



CITY OF CINCINNATI HAMILTON COUNTY

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CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

(Amount in Thousands)

(Amount in Thousands)									
Grantor/ Program Title	Fund CFDA#	Grant #	Fund	Agency	Federal Revenue Received	Contributions & Other Revenue (Non-Federal)	Federal Expenditures	Advances (Repayments) or Adjustments	Amount provided to Sub recipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Ohio Department of Health			4	717					
Hamilton County WIC Program Hamilton County WIC Program	391 10.557 391 10.557 Total for CFDA No. 10.557	03120011WA0916 03120011WA1017 .557	NAM MAM	Health Health	1,248 1,588 2,836		2,422 3,262		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Education Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	324 10.558	55x2033	N A A	Recreation	. 152		129		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	ē				152		129		
2 U.S. Department of Commerce									
EDA Local Technical Assistance Program - 151622	980 11.303 Total for CEDA No. 11.303	06-06-05693	CP	DCED	131		131		84
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE					13		131		8
3 Environmental Protection Agency Cyanotoxin Grant Program	756 66.468	HABG-14-067	EWW	GCWW	29				
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	(a.) 10tal for CFDA No. 66.468	.408			29				
4 Food & Drug Administration Advancing Conformance with the Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards Grant		5U18FD004688-03	NAM	Health	02		70		
TOTAL FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION	Total for CFDA No. 93.103	.103			70		70		
5 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services * Passed through Council on Aging of Southwestern Ohio Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B	324 93.044 (b.) Total for CFDA No. 93.044	65X2076	NAR	Recreation	20			= =	
* Passed through Council on Aging of Southwestern Ohio Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C Nutrition									
Services	324 93.045 (b.) Total for CFDA No. 93.045	65X2076 .045	NAR	Recreation	53	9	110	14	
* Passed through Council on Aging of Southwestern Ohio Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSIP)	324 93.053 (b.) Total for CFDA No. 93.053	65X2076 .053	NAR	Recreation	19		4 4		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Health Public Health Emergency Preparedness Public Health Emergency Preparedness 	350 93.074 350 93.074 Total for CFDA No. 93.074	03120012PH716 03120012PH817 .074	NAM	Health Health	184 156 340		102 247 349		
Program for Toxic Substances & Disease Registry	436 93.161 Total for CFDA No. 93.161	1E11TS000227-01 .161	NAO	Environment & Sustainability	28		28		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Health Reproductive Health & Wellness Reproductive Health & Wellness	350 93.217 350 93.217 Total for CEDA No 93.317	3120011RH0617 3120011RH0718 217	NAM NAM	Health Health	601	4 2	615		
Health Center Cluster	446 93.224	H80CS25683	NAM	Health	3,586		3,611		
* Passed through Cincinnati Health Network Homeless Health Care Program	448 93.224	Contract #65x10136	NAM	Health	366		491		
	(i.) Total for CFDA No. 93.224	.224			3,952		4,102		

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

(Amount in Thousands)

Grantor/ Program Title	Fund	CFDA#	Grant #	Fund	Agency	Federal Revenue Received	Contributions & Other Revenue (Non-Federal)	Federal Expenditures	Advances (Repayments) or Adjustments	Amount provided to Sub recipients
* Passed through Ohio Department of Health Immunization Action Plan Special	415 Total for	415 93.268 Total for CFDA No. 9	03120012IM0916	NAM	Health	189	88	220		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Health Immunization Action Plan Special 	415 Total for		03120012IM1017 93.539	NAM	Health			55		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (h.) 	323 Total for		05x2034 & 05x2035 93.558	APR	Recreation	101	41	116		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Refugee Health Screening Cincinnati	350 Total for	350 93.566 Total for CFDA No. 9	G-1415-17-0841 93.566	NAM	Health	303		303		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) (a.)	323 Total for	ses 323 93.575 (a.) Total for CFDA No. 9	05x2034 & 05x2035 93.575	APR	Recreation	50	20	58		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Social Services Block Grant - Title XX (SSBG)	323 Total for	323 93.667 Total for CFDA No. 9	05x2034 & 05x2035 93.667	APR	Recreation	50	20	58		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Health Creating Healthy Communities Creating Healthy Communities 	425 425 Total for	425 93.758 425 93.758 Total for CFDA No. 9	03120014CC0716 03120014CC0817 93.758	NAM NAM	Health Health	102 34 136		122 35 157		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities Medical Assistance Program (c.) 7	s 324 Total for	ilties 324 93.778 (c.) Total for CFDA No. 9	N/A 93.778	NAR	Recreation	41		22		
Family and Community Violence Prevention Program (14CAMP)	368 Total for	368 93.910 Total for CFDA No. 9	YEPMP140082-02-00 93.910	NAS	Police	233		239		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Health Reproductive Health & Wellness Dental Sealant Grant Dental Sealant Grant	350 350 350 Total for	350 93.994 350 93.994 350 93.994 Total for CFDA No. 9	3120011RH0617 03120011DS0316 03120011DS0417	N A M N A M N N N	Health Health Health	16 33 10 59		16 25 10 51		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES 6 U.S. Department of Homeland Security FY15, Assistance to Finefindners Grant (AFG)	472	97 044	FMW-2015-FO-07265	0.0 4 2.0 2.0	ā	6,148	187	6,675	25	
	Total for	o.	97.044	2) :	418		418		
FY14 Port Security Grant Program FY15 Port Security Grant Program FY16 Port Security Grant Program	368 368 368 Total for	368 97.056 368 97.056 368 97.056 Total for CFDA No. 9	EMW-2014-PU-00224 EMW-2015-PU-00265 EMW-2016-PU-00391 97.056	NAS NAS NAS	Police Police Police	38 55 1		34 81 2		
FY13 Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response (SAFER) TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY	472 Total for	472 97.083 Total for CFDA No. 9	EMW-2013-FH-00536 97.083	NAS	Fire	1,353		664 664 1,199		
7 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant	304 304 304	14.218 14.218 14.218	B14MC390003 B15MC390003 B16MC390003	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	DCED DCED DCED	1,715 288 7,410	641	2,253 375 7,752		162 196 3,469

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

(Amount in Thousands)

(Amount in Inousands)				Fund		Federal Revenue	Contributions & Other Revenue	Federal	Advances (Repayments) or	Amount provided to Sub
Grantor/ Program Title	Fund	CFDA#	Grant #	Class	Agency	Received	(Non-Federal)	Expenditures	Adjustments	recipients
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant Neighborhood Stabilization Program 1	304	14.218	B17MC390003 B-08-MN-39-0003	NAC NAO	DCED		2,512	305		305
	k.) Total for	(k.) Total for CFDA No. 14.218				9,413	3,187	10,685		4,132
2015 Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)	445	14.231	E 15 MC 39 0003	NAO	DCED	16		16		16
2016 Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)	445	14.231	E 16 MC 39 0003	NAO	DCED	881		770		770
	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 14.231	4.231			897		786		786
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2011	411	14.239	M11MC390213	NAC	DCED	12		12		
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2012	411	14.239	M12MC390213	NAC	DCED	349		374		42
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2013	411	14.239	M13MC390213	NAC	DCED	1,345		1,401		80
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2014	411	14.239	M14MC390213	NAC	DCED	135		135		!
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2015	411	14.239	M15MC390213	NAN NA	DCED	439	7	439		147
HOME Investment Partnersnips Program 2016	1 4 4	14.239	MIT BINIC 390Z13	Z A	DCED	317	11.	3/0		4 6
HOWE INVESTMENT PARTNETSINDS Program 2017	Total for	411 14.239 Total for CFDA No. 14.239	M17/MC390213 4.239	NAC	DCED	2,597	234	2,761		269
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS - 2015	465	14.241	OHH 15F001	NAO	DCED	2		5		5
nousing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS - 2010	Total for	403 14.241 Total for CFDA No. 14.241	OHH 18-001	O E	DCED	909		414		414
i CDBG Section 108 Loan Fund	305 Total for	305 14.248 Fotal for CFDA No. 14.248	B-12-MC-39-003 4.248	NAC	DCED		255	237		
MetroWest HUD EDI - 10221	980	980 14.251	B-10-SP-OH-0080	СР	DCED			457		
ARRA- Neighborhood Stabilization Program 3	438	14.256	B-11-MN-39-0003	NAO	DCED			27		
* Passed through Hamilton County										
ARRA- Neighborhood Stabilization Program 2	502 Total for	502 14.256 Total for CFDA No. 14.256	B-09-CN-OH-0033 4.256	NAO	DCED			244		
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0362C5E001000 OH0363C5E001000 OH0364C5E001000	NAO	DCED	130		130		130
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0009L5E001407	NAO	DCED	335		329		335
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0002L5E001402	NAO	DCED	22		22		22
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0006L5E001402	NAN N	DCED	75		22		22
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0424L5E001403	NA N	DCED	5- 12		27		2 12
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0003L5E001401	NAO	DCED	14		14		14
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0302L5E001401	NAO	DCED	27		27		27
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH 0307L5E001401	NAO	DCED	24		27		27
Continuum of Care Program	410 Total for	410 14.267 Total for CFDA No. 14.267	OH0308L5E001401 4.267	NAO	DCED	74		74		74
Lead Hazard Control Grant	381	14.905	OHLHB0582-14	NAM	Health	1,241		1,143		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 14.905 ENT	4.905			1,241	3,676	1,143		6,342
8 U.S. Department of Justice										
Crime Vicin Assistance (16/ALU)	368	16.575	2016-VOCA-19812206	NAS	Police	21		15		
Cillie vicuii Assistatice (T. VALO)	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 16.575	6.575	2		95		94		
* Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services Violence Against Women Formula Grants (15VAWA) Violence Against Women Formula Grants (16VAWA)	368	16.588 16.588	2015-WF-VA5-8583 2016-WF-VA5-8583	NAS	Police Police	45		45		

CITY OF CINCININATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

Amount provided to

Advances

Contributions &

Federal

(Amount in Thousands)

Grantor/ Program Title	Fund	CFDA#	Grant #	Fund	Agency	Revenue	Other Revenue (Non-Federal)	Federal Expenditures	(Repayments) or Adjustments	Sub recipients
	Total fo	-				61	,	. 61		
Public Safety Partnership & Community Policing Grant 2014 Public Safety Partnership & Community Policing Grant 2015		16.710	2014-UL-WX-0029 2015-UL-WX-0030	NAS NAS	Police Police	663		663 559		
	Total fo	Total for CFDA No. 16.710	16.710		:	1,273		1,222		
Technology Innovation for Public Safety Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (13 MG)	368	16.738	2016-DG-BX-K052	NAS NAS	Police	2		204	(23)	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (14JAG)	478	16.738	2014-DJ-BX-0398	NAS N	Police		2	54	(63)	
Edward Byme Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (15JAG)	478	16.738	2015-DJ-BX-0238	NAS	Police		ю	18		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (16JAG)	478	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0213	NAS	Police	314	~	141		141
* Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services Edward Byrne Memorial JAG (15TRAFFICKING) Edward Byrne Memorial JAG (15HOME)	368 368 Total fo	368 16.738 368 16.738 Total for CFDA No. 16.738	2015-JG-A02-6256 2015-JG-A02-6810 16.738	NAS NAS	Police Police	14 17 334	9	14 17 448	(23)	141
Equitable Sharing Program	367 Total fo	367 16.922 Total for CFDA No. 16.922	16.922	NAS	Police	811		403		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE						2,574	9	2,228	(23)	141
9 U.S. Department of the Interior Sport Fishing Restoration Sport Fishing Restoration (Interior Total Department of Interior	324 324 e.) Total fo	324 15.605 324 15.605 (e.) Total for CFDA No. 15.605	65X2012 65X2088 15.605	NAR NAR	Recreation	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		w w w w		
10 U.S. Department of Transportation FAA Local Match 142329	980 Total fo	980 20.106 Total for CFDA No. 20.106	3-39-0018-022-2014 20.106	O	DOTE	50		69		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Transportation Uptown Access Improvements West MLK Drive 11330 	980	20.205	PID 87036	O	DOTE	662		1,103		
Harrison Avenue Improvements 11338	086	20.205	PID 81853	G (DOTE			₩.		
Central Parkway Bikeway 12233/ Bicycle Transportation Program - Lunken Trail 152337	086	20.205	PID 96335 PID 98756	5 6	DOTE			r 60		
Safe Routes to School 152387	980	20.205	PID 94308	5 B	DOTE	55		57		
Northside Arterial Improvements 03343 FHA Local Bridge Fund Marburg Bridge Grants 172314	980	20.205	PID 87451 PID 94068	<u> </u>	DOTE	2,205		2,482		
	f.) Total fo	- i	20.205			3,005		3,675		
* Passed through Southwest Ohio Regional Transit Authority FTA -Urban Circulator Grant - 03678	980 j.) Total fo	980 20.500 (j.) Total for CFDA No. 20.500	OH-03-0303-00 20.500	O	DOTE	3,804		3,804		
* Passed through Ohio State Highway Patrol										
State and Community Highway Safety (15BLUEASH) State and Community Highway Safety (15BLUEASH)	368	20.600	MOA - Subgrantee (2015)	NAS	Police	4 5		σч		
State and Community Highway Safety (100E0EX)	368	20.600	CZ-2016-31-00-00-00673-00	NAS	Police	35		35		
State and Community Highway Safety (17WORK)	368	20.600	CZ-2017-31-00-00-00618-00		Police	9		9		
State and Community Highway Safety (15STEP)	368	20.600	STEP-2016-31-00-00-00455-00		Police	19		19		
State and Community Highway Safety (16STEP) (368 g.) Total fo	368 20.600 (g.) Total for CFDA No.	SIEP-2017-31-00-00-00483-00 20.600	NAS	Police	91		10		

^{*} Passed through Ohio State Highway Patrol

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

(Amount in Thousands)

provided to recipients (Repayments) or Adjustments Advances 22 134 38,996 Expenditures Federal 3,869 Contributions & Other Revenue (Non-Federal) 36,426 39 130 7,119 Federal Revenue Received Police Police Agency DOTE Fund NAS NAS СР IDEP-2016-31-00-00-00322-00 IDEP-2017-31-00-00-00346-00 OH-79-002-00 Grant # (g.) Total for CFDA No. 20.616 Total for CFDA No. 20.933 20.616 20.616 Fund CFDA# 20.933 980 368 TOTAL FEDERAL GRANTS & SUBSIDIES (Non-GAAP Basis) Passed through Southwest Ohio Regional Transit Authority
 II Tiger Grant - 03678 TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION National Priority Safety Programs (15IDEP) National Priority Safety Programs (16IDEP) Grantor/ Program Title

Notes to the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance

Total Department of Community & Economic Development (DCED) loans outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$15,154,196 under CFDA 14.218, \$39,509,912 under CFDA 14.239, \$236,651 under CFDA 14.248, \$7,215.840 under CFDA 14.256 and \$132,700 under CFDA 14.905.

ii n 2012 the City entered into an intergovernmental cooperative agreement with SORTA to administer the following grants awarded to the City as a sub-recipient. The City is responsible for the assurance that invoices paid are in compliance with the grants. The two grants covered under this agreement are:

24,990,000.00	15,920,000.00
↔	↔
CFDA 20.500	CFDA 20.933
The Urban Circulator Grant	TIGER 3 Grant

^{*} Indicates Federal monies passed through another agency to the City of Cincinnati

				CLUST	CLUSTERS OF PROGRAMS	RAMS		
Reconciliation of Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards to Budgetary Statements	eipts and Expenditures etary Statements	of 		Federal Revenue Received	Contributions & Other Revenue (Non-Federal)	Federal Expenditures	Advances (Repayments) or Adjustments	Amount provided to Sub recipients
	Budgetary Statements SE	SEFA	a. CCDF	20	20	58		
Special Recreation Fund (APR)	201	201	b. Aging	92	9	125	25	
Community Development (NAC)	12,010 12	12,010	c. Medicaid	41		22		
Health (NAM)	9,727 9	9,727	d. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	29				
Other Grants (NAO)	2,269 2	2,269	e. Fish and Wildlife	10		80		
Recreation Grants (NAR)	268	268	f. Highway Planning and Construction	3,005		3,675		
Safety (NAS)	4,802 4	4,802	g. Highway Safety	130		123		
Capital Projects (CP)	7,119 7	7,120	h. TANF	101	41	116		
Greater Cincinnati Water Works (EWW)		29	i. Health Center Program	3,952		4,102		
	98	36,426	j. Federal Transit	3,804		3,804		
			k. CDBG - Entitlement Grants	9.413	3.187	10.685		4.132

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Cincinnati Hamilton County 801 Plum Street Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 28, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Cincinnati
Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 28, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of Cincinnati Hamilton County 801 Plum Street Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Cincinnati's (the City) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect City of Cincinnati's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the City's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The City's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the City's compliance for the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the City's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Cincinnati complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

City of Cincinnati
Hamilton County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Cincinnati (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 28, 2017. We conducted our audit to opine on the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Cincinnati Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance Page 3

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 28, 2017

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CITY OF CINCINNATI HAMILTON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(ii) Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(ii) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(iii) Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(iv) Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs? No (d)(1)(v) Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion Unmodified (d)(1)(vi) Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)? No (d)(1)(vii) Major Programs (list): Health Center Cluster CFDA #93.224 Federal Transit Authority – Urban Circulator Grant CFDA #20.500 Lead Hazard Control Grant CFDA #14.905 Public Safety Partnership &	(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
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(d)(1)(ix) Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520? Yes	(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	
	(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	Yes

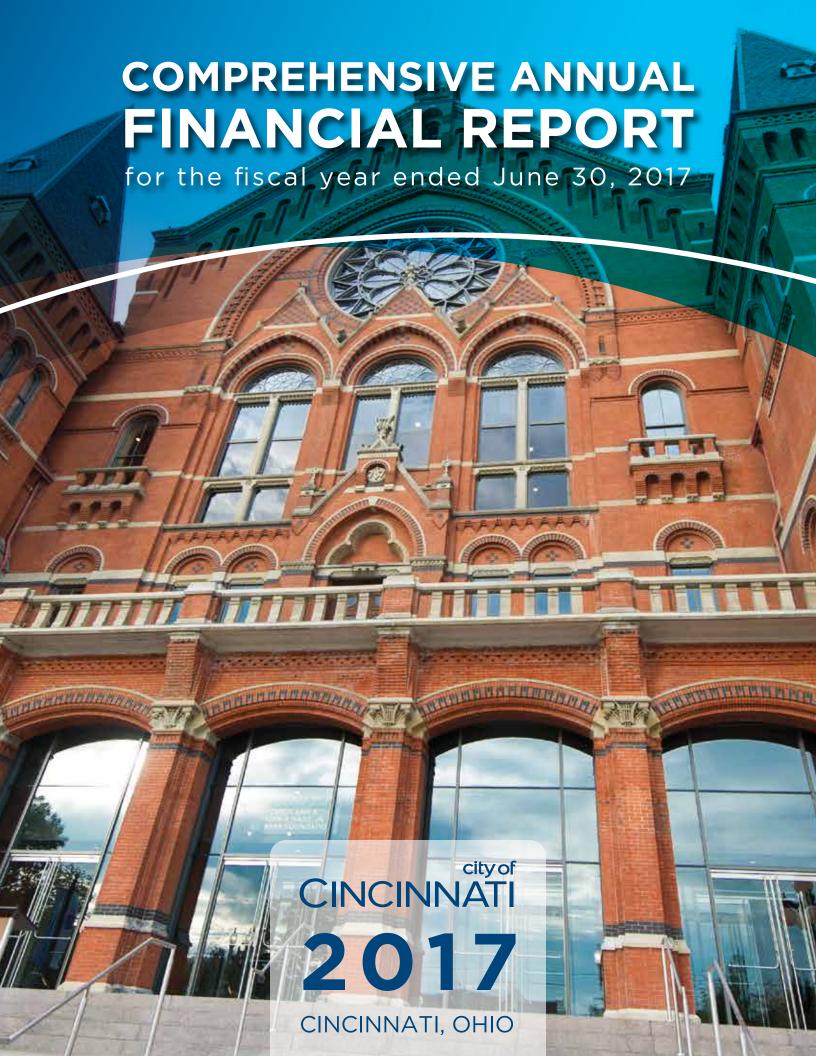
2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None





COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Director of Finance:

Reginald E. Zeno

Assistant Director of Finance:

Karen Alder

Finance Manager:

Mark Ashworth



INTRODUCTORY SECTION



CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

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December 28, 2017

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council, and the Citizens of the City of Cincinnati, Ohio

We are pleased to submit the City of Cincinnati's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. State law requires that the City of Cincinnati annually publish a complete set of financial statements for the results of its fiscal operations, presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This report is prepared by the Department of Finance, which is responsible for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of its presentation, including disclosures. We believe that the information presented is accurate in all material respects and reported in a manner designed to show the financial position and operating results of the City.

GAAP require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that is located on page 24. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Administration believes that the City's internal control structure provides reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are recorded and reported appropriately, and policies are followed. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control procedure should not exceed the expected benefit. An important element of the City's control structure is the ongoing program to promote control consciousness throughout the organization. The Administration's commitment to this program is emphasized through written policies and procedures, and a well-qualified financial staff.

In 2012, the decision was made to change from a calendar year to a fiscal year beginning July 1st and ending June 30th. This resulted in 2013 being a six-month conversion year. The Auditor of the State of Ohio has audited the accompanying financial statements for fiscal year 2017. Their report is included herein.

A single audit is an organization-wide financial and compliance audit that is conducted in lieu of the traditional grant-by-grant multiple audits performed in the past. Federal law requires the City to have this single audit of all City federal grant activities. The City has remained in compliance with this requirement since its inception in 1985. The Auditor of the State of Ohio conducted the single audit for the 2017 fiscal year.

