



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BOARDMAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY JUNE 30, 2017

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Boardman Local School District Mahoning County 7410 Market Street Boardman, Ohio 44512

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Boardman Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Boardman Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Boardman Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 2, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Jare Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 2, 2018

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Boardman Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2017 are as follows:

In total, Net Position decreased \$3,265,947, which represents a 9 percent decrease from fiscal year 2016.

General revenues accounted for \$43,632,426 in revenue or 90 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$5,039,654 or 10 percent of total revenues of \$48,672,080.

The District had \$51,938,027 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$5,039,654 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$43,632,426 were not quite adequate to provide for these programs on a full accrual basis, as evidenced by the decrease in Net Position of \$3,265,947.

The District's major fund is the general. The general fund had \$43,192,163 in revenues and other financing sources and \$45,011,907 in expenditures and other financing uses. The general fund balance decreased \$1,819,744 on a modified accrual basis.

The District's total net pension liability increased to \$75,291,573 from \$62,286,757. For more information on this liability see Note 15 to the basic financial statements.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Boardman Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Boardman Local School District, the general fund is by far the most significant, and is the only fund reported as major.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2017?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred outflows of resources* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *Net Position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has only one kind of activity:

• Governmental Activities - Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities. Due to the continuing subsidies that go to the lunchroom fund from the general fund, the lunchroom operation is also being considered as governmental activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 9. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual*, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its scholarship programs. This activity is presented as privatepurpose trust funds. The District also acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds. These activities are reported in two agency funds. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

The District as a Whole

Table 1 shows Net Position for fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal year 2016.

Net Position (Table 1) Governmental Activities

	2017	2016	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$46,235,715	\$46,722,900	(\$487,185)
Capital Assets, Net	26,855,218	27,097,340	(242,122)
Total Assets	73,090,933	73,820,240	(729,307)
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	13,338,092	6,181,820	7,156,272
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	7,168,962	6,848,086	320,876
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	1,754,541	1,524,263	230,278
Due in More than One Year:			
Net Pension Liability	75,291,573	62,286,757	13,004,816
Other Amounts	10,915,716	11,724,852	(809,136)
Total Liabilities	95,130,792	82,383,958	12,746,834
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	30,400,978	30,026,370	374,608
Other	231,000	0	231,000
Pension	822,078	4,481,608	(3,659,530)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	31,454,056	34,507,978	(3,053,922)
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,583,142	16,105,565	477,577
Restricted	3,671,004	3,419,818	251,186
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(60,409,969)	(56,415,259)	(3,994,710)
Total Net Position	(\$40,155,823)	(\$36,889,876)	(\$3,265,947)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the District and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement No 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an Amendment of GASB Statement 27". For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

pension and the net pension liability to the reported net pension and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all governmental financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB No. 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions manually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB No. 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the standards required by GASB No. 68, the net pension liability equals the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" - that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the District, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the District as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by state statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly, and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the by State statute. employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the District. In the event that contributions, investment returns and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, state statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB No. 68, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Over time, Net Position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2017, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources were less than liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$40,155,823. Of this total, \$3,671,004 is restricted in use.

At fiscal year-end, capital assets represented 37 percent of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2017, were \$16,583,142. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's Net Position, \$3,671,004 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of governmental unrestricted Net Position of a negative \$60,409,969 may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

Govern	nmental Activities		
	2017	2016	Increase (Decrease)
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$1,706,056	\$1,802,966	(\$96,910)
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,138,598	3,326,334	(187,736)
Capital Grants and Contributions	195,000	0	195,000
Total Program Revenues	5,039,654	5,129,300	(89,646)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	29,297,597	29,984,057	(686,460)
Intergovernmental	14,012,310	14,373,585	(361,275)
Investment Earnings	53,039	12,104	40,935
Miscellaneous	269,480	475,218	(205,738)
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	11,815	(11,815)
Total General Revenues	43,632,426	44,856,779	(1,224,353)
Total Revenues	48,672,080	49,986,079	(1,313,999)

Table 2Change in Net Position

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Table 2 (continued)

Change in Net Position

Governme	ental Activities		
	0017	0010	Increase
D	2017	2016	(Decrease)
Program Expenses			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	\$24,461,232	\$22,294,427	\$2,166,805
Special	6,886,081	6,257,108	628,973
Adult/Continuing	1,708	2,647	(939)
Other	93,037	81,190	11,847
Support Services:			
Pupil	2,149,406	1,962,171	187,235
Instructional Staff	1,834,315	1,688,350	145,965
Board of Education	250,081	222,178	27,903
Administration	2,875,833	2,785,419	90,414
Fiscal	1,039,622	999,177	40,445
Business	239,623	197,587	42,036
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,016,797	4,692,236	324,561
Pupil Transportation	3,191,026	3,039,165	151,861
Central	453,427	435,343	18,084
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	480,232	619,870	(139,638)
Operation of Food Services	1,186,498	1,190,215	(3,717)
Extracurricular Activities	1,252,716	1,173,212	79,504
Interest and Fiscal Charges	526,393	547,142	(20,749)
Total Program Expenses	51,938,027	48,187,437	3,750,590
Change in Net Position	(3,265,947)	1,798,642	(5,064,589)
Net Position Beginning of Year	(36,889,876)	(38,688,518)	1,798,642
Net Position End of Year	(\$40,155,823)	(\$36,889,876)	(\$3,265,947)

Governmental Activities

Total Net Position of the District decreased \$3,265,947 during fiscal year 2017. The governmental expenses of \$51,938,027 were offset by program revenues of \$5,039,654 and general revenues of \$43,632,426. Program revenues supported 10 percent of the total governmental activities expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 89 percent of total governmental revenue. Property taxes support 56 percent of total expenses while grants and entitlements supported 27 percent of total expenses. Between these two revenue items, nearly 83 percent of total expenses were funded.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2017 and 2016. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Table 3

Total and Net Cost of Program Services					
	20	2017 2016			
	Total Cost	Net Cost	Total Cost	Net Cost	
	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services	
Program Expenses					
Instruction	\$31,442,058	\$29,678,428	\$28,635,372	\$26,550,509	
Support Services:					
Pupil	2,149,406	1,719,201	1,962,171	1,571,913	
Instructional Staff	1,834,315	1,651,251	1,688,350	1,532,100	
Board of Education	250,081	250,081	222,178	222,178	
Administration	2,875,833	2,773,997	2,785,419	2,624,825	
Fiscal	1,039,622	1,039,622	999,177	999,177	
Business	239,623	239,623	197,587	197,587	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,016,797	5,016,797	4,692,236	4,692,236	
Pupil Transportation	3,191,026	3,180,901	3,039,165	3,030,999	
Central	453,427	453,427	435,343	435,343	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	480,232	23,929	619,870	18,894	
Food Service Operation	1,186,498	(208,966)	1,190,215	(88,229)	
Extracurricular Activities	1,252,716	553,689	1,173,212	723,463	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	526,393	526,393	547,142	547,142	
Total Expenditures	\$51,938,027	\$46,898,373	\$48,187,437	\$43,058,137	

The dependence upon general tax revenues for governmental activities is apparent. Over 56 percent of all District expenses are supported through property taxes alone. For all governmental activities, general revenue and prior year cash balances helped to support most expenses as shown in the above table. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for Boardman Local School District students.

