract

The City has entered into a real estate purchase contract for the acquisition of land to be held for resale. The contract required the City to pay the seller \$100,000 per year for a ten year period. Although the land acquired by the contract was sold during 2014, the City is still obligated to the real estate purchase contract. The contract is interest free and payments are made from the general fund.

Year Ending					
December 31,	Principal				
2017	\$ 100,000				
2018	100,000				
2019	100,000				
2020	100,000				
Total	\$ 400,000				

Net Pension Liability

See Note 14 for more details.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are paid primarily from the general fund and the street maintenance and repair fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 12 - LONG -TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2016, the City's total debt margin was \$19,257,414 and the unvoted debt margin was \$12,084,093.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During 2016, the City was insured through U.S. Specialty Insurance Company for all property, general liability, auto, public official liability, errors and omissions and law enforcement liability. Real property contents are 90% coinsured.

The City has transferred its risk of loss to the insurance carrier to the extent of the limits shown below:

Type of	Limits of	
Coverage	Coverage	<u>Deductible</u>
Property	\$15,340,697	\$1,000
General liability		
Per occurrence	1,000,000	0
Aggregate	3,000,000	0
Vehicles		
Comprehensive/Collision	1,000,000	1,000
Inland Marine	500,000	1,000
Law enforcement	1,000,000	5,000
Public management	1,000,000	5,000
Employment practices	1,000,000	5,000

B. Health Insurance

During a prior period, the City established a Risk Management program (within its general fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the City provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$70,000 per person per year for 2016. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Plan and for all other risks of loss.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

All funds of the City participate in the program. Payments are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior-year and current-year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. That reserve was \$876,942 at December 31, 2016 and is reported as a committed fund balance in the general fund. The claims liability reported in the general fund at December 31, 2016 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", as amended by Statement No. 30 "Risk Financing Omnibus", which requires that a liability for claims be reported at the estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The changes in claims liability during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Current Year Beginning Claims and of Year Changes in Liability Estimates		Claims Payments	End of Year Liability
2016	\$ 194,009	\$ 2,320,112	\$ (2,337,315)	\$ 176,806
2015	203,973	2,277,097	(2,287,061)	194,009

The entire claims liability of \$176,806 will be liquidated using expendable available resources and, therefore, is reported as a liability of the general fund.

C. Workers' Compensation

The City pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

Claims have not exceeded coverage limitations in any of the past three years.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The net pension liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability/asset represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability/asset calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes any net pension liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits or overfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* or *net pension asset*, respectively, on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *due to other governments* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description - City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Pension Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with defined contribution features. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the Member-Directed Plan and the Combined Plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' Traditional Pension Plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the Traditional Pension Plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the Traditional Pension Plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

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Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7, 2013

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

Group C

Members not in other Groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 57 with 25 years of service credit or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Benefits in the Combined Plan consist of both an age-and-service formula benefit (defined benefit) and a defined contribution element. The defined benefit element is calculated on the basis of age, FAS, and years of service. Eligibility regarding age and years of service in the Combined Plan is the same as the Traditional Pension Plan. The benefit formula for the defined benefit component of the plan for State and Local members in transition Groups A and B applies a factor of 1.0% to the member's FAS for the first 30 years of service.

A factor of 1.25% is applied to years of service in excess of 30. The benefit formula for transition Group C applies a factor of 1.0% to the member's FAS and the first 35 years of service and a factor of 1.25% is applied to years in excess of 35. Persons retiring before age 65 with less than 30 years of service credit receive a percentage reduction in benefit. The defined contribution portion of the benefit is based on accumulated member contributions plus or minus any investment gains or losses on those contributions. Members retiring under the Combined Plan receive a 3% COLA adjustment on the defined benefit portion of their benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Defined contribution plan benefits are established in the plan documents, which may be amended by the OPERS's Board of Trustees. Member-Directed Plan and Combined Plan members who have met the retirement eligibility requirements may apply for retirement benefits. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Combined Plan consists of the member's contributions plus or minus the investment gains or losses resulting from the member's investment selections. The amount available for defined contribution benefits in the Member-Directed Plan consists of the members' contributions, vested employer contributions and investment gains or losses resulting from the members' investment selections. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period, at a rate of 20% each year. For additional information, see the Plan Statement in the OPERS CAFR.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State and Local
2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	
Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %
2016 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	12.0 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	2.0 %
Total Employer	14.0 %
Employee	10.0 %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll.

The City's contractually required contribution for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was \$722,261 for 2016. Of this amount, \$509 is reported as due to other governments.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description - City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.opf.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2016 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$2,120,341 for 2016. Of this amount \$19,613 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Pension Liabilities/Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability and net pension asset for the OPERS Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan, respectively, were measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability or asset used to calculate the net pension liability or asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2015, to December 31, 2015. The City's proportion of the net pension liability or asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	OPERS		OP&F		Total
Proportion of the net pension					
liability prior measurement date		0.034235%		0.4048334%	
Proportion of the net pension					
liability current measurement date		0.033649%		<u>0.4101120</u> %	
Change in proportionate share		<u>0.000586</u> %		0.0052786%	
Proportion of the net pension					
asset current measurement date		0.008758%			
Change in proportionate share		<u>0.008758</u> %			
Proportionate share of the net					
pension liability	\$	5,828,431	\$	26,382,785	\$ 32,211,216
Proportionate share of the net					
pension asset		33		_	33
Pension expense		919,265		3,712,964	4,632,229

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At December 31, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 OPERS		OP&F	Total
Deferred outflows of resources	 _		_	 _
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 231	\$	-	\$ 231
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,713,248		4,294,108	6,007,356
Changes in employer's proportionate percentage/				
difference between employer contributions	146,593		547,431	694,024
City contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 722,261		2,120,341	2,842,602
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,582,333	\$	6,961,880	\$ 9,544,213
		,	_	 _
Deferred inflows of resources				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 112,617	\$	74,082	\$ 186,699
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 112,617	\$	74,082	\$ 186,699

\$2,842,602 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset in the year ending December 31, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		OPERS		OP&F	Total		
Year Ending December 31:							
2017	\$	471,073	\$	1,244,007	\$	1,715,080	
2018		446,673		1,244,007		1,690,680	
2019		441,856		1,244,007		1,685,863	
2020		387,737		962,845		1,350,582	
2021		30		61,003		61,033	
Thereafter		86		11,588		11,674	
Total	\$	1,747,455	\$	4,767,457	\$	6,514,912	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability/asset in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Wage inflation
Future salary increases, including inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA

4.25 to 10.05 percent including wage inflation
Pre 1/7/2013 retirees: 3 percent, simple
Post 1/7/2013 retirees: 3 percent, simple
through 2018, then 2.80% simple
8 percent
Individual entry age

3.75 percent

Investment rate of return Actuarial cost method

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table projected 20 years using Projection Scale AA. For males, 105 percent of the combined healthy male mortality rates were used. For females, 100 percent of the combined healthy female mortality rates were used. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2000 mortality table with no projections. For males 120 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used set forward two years. For females, 100 percent of the disabled female mortality rates were used.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2010.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefits portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, the 401 (h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio includes the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan and the VEBA Trust. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The money weighted rate of return, net of investments expense, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 0.40 percent for 2015.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the OPERS Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2015 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

		Weighted Average
		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed income	23.00 %	2.31 %
Domestic equities	20.70	5.84
Real estate	10.00	4.25
Private equity	10.00	9.25
International equities	18.30	7.40
Other investments	18.00	4.59
Total	100.00 %	5.27 %

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability/asset was 8 percent for both the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (7 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (7.00%)	Discount Rate (8.00%)		1% Increase (9.00%)	
City's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability (asset):						
Traditional Pension Plan	\$	9,286,115	\$	5,828,431	\$ 2,911,984	
Member-Directed Plan		88		(33)	(88)	

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date - In October 2016, the OPERS Board of Trustees adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of December 31, 2016. The most significant changes are a reduction in the expected investment return to 7.50% from 8.00%, the expected long-term average wage inflation was reduced to 3.25% from 3.75%, the expected long-term average price inflation was reduced to 2.50% from 3.00% and a change to various demographic assumptions. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the City's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2015, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2015, are presented below:

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Investment rate of return
Projected salary increases
Payroll increases
Inflation assumptions
Cost of living adjustments

January 1, 2015
Entry age normal
8.25 percent
4.25 percent to 11 percent
3.75 percent
3.25 percent
2.60 and 3.00 percent simple

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended December 31, 2011. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by OPF's Board and were effective beginning with the January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	10 Year Expected Real Rate of Return **	30 Year Expected Real Rate of Return **
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %		
-		(50.0/	7.00 0/
Domestic Equity	16.00	6.50 %	7.80 %
Non-US Equity	16.00	6.70	8.00
Core Fixed Income *	20.00	3.50	5.35
Global Inflation			
Protected Securities *	20.00	3.50	4.73
High Yield	15.00	6.35	7.21
Real Estate	12.00	5.80	7.43
Private Markets	8.00	9.50	10.73
Timber	5.00	6.55	7.35
Master Limited Partnerships	8.00	9.65	10.75
Total	120.00 %		

^{*} levered 2x

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.25 percent) than the current rate.

^{**} numbers include inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

		Current	
	1% Decrease (7.25%)	Discount Rate (8.25%)	1% Increase (9.25%)
City's proportionate share	(, , , , ,)	(11.11)	(******)
of the net pension liability	\$ 34,795,369	\$ 26,382,785	\$ 19,256,512

NOTE 15 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

A. Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description - OPERS maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension Plan and the Combined Plan. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

To qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined Plans must have ten years or more of qualifying Ohio service credit. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the healthcare plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report which may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642 or by calling (800) 222-7377.

Funding Policy - The post-employment healthcare plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h). State statute requires that public employers fund post-employment healthcare through contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to the Traditional or Combined Plans is set aside for the funding of post-employment health care.

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active employees. In 2016, local government employers contributed 14.00% of covered payroll. Each year the OPERS' Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for the funding of the postemployment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to fund post-employment healthcare for members in the Traditional Plan and Combined Plan for 2016 was 2.00%.

The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to establish rules for the payment of a portion of the health care benefits provided, by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. Active members do not make contributions to the post-employment healthcare plan.

The City's contributions allocated to fund post-employment health care benefits for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were \$121,680, \$114,145, and \$83,992, respectively; 99.94% has been contributed for 2016 and 100% has been contributed for 2015 and 2014. The remaining 2016 post-employment health care benefits liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 15 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

Changes to the health care plan were adopted by the OPERS Board of Trustees on September 19, 2012, with a transition plan commencing January 1, 2014. With the recent passage of pension legislation under State Bill 343 and the approved health care changes, OPERS expects to be able to consistently allocate 4.00% of the employer contributions toward the health care fund after the end of the transition period.

B. Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund

Plan Description - The City contributes to the OP&F Pension Fund sponsored health care program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides healthcare benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-employment health care coverage to any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability or survivor benefit check or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The health care coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the OP&F, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164 or by visiting the website at www.op-f.org.

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F (defined benefit pension plan). Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently, 19.50% and 24.00% of covered payroll for police and fire employers, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.50% of covered payroll for police employer units and 24.00% of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts, one account is for health care benefits under an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust and the other account is for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan into the Section 115 trust and the Section 401(h) account as the employer contribution for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was .5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2016 thru December 31, 2016. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that the pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 15 - POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS - (Continued)

The OP&F Board of Trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents, or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions to OP&F which were allocated to fund post-employment healthcare benefits for police officers and firefighters were \$24,170 and \$25,572 for the year ended December 31, 2016, \$23,348 and \$23,254 for the year ended December 31, 2015, and \$23,234 and \$18,126, for the year ended December 31, 2014. 100% has been contributed for 2015 and 2014. 98.98% has been contributed for police and 99.18% has been contributed for firefighters for 2016. The remaining 2016 post-employment health care benefits liability has been reported as due to other governments on the basic financial statements.

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund and TIF fund are presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis);
- (e) Investments are reported at fair value (GAAP basis), rather than cost (budget basis); and,
- (f) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 16 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements (as reported in the fund financial statements) to the budgetary basis statements for all governmental funds for which a budgetary basis statement is presented:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund	TIF
Budget basis	\$ (805,104)	\$(1,147,214)
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	(709,923)	-
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	3,774,384	52,527
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	703,337	-
Funds budgeted elsewhere	286,082	-
Adjustment for encumbrances	745,180	
GAAP basis	\$ 3,993,956	\$(1,094,687)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. This includes the unclaimed monies fund, self-funded insurance trust fund, tax incentive program fund, accrued benefits fund and recreation trust fund.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The City receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2016.

B. Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The City is a participant in the Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission (MORPC), a jointly governed organization. MORPC is composed of 104 representatives appointed by member governments who make up the Commission, the policy-making body of MORPC, and the oversight board. MORPC is a voluntary association of local governments in central and south central Ohio and a regional planning agency whose membership includes more than 60 political subdivisions in and around Franklin, Ross, Fayette, Delaware, Pickaway, Madison, Licking, Morrow, Union, Hocking, Logan, Perry, Marion, Knox and Fairfield counties, Ohio. The purpose of the organization is to improve the quality of life for member communities by improving housing conditions, to promote and support and facilitate the availability of regional environmental infrastructure program funding to the full advantage of MORPC's members.

NOTE 19 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the City's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrances
General fund	\$ 548,569
Other governmental	1,855,551
	\$ 2,404,120

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 20 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund balance	Genera	al	TIF	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 73	3,409 \$	-	\$ 159,033	\$ 232,442	
Prepaids),557	-	-	380,557	
Land held for resale	4,673	5,000	-	25,000	4,700,000	
Unclaimed monies		2,028			2,028	
Total nonspendable	5,130),994	<u> </u>	184,033	5,315,027	
Restricted:						
Judicial operations		-	-	449,737	449,737	
Security programs		-	-	1,869,702	1,869,702	
Public health service programs		-	-	70,675	70,675	
Community development programs		-	-	169,658	169,658	
Economic development		-	-	90,825	90,825	
Street maintenance		-	2,035,740	691,615	2,727,355	
Capital projects				2,838,535	2,838,535	
Total restricted		<u> </u>	2,035,740	6,180,747	8,216,487	
Committed:						
Fire department		-	-	960,612	960,612	
Insurance contingency	870	5,942	-	-	876,942	
Capital projects		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	3,850,643	3,850,643	
Total committed	870	5,942	_	4,811,255	5,688,197	
Assigned:						
General government	312	2,263	-	_	312,263	
Security programs	72	2,385	-	-	72,385	
Public health service programs		95	-	-	95	
Transportation		24	-	-	24	
Community development programs	624	4,380	-	-	624,380	
Leisure time activities	6′	7,899	-	-	67,899	
Utility services	6.	3,402	-	-	63,402	
Debt service		-	-	102,781	102,781	
Capital outlay	1:	5,815			15,815	
Total assigned	1,150	6,263	_	102,781	1,259,044	
Unassigned (deficit)	7,80	4,066		(15,145)	7,788,921	
Total fund balances	\$ 14,968	8,265 \$	2,035,740	\$ 11,263,671	\$ 28,267,676	

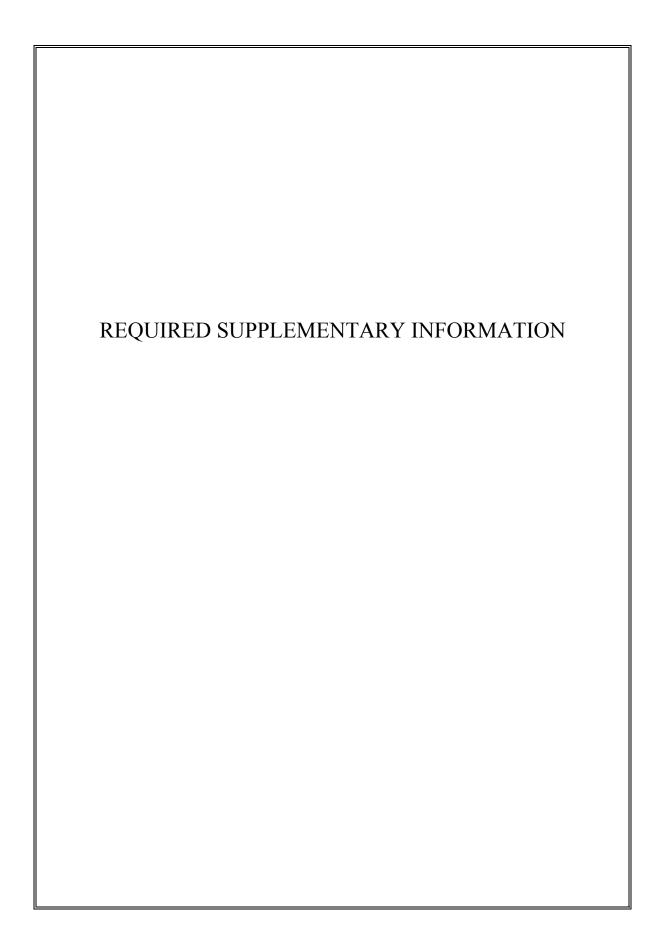
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

NOTE 21 - TAX ABATEMENTS AND TAX CREDITS

Income Tax Credits

The City, by Ordinance, may grant a refundable or nonrefundable credit against its tax on income to a taxpayer to foster job creation and/or for the purpose of fostering job retention in the City of Whitehall. For new job creation, if a credit is granted, it shall be measured as a percentage of the new income tax revenue the City derives from new employees of the taxpayer. For job retention, if a credit is granted, it shall be measured as a percentage of the income tax revenue the City derives from the retained employees of the taxpayer. Before the City passes an Ordinance granting a credit and/or allowing such a credit, the City and the taxpayer shall enter into an agreement specifying all the conditions of the credit.