Profile of the Government

Cincinnati was founded in 1788, chartered as a village in 1802, and incorporated as a City in 1819. It is located on the Ohio River in Southwestern Ohio near the junction of Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. Voters approved major revisions to the City Charter in 1926 to provide for home rule and the council-manager form of government. The City's form of government was modified in 2001 based on a charter amendment approved by the voters in 1999 to implement a stronger Mayor form of government. The Mayor is chosen through a direct election and the nine members of City Council are chosen in a separate at-large election.

The Mayor is elected to a four-year term and term limits enacted in November 1993 limit the Mayor to two consecutive four-year terms. In November 2012 voters approved a change in the City Council terms to two consecutive four-year terms beginning with the 2013 election. The Mayor appoints the City Manager subject

to prior approval of the City Council.

The City is the only governmental unit in the reporting entity; it has no component units. In determining what constitutes the City reporting entity, the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board were used. The City is not financially accountable for any potential component units. Hamilton County and the Cincinnati City School District are separate governmental jurisdictions that overlap the City's boundaries. These entities are not included in the City's financial reports.

An annual operating budget is adopted each fiscal period for the General Fund and several Special Revenue Funds which operate on an annual budget. Budgetary data is presented for these funds as well as the Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund, TIF Funds and other Special Revenue Funds which are mostly grants. For each budgeted expenditure classification, the level of appropriation control, which may not be exceeded, is: personal service, non-personal service, capital outlay, and debt service. Any revisions that alter the appropriation control classification of any division within a City department must be approved by the City Council. Encumbrances do not lapse and are included as expenditures in the current period budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis).

The City provides the full range of municipal services including police and fire protection, parks, recreation, public services (highways, streets, and waste collection), health and human services, culture, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative, water and sewer services.

Information Useful in Assessing the Government's Economic Condition

Local Economy

The City's diverse economic base has been and continues to be a source of financial stability for the City. Among its prominent manufacturing groups are transportation equipment, which includes aircraft engines and auto parts; food and kindred products; metal working and general industrial machinery; chemicals; fabricated metal products; printing and publishing. Several Fortune 500 corporations are headquartered in the City's region, and over 400 Fortune 500 firms have operations in the Metropolitan Area.

According to a report released by the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland in August 2017, unemployment rate has decreased to 4.1% as of May 2017, compared to 4.3% in May 2016. The report states that "all of the Cincinnati metro area's largest industry sectors experienced increases in employment." The research shows that three sectors experienced notably higher employment growth locally: financial activities; leisure and hospitality; and construction. Education and health services has the lowest employment growth locally.

Local home prices increased by 6.3% from the previous year, compared to 5.7% increase in Ohio and 7.4% increase nationally. The Fed reports that "the year-over-year percent change in housing prices generally has been trending upward since June 2011."

Per the U.S. 2010 Census, the City of Cincinnati's population was 296,943. The 2016 population estimates made by the Census Bureau has the Cincinnati population increasing to 298,800.

Long Term Financial Planning

At the beginning of fiscal year 2016 City Council updated the stabilization policy which was originally established in 1984 to assure a strong financial position and to protect Cincinnati's general obligation bond rating during periods of fiscal stress. The policy calls for achievement of a minimum reserve level, for emergency needs of a catastrophic nature, of two months, or 16.7%, of general operating revenues by June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2017 reserves were 10.9% of fiscal year 2017 revenue. The previous stabilization policy called for a minimum reserve level of no less than 5% or more than 8% of general operating revenues. The targeted year-end reserve level was achieved by fiscal year end for each period 1985 through fiscal year 2015.

Actual Non-GAAP General Fund expenditures/encumbrances for fiscal year 2017 were \$392.3 million which were lower than the budgeted amount of \$396.5 million by approximately \$4.2 million. Actual Non-GAAP revenue for fiscal year 2017 of \$389.9 million was lower than budgeted fiscal year 2017 revenues of \$392.9 million. The actual revenue was lower than the original fiscal year 2017 revenue estimate of \$392.9 million by \$3.0 million.

Moody's rates the City's general obligation bonds "Aa2", the third highest rating. The City's bond rating by Standard and Poor is "AA", the second highest rating. The rating reflects the City's strong management, financial policies and practices, and the City's strong budgetary performance, flexibility, and liquidity.

Relevant Financial Policies

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in Certificates of Deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations of a federal government agency or instrumentality, the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR) of Ohio (the State Treasurer's investment pool), STAR Plus (the State Treasurer's deposit option), Ohio Municipal securities, and City of Cincinnati notes/bonds. The City has an investment committee that meets regularly to review investment policies and procedures. Beginning in March 2003, separate portfolios were created for general and bond investments in order to track specific interest earned on bond proceeds.

The City's Investment Policy, which was approved by the Mayor and City Council, is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, deposits are either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized. The investments held by the City at June 30, 2017 were either backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government or were investments with a credit rating of A and above.

The City utilizes the services of two professional investment management firms, Bond Tech, Inc. and Nuveen Asset Management, to manage a portion of the City's investment portfolio. The portfolios managed by these firms must follow the same laws and investment policies that guide the City's internally managed portfolio. As of June 30, 2017 the par value of City assets managed by these firms was \$154.8 million by Bond Tech and \$255.5 million by Nuveen Asset Management.

The par value of the assets managed internally by the City's Treasury Division was \$517.7 million. The assets managed internally include the assets invested from the sale of bond proceeds as well as the assets needed to satisfy the cash requirements of the City. As of June 30, 2017, the investment allocation of the aggregate portfolio was as follows:

U. S. Treasury Notes	38.07%
U.S. Agency Securities	45.31%
STAR Ohio	5.75%
STAR Plus	0.82%
Certificates of Deposit	0.70%
Ohio Municipal Debt	7.66%
City of Cincinnati Notes	0.41%
Overnight Funds/Cash	1.28%

The City maintains a comprehensive all-risk property insurance program through a commercial carrier, covering approximately \$1.48 billion in property values. The program contains a \$100 thousand deductible, provides coverage in the amount of \$300 million per occurrence, and has a maximum limit of \$50 million for earthquake damage and \$50 million for flood damage.

The City of Cincinnati Retirement System's net plan assets were \$2.23 billion as of June 30, 2017 compared to \$2.11 billion as of June 30, 2016. The net investment return for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 was

12.11%. The Cincinnati Retirement System's actuary reported the December 31, 2016 pension funded ratio of 76.9% and the health care funded ratio of 108%. This compares to the December 31, 2015 pension funded ratio of 77.1% and health care funded ratio of 97.9%.

In 2011, City Council approved changes to pension benefits for active employees. In recent years the active employees filed multiple suits against the City in response to the pension changes. The retirees joined the litigation in anticipation of changes to future cost-of-living-adjustments (COLA's). The City and the adverse parties in the pension litigation agreed to a collaborative mediation in Federal District Court to attempt to reach an agreed resolution of the City's pension issues. A settlement agreement with a term of 30 years was approved by the United States District Court for the Southern District of Ohio, Western Division on October 5, 2015 and generally effective January 1, 2016. This settlement includes an employer contribution rate of 16.25%, a change in the COLA from a 3% compound to a fixed 3% simple COLA, a three-year suspension of COLA payments for current retirees and future retirees upon their retirement date, and approval to terminate the 401(h) retiree health care account and replace it with a standalone 115 Trust, thereby facilitating the City's capture of \$238 million in excess retiree health care funds to be contributed to the Pension Trust.

Major Initiatives

In 2017, the City continued to improve customer service throughout city government and promote revitalization of neighborhoods, downtown, and the riverfront area. Major initiatives, accomplishments and positive changes were made in the following areas and are of particular interest.

General Electric U.S. Global Operations Center. In summer 2014 General Electric (GE) announced that it would build its U.S. Global Operations Center at The Banks in the City's riverfront area. It is now one of five such centers in the world. GE performs functions at the center such as finance and information technology for its myriad business units. Approximately 1,800 people are employed at the operations center. The 338,000-square-foot building is 10 stories and costs approximately \$90 million and opened in September 2016. The Economics Center at the University of Cincinnati forecasts that the project will result in \$900 million in new economic activity in Cincinnati each year.

Streetcar Project. The City constructed a 3.6-mile streetcar system connecting the riverfront to Over-the-Rhine (OTR), a neighborhood that is enjoying a renaissance. The Phase 1A route is serviced by five vehicles operating on embedded rail in shared right-of-way, with 18 station stops and a maintenance facility at the northern end of the route. Construction of the entire Phase 1A system was completed in March 2016, with fare-based service which began in September 2016.

The Banks Project. In November 2007, the City and Hamilton County approved a series of agreements to develop the City's central riverfront comprising a total development site of approximately 120 acres. The riverfront development includes a variety of residential options, entertainment venues, riverfront offices, hospitality space and an expansive 45-acre riverfront park. Phase I includes 300 luxury apartments and 77,000 square feet of retail space, quickly filled. Phase IIA of the Banks was completed in fall 2015 with the 291-apartment Radius at the Banks open and leasing units. GE's U.S. Global Operations Center (Phase IIB) opened in September of 2016. In August 2015, the \$29.3 million project called Phase IIIA was launched, which will result in adding a two-level, 690-space parking structure and extending Race Street one block south. The Banks is a catalyst for regional economic growth and is expected to drive more than \$600 million in private investment to the City's riverfront and provide a place to live for more than 3,000 residents.

580 Building. The 580 building, located at 580 Walnut Street, was renovated into a mixed-use development primarily composed of 179 apartments, retail and commercial space at an estimated construction cost of \$55 million. The project was completed in winter of 2016 and has converted approximately 300,000 square feet of vacant office space from the downtown market to residential use.

Holiday Inn at 7th and Broadway. Construction on a new 115-suite Holiday Inn was completed in fall 2016. The \$11.5 million, six-story facility is Cincinnati's first downtown hotel newly constructed in 30 years. The hotel includes an indoor pool, fitness room, room service, as well as conference and banquet space. The hotel will create 35-40 new full time permanent employees.

 8^{th} & Sycamore. Eighth & Sycamore will be the home of a mixed-use development in the Central Business District (CBD). Immediately adjacent to the new Holiday Inn Express, this project includes a replacement garage, an apartment tower and new street level retail. A 500-space parking garage has been completed and currently 7,000 square feet of retail/commercial space is being finished. This combined project cost is approximately \$16.5 million. The estimated completion of the apartment tower is fall 2017.

Lytle House Hotel. Construction has begun on a new 106-room Cincinnati Autograph Hotel and conference center combining two existing historic buildings (300 Lytle Street and 311 Pike Street) into one. The project has received approval of the City's Historic Conservation Board and is projected to open in winter 2018. The total cost of the project is estimated at \$36 million and will create 80 new full time permanent employees.

Q-Labs. Q-Labs has begun rehabilitation of 2 buildings totaling 25,000 square feet and the construction of a new 30,000-square-foot laboratory within the Knob Hill City View industrial park. The total project cost is \$7.5 million and will retain 100 full time equivalent positions (FTEs) and create 47 new FTEs. Q-Labs is a full service laboratory offering comprehensive microbiology, chemistry, and research and development testing services for the food ingredients/flavorings industry, the cosmetic, pharmaceutical, over-the-counter, and health and beauty care industry. The company currently occupies 23,500 square feet of space in the South Fairmount neighborhood. Their current facility is roughly double the amount of space that they occupied in 2010, but, Q-Labs has grown at such a rate, that it requires additional space in order to sustain its growth projector. Construction is expected to be complete in spring 2018.

Nehemiah Manufacturing. Nehemiah Manufacturing Company, LLC is in agreement with the City for the property sale and development of the 7.7 acres, Metro West Commerce Park in the Lower Price Hill neighborhood. This project consists of the company's expansion with an estimated \$12 million investment for the total project. The company will retain 76 jobs and create 50 new manufacturing jobs within in a three-year span once construction is completed.

SFA Architects. SFA, an architecture and engineering firm, is renovating a 60,000 square feet warehouse building which is located along a prominent gateway into Cincinnati. This new expansion will retain their headquarters in Cincinnati and be a major investment for the Queensgate neighborhood. The renovation project will include a 3,000-square-foot addition on the roof of the building. The total project cost is \$4.7 million and the company will commit to increase their employment from 60 FTEs to 85 FTEs.

Grand Baldwin and Baldwin 200 Buildings. Never Properties, Inc. has nearly completed the conversion of the eight-story Grand Baldwin Building into a residential apartment complex containing approximately 190 market rate units and making improvements to the adjacent parking garage, at an estimated project cost of \$40 million. Construction on the Grand Baldwin building started in summer 2016 and is substantially completed. Never will also renovate the 12 story Baldwin 200 building, maintaining it as office space. TriHealth, Inc., a Cincinnati based healthcare provider system, and primary tenant in the Baldwin 200 building, will undertake improvements at an estimated project cost of \$13 million. Construction is expected to begin in fall of 2017. TriHealth will begin operations in the Baldwin 200 building no later than December 2018 and will occupy 120,000 square feet of space, resulting in the retention of at least 310 permanent jobs, at an estimated annual payroll of \$38.8 million.

Oakley Station. A 74-acre redevelopment of a former industrial site in one of the City's most rapidly appreciating neighborhoods, Oakley Station is anticipated to be an 855,000 square-foot mixed-use development containing retail, entertainment, office and residential components. The total cost of the project is estimated to be \$120 million. The developer anticipates that at full build-out, over 1,700 people will work

on the site and the City estimates that those employees will generate nearly \$800,000 in earnings tax each year. Al Neyer, Inc. completed construction of an 80,000-square-foot office for Community Insurance Company, Inc. (Anthem) at the site in spring 2017, at a project cost of \$17.9 million. The development has resulted in the retention of 325 jobs, and Anthem has committed to creating at least 75 additional jobs over three years, for a total annual payroll of \$15 million. A 383 space public parking garage was also constructed. Phase II of the Apartments at the Boulevard, a luxury apartment complex, opened in early 2017 with 149 new units. Construction of a Homewood Inns and Suites began in spring of 2017 and is expected to be completed in spring of 2018, at an anticipated total project cost of \$16.9 million.

MadTree Relocation. MadTree Brewing, LLC completed a \$15.4 million dollar acquisition and renovation of an approximately 4.6 acre brownfield site in January 2017. The project included the demolition of several portions of the existing facility and the renovation of the remaining 50,000-square-foot facility into production, warehouse, office and lab space, as well as a new taproom. The project resulted in the creation of 47 new jobs in Cincinnati with a payroll of approximately \$1.4 million. MadTree also expects to add 44 employees to the new location within three years of the completion for a total of 91 employees and approximately \$3 million in total payroll. The construction of a 240 space parking lot at this property has also been undertaken, at an approximate cost of \$2.6 million.

Cincinnati Zoo & Botanical Garden. Since 2010, the Zoo has undergone a 5-phase growth that brought expanded and reinvented exhibits to showcase African animals to their 1.5 million annual visitors, such as the Maasai giraffe, flamingo, cheetah, painted dogs, and meerkats. The final \$8 million Hippo Cove opened in July 2016 and features a 70,000-gallon pool complete with a transparent wall for underwater viewing.

I-71 MLK Interchange. ODOT and the City invested in an \$80 million full-movement interchange at I-71 and Martin Luther King Drive. The new interchange is now open and is expected to reduce travel time, simplify wayfinding, and promote economic vitality in Uptown Cincinnati.

The University of Cincinnati (UC). Cincinnati's public research university continues to grow enrollment and pioneer research in many fields. UC is currently building a 100,000-square-foot research accelerator that will cost \$21 million, but will provide space to startup companies launched from UC-developed technologies. UC also recently announced a new Carl H. Lindner College of Business to meet the demand of their undergraduate and graduate business degrees that have both increased 30 percent and 100 percent, respectively, since 2010. The \$120 million facility will have 225,000 square feet and is expected to be complete in fall 2019.

UC Health. The region's only academic health care system is investing in a \$50 million outpatient center to treat people with neurological and psychiatric diseases. The massive 120,000-square-foot headquarters facility will enable the UC Neuroscience Institute to create new research programs, expand existing ones, and lure more world-class doctors and researchers to Cincinnati.

Vernon Manor II. After the former Vernon Manor hotel was successfully converted into office space for Cincinnati Children's Hospital, Al Neyer is now building a 146,000-square-foot office building and expanded parking garage that will add 786 parking spaces to the site. Cincinnati Children's Hospital has signed a 15-year lease and will relocate approximately 750 employees to the new facility when it opens in fall 2017.

The Gantry. Milhaus Development has purchased vacant City-owned property at Hamilton Avenue and Blue Rock Road as well as other nearby underutilized property. The company constructed a mixed-use development with approximately 130 apartments and 8,000 square feet of commercial space. Melt has signed a lease as the anchor retail tenant. The developer is also rehabbing a historic former railroad depot building which will become the home of local business Wire & Twine. In total, the development represents about \$16 million in private investment. Gantry was completed in spring 2016 and two retail tenants opened in summer 2017.

Expansions of Jet Machine & Path Forward. In summer 2016, the City approved a tax abatement for Jet Machine for the company to build a new manufacturing facility at the TechSolve II Business Park, a blighted, underutilized shopping center known as Seymour Plaza. The new Jet Machine site is 9 acres, which is the largest undeveloped piece of property within TechSolve II Business Park. Jet Machine will construct and occupy a 105,000 square foot industrial facility, at a construction cost of approximately \$5 million and a total investment of \$12 million. The new space will allow the company to create 52 new FTEs and retain 118 FTEs in Cincinnati. This expansion will also free up space at one of Jet Machine's existing buildings in Bond Hill for an office tenant, Path Forward, to expand and create 150 new jobs and retain 151 existing jobs.

Keystone Parke. The third phase of Neyer Properties' Keystone Parke office campus in Evanston began in late 2016. This phase is a 5-story, 120-room Hilton Garden Inn built atop a parking garage. The \$20.85 million hotel will contain a bar, restaurant, an indoor pool, and meeting room space. The hotel is anticipated to create a mix of full-time and part-time jobs totaling 49 FTEs, with an annual payroll of approximately \$1.2 million. Keystone Parke III represents a total private investment of approximately \$20 million. Completion of Keystone III is anticipated in summer 2018. Keystone IV is planned as a large, midrise office building, pending the commitment of anchor office tenants.

DeSales Corner Redevelopment Activity. The City has allocated \$1.4 million in District TIF funds for the purpose of acquisition and redevelopment of key commercial properties in this business district of East Walnut Hills. To date, three buildings along Madison Road have been acquired, of which one is completed, one is under construction, and one is being held for future development. The completed project is the French Building which Bloomfield/Schon+Partners developed into office space and a first floor café. The project under renovation will be a restaurant.

Avondale Town Center Redevelopment. New Avondale Center LLC, an affiliate of The Community Builders (TCB) and Avondale Coalition of Churches, and Avondale Town Center North LLC (an affiliate of TCB) have agreed to the purchase and comprehensive redevelopment of the current Avondale Town Center (ATC). The project consists of the redevelopment of the center into a mixed-use, mixed income project that includes the construction of two new buildings that will include 119 rental units (both market rate and affordable) as well as approximately 75,000 square feet of commercial space, which will include a grocery store. The project will preserve and enhance much needed affordable and market rate rental housing and stimulate economic growth in the Avondale neighborhood. Construction is anticipated to begin in late 2017 and be completed in 2019.

4th & Race. The Fourth and Race redevelopment project tackles the blighted Pogue's Garage in the heart of the City's financial district. Construction began in the fall of 2016. The project constitutes a true mixed-use development, incorporating a replacement garage, an apartment tower and new street level retail. 3CDC will construct and operate the eight-level, 925-space garage and add 23,000 square feet of street level retail at a cost of \$32.1 million. Flaherty and Collins will build an eight story 264-unit apartment building above the new garage at an estimated cost of \$45.1 million. The project is expected to be completed in early 2018.

Messer. Messer, Inc., a full-service complex commercial construction company, has relocated its headquarters from Bond Hill to the West End neighborhood. \$12.5 million was invested to construct 50,000 square feet of office space, which resulted in the creation of 40 jobs and retention of 116.

Kroger Culinary. The Kroger Co. commenced construction at 301 Elm Street in the CBD. The company will convert the 12,000 square-foot vacant building into their culinary training and education center. The center will serve as Kroger's primary training facility and as testing grounds for new food products and trend research. The renovation will have a total project cost of \$3.8 million and will put life into an inactive building and street corner in the CBD. The project is expected to be completed in the fall of 2017.

NIOSH. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has selected Cincinnati to build a \$110 million research laboratory. The new facility will be located at the corner of Martin Luther King Jr.

Drive and Reading Road near the University of Cincinnati and will employ 550 people. The design and construction of the new campus will begin in 2018 and is expected to be completed in early 2021.

Medpace Expansion/RBM Development Phase 2B. RBM Development is preparing to construct the second phase of the Medpace Expansion project at the intersection of Madison Road and Red Bank Expressway. When complete, the project will contain a 12-story, 375,000 square foot office building, a 5,500 square feet restaurant and food hall, and 350 new market rate residential units. Medpace has approximately 900 employees in Cincinnati at this time, and expects to expand to approximately 1,800 employees, with an average annual payroll of \$103 million following completion of the expansion project.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Certificate of Achievement and Budget Award

During fiscal year 2017, the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Cincinnati for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only.

The City has received this award for thirty-seven consecutive fiscal periods. In 1979, for our 1978 annual financial report, we were the first governmental unit in Ohio to receive the Certificate. As of December 31, 2016, 126 municipal reporting entities in Ohio and only 2,038 units nationwide are holders of the Certificate. We believe our current comprehensive annual report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its' eligibility for another certificate.

We are equally proud of the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation earned by the City for its 2017/2018 biennial budget. This is the 30th consecutive year that the City has received this award. For the fiscal years beginning in 2016, only 29 entities in Ohio received the award.