The District's Funds

The District's funds (as presented on the balance sheet) reported a combined fund balance of \$5,899,908 which is less than last year's total of \$7,346,368 by 20 percent. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2017	Fund Balance June 30, 2016	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$3,202,744	\$5,022,488	(\$1,819,744)
Other Governmental	2,697,164	2,323,880	373,284
Total	\$5,899,908	\$7,346,368	(\$1,446,460)

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

General Fund

During fiscal year 2017, the District's general fund balance decreased on a modified accrual basis by \$1,819,744; total revenues within the general fund decreased by 2.9 percent and expenditures increased by 4.2 percent. The primary reason for the overall decrease in fund balance this fiscal year is that revenues and other financing sources were exceeded by expenditures and transfers out. The District has built a surplus by balancing its budget and by spending less than total revenues over the past few years. Various major expenditure savings policies were applied to the District's budget with great success. The District has utilized various phases of energy conservation permanent improvements that decrease utility expenditures and yet maintain the buildings. In addition, the District utilizes a negotiated Retire/Rehire Program for the professional staff yielding extensive savings in payroll. The use of these expenditure policies has extended the operating lives of the District's existing levies and also these policies have counteracted the recent environment of eroding tax revenues for the District. As a result, the control of expenditures has preserved the accumulation of prior year-end positive fund balances.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

	2017	2016	% Change
<u>Revenues</u>			
Taxes	\$27,796,094	\$28,641,135	(3.0) %
Tuition	720,624	799,864	(9.9) %
Earnings on investments	52,547	11,736	347.7 %
Intergovernmental	13,642,909	13,968,114	(2.3) %
Other revenues	427,765	474,128	(9.8) %
Total	\$42,639,939	\$43,894,977	(2.9) %
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Instruction	28,608,706	27,581,416	3.7 %
Support services	14,230,046	14,355,895	(0.9) %
Operation of non-instructional services	8,682	271,964	(96.8) %
Extracurricular activities	825,925	798,471	3.4 %
Capital outlay	1,005,307	0	n/a %
Debt service	304,491	151,327	101.2 %
Total	\$44,983,157	\$43,159,073	4.2 %

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2017 the District amended its General Fund budget as needed. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the General Fund, actual revenue, including other financing sources, was \$43,203,940, which was \$1,407,870 less than the original and final budget of \$44,611,810. The actual revenue amounts received were less than the amounts anticipated at the beginning of the fiscal year, most notably, intergovernmental revenue.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Total actual expenditures, including other financing uses, were \$44,991,765, which was \$42,172 less than final budgeted expenditures of \$45,033,937 and \$610,748 more than original budgeted expenditures of \$44,381,017. The variance with original and final appropriations was due to a conservative estimates approach and insignificant when compared to an entire year of operation.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2017, the District had \$26,855,218 invested in land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles.

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2017 balances compared to fiscal year 2016:

'l'able 4				
Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation	on)		
	2017	2016		
Land	\$3,456,579	\$3,745,329		
Construction in Progress	119,600	0		
Land Improvements	1,106,478	1,144,512		
Buildings and Improvements	19,844,920	20,439,203		
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	699,103	213,868		
Vehicles	1,628,538	1,554,428		
Total	\$26,855,218	\$27,097,340		

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are reported net of depreciation. As one can see, the District had an overall decrease in capital assets of \$242,122. The majority of this decrease is due to current year depreciation expense of \$1,467,776 and net deletions of \$918,750 exceeding current year additions of \$2,144,404. For more information about the District's capital assets, see Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

During the fiscal year, the District transferred a parcel of land valued at \$918,750 to Boardman Township in exchange for a parcel of land valued at \$630,000, to allow the Township to build a new fire station and the District to obtain new parking for busses and maintenance/office employees. The value of land acquired by the District was \$288,750 less than the value of the land given to the Township, so the Township has agreed to pay the District this difference over 10 years, or \$28,875 per year. A note receivable from the Township has been recorded in the general fund to reflect this transaction.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Long-Term Debt Obligations

At June 30, 2017, the District had qualified school construction bonds, one energy conservation note, a bus loan, lease purchase agreements and compensated absences outstanding. Of this total, \$1,754,541 is due within one year and \$10,915,716 is due in more than one year. The following table summarizes these loans and the District's outstanding capital lease obligations.

2016

Qualified School Construction Bonds	\$2,325,334	\$2,557,867
Energy Conservation Note	1,918,852	2,151,758
Bus Purchase Loan	108,251	213,484
Capital Lease Obligations	5,919,639	6,068,666
Compensated Absences	2,398,181	2,257,340
Total	\$12,670,257	\$13,249,115

The qualified school construction bonds, the energy conservation note and the bus loan are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The energy conservation note is scheduled to mature in fiscal year 2024.

The District currently has four lease purchase or capital lease obligations outstanding totaling \$5,919,639. Of this total \$1,041,721 is related to the new stadium and it should be noted that the entire balance of this lease purchase agreement is being paid for by donations from boosters and not taxpayer dollars. During fiscal year 2017, \$195,000 was received to make the scheduled principal and interest payments.

See Note 12 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

Current Financial Related Activities

The District has carefully managed its general fund budgets in order to optimize the dollars available for educating the students it serves, and to minimize the levy millage amounts needed periodically from the community's citizens. In Mahoning County, our District's state funding per pupil is the one of the lowest in the State of Ohio. Boardman Local School District local taxes are represented by one permanent improvement levy, two emergency levies and three current expense levies. The District combined two emergency levies into one during the November 2016 election. These limited levies all need to be renewed and vary from five to 10 year terms.

The District continues to be very aggressive in cost cutting measures, while maintaining the high quality programs that are a tradition of our District. Retire/rehire has been a very successful cost savings program. The District is afforded a lower cost per employee, while retaining quality and expertise for up to a three year period. The Board continues to explore areas to reduce operating costs. These areas include staffing, health care, natural gas, electricity, workers' compensation and all insurances. The District is also exploring shared services with neighboring districts. The District negotiated a new three year contract with all employee groups which commenced in fiscal year 2014 and expires in fiscal year 2017. The base wage increased on average 1 percent each year of the contract.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Unaudited

Several significant legislative and judicial actions have occurred that have had a major impact on our District - community schools, open enrollment, autistic scholarships, and the Jon Peterson Scholarship. The Jon Peterson scholarship gives more choice to special education students. In fiscal year 2017 four parochial and community schools received approximately \$265,244 for 18.5 students. The scholarship cost per pupil ranges from \$9,622 to \$25,637 and is paid 100 percent with local funds. This is a major concern for the District, which has over 400 students attend parochial schools. The District will continue to lobby to the State of Ohio for changes in the way the funding is distributed for Community Schools, open enrollment, autistic scholarships and the Jon Peterson Scholarship. The District receives approximately \$2,079 for each student through the State foundation. When a student leaves Boardman to go to a Community School or Open Enrollment, approximately \$6,000 is reduced from our District's funding. The numbers above representing fiscal year 2003 through 2017 are evidence of the increased dollars that are being diverted to Community Schools, Open Enrollment Schools, and private schools that receive autistic scholarship funding.