As a result of entering into three grant agreements, the City awarded \$496,861 to local businesses during 2016.



SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST THREE YEARS

	 2016	2015	 2014
Traditional Plan:			
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.033649%	0.034235%	0.034235%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,828,431	\$ 4,129,124	\$ 4,035,860
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,707,225	\$ 5,838,775	\$ 4,155,192
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	102.12%	70.72%	97.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.08%	86.45%	86.36%
Member Directed Plan:			
City's proportion of the net pension asset	0.008758%	n/a	n/a
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$ 33	n/a	n/a
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 48,775	n/a	n/a
City's proportionate share of the net pension asset as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.07%	n/a	n/a
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset	103.91%	n/a	n/a

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST THREE YEARS

	2016			2015	 2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.41011200%	0.40483340%		0.40483340%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	26,382,785	\$	20,972,058	\$ 19,716,657
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	9,197,518	\$	9,215,999	\$ 9,075,058
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		286.85%		227.56%	217.26%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.77%		72.20%	73.00%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date which is the prior year.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

LAST TEN YEARS

	 2016	2015		2014	2013		
Traditional Plan:	 	'		 _			
Contractually required contribution	\$ 717,989	\$	684,867	\$ 700,653	\$	540,175	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (717,989)		(684,867)	 (700,653)		(540,175)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$ 	\$		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,983,242	\$	5,707,225	\$ 5,838,775	\$	4,155,192	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.00%		12.00%	12.00%		13.00%	
Combined Plan:							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 29						
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(29)						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 						
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 242						
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.00%						
Member Directed Plan:							
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,243	\$	5,853				
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (4,243)		(5,853)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$					
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 35,358	\$	48,775				
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.00%		12.00%				

 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008		2007
\$ 403,908	\$ 398,940	\$ 535,476	\$ 420,567	\$ 336,063	\$	366,406
 (403,908)	 (398,940)	 (535,476)	 (420,567)	 (336,063)		(366,406)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
\$ 4,039,080	\$ 3,989,400	\$ 6,003,094	\$ 5,173,026	\$ 4,800,900	\$	4,388,096
10.00%	10.00%	8.92%	8.13%	7.00%		8.35%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

LAST TEN YEARS

	2016		2015		2014		2013	
Police:						_		
Contractually required contribution	\$	918,456	\$	863,865	\$	887,962	\$	752,080
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(918,456)		(863,865)		(887,962)		(752,080)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,833,979	\$	4,546,658	\$	4,673,484	\$	4,736,020
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		19.00%		19.00%		19.00%		15.88%
Fire:								
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,201,885	\$	1,092,952	\$	1,067,491	\$	884,296
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,201,885)		(1,092,952)		(1,067,491)		(884,296)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,114,404	\$	4,650,860	\$	4,542,515	\$	4,339,038
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		23.50%		23.50%		23.50%		20.38%

 2012	 2011	2010		2009		2008		2007	
\$ 523,947	\$ 499,712	\$	636,506	\$	616,959	\$	580,307	\$	560,993
 (523,947)	 (499,712)		(636,506)		(616,959)		(580,307)		(560,993)
\$ _	\$ _	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	_
\$ 4,109,388	\$ 3,919,310	\$	4,992,204	\$	4,838,894	\$	4,551,427	\$	4,399,945
12.75%	12.75%		12.75%		12.75%		12.75%		12.75%
\$ 586,345	\$ 571,286	\$	687,854	\$	658,483	\$	644,390	\$	610,861
 (586,345)	 (571,286)		(687,854)		(658,483)		(644,390)		(610,861)
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	
\$ 3,399,101	\$ 3,311,803	\$	3,987,559	\$	3,817,293	\$	3,735,594	\$	3,541,223
17.25%	17.25%		17.25%		17.25%		17.25%		17.25%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (OPERS)

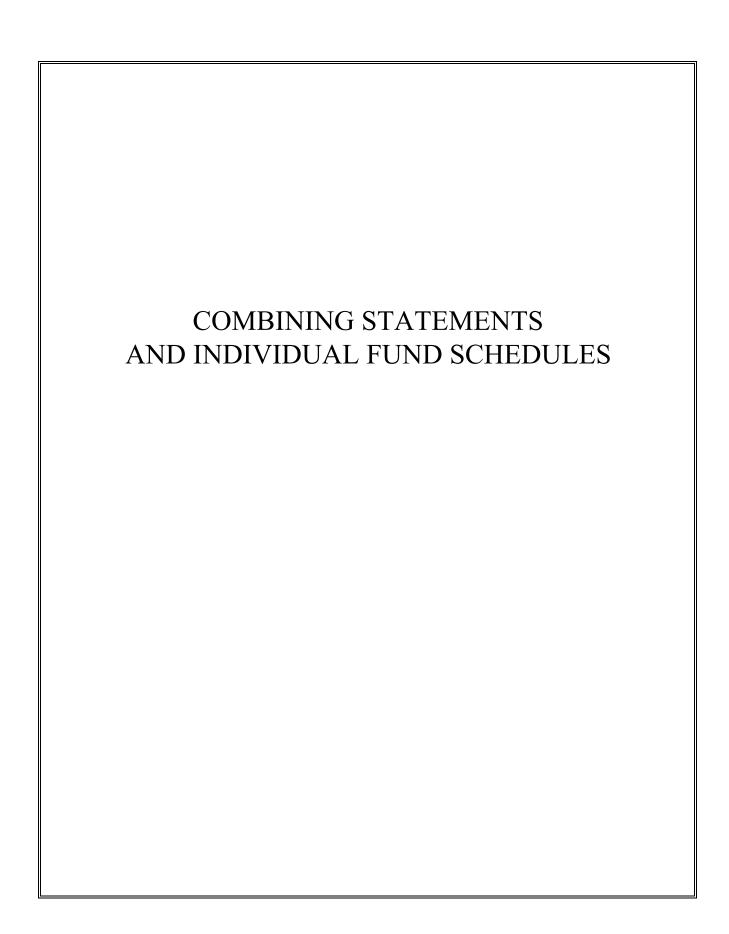
Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2016.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

OHIO POLICE AND FIRE (OP&F) PENSION FUND

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for 2014-2016.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for 2014-2016. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.



INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the City for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the charter of the City and/or the general laws of Ohio.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for all specific financial resources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted for specified expenditure purposes. Following is a description of the City's special revenue funds:

Major Special Revenue Fund

TIF Fund

To account for monies received in connection with tax increment financing agreements which are restricted for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Street Maintenance and Repair Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees restricted for the maintenance of the streets within the City.

FEMA Pre Disaster Mitigation Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues received from the Federal Emergency Management Agency through the State of Ohio Emergency Management Agency Pre Disaster Mitigation Grant.

State Highway Fund

This fund accounts for the portion of the state gasoline tax and motor vehicle registration fees designated for maintenance of state highways within the City.

Permissive Tax Fund

This fund accounts for revenues generated from permissive motor vehicle license taxes that are restricted for transportation programs. This fund did not have any activity on a cash-basis during 2016; therefore, a budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) schedule has not been presented.

BWC Safety Grant Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues restricted for the purchase of fire department equipment.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund

This fund accounts for grant monies received that are restricted for enforcement and training needs.

Department of Justice Forfeiture Fund

This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures revenue which are restricted for security of persons and property programs.

Mandatory Drug Fine Fund

To account for revenues received through fines and forfeitures that are restricted for security of persons and property programs.

Police Training Reimbursement Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues restricted for the reimbursement of trainings for the police department.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (continued)

OMVI Enforcement/Education Fund

To account for revenues received through fines and forfeitures that are restricted for the enforcement and education of OMVI.

FY2015 JAG Grant Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues restricted for the prevention and control of crime and to improve the criminal justice system.

Bulletproof Vests Grant Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues restricted for the purchase of bulletproof vests.

FY2014 JAG Grant Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues restricted for the prevention and control of crime and to improve the criminal justice system.

Mayor's Court Computer Fund

This fund accounts for revenues collected by the courts that are restricted for computer maintenance of the courts.

Clerk of Court Computer Fund

This fund accounts for revenues collected by the courts that are restricted for computer maintenance of the courts.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund

This fund accounts for revenues received through a hotel/motel tax which are restricted for economic improvement of the City.

Department of Treasury Forfeiture Fund

This fund accounts for fines and forfeitures revenue which are restricted for security of persons and property programs.

Bulletproof Vests Grant Program Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues restricted for the purchase of bulletproof vests.

Indigent Driver Interlock/Alcohol Monitoring Fund

To account for monies received through the enforcement and implementation of Ohio traffic laws governing operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have a separate legally adopted budget (budget basis):

Tax Incentive Program Fund

This fund accounts for resources that are assigned for general government type programs.

Accrued Benefits Fund

This fund accounts for resources that are committed for the accrued benefits of employees.

Unclaimed Monies Fund

To account for resources that are unclaimed monies that have not been distributed. The fund balance of this fund is nonspendable.

Self Funded Insurance Trust Fund

This fund accounts for resources that are committed for insurance contingencies of the City.

Recreation Trust Fund

This fund accounts for fees charged for recreational activities and is used for park and recreation purposes.

Economic Development Fund

This fund is used for the purpose of funding economic development incentives and planning.

Mayor's Court

This fund accounts for the activity of the City's Mayor's Court. This fund did not have any activity on a cash-basis during 2016; therefore, a budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) schedule has not been presented.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payments of principal, interest, and costs related to bond retirement and tax increment financing. Following is a description of the City's debt service funds:

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the resources that are used for the payment of principal, interest, and other fiscal charges on general obligation debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by the proprietary fund types. Following is a description of the City's capital project funds:

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Fire Department New Equipment Fund

To account for monies received through charges for services that are committed for new equipment for the fire department.

Medical Supply Fund

To account for a percentage of revenues received through charges and services provided by the EMS to be used for medical supplies.

Water and Sewer Mandate Fund

To account for revenues that are committed for the improvement of water and storm sewer lines within the City.

OPWC - Issue 2 Funds

To account for intergovernmental revenues received from the Ohio Public Works Commission that are restricted for the road projects throughout the City.

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for resources that are committed for various construction projects throughout the City.

Capital Improvement Fund

To account for intergovernmental revenues that are committed for various capital improvement expenditures within the City.

CERR Transfer Fund

This fund accounts for resources that are committed for the replacement and acquisition of equipment.

FRM Transfer Fund

This fund accounts for resources that are committed for the fleet maintenance within the City.

Technology Fund

This fund accounts for revenues received through licenses and permits that are committed for the purchase of technology equipment.

COE Stormshed Fund

To account for resources that are restricted for stormshed projects.

Community Development Trust Fund

This fund accounts for intergovernmental revenues that are restricted for community development projects throughout the City.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (continued)

Signal Improvements Fund

To account for intergovernmental revenues received from the Ohio Department of Transportation that are restricted for signal improvements throughout the City.

Streetscape Project Fund

To account for revenues from the 2014 City bond issue spent for land acquisition and streetscape improvements.

Recreation Bond Fund

To account for revenues from the 2015 City bond issue spent for recreational facilities construction and improvements.

N. Hamilton Road OPWC - Issue 2 Fund

To account for intergovernmental revenues received from the Ohio Public Works Commission that are restricted for the construction of N. Hamilton Road.

Life Cycle Replacement Fund

To account for .21% of general fund revenue used for the purpose of funding computer hardware and replacement.

Franklin County Infrastructure Bank Fund

To account for revenues from the 2015 loan through the Franklin County Infrastructure Bank spent on North Hamilton Road improvements.

Mechanical Upgrades Fund

To account for lease agreement proceeds that used for the purpose of energy conservation.

Etna Road Improvements Fund

To account for intergovernmental revenues received from the Ohio Public Works Commission that are restricted for improvements of Etna Road.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Income taxes	\$23,258,617	\$24,805,000	\$24,743,285	\$ (61,715)	
Property and other taxes	275,135	293,428	293,428	· · · ·	
Charges for services	279,035	297,587	297,587	-	
Licenses and permits	508,818	542,647	525,615	(17,032)	
Fines and forfeitures	253,062	269,887	269,887	-	
Intergovernmental	868,841	926,607	825,179	(101,428)	
Special assessments	140,649	150,000	59,463	(90,537)	
Investment income	84,176	89,773	89,773	=	
Rental income	185,548	197,884	135,155	(62,729)	
Contributions and donations	4,688	5,000	2,554	(2,446)	
Other	649,159	692,319	587,138	(105,181)	
Total revenues	26,507,728	28,270,132	27,829,064	(441,068)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General Government:					
City Council:					
Salaries and wages	131,250	131,250	121,704	9,546	
Operating	14,947	14,564	12,064	2,500	
Total city council	146,197	145,814	133,768	12,046	
Total city council	140,177	143,014	155,700	12,040	
Mayor:					
Salaries and wages	645,910	583,759	560,259	23,500	
Operating	24,550	84,550	83,484	1,066	
Total mayor	670,460	668,309	643,743	24,566	
Auditor/Treasurer:					
Salaries and wages	509,151	503,150	470,617	32,533	
Operating	959,905	965,158	964,679	479	
Total auditor/treasurer	1,469,056	1,468,308	1,435,296	33,012	
Human Resources:					
Salaries and wages	184,338	184,338	183,978	360	
Operating	29,315	28,745	28,431	314	
Total human resources	213,653	213,083	212,409	674	
Attorney:					
Salaries and wages	290,950	291,077	284,966	6,111	
Operating	20,113	19,673	19,596	77	
Total attorney	311,063	310,750	304,562	6,188	
City-Wide/Employee Benefits:					
City-wide/employee benefits - general government	5,607,823	5,841,335	5,349,152	492,183	
Total city/wide employee benefits.	5,607,823	5,841,335	5,349,152	492,183	
City Wide Farrages					
City-wide expense:	712 921	1 225 112	1 210 572	24 541	
City-wide expense - general government	712,821	1,335,113	1,310,572	24,541	
Total city/wide employee benefits	712,821	1,335,113	1,310,572	24,541	
Total General Government	9,131,073	9,982,712	9,389,502	593,210	

- - Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance with Final Budget
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Security of Persons and Property: Police:				
Salaries and wages	6,098,920	5,814,655	5,681,878	132,777
Operating	222,973	497,756	471,080	26,676
Total police	6,321,893	6,312,411	6,152,958	159,453
Fire:				
Salaries and wages	4,368,192	4,364,859	4,282,620	82,239
Operating	329,754	336,562	294,455	42,107
Total fire	4,697,946	4,701,421	4,577,075	124,346
City-Wide/Employee Benefits:	2 000 000	2 005 270	2.166.071	(90.702)
Police and fire pension	2,000,000 2,000,000	2,085,278 2,085,278	2,166,071 2,166,071	(80,793)
Total city-wide employee beliefits.	2,000,000	2,063,276	2,100,071	(80,793)
Total Security of Persons and Property.	13,019,839	13,099,110	12,896,104	203,006
Public Health and Welfare: Cemetery:				
Operating	147,119	146,700	145,831	869
Total cemetery	147,119	146,700	145,831	869
Total Public Health and Welfare	147,119	146,700	145,831	869
Transportation:				
Public Service:				
Salaries and wages	604,970	576,160	442,478	133,682
Operating	17,484	18,273	17,966	307
Total public service	622,454	594,433	460,444	133,989
Total transportation	622,454	594,433	460,444	133,989
Community Environment: Civil Service:				
Salaries and wages	3,200	3,200	3,200	_
Operating	25,000	40,000	33,328	6,672
Total civil service	28,200	43,200	36,528	6,672
Total Community Environment	28,200	43,200	36,528	6,672
Leisure Time Activities:				
Parks and Recreation:	471 025	444.006	242 800	100 107
Salaries and wages	471,035 529,088	444,006 428,673	343,809 417,411	100,197 11,262
Total parks and recreation	1,000,123	872,679	761,220	111,459
-	<u> </u>			
Total Leisure Time Activity	1,000,123	872,679	761,220	111,459
Utility Services: Utilities Department:				
Operating	1,317,554	1,252,613	1,150,309	102,304
Total utilities department	1,317,554	1,252,613	1,150,309	102,304
Total Utility Services	1,317,554	1,252,613	1,150,309	102,304

- - Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Capital outlay:				
Capital outlay	150,580	5,171,070	4,951,319	219,751
Total capital outlay	150,580	5,171,070	4,951,319	219,751
Debt Service:				
Principal retirement	100,000	100,000	100,000	-
Bond issuance costs	_	75,000	75,000	
Total debt service	100,000	175,000	175,000	
Total expenditures	25,516,942	31,337,517	29,966,257	1,371,260
Excess (deficency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	990,786	(3,067,385)	(2,137,193)	(930,192)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond issuance	-	4,100,000	4,100,000	-
Sale of capital assets	365,438	389,735	389,735	-
Advances in	93,766	100,000	100,000	-
Advances out	(25,000)	(25,000)	-	25,000
Transfers in	1,022,048	1,090,000	1,000,000	(90,000)
Transfers out	(3,207,757)	(4,913,990)	(4,807,646)	106,344
Loan issuance			550,000	550,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,751,505)	740,745	1,332,089	591,344
Net change in fund balance	(760,719)	(2,326,640)	(805,104)	1,521,536
Fund balance at beginning of year	6,417,973	6,417,973	6,417,973	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	878,380	878,380	878,380	=
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 6,535,634	\$ 4,969,713	\$ 6,491,249	\$ 1,521,536

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **TIF FUND**

	Budgeted Amounts						Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	947,000	\$	1,026,200	\$	661,502	\$	(364,698)	
Total revenues	-	947,000		1,026,200		661,502		(364,698)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Transportation:									
Operating		42,894		118,362		117,668		694	
Total transportation		42,894		118,362		117,668	-	694	
Total expenditures		42,894		118,362		117,668		694	
Excess (deficency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		904,106		907,838		543,834	-	(364,004)	
Other financing uses:									
Transfers out		(95,334)		(1,691,743)		(1,691,048)		695	
Total other financing uses		(95,334)		(1,691,743)		(1,691,048)		695	
Net change in fund balance		808,772		(783,905)		(1,147,214)		(363,309)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,130,427		3,130,427		3,130,427		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,939,199	\$	2,346,522	\$	1,983,213	\$	(363,309)	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds		onmajor bt Service Fund		Nonmajor pital Projects Fund		al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:	ф	2 011 646	ф	102 701	ф	7.552.002	ф	10.466.500
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,811,646	\$	102,781	\$	7,552,093	\$	10,466,520
Cash with fiscal and escrow agents		-		-		491,165		491,165
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		7.275						7.275
Property and other taxes		7,375		-		252.015		7,375
Accounts		2,991		-		352,815		355,806
Interfund loans.		37,666		-		-		37,666
Accrued interest		262 204		-		7		7
Due from other governments		362,294		-		56,799		419,093
Materials and supplies inventory		123,300		-		35,733		159,033
Assets held for resale		-				25,000		25,000
Cash with fiscal and escrow agent		235,000		_		_		235,000
Total assets	\$	3,580,272	\$	102,781	\$	8,513,612	\$	12,196,665
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	11,100	\$	-	\$	110,857	\$	121,957
Contracts payable		-		-		290,936		290,936
Accrued wages and benefits payable		28		-		-		28
Interfund loans payable		37,666		-		-		37,666
Due to other governments		145		-		-		145
Total liabilities	-	48,939	-			401,793	-	450,732
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Miscellaneous revenue not available		-		-		231,638		231,638
Intergovernmental revenue not available		250,624		-		_		250,624
Total deferred inflows of resources		250,624				231,638		482,262
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		123,300		-		60,733		184,033
Restricted		3,172,554		-		3,008,193		6,180,747
Committed		-		-		4,811,255		4,811,255
Assigned		-		102,781		-		102,781
Special revenue funds		(15,145)						(15,145)
Total fund balances		3,280,709		102,781		7,880,181	-	11,263,671
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		2.506.252	#	102 -01	•	0.510.512	Ċ.	10 10 4 5 5 5
of resources and fund balances	\$	3,580,272	\$	102,781	\$	8,513,612	\$	12,196,665

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Specia	nmajor Il Revenue 'unds	Del	onmajor ot Service Fund	lonmajor ital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					<u>.</u>	· ·	
Property and other taxes	\$	67,934	\$	-	\$ -	\$	67,934
Charges for services		-		-	495,273		495,273
Fines and forfeitures		22,918		-	-		22,918
Intergovernmental		2,575,114		-	778,596		3,353,710
Investment income		199		-	181		380
Other		6,688			 49,478		56,166
Total revenues		2,672,853			 1,323,528		3,996,381
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		42,950		-	-		42,950
Security of persons and property		235,508		-	109,800		345,308
Transportation		1,073,678		-	-		1,073,678
Economic development		88,861		-	-		88,861
Utility services		-		-	240,448		240,448
Capital outlay		50,000		-	5,504,760		5,554,760
Principal retirement		-		414,320	22,780		437,100
Interest and fiscal charges				153,913	 4,727		158,640
Total expenditures		1,490,997		568,233	 5,882,515		7,941,745
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		1,181,856		(568,233)	 (4,558,987)		(3,945,364)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Lease issuance		-		-	1,631,772		1,631,772
Capital lease transaction		-		-	14,285		14,285
Transfers in		460,419		671,014	3,012,029		4,143,462
Transfers (out)		(1,919)		-	(85,567)		(87,486)
Loan issuance					 310,448		310,448
Total other financing sources (uses)		458,500		671,014	 4,882,967		6,012,481
Net change in fund balances		1,640,356		102,781	323,980		2,067,117
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,640,353			 7,556,201		9,196,554
Fund balances at end of year	\$	3,280,709	\$	102,781	\$ 7,880,181	\$	11,263,671

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Street aintenance ad Repair	Pre	FEMA Disaster itigation	I	State Iighway	Permissive Tax	
Assets:		402.60						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	493,697	\$	70,675	\$	92,875	\$	-
Property and other taxes		_		_		_		_
Accounts.		-		-		-		-
Interfund loans		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		335,122		-		27,172		-
Materials and supplies inventory		123,300		-		-		-
Cash with fiscal and escrow agent		_		_		_		235,000
Total assets	\$	952,119	\$	70,675	\$	120,047	\$	235,000
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	6,596	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		28		-		-		-
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		6,627		-		- _		-
Total habilities	-	0,027	-				-	
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Intergovernmental revenue not available		231,827				18,797		
Total deferred inflows of resources		231,827		-		18,797		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		123,300		-		-		-
Restricted		590,365		70,675		101,250		235,000
Unassigned (deficit)		713.665		70,675		101.250		235,000
Total fund datances	-	/13,003		/0,0/3		101,230		233,000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					_			
of resources and fund balances	\$	952,119	\$	70,675	\$	120,047	\$	235,000

Eı	Law nforcement Trust		artment of Justice orfeiture		andatory rug Fine	T	Police raining abursement	Enf	OMVI forcement/ ducation		FY2015 JAG Grant	
\$	1,727,934	\$	46,069	\$	13,553	\$	12,080	\$	28,759	\$	12,954	
	-		-		-		-		-		_	
	-		-		-		-		275		-	
	32,305		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
\$	1,760,239	\$	46,069	\$	13,553	\$	12,080	\$	29,034	\$	12,954	
\$	4,504	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Ψ	-,501	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	
	5,361		-		-		-		_		11,799	
	142		-		-		-		-		-	
	10,007		-								11,799	
											-	
	<u> </u>		-		-	-	-				-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	1,750,232		46,069		13,553		12,080		29,034		1,155	
	1,750,232		46,069		13,553		12,080		29,034		1,155	
\$	1,760,239	\$	46,069	\$	13,553	\$	12,080	\$	29,034	\$	12,954	

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

		letproof Vests Grant		FY2014 JAG Grant		Aayor's Court omputer	Clerk of Court Computer	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	_	\$	3,310	\$	37,035	\$	174,986
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	Ψ		Ψ	3,310	Ψ	37,033	Ψ	174,200
Property and other taxes		-		-		- 016		1 000
Accounts		-		-		816		1,900
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		-
Cash with fiscal and escrow agent		_		_		_		_
Total assets	\$		\$	3,310	\$	37,851	\$	176,886
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,831		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-						-
Total liabilities		1,831				-		-
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Intergovernmental revenue not available Total deferred inflows of resources				<u> </u>				
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-				<u>-</u>
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		3,310		37,851		176,886
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,831)		-		-		-
Total fund balances		(1,831)		3,310		37,851		176,886
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$	-	\$	3,310	\$	37,851	\$	176,886

Hotel/ otel Tax	Tı	easury	Ves	sts Grant	Int A	erlock / .lcohol		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
83,450	\$	5,890	\$	-	\$	8,379	\$	2,811,646
7,375		_		-		_		7,375
-		-		-		-		2,991
-		-		5,361		-		37,666
-		-		-		-		362,294
-		-		-		-		123,300
_		_		-		_		235,000
90,825	\$	5,890	\$	5,361	\$	8,379	\$	3,580,272
_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,100
-		-		-		-		28
-		-		18,675		-		37,666
						_		145
				18,675				48,939
_		_		_				250,624
			-					250,624
			_					230,021
-		-		-		-		123,300
90,825		5,890		-		8,379		3,172,554
				(13,314)				(15,145)
90,825		5,890		(13,314)	-	8,379		3,280,709
90 825	\$	5 890	\$	5 361	s	8 379	s	3,580,272
	90,825	Hotel/ For the following state of the followi	Sometime Sometime	Treasury Very Forfeiture P	Say Say	Department of Treasury Forfeiture Sulletproof Vests Grant Program Most	Treasury Forfeiture Program Alcohol Monitoring	Note Content of Treasury Forfeiture Program Interlock Alcohol Monitoring Special Research Sp

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Street Maintenance and Repair	FEMA Pre Disaster Mitigation	State Highway	Permissive Tax
Revenues:				
Property and other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	757,943	-	51,517	73,993
Investment income	194	-	5	-
Other				
Total revenues	758,137	<u> </u>	51,522	73,993
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	=	=	-	=
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	-
Transportation	1,037,555	-	36,123	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				
Total expenditures	1,037,555		36,123	
Excess (deficency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(279,418)		15,399	73,993
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	458,500	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	458,500			
Net change in fund balances	179,082	-	15,399	73,993
Fund balances at beginning of year	534,583	70,675	85,851	161,007
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 713,665	\$ 70,675	\$ 101,250	\$ 235,000

BWC Safety Grant	E1	Law nforcement Trust	Departme Justic Forfeit	ee		latory g Fine	Tr	olice aining oursement	Enfor	MVI cement/ cation		Y2015 JAG Grant
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-	-		-		2,554		-		1,650		-
40,00	00	1,629,905		-		-		-		-		10,224
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
		-						6,688		1.650		-
40,00		1,629,905				2,554		6,688		1,650		10,224
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
40,00	00	176,700		-		3,875		-		-		9,069
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
40,00		50,000				3,875						9,069
40,00	<u> </u>	226,700				3,8/3		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		9,069
	<u>-</u>	1,403,205				(1,321)		6,688		1,650		1,155
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u>- </u>	(1,919)						-		-		-
	<u>- </u>	(1,919)										
	-	1,401,286		-		(1,321)		6,688		1,650		1,155
•	<u>-</u>	348,946	4	6,069	•	14,874	<u> </u>	5,392	•	27,384	•	1 155
\$	- \$	1,750,232	\$ 4	6,069	\$	13,553	\$	12,080	\$	29,034	\$	1,155

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	V	etproof ests rant	-,	Y2014 JAG Grant	(ayor's Court mputer	lerk of Court omputer
Revenues:							
Property and other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		5,604	13,110
Intergovernmental		-		6,171		-	-
Investment income		-		-		-	-
Other							
Total revenues				6,171		5,604	 13,110
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		-		-		3,619	39,331
Security of persons and property		3,750		1,414		-	-
Transportation		-		-		-	-
Economic development		-		-		-	-
Capital outlay		2.750		- 1 414		2.610	 20.221
Total expenditures		3,750		1,414		3,619	 39,331
Excess (deficency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(3,750)		4,757		1,985	 (26,221)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		1,919		-		-	-
Transfers (out)		_					
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,919		<u> </u>			 <u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		(1,831)		4,757		1,985	(26,221)
Fund balances at beginning of year		<u>-</u>		(1,447)		35,866	 203,107
Fund balances at end of year	\$	(1,831)	\$	3,310	\$	37,851	\$ 176,886

Hotel/ otel Tax	Department of Treasury Forfeiture	Bulletproof Vests Grant Program	Indigent Driver Interlock / Alcohol Monitoring	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
\$ 67,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 67,934		
´ -	-	-	<u>-</u>	22,918		
-	-	5,361	-	2,575,114		
-	-	-	-	199		
-	-	-	-	6,688		
67,934		5,361		2,672,853		
	_		_	42,950		
_	-	700	-	235,508		
_	_	700	_	1,073,678		
88,861	_	_	_	88,861		
-	_	_	_	50,000		
88,861	-	700		1,490,997		
 (20,927)		4,661		1,181,856		
-	-	-	<u>-</u>	460,419		
-	-	-	<u>-</u>	(1,919)		
=				458,500		
(20,927)	-	4,661	-	1,640,356		
 111,752	5,890	(17,975)	8,379	1,640,353		
\$ 90,825	\$ 5,890	\$ (13,314)	\$ 8,379	\$ 3,280,709		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND

	Budg	eted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 543,17\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	194	\$ 758,382 194 758,576	\$ (1,165) - - - - (1,165)		
Expenditures: Current: Transportation: Highway and Streets: Salaries and wages Operating Total Transportation.	881,06. 441,15 1,322,21	421,883	779,719 281,743 1,061,462	93,141 140,140 233,281		
Total expenditures	1,322,21		1,061,462	233,281		
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(778,90	(535,002)	(302,886)	232,116		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	649,69	(15,000)	458,500 - 458,500	(450,000) 15,000 (435,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(129,21	358,498	155,614	(202,884)		
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated . Fund balance at end of year	272,89. 45,91 \$ 189,58	45,913	272,892 45,913 \$ 474,419	\$ (202,884)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **FEMA PRE DISASTER MITIGATION FUND**

		Budgeted	l Amoui	nts			Final 1	ce with Budget
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	70,675	\$	70,675	\$	70,675	\$	_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	70,675	\$	70,675	\$	70,675	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STATE HIGHWAY FUND

	 Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	 riginar				ıcıuuı	(111	-gative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$ 49,495	\$	51,554	\$	51,554	\$	-
Investment income	5		5		5		-
Total revenues	49,500		51,559		51,559		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transportation:							
Operating	53,823		50,000		36,123		13,877
Total Transportation	53,823		50,000		36,123		13,877
Total expenditures	 53,823		50,000		36,123		13,877
Net change in fund balance	(4,323)		1,559		15,436		13,877
Fund balance at beginning of year	73,616		73,616		73,616		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	3,823		3,823		3,823		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 73,116	\$	78,998	\$	92,875	\$	13,877