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was accomplished by the efficient and dedicated services provided by the entire staff of the Department of Finance. Each member of the Department has our sincere appreciation for the contribution made in the preparation of this report. Appreciation is also expressed to those in other City departments for their cooperation and assistance in matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the City. We hereby acknowledge and thank all who contributed their time and effort.

Respectfully,

Reginald Zeno Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Cincinnati Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

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CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

Principal City Officials

CITY COUNCIL

MAYOR

John Cranley, First Term

VICE MAYOR

David Mann, First Term

PRESIDENT PRO TEM

Yvette Simpson, Second Term

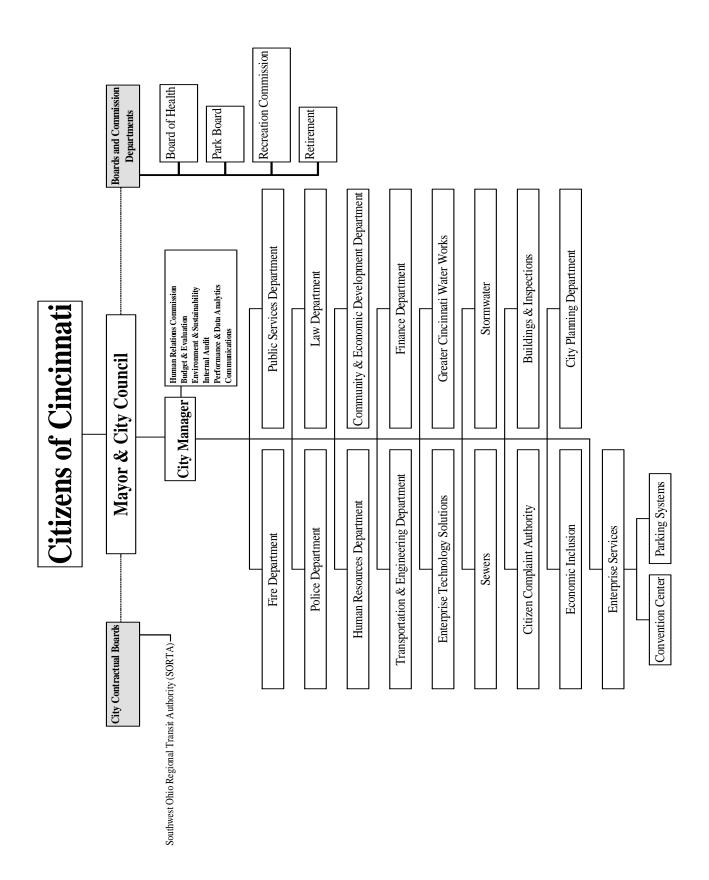
COUNCILMEMBERS

Amy Murray, First Term Christopher Smitherman, Second Term Wendell Young, Second Term Kevin Flynn, First Term Chris Seelbach, Second Term P. G. Sittenfeld, Second Term Charles Winburn, Third Term

CITY MANAGER

Harry Black

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City of Cincinnati Hamilton County 801 Plum Street Cincinnati, Ohio 45202

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

City of Cincinnati Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, *required budgetary comparison schedules*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

City of Cincinnati Hamilton County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 28, 2017, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 28, 2017

City of Cincinnati Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Cincinnati (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 5 - 12 of this report. The government-wide financial statements are presented on a GAAP basis; that is, they reflect accrual basis of accounting. The GAAP fund financial statements will differ from those presented on a budgetary basis.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City, including all Governmental and Business-type activities, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1.2 billion (net position). Of this amount, negative \$1.0 billion is considered unrestricted. The unrestricted net position of the City's governmental activities has a balance of negative \$1.0 billion. The unrestricted net position of the City's business type activities is \$31.4 million. The unrestricted portion of net position does not include assets with externally imposed restrictions or restrictions imposed by law.
- The City's total net position was \$1.2 billion in 2017. Net position of the governmental activities increased by \$310.7 million which represents a 462.1% change from the 2016 balance. Net position of business-type activities increased \$146.3 million or 18.9% increase from 2016. Governmental activities net investment in capital assets increased \$34.7 million. Governmental activities restricted net position increased \$63.7 million. Business-type activities net investment in capital assets decreased \$50.6 million. Business-type activities restricted net position increased by \$79.0 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$509.2 million, in comparison to \$498.3 million at June 30, 2016. On a combined basis, approximately \$7.1 million is considered nonspendable, \$411.3 million is restricted for specific purposes, \$23.9 million has been committed by council and \$7.5 million has been assigned to specific purposes by management.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$59.4 million, 15.3% of total 2017 general fund expenditures. The total fund balance was \$77.3 million, 19.9% of total 2017 general fund expenditures. \$3.9 million is considered nonspendable, \$6.5 million committed, and \$7.5 million assigned. There was a \$15.5 million decrease in general fund balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.
- The City's total general obligation and revenue debt for governmental activities increased by \$6.8 million or 1.0% during the current fiscal year.
- The unrestricted net position of the City's governmental activities has a balance of negative \$1.0 billion due primarily to noncurrent liabilities related to net pension liability and the increase in net position being restricted because of funding from federal and state sources.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 39 to 41 of this report.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of the related cash flows*. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, community development, parks and recreation, public safety, transportation and engineering, transit system, public services, and public health. The business-type activities of the City include the Water Works, Parking Facilities, Convention Center, General Aviation, Municipal Golf, and Stormwater Management Funds.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 42 to 46 of this report.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains 29 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the debt service fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 25 funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* found elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise and internal service. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water works, parking facilities, convention center, municipal airport, municipal golf courses and stormwater management system. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds for its printing services and general stores operation, fleet services, property management function, self-insurance risk management fund, self-insurance workers' compensation fund and enterprise technology services. Because all of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 47 to 51 of this report.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Works Fund which is considered to be a major fund of the City. The other enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. All internal service funds are also combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the other enterprise funds and internal service funds are provided in the form of *combining statements* found elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The City uses fiduciary funds to account for pension trust, investment trust and agency funds. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 52 and 53 of this report.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 57 to 140 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for and contributions to OP&F, OPERS, and CRS, the funding progress of the CRS Pension and Health Care Plans, Employer Contributions to the CRS Pension and Health Care Plans, the CRS net OPEB liability and employer contributions, and the budgetary comparison of the City's General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 143 to 157 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 163 to 227 of this report.

City of Cincinnati's Net Position (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total		
	June 30 2017	June 30 2016	June 30 2017	June 30 2016	June 30 2017	June 30 2016	
Current and other assets	829,357	825,768	426,462	316,968	1,255,819	1,142,736	
Capital assets	1,507,349	1,476,522	1,327,605	1,320,616	2,834,954	2,797,138	
Total Assets	2,336,706	2,302,290	1,754,067	1,637,584	4,090,773	3,939,874	
Deferred Outflows	178,727	217,317	37,765	35,788	216,492	253,105	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,749,907	2,227,222	748,106	815,763	2,498,013	3,042,985	
Other liabilities	171,445	156,135	51,965	51,185	223,410	207,320	
Total liabilities	1,921,352	2,383,357	800,071	866,948	2,721,423	3,250,305	
Deferred Inflows	350,609	203,492	71,613	32,572	422,222	236,064	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	902,668	868,010	741,844	792,466	1,644,512	1,660,476	
Restricted	380,598	316,881	146,953	67,988	527,551	384,869	
Unrestricted	(1,039,794)	(1,252,133)	31,351	(86,602)	(1,008,443)	(1,338,735)	
Total net position	243,472	(67,242)	920,148	773,852	1,163,620	706,610	

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1.2 billion at the close of the most recent fiscal period.

The largest portion of the City's net position \$1.6 billion (141.3%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, because the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position \$527.6 million (45.3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance negative \$1.0 billion represents *unrestricted net position*. The governmental unrestricted net position balance is negative \$1.0 billion. Overall, net position of the City increased \$457.0 million in the fiscal year 2017. Net position for governmental activities increased 310.7 million, and the net position of business-type activities increased \$146.3 million.

There was an increase of \$63.7 million in restricted net position reported in connection with the City's governmental activities and restricted net position reported in connection with the City's business-type activities increased by \$79.0 million in 2017. The key factor for the governmental activities' and business activities' increase relates to an increase in funds restricted for capital projects.

The City's governmental activities net investment in capital assets increased \$37.4 million due to the addition of major projects in 2017. The City's business-type activities net investment in capital assets, decreased \$50.6 million.

CITY OF CINCINNATI Changes in Net Position (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Governmenta		Busines		Tot	
Davianuasi	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30
Revenues:	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 128,681	\$ 129,069	\$194,767	\$186,746	\$ 323,448	\$ 315,815
Operating Grants and						
Contributions	39,173	48,537			39,173	48,537
Capital Grants and						
Contributions	12,786	20,563	1,576	9,964	14,362	30,527
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	60,253	59,426			60,253	59,426
Income Taxes	369,978	371,650			369,978	371,650
Admission Taxes	5,811	6,586			5,811	6,586
Shared Revenues	41,979	48,767			41,979	48,767
Occupancy Taxes	3,626	3,369	2,166	2,179	5,792	5,548
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	3,413	8,972	2,224	4,625	5,637	13,597
Miscellaneous	44,426	45,067	2,518	1,780	46,944	46,847
Total Revenues	710,126	742,006	203,251	205,294	913,377	947,300
Expenses:						
General Government	3,895	145,758			3,895	145,758
Community Development	27,189	67,760			27,189	67,760
Parks and Recreation	7,229	59,286			7,229	59,286
Public Safety	279,296	276,858			279,296	276,858
Transportation and Engineering	14,881	52,063			14,881	52,063
Transit System	52,561	50,811			52,561	50,811
Public Services	8,006	58,286			8,006	58,286
Public Health	(16,397)	65,361			(16,397)	65,361
Interest on long-term debt	25,093	23,621			25,093	23,621
Water Works			21,598	131,121	21,598	131,121
Parking Facilities			4,520	12,444	4,520	12,444
Convention Center			13,158	14,670	13,158	14,670
General Aviation			(513)	2,431	(513)	2,431
Municipal Golf			5,866	6,103	5,866	6,103
Stormwater Management			9,985	12,318	9,985	12,318
Total Expenses	401,753	799,804	54,614	179,087	456,367	978,891
Change in net position before						
transfers	308,373	(57,798)	148,637	26,207	457,010	(31,591)
Transfers	2,341	4,788	(2,341)	(4,788)	-	
Change in net position	310,714	(53,010)	146,296	21,419	457,010	(31,591)
Net position – Beginning	(67,242)	(14,232)	773,852	752,433	706,610	738,201
Net position – Ending	\$ 243,472	\$ (67,242)	\$920,148	\$773,852	\$1,163,620	\$ 706,610

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased net position in the fiscal year 2017 by \$310.7 million. Key elements of the change in net position include:

Revenues

The City realized a decrease of governmental revenues of \$31.9 million for 2017. Highlights include:

• Charges for services decreased by \$0.4 million. This includes the following changes by program:

	Change in Millions	
Governmental Program		
General Government	\$	5.0
Community Development		2.7
Parks and Recreation		(0.9)
Public Safety		(6.2)
Transportation and Engineering		1.4
Public Services		(0.9)
Public Health		(1.5)

See the Financial Trends information in the Statistical section beginning on page 255.

- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$9.4 million. Community Development decreased by \$7.6 million and Public Safety decreased by \$2.9 million due to the ending of federal grants in fiscal year 2017. Other programs had insignificant changes.
- Income tax decreased \$1.7 million as the economic recovery slowed.
- Property tax increased by \$0.8 million due to an increase in property values.
- Investment earnings decreased by \$5.6 million due to a fair market value change from the prior year to the current year end.
- Shared Revenues decreased by \$6.8 million due to reductions in casino and local government fund revenues.

More information on governmental revenue trends is available in the Statistical Section, Financial Trends Information beginning on Page 259.

Expenses

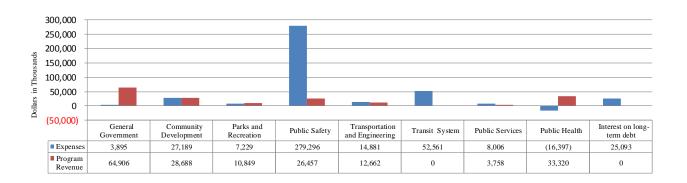
Expenses for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 were \$401.8 million. The City shows a decrease of \$398.1 million in governmental expenses for fiscal year 2017 when compared to 2016. The impact of the Collaborate Settlement Agreement (CSA) which involved changes in the Cincinnati Retirement System (CRS) benefits resulted in a negative pension expense which reduced expenses across all governmental activities except Public Safety. The majority of the employees in Public Safety are members of the Ohio Police and Fire Pension System. Additional information on the Collaborative Settlement Agreement may be found in the pension footnotes.

The net costs of operations covered by charges for service, grants and contributions are as follows (amounts in thousands):

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Total	Net Revenue	
		Program	(Expense)	Percent
	Expenses	Revenue	Per Activity	Covered
Governmental Activities:				
Public Safety	\$279,296	\$ 26,457	\$(252,839)	9.47%
General Government	3,895	64,906	61,011	1666.39%
Public Services	8,006	3,758	(4,248)	46.94%
Public Health	(16,397)	33,320	49,717	-203.21%
Parks and Recreation	7,229	10,849	3,620	150.08%
Community Development	27,189	28,688	1,499	105.51%
Transit System	52,561		(52,561)	0.00%
Transportation and Engineering	14,881	12,662	(2,219)	85.09%
Interest on Long Term Debt	25,093		(25,093)	0.00%
Total governmental activities	\$401,753	\$180,640	\$(221,113)	

Governmental Activities Expenses and Program Revenue For the Year Ending June 30, 2017



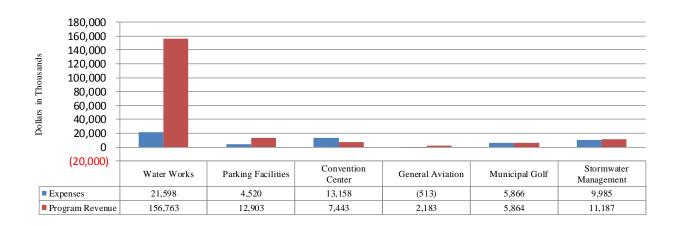
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position in fiscal year 2017 by \$146.3 million. Key elements of the change were:

- Water Works revenue increased by \$2.4 million mainly caused by a 5% rate increase which began during fiscal year 2016
- The impact of the CSA which involved changes in the CRS benefits resulted in a negative pension expense which reduced expenses across Business Activities. Additional information on the Collaborative Settlement Agreement may be found in the pension footnotes.
- Water Works expenses were reduced by approximately \$109.5 million caused mainly by the impact of the CSA.
- Unrestricted investment earnings decreased by \$2.4 million due to a fair market value change from the prior year to the current year end.

The net costs of the business type operations are as follows:

			Net Revenue	Percent
(Amounts in Thousands)		Program	(Expense)	Covered
	Expense	Revenue	Per Activity	Activity
Business type activities:				
Water Works	\$ 21,598	\$156,763	\$ 135,165	725.82%
Parking Facilities	4,520	12,903	8,383	285.46%
Convention Center	13,158	7,443	(5,715)	56.57%
General Aviation	(513)	2,183	2,696	-425.54%
Municipal Golf	5,866	5,864	(2)	99.97%
Stormwater Management	9,985	11,187	1,202	112.04%
Total Business-type activities	\$ 54,614	\$196,343	\$ 141,729	

Business-Type Activities Expenses and Program Revenue For the Year Ending June 30, 2017



Financial analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds (footnote 1) is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent, such as inventory, advances or nonexpendable trust balances. Restricted fund balances are amounts that are restricted legally for a specific purpose, such as a grant or by debt decree. Committed fund balances are amounts committed by the governing body through council legislation, such as budgetary commitments. Assigned fund balances are internal commitments by the governments' management for a specific purpose.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$509.2 million, an increase of \$10.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 80.8% or \$411.3 million of this total amount constitutes *restricted fund balance*, which is available for spending for a specific purpose. The *committed fund balance*, \$23.9 million or 4.7%, has been committed by council legislation at the end of the year.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City. During 2009, the decision was made to include the working capital reserve fund with the general fund as a stabilization fund and is included in the unassigned fund balance. At year end, the balance in the working capital reserve fund was \$26.4 million. The total unassigned fund balance of the general fund (including the working capital reserve) was \$59.4 million, which is 15.7% of 2017 general fund revenues.

The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$15.5 million during the current fiscal year compared to the fund balance as of June 30, 2016. The revenues and expenditures are provided below as an analysis of the affect on fund balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	Genera	al Fund
(Amounts in Thousands)	06/30/17	06/30/16
REVENUES		
Taxes	\$ 306,159	\$ 307,767
Licenses and Permits	15,796	13,437
Use of Money and Property	7,643	13,039
Intergovernmental Revenue	22,850	23,402
Charges for Current Services	24,085	24,984
Miscellaneous	828	582
Total Revenues	\$ 377,361	\$ 383,211
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
General Government	\$ 54,212	\$ 64,509
Community Development	8,923	8,769
Parks and Recreation	26,042	24,494
Public Safety	260,129	232,642
Transportation and Engineering	3,092	3,459
Public Services	18,274	17,826
Public Health	17,282	17,387
Total Expenditures	\$ 387,954	\$ 369,086
	•	

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$202.8 million which is an increase of \$50.6 million from the June 30, 2016. The change in fund balance relates to the transfers in of \$80.9 million. Bonds were issued during the current fiscal year and funds from the bond proceeds were transferred to the capital projects fund. However, the proceeds will be spent over multiple years and the unspent proceeds increased the fund balance.

The total fund balance of the debt service funds was \$102.5 million which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance was \$13.5 million. Debt service principal payments in fiscal year 2017 were \$44.7 million.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government—wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds is \$27.9 million. The total change in net position was an increase of \$133.8 million for the Water Works fund and an increase of \$7.6 million for the other enterprise funds. The impact of the CSA which involved changes in the CRS benefits resulted in a negative pension expense which reduced expenses for the Proprietary Funds. Additional information on the Collaborative Settlement Agreement may be found in the pension footnotes.

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenue estimates for fiscal year 2017 were \$392.9 million and were more than the actual revenue of \$389.9 million. The original appropriations were \$388.0 million, while the final appropriations were \$396.5 million. The decrease in actual revenues over the estimates was due to a \$5.4 million decrease in actual income tax revenues when compared with the original budget.

Appropriation increases were made for 2017 general fund departments. Detailed information by department can be found on pages 163 to 168 in the General Fund Budgetary statement. Major increases were made in the following departments:

- Department of Police increased by \$3,096,000 due to negotiated contractual wage increases.
- Department of Fire increased by \$3,040,000 due to negotiated contractual wage increases.
- General Government Departmental accounts were increased \$2,116,000 due to negotiated contractual wages increases.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 is \$2.8 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, streets, and bridges.

City of Cincinnati's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total		
	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30	June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Land	\$ 203,501	\$ 188,613	\$ 44,070	\$ 50,861	\$ 247,571	\$ 239,474	
Buildings	121,112	117,975	161,126	155,123	282,238	273,098	
Improvements	242,101	212,764	918,242	926,649	1,160,343	1,139,413	
Machinery and Equipment	45,305	30,273	101,654	91,252	146,959	121,525	
Infrastructure	740,598	631,966			740,598	631,966	
Construction in Progress	132,736	289,887	102,104	95,977	234,840	385,864	
Property Acquired under Capital Leases	21,996	5,044	409	754	22,405	5,798	
Total	\$1,507,349	\$1,476,522	\$1,327,605	\$1,320,616	\$2,834,954	\$ 2,797,138	

Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased \$37.8 million. The governmental activities' capital assets increased \$30.8 million in fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 net of depreciation. During 2017 the construction in progress for several large projects decreased as projects were closed and assets were placed in service. The Streetcar was placed in service in September 2016, during fiscal year 2017. \$134.3 million was removed from construction in progress and added to machinery and equipment and infrastructure. Improvements of \$10.0 million in the Over-the-Rhine arts district were completed and placed in service during 2017. Also, construction in progress related to the acquisition of machinery and equipment with capital lease financing was reduced as \$8.0 million of assets were placed in service during 2017.

The business activities capital assets increased by \$7.0 million. The construction in progress also increased by \$6.1 million since the budget allocation for new projects increased as new debt was issued to fund the projects.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note 14 on pages 92 to 94 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$1.3 billion long-term bonds and notes outstanding. Of this amount, \$605.6 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City of Cincinnati's Outstanding Debt General Obligation and Revenue Bonds (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	• •	Total		
	June 30 2017	June 30 2016	June 30 2017	June 30 2016	June 30 2017	June 30 2016	
General Obligation Bonds	580,407	\$579,156	\$ 25,180	\$ 21,318	\$ 605,587	\$ 600,474	
Revenue Bonds	132,118	126,534	578,479	504,232	710,597	630,766	
Total	\$712,525	\$705,690	\$603,659	\$525,550	\$1,316,184	\$ 1,231,240	

During the current fiscal year, the City's total debt increased by \$84.9 million (6.9%).

The City's general obligation bond rating by Standard and Poor's Corporation and Moody's Investor Services, Inc. is "AA" and "Aa2", respectively.

The City is within all of its legal debt limitations. The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt (as defined in the Ohio Revised Code) of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by the ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. The City had a legal debt margin for total debt of \$285.0 million and a legal debt margin for unvoted debt of \$23.0 million.