The State's 2017 school foundation level increased approximately \$601,578 from the fiscal year 2016 level. This was the second year of the new two year state budget. In the prior two year state budget which commenced in fiscal year 2012 the District continues to lose personal property reimbursement. The District collected \$1,783,164 in personal property loss reimbursement from the State in fiscal year 2016, and \$1,043,792 in fiscal year 2017, a \$739,372 revenue loss. New legislation passed in the new State Biennial budget will phase out the tangible personal property reimbursement by fiscal year 2019. This has a negative effect on school districts throughout the State. The Board of Education is very concerned about the loss of this revenue stream after fiscal year 2018.

Personal Property Tax revenue at one time represented ten percent of the District's revenue. In fiscal year 2003, the District collected \$3,764,061 on personal property and zero for fiscal 2016 and beyond. This decrease has put a tremendous strain on the District's revenue and the ability to maintain financial stability.

The District has committed itself to educational and financial excellence for many years and is very proud of the 4 A's of the District: Academics, Arts, Athletics and Accountability. The diverse curriculum programs offered to the students, our excellent test score ratings for past school years in addition to unqualified audits, are evidence of the Board's commitment to maximize the resources that are provided to educate the students of the District. The District is committed to living within its financial means, and working with the community it serves in order to provide adequate resources to support the education program.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Nicholas E. Ciarniello, Treasurer, Boardman Local School District, 7410 Market Street, Youngstown, Ohio 44512.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets	#14 000 400
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$14,229,462
Accounts Receivable	40,245
Intergovernmental Receivable	102,777
Property Taxes Receivable	31,514,398
Inventory Held for Resale	23,086
Materials and Supplies Inventory	65,872
Note Receivable	259,875
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	3,576,179
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	23,279,039
Total Assets	73,090,933
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension:	
STRS	10,122,756
SERS	3,215,336
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,338,092
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	69,237
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	4,197,843
Intergovernmental Payable	1,251,529
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	103,084
Accrued Interest Payable	84,118
Claims Payable	518,650
Property Tax Refund Payable	944,501
Long-Term Liabilities:	,
Due Within One Year	1,754,541
Due In More Than One Year:	, - ,-
Net Pension Liability (See Note 15)	75,291,573
Other Amounts Due in More than One Year	10,915,716
Total Liabilities	95,130,792
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	30,400,978
Other	231,000
Pension:	
STRS	540,140
SERS	281,938
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	31,454,056
Not Desition	
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets	16 500 140
-	16,583,142
Restricted for:	0 107 010
Capital Projects	2,497,342
Debt Service	287,710
Other Purposes	715,352
Set-asides	170,600
Unrestricted	(60,409,969)
Total Net Position	(\$40,155,823)

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
_	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$24,461,232	\$458,851	\$73,361	\$0	(\$23,929,020)
Special	6,886,081	154,067	1,042,915	0	(5,689,099)
Adult/Continuing	1,708	3,120	0	0	1,412
Other	93,037	31,316	0	0	(61,721)
Support Services:					
Pupils	2,149,406	0	430,205	0	(1,719,201)
Instructional Staff	1,834,315	16,431	166,633	0	(1,651,251)
Board of Education	250,081	0	0	0	(250,081)
Administration	2,875,833	0	101,836	0	(2,773,997)
Fiscal	1,039,622	0	0	0	(1,039,622)
Business	239,623	0	0	0	(239,623)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	5,016,797	0	0	0	(5,016,797)
Pupil Transportation	3,191,026	0	10,125	0	(3,180,901)
Central	453,427	0	0	0	(453,427)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	480,232	72,364	383,939	0	(23,929)
Operation of Food Services	1,186,498	487,797	907,667	0	208,966
Extracurricular Activities	1,252,716	482,110	21,917	195,000	(553,689)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	526,393	0	0	0	(526,393)
Total Governmental Activities	\$51,938,027	\$1,706,056	\$3,138,598	\$195,000	(46,898,373)

General Revenues

27,549,792
1,333,344
414,461
14,012,310
53,039
269,480
43,632,426
(3,265,947)
(36,889,876)
(\$40,155,823)

Mahoning County, Ohio

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

Assets	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$8,845,691	\$2,909,831	\$11,755,522
Accounts Receivable	40,245	φ <u>2</u> ,000,001 0	40,245
Interfund Receivable	69,500	0	69,500
Intergovernmental Receivable	00,000	102,777	102,777
Property Taxes Receivable	29,798,238	1,716,160	31,514,398
Inventory Held for Resale	0	23,086	23,086
Materials and Supplies Inventory	59,481	6,391	65,872
Note Receivable	259,875	0	259,875
Restricted Assets:	,	-	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	170,600	0	170,600
Total Assets	\$39,243,630	\$4,758,245	\$44,001,875
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$39,720	\$29,517	\$69,237
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	4,022,288	175,555	4,197,843
Intergovernmental Payable	1,164,898	86,631	1,251,529
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	103,084	0	103,084
Interfund Payable	0	69,500	69,500
Property Tax Refund Payable	944,501	0	944,501
Total Liabilities	6,274,491	361,203	6,635,694
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	28,780,962	1,620,016	30,400,978
Other	231,000	0	231,000
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	725,558	79,862	805,420
Unavailable Revenue - Other	28,875	0	28,875
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	29,766,395	1,699,878	31,466,273
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	59,481	6,391	65,872
Restricted	0	2,507,442	2,507,442
Committed	218,920	226,260	445,180
Assigned	2,924,343	37	2,924,380
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	(42,966)	(42,966)
Total Fund Balances	3,202,744	2,697,164	5,899,908
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			
Resources and Fund Balances	\$39,243,630	\$4,758,245	\$44,001,875

Mahoning County, Ohio

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$5,899,908
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financ	ial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		26,855,218
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-		
period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavail	lable	
revenue in the funds:		
Delinquent Property Taxes Other	805,420	
Other	28,875	
Total		834,295
Some liabilities, including net pension obligations, are not d	ue and pavable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in th		
STRS	(60,986,202)	
SERS	(14,305,371)	
Total		(75,291,573)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensic	ons are	
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions:		
STRS	10,122,756	
SERS	3,215,336	
Total		13,338,092
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:		
STRS	(540,140)	
SERS	(281,938)	
m. (.)		(000.070)
Total		(822,078)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge		
the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and		
liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		1 704 000
governmental activities in the statement of net position.		1,784,690
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstand	ing	
bonds and lease purchase agreements, whereas in govern	imental	
funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.		(84,118)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Energy Conservation Loan	(1,918,852)	
Qualified School Construction Bonds	(2,325,334)	
Bus Loan Capital Leases	(108,251) (5,919,639)	
Compensated Absences	(2,398,181)	
Tetal		(10.070.075)
Total		(12,670,257)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		(\$40,155,823)