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BWC SAFETY GRANT FUND

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts		Final l	ce with Budget itive
	Orig	ginal		Final	 Actual		ative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	40,000	\$ 40,000	\$	-
Total revenues		-		40,000	 40,000		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Security of Persons and Property:							
Operating		-		40,000	40,000		-
Total Security of Persons and Property.		-		40,000	40,000		-
Total expenditures		_		40,000	40,000		_
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		_		-	-		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	ints			Fin	ance with al Budget ositive
	184,551 184,551 		Final		Actual		egative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	1,629,905	\$	1,629,905	\$	-
Total revenues		229,321		1,629,905		1,629,905		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property: Operating		184 551		248,974		228,257		20,717
Total Security of Persons and Property.				248,974	-	228,257		20,717
Capital outlay:				50,000		50,000		
Capital outlay				50,000	-	50,000		
Tour capital outlay.				20,000		20,000		
Total expenditures		184,551		298,974		278,257		20,717
Excess of revenues over expenditures		44,770		1,330,931		1,351,648		20,717
Other financing sources (uses):								
Advances in		5,679		40,361		20,770		(19,591)
Advances out		-		(13,630)		(13,630)		-
Transfers out		5 679		(1,919) 24,812		(1,919) 5,221		(19,591)
Total other imalients sources (uses)		2,017		21,012		<u> </u>		(17,571)
Net change in fund balance		50,449		1,355,743		1,356,869		1,126
Fund balance at beginning of year		281,311		281,311		281,311		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .		33,551	_	33,551	_	33,551	_	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	365,311	\$	1,670,605	\$	1,671,731	\$	1,126

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FORFEITURE FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures	\$	3 9	\$	3 9	\$	- -	\$	(3) (9)	
Total revenues		12		12				(12)	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Operating		46,000		46,000				46,000	
Total Security of Persons and Property.		46,000		46,000		-		46,000	
Total expenditures		46,000		46,000		-		46,000	
Net change in fund balance		(45,988)		(45,988)		-		45,988	
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	46,069 81	\$	46,069 81	\$	46,069 46,069	\$	45,988	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MANDATORY DRUG FINE FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$	2,554	\$	(2,946)
Total revenues		5,500		5,500		2,554		(2,946)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Operating		14,000		14,000		3,875		10,125
Total Security of Persons and Property.		14,000		14,000		3,875		10,125
Total expenditures		14,000		14,000		3,875		10,125
Net change in fund balance		(8,500)		(8,500)		(1,321)		7,179
Fund balance at beginning of year		14,874		14,874		14,874		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	6,374	\$	6,374	\$	13,553	\$	7,179

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

POLICE TRAINING REIMBURSEMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts			Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	<u>Original</u>		Original Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Other	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	6,688	\$	1,688
Total revenues		5,000		5,000		6,688		1,688
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Operating		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Total Security of Persons and Property.		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Total expenditures		10,000		10,000				10,000
Net change in fund balance		(5,000)		(5,000)		6,688		11,688
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year		5,392 392	\$	5,392 392	•	5,392 12,080	•	11,688
runu valance at thu of year	D	392	Ф	392	Φ	12,000	Φ	11,000

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

OMVI ENFORCEMENT/EDUCATION FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original			Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,300	\$	2,300	\$	1,600	\$	(700)
Total revenues		2,300		2,300		1,600		(700)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Security of Persons and Property:								
Operating		26,000		26,000				26,000
Total Security of Persons and Property.		26,000		26,000				26,000
Total expenditures		26,000		26,000				26,000
Net change in fund balance		(23,700)		(23,700)		1,600		25,300
Fund balance at beginning of year		27,159		27,159		27,159		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,459	\$	3,459	\$	28,759	\$	25,300

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FY2015 JAG GRANT FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Fina	nce with l Budget ositive
	Ori	ginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	d)		•	10.224	Φ.	10.224	0	
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	10,224 10,224	\$	10,224 10,224	\$	
Expenditures: Current:								
Security of Persons and Property: Operating		_		11,799		9,069		2,730
Total Security of Persons and Property.		-		11,799		9,069		2,730
Total expenditures				11,799		9,069		2,730
Excess (deficency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				(1,575)		1,155		2,730
Other financing source: Advances in		_		11,799		11,799		_
Total other financing source				11,799		11,799		
Net change in fund balance		-		10,224		12,954		2,730
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	10,224	\$	12,954	\$	2,730

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **BULLETPROOF VESTS GRANT FUND**

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts				ce with Budget
	0	riginal		Final	A	ctual		ative)
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Operating	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,750 3,750	\$	3,750 3,750	\$	
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		3,750		3,750		
Excess of expenditures over revenues	-			(3,750)	-	(3,750)	-	
Other financing sources: Transfers in		- - -		1,919 1,831 3,750		1,919 1,831 3,750		- - -
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FY2014 JAG GRANT FUND

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,600	\$ 6,249	\$ 6,171	\$ (78)	
Total revenues	1,600	6,249	6,171	(78)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Operating	15,500	1,414	1,414		
Total Security of Persons and Property.	15,500	1,414	1,414		
Total expenditures	15,500	1,414	1,414		
Excess (deficency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(13,900)	4,835	4,757	(78)	
Other financing uses:					
Advances out	-	(15,409)	(15,409)	-	
Total other financing uses		(15,409)	(15,409)		
Net change in fund balance	(13,900)	(10,574)	(10,652)	(78)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	13,962	13,962	13,962	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 62	\$ 3,388	\$ 3,310	\$ (78)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues:									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	5,000	\$	5,541	\$	5,541	\$	-	
Total revenues		5,000		5,541		5,541		-	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government:									
Operating		4,000		4,000		3,907		93	
Total General Government		4,000		4,000		3,907		93	
Total expenditures		4,000		4,000		3,907		93	
Net change in fund balance		1,000		1,541		1,634		93	
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year		35,401 36,401	-\$	35,401 36,942	\$	35,401 37,035	-\$	93	
runu balance at thu of year	D	30,401	Ф	30,942	Ф	31,033	Φ	93	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CLERK OF COURT COMPUTER FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,956	\$ 12,956	\$ -	
Total revenues	12,000	12,956	12,956		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Operating	59,436	59,209	46,333	12,876	
Total General Government	59,436	59,209	46,333	12,876	
Total expenditures	59,436	59,209	46,333	12,876	
Net change in fund balance	(47,436)	(46,253)	(33,377)	12,876	
Fund balance at beginning of year	184,025	184,025	184,025	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	17,336	17,336	17,336	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 153,925	\$ 155,108	\$ 167,984	\$ 12,876	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Fi	Final		ctual	(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Property and other local taxes	\$ 80,0	000 \$	80,522	\$	67,686	\$	(12,836)
Total revenues	80,0	000	80,522		67,686		(12,836)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic Development:							
Operating	134,8		114,977		111,947		3,030
Total economic development	134,8	892	114,977		111,947		3,030
Total expenditures	134,8	392	114,977		111,947	-	3,030
Net change in fund balance	(54,8	392)	(34,455)		(44,261)		(9,806)
Fund balance at beginning of year	68,0)55	68,055		68,055		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	42,8	392	42,892		42,892		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 56,0	\$	76,492	\$	66,686	\$	(9,806)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY FORFEITURE FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Fines and forfeitures	Original		Final		Actual			
	\$	2,700 3 2,703	\$	2,700 3 2,703	\$	- - -	\$	(2,700) (3) (2,703)
Net change in fund balance		2,703		2,703		-		(2,703)
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$ \$	5,890 8,593	\$ \$	5,890 8,593	\$ \$	5,890 5,890	\$ \$	(2,703)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

BULLETPROOF VESTS GRANT PROGRAM FUND

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ - -	\$ 5,361 5,361	\$ 5,361 5,361	\$ - -	
Expenditures: Current: Security of Persons and Property: Operating	700	700	700	_	
Total Security of Persons and Property.	700	700	700	-	
Total expenditures		4,661	4,661		
Other financing uses: Advances out		(5,361) (5,361)	(5,361) (5,361)	<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balance	(700)	(700)	(700)	-	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated . Fund balance at end of year	700 \$ -	700 \$ -	700 \$ -	- - \$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INDIGENT DRIVER INTERLOCK / ALCOHOL MONITORING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Budgeted			Final l	ce with Budget itive		
Fund balance at beginning of year	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
	\$	8,379	\$	8,379	\$	8,379	\$	_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,379	\$	8,379	\$	8,379	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TAX INCENTIVE PROGRAM FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Ac	tual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Other financing source: Transfers in	\$	66,000 66,000	\$	66,000 66,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(66,000) (66,000)
Net change in fund balance		66,000		66,000		-		(66,000)
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	10 66,010	\$	10 66,010	\$	10 10	\$	(66,000)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ACCRUED BENEFITS FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures: Current:					
General Government: Operating	\$ 230,000 230,000	\$ 469,000 469,000	\$ 451,320 451,320	\$ 17,680 17,680	
Total expenditures	230,000	469,000	451,320	17,680	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(230,000)	(469,000)	(451,320)	17,680	
Other financing source: Transfers in	69,772 69,772	98,331 98,331	98,331 98,331	<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance	(160,228)	(370,669)	(352,989)	17,680	
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$ 249,629	\$ 409,857 \$ 39,188	\$ 56,868	\$ 17,680	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UNCLAIMED MONIES FUND

	Budgeted Amounts						Varian Final I Posi	Budget
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	2,028	\$	2,028	\$	2,028	\$	_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,028	\$	2,028	\$	2,028	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SELF FUNDED INSURANCE TRUST FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:					
Current: General Government:					
Operating	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ -	\$ 500,000	
Total General Government	500,000	500,000		500,000	
Total expenditures	500,000	500,000		500,000	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(500,000)	(500,000)		500,000	
Other financing source:					
Transfers in	279,090	293,327	293,327	-	
Total other financing source	279,090	293,327	293,327		
Net change in fund balance	(220,910)	(206,673)	293,327	500,000	
Fund balance at beginning of year	583,615	583,615	583,615	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 362,705	\$ 376,942	\$ 876,942	\$ 500,000	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RECREATION TRUST FUND

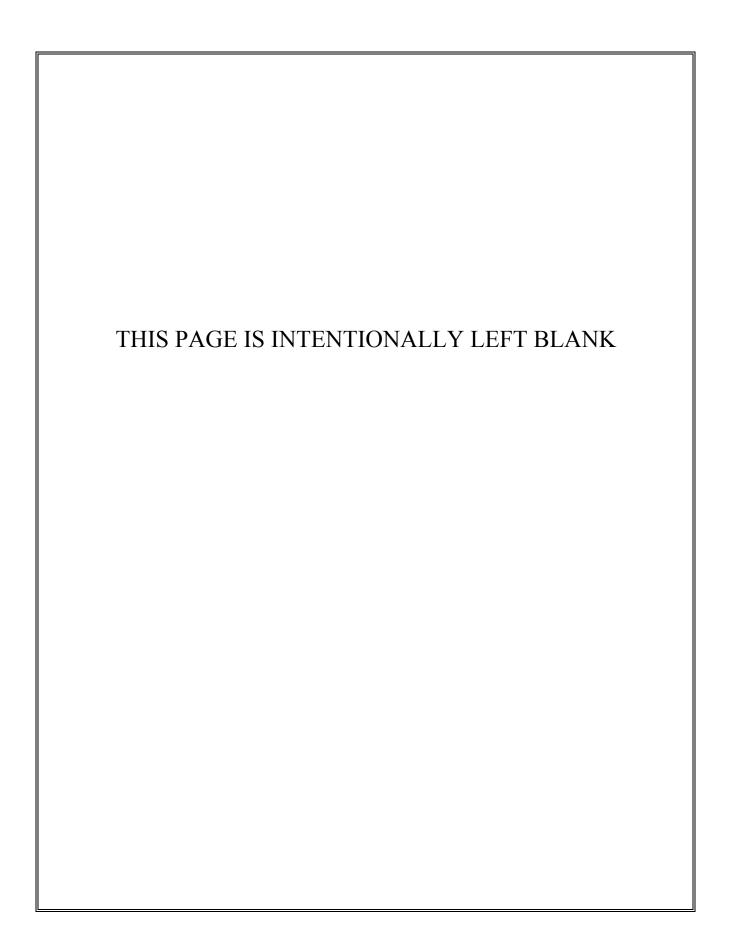
	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original		Final		Actual			
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	300	\$	1,084	\$	1,084	\$	-
Total revenues		300		1,084		1,084		-
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community Environment:								
Operating		22,000		22,000		1,734		20,266
Total Community Environment		22,000		22,000		1,734		20,266
Total expenditures		22,000		22,000		1,734		20,266
Net change in fund balance		(21,700)		(20,916)		(650)		20,266
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	-\$	21,784	\$	21,784 868	\$	21,784 21,134	\$	20,266

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original			Final		Actual		legative)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Economic Development:								
Operating	\$	447,354	\$	850,733	\$	670,347	\$	180,386
Total Economic Development		447,354		850,733		670,347		180,386
Total expenditures		447,354		850,733		670,347		180,386
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(447,354)		(850,733)		(670,347)		180,386
Other financing source:								
Transfers in		279,090		1,051,060		1,051,060		_
Total other financing source		279,090		1,051,060		1,051,060		-
Net change in fund balance		(168,264)		200,327		380,713		180,386
Fund balance at beginning of year		192,798		192,798		192,798		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .		14,354		14,354		14,354		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	38,888	\$	407,479	\$	587,865	\$	180,386

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original		Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:								
Debt Service:								
Principal retirement	\$	414,320	\$	414,320	\$	414,320	\$	-
Interest and fiscal charges		175,680		208,503		153,913		54,590
Total debt service		590,000		622,823		568,233		54,590
Total expenditures		590,000		622,823		568,233		54,590
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(590,000)		(622,823)		(568,233)		54,590
Other financing source:								
Transfers in		590,000		708,390		671,014		(37,376)
Total other financing source		590,000		708,390		671,014		(37,376)
Net change in fund balance		-		85,567		102,781		17,214
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	85,567	\$	102,781	\$	17,214



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Fire Department New Equipment		Medical Supply		Water and Sewer Mandate	Capital Projects	
Assets:	A	- 04 - 40		7 0.400			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	781,760	\$	79,133	\$ 1,213,279	\$	566,634
Cash with fiscal and escrow agents		-		-	-		-
Accounts		264,611		88,204	_		_
Accrued interest.		201,011		-	_		_
Due from other governments		_		_	_		_
Materials and supplies inventory		-		35,733	-		-
Assets held for resale			-		 	-	
Total assets	\$	1,046,371	\$	203,070	\$ 1,213,279	\$	566,634
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	18,185	\$	3,273	\$ 883	\$	-
Contracts payable		_			1,784		40,500
Total liabilities		18,185		3,273	 2,667		40,500
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Miscellaneous revenue not available		173,728		57,910	 		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		173,728		57,910	 		
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		-		35,733	-		-
Restricted		-		-	-		-
Committed		854,458		106,154	 1,210,612		526,134
Total fund balances		854,458		141,887	 1,210,612		526,134
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources and fund balances	\$	1,046,371	\$	203,070	\$ 1,213,279	\$	566,634

Capital Improvement			CERR Transfer	FRM Transfer		Te	echnology	COE rmshed	Community Development Trust		
\$	1,279,572	\$	107,257	\$	185,664	\$	612,976	\$ 393	\$	169,658	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
\$	1,279,572	\$	107,257	\$	185,664	\$	612,976	\$ 393	\$	169,658	
\$	-	\$	_	\$	29,529	\$	56,846	\$ -	\$	-	
	153,819	-		-				 -	-		
	153,819				29,529		56,846	 		-	
	-				-	-	-				
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	1,125,753		107.257		156,135		- 55(120	393		169,658	
	1,125,753		107,257 107,257		156,135		556,130 556,130	 393	-	169,658	
	1,120,700		107,207		150,155		220,120			107,000	
\$	1,279,572	\$	107,257	\$	185,664	\$	612,976	\$ 393	\$	169,658	

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Signal rovements		reetscape Project	I	Recreation Bond	N. Hamilton Road OPWC - Issue 2	
Assets:	\$	10.429	\$	01 627	\$	2 205 070	\$	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	Ф	10,438	Ф	81,637	Ф	2,295,070	Ф	_
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Accounts		_		_		_		_
Accrued interest		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		41,241
Materials and supplies inventory		-		-		-		-
Assets held for resale				25,000				
Total assets	\$	10,438	\$	106,637	\$	2,295,070	\$	41,241
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,141	\$	_
Contracts payable		-		-		38,034		41,241
Total liabilities		-		-		40,175		41,241
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Miscellaneous revenue not available		_		_		_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		_		25,000		_		
Restricted		10,438		81,637		2,254,895		_
Committed		10,436		-		2,234,073		_
Total fund balances.		10,438		106,637		2,254,895		-
T (11:1:1::: 1.0 1: 0								_
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	10,438	\$	106.637	\$	2,295,070	\$	41,241
of resources and fund balances	Ψ	10,730	Ψ	100,037	Ψ	2,273,070	Ψ	71,271