Additional information about the City's long-term debt can be found in note 9 on pages 80 to 87 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the Cincinnati MSA was 4.1% compared to 4.4% a year prior. This rate is lower than the State's average unemployment rate of 5.0% and the national average rate of 4.4%.
- The vacancy rate of the central business district A office space was 13.3% at the end of fiscal year 2017.
- The City is experiencing increasing costs for employee health care, retirement and contractually obligated labor costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's biennial budget for the fiscal year 2017:

General Fund revenues for the fiscal year 2017 were \$3.0 million less than the estimate resulting in a decrease in unappropriated fund balance at June 30, 2017. The General Fund balance is estimated to be \$21.5 million, on a budgetary basis. At the end of the fiscal year 2017 the reserve balance was \$42.3 million (composed of \$26.4 working capital reserve, \$2.6 million emergency reserve, \$3.9 contingency reserve and the estimated \$9.5 million in carryover fund balance), and was 10.86% of 2017 General Fund revenues. The 2018 fiscal year General Fund budget estimated current revenues of \$392.2 million plus \$2.2 million transfers in and estimated expenditures of \$394.6 million with \$58.2 million transfer out for debt service.

Continuing budget priorities for 2018 are safer streets, thriving and healthy neighborhoods, a growing economy, innovative government, and fiscal sustainability and modernization. To support safer streets the 2018 budget supports several projects aimed at preventing and reducing crime including the Place-Based Investigations of Offender Territories (PIVOT) strategy, the Cincinnati Initiative to Reduce Violence (CIRV), the Community Policing Partnering Center, the Citizens Complaint Authority (CCA) and the brand new ShotSpotter project. To improve neighborhoods the budget includes funding to maintain our revamped litter and weed efforts, improve greenspace maintenance and support of a new program to sweep every street in the City once per month. The funding necessary to support the growth of Cincinnati and development momentum showcasing Cincinnati as a City on the rise, is included in the budget. Through innovation, the City is utilizing data-driven strategies and tactics to remain fiscally sustainable and continue to innovate government. With the 2018 budget the City will continue to pursue long-term financial stability while exploring every opportunity to strategically invest in immediate process improvements and modernization.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City Hall, Room 250, 801 Plum Street, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45202.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	_	Total
ASSETS						
<u>Current Assets</u>						
Cash and Equivalents	\$	72,880	\$	5,349	\$	78,229
Equity in City Treasury		115,115		31,222		146,337
Advances and Petty Cash		149				149
Investments, at Fair Value		36,873				36,873
Receivables:						
Taxes		86,108		521		86,629
Accounts, Net		61,600		29,271		90,871
Special Assessments		35,057				35,057
Accrued Interest		1,847		515		2,362
Due from Other Governments		4,183		6,247		10,430
Prepaid Items and Other Assets		3,183		28,932		32,115
Inventory		5,311		5,631		10,942
Restricted Assets:				21 421		21 421
Cash and Cash Equivalents Equity in City Treasury				21,421 8,610		21,421 8,610
Investments, at Fair Value				135,460		135,460
Internal Balances		(14,097)		14,097		133,400
mena Balances	-	(14,007)	•	14,001	_	
Total Current Assets		408,209		287,276		695,485
Noncurrent Assets						
Equity in City Treasury		396,959		107,663		504,622
Restricted Equity in City Treasury Cash				29,691		29,691
Accounts Receivable, Net		24,189				24,189
Regulatory Asset		222 = 24		1,832		1,832
Land		203,501		44,070		247,571
Buildings, net of Accumulated Depreciation		121,112		161,126		282,238
Improvements, net of Accumulated Depreciation		242,101		918,242		1,160,343
Machinery and Equipment, net of Accumulated Depreciation		45,305 132,736		101,654		146,959
Construction in Progress Property Acquired under Capital Leases, net of		132,736		102,104		234,840
Accumulated Amortization		21,996		409		22,405
Infrastructure Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation		740,598		100		740,598
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	1,928,497	•	1,466,791	_	3,395,288
Total Assets	_	2,336,706		1,754,067	_	4,090,773
	-	,, 3-	•	, = ,= ,=	_	, , -
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		00.750		05 440		400.470
Cincinnati Retirement System		82,752		25,418		108,170
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund		5,084		1,135		6,219
Loss on Defeasance		75,404 15,487		11,212		75,404
LUSS UIT DETERSABILE	-	178,727		37,765	_	26,699 216,492
The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integr	ol r		nt	3. ,. 30	(Continued)

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

(Amounts in The	ousands)		
(Continued) LIABILITIES:	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<u>Current</u>			
Accounts Payable \$	32,841	\$ 4,342	\$ 37,183
Withholdings and Other Deposits	176		176
Due to Fiduciary Activities	756	217	973
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		3,905	3,905
Accrued Payroll	12,363	1,424	13,787
Accrued Liabilities	4,438	439	4,877
Accrued Interest	2,691	1,346	4,037
Deposits Payable	32,154	,	32,154
Unearned Revenue	- , -	1,338	1,338
Obligations Under Capital Leases	3,317	258	3,575
Compensated Absences Payable	14,587	5,423	20,010
Unpaid Claims	10,897	260	11,157
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	288	219	507
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	200	2,280	2,280
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	515	2,200	515
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable			
Notes Payable	1,049	4.500	1,049
General Obligation Bonds	48,463	1,562	50,025
Revenue Bonds	5,212	20,025	25,237
Other	1,634		1,634
Advances from Other Governments	64		64
Payable from Restricted Assets:			
Construction Contracts		6,202	6,202
Deposits Payable		2,725	2,725
Total Current Liabilities	171,445	51,965	223,410
Noncurrent			
Obligations Under Capital Leases	25,091	441	25,532
Notes Payable	17,830		17,830
General Obligation Notes Payable	29,248		29,248
General Obligation Bonds	531,944	23,618	555,562
Revenue Bonds	126,906	558,454	685,360
Compensated Absences Payable	103,963	4,800	108,763
Pollution Remediation	3,726	1,000	3,726
Other Liabilities	943		943
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan	3,427	1,967	5,394
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	5,421	38,019	38,019
Unpaid Claims Payable	13,944	30,013	13,944
Net Pension Liability-Cincinnati Retirement System	•	100,768	·
	363,476	· ·	464,244
Net Pension Liability-Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		3,034	17,024
Net Pension Liability-Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund	453,026	47.005	453,026
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation	62,393	17,005	79,398
Total NonCurrent Liabilities	1,749,907	748,106	2,498,013
Total Liabilities	1,921,352	800,071	2,721,423
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Revenues Levied for the next year	134,153		134,153
Cincinnati Retirement System	214,151	59,341	273,492
Ohio Public Employees Retirement	690	109	799
Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund	1,043		1,043
Service Concession Arrangements		12,101	12,101
Gain on Defeasance	572	62	634
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	350,609	71,613	422,222
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	902,668	741,844	1,644,512
Restricted Net Position for:			
Tax Increment Financing	27,352		27,352
Debt Service	197,920	146,953	344,873
Capital Projects	47,483		47,483
Public Transit	17,268		17,268
Public Safety	6,823		6,823
Parks and Recreation	11,208		11,208
Street Improvement	6,143		6,143
Infrastructure	12,816		12,816
Public Health	12,010		4
Community Development	10,776		10,776
	30,126		
Other Purposes			30,126
Fleet Services	2,338		2,338
Permanent Funds - Expendable	7,945		7,945
Permanent Funds - Nonexpendable	2,396	c:	2,396
Unrestricted Net Position	(1,039,794)	31,351	(1,008,443)
Total Net Position	\$ 243.472	\$ 920.148	\$ 1.163.620
The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral of	part of this statemen	it.	

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

			Program Revenues	salius)	z	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and	
	FXDenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental Activities	Business-Type	Total	
Functions/Programs								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 3,895	64,104	228	574	\$ 61,011		\$ 61,011	Ξ
Community Development	27,189	13,471	14,503	714	1,499		1,499	66
Parks and Recreation	7,229	8,332	1,970	547	3,620		3,620	ر ا
Public Safety	279,296	15,952	10,255	250	(252,839)		(252,839)	(68
Transportation and Engineering	14,881	1,993	2	10,664	(2,219)		(2,219)	<u>(6</u>
Transit System	52,561			Į	(52,561)		(52,56	<u>()</u>
Public Services	8,006	3,721	0.70	3/	(4,248)		(4,24	1 🕸
Public Health Interest on long-term debt	(16,397) 25,093	21,108	12,212		49,717 (25,093 <u>)</u>		49,717 (25,093))3)
Total governmental activities	401,753	128,681	39,173	12,786	(221,113)		(221,113)	3
Business type activities:	,	!					:	
Water Works	21,598	155,282		1,481		\$ 135,165	135,165	55
Parking Facilities	4,520	12,903		C		8,383	8,383	ကျွင်
Convention Center	13,158	7,407		98 5		(5,715)	(5,715)	<u>و</u> ک
General Aviation Musicipal Colf	(513) 5 866	2,133		20		2,696	7,69	و چ و
Stormwater Management	9,985	11,187		•		1,202	1,202	2,6
Total Business-type activities	54,614	194,767		1,576		141,729	141,729	ရွ
Total	\$ 456,367	\$ 323,448	\$ 39,173	\$ 14,362	(221,113)	141,729	(79,384)	<u>¥</u>
	General Revenues:							
	raxes: Property taxes				60,253		60,253	53
	Income taxes				369.978		369.978	82
	Admission taxes	Se			5,811		5,811	. -
	Occupancy taxes	sez			3,626	2,166	5,792	32
	Shared Revenues				41,979		41,979	<u>ق</u>
	Unrestricted investment earnings	ment earnings			3,413 44,426	2,224	5,637	37
	Transfers between governmental		and business-type activities		2,341	(2,341)		<u>.</u>
	Total general r		S		531,827	4,567	536,394	4
	O	Change in net position			310,714	146,296	457,010	0
	Net position-beginning	ginning			(67,242)	773,852	706,610	0
	Net position-ending	ıding			\$ 243,472	\$ 920,148	\$ 1,163,620	ဂ္ဂ

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Capital Debt Governmental Gov General Projects Service Funds	rernmental Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Equivalents \$ 125 \$ 64,571 \$ 6 \$ 7,953 \$	72,655
Equity in City Treasury Cash 79,413 161,306 101,042 113,224	454,985
Advances and Petty Cash 149	149
Investments, at Fair Value 15,512 2,033 19,328	36,873
Receivables:	,-
Taxes 46,480 1,935 32,533 5,160	86,108
Accounts, Net 5,289 14,192 16,141 45,349	80,971
Special Assessments 1,407 1,199 32,451	35,057
Accrued Interest and Dividends 1,068 303 249 87	1,707
Due from Other Funds 1,776 205 687 1,659	4,327
Due from Other Governments 3,220 906	4,126
Inventory 3,931 730 310	4,971
Advances to Other Funds 1,734 521	2,255
Total Assets <u>\$ 144,592</u> <u>\$ 259,953</u> <u>\$ 152,691</u> <u>\$ 226,948</u> <u>\$</u>	784,184
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable \$ 3.820 \$ 10.093 \$ 25 \$ 10.747 \$	24,685
Withholdings and Other Deposits 3,951	3,951
Due to Other Funds 1,679 2,756 1,893	6,328
Due to Fiduciary Funds 468 1 242	711
Accrued Payroll 10,428 7 1,628	12,063
Accrued Liabilities 140 46 6,066	6,252
Deposits Payable 10,897 10,335 578 3,075	24,885
Estimated Liability for Unpaid Claims 305 14	319
Advances from Other Funds 521 17,974 900	19,395
Advances from Other Governments 69 1	70
Matured Bonds and Interest Payable 515	515
Total Liabilities 32,278 41,204 1,126 24,566	99,174
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	
Revenues Levied for the next year and Unavailable Revenue 34,989 15,974 49,058 75,837	175,858
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable 3,931 730 2,395	7,056
Restricted 202,045 102,507 106,772	411,324
Committed 6,475 17,378	23,853
Assigned 7,539	7,539
Unassigned	59,380
Total Fund Balances 77,325 202,775 102,507 126,545	509,152
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances <u>\$ 144,592</u> <u>\$ 259,953</u> <u>\$ 152,691</u> <u>\$ 226,948</u> <u>\$</u>	784,184

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 509,152
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	1,507,349
Certain receivables will be collected next year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds.	41,705
Some amounts reported for governmental-type activities in the statement of net position are different because certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are included with business-type activities.	(3,467)
Six internal service funds are used by the City's management. The assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the internal service funds are included with governmental activities. The net property of \$11,372 as it relates to the internal service funds is included in the capital asset amount above.	(1,116)
Deferred gains and losses on refundings are expended in the fund level financial statements but are accrued and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements. This is the unamortized portion of gains and losses on defeasance.	14,915
Deferred Inflows and Outflows related to Net Pension Liability are not reported in the funds. The unamortized portion of these deferred inflows and outflows is:	(42,557)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: G.O. Bonds and Notes payable Revenue bonds payable Long Term Notes Payable Unamortized bond premium and discounts Compensated absences Net Pension Liability Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation Ohio Public Works Commission Loans Unpaid claims payable Accrued interest on bonds Other Accrued Liabilities Capital leases payable	(553,372) (128,871) (18,879) (57,291) (116,562) (807,858) (58,492) (3,715) (3,169) (2,412) (3,480) (28,408)
Total net position governmental activities (page 40)	\$ 243,472

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands)

	(General		Capital Projects		Debt Service	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES				-						
Taxes	\$	306,159	\$	26,437	\$	32,487	\$	74,129	\$	439,212
Licenses and Permits		15,796						1,228		17,024
Use of Money and Property		7,643		523		24,056		5,863		38,085
Special Assessments				409				6,330		6,739
Intergovernmental Revenue		22,850		1,814		7,394		19,386		51,444
Federal Grants				7,069				29,273		36,342
State Grants and Subsidies				3,616				1,133		4,749
Charges for Current Services		24,085		210				27,966		52,261
Miscellaneous		828		12,647		7,570		41,674		62,719
Total Revenues		377,361		52,725		71,507		206,982		708,575
EXPENDITURES Current:										
General Government		54,212		841		1,274		38,775		95,102
Community Development		8,923		7		250		14,601		23,774
Parks and Recreation Public Safety		26,042 260.129		7				13,573 6.964		39,622 267.093
Transportation and Engineering		3,092		39				5,743		267,093 8,874
Transit System		3,092		39				52,561		52,561
Public Services		18,274						18,161		36,435
Public Health		17,282						35.497		52,779
Capital Outlay		17,202		111,661				7,124		118,785
Debt Service:				111,001				7,124		110,700
Principal Retirement				9,753		44,741		2,947		57,441
Interest				4,040		20,679		3,703		28,422
Bond Issuance Cost				4,040		,		3,703 64		
		207.054		400.044	_	1,272				1,336
Total Expenditures		387,954		126,341		68,216		199,713		782,224
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditure	S	(10,593)		(73,616)		3,291		7,269		(73,649)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)										
General Obligation Bonds Issued				35,725		29,313				65,038
Revenue Bonds Issued				10,000						10,000
Capital Lease Financing				10,420						10,420
Refunding Bonds Issued						8,175		2,550		10,725
Payments to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent						(8,190)		(2,477)		(10,667)
Discounts on Bonds								(6)		(6)
Premium on Bonds Issued						3,940				3,940
Transfers In		1,461		80,873		14,568		5,383		102,285
Transfers (Out)		(6,381)		(12,803)	_	(64,593)		(23,430)		(107,207)
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)		(4,920)	_	124,215	_	(16,787)	_	(17,980)		84,528
Net change in fund balances		(15,513)		50,599		(13,496)		(10,711)		10,879
Fund Balances at July 1		92,838	_	152,176		116,003		137,256		498,273
Fund Balances at June 30	\$	77,325	\$	202,775	\$	102,507	\$	126,545	\$	509,152

City of Cincinnati, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Governmental Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	\$	10,879
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$118,785) exceeded depreciation (\$85,648) in the current period.		33,137
Governmental funds report cash received for assets disposed of as revenue. However, in the statement of activities, that cash offsets the difference between the book value (\$12,234) and accumulated depreciation of the disposed asset (\$5,897).		(6,337)
Deferred inflows of resources for revenues levied for next year and unavailable revenue includes revenue not recorded in the fund level, but reported in the statement of activities. This is the current year change in the deferred inflow of resources reported as a reduction in revenue in the statement of activities.		(2,291)
The long-term liability for compensated absences is not recorded in the fund level, but is reported in the statement of activities. This is the current year change in the liability, reported as an expense in the statement of activities.		(10,432)
The long-term liability for unpaid claims is not recorded in the fund level, but is reported in the statement of activities. This is the current year change in the liability, reported as a reduction of an expense in the statement of activities.		4,082
The long-term liability for Net Pension Liability is not recorded in the fund level, but is reported in the statement of activities. A portion of the current year change is recorded as deferred inflows and deferred outflows. This year the deferred amounts are amortized and the current year net pension expense was recorded as a reduction of an expense in the statement of activities.		289,366
The long-term liability for Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation is not recorded in the fund level, but is reported in the statement of activities. This is the current year change in the liability, reported as an expense in the statement of activities.		(1,027)
Bond and loan proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond and loan principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds		
exceeded repayments.		(19,785)
	(C	ontinued)

City of Cincinnati, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Governmental Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

(Continued)

Some expenses and credits to expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	\$ 10,331
Bond premiums are included in revenue at the fund level, but capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.	555
Net Gains on Defeasance are included in revenues at the fund level, but are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.	48
Bond discounts are included in expenditures at the fund level, but are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements.	(13)
Net Losses on Defeasance are included in expenditures at the fund level, but are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds in the government-wide financial statements	117
Capital lease financing provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but the capital lease obligation increases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Payment of capital lease is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded	
repayments.	(8,289)
Internal balances between the governmental activities and the business type activities are not reported at the fund level.	(4,926)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue(expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	15,299
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 41)	\$ 310,714

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business	Governmental Activities			
	Water Works	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS					
Current:					
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 4,897	\$ 452	\$ 5,349	\$ 225	
Equity in City Treasury Cash	23,384	7,838	31,222	12,834	
Receivables:					
Taxes		521	521		
Accounts, Net	25,495	3,776	29,271	692	
Accrued Interest	415	100	515	140	
Due from Other Funds	703	186	889	2,252	
Due from Other Governments	6,247		6,247	57	
Prepaid Items	28,306	626	28,932	1,581	
Inventory	5,631		5,631	340	
Advances to Other Funds	50	10,821	10,871	7,153	
Restricted Assets:					
Cash and Equivalents	21,421		21,421		
Equity in City Treasury Cash	8,610		8,610		
Investments, at Fair Value	135,460		135,460		
Total Current Assets	260,619	24,320	284,939	25,274	
Noncurrent:					
Equity in City Treasury Cash	80,639	27,024	107,663	44,255	
Restricted Equity in City Treasury Cash	29,691		29,691		
Land	2,727	41,343	44,070	283	
Buildings, net of Accumulated Depreciation	142,998	18,128	161,126		
Improvements, net of Accumulated Depreciation	758,030	160,212	918,242	3,467	
Machinery and Equipment, net of Accumulated					
Depreciation	97,606	4,048	101,654	7,622	
Construction in Progress	88,318	13,786	102,104		
Property Acquired under Capital Leases,					
net of Accumulated Amortization		409	409		
Other Assets	1,832		1,832	1,602	
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,201,841	264,950	1,466,791	57,229	
Total Assets	1,462,460	289,270	1,751,730	82,503	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Loss on Defeasance	10,672	540	11,212		
Cincinnati Retirement System	22,886	2,532	25,418	5,630	
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	1,135	2,302	1,135	173	
S Gono Employodo Notifornoni Oyotom	34,693	3,072	37,765	5,803	
				(Continued)	

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Governmental

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Activit Activit							
(Continued)		Water		Other interprise		Total Interprise		Internal Service Funds	
		Works		Funds		Funds			
LIABILITIES									
Current:	\$	2.266	¢.	1.076	\$	4.342	ď	8.156	
Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	Ф	3,266 209	\$	1,076 921	Ф	4,342 1,130	\$	0,156	
Due to Fiduciary Funds		192		25		217		45	
Due to Other Governments		3,905		20		3,905		10	
Accrued Payroll		1,249		175		1,424		300	
Accrued Liabilities		, -		439		439		570	
Accrued Interest		1,269		77		1,346		7	
Obligations under Capital Lease				258		258			
Deposits Payable				6		6		52	
Unearned Revenue				1,332		1,332			
Compensated Absences payable		5,025		398		5,423		811	
Unpaid Claims payable		260				260		10,578	
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan		219				219			
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan		2,280				2,280			
General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable		150		1,412		1,562		64	
Revenue Bonds Payable		20,025				20,025			
Payable from Restricted Assets:		0.000				0.000			
Construction Contracts		6,202				6,202			
Deposits Payable		2,725				2,725			
Total Current Liabilities		46,976		6,119		53,095		20,593	
Noncurrent:									
Compensated Absences Payable		3,949		851		4,800		1,177	
Obligations Under Capital Lease				441		441			
Ohio Public Works Commission Loan		1,967				1.967			
Ohio Water Development Authority Loan		38,019				38,019			
Estimated liability for Unpaid Claims		00,010				00,010		10,775	
Advances from Other Funds								884	
Advances from Other Governments								21	
Revenue Bonds Payable		558,454				558,454			
General Obligation Bonds and Notes Payable		5,096		18,522		23,618		2,175	
Net Pension Liability-Cincinnati Retirement System		90,660		10,108		100,768		22,349	
Net Pension Liability-Ohio Public Employees									
Retirement System		3,034				3,034		285	
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation		15,049		1,956		17,005		3,901	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		716,228		31,878	-	748,106	-		
								41,567	
Total Liabilities		763,204		37,997		801,201		62,160	
DEFERRED INFLOWS									
Gain on Defeasance				62		62			
Service Concession Arrangement Cincinnati Retirement System		52.761		12,101 6,580		12,101 59,341		15,793	
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		109		0,500		109		97	
		52,870	-	18,743	-	71,613	-	15,890	
NET POSITION		02,070		10,7 10		71,010		10,000	
Net Investment in Capital Assets		518,689		223,155		741,844		11,210	
Restricted Net Position		010,000		220,100		7 11,011		11,210	
Water Works		146,953				146,953			
Fleet Services		,				,		1,602	
Unrestricted Net Position		15,437		12,447		27,884		(2,556)	
Total Net Position	\$	681,079	\$	235,602		916,681	\$	10,256	
	_			200,002		0.0,001	Ψ	10,200	
Some amounts reported for business-type activities									
position are different because certain internal s		iuna assets an	u			0.407			
liabilities are included with business-type activit	ies.					3,467			
Net position of business type activities					\$	920,148			

