



ASHTABULA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER ASHTABULA COUNTY JUNE 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Ashtabula County Educational Service Center Ashtabula County 2630 West 13th Street, Suite A Ashtabula, Ohio 44004

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center, Ashtabula County, Ohio (the Service Center), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Service Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Service Center's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center, Ashtabula County, Ohio as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in cash financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the Service Center to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedules of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Budget Basis present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

These schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling these schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis, as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2018, on our consideration of the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 12, 2018

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 Unaudited

This discussion and analysis of the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center's (the Service Center) financial performance provides an overall review of the Service Center's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, within the limitations of the Service Center's cash basis accounting. Readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Service Center's financial performance.

Highlights

Key highlights for 2018 are as follows:

- The Service Center is having continued success with programs initiated in fiscal year 2010. These programs include, but are not limited to, occupational therapy/physical therapy (OT/PT) services, Autism Unit Program, Building Bridges, School Improvement Academic Coaching services; as well as new special education units in Conneaut and Geneva Schools. Several administrative positions have also been added in the County for School Districts.
- Net position of governmental activities decreased from fiscal year 2017. This decrease is a result of continued effort in running the Service Center programs efficiently despite increasing costs.
- Total receipts were comprised of general receipts and program specific receipts from charges for services and sales and operating grants and contributions.
- During fiscal year 2018, the Service Center created the Ashtabula County School Financing District to levy taxes for the purpose of special education programs and permanent improvements for schools districts that have agreed to be included in the Financing District territory.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Service Center's cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the cash activities of the Service Center as a whole.

Fund financial statements provide a greater level of detail. Funds are created and maintained on the financial records of the Service Center as a way to segregate money whose use is restricted to a particular specified purpose. These statements present financial information by fund, presenting funds with the largest balances or most activity in separate columns.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 Unaudited

Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is a set of guidelines that determine when financial events are recorded. The Service Center has elected to present its financial statements on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under the Service Center's cash basis of accounting, receipts and disbursements are recorded when cash is received or paid.

As a result of using the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable) are not recorded in the financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this report, the reader must keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the Government as a Whole

The statement of net position and the statement of activities reflect how the Service Center did financially during fiscal year 2018 within the limitations of cash basis accounting. The statement of net position presents the cash balances of the governmental activities of the Service Center at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities compares cash disbursements with program receipts for each governmental program. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts. The comparison of cash disbursements with program receipts identifies how each governmental function draws from the Service Center's general receipts.

These statements report the Service Center's cash position and the changes in cash position. Keeping in mind the limitations of the cash basis of accounting, you can think of these changes as one way to measure the Service Center's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Service Center's cash position is one indicator of whether the Service Center's financial health is improving or deteriorating. When evaluating the Service Center's financial condition, you should also consider other nonfinancial factors as well, such as the condition of the Service Center's capital assets, the reliance on non-local financial resources for operations and the need for continued growth in the major local revenue sources.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities usually distinguish between those activities of the Service Center that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The Service Center, however, has no business-type activities.

Governmental Activities Most of the Service Center's basic services are reported here, including instructional and support services. State and Federal grants and charges for services finance most of these activities. Benefits provided through governmental activities are not necessarily paid for by the people receiving them.

Reporting the Government's Most Significant Funds

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the Service Center's major funds, not the Service Center as a whole. The Service Center establishes separate funds to better manage its many activities and to help demonstrate that money that is restricted as to how it may be used is being spent for the intended purpose. The funds of the Service Center are split into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 Unaudited

Governmental Funds Most of the Service Center's activities are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed view of the Service Center's governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent to finance the Service Center's programs. The Service Center's significant governmental funds are presented on the financial statements in separate columns. The information for non-major funds (funds whose activity or balances are not large enough to warrant separate reporting) is combined and presented in total in a single column. The Service Center's major governmental funds are the general fund and IDEA Part-B special revenue fund. The programs reported in governmental funds are closely related to those reported in the governmental activities section of the entity-wide statements.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Service Center. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Service Center's programs.

The Service Center as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the Service Center's net position for fiscal year 2018 compared to fiscal year 2017 on a cash basis:

(Table 1) Net Position Governmental Activities

	2018	2017	Change
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,855,193	\$3,936,255	(\$81,062)
Net Position			
Restricted for:			
Other Purposes	\$139,723	\$161,727	(\$22,004)
Unrestricted	3,715,470	3,774,528	(59,058)
Total Net Position	\$3,855,193	\$3,936,255	(\$81,062)

As mentioned previously, net position of governmental activities decreased during 2018. This decrease is a result of a decrease in cash due to a continued effort in running the Service Center programs efficiently despite increasing costs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 Unaudited

Table 2 reflects the changes in net position in fiscal year 2018 compared to fiscal year 2017.