Life Cycle Replacement		klin County astructure Bank	echanical Jpgrades		na Road rovements	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
\$	93,359	\$ 75,263	\$ -	\$	_	\$	7,552,093	
	-	-	491,165		-		491,165	
	-	-	-		_		352,815	
	-	-	7		-		7	
	-	-	-		15,558		56,799	
	-	-	-		-		35,733	
	-	-	-		-		25,000	
\$	93,359	\$ 75,263	\$ 491,172	\$	15,558	\$	8,513,612	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	110,857	
	-	 			15,558		290,936	
		 	 		15,558		401,793	
							221 (22	
-		 	 				231,638	
	<u> </u>	 	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		231,638	
	_	_	_		_		60,733	
	_	_	491,172		_		3,008,193	
	93,359	75,263	.,1,1,2		_		4,811,255	
	93,359	 75,263	 491,172	-			7,880,181	
			 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 					
\$	93,359	\$ 75,263	\$ 491,172	\$	15,558	\$	8,513,612	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

		Fire epartment Equipment	Medical Supply	Vater and Sewer Mandate	OPWC - Issue 2 Funds	
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	388,845	\$ 106,428	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-	-	-		-
Investment income		-	-	-		-
Other	-		 	 		
Total revenues		388,845	 106,428	 		
Expenditures:						
Current:			100.000			
Security of persons and property		-	109,800	-		-
Utility services		276.541	-	240,448		220.520
Capital outlay		376,541	-	-		230,520
Principal retirement						
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	_		_
interest and fiscar charges		<u>-</u>	 -	 -	-	<u>_</u>
Total expenditures		376,541	 109,800	 240,448		230,520
Excess/(deficency) of revenues						
over/(under) expenditures		12,304	 (3,372)	 (240,448)		(230,520)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Lease issuance		_	_	_		-
Capital lease transaction		-	-	-		-
Transfers in		-	-	43,999		-
Transfers (out)		-	-	-		-
Loan issuance		-		 _		230,520
Total other financing sources (uses)			 	 43,999		230,520
Net change in fund balances		12,304	(3,372)	(196,449)		-
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		842,154	 145,259	 1,407,061		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	854,458	\$ 141,887	\$ 1,210,612	\$	

Capital Capital Projects Improvement		CERR ransfer	T	FRM ransfer	Те	chnology	COE Stormshed		
\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
-		-	8,545		-		-		-
-		-	-		45.059		-		-
 	-	<u> </u>	 <u> </u>		45,958			-	<u> </u>
			8,545		45,958				
-		-	-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
40,500	1	,045,239	59,990		345,772		414,459		-
_		_	_		_		22,780		_
 			 				4,645		
40,500	1	,045,239	 59,990		345,772		441,884		
 (40,500)	(1	,045,239)	 (51,445)		(299,814)		(441,884)		
-		-	-		-		-		-
-	1	170.001	- 72 222		225.007		14,285		-
65,000	I	,179,981	73,332		335,996		522,122		-
-		-	-		-		-		-
65,000	1	,179,981	73,332		335,996		536,407		-
24,500		134,742	21,887		36,182		94,523		-
501,634		991,011	 85,370		119,953		461,607		393
\$ 526,134	\$ 1	,125,753	\$ 107,257	\$	156,135	\$	556,130	\$	393

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Community Development Trust	Signal Improvements	Streetscape Project	Recreation Bond
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	52,057	-	-
Investment income	-	-	2	-
Other	3,520			
Total revenues	3,520	52,057	2	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Security of persons and property	-	-	-	-
Utility services	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	101,087	6,150	197,373	213,605
Debt service:				
Principal retirement.	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				
Total expenditures	101,087	6,150	197,373	213,605
Excess/(deficency) of revenues				
over/(under) expenditures	(97,567)	45,907	(197,371)	(213,605)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Lease issuance	-	_	_	_
Capital lease transaction	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	100,000	-	80,000	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	(85,567)	-
Loan issuance				
Total other financing sources (uses)	100,000		(5,567)	
Net change in fund balances	2,433	45,907	(202,938)	(213,605)
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	167,225	(35,469)	309,575	2,468,500
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 169,658	\$ 10,438	\$ 106,637	\$ 2,254,895

Roa	N. Hamilton Life Road OPWC Cycle - Issue 2 Replacement		Cycle	Franklin County Infrastructure Bank			lechanical Upgrades	na Road rovements	Total Nonmajor Dital Projects Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 495,273
	642,890		-		14,260		-	60,844	778,596
	-		-		-		179	-	181
					<u> </u>	-	-	 	 49,478
	642,890				14,260		179	 60,844	 1,323,528
	_		_		_		_	_	109,800
	-		-		-		-	-	240,448
	717,786		23,428		525,737		1,140,697	65,876	5,504,760
	-		-		-		-	-	22,780
							82	 	 4,727
	717,786		23,428		525,737		1,140,779	 65,876	 5,882,515
	(74,896)		(23,428)		(511,477)		(1,140,600)	 (5,032)	 (4,558,987)
	-		-		_		1,631,772	-	1,631,772
	-		-		-		-	-	14,285
	-		61,599		550,000		-	-	3,012,029
	-		-		-		-	-	(85,567)
	74,896 74,896		61,599		550,000		1,631,772	 5,032 5,032	 310,448 4,882,967
	/4,890		01,399		330,000		1,031,//2	 3,032	 4,002,90/
	-		38,171		38,523		491,172	-	323,980
			55,188		36,740			 	 7,556,201
\$		\$	93,359	\$	75,263	\$	491,172	\$ 	\$ 7,880,181

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FIRE DEPARTMENT NEW EQUIPMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	350,000	\$	365,148	\$	365,148	\$	-
Total revenues		350,000		365,148		365,148		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Capital Outlay:								
Operating		433,890		430,489		391,188		39,301
Total capital outlay		433,890		430,489		391,188		39,301
Total expenditures		433,890		430,489		391,188		39,301
Net change in fund balance		(83,890)		(65,341)		(26,040)		39,301
Fund balance at beginning of year		748,650		748,650		748,650		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .		27,390		27,390		27,390		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	692,150	\$	710,699	\$	750,000	\$	39,301

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MEDICAL SUPPLY FUND

	Budgeted		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 95,000	\$ 98,529	\$ 98,529	\$ -	
Total revenues	95,000	98,529	98,529		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Security of Persons and Property:					
Operating	108,373	108,347	103,402	4,945	
Total Security of Persons and Property.	108,373	108,347	103,402	4,945	
Total expenditures	108,373	108,347	103,402	4,945	
Net change in fund balance	(13,373)	(9,818)	(4,873)	4,945	
Fund balance at beginning of year	75,000	75,000	75,000	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	4,873	4,873	4,873	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 66,500	\$ 70,055	\$ 75,000	\$ 4,945	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

WATER AND SEWER MANDATE FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures: Current: Utility services	\$ 571,104 571,104	\$ 810,209 810,209	\$ 610,506 610,506	\$ 199,703 199,703
Total expenditures	571,104	810,209	610,506	199,703
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(571,104)	(810,209)	(610,506)	199,703
Other financing source: Transfers in	41,863 41,863	43,999 43,999	43,999 43,999	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(529,241)	(766,210)	(566,507)	199,703
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated . Fund balance at end of year	1,335,957 71,104 \$ 877,820	1,335,957 71,104 \$ 640,851	1,335,957 71,104 \$ 840,554	\$ 199,703

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) OPWC - ISSUE 2 FUNDS

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Capital Outlay: Operating	\$ 1,994,980	\$ 371,980	\$ 230,520	\$ 141,460
Total capital outlay	1,994,980	371,980	230,520	141,460
Total expenditures	1,994,980	371,980	230,520	141,460
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(1,994,980)	(371,980)	(230,520)	141,460
Other financing source:				
Loan issuance	1,995,000	372,000	230,520	(141,480)
Total other financing source	1,995,000	372,000	230,520	(141,480)
Net change in fund balance	20	20	-	(20)
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$ - \$ 20	\$ - \$ 20	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ (20)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures: Current:				
Capital Outlay:	Φ 206.124	Ф 425.000	¢.	Ф. 425.000
Operating	\$ 206,134	\$ 425,000	\$ -	\$ 425,000
Total capital outlay	206,134	425,000		425,000
Total expenditures	206,134	425,000		425,000
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(206,134)	(425,000)		425,000
Other financing source:				
Transfers in	-	65,000	65,000	-
Total other financing source		65,000	65,000	
Net change in fund balance	(206,134)	(360,000)	65,000	425,000
Fund balance at beginning of year	295,500	295,500	295,500	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	206,134	206,134	206,134	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 295,500	\$ 141,634	\$ 566,634	\$ 425,000

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

FOR THE YE	AR ENDED	DECEMBER 31	, 2016
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	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay:					
Operating	\$ 1,563,724	\$ 1,784,417	\$ 1,394,714	\$ 389,703	
Total capital outlay	1,563,724	1,784,417	1,394,714	389,703	
Total expenditures	1,563,724	1,784,417	1,394,714	389,703	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(1,563,724)	(1,784,417)	(1,394,714)	389,703	
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	837,269	1,179,981	1,179,981	-	
Total other financing sources	837,269	1,179,981	1,179,981	_	
Net change in fund balance	(726,455)	(604,436)	(214,733)	389,703	
Fund balance at beginning of year	864,599	864,599	864,599	_	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	180,324	180,324	180,324	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 318,468	\$ 440,487	\$ 830,190	\$ 389,703	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CERR TRANSFER FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 8,545	\$ 8,545	\$ -	
Total revenues		8,545	8,545		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay:					
Operating	98,662	98,662	88,652	10,010	
Total capital outlay	98,662	98,662	88,652	10,010	
Total expenditures	98,662	98,662	88,652	10,010	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(98,662)	(90,117)	(80,107)	10,010	
Other financing source:					
Transfers in	69,772	73,332	73,332	-	
Total other financing source	69,772	73,332	73,332		
Net change in fund balance	(28,890)	(16,785)	(6,775)	10,010	
Fund balance at beginning of year	85,370	85,370	85,370	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	28,662	28,662	28,662	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 85,142	\$ 97,247	\$ 107,257	\$ 10,010	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FRM TRANSFER FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:					
Other	\$ -	\$ 45,958	\$ 45,958	\$ -	
Total revenues		45,958	45,958		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay:					
Operating	288,998	371,728	365,702	6,026	
Total capital outlay	288,998	371,728	365,702	6,026	
Total expenditures	288,998	371,728	365,702	6,026	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(288,998)	(325,770)	(319,744)	6,026	
Other financing source:					
Transfers in	167,454	335,996	335,996	-	
Total other financing source	167,454	335,996	335,996		
Net change in fund balance	(121,544)	10,226	16,252	6,026	
Fund balance at beginning of year	116,190	116,190	116,190	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	14,998	14,998	14,998		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 9,644	\$ 141,414	\$ 147,440	\$ 6,026	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures: Current:				
Capital Outlay: Operating	\$ 542,842 542,842	\$ 514,161 514,161	\$ 474,469 474,469	\$ 39,692 39,692
Total expenditures	542,842	514,161	474,469	39,692
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(542,842)	(514,161)	(474,469)	39,692
Other financing source:	40 (=00			
Transfers in	496,780 496,780	522,122 522,122	522,122 522,122	
Net change in fund balance	(46,062)	7,961	47,653	39,692
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated . Fund balance at end of year	423,306 53,762 \$ 431,006	423,306 53,762 \$ 485,029	423,306 53,762 \$ 524,721	\$ 39,692
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COE STORMSHED FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Oı	iginal	I	inal	A	ctual		gative)
Expenditures: Current:								
Capital Outlay:								
Operating	\$	393	\$	393	\$	-	\$	393
Total capital outlay		393		393				393
Total expenditures		393		393				393
Net change in fund balance		(393)		(393)		-		393
Fund balance at beginning of year		393		393		393		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	393	\$	393

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT TRUST FUND

Revenues: S 3,520 \$ 5,520 \$ 3,		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Other \$ - \$ 3,520 \$ 3,520 \$ - Total revenues - 3,520 3,520 - Expenditures: Current: Curse to a spenditures: Capital Outlay: Operating 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total capital outlay. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total expenditures. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413		Original Final		Actual	
Expenditures: - 3,520 3,520 - Expenditures: Current: Capital Outlay: Operating . 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total capital outlay. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total expenditures. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in . 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413	Revenues:				
Expenditures: Current: Capital Outlay: Operating. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total capital outlay. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total expenditures. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in	Other	\$ -			\$ -
Current: Capital Outlay: 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total capital outlay. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total expenditures. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413	Total revenues		3,520	3,520	
Capital Outlay: 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total capital outlay. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total expenditures. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413	Expenditures:				
Operating 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total capital outlay 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total expenditures 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413					
Total capital outlay. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Total expenditures. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in. 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources. 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance. (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413					
Total expenditures. 163,786 138,600 105,187 33,413 Excess of expenditures over revenues. (163,786) (135,080) (101,667) 33,413 Other financing sources: Transfers in. 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources. 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance. (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413					
Excess of expenditures over revenues	Total capital outlay	163,786	138,600	105,187	33,413
Other financing sources: Transfers in . 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources . 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance . (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413	Total expenditures	163,786	138,600	105,187	33,413
Transfers in . 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources . 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance . (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413	Excess of expenditures over revenues	(163,786)	(135,080)	(101,667)	33,413
Transfers in . 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Total other financing sources . 66,522 100,000 100,000 - Net change in fund balance . (97,264) (35,080) (1,667) 33,413	Other financing sources:				
Net change in fund balance		66,522	100,000	100,000	-
	Total other financing sources	66,522	100,000	100,000	
Fund balance at beginning of year 117.539 117.539 -	Net change in fund balance	(97,264)	(35,080)	(1,667)	33,413
	Fund balance at beginning of year	117,539	117,539	117,539	_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated . 53,786 53,786 -		53,786	53,786	53,786	-
Fund balance at end of year	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 74,061	\$ 136,245	\$ 169,658	\$ 33,413

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SIGNAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 52,057	\$ (5,547,943)	
Total revenues	5,600,000	5,600,000	52,057	(5,547,943)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay:					
Operating	5,507,989	5,506,164	6,164	5,500,000	
Total capital outlay	5,507,989	5,506,164	6,164	5,500,000	
Total expenditures	5,507,989	5,506,164	6,164	5,500,000	
Excess of revenues over expendiures	92,011	93,836	45,893	(47,943)	
Other financing uses:					
Advances out	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)	-	
Total other financing uses	(100,000)	(100,000)	(100,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(7,989)	(6,164)	(54,107)	(47,943)	
Fund balance at beginning of year	56,556	56,556	56,556	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated .	7,989	7,989	7,989	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 56,556	\$ 58,381	\$ 10,438	\$ (47,943)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREETSCAPE PROJECT FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Investment income	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 2 2	\$ 2 2	\$ - -
Expenditures: Current: Capital outlay: Operating	284,656 284,656	229,676 229,676	197,960 197,960	31,716 31,716
Total expenditures	284,656	229,676	197,960	31,716
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	(284,656)	80,000 (85,567) (5,567)	80,000 (85,567) (5,567)	31,716
Net change in fund balance	(284,656) 126,198 158,964	(235,241) 126,198 158,964	(203,525) 126,198 158,964	31,716
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 506	\$ 49,921	\$ 81,637	\$ 31,716

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RECREATION BOND FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay:					
Operating	\$ 2,468,500	\$ 2,468,500	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,268,500	
Total capital outlay	2,468,500	2,468,500	1,200,000	1,268,500	
Total expenditures	2,468,500	2,468,500	1,200,000	1,268,500	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(2,468,500)	(2,468,500)	(1,200,000)	1,268,500	
Net change in fund balance	(2,468,500)	(2,468,500)	(1,200,000)	1,268,500	
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,468,500	\$ 2,468,500	\$ 1,268,500	\$ 1,268,500	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) N. HAMILTON ROAD OPWC - ISSUE 2 FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts				riance with nal Budget Positive
	Ori	ginal		Final		Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	_	\$	1,922,403	\$	598,522	\$	(1,323,881)
Total revenues		-		1,922,403		598,522		(1,323,881)
Expenditures: Current: Capital Outlay:								
Operating		_		1,994,980		671,099		1,323,881
Total capital outlay		-		1,994,980		671,099		1,323,881
Total expenditures				1,994,980		671,099		1,323,881
Excess of expenditures over revenues				(72,577)		(72,577)		
Other financing source:								
Loan issuance				72,577		72,577		<u> </u>
Total other financing source				72,577		72,577		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		\$	<u>-</u>
i una baiance at cha or year	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LIFE CYCLE REPLACEMENT FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Capital Outlay:				
Operating	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 23,428	\$ 36,572
Total capital outlay	60,000	60,000	23,428	36,572
Total expenditures	60,000	60,000	23,428	36,572
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(60,000)	(60,000)	(23,428)	36,572
Other financing source:				
Transfers in	58,609	61,599	61,599	
Total other financing source	58,609	61,599	61,599	
Net change in fund balance	(1,391)	1,599	38,171	36,572
Fund balance at beginning of year	55,188	55,188	55,188	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 53,797	\$ 56,787	\$ 93,359	\$ 36,572