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities		
		Water Works	E	Other nterprise Funds	E	Total Interprise Funds		Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for Current Services Miscellaneous	\$	154,626 2,134	\$	39,485 998	\$	194,111 3,132	\$	103,825 2,210	
Total Operating Revenues		156,760		40,483		197,243		106,035	
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personal Services		47,420		7,280		54,700		14,922	
Contractual Services Maintenance and Repairs		9,849 5,165		17,753 4,781		27,602 9,946		8,374 960	
Materials and Supplies		9,535		617		10,152		10,848	
Utilities		7,674		893		8,567		1,944	
Insurance		144		411		555		79,024	
Taxes		4		819		823			
Depreciation and Amortization		25,912		12,371		38,283		1,518	
Rent		3,086		297		3,383		1,944	
Pension Expense Other expense		(96,806) 548		(12,881) 147		(109,687) 695		(37,359)	
Total Operating Expenses		12,531		32,488		45,019		82,209	
Operating Income(Loss)		144,229		7,995		152,224		23,826	
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)									
Interest revenue		664		42		706		107	
Build America Bond Subsidy		1,584				1,584			
Occupancy tax receipts Interest expense		(13,464)		2,166 (528)		2,166		(187)	
Loss on disposal of assets		(13,464)		(320)		(13,992) (553)		(3)	
Nonoperating Revenues(Expenses)		(11,769)		1,680		(10,089)		(83)	
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers		132,460		9,675		142,135		23,743	
		,		•		,		•	
Transfers In				575		575		10,291	
Transfers (Out)		(146)		(2,770)		(2,916)		(3,028)	
Capital contributions		1,481	_	95		1,576		25	
Change in Net Position		133,795		7,575		141,370		31,031	
Net Position at July 1		547,284	_	228,027				(20,775)	
Net Position at June 30	\$	681,079	\$	235,602			\$	10,256	
Some amounts reported for business-type activitie different because the net revenue of certain inter-			•			4.000			
business type activities.					_	4,926			
Change in net position of business type activities					\$	146,296			

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Water Works	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:							
Receipts from Customers Receipts from Other Funds	\$ 157,236	\$ 39,298 960	\$ 196,534 960	\$ 11,926 93,244			
Receipts from Retirement System Payments to Suppliers Payments to Other Funds	(52,558)	(20,796) (3,445)	(73,354) (3,445)	130 (94,442) (2,823)			
Payments to Employees Payments for Property Taxes	(45,829) (4)	(6,928) (873)	(52,757) (877)	(14,436)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	58,845	8,216	67,061	(6,401)			
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Repayment of Advances Made To Other Funds Amount Due from Other Funds for City Notes Interest paid on Bond and Notes Principal paid on Bond and Notes	2,991	1,231 678	1,231 3,669	1,749 (185) (40)			
Advances To Other Funds Occupancy Tax Receipts Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds	(146)	(1,954) 2,175 (2,770) 575	(1,954) 2,175 (2,916) 575	(4,688) (3,028) 9,425			
Net Cash Provided(Used) by Noncapital Financing	2,845	(65)	2,780	3,233			
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:							
Capital Contributed by Other Sources Capital Items Expensed	138	95	233	25 (588)			
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets Proceeds from Ohio Water Development Authority Loan Proceeds from Sale of Bonds and Notes	120 (37) 102,935	4,400	120 (37) 107,335				
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes Principal Paid on Bonds and Notes Principal Paid on Ohio Public Works Bonds Principal Paid on Ohio Water Development Authority Loan	(1,040) (17,243) (22,192) (248) (2,085)	(2,262) (495) (957)	(3,302) (17,738) (23,149) (248) (2,085)	(71)			
Payments on Long Term Capital Lease Obligations Additions to Construction in Progress	(19) (38,837)	(251) (4,460)	(270) (43,297)	(13) (3,315)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	21,492	(3,930)	17,562	(3,962)			
Cash Flow from Investing Activities: Investment (Purchases)Sales Interest on Investments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(66,163) 2,204 (63,959)	33	(66,163) 2,237 (63,926)	250 121 371			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash	(63,959)		(03,920)				
Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	19,223 149,419	4,254 31,060	23,477 180,479	(6,759) 64,073			
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 168,642	\$ 35,314	\$ 203,956				
Oash and Oash Equivalents at Ellu UI Fellou	ψ 100,042	ψ 55,514	ψ 203,930	\$ 57,314			

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	_Business-Typ	Governmental Activities		
		Other	Total	Internal
	Water Works	Enterprise Funds	Enterprise Funds	Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to	WOIRS	- T dilas	- T dildo	Tanao
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 144,229	\$ 7,995	\$ 152,224	\$ 23,826
Depreciation and Amortization	25,912	12,371	38,283	1,518
Changes in Assets, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Liabilities:	·	,	·	·
(Increase) Decrease in:				
Receivables	(1,990)	(153)	(2,143)	30
Due from Other Funds	(1,990)	(193) 47	(2,143) 58	
Due from Fiduciary Funds	11	47	38	(423) 1
Due from Other Governments	2,455		2,455	(7)
Inventory	(301)		(301)	(4)
Prepaid Items	(16,494)	(31)	(16,525)	165
Deferred Outflows Loss on Defeasance	(2,718)	(31)	(2,718)	103
Deferred Outflows Closs on Defeasance Deferred Outflows Cincinnati Retirement System	, , ,	330	` ' '	894
	1,260	330 3	1,590	
Deferred Outflows Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	(339)	3	(336)	(98)
Increase (Decrease) in:	1.047	074	1 210	2.042
Accounts Payable	1,047	271	1,318	3,012
Deposits Payable	(0)	450	450	(300)
Due to Other Funds	(6)	458	452	(9)
Due to Fiduciary Funds	35	8	43	7
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	1,862		1,862	
Accrued Payroll	116	52	168	34
Accrued Liabilities		(92)	(92)	67
Advances from Other Governments		005	005	(2)
Unearned Revenue	554	225	225	000
Liability for Compensated Absences	554	262	816	208
Deferred Inflows Service Concession Arrangements		(346)	(346)	
Deferred Inflows Cincinnati Retirement System	34,772	4,659	39,431	11,457
Deferred Inflows Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	(47)		(47)	85
Estimated Liability for Unpaid Claims	18		18	2,599
Net Pension Liability Cincinnati Retirement System	(133,305)	(17,870)	(151,175)	(49,696)
Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System	853	(87)	766	13
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation	921	114	1,035	222
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 58,845	\$ 8,216	\$ 67,061	\$ (6,401)
Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital				
and Financing Activities:				
Change in Fair Value of Investments		\$ (372)	\$ (372)	\$ (523)
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment from	_			
Capital Contributions	\$ 1,343	118_	1,461	
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and				
Financing Activities	\$ 1,343	\$ (254)	\$ 1,089	\$ (523)

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

		Pension Trust	lr	nvestment Trust Fund	Agency		
ASSETS						<u> </u>	
Cash and Equivalents Equity in City Treasury Cash Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	70,579	\$	238,910	\$	6 2,785 0	
Investments, at fair value: U. S. Treasury Bills and Notes International Bonds US Government Bonds Corporate Fixed Income US Agencies Equities - Common Stock Mututal Funds Private Equity Real Estate Private Placements Other Assets (Alternatives)	_	8,758 42,707 28,585 30,327 1,002,571 346,034 238,448 231,292 29,011 233,506	_			308,473	
Total Investments, at Fair Value		2,191,239				308,473	
Collateral on Loaned Securities		50,754					
Receivables: Accounts, Net Accounts Receivable for Securities Sold Accrued Interest and Dividends Due from Primary Government Loans Receivable Machinery and Equipment		575 21,805 2,648 973 65 795				51,289 622	
Accumulated Depreciation Total Assets		(779) 2,338,654		238,910		363,175	
LIABILITIES				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Accounts Payable Accounts Payable for Securities Purchased Due to Primary Government		3,411 27,059				20,906	
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Obligations Under Securities Lending		50,754				327,914	
Accrued Payroll Accrued Liabilities Bonds Payable		47 29,872 285				1,452 37	
Deposits Payable Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences Total Liabilities		242 111,670			\$	2,336 10,530 363,175	
NET POSITION Restricted for External Pool Participant Restricted for Employees' Pension Benefits Restricted for Employees' Postemployment		1,740,390		238,910		_	
Healthcare Benefits Total Net Position	\$	486,594 2,226,984	\$	238,910			

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	F	Pension Trust	Investmen Trust Fund	t
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:	•	47.740		
Plan members	\$	17,740		
Employer Other		30,868		
Participant Deposits			\$ 542,80	01
Total Contributions	-	48,608	542,8	
		,		
Transfers From Other Retirement Systems		141		
Investment earnings:				
Interest and Dividends		33,652	2,10	09
Proceeds from Litigation		421		
Net Appreciation in the Fair Value				
of Investments		243,513	(2,3	
Total Investment Earnings		277,586	(20	02)
Less Investment Management Expenses Net Income From Investing Activities		10,121 267,465	(2)	22)
Net Income From Investing Activities	-	207,405	(2)	02)
From Security Lending Activities:				
Securities Lending Income		524		
Securities Lending Expense:				
Borrower Rebates		(215)		
Management Fees	-	(77)		
Total Securities Lending Expenses		(292)		
Net Income from Securities Lending Activities		232		
Total Additions		316,446	542,5	99_
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefit Payments:				
Pension and Annuities		165,361		
Distributions to Participants			468,1	47
Hospital and Medical Care		31,144		
Death Benefits, Active and Retired Transfers - Retirement to other systems		565 201		
•			400.4	47
Total Benefits Payments	-	197,271	468,1	47
Refunds of Contributions		1,334		
Administrative expenses:				
Personal Services		1,374		
Contractual Services		549		
Materials and Supplies Depreciation		86 3		
•			-	
Total Administrative Expenses Total Deductions		2,012	468,1	47
		200,617		
Change in Net Position		115,829	74,4	
Net Position at July 1		2,111,155	164,4	
Net Position at June 30	\$	2,226,984	\$ 238,9	10

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CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Cincinnati is a political subdivision of the State of Ohio. It is governed with the powers of home rule by a directly elected mayor with a four-year term and a council of nine members who are elected at large for four-year terms. In 2001, Cincinnati converted from a city manager-council form of government, through which it had operated since 1926, to a stronger mayor-council form of government.

A. Reporting Entity

The City as a reporting entity consists of only one governmental unit. Cincinnati has no component units as defined by GASB 61 as entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable and where it would be misleading to exclude.

The following organizations are included in the combined financial statements of the City because, under Ohio law, they have limited corporate powers and are therefore not legally separate organizations:

Cincinnati Park Board Cincinnati Recreation Commission City Planning Commission Cincinnati Board of Health Civil Service Commission

Cincinnati owns a railway line, the Cincinnati Southern Railway that was completed in 1881 and extends from Cincinnati, Ohio to Chattanooga, Tennessee, a distance of 335 miles. The Ferguson Act was made law May 4, 1869 and permitted the City to own and lease the railway stating that "it be of essential interest to such city". Improvements have been made at various intervals; the most recent, a major line revision to eliminate tunnel clearance restrictions, grades, and curves, was completed in 1964. Improvements other than buildings in Governmental Activities include \$83,224,000 attributable to the City's cost to construct and improve this railway system. The railway is leased to the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway Company until December 31, 2026, with an option to extend the lease for an additional 25 years. The lessee is part of the Norfolk Southern Railway System and is its second largest operating unit. Total rental income from the railway lease was \$21,480,000 and \$21,360,000 for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or

segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Inter-fund receivables and payables between governmental and business type activities have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position. These eliminations minimize the duplicating effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business type activities total column. As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's business type activities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the City's major governmental and proprietary funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the City of Cincinnati for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are prepared in accordance with standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The first level of authority are the accounting principles established by GASB statements. The second level of authority are the GASB technical bulletins and implementation guides and it also includes literature of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) which have been cleared by GASB.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund is the accounting entity in which all governmental activity, except that which is required to be accounted for in other funds, is accounted for. Its revenues consist primarily of taxes, intergovernmental shared revenues, charges for services, and investment income.

General Fund expenditures represent costs of general government, community development, public safety, public services, public health, parks and recreation, transportation and engineering, and other.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used primarily to account for resources restricted to construct or acquire governmental fund capital assets. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation debt, federal and state grants and City income tax (see Note 11). It is the City's policy to use the proceeds derived from the sale of bonds only for the capital improvement purpose detailed in the bond-authorizing ordinance and in accordance with state statutes. Any premium and accrued interest received from the sale of bonds is deposited into the Debt Service Fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general obligation debt and capital lease payments of the governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water Works Fund – This fund accounts for all activities of the City's Water Works Department. The City collects, purifies, and sells water to Greater Cincinnati Area residents. Revenues consist primarily of user charges.

The City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – These funds are used to account for: reproduction, printing and stores; automotive repairs and maintenance; land sales and leasing; City's property and employee medical insurance; workers' compensation; and enterprise technology services to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments. Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to another department or agencies of the government, generally on a cost reimbursement basis.

Pension Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses of the City's Retirement System, which is accounted for as a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund accounts for both the pension benefits and the post-employment healthcare benefits. Footnote 21 contains the disclosures for the pension trust fund and the financial statements.

Investment Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the Metropolitan Sewer District Fund portion of the City's pool of cash and investments.

Agency Funds – These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a fiduciary capacity. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The assets held by the City include: towing and storing charges for impounded vehicles; entertainment facilities deposits; transportation and engineering specific purpose monies; Metropolitan Sewer District monies; and the Convention Facility Authority monies.

Measurement Focus

Except for budgetary purposes, the basis of accounting used by the City conforms to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, shared revenues, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the period in which the taxpayer's liability occurs and revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. On an accrual basis, revenue in the form of shared revenue is recognized when the provider government recognizes its liability to the City. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Inventories of materials and supplies may be considered expenditures either when purchased or when used; and prepaid expense items may be considered expenditures either when paid for or when consumed. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Income taxes, delinquent property taxes, liquor permits, fines, local government fund, gasoline tax, and motor vehicle license fees for the current and prior periods are determined to be susceptible to accrual and recognized as revenue in the current accounting period. All other major revenues of governmental funds are determined not to meet the criteria of either being measurable or available.

The proprietary fund type statements are prepared utilizing the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting for revenues, which are recognized when they are earned, and for expenses, which are recognized when they are incurred. Unbilled service receivables are recognized by proprietary funds when the services are provided.

The fiduciary fund types recognize revenue and expenses on a basis consistent with the fund's accounting measurement objective. The pension trust fund and the mixed investment pool statements are prepared utilizing the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The pension trust fund accounts for both the pension benefits and the employees' post-employment benefits. Agency funds do not have a measurement focus. Their financial statements are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting.

Other Accounting Policies

- **A.** *Investments* The investments of the City (excluding the City of Cincinnati's Retirement System, (see Note 21)) are comprised primarily of time deposits and other securities guaranteed by the United States Government or its agencies and are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.
- **B.** *Inventories* Inventories are valued at cost using either the moving weighted average or the first-in, first-out method. Inventories in the governmental funds and the proprietary funds are recorded using the consumption method whereby inventories are recorded as expenditures or expenses when they are used.
- **C.** *Insurance* The City maintains a comprehensive all-risk property insurance program through a commercial carrier that provides insurance coverage for approximately \$1,483,514,000 in property values. The program contains a \$100 thousand deductible, provides coverage in the amount of \$300 million per occurrence, and has a maximum limit of \$50 million for earthquake damage and \$50 million for flood damage. The City's available legal debt margin of \$22,974,000 at June 30, 2017, is available for catastrophic loss.
- transactions between funds including expenditures/expenses, advances and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. The governmental and proprietary fund type financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers or advances. The internal service funds record charges for services to City departments as operating revenue. All City funds record these payments to the internal service funds as operating expenditures/expenses. The proprietary funds record operating subsidies as other income whereas the fund paying the subsidy records it as either an expenditure/expense or transfer. Transfers are intended to reallocate money permanently from one fund to another. Advances represent the long-term portion of loans between funds. Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. The General Fund provides administrative services to enterprise funds. Based on an internal cost allocation plan certain costs initially borne by the General Fund are then billed as indirect charges to other funds of the City. The amounts charged for those services are treated as revenue to the General Fund and as operating expenses in the enterprise funds and as program expenses for individual functions and activities.
- E. Capital Assets Capital assets which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure (i.e., roads, streets, bridges and retaining walls) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-

type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more (\$100,000 for governmental infrastructure assets) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated values that approximate historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB No. 34, the historical cost of infrastructure assets (retroactive to January 1, 1980) is included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statement. Thus, the depreciated value of construction cost for streets, bridges and retaining walls is reported. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value rather than fair value.

Capital assets include intangible assets as defined by GASB 51. An intangible asset is an asset that lacks physical substance and has a useful life of more than one year. Some examples are computer software, trademarks, water rights and land easements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Water Mains	100 years
Buildings and Improvements	25-70 years
Infrastructure	15-25 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-40 years
Automotive Equipment	3-20 years

- **F.** Deferred Outflows Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City reports deferred outflows on its fund level balance sheet and entity wide statement of net position. A loss on defeasance is a deferred charge on refunding which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in the footnote on pension plans.
- **G.** Deferred Inflows The City reports deferred inflows of resources on its fund level balance sheet and entity wide statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. The City recognizes gains on defeasance of debt and certain transactions under service concession arrangements as deferred inflows of resources. The deferred inflows of resources related to pension are explained in the footnote on pension plans. Deferred inflows arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Certain intergovernmental receivables, uncollected assessments, miscellaneous receivables, property taxes and income taxes not meeting the availability criteria have been deferred and will be realized in a subsequent period in the governmental funds.
- **H.** Grants and Other Intergovernmental Revenues -The proprietary fund types recognize the federal reimbursement type capital grants as intergovernmental receivables and capital contributions as the related expenses are incurred. All other federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. On an

accrual basis, revenue in the form of shared revenue is recognized when the provider government recognizes its liability to the City.

- **I.** Operating Revenues and Expenses The City, in its proprietary funds, distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.
- **J.** Capitalization of Interest Interest is capitalized by the City in proprietary fund types when it is determined to be material. The interest cost capitalized during construction is reduced by interest income earned on investments of the bond proceeds from the date of the borrowing until the assets constructed from the bond proceeds are ready for their intended use.
- **K.** Statement of Cash Flows For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments held by trustees, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents. In addition, all cash and temporary investments with the City Treasurer are also considered to be cash equivalents since they are available to the proprietary funds on demand. The temporary investments primarily consist of certificates of deposit, federal agencies or instrumentalities, Ohio Municipals, STAR Ohio Investment Pool, and U. S. Treasury securities that have maturities of up to five years.
- L. Bond Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts Premiums and discounts are capitalized and amortized over the term of the bond. Debt is reported net of unamortized premiums and discounts. Bond Issuance Costs are expensed as incurred except for prepaid bond insurance which is reported as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized term of the bonds and bond issuance costs for the Water Works proprietary fund. The bond issuance costs is recorded as a regulatory asset and amortized over the term of the bond since these costs are recovered from water users over the term of the bond.
- **M.** Fund Balance Restricted Fund balances are used to meet current expenditures incurred for which restricted and unrestricted funds are available. Other expenditures are from committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances respectively.
- N. Pronouncements Effective for the 2017 Financial Statements Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans was issued in June 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

This Statement also includes requirements to address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing defined benefit OPEB through OPEB plans that are *not* administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 77, Tax Abatement

Disclosures was issued in August 2015. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. Disclosure of information about the nature and magnitude of tax abatements will make these transactions more transparent to financial statement users. As a result, users will be better equipped to understand (1) how tax abatements affect a government's future ability to raise resources and meet its financial obligations and (2) the impact those abatements have on a government's financial position and economic condition.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans* was issued in December 2015. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement.

This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants* was issued in December 2015. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, except for certain provisions on portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing. Those provisions are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged.

This Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing specific criteria used to determine whether a qualifying external investment pool may elect to use an amortized cost exception to fair value measurement. Those criteria will provide qualifying external investment pools and participants in those pools with consistent application of an amortized cost-based measurement for financial reporting purposes. That measurement approximates fair value and mirrors the operations of external investment pools that transact with participants at a stable net asset value per share.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 80, *Blending Requirements* for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 was issued in January 2016. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve

financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.*

This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 82, *Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73* was issued in March 2016. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of paragraph 7 in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements of paragraph 7 are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged.

The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

O. Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective -Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions was issued in June 2015. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. This replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB.

The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed.

In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. This Statement also addresses certain circumstances in which a non-employer entity provides financial support for OPEB of employees of another entity.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements* was issued in March 2016. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. Split-interest agreements can be created through trusts—or other legally enforceable agreements with characteristics that are equivalent to split-interest agreements—in which a donor transfers resources to an intermediary to hold and administer for the benefit of a government and at least one other beneficiary. Examples of these types of agreements include charitable lead trusts, charitable remainder trusts, and life-interests in real estate.