(Table 2)
Changes in Net Position
Governmental Activities

	2018	2017	Change
Receipts:			
Program Receipts:			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,361,866	\$2,266,528	\$95,338
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,471,139	1,626,768	(155,629)
Total Program Receipts	3,833,005	3,893,296	(60,291)
General Receipts:			
Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted			
to Specific Programs	5,956,725	5,481,990	474,735
Unrestricted Contributions and Donations	650	2,055	(1,405)
Interest	23,501	12,185	11,316
Miscellaneous	141,384	94,682	46,702
Total General Receipts	6,122,260	5,590,912	531,348
Total Receipts	9,955,265	9,484,208	471,057
Disbursements:			
Instruction:			
Regular	378,026	234,357	(143,669)
Special	3,768,064	3,672,842	(95,222)
Vocational	14,000	14,000	0
Adult/Continuing	147,983	145,086	(2,897)
Student Intervention Services	162,512	255,507	92,995
Support Services:			
Pupil	2,672,981	2,594,019	(78,962)
Instructional Staff	399,000	437,818	38,818
Board of Education	32,203	22,763	(9,440)
Administration	1,247,965	1,020,777	(227,188)
Fiscal	282,066	276,702	(5,364)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	698,581	254,551	(444,030)
Central	207,567	236,132	28,565
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	25,379	20,356	(5,023)
Total Disbursements	10,036,327	9,184,910	(851,417)
Change in Net Position	(81,062)	299,298	(380,360)
Net Position Beginning of Year	3,936,255	3,636,957	299,298
Net Position End of Year	\$3,855,193	\$3,936,255	(\$81,062)

Program receipts represent 38.5 percent of the total receipts and are primarily comprised of funds used to cover services provided to the school districts, tuition and operating grants. There was an increase in receipts over fiscal year 2017 due to increased special education services being purchased from client school districts. Expenditures increased due to increases in salaries and benefits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 Unaudited

Governmental Activities

If you look at the statement of activities on page 12, you will see that the first column lists the major services provided by the Service Center. The next column identifies the costs of providing these services. The major program disbursements for governmental activities are for special instruction and pupil support services. The next two columns of the statement entitled Program Cash Receipts identify amounts paid by people who are directly charged for the service and grants received by the Service Center that must be used to provide a specific service. The net Receipts (Disbursements) column compares the program receipts to the cost of the service. This "net cost" amount represents the cost of the service which ends up being paid from money provided by local sources. These net costs are paid from the general receipts which are presented at the bottom of the statement. A comparison between the total cost of services and the net cost is presented in Table 3.

(Table 3) **Governmental Activities**

	Total Cost Of Services 2018	Net Cost of Services 2018	Total Cost Of Services 2017	Net Cost of Services 2017
Instruction:				
Regular	\$378,026	(\$292,652)	\$234,357	\$24,680
Special	3,768,064	(1,379,821)	3,672,842	(1,481,733)
Vocational	14,000	(387)	14,000	171
Adult/Continuing	147,983	29,730	145,086	43,750
Student Intervention Services	162,512	(140,346)	255,507	(166,516)
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,672,981	(2,146,049)	2,594,019	(2,147,460)
Instructional Staff	399,000	(344,886)	437,818	(297,845)
Board of Education	32,203	(27,811)	22,763	(18,380)
Administration	1,247,965	(798,976)	1,020,777	(534,866)
Fiscal	282,066	(230,609)	276,702	(204,176)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	698,581	(671,896)	254,551	(254,551)
Central	207,567	(177,702)	236,132	(234,332)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	25,379	(21,917)	20,356	(20,356)
Total Disbursements	\$10,036,327	(\$6,203,322)	\$9,184,910	(\$5,291,614)

The Government's Funds

Information regarding the Service Center's major funds starts on page 13. These funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total receipts of \$9,955,265 and total disbursements of \$10,036,327. The net change in governmental fund balance for the year was most significant in the general fund which had an increase due to the ESC special education units having bigger population than was estimated, thus increasing the revenue.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 Unaudited

Capital Assets

The Service Center maintains a listing of its capital assets. These records are not required to be presented in the financial statements.