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FRANKLIN COUNTY INFRASTRUCTURE BANK FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 14,260 14,260	\$ 14,260 14,260	\$ - -
Expenditures: Current: Capital Outlay:				
Operating	51,000	565,260	539,997	25,263
Total capital outlay	51,000	565,260	539,997	25,263
Total expenditures	51,000	565,260	539,997	25,263
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(51,000)	(551,000)	(525,737)	25,263
Other financing source:				
Transfers in		550,000	550,000	
Total other financing source		550,000	550,000	
Net change in fund balance	(51,000)	(1,000)	24,263	25,263
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated . Fund balance at end of year	51,000	51,000 \$ 50,000	51,000 \$ 75,263	\$ 25,263

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MECHANICAL UPGRADES FUND

		Budgeted	Amour	nts		Fin	ance with al Budget ositive
	Or	riginal		Final	 Actual		egative)
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$		\$	300	\$ 82	\$	(218)
Total revenues	-			300	 82		(218)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Capital Outlay:				1 (21 772	1 140 607		401.075
Operating				1,631,772 1,631,772	 1,140,697 1,140,697		491,075 491,075
Total capital outlay			-	1,031,772	 1,140,097		491,073
Debt service:							
Interest and fiscal charges				300	82		218
Total debt service				300	 82		218
Total expenditures				1,632,072	 1,140,779		491,293
Excess of expenditures over revenues				(1,631,772)	 (1,140,697)		491,075
Other financing source:							
Loan issuance				1,631,772	1,140,697		(491,075)
Total other financing source				1,631,772	 1,140,697		(491,075)
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ETNA ROAD IMPROVEMENTS FUND

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Ori	ginal		Final		Actual		Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	215,000	\$	34,760	\$	(180,240)
Total revenues				215,000		34,760		(180,240)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Capital Outlay:								
Operating		-		215,000		34,760		180,240
Total capital outlay		_		215,000		34,760		180,240
Total expenditures				215,000		34,760		180,240
Excess of expenditures over revenues								
Fund balance at beginning of year	•		•		•		•	
Fund balance at end of year	\$		D		3		3	

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES FUND DESCRIPTION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity, or as an agency for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. The following are the City's fiduciary fund types:

Agency Funds

Agency funds maintain assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or funds. These funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and therefore do not involve the measurement of results. The City has the following agency funds:

COBRA - Extended Benefits Fund Electrical Inspector Fund

Inspection Deposit Fund

Trunk & Storm Sewer Fund

Plumbing Permits Fund

Special Deposit Fund

Street Maintenance Deposit Fund

Acreage Fees Fund

Christmas Tree Lot Bond Fund

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ${\bf AGENCY\;FUNDS}$

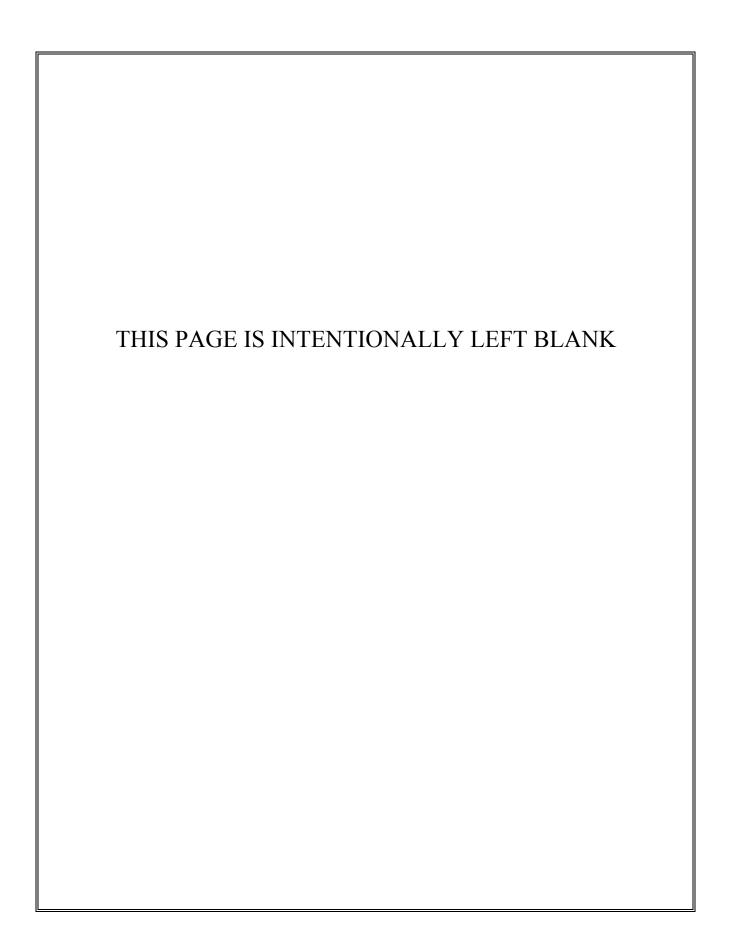
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	В	eginning Balance /31/2015	A	dditions	Re	eductions	В	Ending Salance /30/2016
COBRA - Extended Benefits Fund							· 	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	205	•		•		¢	205
Total assets	\$	205	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		<u>\$</u>	205
	Ψ	203	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	203
Liabilities: Deposits held and due to others	\$	205	\$	_	\$	_	S	205
Total liabilities	\$	205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	205
Electrical Inspector Fund Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	21,896	\$	-	\$		\$	21,896
Total assets	\$	21,896	\$		\$		\$	21,896
Liabilities:			,	_				
Deposits held and due to others	\$	21,896	\$		\$		\$	21,896
Total liabilities	\$	21,896	\$		\$		\$	21,896
Inspection Deposit Fund Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	75,920	\$	127,898	\$	129,582	\$	74,236
Total assets	\$	75,920	\$	127,898	\$	129,582	\$	74,236
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	9,864	\$	12,317	\$	9,864	\$	12,317
Due to other governments		254 65,802		499 115,082		254 119,464		499 61,420
Total liabilities	\$	75,920	\$	127,898	\$	129,582	\$	74,236
Trunk & Storm Sewer Fund								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,270	\$	300	\$	852	\$	4,718
Total assets.	\$	5,270	\$	300	\$	852	\$	4,718
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	5,270	\$	300	\$	852	\$	4,718
Total liabilities	\$	5,270	\$	300	\$	852	\$	4,718
Plumbing Permits Fund Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	9,634	\$	4,314	\$	4,689	\$	9,259
Total assets	\$	9,634	\$	4,314	\$	4,689	\$	9,259
Liabilities:								
Due to other governments	\$	81	\$	-	\$	81	\$	-
Deposits held and due to others	-	9,553	ф.	4,314	ф.	4,608	•	9,259
Total liabilities	\$	9,634	\$	4,314	\$	4,689	\$	9,259

- - Continued

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES **AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED)**

]	eginning Balance 2/31/2015	A	dditions	R	eductions]	Ending Balance 2/30/2016
Special Deposit Fund								
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	22,612	\$	12,610	\$	9,400	\$	25,822
Total assets	\$	22,612	\$	12,610	\$	9,400	\$	25,822
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,400	\$	-	\$	1,400	\$	-
Deposits held and due to others		21,212		12,610		8,000		25,822
Total liabilities	\$	22,612	\$	12,610	\$	9,400	\$	25,822
Street Maintenance Deposit Fund Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,958	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,958
Total assets	\$	1,958	\$		\$		\$	1,958
Liabilities:		<u> </u>						
Deposits held and due to others	\$	1,958	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,958
Total liabilities	\$	1,958	\$		\$		\$	1,958
Total Information	<u> </u>	1,750	<u> </u>		<u>Ψ</u>		<u> </u>	1,750
Acreage Fees Fund Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	96,837	\$	48,708	\$	69,003	\$	76,542
Total assets	\$	96,837	\$	48,708	\$	69,003	\$	76,542
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	96,837	\$	48,708	\$	69,003	\$	76,542
Total liabilities	\$	96,837	\$	48,708	\$	69,003	\$	76,542
Christmas Tree Lot Bond Fund Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	300	\$		\$		\$	300
Total assets	\$	300	\$	-	\$	_	\$	300
Liabilities:								
Deposits held and due to others	\$	300	\$		\$		\$	300
Total liabilities	\$	300	\$	-	\$		\$	300
Total Agency Funds Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	234,632	\$	193,830	\$	213,526	\$	214,936
Total assets.	\$	234,632	\$	193,830	\$	213,526	\$	214,936
Liabilities:		_				_		
Accounts payable	\$	11,264	\$	12,317	\$	11,264	\$	12,317
Due to other governments		335		499		335		499
Deposits held and due to others		223,033		181,014		201,927		202,120
Total liabilities	\$	234,632	\$	193,830	\$	213,526	\$	214,936



ST	ATISTICAL SECTION

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STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the preceding sections says about the City's overall financial health. It differs from the financial statements in that it usually covers more than one year and may present non-accounting data. For this reason, the Statistical Section is unaudited.

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Schedules 1-4 reflect financial trends data to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	158-167
Schedules 5-6 reflect revenue capacity and help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the income tax.	168-171
Schedules 7-11 reflect debt capacity and help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	172-180
Schedules 12-13 offer demographic and economic information to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	181-182
Schedules 14-16 contain operating information to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	183-187

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's annual financial reports for the relevant year.

SCHEDULE 1 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2016		2015		2014 (c)		2013
Governmental Activities			 		_		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	24,806,999	\$ 23,338,274	\$	22,174,272	\$	22,575,058
Restricted for:							
Capital projects		33,787	183,770		1,962,882		333,666
Debt service		67,936	-		-		23
Street maintenance and repair		3,101,279	3,972,679		3,237,666		2,622,540
Economic development		90,825	111,752		166,321		144,691
Tourism activities and economic development		-	-		-		-
Fire department equipment		-	-		-		-
Community development		169,658	167,225		256,022		458,701
Human services programs		2,390,114	927,589		715,768		837,747
Unrestricted (deficit)		(6,199,267)	(5,792,544)		(10,244,646)		12,202,291
Total governmental activities net position	\$	24,461,331	\$ 22,908,745	\$	18,268,285	\$	39,174,717

Note:

- (a) The Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position at December 31, 2010 have been restated to conform to 2011's presentation.
- (b) The Net Position at December 31, 2011 has been restated to conform to 2012's presentation.
- (c) The Net Position at December 31, 2014 has been restated for GASB Statement No. 68/71.

 2012	 2011 (b)		2010 (a)		2009	2008		 2007
\$ 22,768,813	\$ 22,444,654	\$	21,422,059	\$	19,364,514	\$	18,141,493	\$ 17,515,576
98,510	98,510		1,923,675		1,166,470		1,134,827	1,320,473
-	-		-		-		-	-
1,954,948	1,716,659		460,585		565,634		653,655	761,705
149,868	304,055		375,466		434,629		447,029	-
-	-		-		-		-	448,720
_	_		505,265		364,140		383,252	447,100
555,713	590,135		590,135		593,533		863,400	863,653
751,986	1,070,003		2,969,588		2,561,639		2,688,581	2,113,992
10,827,322	9,277,095		3,300,372		3,922,381		4,393,847	4,827,904
\$ 37,107,160	\$ 35,501,111	\$	31,547,145	\$	28,972,940	\$	28,706,084	\$ 28,299,123

SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2016	2015		2014	2013
Program Revenues:		 	-		
Governmental activities					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 812,691	\$ 738,549	\$	767,069	\$ 797,113
Security of persons and property	874,158	802,154		682,389	754,564
Transporation	52,433	57,714		214,696	159,459
Leisure time activities	135,155	224,339		205,462	151,726
Operating grants and contributions	2,610,807	1,183,441		924,530	1,004,680
Capital grants and contributions	828,255	2,030,432		127,159	689,752
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,313,499	5,036,629		2,921,305	3,557,294
Expenses:					
Governmental Activities					
General government	9,298,376	8,180,568		8,631,355	7,908,848
Security of persons and property	15,289,561	13,745,077		13,103,312	12,641,273
Public health and welfare	149,231	137,228		126,308	135,766
Transportation	3,106,746	3,162,652		2,930,747	3,038,646
Community environment	31,752	18,610		23,497	19,925
Leisure time activity	786,491	891,685		845,744	894,039
Economic development	747,485	475,907		100,062	150,314
Utility services	1,347,178	1,211,198		1,070,076	1,277,327
Interest and fiscal charges	269,024	131,542		50,591	49,887
Bond issuance costs	-	-		21,200	-
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 31,025,844	\$ 27,954,467	\$	26,902,892	\$ 26,116,025
Net (Expense) Revenue					
Total primary government net expense	\$ (25,712,345)	\$ (22,917,838)	\$	(23,981,587)	\$ (22,558,731)

 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007
\$ 897,425	\$ 1,132,367	\$ 957,289	\$ 628,584	\$ 578,043	\$ 521,987
604,737	754,043	603,939	539,078	517,476	521,615
146,237	144,067	181,336	225,663	63,256	185,091
172,167	186,499	100,445	130,564	88,887	146,853
840,603	1,169,979	2,033,366	1,355,463	1,485,704	1,772,017
 873,919	 1,800,747	 1,554,170	 929,554	 -	 81,315
 3,535,088	 5,187,702	 5,430,545	 3,808,906	 2,733,366	 3,228,878
8,584,595	6,499,347	6,853,110	6,361,664	5,234,821	5,238,550
13,085,319	12,965,963	11,362,217	11,676,927	10,554,951	10,308,780
110,644	124,388	119,592	284,552	123,546	86,524
2,876,440	2,701,909	2,623,097	2,478,019	2,360,155	2,425,295
29,538	26,063	219,806	1,251,252	61,374	24,850
908,997	803,154	733,584	762,010	662,338	679,319
253,708	-	-	-	-	-
1,236,778	1,541,342	676,465	614,424	849,300	411,991
59,595	74,273	92,156	108,112	125,940	113,024
	 <u>-</u> _	 	 	 	
\$ 27,145,614	\$ 24,736,439	\$ 22,680,027	\$ 23,536,960	\$ 19,972,425	\$ 19,288,333
\$ (23,610,526)	\$ (19,548,737)	\$ (17,249,482)	\$ (19,728,054)	\$ (17,239,059)	\$ (16,059,455)

SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	n			
Governmental activities				
Income taxes levied for:				
General purposes	24,838,215	24,162,958	22,206,805	21,803,680
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	301,288	291,670	282,674	276,029
Lodging taxes levied for:				
Special purposes	67,934	79,850	121,692	138,137
Grants and entitlements not restricted				
to specific programs	745,623	936,001	958,711	1,119,982
Investment earnings	57,224	63,266	81,714	17,175
Payment in lieu of taxes	661,502	941,352	646,052	499,369
Miscellaneous	593,145	1,083,201	773,918	771,916
Special item: gain (loss) on sale of asset		<u></u> _	(900,000)	
Total governmental activities	27,264,931	27,558,298	24,171,566	24,626,288
Change in Net Position				
Total primary government	\$ 1,552,586	\$ 4,640,460	\$ 189,979	\$ 2,067,557

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
21,951,825	20,570,658	16,783,672	16,004,379	14,173,287	15,014,192
348,432	393,669	456,971	423,734	481,330	415,056
99,521	92,749	83,694	92,834	102,080	139,091
1,212,711	1,604,801	1,621,629	1,456,263	1,695,625	2,001,045
38,504	72,370	79,005	139,826	280,603	467,186
525,600	408,308	449,492	1,125,044	413,221	-
670,827	360,148	349,224	752,830	499,874	463,111
24,847,420	23,502,703	19,823,687	19,994,910	17,646,020	18,499,681
\$ 1,236,894	\$ 3,953,966	\$ 2,574,205	\$ 266,856	\$ 406,961	\$ 2,440,226

SCHEDULE 3 FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 5,130,994	\$ 481,241	\$ 475,130	\$ 1,390,280
Committed	876,942	852,636	605,762	511,974
Assigned	1,156,263	918,022	1,154,196	486,159
Unassigned	7,804,066	8,722,410	6,165,356	6,580,039
Reserved	-	-	-	-
Unreserved	 	 <u>-</u>	 	
Total general fund	 14,968,265	 10,974,309	 8,400,444	 8,968,452
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	184,033	198,650	161,880	94,675
Restricted	8,216,487	7,580,501	5,490,113	3,897,852
Committed	4,811,255	4,602,721	4,763,967	4,180,304
Assigned	102,781	-	-	2,840
Unassigned (deficit)	(15,145)	(54,891)	(97,001)	(8,741)
Reserved	-	-	-	-
Unreserved (deficit), reported in:				
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	 	 	 	
Total all other governmental funds	 13,299,411	 12,326,981	 10,318,959	 8,166,930
Total governmental funds	\$ 28,267,676	\$ 23,301,290	\$ 18,719,403	\$ 17,135,382

Note:

(a) The City implemented GASB 54 in 2011. The prior years (2007-2010) have been restated to reflect the change.