This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this Statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This Statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* was issued in November 2016. The provisions in Statement 83 are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO.

This Statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. The best estimate should include probability weighting of all potential outcomes, when such information is available or can be obtained at reasonable cost. If probability weighting is not feasible at reasonable cost, the most likely amount should be used. This Statement requires that a deferred outflow of resources associated with an ARO be measured at the amount of the corresponding liability upon initial measurement.

This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the government is required

to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 84, *Fiduciary Activities* was issued in January 2017. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 85, *Omnibus 2017* was issued in March 2017. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). Specifically, this Statement addresses the following topics:

- Blending a component unit in circumstances in which the primary government is a business-type activity that reports in a single column for financial statement presentation
- Reporting amounts previously reported as goodwill and "negative" goodwill
- Classifying real estate held by insurance entities
- Measuring certain money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost
- Timing of the measurement of pension or OPEB liabilities and expenditures recognized in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus
- Recognizing on-behalf payments for pensions or OPEB in employer financial statements
- Presenting payroll-related measures in required supplementary information for purposes of reporting by OPEB plans and employers that provide OPEB
- Classifying employer-paid member contributions for OPEB
- Simplifying certain aspects of the alternative measurement method for OPEB
- Accounting and financial reporting for OPEB provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues* was issued in May 2017. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources, resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt, are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 87, *Leases* was issued in June 2017. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial

reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing.

- **P.** Stabilization Policy At the beginning of fiscal year 2016 City Council updated the stabilization policy which was originally established in 1984 to assure a strong financial position and to protect Cincinnati's general obligation bond rating during periods of fiscal stress. The policy calls for achievement of a minimum reserve level, for emergency needs of a catastrophic nature, of two months, or 16.7%, of general operating revenues by June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2017 reserves were 10.9% of fiscal year 2017 revenue. The previous stabilization policy called for a minimum reserve level of no less than 5% or more than 8% of general operating revenues. The targeted year-end reserve level was achieved by fiscal year end for each period 1985 through fiscal year 2015.
- **Q.** Restricted Resources Bond funds and other similar restricted resources are assumed to be expended before non-restricted resources in paying for capital projects of both the governmental funds and the proprietary funds.
- **R.** Liability for Compensated Absences City employees are awarded sick, vacation and compensatory time as determined by union contractual agreements and personnel policies. Compensatory time and vacation time are paid out in full upon termination and are expensed in the year earned. Sick leave is paid out at various levels upon termination. The liability for sick leave is computed with the Termination Payment Method using a historical average of total years worked and total amount paid. The current portion of the liability is an average of the annual expenditures.

2. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

The City of Cincinnati combines the cash balances in individual funds to form a pool of cash and investments. Each fund reports its respective equity in City Treasury cash as an element of its resources. In addition, several funds separately hold cash and equivalents and investments, which are appropriately identified, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position of the City. Earnings from the pooled cash and investments are allocated on a quarterly basis to eligible funds based on month-end equity balances. The data presented in the accompanying financial statements is for the City of Cincinnati as a whole.

Deposits

At fiscal year end the carrying amount of the City's deposits, including certificates of deposit with various financial institutions was \$83,608,000 and the bank balance was \$89,581,000. The entire bank balance is held in the name of the City and is collateralized either by federal depository insurance or securities pledged as collateral and segregated by the Federal Reserve Bank in a pledge account. The collateral is held by the City's agent in the City's name; it cannot be released by the Federal Reserve Bank without the City's approval.

Included in the City's deposits discussed above are funds held in STAR Plus, which is an innovative new cash management option that provides a competitive yield on deposits in a network of carefully-selected FDIC-insured banks via a single, convenient account. Deposits are distributed by the Custodian as directed by the Federally Insured Cash Account SM. Funds are deposited in participating Ohio banks with an objective to provide the safety of full FDIC insurance, a competitive yield and the convenience of

managing a single account. Participation is offered to subdivisions of the State of Ohio as defined in Section 135.45(F)(2)(a) of the Ohio Revised Code, who are also participants in the STAR Ohio local government investment pool, for the investment of public funds. The bank balance of City's funds in STAR Plus at June 30, 2017 was \$8,170,000.

Statutes specify that the City Treasurer require institutions designated as a public depository to pledge and to deposit with the Treasurer's office, as security for the payment of all public monies to be deposited in the public depository during the period of designation, eligible securities of an aggregate market value equal to the excess of the amount of public monies that are at the time so deposited over and above such portion or amount of such money as is at such time insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or by any other agency or instrumentality of the federal government. As an alternative, the City Treasurer may require such institution to deposit with her surety company bonds which, when executed, shall be for an amount equal to such excess amount.

Investments and Fair Value Hierarchy

The fair value of investments for the City (including permanent funds) at June 30, 2017 was \$1,418,003,000. These investments include \$59,393,000 in Money Market Funds, \$625,418,000 in U. S. Treasury Securities, \$597,537,000 in U. S. Government Agencies, \$292,000 in Bond Mutual Funds, \$76,821,000 in Ohio Municipals, \$57,141,000 in STAR Ohio Investment Pool, \$48,000 in Real Estate, and \$1,353,000 in Equity Securities. The City is legally authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, federal agencies or instrumentalities, obligations of the State of Ohio and its political subdivisions and repurchase agreements.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed and administered by the State Treasurer's Office. Participation is offered to subdivisions of the State of Ohio as defined in Section 135.45(F)(2)(a), Ohio Revised Code, by the State Treasurer for the investment of interim monies of the state and to the state's various custodial accounts. The investment objectives of STAR Ohio are the preservation of capital, the maintenance of liquidity, and providing current income. STAR Ohio is an investment alternative defined in section 135.45(E)(2) of the Ohio Revised Code and created for eligible political subdivisions.

The STAR Ohio investments other than money market funds, are valued according to the amortized cost method (which approximates fair value) which is the cost adjusted for the amortization of any premiums or accretion of any discounts over the period until maturity. Investments in money market funds are valued at quoted market values. The STAR Ohio fund invests in U. S. government and agency securities, collateralized repurchase agreements with eligible Ohio financial institutions, and eligible banker's acceptances and commercial paper. The STAR Ohio fund had an average 45 days to maturity at June 30, 2017 and is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice of withdrawal must be given to PFA, STAR Ohio's co-administrator, 24 hours in advance of all transactions greater than \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transactions to \$50 million per day. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

All investments of the City of Cincinnati are insured or registered, or are securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name. The City Treasurer may enter into a repurchase agreement of United States Treasury obligations or other obligations for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged for the payment of principal and interest, or obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency. The City has not used reverse repurchase agreements or derivatives as investment instruments.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value

of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City (excluding STAR Ohio Investment Pool) as of June 30, 2017:

	Fair Value Measurements Using						
			Quoted Prices in		Significant		
			Active Markets		Other		
			for Identical	(Observable		
			Assets		Inputs		
Investment Type		Fair Value	Level 1		Level 2		
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	625,418	\$ 625,418				
U.S. Agencies		597,537		\$	597,537		
Tax Exempt Ohio Municipals		76,821			76,821		
Money Market Funds		59,393			59,393		
Equity Securities		1,353	1,353				
Bond Mutual Funds		292			292		
Real Estate		48			48		
Total	\$	1,360,862	\$ 626,771	\$	734,091		

Excluded from the City's investments discussed above are assets held in trust by the Park Board, which includes the Special Revenue Parks, Special Revenue Bettman Nature Center, and Permanent Park Board Funds. The fair value of investments for these funds at June 30, 2017 was \$9,808,000. These investments include \$801,000 in U. S. Treasury Securities, \$151,000 in U. S. Government Agencies, \$863,000 in Corporate Fixed Income, \$7,646,000 in Equity Securities, \$126,000 in Other Investments, \$2,000 in Real Estate Investments, and \$219,000 in other bonds. In those cases where resources are maintained in trust, the authority for investment of the property rests with either the trust agreement or local ordinance. Investments of the Park Board are uninsured. These securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the assets held in trust by the Park Board as of June 30, 2017:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
			Quot	ed Prices in	S	Significant		
			Activ	ve Markets		Other		
			for	Identical	C	Observable		
				Assets		Inputs		
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value		Level 1		Level 2		
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	801	\$	801				
U.S. Agencies		151			\$	151		
Equity Securities		7,646		7,646				
Corporate Fixed Income		863		863				
Real Estate		2				2		
Other Investments		126				126		
Bond Mutual Funds		219			_	219		
		\$9,808		\$9,310	_	\$498		

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices in an actively traded market. Investments classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using valuation techniques that incorporate market data for similar types of investments, broker quotes and inactive transaction prices. These prices are obtained by our custodian banks from various pricing sources.

Investment Policy and Risk

The investment policy and risk will be discussed in three categories: 1) the City investment policy, which includes the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Project Fund, Water Works Fund (an Enterprise Fund), and the Metropolitan Sewer District (an Agency Fund); 2) the Permanent Funds except for the Park Board Fund; and 3) the Park Board, which includes the Special Revenue Parks, Special Revenue Bettman Nature Center and Permanent Park Board Funds.

A. City Investment Policy

The City's foremost objective of the investment policy for the funds that are pooled and deposited in the General Bank Depository Account and other accounts authorized by the City Treasurer is safety of principal. The investment policy minimizes credit risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities, pre-qualifying the financial institutions with which the City will do business, and diversifying investments to minimize potential losses.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Interest rate risk is reduced by structuring the portfolio to mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations in order to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity and by investing operating funds in shorter-term securities.

At June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments held by the City Treasurer which were exposed to interest rate risk (amounts in thousands):

		Investment Maturities (in years)								
Investment Type		Fair Value	Less Than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10			
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$	625,418	\$ 171,745	\$	445,129	\$	8,544			
U.S. Agencies		597,537	41,373		554,381		1,783			
Tax Exempt Ohio Municipals	s _	76,821	39,767		37,054	_				
Total	\$_	1,299,776	\$ 252,885	\$	1,036,564	\$_	10,327			

Currently, the investment policy limits the investments to: 1) obligations issued by the United States Treasury, 2) obligations issued by a federal government agency or instrumentality, 3) certificates of deposits, 4) no-load money market mutual funds which invest in 1), 2), or 3) above, 5) the Ohio subdivision's fund (STAR Ohio), 6) State of Ohio endorsed cash management programs, including but not limited to STAR Plus, 7) repurchase agreements, 8) obligations of the State of Ohio or of a political subdivision of the state with at least an AA rating, or 9) commercial paper of certain entities that have assets exceeding \$500 million. These investments do not expose the City to foreign currency risk. Therefore, the City does not have a foreign currency risk policy.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Credit ratings indicate the degree of credit risk for an investment. At June 30, 2017, the City held the following investments (amounts in thousands):

	Total		A-/A3				Full
	Fair		and		Not		Faith &
Investment Type	Value		Above		Rated		Credit
U.S. Treasury Obligations S	625,418	\$	511,836	\$	82,821	\$	30,761
U.S. Agencies	597,537		508,626		88,911		
Tax Exempt Ohio Municipals	76,821	_	45,024		31,797	_	
Total S	1,299,776	\$	1,065,486	\$	203,529	\$	30,761

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty to a transaction, the City would be unable to recover the value of an investment or collateral securities. The custodial credit risk policy is discussed in the Deposits section above. The City requires the certificates of deposit to be backed by collateral or surety bond with an aggregate market value of one hundred two percent of the City's deposits and investments including accrued interest. Repurchase agreements require collateral. The release of collateral requires the approval of the City Treasurer.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. At June 30, 2017 the City did not have more than five percent of total investments with a single issuer.

B. Permanent Funds

The Permanent Funds (excluding the Park Board Fund) do not have a written investment policy. Each fund has a separate trust agreement, which limits the activity of the fund. At June 30, 2017, total investments were \$1,693,000. The Permanent Funds do not have an investment policy for interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk. Their investments consist of equity securities with a fair value of \$1,353,000, real estate of \$48,000, and fixed income funds with a fair value of \$292,000. Credit ratings and maturity information was not available for the investments in fixed income funds.

C. Park Board

The Park Board investment goals are to generate capital growth for long-term usage and provide operating income to the respective projects and operations. The fund has established asset allocation ranges. For equities that range is seventy to ninety percent. The bond range is ten to thirty percent, and the cash range is zero to three percent. Each bond investment must have a minimum credit rating of B by Standard and Poor's and Moody's. Other than these limitations on investments, the Park Board Fund does not have an established policy for interest rate risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk, or foreign currency risk.

At June 30, 2017 the Park Board had total investments with a fair value of \$9,808,000 which includes equity securities with a fair value of \$7,646,000, real estate with a fair value of \$2,000, and fixed income with a fair value of \$345,000. The remaining \$1,815,000 in investments is identified in the chart below.

The following investments were exposed to interest rate risk (amounts in thousands):

	Investment Maturities (in years)									
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10	More than 10					
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$ 801 \$	801								
US Agency Bonds	151	\$	151							
Corporate Bonds	863	110	459 5	\$ 30 \$	\$					
Total	\$1,815_\$	911 \$	610 5	\$ 30 \$	\$264					

The following chart provides information utilized in determining credit rate risk (amounts in thousands):

Investment Type	Total Fair Value		A-/A3 and Above	BBB-/Baa3 to BBB+/Baa1	Not Rated
U.S. Government Treasury	\$ 801	\$	801		
U.S. Agency Bonds	151		151		
Corporate Bonds	863		482	\$ 381	
Fixed Income	345	_			345
Total	\$ 2,160	\$	1,434	\$ 381	\$ 345

3. MIXED INVESTMENT POOL

On April 10, 1968, the Board of County Commissioners of Hamilton County and the City of Cincinnati consolidated all County and City sanitary sewer facilities, under the direction and control of the Board of County Commissioners and the management and operation of the City. The cash balance in the fund established for this purpose, the Metropolitan Sewer District fund (MSD), is combined with the City's pool of cash and investments. For the purposes of financial reporting, the MSD portion of the City's pool of cash and investments is reported as an Investment Trust Fund. Assets in the pool are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. The pool is not subject to regulatory oversight. Fair value amounts are determined at the end of the fiscal period. The City has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the Mixed Investment Pool. MSD is required by Chapter 301 of the Cincinnati Municipal Code to participate in the Mixed Investment Pool. The method used to determine participants' shares sold and redeemed is a proration based upon the equity held in City Treasury cash. These amounts increase and decrease based upon the change in the equity balance. This same method is used to report the investments. Disclosures required by GASB Statement 3 are discussed in Note 2.

Summary by major investment classification (amounts in thousands):

			Fair	Interest Rates	Maturity
Description		Cost	Value		Dates
Money Market Fund		\$ 317	\$ 317		
Certificates of Deposit		6,736	6,736	1.18% to 2.15 %	7/2/17 to 12/30/19
U. S. Treasury Notes		330,833	329,765	0.625% to 8.125%	7/15/17 to 5/31/22
FHLB/FNMA/FHLMC Securities		450,750	448,946	0.70% to 9.4%	7/18/17 to 9/25/24
Ohio Municipal		73,520	73,485	0.00% to 5%	9/15/17 to 12/1/21
Star Ohio Investment Pool		45,000	45,000		
Cash		26,705	26,705	_	
	Total	\$ 933,861	\$ 930,954	-	

The Mixed Investment Pool does not issue a separate report. The Mixed Investment Pool's financial statements follow:

Mixed Investment Pool Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands)

<u>Assets</u>	
Equity in City Treasury	\$ 930,954
Net Position	
Held in Trust for Internal Pool Participants	\$ 692,044
Held in Trust for External Pool Participants	 238,910
Total Net Position	\$ 930,954
	 ,

Mixed Investment Pool Statement of Changes in Net Position For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands)

]	Internal	Participants	Externa	1 Participants	<u>Total</u>
Additions:					
Contributions:					
Participant Deposits	\$	1,509,357	\$	542,801	\$2,052,158
Investment earnings:					
Interest and dividends		9,715		2,109	11,824
Net appreciation in the fair value of investme	ents	(7,174)		(2,311)	(9,485)
Total investment earnings		2,541		(202)	2,339
Total additions		1,511,898		542,599	2,054,497
Deductions:					
Distributions to Participants		1,490,127		468,147	1,958,274
Change in Net Position		21,771		74,452	96,223
Net Position - beginning		670,273		164,458	834,731
Net Position - ending	\$	692,044	\$	238,910	\$ 930,954

4. COMMITMENTS

Convention Facilities Authority (**CFA**) - The CFA is an up to 11-member body corporate and politic, organized and existing under Chapter 351 of the Ohio Revised Code, as amended. The CFA issued bonds netting proceeds of \$111,176,644 dated March 2, 2004 for the purpose of expanding and renovating the Convention Center in Cincinnati. On December 4, 2014 the original debt was refunded with \$65,135,000 of first lien debt. Additional first lien debt of \$4,755,000 was issued for new projects.

Pursuant to a Memorandum of Understanding between the City of Cincinnati (City) and Hamilton County (County), a cooperative agreement was reached between the City and the County and a Project Service Agreement between the City and the CFA. The City will: (i) own the Convention Center, (ii) be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Convention Center and (iii) manage the design and construction of the expansion and renovation project. Construction began in May 2004 and was completed in June 2006.

In the financial plan for the Convention Center expansion and renovation the dedicated Transient Occupancy Tax (City) and Lodging Excise Tax (County) is expected to cover the outstanding debt service for senior debt of \$64,725,000. Pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding between the City, County and the CFA, the City has agreed to guarantee, subject to annual appropriation, the principal and interest on subordinate debt. The maximum annual debt service is \$6,359,600 and has been reserved to guarantee the subordinate debt service.

Subject to annual appropriation, the City shall pay \$250,000 (City Annual Contribution) to the Trustee of the CFA subject to the terms of the Cooperative Agreement. This contribution is pledged as an additional revenue source for the payment of the bonds. The City appropriated an amount sufficient to pay the City Annual Contribution for 2017.

Greater Cincinnati Redevelopment Authority (Formerly the Port of Greater Cincinnati **Development Authority**) – On July 11, 2011 the City entered into an Economic Development Services Agreement with the Greater Cincinnati Redevelopment Authority to undertake economic development activities on behalf and in coordination with the City during 2011-2017. Under the Agreement, the City agreed to provide the Greater Cincinnati Redevelopment Authority with: (i) annual operating funding for the continuation of its existing economic development services in the region (defined therein as "General Operations"), in the amount of \$525,000 for 2011 and up to \$1,000,000 in each of years 2012-2017 (subject, however, to the City's right to terminate the Agreement if Hamilton County does not provide a matching amount) [with the City's 2017 funding for General Operations being \$700,000]; (ii) in 2011 and 2012 only, non-operating funding (referred to therein as "the City's capital investment") in the amount of \$1,000,000/year; and (iii) in years 2013-2017 only, annual funding in the amount of \$6,000,000 or more to support Greater Cincinnati Redevelopment Authority activities in three identified Growth Opportunity Areas (defined therein as "Additional Services") [with the City's 2017 funding for Additional Services being \$2,000,000 for public infrastructure improvements at the former Hudepohl Brewing Remediation project]; all such funding under the Agreement being subject to annual discretionary appropriations by City Council, and further subject to the City's right to reduce its annual contributions by the amount of net profits received by the Greater Cincinnati Redevelopment Authority in connection with the Additional Services. The existing Agreement is scheduled to expire on Dec 31, 2017, and the City is currently negotiating a new Economic Development Services Agreement with the Greater Cincinnati Redevelopment Authority to take effect Jan 1, 2018.

The Board of Education of the City School District of the City of Cincinnati (the Board) – on July 21, 1999 the "Board" and the City of Cincinnati entered into agreement whereby the City would compensate the Board for taxes that would have been received if not for certain property exemptions enacted by the City. Compensation is made in two ways: 1) a proportion (either 25% or 27%) of service payments received by the City on property exempted under ORC Chapter 725 or 5709 paid semi-annually and 2) an annual payment of \$5 million, to be paid semi-annually, beginning fiscal year 2000 and continuing for 19 years thereafter.

Encumbrances - Encumbrances are commitments to unfilled purchase orders or unfilled contracts. Funds have been committed to a specific order, but the goods or services have not been billed or received.