Current Issues

The Service Center continues to be financially stable and is able to continue to offer the programs needed to enrich and service the various school districts. The Board and Administration closely monitor its receipts and disbursements in accordance with Board policy. The Service Center is committed to serving its local and city school districts. To provide additional funding, the Service Center created the Ashtabula County School Financing District. The Financing District will place tax levies on the ballot for special education of the school districts that have agreed to be included in the Financing District. Taxes will be levied for special education and permanent improvements.

While many outside factors can and will affect the economy, the Service Center is committed to provide the best services possible and to be fiscally responsible now and in the future. The Service Center is constantly evaluating its programs and expanding where it can to provide cost effective services to school districts. If the Service Center does not provide efficiency, there is no reason for a school district to contract with them.

Contacting the Government's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Service Center's finances and to show the Service Center's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mary Gillespie, Treasurer at the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center, 2630 West 13th Street, Ashtabula, Ohio 44004.

Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis June 30, 2018

Assets	Governmental Activities
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,855,193
Net Position	
Restricted for:	
Other Purposes	\$139,723
Unrestricted	3,715,470
Total Net Position	\$3,855,193

Statement of Activities - Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Program Cas	h Receipts	Net Receipts (Disbursements) and Changes in Net Position
	Cash Disbursements	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$378,026	\$85,374	\$0	(\$292,652)
Special	3,768,064	1,566,325	821,918	(1,379,821)
Vocational	14,000	0	13,613	(387)
Adult/Continuing	147,983	72,847	104,866	29,730
Student Intervention Services	162,512	22,166	0	(140,346)
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,672,981	338,244	188,688	(2,146,049)
Instructional Staff	399,000	54,114	0	(344,886)
Board of Education	32,203	4,392	0	(27,811)
Administration	1,247,965	124,281	324,708	(798,976)
Fiscal	282,066	35,911	15,546	(230,609)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	698,581	26,685	0	(671,896)
Central	207,567	28,065	1,800	(177,702)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	25,379	3,462	0	(21,917)
Total	\$10,036,327	\$2,361,866	\$1,471,139	(6,203,322)
		General Receipts Grants and Entitlement		5 056 705
		to Specific Programs Unrestricted Contribut		5,956,725
		Interest	ions and Donations	650 23,501
		Miscellaneous		141,384
		Total General Receipts	3	6,122,260
		Change in Net Position	ı	(81,062)
		Net Position Beginning	g of Year	3,936,255
		Net Position End of Ye	ar	\$3,855,193

Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	General	IDEA Part-B	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$3,494,265	\$2,086	\$358,842	\$3,855,193
Fund Balances Restricted	\$0	\$2,086	\$137,637	\$139,723
Committed	0	0	221,205	221,205
Assigned	60,325	0	0	60,325
Unassigned	3,433,940	0	0	3,433,940
Total Fund Balances	\$3,494,265	\$2,086	\$358,842	\$3,855,193

Statement of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Cash Basis Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Other	Total
			Governmental	Governmental
	General	IDEA Part-B	Funds	Funds
Receipts				
Intergovernmental	\$5,956,725	\$1,256,310	\$214,829	\$7,427,864
Interest	23,501	0	0	23,501
Tuition and Fees	1,167,485	0	113,131	1,280,616
Contributions and Donations	650	0	0	650
Charges for Services	1,081,250	0	0	1,081,250
Miscellaneous	141,384	0	0	141,384
Total Receipts	8,370,995	1,256,310	327,960	9,955,265
Disbursements				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	328,190	0	49,836	378,026
Special	2,924,165	770,225	73,674	3,768,064
Vocational	0	14,000	0	14,000
Adult/Continuing	2,389	0	145,594	147,983
Student Intervention Services	162,512	0	0	162,512
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,479,897	159,086	33,998	2,672,981
Instructional Staff	396,750	0	2,250	399,000
Board of Education	32,203	0	0	32,203
Administration	911,190	333,947	2,828	1,247,965
Fiscal	263,289	14,800	3,977	282,066
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	195,646	0	0	195,646
Central	205,767	0	1,800	207,567
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	25,379	0	0	25,379
Capital Outlay	300,000	0	202,935	502,935
Total Disbursements	8,227,377	1,292,058	516,892	10,036,327
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	143,618	(35,748)	(188,932)	(81,062)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Advances In	259	0	0	259
Advances Out	0	0	(259)	(259)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	259	0	(259)	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	143,877	(35,748)	(189,191)	(81,062)
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	3,350,388	37,834	548,033	3,936,255
Fund Balances End of Year	\$3,494,265	\$2,086	\$358,842	\$3,855,193

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

In 1963, the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center (the Service Center) was formed. The Service Center supplies special education, supervisory, administrative, fiscal and other needed services to area school districts in Ashtabula County. The Service Center operates under a locally-elected five-member governing board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by State or federal agencies to four local and two city school districts. The Board controls the Service Center's staff who provide services to over 13,241 students and other community members in Ashtabula County.

The reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure the financial statements are not misleading.

Primary Government

The primary government of the Service Center consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the Service Center. For the Service Center, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations and related special education, supervisory, administrative and fiscal activities of the Service Center.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Service Center is financially accountable. The Service Center is financially accountable for an organization if the Service Center appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the Service Center is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the Service Center is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the Service Center is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the Service Center is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the Service Center in that the Service Center approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The Ashtabula County Financing District is a component unit of the Service Center, see Note 14.

Other Organizations

The Service Center participates in two jointly governed organizations, two insurance purchasing pools, and one risk sharing pool. These organizations are the North East Ohio Management Information Network, the Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center, the Ohio School Plan, the Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program, and the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments. These organizations are presented in Notes 9 and 10 to the basic financial statements.

The Service Center's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Service Center is financially accountable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Service Center are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the Service Center's accounting policies.

Basis of Presentation

The Service Center's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Service Center as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the Service Center that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The Service Center, however, has no business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental receipts or other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the Service Center at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the Service Center's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services, grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and receipts of interest earned on grants that are required to be used to support a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the Service Center's general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements During the fiscal year, the Service Center segregates transactions related to certain Service Center functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Service Center at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Fund Accounting

The Service Center uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Service Center are divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds The Service Center classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The Service Center's major funds are the general fund and the IDEA Part-B special revenue fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

General Fund The general fund is used to account and report for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Service Center for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

IDEA Part-B Fund The IDEA Part-B fund accounts for and reports Federal monies restricted to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

The other governmental funds of the Service Center account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Fiduciary Funds The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the Service Center under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the Service Center's own programs. The Service Center has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature. The Service Center's agency fund accounts for the payment to the School Employees Retirement System.

Basis of Accounting

The Service Center's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the Service Center's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Any such modifications made by the Service Center are described in the appropriate section in this note.

As a result of the use of this cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the Service Center is pooled and invested. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through Service Center records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

Investments of the Service Center's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the Service Center are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

During fiscal year 2018, the Service Center invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The Service Center measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

For 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2018 was \$23,501, which included \$2,200 assigned from other Service Center funds.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

The Service Center reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment or retirement, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. Unpaid leave is not reflected as a liability under the Service Center's cash basis of accounting.

Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The Service Center recognizes the disbursement for employer contributions to cost-sharing pension plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 12 and 13, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

Long-Term Obligations

The Service Center's cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for long-term obligations. Since recording a capital asset when entering into a capital lease is not the result of a cash transaction, neither an other financing source nor a capital outlay expenditure are reported at inception. Lease payments are reported when paid.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

for Federal and State grants restricted to cash disbursement for specified purposes. The Service Center's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Service Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Service Center Governing Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Service Center Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Service Center for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. These amounts are assigned by the Service Center Governing Board. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the Service Center Governing Board or by State Statute. State statute authorizes the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Service Center applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 – Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B), requires the Service Center to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. However, the Service Center prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The Service Center can be fined.

Note 4 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Service Center is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented as follows:

			Other	
		IDEA	Governmental	
Fund Balances	General	Part-B	Funds	Total
Restricted for				
Instructional Staff	\$0	\$0	\$6,274	\$6,274
Latchkey Program	0	0	27,085	27,085
Bus Driver Training	0	0	104,278	104,278
Special Education	0	2,086	0	2,086
Total Restricted	0	2,086	137,637	139,723
Committed to				
Capital Projects	0	0	221,205	221,205
Assigned to				
Purchases on order:				
Instruction	6,435	0	0	6,435
Support Services	53,890	0	0	53,890
Total Assigned	60,325	0	0	60,325
Unassigned	3,433,940	0	0	3,433,940
Total Fund Balances	\$3,494,265	\$2,086	\$358,842	\$3,855,193

Note 5 – Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the Service Center are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the Service Center treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the Service Center treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Protection of the Service Center's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio).
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the Service Center only had an investment of \$1,763,855 in STAR Ohio, the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. This investment has an average maturity of 48.9 days.