 2012	 2011 (a)	 2010	 2009	 2008	 2007
\$ 141,617	\$ 135,591	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
693,269 613,335	1,095,606	-	-	-	-
4,897,501	320,258	-	-	-	-
4,097,301	4,714,233	465,734	587,514	1,331,098	1,692,380
 <u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,941,906	4,440,209	3,833,818	 3,523,132
 6,345,722	 6,265,688	 4,407,640	 5,027,723	 5,164,916	 5,215,512
81,524	119,270	-	_	_	_
3,253,917	3,473,501	-	_	-	-
4,155,549	3,570,804	-	-	-	-
2,840	2,220	-	-	-	-
(4,486)	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	577,838	709,185	508,077	934,043
-	-	2,605,770	2,293,035	2,034,887	1,830,353
 	 -	 2,547,561	 1,418,907	 2,095,615	 1,928,124
 7,489,344	 7,165,795	 5,731,169	 4,421,127	 4,638,579	 4,692,520
\$ 13,835,066	\$ 13,431,483	\$ 10,138,809	\$ 9,448,850	\$ 9,803,495	\$ 9,908,032

SCHEDULE 4 CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2016		2015		2014		2013
Revenues								
Municipal income taxes	\$	24,089,057	\$	24,100,371	\$	22,224,376	\$	21,641,273
Property and other local taxes	Ψ	361,362	Ψ	369,557	Ψ	419,069	Ψ	439,937
Payments in lieu of taxes		661,502		941,352		646,052		499,369
Charges for services		800,639		767,084		704,816		667,743
Licenses and permits		496,586		468,437		433,817		550,187
Fines and forfeitures		297,134		278,390		347,989		246,508
Intergovernmental		4,171,589		4,066,509		1,916,527		2,779,169
Special assessments		52,433		57,714		202,060		159,459
Investment income		60,786		67,641		78,036		13,550
Rental income		135,155		224,339		205,462		151,726
Contributions and donations		2,554		2,469		3,144		1,000
Other		649,311		1,083,362		795,341		787,279
Total revenues	-	31,778,108		32,427,225		27,976,689		27,937,200
Total revenues		31,770,100		32,127,223		27,570,005	-	27,537,200
Expenditures								
Current:		0.000.700		7.010.065		0.450.104		7.467.201
General government		9,000,788		7,819,065		8,452,194		7,467,281
Security of persons and property		13,231,895		12,392,392		12,397,888		11,568,781
Public health and welfare		145,736		129,525		120,624		130,646
Transportation		1,695,877		1,802,831		1,649,399		1,757,154
Community environment		31,262		17,134		22,677		18,286
Leisure time activities		684,967		722,640		726,097		756,252
Economic development		747,485		475,907		100,062		150,314
Utility services		1,347,178		1,211,198		1,070,076		1,277,327
Capital outlay		5,862,653		5,430,160		2,250,766		2,307,568
Debt service								
Principal retirement		537,100		442,287		341,956		357,690
Interest and fiscal charges		158,640		96,092		42,943		45,585
Bond issuance costs		75,000		31,500		21,200		-
Total expenditures		33,518,581		30,570,731		27,195,882		25,836,884
Eveneral (definion ov) of revenues								
Excess/(deficiency) of revenues over/(under) expenditures		(1.740.472)		1 956 404		700 007		2 100 216
over/(under) experiantures		(1,740,473)		1,856,494		780,807		2,100,316
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Bond issuance		4,100,000		2,500,000		1,475,000		-
Lease proceeds		1,631,772		-		-		_
Lease-purchase agreement		, , <u>-</u>		_		-		_
Premium on refunding bonds issued		_		_		_		_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_		_		_		_
Capital lease transaction		14,285		76,214		35,854		_
Transfers in		5,493,462		2,375,176		2,594,189		2,242,307
Transfers out		(5,493,462)		(2,375,176)		(2,594,189)		(2,242,307)
Loan proceeds		860,448		137,715		(=,0) .,10)		(2,2 .2,5 0 7)
Insurance proceeds		-		-		_		_
Sale of capital assets		100.254		11.464		102 260		
Total other financing sources (uses)		100,354 6,706,859		11,464 2,725,393		192,360 1,703,214		
Total other imanering sources (uses)		0,700,837		2,723,373		1,705,214		
Special item:								
Loss on sale of asset		-		-		(900,000)		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	4,966,386	\$	4,581,887	\$	1,584,021	\$	2,100,316
Capital expenditures Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	\$	5,245,186	\$	3,937,790	\$	1,306,817	\$	1,204,593
expenditures		2.46%		2.02%		1.49%		1.64%

	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007
\$	21,297,923	\$	21,034,376	\$	16,814,950	\$	16,065,683	\$	14,620,565	\$	14,098,188
φ	436,292	Φ	502,032	φ	518,670	Ф	531,046	φ	575,758	Ф	616,361
	525,600		408,308		449,492		1,538,265		-		-
	715,322		696,089		646,531		590,530		594,426		493,448
	629,475		816,219		553,132		558,019		375,416		301,029
	268,357		311,240		332,540		306,722		349,375		333,855
	2,877,452		4,688,673		5,168,579		3,823,519		3,179,621		3,861,448
	146,237		144,067		181,321		105,781		10,800		186,755
	43,854		73,400		83,542		141,180		282,750		493,061
	172,167		186,499		172,458		199,397		241,925		322,551
	8,225		2,000		4,200		24,215		211,525		522,551
	677,827		360,148		349,224		439,241		146,745		162,082
	27,798,731		29,223,051		25,274,639		24,323,598		20,377,381		20,868,778
	21,750,751		27,223,031		23,271,037		21,323,330		20,577,501		20,000,770
	8,156,068		6,089,038		6,815,158		6,139,656		5,186,618		5,322,764
	12,105,729		11,916,106		10,912,110		10,775,066		10,190,037		9,756,594
	105,603		11,910,100		119,592		273,908		124,476		84,985
	1,630,671		1,550,021		1,599,488		1,486,951		1,474,466		1,507,622
	27,635		19,230		219,222		1,249,039		61,247		23,834
	724,127		670,318		664,087		654,297		594,411		578,629
	253,708		070,316		004,087		034,297		394,411		376,029
	1,236,778		1,541,342		676,465		614,424		849,300		411,991
	3,030,160		3,802,375		3,242,318		3,010,034		1,530,477		1,399,704
	240,955		223,553		398,635		375,528		365,981		343,143
	55,260		64,692		83,427		99,340		117,010		107,320
			-		-		-		-		56,231
	27,566,694		25,993,529		24,730,502		24,678,243		20,494,023		19,592,817
	232,037		3,229,522		544,137		(354,645)		(116,642)		1,275,961
	_		-		_		-		_		2,000,000
	-		-		-		-		-		, , , <u>-</u>
	-		_		-		-		-		158,156
	-		_		-		-		-		7,994
	-		_		-		-		-		(1,951,763)
	3,717		_		41,328		-		-		3,497
	2,831,434		3,153,317		2,438,158		1,358,454		1,109,777		1,756,489
	(2,831,434)		(3,153,317)		(2,438,158)		(1,358,454)		(1,109,777)		(1,756,489)
	167,829		63,152		104,494		-		_		
	-		-		-		-		12,105		-
	171,546		63,152		145,822		<u> </u>		12,105		217,884
	171,540		05,132		143,022				12,103		217,004
	-		<u> </u>				-				
\$	403,583	\$	3,292,674	\$	689,959	\$	(354,645)	\$	(104,537)	\$	1,493,845
\$	1,956,846	\$	2,505,646	\$	3,407,913	\$	2,468,030	\$	1,661,780	\$	1,086,849
	1.16%		1.23%		2.26%		2.14%		2.56%		2.43%

SCHEDULE 5 INCOME TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS (CASH-BASIS)

	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
Income Tax Rate	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Income Tax Receipts				
Employee Withholding	\$ 22,415,546	\$ 20,388,040	\$ 20,450,206	\$ 19,484,769
% of total	90.6%	90.5%	91.2%	90.2%
Corporate	1,393,752	1,364,244	1,172,518	1,298,941
% of total	5.6%	6.1%	5.2%	6.0%
Individuals	933,986	787,089	806,792	825,597
% of total	3.8%	3.5%	3.6%	3.8%
Total income tax receipts	\$ 24,743,284	\$ 22,539,373	\$ 22,429,516	\$ 21,609,307

Source: City of Whitehall Income Tax Division

 2012	 2011	 2010	 2009	2008		 2007
2.50%	2.50%	2.00%	2.00%		2.00%	2.00%
\$ 19,410,183 91.7%	\$ 19,227,787 92.7%	\$ 15,457,635 91.9%	\$ 14,545,654 90.6%	\$	13,317,772 90.8%	\$ 13,502,537 91.3%
984,176 4.6%	840,570 4.1%	751,736 4.5%	857,780 5.3%		767,740 5.2%	708,238 4.8%
777,014 3.7%	662,485 3.2%	603,677 3.6%	648,463 4.0%		581,297 4.0%	584,016 3.9%
\$ 21,171,373	\$ 20,730,842	\$ 16,813,048	\$ 16,051,897	\$	14,666,809	\$ 14,794,791

SCHEDULE 6 INCOME TAX RATES AND ALLOCATION BY FUND LAST TEN YEARS (CASH BASIS)

	 2016 2015		 2014	2013		
Tax Rate Components: General operations	2.500%		2.500%	2.500%		2.500%
Allocation of Receipts: General Fund % of total	\$ 24,743,284 100.0%	\$	22,539,373 100.0%	\$ 22,429,516 100.0%	\$	21,609,307 100.0%
Total income tax allocated	\$ 24,743,284	\$	22,539,373	\$ 22,429,516	\$	21,609,307

Note: Section 181.01 of the Codified Ordinances of the City of Whitehall sets the current income tax rate as follows:

Two and One-half percent (2.5%) for the purposes of general municipal operation, maintenance, new equipment and capital improvements of City of Whitehall and other items as set forth in this Chapter. This portion is allocated to the General Fund.

Source: City of Whitehall Income Tax Division

_	2012 2011		2011	_	2010	 2009	_	2008	2007	
	2.500%		2.500%		2.000%	2.000%		2.000%		2.000%
\$	21,171,373 100.0%	\$	20,730,842 100.0%	\$	16,813,048 100.0%	\$ 16,051,897 100.0%	\$	14,666,809 100.0%	\$	14,794,791 100.0%
\$	21,171,373	\$	20,730,842	\$	16,813,048	\$ 16,051,897	\$	14,666,809	\$	14,794,791

SCHEDULE 7 RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

	2016		 2015	 2014	2013		
Governmental Activities							
General obligation bonds payable	\$	3,915,000	\$ 4,305,000	\$ 2,115,000	\$	855,000	
Revenue bonds payable		4,100,000	-	_		-	
Real estate purchase contract		400,000	500,000	600,000		700,000	
Lease agreement payable		1,631,772	-	-		-	
Loan payable		550,000	-	-		-	
OPWC loans payable		703,028	416,900	292,675		306,165	
Lease purchase obligation		-	_	-		-	
Capital lease obligation		86,313	 94,808	 37,391		15,003	
Total primary government	\$	11,386,113	\$ 5,316,708	\$ 3,045,066	\$	1,876,168	
Debt per capita							
City Population ¹		19,657	18,558	18,503		18,078	
Outstanding debt per capita	\$	579	\$ 286	\$ 165	\$	104	
Debt as percentage of personal income							
Personal income	\$	574,849,308	\$ 534,600,306	\$ 337,846,277	\$	330,086,202	
Percentage of personal income		1.98%	0.99%	0.90%		0.57%	

Sources:

¹U.S. Census Bureau

 $^{^2\}mathrm{U.S.}$ Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

_	Restated 2012		2011		2010		2009 2008		2008	2007	
\$	1,060,000	\$	1,255,000	\$	1,440,000	\$	1,805,000	\$	2,155,000	\$	2,490,000
	800,000		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	210 655		161 276		102.404		-		-		-
	319,655 29,842		161,376 58,196		102,404 85,135		110,731		135,050		158,156
	24,361		28,695		36,129		750		1,959		9,834
\$	2,233,858	\$	1,503,267	\$	1,663,668	\$	1,916,481	\$	2,292,009	\$	2,657,990
¢.	18,066	ф	18,101	ф	18,062	¢	18,125	¢.	18,148	¢	18,174
\$	124	\$	83	\$	92	\$	106	\$	126	\$	146
\$	334,076,472 0.67%	\$	344,733,545 0.44%	\$	344,099,162 0.48%	\$	347,673,750 0.55%	\$	335,592,816 0.68%	\$	346,123,830 0.77%

SCHEDULE 8 RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

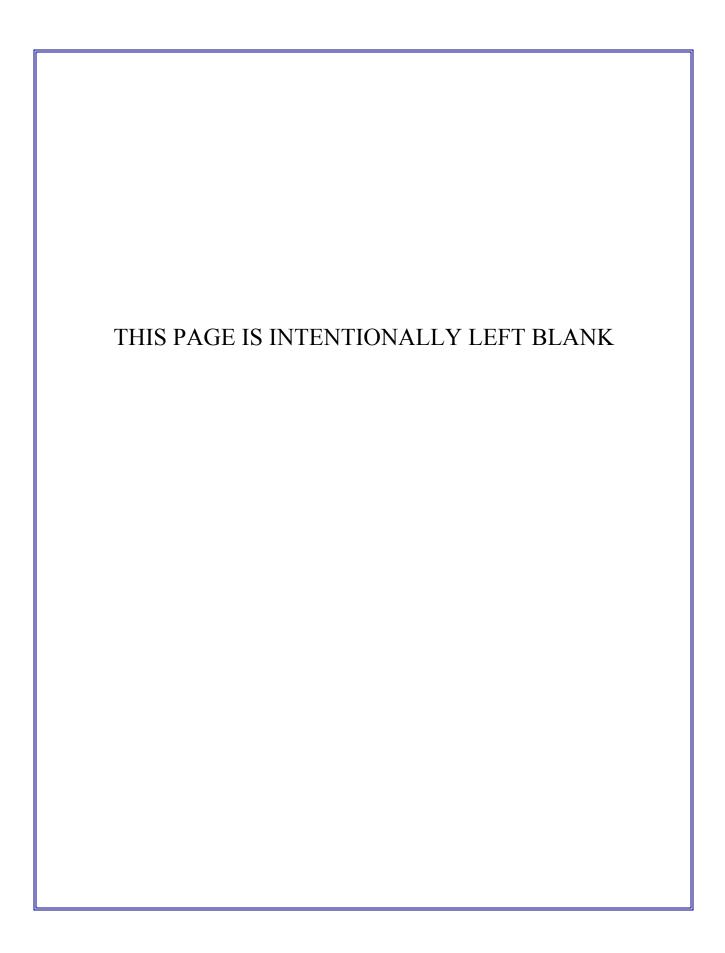
	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
Population ¹	19,657	18,558	18,503	18,078
Assessed Value ²	\$ 219,710,790	\$ 217,956,450	\$ 230,622,320	\$ 234,357,240
General Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,915,000	\$ 4,305,000	\$ 2,115,000	\$ 855,000
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	1.78%	1.98%	0.92%	0.36%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	\$ 199	\$ 232	\$ 114	\$ 47

Sources:

¹U.S. Census Bureau

²Franklin County Auditor

 2012 2011		 2010	2009		2008		2007		
18,066		18,101	18,062		18,125		18,148		18,174
\$ 237,654,840	\$	272,614,510	\$ 262,844,910	\$	272,697,060	\$	278,059,660	\$	291,780,938
\$ 1,060,000	\$	1,255,000	\$ 1,440,000	\$	1,805,000	\$	2,155,000	\$	2,490,000
0.45%		0.46%	0.55%		0.66%		0.78%		0.85%
\$ 59	\$	69	\$ 80	\$	100	\$	119	\$	137



SCHEDULE 9 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2016

Jurisdiction		overnmental ctivities Debt Dutstanding	Percentage Applicable to City	Amount Applicable to City		
Direct						
City of Whitehall	\$	11,386,113	100.00%	\$	11,386,113	
Total direct debt		11,386,113			11,386,113	
Overlapping debt:						
Franklin County		212,975,000	0.81%		1,725,098	
Whitehall City School District		25,594,994	100.00%		25,594,994	
Eastland-Fairfield Career & Tech JT Voc School District		1,750,000	2.83%		49,525	
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio Miscellaneous		50,930,000	0.77%		392,161	
Total overlapping debt		291,249,994			27,761,778	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	302,636,107		\$	39,147,891	

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council. Excludes special assessment and self-supporting debt.