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

_	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	#07 700 004	#1 770 400	
Property Taxes	\$27,796,094	\$1,776,463	\$29,572,557
Tuition and Fees	720,624	16,431	737,055
Interest	52,547	492	53,039
Charges for Services	0	487,797	487,797
Extracurricular Activities	80,010	315,138	395,148
Rentals Contributions and Department	86,056	0	86,056
Contributions and Donations	29,173	216,917 3,532,183	246,090
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	13,642,909		17,175,092
Miscenaneous	232,526	36,954	269,480
Total Revenues	42,639,939	6,382,375	49,022,314
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Regular	22,877,932	103,396	22,981,328
Special	5,636,054	1,016,699	6,652,753
Adult/Continuing	1,683	0	1,683
Other Support Services:	93,037	0	93,037
Pupils	1,596,755	445,611	2,042,366
Instructional Staff	1,507,588	210,006	1,717,594
Board of Education	250,056	25	250,081
Administration	2,617,005	134,625	2,751,630
Fiscal	1,002,183	22,044	1,024,227
Business	192,636	0	192,636
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,158,965	150,656	4,309,621
Pupil Transportation	2,592,495	10,276	2,602,771
Central	312,363	114,142	426,505
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	8,682	403,850	412,532
Operation of Food Services	0	1,137,733	1,137,733
Extracurricular Activities	825,925	312,963	1,138,888
Capital Outlay	1,005,307	509,097	1,514,404
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	296,929	946,119	1,243,048
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,562	520,599	528,161
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	44,983,157	6,037,841	51,020,998
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,343,218)	344,534	(1,998,684)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	28,875	0	28,875
Inception of Capital Lease	523,349	0	523,349
Transfers In	0	28,750	28,750
Transfers Out	(28,750)	0	(28,750)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	523,474	28,750	552,224
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,819,744)	373,284	(1,446,460)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	5,022,488	2,323,880	7,346,368
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,202,744	\$2,697,164	\$5,899,908

Mahoning County, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		(\$1,446,460)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital ou exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlay Current Year Depreciation	tlay 2,144,404 (1,467,776)	
Total		676,628
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e.; disposals and sales) is a decrease in net position. Assets Disposed Accumulated Depreciation on Disposals	(918,750) 0	
Total		(918,750)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide curre financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property Taxes Intergovernmental Other	ent (274,960) (75,274) 28,875	
Total		(321,359)
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as exp However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension be earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension of Direct pension contributions STRS SERS	nefits	
Total		3,482,571
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions STRS SERS	(4,299,737) (1,371,848)	
Total		(5,671,585)
Other financing sources in the governmental funds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Inception of Capital Lease		(523,349)
Repayment of long-term bond and lease/purchase principal is a in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the lor liabilities in the statement of net position.	-	1,243,048
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not re- the use of current financial resources and therefore are not re as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Bonds and Lease Purchases	-	1.768
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences		(140,841)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the co- insurance to individual funds are not reported in the district-v statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenu (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	ride related	352,382
go romanomai aou milos.		
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		(\$3,265,947)

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$28,848,660	\$28,820,928	\$28,820,928	\$0
Tuition and Fees	519,729	459,121	459,152	31
Interest	59,343	46,715	52,426	5,711
Contributions and Donations	33,175	29,308	29,308	0
Intergovernmental	14,981,066	13,642,909	13,642,909	0
Miscellaneous	169,837	150,033	150,042	9
Total Revenues	44,611,810	43,149,014	43,154,765	5,751
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	23,019,211	23,333,960	23,333,960	0
Special	5,580,428	5,656,731	5,650,327	6,404
Other	91,782	93,037	93,037	0
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,611,425	1,633,460	1,633,460	0
Instructional Staff	1,276,707	1,294,164	1,294,060	104
Board of Education	206,773	255,685	255,473	212
Administration	2,611,904	2,647,617	2,647,617	0
Fiscal	1,006,418	1,020,178	1,020,178	0
Business	187,939	190,508	190,508	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	4,287,657	4,346,284	4,346,284	0
Pupil Transportation	3,081,281	3,123,412	3,122,960	452
Central	319,529	323,898	323,898	0
Extracurricular Activities	820,533	831,753	831,753	0
<i>Total Expenditures</i>	44,101,587	44,750,687	44,743,515	7,172
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	510,223	(1,601,673)	(1,588,750)	12,923
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	0	37,675	37,675	0
Advances In	0	11,500	11,500	0
Advances Out	(68,563)	(69,500)	(69,500)	0
Transfers Out	(210,867)	(213,750)	(178,750)	35,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(279,430)	(234,075)	(199,075)	35,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	230,793	(1,835,748)	(1,787,825)	47,923
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	10,054,507	10,054,507	10,054,507	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	214,416	214,416	214,416	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$10,499,716	\$8,433,175	\$8,481,098	\$47,923

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2017

	Internal Service
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,303,340
Liabilities Claims Payable	518,650
Net Position Unrestricted	\$1,784,690

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Internal Service
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$6,833,058
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	750,266
Claims	5,730,410
	0.400.050
Total Operating Expenses	6,480,676
Change in Net Position	352,382
Net Position Beginning of Year	1,432,308
Net Position End of Year	\$1,784,690

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Internal Service
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Received from Charges for Services	\$6,833,058
Cash Payments for Goods and Services Cash Payments for Claims	(750,266) (5,635,060)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	447,732
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	1,855,608
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$2,303,340
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Operating Income	\$352,382
Adjustments: Change in Claims Payable	95,350
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$447,732

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2017

	Private Purpose Trust	
Assets	Scholarship	Agency
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$631,865	\$176,130
Liabilities Due to Students	0	176,130
Total Liabilities	0	\$176,130
Net Position Held in Trust for Scholarships	\$631,865	

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Scholarship
Additions	\$182
Interest Contributions and Donations	36,768
Total Additions	36,950
Deductions Scholarships Awarded	9,100
Change in Net Position	27,850
Net Position Beginning of Year	604,015
Net Position End of Year	\$631,865

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 - Description of the District

The Boardman Local School District (the "District") is organized under Section 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide educational services to the students and other community members of the District. Under such laws there is no authority for a District to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms by the citizens of the District. The District serves an area of approximately 25 square miles in Mahoning County.

The District is staffed by 308 non-certificated and 358 certificated personnel to provide services to approximately 4,119 students and other community members.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. - Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements</u>" and GASB Statement No. 34". A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District. When applying GASB Statement No. 14, management has considered all potential component units.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the debt, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the Boardman School Building Corporation (blended component unit) has been included in the District's financial reporting entity. The financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government). The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Blended Component Unit

Boardman School Building Corporation The Boardman School Building Corporation is considered a component unit of the District by virtue of meeting the criteria noted above. The corporation is a nonprofit organization with the specific purpose of purchasing, leasing or otherwise acquiring real estate and to construct thereon any and all public improvements, within the boundaries of the District.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS) Council of Governments The Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System/ACCESS Assembly (ACCESS) is a consortium of twenty-six school districts in Mahoning and Columbiana Counties, two educational service centers, twenty non-public schools and two Special Education Regional Resource Centers.

The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of utilizing computers and other electronic equipment for administrative and instructional functions among member districts. These include educational management information system services, fiscal services, library services, network services and student services.

ACCESS is governed by an Assembly, which makes all decisions regarding programs, fees, budget and policy. The Assembly is composed of the Superintendent of each of the member districts. Assembly members may designate proxy attendees at meetings for voting purposes. The Assembly meets twice per year, once in November and once in May. Budgets and fees are discussed at the fall meeting, while the Board of Directors are chosen at the spring meeting.

While the Assembly has overall governance for ACCESS, the Board of Directors is selected to make the majority of the day to day operational decisions. Everything from equipment purchases, contracts, personnel action and financial oversight is handled by the Board. The Board is made up of two superintendents each from both Mahoning and Columbiana counties, and the superintendents from both the Mahoning County and Columbiana County Educational Service Centers. The ACCESS Executive Director and the Treasurer are also part of the Board of Directors, but are non-voting members.

All ACCESS revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding. Each of the members supports the ACCESS Assembly based upon a per pupil charge. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 100 DeBartolo Place, Suite 220, Youngstown, Ohio, 44512.