Credit Risk Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The Service Center has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Note 6 – State Funding

The Service Center, under State law, provides supervisory services to local school districts within its territory. Each city, local and exempted village school district that entered into an agreement with the Service Center is considered to be provided supervisory services. The cost of the supervisory services is determined by formula under State law. The State Department of Education apportions the costs for all supervisory services among the Service Center's city, local and exempted school districts based on each school's total student count. The State Department of Education deducts each school district's amount from their State Foundation Program settlements and remits the amount to the Service Center. The Service Center may provide additional supervisory services if the majority of local and client school districts agree to the services and the apportionment of the costs to all of the client school districts.

The Service Center also receives funding from the State Department of Education in the amount of \$27 times the average daily membership of the Service Center. The State subsidy funding decreased to \$25 but because the Service Center applied and received High Performing ESC Status, the Service Center received \$27 in fiscal year 2018. Average daily membership includes the total student counts of all local school districts within the Service Center's territory and all of the Service Center's client school districts. This amount is paid from State resources. The State Department of Education also deducts from the State Foundation Program settlement of each of the Service Center's local and client school districts an amount equal to \$6.50 times the school district's total student count and remits this amount to the Service Center.

The Service Center may contract with city, exempted village, local, joint vocational or cooperative education school districts to provide special education and related services or career-technical education services. The individual boards of education pay the costs for these services directly to the Service Center.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 7 – Risk Management

Property and Liability

The Service Center is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018, the Service Center joined together with other service centers and school districts in Ohio to participate in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), a public entity insurance purchasing pool to obtain liability coverage. Each individual member enters into an agreement with the OSP and its premium is based on the types of coverage and limits of coverage, and deductibles that it selects. The Service Center contracted with OSP for general liability with a \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 aggregate and for errors and omissions with a \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$3,000,000 aggregate.

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

Workers' Compensation

The Service Center participates in the Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (Program), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Program is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the Service Center by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. Participants in the Program are placed on tiers according to their loss history. Participants with low loss histories are rewarded with greater savings than participants with higher loss histories.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Program rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Program. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Program. Participation in the Program is limited to school districts that can meet the Program's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService provides administrative, cost control, assistance with safety programs and actuarial services to the Program.

Employee Medical Benefits

The Service Center participates in the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments, a risk sharing pool (Note 10) to provide employee medical/surgical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The Service Center pays a monthly contribution which is placed in a common fund from which the claim payments are made for all participating districts. The Service Center's Board pays the entire cost of a monthly premium for all full-time employees.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 8 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At fiscal year end, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next fiscal year were as follows:

General	\$60,325
IDEA Part-B	17,734
Other Governmental Funds	4,335
Total	\$82,394

Note 9 – Jointly Governed Organizations

North East Ohio Management Information Network

The North East Ohio Management Information Network (NEOMIN) is a jointly governed organization among thirty school districts in Trumbull and Ashtabula Counties. The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the districts supports NEOMIN based upon a per pupil charge. The Service Center paid \$40,921 to NEOMIN during fiscal year 2018.

The Governing Board consists of ten members: the Trumbull and Ashtabula County superintendents (permanent members), three superintendents from Ashtabula County participating school districts, three superintendents from Trumbull County participating school districts, and a principal and treasurer (nonvoting members who must be employed by a participating school district, the fiscal agent or NEOMIN). The degree of control exercised by a participating service center is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. To obtain a copy of NEOMIN's financial statements, write to the Trumbull County Career and Technical Center, 528 Educational Highway, Warren, Ohio 44483.

Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center

The Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center (TCC) is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio which provides vocational education to students. The TCC is operated under the direction of a Board consisting of one representative from each of the participating school districts' elected boards. The degree of control exercised by the Service Center is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is its own budgeting and taxing authority. The Service Center made \$397 in contributions for fiscal year 2018. Financial information can be obtained from Lindsey Elly, Treasurer at Ashtabula County Technical and Career Center, 1565 State Route 167, Jefferson, Ohio 44047.