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the City's taxable assessed value that is within the subdivision's boundaries and dividing it by the City's total taxable assessed value.

SCHEDULE 10 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN YEARS

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total Assessed Property Value	\$ 219,710,790	\$ 217,956,450	\$ 230,622,320	\$ 234,357,240
Overall Legal Debt Limit (10 1/2 % of assessed valuation)	23,069,633	22,885,427	24,215,344	24,607,510
,				
Debt outstanding:	2015000	4.20.2.000		0.5.5.000
General obligation bonds payable	3,915,000	4,305,000	2,115,000	855,000
Real estate purchase contract	400,000	500,000	600,000	700,000
OPWC loans payable Lease purchase obligation	703,028	416,900	292,675	306,165
Capital lease obligation	86,313	94,808	37,391	15,003
Total gross indebtedness	5,104,341	5,316,708	3,045,066	1,876,168
Total gloss indebtedness	3,104,341	3,310,700	3,043,000	1,070,100
Less ¹ :				
Real estate purchase contract	400,000	500,000	600,000	700,000
OPWC loans payable	703,028	416,900	292,675	306,165
Lease purchase obligation	705,020	-	2,073	500,105
Capital lease obligation	86,313	94,808	37,391	15,003
cupium reuse conguiron				
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	3,915,000	4,305,000	2,115,000	855,000
Debt service available balance				2,840
T 111/ 2 242				
Legal debt margin within	e 10.154.622	¢ 10.500.427	e 22 100 244	Ф 22.755.250
10 1/2 % limitation	\$ 19,154,633	\$ 18,580,427	\$ 22,100,344	\$ 23,755,350
Legal debt margin as a percentage				
of the debt limit	83.03%	81.19%	91.27%	96.54%
of the debt mint	83.0370	01.1970	91.27/0	90.3470
Unvoted Debt Limitation	12,084,093	11,987,605	12,684,228	12,889,648
(5 1/2 % of assessed valuation)	12,001,075	11,707,002	12,001,220	12,007,010
(3 1/2 /0 01 assessed valuation)				
Unvoted legal debt margin within				
5 1/2 % limitation	\$ 12,084,093	\$ 11,987,605	\$ 12,684,228	\$ 12,889,648
	-,,	, ,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,
Total net debt applicable to limit				
as a percentage of debt limit	16.97%	18.81%	8.73%	3.47%
1 2				

¹Self-supporting debt is not considered in the calculation of Legal Debt Margin.

²The assessed values for tangible personal property were excluded in the calculation of Legal Debt Margin for years 2008-2009.

Restated 2012			2011		2010	 2009	2008		2007	
\$	237,654,840	\$	272,614,510	\$	262,844,910	\$ 272,697,060	\$	278,059,660	\$	291,780,938
	24,953,758		28,624,524		27,598,716	 28,633,191		29,196,264		30,636,998
	1,060,000 800,000		1,255,000		1,440,000	1,805,000		2,155,000		2,490,000
	319,655		161,376		102,404	_		_		_
	29,842		58,196		85,135	110,731		135,050		158,156
	24,361		28,695		36,129	750		1,959		9,834
	2,233,858	-	1,503,267		1,663,668	 1,916,481		2,292,009		2,657,990
	800,000 319,655 29,842 24,361 1,060,000 2,840		161,376 58,196 28,695 1,255,000		102,404 85,135 36,129 1,440,000	 110,731 750 1,805,000		135,050 1,959 2,155,000		158,156 9,834 2,490,000
\$	23,896,598	\$	27,369,524	\$	26,158,716	\$ 26,828,191	\$	27,041,264	\$	28,146,998
	95.76%		95.62%		94.78%	93.70%		92.62%		91.87%
	13,071,016		14,993,798		14,456,470	 14,998,338		15,293,281		16,047,952
\$	13,071,016	\$	14,993,798	\$	14,456,470	\$ 14,998,338	\$	15,293,281	\$	16,047,952
	4.25%		4.38%		5.22%	6.30%		7.38%		8.13%

SCHEDULE 11 Pledged Revenue Coverage - Non-Tax Revenue Bonds Current Year

Fiscal Year	Non-Tax Revenue	Princip	oal]	Interest		Total	Coverage
2016	\$ 1 919 861	S	_	\$	32.823	\$	32.823	58.49

Note: For each type of non-general obligation debt backed by pledged revenues, the City should present gross revenues (and, if applicable, specific expenses, to produce net available revenues) principal and interest requirements, and a coverage ratio.

(1) Debt Service payments started in 2016. Additional years will be included as more payments are made.

Source: City of Whitehall financial records

SCHEDULE 12 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

			Per Capita		Public	Unemployment Rates ⁴					
		Total Personal		ersonal	School	Franklin	State of	United			
Year	Population ¹	Income ²	In	ncome ^{2,5}	Enrollment ³	County	Ohio	States			
2016	19,657	\$ 574,849,308	\$	29,244	3,492	3.7%	5.0%	4.7%			
2015	18,558	534,600,306		28,807	3,361	3.8%	4.6%	5.0%			
2014	18,503	337,846,277		18,259	3,288	3.8%	4.8%	5.6%			
2013	18,078	330,086,202		18,259	3,158	6.2%	7.4%	7.3%			
2012	18,066	334,076,472		18,492	2,953	6.3%	8.1%	7.4%			
2011	18,101	344,733,545		19,045	2,953	7.5%	8.9%	8.7%			
2010	18,062	344,099,162		19,051	2,983	8.6%	9.6%	10.0%			
2009	18,125	347,673,750		19,182	2,941	8.3%	9.3%	10.2%			
2008	18,148	335,592,816		18,492	2,950	5.5%	5.8%	6.6%			
2007	18,174	346,123,830		19,045	2,858	4.7%	4.6%	5.6%			

Sources:

¹U.S. Census Bureau & MORPC

²U.S. Department of Commerce, American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates ³Ohio Department of Education

⁴U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (Annual Average)

⁵This information is unavailable at the time for 2016 the 2015 figure will be used as an estimate

SCHEDULE 13 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND EIGHT YEARS AGO

	T	Tax Year 2016			Tax Year 2008		
Employee	Employace ¹	Doub	Percentage of Total City	Employees 1/2	Doub	Percentage of Total City	
<u>Employer</u>	Employees ¹	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
DFAS/DLA/DSCC	7,479	1	26.62%	6,000	1	23.83%	
ADS Alliance Data	1,305	2	4.64%	1,300	2	5.16%	
PNC Investments	1,197	3	4.26%	914	3	3.63%	
Fedex Ground	717	4	2.55%				
Wal-Mart	772	5	2.75%	744	4	2.95%	
Franklin County Children's Service	583	6	2.07%				
The Kroger Company	555	7	1.98%	411	6	1.63%	
Whitehall City Schools	517	8	1.84%	527	5	2.09%	
Byers (Realty & Geo)	382	9	1.36%	349	8	1.39%	
Whitehall Manor	375	10	1.33%				
Safe Auto (Service & Group)				386	7	1.53%	
Target				248	9	0.98%	
City of Whitehall				216	10	0.86%	
	13,882	=	49.40%	11,095		44.05%	
Total Employment within the City	28,099			25,178			

Notes:

¹Employee figures are based on the number of W-2 forms filed with the City Income Tax Division and do not necessarily represent full-time equivalent positions. Furthermore, rank is based on this number, and does not necessarily correspond to a ranking by gross wages or amount of employee tax withheld.

Source: City of Whitehall Income Tax Division

²The City's records no longer extend past 2008.

SCHEDULE 14 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT POSITIONS BY FUNCTION/DIVISION LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Division	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government*										
Council	5.5	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.5
Mayor	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Municipal Court	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Human Resources	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0
Information Technology	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	0.0
Finance/Payroll	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Law	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Civil Service	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
Income Tax	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Buildings and Land	8.0	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.5
	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.5	37.5	37.0	36.0	35.5	35.5	33.5
Security of Persons and Property*										
Police	64.5	60.0	60.0	60.0	59.5	60.5	60.5	60.5	60.5	60.5
Fire	39.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0
	103.5	98.0	98.0	98.0	97.5	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.5	98.5
Leisure Time Activities*										
Parks & Recreation	10.0	14.5	14.5	14.0	14.0	14.0	15.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
Community Development*										
Director/Building Inspections	2.5	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	1.5	1.5
Transportation*										
Streets	14.0	14.0	14.0	15.5	16.0	16.5	15.5	16.0	16.0	16.0
Total	167.0	165.5	165.5	167.0	167.5	168.5	167.5	166.5	165.5	163.5

Note: Numbers shown reflect total actaul number of full-time, part-time, and seasonal employees.

Source: City of Whitehall Finance Department

^{*}Part-time and seasonal salaried positions counted as 0.5 each.

SCHEDULE 15 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government				
General Fund begin balance (cash)	\$7,296,353	\$7,334,014	\$6,860,985	\$5,738,997
General Fund receipts (cash)	33,968,799	26,256,069	25,982,728	25,032,177
General Fund expenditures (cash)	34,028,723	26,293,730	25,509,699	23,910,189
General Fund end balance (cash)	\$7,236,429	\$7,296,353	\$7,334,014	\$6,860,985
Municipal Court				
Cases heard	2,943	2,067	2,924	1,900
Police				
Total calls for services	32,696	29,385	29,717	30,473
Traffic violations	2,179	2,149	2,120	1,787
Motor vehicle accidents	730	603	635	557
Criminal arrests	3,497	2,944	3,119	2,776
Fire/Emergency Medical Services				
Fire calls	939	1,057	1,023	856
EMS calls	5,757	6,399	6,234	5,855
Fire safety inspections	513	501	210	971
Building Inspections				
Building Permits	206	168	242	272
Electrical Permits	111	134	101	157
Plumbing Permits	46	87	91	145
Signage Permits	63	50	61	67
A/C/Ref/Furn/Pip/Vent Permits	162	147	43	58
Asphalt/Concrete/Appr/Driveway Permits	66	49	77	47
Fencing Permits	46	41	51	46
Other Misc Zone Permits	206	35	101	133
Sewer Permits	18	18	22	12
Demolition	5	6	0	0
Fire Alarm/Sprinklers/Suppression	22	22	0	0
Estimated value of construction	\$85,320,430	\$15,949,892	\$33,442,021	\$18,162,454
Streets				
Salt usage (tons)	1,500	2,000	2,691	2,500
Cost of salt purchased	\$99,288	\$241,093	\$141,120	\$91,538

Source: Various City of Whitehall Divisions

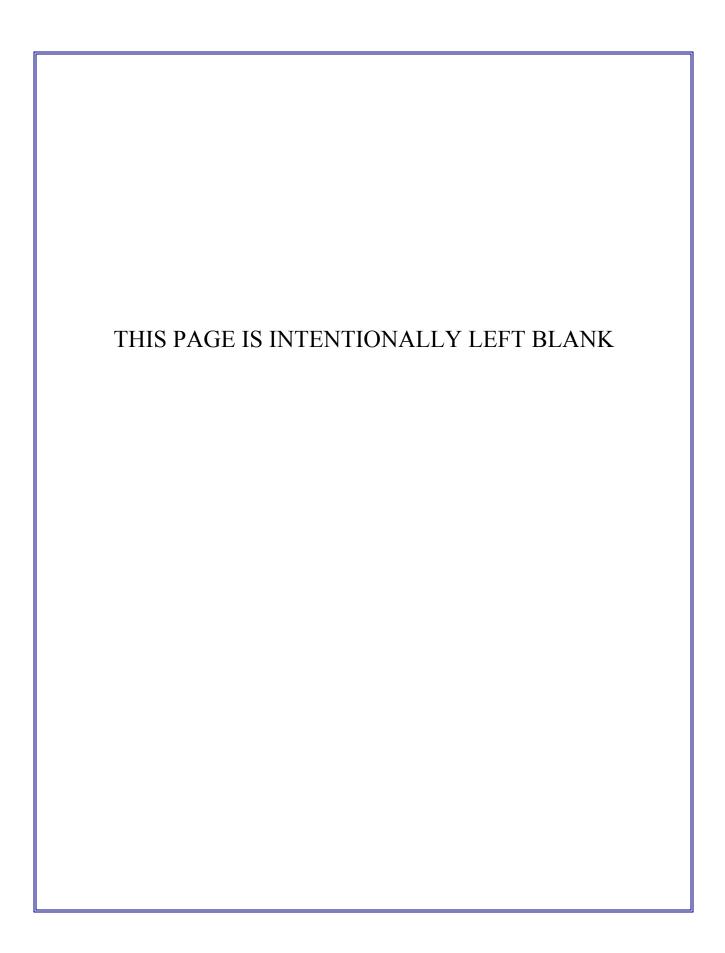
\$5,331,245 \$3,259,551 \$4,760,074 \$4,388,564 \$3,753.	,953 \$2,443,969
24,902,565 25,016,970 20,563,313 19,935,920 18,763	
24,494,813 22,945,276 22,063,836 19,564,410 18,129	
\$5,738,997 \$5,331,245 \$3,259,551 \$4,760,074 \$4,388.	
1,769 2,854 2,320 3,022 3	,955 0
28,938 33,450 33,810 33,712 37	,205 34,647
	,691 7,242
486 691 643 648	773 771
	,090 2,651
	,,
996 943 900 983 1	,141 1,103
	,215 4,813
400 450 470 1,859 1	1,768
320 295 324 456	367 341
181 117 122 79	112 117
166 107 96 58	86 70
83 88 66 72	53 48
108 73 83 51	77 69
75 65 59 57	50 61
53 47 63 71	73 48
135 116 117 72	124 80
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2,000 2,000 2,000 1,500 1	,500 1,500
\$62,570 \$135,990 \$128,185 \$91,692 \$147.	

SCHEDULE 16 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	37	35	34	36
Fire/EMS				
Stations	1	1	1	1
Vehicles - Fire	2	2	2	2
Vehicles - EMS	4	3	3	3
Vehicles - Support	7	7	7	0
Parks & Recreation				
Parks	5	5	5	5
Basketball courts	1	1	1	1
Ballfields	14	14	14	14
Park shelter houses	10	10	10	10
Vehicles	12	10	10	0
Streets				
Streets (lane miles)	133.00	133.00	133.00	133.00
Vehicles	25	25	22	21

Source: Various City of Whitehall Divisions

2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
1	1	1	1	1	1
38	38	38	36	35	35
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2.	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3
0	0	0	0	0	0
5	5	5	5	5	5
1	1	1	1	1	1
14	14	14	14	14	14
10	10	10	9	9	9
0	0	0	0	0	0
133.00	133.00	133.00	133.00	133.00	133.00
21	21	21	21	21	21



CITY OF WHITEHALL FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2016

CITY OF WHITEHALL FRANKLIN COUNTY, OHIO

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Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

City of Whitehall Franklin County 360 S. Yearling Road Whitehall, Ohio 43213

To the Members of Council and Mayor:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Whitehall, Franklin County, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Whitehall's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City of Whitehall's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City of Whitehall's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City of Whitehall's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Members of Council and Mayor City of Whitehall

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City of Whitehall's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City of Whitehall's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Whitehall's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Julian & Grube, Inc.

Julian & Sube the!

June 29, 2017



CITY OF WHITEHALL

FRANKLIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED OCTOBER 10, 2017