Mahoning County Career and Technical Center The Mahoning County Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of representatives from the participating school districts' elected boards, which possess its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Treasurer of the Career and Technical Center, at 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio 44406.

Public Entity Risk Pools

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Stark County Schools Council of Governments The Stark County Schools Council of Governments (the "COG") is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly elects officers for one year terms to serve as the Board of Directors. The assembly exercises control over the operation of the COG. All COG's revenues are generated from charges for services. The COG has a Health Benefits Program which is a shared risk pool comprised of various entities, most of which are school districts.

B. - Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial Position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental fund:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary and trust funds; and (b) for the accumulation of resources for, and the repayment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs; (c) for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The School District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the School District's internal service fund.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self-insurance fund that accounts for prescription drug, dental and vision claims of the School District's employees.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on Net Position and changes in Net Position. The fiduciary fund category is split into two classifications: private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The private purpose trust fund accounts for scholarship programs for students. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency funds are used to account for student activities and monies held on behalf of others.

C. - Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

The private-purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

D. - Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and the statements for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows/outflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: interest, tuition, grants, student fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources In addition to assets, the statements of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 15.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheets report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2017, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension are

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

reported on the government-wide statement of net position (see Note 15).

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. - Budgets

The District is required by state statute to adopt an annual appropriated cash basis budget for all funds. The specific timetable for fiscal year 2017 is as follows:

- Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates.
- 2. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Mahoning County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.
- 3. Prior to April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer.

The Certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statement reflect the amounts set forth in the original and final Amended Certificate issued for fiscal year 2017.

- 4. By July 1, the annual Appropriation Resolution is legally enacted by the Board of Education at the object level within the general fund and at the fund level of expenditures for all other District funds, which is the legal level of budgetary control. State statute permits a temporary appropriation to be effective until no later than October 1 of each year. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the object level of expenditures for the general fund, the District has elected to present the budgetary statement comparison at the fund and function level of expenditures. Resolution appropriations by fund must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures and encumbrances may not exceed the appropriation totals.
- 5. Any revisions that alter the total of any fund appropriation must be approved by the Board of Education.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds consistent with the general obligation bond indenture and other statutory provisions. All funds completed the year within the amount of their legally authorized cash basis appropriation.
- 7. Appropriation amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education through the year by supplemental appropriations, which either reallocated or increased the original appropriated amounts. All supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board during fiscal year 2017.
- 8. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year and need not be reappropriated. Expenditures plus encumbrances may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

F. - Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents" on the financial statements. During fiscal 2017, the District's investments were limited to investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), a repurchase agreement, and a money market fund.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79' "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business days(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal 2017 amounted to \$52,547, of which \$11,565 was assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the statement of net position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 6.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

G - Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated food, purchased food, and non-food supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

H. - Capital Assets

The District's only capital assets are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of four thousand dollars. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	15 - 50 years
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	6 - 10 years

I. - Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the Statement of Net Position.

J. – Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid from them are not presented on the financial statements.

K. – Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 10 years of service at any age were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2017, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "Matured Compensated Absences Payable" in the fund or funds from which the employees who have accumulated the leave are paid.

L. – Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. In general, liabilities that mature or come due for payment during the fiscal year are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

M. - Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the District Board of Education, which may be expressed by a motion but need not be passed by formal action, such as a Board Resolution.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. – Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include operation of instructional services, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

O. - Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

P. – Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted assets when limitations on their use change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments or imposed by enabling legislation. Restricted assets include the amounts required by state statute to be set aside for budget stabilization. See Note 18 for details.

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2017, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 73, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB 67 and 68", Statement No. 74, "Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans", Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures", Statement No. 78, "Pension Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans", Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14", and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73".

GASB Statement No. 73 establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement No. 68 as well as for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 73 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 74 aims to improve the usefulness of information about other postemployment benefits (OPEB) other than pensions, included in general purpose external financial reports of state and local government <u>benefit plans</u>, for making decisions and assessing accountability. GASB Statement No. 75 establishes standards for governmental employer recognition, measurement and presentation of information about OPEB and is closely related to Statement No. 74, but will not be implemented until next fiscal year for the District. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 74 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 77 gives users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. Disclosure of information about the nature of tax abatements will make these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. These changes were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements (see Note 20); however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

GASB Statement No. 78 amends the scope and applicability of GASB Statement No. 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of State or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local government pension

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local government employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 80 aims to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for component units that are organized as non-for-profit corporations in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 82 improves consistency in the application of pension accounting. These changes were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements; however, there was no effect on beginning net position.

Note 4 – Fund Deficits

Fund balances at June 30, 2017 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	Deficit
Miscellaneous State Grants	\$1,251
IDEA Part B Grant	33,802
Improving Teacher Quality	7,269
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	644
	\$42,966

These funds complied with Ohio state law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year-end. The general fund is liable for any deficit in this fund and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. These deficit fund balances are the result of adjustments for accrued liabilities.

Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the District is reporting its financial Position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balances (GAAP).

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

- 4. Advances In and Advances Out are operating transactions (budget) as opposed to balance sheet transaction (GAAP).
- 5. *Certain funds have legally separate adopted budgets (budget) but are included in the General Fund (GAAP).

*As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the General fund on a GAAP basis. These include the uniform school supplies, adult education, public school support, television network and separation special revenue funds.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Net Change in Fund Balance	
GAAP Basis	(\$1,819,744)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(83,897)
Advances In	11,500
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	300,737
Advance Out	(69,500)
Net Adjustment for Funds Budgeted as Special Revenue	84,174
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(211,095)
Budget Basis	(\$1,787,825)

Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$100 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included in the Basic Financial Statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

B. Deposits

At June 30, 2017, the carrying value amount of all the District's deposits was \$1,545,294, exclusive of the \$194,483 repurchase agreement, \$10,350,902 money market fund and \$2,946,678 in STAR Ohio, included in investments below. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2017, \$1,350,000 of the District's bank balance of \$1,600,000 was exposed to custodial risk as described below, meaning \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the District had the following investments. All investments are in an internal investment pool.

	Fair Value	Maturity
Repurchase Agreements	\$194,483	6 months or less
STAROhio	2,946,678	6 months or less
Money Market Fund	10,350,902	6 months or less
Total Portfolio	\$13,492,063	

The weighted average of maturities is one day.

Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase.