Note 10 – Public Entity Risk Pools

Insurance Purchasing Pools

Ohio School Plan The Service Center participates in the Ohio School Plan (OSP), an insurance purchasing pool. The OSP is created and organized pursuant to and as authorized by Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The OSP is an unincorporated, non-profit association of its members and an

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

instrumentality for each member for the purpose of enabling members of the Plan to provide for a formalized, joint insurance purchasing program to maintain adequate insurance protection, risk management programs and other administrative services. The OSP's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member Board of directors consisting of service center superintendents and treasurers, as well as the president of Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Incorporated and a partner of the Hylant Group, Incorporated. Hylant Group, Incorporated is the Administrator of the OSP and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Hyre Insurance Agency, Incorporated is the sales and marketing representative, which establishes agreements between OSP and member schools.

Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program The Service Center participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio Workers' Compensation Group Retrospective Rating Program (Program) was established through the Better Business Bureau of Central Ohio (BBB) as a group purchasing pool. The Executive Director of the BBB, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating members pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the program. The Bureau of Workers' Compensation will conduct three annual evaluations following the completion of the retrospective year to determine refund opportunities.

Risk Sharing Pool

Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments The Service Center has contracted with the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments to provide employee medical/surgical, prescription drug, dental and vision benefits. The Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments is organized under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code and is comprised of seven Ashtabula County school districts. Rates are set by the Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments board of directors. The Service Center pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating members. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. Ashtabula County Schools Council of Governments is a separate and independent entity governed by its own set of by-laws and constitution. All assets and liabilities are the responsibility of the Council of Governments. The program is operated as a full indemnity program with no financial liability (other than monthly premiums) or risk to the Service Center. The Service Center is not liable nor receives a cash balance of past claims upon departure from the pool.

Note 11 – Contingent Liabilities

Grants

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Service Center are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

School Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2018 are not

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2018 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the Service Center.

Litigation

The Service Center is not party to legal proceedings.

Note 12 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions – between an employer and its employees – of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee – on a deferred-payment basis – as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability represent the Service Center's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the Service Center's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The Service Center cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the Service Center does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 13 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description – School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – Service Center non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the Service Center is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining .5 percent was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The Service Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$198,535 for fiscal year 2018.

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – Service Center licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent goes to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the employer rate was 14 percent and the plan members were also required to contribute 14 percent of covered salary. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The Service Center's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$596,807 for fiscal year 2018.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Service Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Service Center's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Prior Measurement Date	0.04503370%	0.03673445%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability			
Current Measurement Date	0.04525820%	0.03588128%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00022450%	-0.00085317%	
Proportionate Share of the Net			
Pension Liability	\$2,704,077	\$8,523,675	\$11,227,752

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation Future Salary Increases, including inflation COLA or Ad Hoc COLA Investment Rate of Return

Actuarial Cost Method

3.00 percent
3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
2.5 percent
7.50 percent net of investments
expense, including inflation
Entry Age Normal

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Prior to 2017, an assumption of 3 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA.

For 2017, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalanced uncorrelated asset classes.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
_		
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.50%) (7.50%) (8.50%)		
Service Center's proportionate share		_	_
of the net pension liability	\$3,752,557	\$2,704,077	\$1,825,762

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2016 are presented below:

	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

For the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *	
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %	
International Equity	23.00	7.55	
Alternatives	17.00	7.09	
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00	
Real Estate	10.00	6.00	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25	
m . 1	100.00		
Total	100.00 %		

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the Service Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the Service Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
Service Center's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$12,218,398	\$8,523,675	\$5,411,425

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 13 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

Net OPEB Liability

For fiscal year 2018, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was effective. This GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position as reported June 30, 2017, as the net OPEB liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. See below for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description – The Service Center contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, .5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the Service Center's surcharge obligation was \$22,737.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The Service Center's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$23,468 for fiscal year 2018.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Plan Description – State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Service Center's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Service Center's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability Prior Measurement Date	0.04620520%	0.03673445%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability Current Measurement Date	0.04578270%	0.03588128%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00042250%	-0.00085317%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,228,687	\$1,399,955	\$2,628,642

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent Future Salary Increases, including inflation Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation Municipal Bond Index Rate: Measurement Date 3.56 percent 2.92 percent Prior Measurement Date Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation: Measurement Date 3.63 percent Prior Measurement Date 2.98 percent

Medical Trend Assumption:

Medicare 5.50 to 5.00 percent
Pre-Medicare 7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.56 percent, as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63 percent) and higher (4.63 percent) than the current discount rate (3.63 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent decreasing to 4.0 percent) and higher (8.5 percent decreasing to 6.0 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.63%)	Current Discount Rate (3.63%)	1% Increase (4.63%)
Service Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,483,796	\$1,228,687	\$1,026,576
	1% Decrease (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%)	Current Trend Rate (7.5% decreasing to 5.0%)	1% Increase (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%)
Service Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$996,988	\$1,228,687	\$1,535,346