The City's outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Summary of Encumbrances Outstanding (Amounts in Thousands)

	-		Capital Projects	Debt Service		n Major rnmental	Total	
General Government	\$	2,971			\$	167	3,523	\$ 6,661
Community Development		1,196					\$ 4,792	5,988
Parks		437					336	773
Recreation		273					238	511
Police		843					1,329	2,172
Fire		289					1	290
Transportation & Engineering							41	41
Public Services		745					7,365	8,110
Public Health		484					1,183	1,667
Capital Outlay			\$	84,830				84,830
Total	\$	7,238	\$	84,830	\$	167	\$ 18,808	\$ 111,043

5. INTER-FUND ASSETS/LIABILITIES

The composition of inter-fund balances as of June 30, 2017, is as follows:

DUE FROM/TO OTHER FUNDS (Amounts in Thousands)

									Du	e From							
			Ca	pital	Ι	Debt	N	on-Major	Iı	nternal	Wa	ter Works	Nor	n-Major			
	G	eneral	Pro	jects	Se	rvice	Go	vernmental	S	ervice	E	nterprise	Ent	terprise	Fid	uciary	
]	Fund	F	und	F	und		Funds	I	Funds		Fund	F	unds	F	und	TOTAL
<u>Due To</u>																	
General Fund			\$	16			\$	578	\$	1,084			\$	1	\$	468	\$ 2,147
Capital Projects Fund	\$	420			\$	459		647		396	\$	673		161			2,756
Debt Service Fund																1	1
Non-Major Governmental Funds		1,351						265		277						242	2,135
Internal Service Funds										8				2		45	55
Water Works Enterprise Fund		5		29						154				21		192	401
Non-Major Enterprise Funds				160		228		169		333		30		1		25	946
TOTAL	\$	1,776	\$	205	\$	687	\$	1,659	\$	2,252	\$	703	\$	186	\$	973	\$ 8,441

At year end, the City held \$4.1 million in notes outstanding with accrued interest of \$0.2 million. The notes provide capital project financing. A portion of these notes are held by MSD (\$1.0 million), and Capital Projects Fund (\$0.7 million), and are not included above. The amounts included in inter-fund receivables and payables are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Fund or Fund Type	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$420	
Capital Projects Fund		\$2,451
Debt Service Fund	459	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	502	
Internal Service Funds	260	
Water Works Enterprise Fund	649	
Non-Major Enterprise Funds	161	
	\$ 2,451	\$ 2,451

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates: (1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

ADVANCES TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS (Amounts in Thousands)

	Advance From Other Funds										
		Capital Non-Major				nal					
	General	Projects	Governn	nental	Serv	rice					
	Fund	Fund	Func	Fun	ıds	TOTAL					
Advance to Other Funds											
General Fund			\$	900	\$	834	\$ 1,734				
Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 521						521				
Water Works Enterprise Fund						50	50				
Non-Major Enterprise Funds		\$10,821					10,821				
Internal Service Funds		7,153					7,153				
TOTAL	\$ 521	\$17,974	\$	900	\$	884	\$20,279				

The major portion of the advances is to provide financing for the construction in progress on capital projects. The remaining portion of the amounts payable relates to working capital loans made to funds upon their creation, none of this balance is scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year.

6. INTER-FUND TRANSFERS

Inter-fund transfers for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

TRANSFERS IN/OUT (Amounts in Thousands)

	Transfers Out												
			Capital		Debt	N	on-Major	Internal	Water Worl	ks	No	n-Major	
	G	eneral	Projects	:	Service	Gov	ernmental	Service	Enterprise		En	terprise	
]	Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds	Funds	Fund		F	Funds	Total
Transfers In													
General Fund								\$ 211			\$	1,250	\$ 1,461
Capital Projects Fund	\$	306		\$	64,593		13,812	1,996	14	6		20	80,873
Debt Service Fund		4,649	2,542				7,339	38					14,568
Non-Major Governmental Funds		1,426					2,249	208				1,500	5,383
Internal Service Funds			\$10,261				30						10,291
Non-Major Enterprise Funds								575					575
Total	\$	6,381	\$12,803	\$	64,593	\$	23,430	\$3,028	\$ 14	6	\$	2,770	\$ 113,151

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

7. NET POSITION / FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balance is classified in five categories: (1) Non-spendable, (2) Restricted, (3) Committed, (4) Assigned, and (5) Unassigned. Non-spendable fund balances include amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally required to remain intact. Restricted fund balances include amounts that have external restrictions by either: grantors, debt covenants, laws or other governments. The City Council is the highest level of decision making authority and can commit or rescind a portion of the fund balance to a specific purpose by passing an ordinance. The authority to assign fund balance is inferred by state and municipal law to the fiscal officer or his designated official. Unassigned fund balance includes amounts that have not been assigned to any purpose. Restricted funds are spent first as expenditures are incurred to the extent of the restricted fund revenue. Then committed, assigned and unassigned funds are used. The following chart displays the fund balance classifications for the governmental funds at June 30, 2017 (Amounts in thousands):

	C	General	Ca	apital	Debt	No	on Major		Total
Fund Balances		Fund	Pro	ojects	Service	Gov	ernmental	Gov	ernmental
Nonspendable									
Inventory	\$	3,931	\$	730				\$	4,661
In accordance with Trusts						\$	2,395		2,395
Restricted									
Debt Service					\$ 93,335				93,335
Capital Projects			20	02,045	9,172				211,217
Tax Increment Financing							35,192		35,192
Income Tax Transit							16,252		16,252
Police Operations							6,821		6,821
Recreation Operations							2,028		2,028
Parks Operations							9,139		9,139
Street Contruction, Maintenance and Repair							8,477		8,477
Income Tax Infrastructure							12,465		12,465
Expendable Trusts							7,945		7,945
Other							8,453		8,453
Committed									
Emergency Reserve		2,570							2,570
Reserve for Weather Events, Other Emergencies,									
and One-time Events		3,875							3,875
Property Investment Reimbursement Agreements		30							30
Public Health							2,276		2,276
Recreation							3,621		3,621
Parks							8,270		8,270
Police							250		250
Other							2,961		2,961
Assigned							,		
General Government Encumbrances		2,971							2,971
Community Development Encumbrances		1,196							1,196
Parks Encumbrances		437							437
Recreation Encumbrances		273							273
Police Encumbrances		843							843
Fire Encumbrances		289							289
Public Health Encumbrances		484							484
Public Services Encumbrances		745							745
FY2018 Appropriations		203							203
Internal Service Funds		98							98
Unassigned									
Working Capital Reserve Fund		26,347							26,347
Other		33,033							33,033
Total Fund Balance	\$	77,325	\$20)2,775	\$102,507	\$	126,545	\$	509,152

Included in the financial statements are two internal service funds with a net position deficit as of June 30, 2017. The net position deficit in the internal service funds are: Purchasing Reproduction and Printing (\$3,215,000), and Fleet Services (\$11,621,000), and are to be covered by future user charges. These internal service funds are billed to user funds based on current costs. Also, the application of GAAP requires the recording of long term liabilities and results in negative net positions.

Stabilization Funds Policy

City Council established stabilization policy in July of 2015 which contains four components: the General Fund Carryover Balance, General Fund Contingency Account, Emergency Reserve, and the Working Capital Reserve. The total stabilization funds balance at June 30, 2017 was \$42.3 million, and is composed of \$26.4 million in Working Capital Reserve, \$3.9 million in Contingency Reserve, \$2.6 million in Emergency Reserve and \$9.5 million in Carryover balance, which is 10.86% of General Fund Revenues.

8. LEASES

CITY AS LESSEE

Operating Leases

The City has entered into various leases for property, equipment and office space. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. The total cost for such leases were \$809,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	<u>Am</u>	<u>iounts</u>
2018	\$	832
2019		761
2020		367
2021		155
2022		296
Remaining Years		5,507
Total Future Minimum Rents	\$	7,918
	•	

Capital Leases

The City has capitalized leases for the following property and equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Leased Property/Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 24,637 2,641	\$ 2,226 2,000
Total	\$ 21,996	\$ 226

The following is a schedule of future minimum capital leases and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at June 30, 2017:

(Amounts in Thousands)		ernmental	Business-Type		
Fiscal Year	A	<u>Activities</u> <u>Activities</u>		<u>ivities</u>	
2018	\$	3,811	\$	274	
2019		4,723		444	
2020		4,705			
2021		4,687			
2022		4,670			
2023-2027		8,017	-		
Total Minimum lease payments		30,613		718	
Less: Amounts representing interest		2,205		19	
Present value of net minimum					
lease payments	\$	28,408	\$	699	

CITY AS LESSOR

The City has entered into various contractual agreements for the rental of properties to various commercial enterprises, which are reported as operating leases for accounting purposes.

Amounts related to the operating lease as of June 30, 2017 are included in the financial statements of the following:

(Amounts in Thousands)	Governm	nental	Busir	ness Type
	<u>Activitie</u>	<u>es</u>	<u>Activ</u>	<u>ities</u>
Land	\$	3,743	\$	3,539
Buildings		18,887		7,561
Accumulated Depreciation		7,410		4,850
Improvements		87,214		4,357
Accumulated Depreciation		87,177		1,220
Depreciation Expense		594		3,306

Future minimum rentals of the railway line, recorded in Debt Service Fund, are assumed to equal the payments calculated for the current period. These minimum rentals are included in the Governmental Activities column.

(Amounts in Thousands)	Go	vernmental	Business-Type		
Fiscal Year	<u>A</u>	<u>activities</u>	<u>Ac</u>	<u>tivities</u>	
2018	\$	22,773	\$	1,359	
2019		22,603		1,091	
2020		22,451		947	
2021		22,289		697	
2022		21,897		591	
Remaining years		182,328		4,619	
Total Future Minimum Rental Payments	\$	294,341	\$	9,304	
Total Rentals for Fiscal Year 2017:	\$	23,147	\$	1,797	

Enterprise Funds

The General Aviation rentals (included in business-type activities) do not include contingent rentals, which may be received on the basis of hours or usage in excess of stipulated minimums. Terms of the leases are normally on a five-year basis with renewal options not to exceed fourteen years.

The Parking Facilities has leased the Fountain Square North Parking Garage for a one-time payment of \$7.5 million for a period of 40 years beginning in 2005. The Fountain Square South Parking Garage has also been leased for 30 years for the value of improvements. Both agreements have been presented as a service concession arrangement in Footnote 18.

Governmental Capital Assets

The City-owned railway line, the Cincinnati Southern Railway, is leased to the Cincinnati, New Orleans, and Texas Pacific Railway Company until December 31, 2026, with a renewal option of twenty-five years. Pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code, the use of the rental income from the railway line is restricted to debt service. The railway line is valued at acquisition cost since the original purpose was the general government purpose of economic development.

On March 12, 2008 Ordinance 78-2008 was passed authorizing the issuance of bonds for the construction

of a new administrative building for the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD). The bonds were issued on July 22, 2009 for a term of 20 years. MSD will lease the building and the rentals will be equivalent to the annual debt service payment. The total rent payments in fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 were \$1,432,000. The outstanding principal is \$10,760,000.

The Price Hill Improvement District Incorporated II LLC has a ground lease with the City for the Price Hill recreation center site which was approved by Ordinance 182-2014. The City leases the land to the improvement district for development as a recreation center and the City subleases the recreation center from the improvement district. The City's sublease is included above in the section called the City as lessee.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

In October of 2016 the City issued general obligation bonds totaling \$66,580,000 with a premium of \$3,558,000. A portion of this debt, \$11,665,000, refunded debt of \$10,405,000. The net present value of the savings which resulted from the refunding is \$816,000. The aggregate difference in debt service between the refunded debt and the refunding debt is \$906,000.

In November of 2016 Water revenue bonds totaling \$119,575,000 with a premium of \$19,664,000 were issued. The issuance included new revenue debt of \$25,000,000 with a premium of \$3,837,000 and refunding bonds of \$94,575,000 with a premium of \$15,827,000 and savings with a net present value of \$1,675,000. Of the new refunding bonds, \$77,935,000 involves an advanced crossover refunding which will occur December 1, 2019. The aggregate difference in debt service between the refunded debt and the refunding debt is \$4,812,000.

In November of 2016 the City issued economic development bonds of \$12,550,000. This new issue of \$10,000,000 included premiums of \$407,000. New debt of \$2,550,000 with a discount of \$6,000 refunded debt of \$2,230,000. The net present value of savings is \$142,000 and the aggregate difference in debt service between the refunded debt and the refunding debt is \$172,000.

In June of 2017 Water refunding revenue bonds totaling \$75,595,000 with a premium of \$3,873,000 were issued. The issuance refunded bonds of \$69,490,000 and had savings with a net present value of \$6,621,000. The aggregate difference in debt service between the refunded debt and the refunding debt is \$7,776,000.

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

(Amounts	in	Thousands)
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Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount
Governmental Activities	0.45%-6.046%	\$ 526,363
Business-Type Activities	1.5% to 5.0%	 25,094
		\$ 551,457

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)

Year Ending	Governmental Activities		Business-	Type Activities	All Activities		
June 30	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	
2018	\$ 48,463	\$ 21,006	\$ 1,562	\$ 966	50,025	21,972	
2019	44,062	19,184	1,614	904	45,676	20,088	
2020	41,301	17,481	1,371	843	42,672	18,324	
2021	39,199	15,817	1,383	788	40,582	16,605	
2022	32,526	14,298	1,395	735	33,921	15,033	
2023-2027	139,132	52,444	6,150	3,007	145,282	55,451	
2028-2032	103,053	25,891	5,224	1,895	108,277	27,786	
2033-2037	62,044	8,966	4,446	900	66,490	9,866	
2038-2042	16,583	1,454	1,949	176	18,532	1,630	
	\$ 526,363	\$ 176,541	\$ 25,094	\$ 10,214	\$ 551,457 \$	186,755	

Revenue Bonds

The City also issues bonds where the City pledges revenues to pay debt service. The net revenues of the Water Works are pledged to pay Water Works revenue bonds debt service. The City has pledged non-tax revenues including all such taxes and revenues, other than ad valorem property taxes for the Governmental Activities revenue bonds. The original amount of revenue bonds authorized in prior years was \$1,347,295,000 of which \$1,060,720,000 was issued.

Revenue bonds outstanding at end of the fiscal period are as follows:

(/	Amounts	in	Thousands	;))
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<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	<u>Amount</u>
Economic Development	0.33% to 8.48%	\$ 128,871
Water Works	.75% to 6.458%	536,315
		\$ 665,186

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			All Activities			
Year Ending	Non Proper	ty Tax Revenue	Wate	er Re	evenue				
<u>June 30</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		Principal Principal		<u>Interest</u>
2018	\$ 5,212	2 \$ 4,568	\$ 20,025	\$	22,305	\$	25,237	\$	26,873
2019	5,93	4,402	22,870		21,934		28,804		26,336
2020	5,95	4,217	101,495		18,929		107,446		23,146
2021	6,128	3 4,026	23,990		15,839		30,118		19,865
2022	6,46	3,821	26,900		15,035		33,365		18,856
2023-2027	28,44	3 15,000	122,425		59,469		150,873		74,469
2028-2032	28,350	10,844	111,250		33,369		139,600		44,213
2033-2037	23,72	5,288	64,120		15,188		87,847		20,476
2038-2042	15,180	1,656	22,660		7,134		37,840		8,790
2043-2046	3,47	5 292	20,580		2,172		24,056		2,464
	\$ 128,87	1 \$ 54,114	\$536,315	\$	211,374	\$	665,186	\$	265,488

Build America Bond Subsidy

In 2009, Cincinnati Water Works issued Series 2009B taxable bonds as Build America Bonds under the provisions of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Under this agreement, the Water Works is to receive 35% of the Bond interest as the Build America Bond Subsidy. The amount received in fiscal year 2017 was \$1,584,000.

Long-Term State Loans

The Ohio Public Works Commission extends loans to the City. Loans in the amount of \$3,715,000 accounted for as Governmental type and \$2,186,000 as Business-type represent the amounts due on the loans from the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) for infrastructure improvements. These notes are non-interest bearing.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Ohio Public Works Commission notes are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)

	Gov	ernmental	Busin	ness-Type
Year Ending	A	Activities	A	ctivities
<u>June 30</u>	<u>I</u>	Principal	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal
2018	\$	288	\$	219
2019		288		219
2020		288		219
2021		288		219
2022		288		219
2023-2027		1,297		872
2028-2032		653		219
2033-2035		325		
Total	\$	3,715	\$	2,186

The Ohio Water Development Authority extends loans to the City. Notes in the amount of \$40,299,000 accounted for as Business type represent the amounts due on several loans from the Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) for water works improvements. These notes bear interest from 1.75% to 3.25% per year. Only that portion of the loan commitment actually paid to the City is recognized as a liability by the City.

Annual debt service requirement to maturity for the Ohio Water Development Authority notes are as follows:

		•	7D1 1 \
- (Amounts	ın	Thousands)
	2 MIIO UII LO	111	1 Housands/

Year Ending	Business-type Activities				
<u>June 30</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>		
2018	\$ 2,280	\$	790		
2019	2,317		744		
2020	2,366		697		
2021	2,416		649		
2022	2,468		600		
2023-2027	13,037		2,226		
2028-2032	12,283		961		
2033-2034	3,132		70		
Total	\$ 40,299	\$	6,737		

Notes Payable

On December 17, 2008, City Council authorized the City Manager to enter into a \$6.2 million 15 year installment sales agreement to build a garage with Uptown Consortium. The City will maintain the title to the garage for the duration of the agreement and pay the installment payments with net service payments collected from the real property, net service payments collected from the real properties of the project and net revenue from the operation of the project.

On March 31, 2010, the City entered into an installment sales agreement with Vernon Manor Offices Leverage Lender, LLC for the construction of a 440-space parking garage for \$7.1 million. The City will maintain the title to the garage for the duration of the agreement and pay the installment payments with net service payments collected from the real property, net service payments collected from the real properties of the project and net revenue from the operation of the project. The project was completed in 2011.

On April 4, 2012, the City entered into several agreements with 21c CINCINNATI LLC to effectuate the redevelopment of the site at 609 Walnut Street into an approx. 156-room hotel, including an art museum, restaurant and other amenities. In order to facilitate the estimated \$51,000,000 project, a grant agreement provided a \$2,500,000 grant and a development and loan agreement provided a loan of \$3,800,000 from the City for eligible construction costs. The City's only pledge towards the private placement revenue note is for the statutory service payments. Through a service agreement 21c CINCINNATI LLC has agreed to make statutory service payments in semi-annual installments at an amount equal to the amount of real property taxes that would have been paid on the improvements, were they not tax exempt.

On October 24, 2014 the City amended a prior agreement with Neyer Properties for the Keystone II development project. The project includes a garage with approximately 1,600 parking spaces and office

space of approximately 400,000 square feet. Two loans, one for \$2,940,000 and the other for \$2,500,000 from the State Infrastructure Bank were utilized by the City to finance the public improvements.

The combined repayment schedule for the notes payable follows (includes Vernon Manor, Uptown Consortium, 21c CINCINNATI LLC, and Keystone II).

(Amounts in Thousands)					
	Principal		Interest		Total
	<u>Payment</u>		Payment		<u>P&I</u>
2018	1,0	49	785		1,834
2019	1,0	89	743		1,832
2020	1,1	31	700		1,831
2021	1,1	75	654		1,829
2022	1,2	20	607		1,827
2023-2027	4,5	60	2,284		6,844
2028-2032	4,2	13	1,449		5,662
2033-2037	3,1	32	490		3,622
2038-2042	9	75	120		1,095
2043-2047	3	35	15		350
Total	\$ 18,8	379 \$	7,847	\$	26,726

Other Liabilities

On August 18, 2015 the City entered into an agreement with Hamilton County for the \$6,250,000 repayment of estate tax mistakenly paid to the City. The five semi-annual repayments of \$1,250,000 in principal was to begin July 2016. However, the City made an early principal payment of \$4.4 million in June of 2016. The balance, \$1,433,000 has been included in the other liabilities current as the final repayment was scheduled for October of 2017.

The following are the total outstanding bonds and notes at June 30, 2017 and the debt service requirement for fiscal year 2018.

Bonds and Notes Outstanding at June 30, 2017

(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

							Amount		Amount
					Originally		Due	(Outstanding
Description	Interest Rates	Issue Dates	Maturity Dates		Issued		2018		6/30/2017
Bonds:									
General Property Tax Supported	7.875%	1987	2018	\$	30,000	\$	1.000	\$	1,000
Various Rate Issues	1.5-5.82%	2006-2017	2018-2041	Φ	322,830	φ	18,980	Φ	200,105
Refunding	0.45 to 5.25%	2007-2017	2018-2032		146,270		10,571		79,948
-									
Urban Redevelopment Various Rate Issues	1.5% to 5.0%	2014&2017	2021&2036		5,535		275		5,095
Municipal Income Tax	1.23% -5.82%	2006-2017	2018-2040		136,095		7,225		50,030
Refunding	0.45 to 5.25%	2007-2017	2018-2029		51,700		1,355		41,435
Recreational Facilities									
Refunding	0.45% to 5.00%	2007-2017	2018&2021		6,425		485		2,310
Urban Renewal/Economic Dev.	0.62% to 5.41%	2006-2016	2026-2036		82,175		3,735		25,890
Refunding	0.45 to 5.25%	2012-2016	2020-2036		47,420		1,465		44,695
Urban Development Taxable									
Various Rate Issues	4.46% to 6.046%	2009	2028		5,080		235		605
Refunding	0.45 to 5.0%	2007-2017	2018-2031		13,455		415		9,540
Judgement	1.168-4.390	2016	2041		33,321		777		26,150
MSD Administration Bldg	2.0% to 5.0%	2009&2016	2029		15,000		655		9,235
Police & Fire Pension									
Refunding	0.371% to 5.25%	2014-2016	2022&2035		31,970		1,290		30,325
	Total Governmen	ntal Activities	Bond Obligations		927,276		48,463		526,363
General Aviation	1.5% to 5.0%	2010	2026		1,115		42		384
Convention Center	1.5% to 5.0%	2010	2026		3,959		121		3,656
Municipal Golf	0.45 to 5.0%	2006-2016	2018 - 2029		3,438		280		788
Stormwater	2.0% to 4.0%	2010	2021-2041		7,070		334		4,530
Parking Facilities	2.0% to 4.0%	2010	2028		15,055		635		10,490
Water Works	1.168% to 4.39%	2016	2041		5,393		150		5,246
	Tot	al Proprietary	Fund Obligations		36,030		1,562		25,094
	Total Ger	neral Obligation	on Bonds Payable		963,306		50,025		551,457
Notes:				· <u> </u>					
Economic Development	1.43%	2012-2013	2018		3,500		3,500		3,500
Streets External Financing	1.45%	2016	2021		14,725		2,200		14,725
Streets	1.776	2017	2021		4,437				4,437
Streets	1.776	2017	2021		10,086				10,086
Public Buildings	.62%	2017	2018		567		567		567
	Total Ge	neral Obligati	on Notes Payable		33,315	_	4,067		33,315
5	Гotal General Obliga	ation Bonds a	nd Notes Payable	\$	996,621	\$	54,092	\$	584,772
Revenue Bonds and Notes	0.11% to 8.48%	1996-2015	2015-2038	\$	1,060,720	\$	25,237	\$	665,186
		Total	Outstanding Debt	\$	2,057,341	\$	79,329	\$	1,249,958

Changes in long-term liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)					
,	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 524,236	\$ 58,690	\$ (56,563)	\$ 526,363	48,463
Unamortized premiums	54,920	3,533	(4,409)	54,044	
	579,156	62,223	(60,972)	580,407	48,463
Revenue Bonds	123,615	12,550	(7,294)	128,871	5,212
Unamortized premiums	3,238	407	(111)	3,534	
Unamortized discounts	(319)	(6)	38	(287)	
	126,534	12,951	(7,367)	132,118	5,212
Total Bonds Payable	705,690	75,174	(68,339)	712,525	53,675
General Obligation Notes Payable	14,725	14,523		29,248	
Notes Payable	14,178	5,552	(851)	18,879	1,049
Compensated Absences	107,910	51,709	(41,069)	118,550	14,587
Claims and Judgments	26,743	85,705	(87,607)	24,841	10,897
Capital Leases	25,133	5,550	(2,275)	28,408	3,317
Net Pension Liability-CRS Net Pension Liability-OPERS	877,288	118,047	(631,859)	363,476	
Net Pension Liability-OP&F	10,982 452,561	5,225 49,090	(2,217) (48,625)	13,990 453,026	
Net Other Post Employment	432,301	49,090	(46,023)	433,020	
Benefit Obligation	61,144	3,699	(2,450)	62,393	
State Loans	4,003	,	(288)	3,715	288
Pollution Remediation	,	3,726	, ,	3,726	
Other	2,801	2,515	(2,739)	2,577	1,634
Governmental Activities			·		
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 2,303,158	\$ 420,515	\$ (888,319)	\$ 1,835,354	\$ 85,447
Business-type Activities: Bonds Payable:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 21,267	\$ 4,907	\$ (1,080)	\$ 25,094	1,562
Unamortized premiums	51	43	(8)	86	1,502
Chamorazoa promunio	21,318	4,950	(1,088)	25,180	1,562
Revenue Bonds	473,480	\$ 195,170	(132,335)	536,315	20,025
Unamortized premiums	30,752	27,808	(16,396)	42,164	,
•	504,232	222,978	(148,731)	578,479	20,025
Total Bonds Payable	525,550	227,928	(149,819)	603,659	21,587
Compensated Absences	9,407	5,555	(4,739)	10,223	5,423
Claims and Judgments	242	202	(184)	260	260
Capital Leases	989		(290)	699	258
Net Pension Liability-CRS	251,943	40,645	(191,820)	100,768	
Net Pension Liability-OPERS	2,268	1,282	(516)	3,034	
Net Other Post Employment	15 070	1 025		17.005	
Benefit Obligation	15,970	1,035	(0.000)	17,005	0.400
State Loans Business-Type Activities	44,851		(2,366)	42,485	2,499
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 851,220	\$ 276,647	\$ (349,734)	\$ 778,133	\$ 30,027

For the governmental activities, claims and judgments are generally liquidated by the general fund. Net Pension Liability, Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation, and compensated absences annual payments are made from the same funds which pay the employees' salaries.