Credit Risk The securities underlying the repurchase agreement and money market fund had a credit risk rating of AAA by Standard and Poors. STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Of the District's investment in repurchase agreements and money market funds, the entire balance is collateralized by underlying securities that are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the District. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District's investment in STAROhio, repurchase agreements and the money market fund represent 22, 1 and 77 percent, respectively, of the District's total investments.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2017:

Cash and Investments per Note Disclosu	<u>ire</u>	Cash and Investments per Stateme	nt of Net Position
Carrying amount of deposits	\$1,545,294	Governmental Activities	\$14,229,462
Investments	13,492,063	Private-purpose trust funds	631,865
Cash on hand	100	Agency funds	176,130
Total	\$15,037,457	Total	\$15,037,457

Note 7 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2017 represent collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2017 represents collections of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2016 became a lien December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016 and are collected in 2017 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2017 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2017 was \$291,718 in the general fund, \$9,481 in the bond retirement debt service fund, and \$6,801 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been made unavailable. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

	2016 Seco Half Collec		2017 Fir Half Collec	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate Public Utility Personal	\$807,779,310 42,912,350	94.96 % 5.04	\$807,758,100 41,090,060	95.16 % 4.84
Total	\$850,691,660	100.00 %	\$848,848,160	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$58.15		\$58.15	

Note 8 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition), accrued interest and intergovernmental distributions and grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current fiscal year guarantee of Federal funds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

A summary of the principal items of intergovernmental receivables are as follows:

Non-major Governmental Funds:	
Miscellaneous State Grants	\$318
IDEA Part B Grant	45,918
Title I Grant	38,511
Improving Teacher Quality Grant	16,267
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	1,763
Total Intergovernmental Receivable	\$102,777

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 9 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

	Nonmajor		
Fund Balances	General	Governmental	Total
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	\$59,481	\$6,391	\$65,872
Restricted for:			
Food Service Operations	0	610,382	610,382
Technology Improvements	0	4,469	4,469
Athletics & Music	0	135,605	135,605
Auxiliary Services	0	2,611	2,611
Preschool	0	23	23
Fiscal Stabilization	0	1,343	1,343
Special Education	0	8,246	8,246
Debt Service Payments	0	287,710	287,710
Capital Improvements	0	1,457,053	1,457,053
Total Restricted	0	2,507,442	2,507,442
Committed to:			
Boardman Schools Television Network	164,963	0	164,963
Termination Payments	53,957	0	53,957
Capital Improvements	0	226,260	226,260
Total Committed	218,920	226,260	445,180
Assigned to:			
College Scholarships	0	37	37
Other Purposes	105,176	0	105,176
Budget Stabilization	170,601	0	170,601
Encumbrances	182,499	0	182,499
Subsequent Year Appropriations	2,466,067	0	2,466,067
Total Assigned	2,924,343	37	2,924,380
Unassigned (Deficit)	0	(42,966)	(42,966)
Total Fund Balances	\$3,202,744	\$2,697,164	\$5,899,908

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/16	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/17
Governmental Activities:	0,00,10			0,00,11
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$3,745,329	\$630,000	(\$918,750)	\$3,456,579
Construction in progress	0	119,600	0	119,600
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,745,329	749,600	(918,750)	3,576,179
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	2,448,541	21,883	0	2,470,424
Buildings and improvements	40,999,489	148,198	0	41,147,687
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,643,378	871,808	0	5,515,186
Vehicles	4,645,444	352,915	0	4,998,359
Total capital assets being depreciated	52,736,852	1,394,804	0	54,131,656
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	(1,304,029)	(59,917)	0	(1,363,946)
Buildings and improvements	(20,560,286)	(742,481)	0	(21,302,767)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(4,429,510)	(386,573)	0	(4,816,083)
Vehicles	(3,091,016)	(278,805)	0	(3,369,821)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,384,841)	(1,467,776) *	0	(30,852,617)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	23,352,011	(72,972)	0	23,279,039
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$27,097,340	\$676,628	(\$918,750)	\$26,855,218

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$300,607
Special	34,454
Vocational	300
Support Services:	
Pupil	202
Instructional Staff	72,163
Administration	12,439
Fiscal	315
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	459,841
Pupil Transportation	437,163
Central	8,873
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	21,707
Operation of Food Services	48,974
Extracurricular	70,738
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,467,776

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 11 - Interfund Activity

A. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Governmental Fund:		
General	\$0	\$28,750
Non-major Governmental Funds:		
Permanent Improvement	28,750	0
	\$28,750	\$28,750

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financials. All transfers were made in compliance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16.

B. Interfund Receivable/Payable

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable
Major Governmental Fund: General	\$69,500	\$0
Non-major Governmental Funds:	<i>400,000</i>	
Miscellaneous State Grants	0	1,504
Title I	0	46,223
Improving Teacher Quality	0	19,349
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	2,424
Total	\$69,500	\$69,500

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 12 - Long-term Obligations

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	Amount Outstanding			Amount Outstanding	Amounts due in
	6/30/16	Additions	Deductions	6/30/17	One Year
Governmental-Type Activities					
2011 Qualified School Construction Bonds	\$2,557,867	\$0	(\$232,533)	\$2,325,334	\$232,533
2009 Energy Conservation Note $\ 3.30\%$ - 3.62%	2,151,758	0	(232,906)	1,918,852	242,198
Bus Purchase Loan	213,484	0	(105,233)	108,251	108,251
Capital Lease Obligations	6,068,666	523,349	(672,376)	5,919,639	671,004
Compensated Absences	2,257,340	597,671	(456,830)	2,398,181	500,555
Total Before Net Pension Liability	13,249,115	1,121,020	(1,699,878)	12,670,257	1,754,541
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	50,596,528	13,073,534	(2,683,860)	60,986,202	0
SERS	11,690,229	3,618,293	(1,003,151)	14,305,371	0
Total Net Pension Liability	62,286,757	16,691,827	(3,687,011)	75,291,573	0
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$75,535,872	\$17,812,847	(\$5,386,889)	\$87,961,830	\$1,754,541

On August 10, 2011, the District issued Qualified School Construction Bonds of 3,488,000 (par value) with an interest rate of 5.14 percent and maturing on 12/1/2026. The purpose of the issuance is to assist the District in paying the costs of installations, modifications and remodeling of school buildings to conserve energy. After paying issuance costs of 69,760, the net proceeds were 3,418,240.

The District has implemented House Bill 264 (HB264) energy conservation projects. The HB264 program is a state house bill that allows special financing opportunities for energy conservation permanent improvements in school districts. The project will encompass heating, air conditioning, and lighting improvements. The special HB264 capital lease financing agreement was for \$3,488,480 over 15 years at rates ranging from 3.30 percent to 3.62 percent. The notes mature January 1st, 2024. On October 26, 2012 the District entered into a loan agreement in the amount of \$516,910 for the purchase of busses. The loan is for 5 years at a rate of 2.75 percent and will mature on July 1, 2017.

On July 3, 2008 the District entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$6,050,000 for classroom additions. The term of the lease is for 28 years at a rate of 4.40 percent and will mature on December 1, 2036.

On July 3, 2008 the District entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,010,000 for the performing arts center refinancing. The term of the lease is for 12 years at a rate of 4.45 percent and will mature on June 1, 2020.

On May 28, 2016 the District entered into a lease purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,350,000 for Phase II of the stadium project. The term of the lease is for 8 years at a rate of 3.2 percent and will mature on June 1, 2023. This lease agreement is being repaid by donations from booster clubs associated with the District.

On July 20, 2016 the District entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$523,349 for computer equipment through Apple. The term of the lease is for 3 years at a rate of 2.3 percent and will mature on July 20, 2018.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Compensated absences will be paid from the General fund and the Food Service, Auxiliary Services, IDEA Grant and Title I special revenue funds. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service.