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions – STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

> 2.50 percent Inflation

Projected salary increases 12.50 percent at age 20 to

2.50 percent at age 65

7.45 percent, net of investment Investment Rate of Return

expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3 percent

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

(COLA)

Blended Discount Rate of Return 4.13 percent

6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate Health Care Cost Trends

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 12.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the Service Center's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.13%)	(4.13%)	(5.13%)
Service Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,879,417	\$1,399,955	\$1,021,023
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
Service Center's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$972,629	\$1,399,955	\$1,962,367

Note 14 – County School Financing District

On April 16, 2018, the Service Center passed a resolution declaring the creation of a County School Financing District (Financing District) pursuant to Revised Code Section 3311.50. The Financing District consists of the territories of the Service Center and the following school districts: Buckeye Local School District, Grand Valley Local School District, Jefferson Area Local School District, Pymatuning Valley Local School District, Ashtabula Area City School District, Conneaut Area School District and Geneva Area School District. The Financing District is legally separate, but governed by the same board; therefore, the Service Center has the ability to impose its will over the Financing District. The Service Center acts as the fiscal agent for the Financing District; however, the Financing District is reported as a special revenue fund. The Financing District shall serve the following purposes:

1. To levy taxes for the provision of special education by the member school districts including taxes for permanent improvements for special education;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

- 2. To levy taxes for the provision of specified education programs and services by the member school districts including the levying of taxes for permanent improvements for those programs and services, and;
- 3. To levy taxes for permanent improvements of member school districts.

Supplemental Information

Ashtabula County Educational Service Center

Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				(2.128)
Intergovernmental			\$5,956,725	
Interest			23,501	
Tuition and Fees			1,167,485	
Contributions and Donations			650	
Charges for Services			1,081,250	
Miscellaneous			141,384	
Total Receipts			8,370,995	
Disbursements				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	339,588	341,730	328,190	13,540
Special	3,051,808	2,702,933	2,930,600	(227,667)
Adult/Continuing	5,805	5,805	2,389	3,416
Student Intervention Services	322,657	262,950	162,512	100,438
Support Services:				
Pupil	2,598,458	2,632,475	2,495,291	137,184
Instructional Staff	638,583	633,500	398,080	235,420
Board of Education	32,860	35,986	32,628	3,358
Administration	977,454	1,017,896	940,913	76,983
Fiscal	304,334	306,127	265,001	41,126
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Central	252,787	254,668	200,952	53,716
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	228,240 28,305	243,857	205,767 25,379	38,090
Capital Outlay	28,303 0	28,552	300,000	3,173
Capital Outlay		510,000	300,000	210,000
Total Disbursements	8,780,879	8,976,479	8,287,702	688,777
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements			83,293	
Advances In			259	
Net Change in Fund Balance			83,552	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year			3,311,673	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated			38,715	
Fund Balance End of Year			\$3,433,940	

Supplemental Information

Ashtabula County Educational Service Center

Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual -Budget Basis IDEA Part-B Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted A	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Receipts				
Intergovernmental			\$1,256,310	
Disbursements				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Special	884,399	884,399	777,225	107,174
Vocational	14,000	14,000	14,000	0
Support Services:				
Pupil	177,499	177,499	159,803	17,696
Administration	352,178	352,178	343,964	8,214
Fiscal	14,800	14,800	14,800	0
Total Disbursements	1,442,876	1,442,876	1,309,792	133,084
Net Change in Fund Balance			(53,482)	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year			16,448	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated			21,386	
Fund Deficit End of Year			(\$15,648)	

See accompanying notes to the supplemental information

Notes to the Supplemental Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Note 1 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Budgetary Process

The Service Center is no longer required under State statue to file budgetary information with the State Department of Education. However, the Service Center's Board does follow the budgetary process for control purposes. This is done by adopting an annual appropriation resolution which is the Board's authorization to spend resources. The resolution sets annual limits on disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The level of control has been established by the Board at the fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been authorized to allocate appropriations to the function and object level within all funds. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The Schedule of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual – Budget Basis for the general fund and the IDEA Part-B special revenue fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budgetary basis and the cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as cash disbursements (budgetary basis) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (cash basis).

The encumbrances outstanding at year end (budgetary basis) in the general and IDEA Part-B special revenue funds were \$60,325 and \$17,734, respectively.