The capital leases are being repaid from the General fund and the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

The District's overall legal debt margin was \$72,439,858 with an unvoted debt margin of \$848,848, and a legal energy conservation debt margin of \$5,720,781 at June 30, 2017.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the school construction bonds, energy conservation note and bus purchase loan outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Fiscal year	-	fied School ion Bonds	2009 E Conserva		Bus Purch	ase Loan
Ending		stastasta T		.	D · · 1	.
June 30,	Principal	***Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2018	\$232,533	\$179,283	\$242,198	\$76,252	\$108,218	\$3,017
2019	232,533	179,283	251,860	66,590	0	0
2020	232,533	179,283	262,040	56,410	0	0
2021	232,533	179,283	273,029	45,421	0	0
2022	232,533	179,283	284,478	33,972	0	0
2023 - 2026	1,162,669	806,774	605,247	31,653	0	0
Total	\$2,325,334	\$1,703,189	\$1,918,852	\$310,298	\$108,218	\$3,017

***Interest payments made on the 2012 Qualified School Construction Bonds are being offset by tax credits receipted from the Federal government in the approximate amount of \$2,744,527 through 2026. These tax credits will reduce the net amount of interest paid by the District over the life of the bonds.

Note 13 – Capitalized Lease – Lessee Disclosure

In prior fiscal years, the District entered into capital lease obligations for a performing arts center, classroom additions and for the purchase of copiers and computer equipment. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the basic financial statements. These expenditures are reflected as program/function expenditures on a budgetary basis.

Governmental activities capital assets consisting of building improvements and equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$11,285,059. This amount represents the present value of the future minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition.

A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments on the performing arts center lease in the 2017 fiscal year totaled \$92,000 and \$14,689, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

Principal and interest payments on the classroom additions lease in the 2017 fiscal year totaled \$236,000 and \$189,250, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the Permanent Improvement capital projects fund.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Principal and interest payments on the copiers lease in the 2017 fiscal year totaled \$13,266 and \$99, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the general fund.

Principal and interest payments on the Phase II stadium lease in the 2017 fiscal year totaled \$152,679 and \$38,934, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the Building capital projects fund.

Principal and interest payments on the Apple computer equipment lease in the 2017 fiscal year totaled \$178,431 and \$0, respectively. These amounts are reported as debt service payments of the general fund.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease obligations and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2018	\$903,039
2019	902,775
2020	724,477
2021	617,885
2022	617,885
2023 - 2027	2,299,760
2028 - 2032	814,936
2033 - 2037	811,294
Total Minimum Lease Payments	7,692,051
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(1,772,412)
Present Value of Minimum Lease	\$5,919,639

Note 14 - Risk Management

A. Property, Fleet and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, boilers, electronic data processing equipment and instruments.

The comprehensive commercial property coverage limit is \$170,937,215. The deductible is \$1,000 and the coinsurance is 100 percent. The business auto coverage limits are \$6,000,000 for liability and \$1,000,000 for uninsured motorists with no deductible. The District's audio-visual and computer equipment policy and musical instrument policy are covered under the commercial property coverage limit. The District's machinery and equipment policy has a \$100,000 annual aggregate with a \$1,000 deductible. The District's commercial crime coverage liability limit is \$100,000. The District has general liability coverage limits of \$6,000,000 each occurrence and \$8,000,000 annual aggregate.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from last year.

B. Employee Medical Benefits

During the fiscal year, the School District elected to provide medical, vision, dental and prescription drug benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains an insurance reserve internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. A third party administrator, Medical Mutual of Ohio, reviews all claims which are then paid by the School District. The School District pays into the insurance reserve internal service fund as follows;

	Med	dical/RX]	Dental	 /ision
Family	\$	1,833	\$	104	\$ 13
Employee/Spouse		1,375		78	10
Employee/Dependent		1,113		63	8
Single		655		37	5

The premium is paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee and is based on historical cost information.

The claims liability of \$518,650 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2017, is based on an estimate provided by the third party administrator and the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claim costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses.

Changes in the claims liability amount during the last fiscal year was as follows:

	Balance at			
	Beginning	Current Year	Claim	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2016	\$484,200	5,697,470	5,758,370	\$423,300
2017	423,300	5,730,410	5,635,060	518,650

C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Retrospective Rating Plan (Retro Plan) for Workers' Compensation. In 1997, the BWC began offering a two tier Retro Plan to private and public employers. With the Retro Plan, employers initially pay the BWC less premiums than required without the plan. Participants in the Retro Plan may earn possible premium reductions by assuming a portion of the risk. The greater the portion of assumed risk taken by the District, the greater the possibility of a premium reduction there is. The District was accepted into the Retro Plan for policy year 2005. The District was no longer able to qualify for the group rating through OSBA.

The District meets monthly with representatives from PRM, our third party administrator, and Comp 1, our MCO, and a consultant from the BWC. Claims are reviewed and watched to ensure that the District has maximized the potential for savings.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 15 – Defined Benefits Pension Plans

A. Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee - on a deferred payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. A liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. School Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - District non-teaching employees participate in the School Employees Retirement System (SERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability, survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u>, under *Employers/Audit Resources*.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or Before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or After August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. None of the 14 percent employer contribution was allocated to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$887,441 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Of this amount \$588,996 was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. State Teachers Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation was 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of age. Age and service requirements for retirement increased August 1, 2015 and will continue to increase periodically until reaching age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS Ohio plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS Ohio bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS Ohio therefore has included all three plan options in the GASB 68 schedules of employer allocations and pension amounts by employer.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and subsequent years, the employer rate was 14 percent and the member rate was 14 percent of covered payroll.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,595,130 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Of this amount \$474,756 was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Districts proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Districts share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.20487260%	0.18307483%	
Current Measurement Date	0.19545320%	0.18219513%	
Change in Proportionate Share	-0.00941940%	-0.00087970%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,305,371	\$60,986,202	\$75,291,573
Pension Expense	\$1,371,848	\$4,299,737	\$5,671,585

At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$192,947	\$2,464,135	\$2,657,082
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,179,985	5,063,491	6,243,476
Change of Assumptions	954,962	0	954,962
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	887,441	2,595,130	3,482,571
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$3,215,335	\$10,122,756	\$13,338,091
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Change in Proportionate Share	\$281,938	\$540,140	\$822,078

\$3,482,571 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2018	(\$478,785)	(\$1,028,440)	(\$1,507,225)
2019	(477,936)	(1,028,437)	(1,506,373)
2020	(750,037)	(2,971,445)	(3,721,482)
2021	(339,198)	(1,959,164)	(2,298,362)
Total	(\$2,045,956)	(\$6,987,486)	(\$9,033,442)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 Percent
Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation	3.50 Percent to 18.20 Percent
COLA or Ad hoc COLA	3 Percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 Percent Net of Investment Expense, Including Inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with generational projection and Scale BB, with 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an experience study that was completed June 30, 2015. As a result of the actuarial experience study, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent, (c) assumed real wage growth was

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates and (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation		Real Rate of Return	_
Cash	1.00	%	0.50	%
U.S. Stocks	22.50		4.75	
Non-U.S. Stocks	22.50		7.00	
Fixed Income	19.00		1.50	
Private Equity	10.00		8.00	
Real Assets	15.00		5.00	
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00		3.00	
Total	100.00	%		

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. A discount rate of 7.75 percent was used in the prior measurement period. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$18,939,419	\$14,305,371	\$10,426,478

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 Percent
Projected Salary Increases	2.75 Percent at Age 70 to 12.25 Percent at Age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 Percent, Net of Investment Expenses, Including Inflation
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	2% Simple Applied as Follows: For Members Retiring Before August
	1, 2013, 2% per Year, For Members Retiring August 1, 2013, or later,
	2% COLA paid on Fifth Anniversary of Retirement Date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	*Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	_
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00	%
International Equity	26.00	7.85	
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75	
Alternatives	14.00	8.00	
Real Estate	10.00	6.75	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00	-
Total	100.00 %	7.61	%

*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50 percent and does not include investment expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant change is a reduction in the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. In April 2017, the STRS Board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the overall decrease to District's Net Pension Liability is expected to be significant.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)	
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$81,045,712	\$60,986,202	\$44,064,827	

E. Social Security System

Effective, July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio. As of June 30, 2017, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

Note 16 - Postemployment Benefits

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description – The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certified retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at <u>www.ohsers.org</u> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding policy – State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2017, none of the employer contribution was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro- rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2017, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$103,719.

The School District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$103,719, \$92,919, and \$60,912, respectively. The fiscal year 2017 amount has been reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888)-227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2017, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. None of the School District's contributions were allocated to fund health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 or 2015.

Note 17 - Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Administrators earn twenty days of vacation annually. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-quarter days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated without a maximum for all employees. Upon retirement, classified employees receive payments for twenty five percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 63 days. Teachers and administrators receive payment for twenty five percent of the total sick leave accumulation up to 65 days.

Note 18 - Set-Asides

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for textbooks and capital acquisition. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital	Budget
	Improvements	Stabilization
Set-Aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$0	\$233,898
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	749,853	0
Qualifying Disbursements	(581,621)	(63,297)
Current year offsets	(615,334)	0
Total	(\$447,102)	\$170,601
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to		
Future Fiscal Years	\$0	\$170,601
Cash balance as of June 30, 2017	\$0	\$170,601

Although the School District had qualifying disbursements and current year offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

The total reserve balance for the three set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$170,601.

Note 19 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2017, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

B. Litigation

The District is not party to any legal proceedings seeking damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending at June 30, 2017.

C. School District Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for fiscal year 2017, traditional school district must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. This amount has not been included in the financial statements as it is not material to the financial statements.

Note 20 – Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2017, the District provides tax abatements through an Enterprise Zone (Ezone). This program relates to the abatement of property taxes.

Ezone - Under the authority of ORC Sections 5709.62 and 5709.63, the Ezone program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real and personal property tax exemptions to businesses making investments in Ohio. An Ezone is a designated area of land in which businesses can receive tax incentives in the form of tax exemptions on qualifying new investments. An Ezone's geographic area is identified by the local government involved in the creation of the zone. Once the zone is defined, the local legislative authority participating in the creation must petition the OSDA. The OSDA must then certify the area for it to become an active Enterprise Zone. The local legislative authority negotiates the terms of the Enterprise Zone Agreement (the "Agreement") with the business, which may include tax sharing with the City. Legislation must then be passed to approve the Agreement. All Agreements must be finalized before the project begins and may contain provisions for the recoupment of taxes should the individual or entity fail to perform. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the business's property tax bill.

Tax Abatement Program	Taxes Abated
Enterprise Zone	\$3,750

Note 21 – Subsequent Events

On July 15, 2017, the District entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$654,328 for the purchase of eight busses. The term of the lease is 4 years and will mature on July 15, 2021.

On September 29, 2017 the District issued Energy Conservation Improvement Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$1,850,000 to currently refund the District's 2008 Energy Conservation Improvement Bonds, dated July 3, 2008. The bonds were issued for the purpose of interest savings at a rate of 1.77 percent and will mature on January 1, 2024.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

In September 2017 the District was informed that the Mercy Health Hospital expansion, which was added as taxable during construction, was awarded an exemption in August. The value of the addition was added to the tax duplicate in tax year 2015 and 2016 and taxes paid. When the exemption was granted a refund of nearly all taxes paid was made from the District's August 2017 settlement of \$944,501. This amount has been reported as property tax payable with a subsequent reduction of property tax revenue in the current financial statements. Additional growth due to the 2017 reappraisal values and taxes will help buffer the loss.

The District will place an Emergency Levy on the May 2018 ballot, which is expected to generate \$4,900,000 annually.

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Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.019543200%	0.20487260%	0.20490400%	0.20490400%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,305,371	\$11,690,229	\$10,370,074	\$12,184,983
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,338,864	\$7,890,432	\$6,076,429	\$6,066,770
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	225.68%	148.16%	170.66%	200.85%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Four Fiscal Years (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.018219513%	0.183074830%	0.185233120%	0.185233120%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$60,986,202	\$50,596,528	\$45,055,105	\$53,669,347
School District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$18,536,643	\$19,723,779	\$19,158,308	\$18,794,385
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	329.00%	256.53%	235.17%	285.56%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

(1) Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$887,441	\$1,003,151	\$1,039,959	\$842,193
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$887,441)	(\$1,003,151)	(\$1,039,959)	(\$842,193)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$6,338,864	\$7,165,364	\$7,890,432	\$6,076,429
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$839,641	\$798,385	\$761,759	\$811,475	\$567,559	\$515,846
(\$839,641)	(\$798,385)	(\$761,759)	(\$811,475)	(\$567,559)	(\$515,846)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0 \$6,066,770	\$0 \$5,935,948	\$0 \$6,060,135	\$0 \$5,993,168	\$0 \$5,767,876	\$0 \$5,253,014

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution	\$2,595,130	\$2,683,860	\$2,761,329	\$2,490,580
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$2,595,130)	(\$2,683,860)	(\$2,761,329)	(\$2,490,580)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$18,536,643	\$19,170,429	\$19,723,779	\$19,158,308
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%

2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
\$2,443,270	\$2,619,856	\$2,730,913	\$2,747,876	\$2,693,610	\$2,624,664
(\$2,443,270)	(\$2,619,856)	(\$2,730,913)	(\$2,747,876)	(\$2,693,610)	(\$2,624,664)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$18,794,385	\$20,152,738	\$21,007,023	\$21,137,508	\$20,720,077	\$20,189,723
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014 through 2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.50 percent, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75 percent to 0.50 percent, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014 through 2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

BOARDMAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title/Cluster	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Total Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555	100825-3L70 100825-3L60	\$151,435 846,448 997,883
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:			
<i>Title I Cluster:</i> Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A of the ESEA)	84.010	100825-3M00	1,018,133
Special Education Cluster: Special Education Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	100825-3M20	913,871
English Language Acquisition Grants (Title III)	84.365	100825-3Y70	10,252
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Title II-A)	84.367	100825-3Y60	125,936
Team Nutrition Grant	10.574	100825-3GF0	9,555
Healthy Cuisine for Kids	10.560	100825-3670	7,319
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,085,066
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$3,082,949

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

BOARDMAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Boardman Local School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D – FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Boardman Local School District Mahoning County 7410 Market Street Boardman, Ohio 44512

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Boardman Local School District, Mahoning County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 2, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

101 Central Plaza South, 700 Chase Tower, Canton, Ohio 44702-1509 Phone: 330-438-0617 or 800-443-9272 Fax: 330-471-0001 www.ohioauditor.gov Boardman Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 2, 2018



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Boardman Local School District Mahoning County 7410 Market Street Boardman, Ohio 44512

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for Major Federal Program

We have audited Boardman Local School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect Boardman Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Boardman Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 2

Opinion on Major Federal Program

In our opinion, complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 2, 2018

BOARDMAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS		
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	CFDA # 84.027 Special Education Grants to States (IDEA Part B)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

BOARDMAN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

MAHONING COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED MARCH 22, 2018

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