ASHTABULA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education Grants to States IDEA Part B IDEA Part B Parent Mentor Project Parent Mentor Project Sub-Total - IDEA, Part B Early Childhood Special Education, IDEA	84.027 84.173	2017 2018 2017 2018 2017 2018		\$62,729 1,204,772 3,485 21,072 1,292,058 135 15,693
Total - Special Education Cluster				1,307,886
Title I - Delinquent Title I Delinquent Title I Delinquent Sub-Total Title I Delinquent	84.010	2017 2018		8,146 42,071 50,217
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$1,358,103

The accompanying notes to this schedule are an integral part of this schedule.

ASHTABULA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER ASHTABULA COUNTY

NOTE TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center (the Service Center) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2018. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Service Center, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Service Center.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the accompanying Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Service Center has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - FISCAL AGENT

The Service Center is the Fiscal Agent for a consortium formed by four Local School Districts. The grant awards for each District are determined by the Ohio Department of Education and used to fund the consortium. The Service Center receives the combined IDEA-B and Early Childhood Special Education awards and Title I-D awards from the Ohio Department of Education to provide grant services to eligible students of all four Local Districts and Title I-D services for students of one District. Expenditures are limited to the amount awarded each Local District. The amount the Service Center expended for each District follows:

District	Program	Amount
Buckeye Local School District	Sp. Ed. Cluster	\$306,161
Buckeye Local School District	Title I - D	50,217
Grand Valley Local School District	Sp. Ed. Cluster	261,923
Jefferson Area Local School District	Sp. Ed. Cluster	381,414
Pymatuning Valley Local School District	Sp. Ed. Cluster	333,697
	_	\$1,333,412

As Note B describes the Service Center reports expenditures of Federal awards when paid in cash. The Service Center is responsible for compliance with laws, Federal regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ashtabula County Educational Service Center Ashtabula County 2630 West 13th Street, Suite A Ashtabula. Ohio 44004

To the Board of Education:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center, Ashtabula County, (the Service Center) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Service Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2018, wherein we noted the Service Center uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Service Center's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Ashtabula County Educational Service Center Ashtabula County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Service Center's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2018-001.

Service Center's Response to Findings

The Service Center's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the Service Center's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Service Center's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 12, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Ashtabula County Educational Service Center Ashtabula County 2630 West 13th Street, Suite A Ashtabula, Ohio 44004

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center's (the Service Center) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the Service Center's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The Service Center's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the Service Center's compliance for the Service Center's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Service Center's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the Service Center's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Service Center's compliance.

Ashtabula County Educational Service Center
Ashtabula County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The Service Center's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the Service Center's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the Service Center's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus. Ohio

December 12, 2018

ASHTABULA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2018

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(1) (4) (1)		
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Special Education Cluster IDEA Part B (CFDA #84.027) Early Childhood Special Education IDEA (CFDA #84.173)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

ASHTABULA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER ASHTABULA COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2018

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2018-001

NONCOMPLIANCE

Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B), which further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, requires the Service Center to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The Service Center prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time.

Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38 the Service Center may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the Service Center's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the Service Center. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the Service Center should prepare its annual financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Officials' Response: See Corrective Action Plan

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

ASHTABULA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER ASHTABULA COUNTY

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS 2 CFR 200.511(b) JUNE 30, 2018

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2017-001	Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 (B) requires the Service Center to prepare its financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.	Not Corrected, the Service Center has filed its financial report under the OCBOA 34 Cash Basis of Accounting since 2006. Repeated as finding 2018-001.	The Governing Board, Superintendent and Treasurer do not feel it is cost effective and efficient to prepare the GAAP conversion for their reporting needs.



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> John M. Rubesich, Superintendent Mary F. Gillespie, Treasurer

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2018

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2018-001	The Governing Board, Superintendent and Treasurer do not feel it is cost effective and efficient to prepare the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) basis financial statements to meet the Service Center's reporting needs. Therefore, we chose to report using the Other Comprehensive Basis of Accounting (OCBOA) special framework.	n/a	Mary F. Gillespie, Treasurer and/or John M. Rubesich, Superintendent

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Our Mission

The purpose of the Ashtabula County Educational Service Center is to be a high performing organization that enables districts to achieve excellence.

Barbara Klingensmith, Member Gus S. Saikaly, Member Sharon Schoneman, Member



ASHTABULA COUNTY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CENTER ASHTABULA COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 27, 2018