Internal Service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At fiscal year end, \$1,988,000 of compensated absences, \$21,353,000 of unpaid claims, \$22,634,000 of net pension liability, and \$3,901,000 of net other post employment benefit obligation for the internal service funds are included in the above amounts.

Defeased Bonds

The City has defeased bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. The chart below depicts the defeased bonds at June 30, 2017:

/ A .		TT1 1 \
(A mounte	m	Thousands)

		Par	Refunded	
Bond Type	Call Date	Amount	Date	Series
Revenue Refunding	11/1/2019	2,230	11/2/2016	2009B
Tax Exempt GO Bonds	6/1/2018	7,425	8/20/2015	2008A
Tax Exempt GO Bonds	6/1/2018	3,750	8/20/2015	2008B
Tax Exempt GO Bonds	6/1/2019	2,920	8/20/2015	2009A
Tax Exempt GO Bonds	6/1/2019	2,360	8/20/2015	2009B
Tax Exempt GO Bonds	6/1/2019	13,075	1/28/2016	2009A
Taxable GO Bonds	12/1/2019	4,200	10/25/2016	2011C
Taxable GO Bonds	6/1/2020	2,950	10/25/2016	2010F
Tax-exempt Water System Refunding	12/1/2017	53,600	7/29/2015	2007B
Tax-exempt Water System Refunding	12/1/2019	13,400	11/29/2016	2009A
Tax-exempt Water System Refunding	12/1/2021	20,745	11/29/2016	2011A
	Total	\$ 126,655		

10. DEBT LIMITATION

The City's "indirect" (ten mill) debt limit was removed by decision of the Ohio courts. In September 1977, the Supreme Court of Ohio dismissed an appeal from the decision of the Court of Appeals, First Appellate District, Hamilton County, Ohio, involving the City's debt limitations. In summary, the City instituted a test case against the Director of Finance for the purpose of obtaining a definitive construction of certain sections of the City Charter bearing on the right of the City to levy taxes in excess of the ten mill limitation of Section 5705.02 of the Ohio Revised Code. As a result of the Court decision, the City has the right to levy property taxes without limitation to support its lawfully issued bonds and notes, and the City's ability to incur debt will be limited only by the arithmetical (percentage) limitations set forth under Section 133.05 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Section 133.05 provides that the principal amount of both voted and un-voted debt of the City may not exceed 10-1/2% of the City's assessed valuation, and the principal amount of the City's un-voted debt may not exceed 5-1/2% of the City's assessed valuation. The Code also provides several exemptions of debt from the 5-1/2% and 10-1/2% limitations.

TAXES AND TAX ABATEMENTS

City Income Tax

11.

This locally levied tax applies to gross salaries, wages and other personal service compensation earned by residents both in and out of the City and to earnings of nonresidents (except certain transients) earned in the City. It also applies to net income of business organizations for business conducted in the City. The tax is the largest single source of General Fund revenue.

The City's income tax of 2.1% is subdivided into four components. The first component is 0.1%, which is to be spent only for the maintenance of the City's infrastructure. The second component is the 0.3%, which can be used only for public transit purposes, including both capital and current operating expense. The third component is 0.15%, which can be used only for permanent improvement purposes. The remaining 1.55% is used to meet operating expenses in the General Fund.

The following table identifies the 1.55% income tax collections to the General Fund for the fiscal periods 2013 through 2017:

(Amounts in Thousands)

,	
Fiscal Year	General Fund Collections of 1.55%
2013*	\$ 128,873
2014	251,683
2015	261,848
2016	277,673
2017	279,670

^{*} This is for the six month period ending June 30, 2013

Property Taxes

The assessed valuation of property within the City subject to the levy of ad valorem taxes includes real property and public utilities property. The assessed value upon which the collection years 2016 and 2017 were based was \$4,987,699,590 and \$397,886,050 for 2016 and \$5,010,624,630 and \$439,985,370 for 2017. These were for real property and public utility property respectively (per Hamilton County Auditor). The City's property taxes are collected by the Hamilton County Auditor and are remitted to the City on a periodic basis. Real property taxes collected in any calendar year are generally levied on assessed values as of January 1 of the preceding year according to the following calendar:

Property Tax Calendar - 2017

Lien date	January 1, 2016
Levy date	October 31, 2016
First installment payment due	January 31, 2017
Second installment payment due	June 20, 2017

Assessed values are established by the County Auditor, or at no more than 35% of appraised market value. The laws of the State of Ohio presently require that all property be revalued no less than every six years, at any time the County Auditor finds that true or taxable value thereof has changed, and in the third calendar year following the year in which a sexennial reappraisal is completed if ordered by the State Commissioner of Tax Equalization. Real property experienced a statutory sexennial reappraisal in 2011 resulting in a 7.5% decrease in assessed values. Property tax due in second six months of calendar 2016 and the first six months of calendar 2017 has been included in revenues for the fiscal year 2017. The second installment of 2017 is

not recorded as revenue for fiscal year 2017. The Ohio Revised Code requires the second installment of property tax be recorded as a deferred inflow of resources.

Tangible personal property of public utilities is assessed at various rates (25% to 88% of true value) depending upon the type of property. Effective for collection year 2002, the assessed valuation of electric utility production equipment was reduced from 100% and natural gas utility property from 88% of true value, both to 25% of true value. The State's 2005 biennial budget bill included a reduction in the 88% assessment rate for electric utility transmission and distribution equipment to 85%, and a reduction in the 25% assessment rate for all electric company taxable property to 24% commencing in tax year 2006. That legislation also provides for a phasing out of the taxation of all personal property used by telephone companies, telegraph companies, or interchange telecommunications companies by tax year 2011, with State reimbursement payments to be made in declining amounts through 2018. In the State's 2012 budget, public utility property tax reimbursements for normal operating expenses paid to the general fund were eliminated effective July 2011. The State reimbursements for debt service continue through 2016 at a fixed amount.

House Bill 66 passed June 30, 2005, phased out the taxation of all tangible personal property used in business over four years beginning in 2006 and ending in 2009, when all such property becomes exempted from taxation. The phase out applies to most businesses and includes furniture and fixtures, machinery and equipment, and inventory. To compensate for foregone revenue as the tangible personal property tax is phased out, the State will make distributions to taxing subdivisions (such as the City) from revenue generated by a newly enacted commercial activity tax. Generally, these distributions are expected to fully compensate taxing subdivisions for such tax revenue losses through 2010, with gradual reductions in the reimbursement amount from 2011 through 2017. In the State's 2012 budget the tangible personal property tax reimbursements for normal operating expenses paid to the general fund were eliminated. The State's reimbursements for debt service will continue through 2017 at a fixed amount.

Tax Increment Financing Districts (TIF Districts)

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established 21 TIF Districts. A TIF District represents a geographic area not greater than 300 acres, wherein 100% of the property value increases created after the commencement date of the TIF Districts are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owners of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "statutory service payments", as though the TIF District had not been established. These "statutory service payments" are then dedicated to the payments for various public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF District. Property values existing before the commencement of the TIF District continue to be subjected to property taxes.

In 2017, the City received "statutory service payments" totaling \$16.7 million from the TIF districts. This amount is net of the county auditor fees and the payments to the Cincinnati School Board. In accordance with the agreement with the Cincinnati School district as amended December 18, 2002, twenty-seven percent of the statutory service payments received from the TIF districts is paid to the Cincinnati School Board. This payment in lieu of taxes revenue is accounted for in the TIF Funds along with the debt service payments. Corresponding capital assets are accounted for in the City's infrastructure accounts and property accounts.

TIF Districts have longevity of 30 years. The property tax exemption then ceases; statutory service payments cease, and property taxes then apply to the increased property values.

Casino Revenue

In 2009, voters approved an amendment to the Ohio Constitution which became HB 519 authorizing one casino in Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus and Toledo. A gross revenue tax of 33% was imposed on licensed casino operators. A portion (5%) would be given to the host city. The casino in the City of Cincinnati opened in 2012. Revenues from the casino tax were:

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	General Fund Revenue
2013*	\$3,564
2014	\$8,345
2015	\$7,875
2016	\$8,059
2017	\$7,785

^{*} This is for the six month period ending June 30, 2013.

Tax Abatements

Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, the City of Cincinnati (the "City") is required to disclose certain information about tax abatements as defined in the Statement. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 77, a tax abatement is a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the City or the citizens of the City. The City has entered into such agreements. A description of each of the City's abatement programs where the City has promised to forgo taxes follows:

Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Program

The Ohio Community Reinvestment Area program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. Community Reinvestment Areas (CRA) are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. In order to use the Community Reinvestment program, a city, village, or county petitions to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing has traditionally been discouraged. Once the area is confirmed by the Director of ODSA, communities may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area.

The City determines the type of development to support by specifying the eligibility of residential, commercial and/or industrial projects. The City negotiates property tax exemptions on new property tax from investment for up to one hundred percent (100%) for up to fifteen years based on the amount of investments made to renovate or construct buildings within a CRA. Taxes are abated on the increase in taxable value resulting from the investment is not included (or included at a lesser amount) in the taxable value used for property tax computation for the taxpayer. For commercial projects, job retention and/or creation is also required. Agreements must be in place before the project begins. Provisions for recapturing property tax exemptions, which can be used at the discretion of the City, are pursuant to ORC Section 9.66(C)(1) and 9.66(C)(2). During 2017 the amount of property tax revenue forgone under the CRA program was \$1,947,000.

Job Creation Tax Credit Program

Pursuant to ORC 718.15, the City, by ordinance, may grant a refundable or nonrefundable credit against its tax on income to taxpayers to foster job creation in the city. Tax credits granted under this section of

the ORC are measured as a percentage of the new income tax revenue the City derives from new employees of the taxpayer and are for a term not to exceed fifteen years. Tax credits are applied against the taxpayer's annual income tax filing. It is required that the City and the taxpayer enter into an agreement specifying all the conditions of the credit prior to passage of the ordinance granting the credit. The City currently has Job Creation Tax Credit agreements with 33 Cincinnati businesses (taxpayers). The tax credit percentage and term of the specific agreements is based upon the amount of new investment and the number of jobs created as a result of an identified project. Job Creation Tax Credit agreements include specific language for refund of the credits should the terms of the agreement not be met by the taxpayer. During 2017 the amount of income tax revenue forgone under the JCTC program was \$3,838,000.

12. SHORT-TERM DEBT – BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES

The City issues bond anticipation notes in advance of issuance of bonds, depositing the proceeds in its capital projects fund. These notes are necessary to provide adequate funds at the time needed to support contracts for the improvements prior to issuance of the related bonds.

The General Obligation and Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes issued during the period and outstanding at fiscal year end include \$4,067,000 in City issued notes that were purchased by the City. For an explanation of the presentation of these notes in the financial statements, refer to Footnote 5 on Inter-fund Assets and Liabilities. A property tax supported general obligation note of \$10,086,000 and a municipal income tax supported general obligation note of \$4,437,000 were issued externally in December of 2016.

(Amounts in Thousands)	Beginning					E	Ending _
	Balance	-	<u>Issued</u>	Re	<u>deemed</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities							
Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes	\$ 3,500			\$	3,500		
General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes	34,225	\$	48,433		49,910	\$	32,748
	\$ 37,725	\$	48,433	\$	53,410	\$	32,748
Business Activities							
General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes	\$ 750	\$	567	\$	750	\$	567

13. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The balance of the restricted asset accounts in the enterprise funds are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	
Revenue bond Construction Account - Water Works	\$ 21,421
Revenue bond Reserve Account - Water Works	135,460
Customer Deposits - Water Works	 8,610
Total restricted assets	\$ 165,491

14. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands) Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 188,613	\$ 16,684	\$ (1,796)	\$ 203,501
Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	289,887 478,500	99,139 115,823	(256,290) (258,086)	132,736 336,237
Capital assets, being depreciated:	25.4.025	44.440		•0.5.00.5
Buildings	274,937	11,149	(4.572)	286,086
Improvements other than buildings	479,560	53,507	(4,573)	528,494
Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases	166,607 6,009	23,889 19,178	(6,617) (550)	183,879 24,637
Infrastructure	1,145,575	157,147	(38)	1,302,684
Total capital assets, being depreciated	2,072,688	264,870	(11,778)	2,325,780
Less accumulated depreciation for:	2,072,000	201,070	(11,770)	2,323,700
Buildings	(156,962)	(8,012)		(164,974)
Improvements other than buildings	(266,796)	(19,652)	55	(286,393)
Machinery and Equipment	(136,334)	(8,950)	6,710	(138,574)
Property acquired under capital leases	(965)	(2,075)	399	(2,641)
Infrastructure	(513,609)	(48,477)		(562,086)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,074,666)	(87,166)	7,164	(1,154,668)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	998,022	177,704	(4,614)	1,171,112
Governmental-type Activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,476,522	\$ 293,527	\$ (262,700)	\$1,507,349
·				
(Amounts in Thousands)	Beginning			Ending
(Amounts in Thousands) Business-type Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
(Amounts in Thousands) Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:		Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	_
Business-type Activities:		Increases \$ 866	<u>Decreases</u> \$ (7,657)	_
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Balance			Balance
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	<u>Balance</u> \$ 50,861	\$ 866	\$ (7,657)	<u>Balance</u> \$ 44,070
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	* 50,861 95,977	\$ 866 42,723	\$ (7,657) (36,596)	<u>Balance</u> \$ 44,070 102,104
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	* 50,861 95,977	\$ 866 42,723	\$ (7,657) (36,596)	<u>Balance</u> \$ 44,070 102,104
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838	\$ 866 42,723 43,589	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253)	Balance \$ 44,070 102,104 146,174
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316)	\$ 44,070 102,104 146,174 372,282 1,220,144 313,225
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388)	\$ 44,070 102,104 146,174 372,282 1,220,144 313,225 2,226
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316)	\$ 44,070 102,104 146,174 372,282 1,220,144 313,225
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614 1,869,866	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617 45,581	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388)	\$ 44,070 102,104 146,174 372,282 1,220,144 313,225 2,226 1,907,877
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614 1,869,866 (204,613)	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617 45,581 (6,543)	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388) (7,570)	Balance \$ 44,070
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614 1,869,866 (204,613) (282,943)	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617 45,581 (6,543) (18,961)	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388) (7,570)	Balance \$ 44,070 102,104 146,174 372,282 1,220,144 313,225 2,226 1,907,877 (211,156) (301,902)
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614 1,869,866 (204,613) (282,943) (206,672)	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617 45,581 (6,543) (18,961) (10,542)	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388) (7,570)	Balance \$ 44,070
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614 1,869,866 (204,613) (282,943) (206,672) (1,860)	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617 45,581 (6,543) (18,961) (10,542) (312)	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388) (7,570) 2 5,643 355	Balance \$ 44,070 102,104 146,174 372,282 1,220,144 313,225 2,226 1,907,877 (211,156) (301,902) (211,571) (1,817)
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614 1,869,866 (204,613) (282,943) (206,672) (1,860) (696,088)	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617 45,581 (6,543) (18,961) (10,542) (312) (36,358)	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388) (7,570) 2 5,643 355 6,000	Balance \$ 44,070
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and Equipment Property acquired under capital leases	\$ 50,861 95,977 146,838 359,736 1,209,592 297,924 2,614 1,869,866 (204,613) (282,943) (206,672) (1,860)	\$ 866 42,723 43,589 13,412 10,552 21,617 45,581 (6,543) (18,961) (10,542) (312)	\$ (7,657) (36,596) (44,253) (866) (6,316) (388) (7,570) 2 5,643 355	Balance \$ 44,070 102,104 146,174 372,282 1,220,144 313,225 2,226 1,907,877 (211,156) (301,902) (211,571) (1,817)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows: (Amounts in Thousands)

Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 3,280
Community Development	5,221
Enterprise Services	2,602
Recreation	6,647
Police	3,265
Transportation and Engineering	42,670
Public Services	12,646
Public Health	714
Parks	6,190
Fire	2,413
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are charged	
to the various functions based on their usage of the assets	 1,518
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities:	\$ 87,166
Business-type activities:	
Water Works	\$ 23,987
Parking Facilities	2,877
Convention Center	4,372
General Aviation	762
Municipal Golf	1,055
Stormwater Management	 3,305
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities:	\$ 36,358

Governmental Activities Construction in Progress at June 30, 2017 is comprised of the following:

(Amounts in Thousands)	Project	Expended to June 30,		Required Future
Administering Department	<u>Authorizations</u>	2017	Committed	Financing
Transportation and Engineering	\$ 127,986	\$ 21,891	\$ 106,095	\$ 42,514
Community Development	75,370	54,639	20,731	2,510
Recreation	6,332	5,443	889	
Police	10,586	7,471	3,115	600
Fire	1,128	778	350	
Parks	14,413	8,972	5,441	
Public Services	22,000	18,871	3,129	
Other	30,820	14,671	16,149	8,142
Total	\$ 288,635	\$ 132,736	\$ 155,899	\$ 53,766

Required future financing represents Federal, State and City commitments in support of City projects.

Business Activities Construction in Progress at June 30, 2017 is comprised of the following:

(Amounts in Thousands)	Project		Expended				Required Future			
Enterprise Fund	<u>Aut</u>	horization	to	6/30/17	Co	mmitted	_	nancing		
Water Works	\$	149,665	\$	88,318	\$	61,347				
Parking Facilities		8,261		3,768		4,493				
Convention Center		7,951		3,499		4,452	\$	3,748		
General Aviation		2,914		678		2,236				
Municipal Golf		651		186		465				
Stormwater										
Management		10,513		5,655		4,858				
Total	\$	179,955	\$	102,104	\$	77,851	\$	3,748		

15. RECEIVABLES

Accounts Receivable are presented in the financial statements net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The uncollectible accounts related to the General Fund at June 30, 2017, are as follows: Taxes Receivable (\$984,000) and other accounts receivable (\$45,054,000). The uncollectible accounts related to the Debt Service Fund at June 30, 2017 are Taxes Receivable (\$1,142,000). The balance for the allowance for uncollectible accounts in the Capital Projects Fund at June 30, 2017 is (\$145,000). The balance of the allowance accounts for Special Revenue Funds is (\$3,608,000) as of June 30, 2017. The balances of the allowance accounts of the proprietary funds as of June 30, 2017 are as follows: Water Works (\$4,708,000), Enterprise Technology Services (\$35,000), Municipal Golf (\$4,000), General Aviation (\$28,000), Parking Facilities (\$5,000) and Stormwater Management (\$1,805,000).

Loans receivable of the special revenue funds are made from revolving type loan accounts financed by allocations from the City's Community Development Block Grant. These loans are secured by liens on the property. Federal regulations provide that the grantor maintains the ownership of the City's Community Development Block Grant funded revolving loan portfolio; accordingly, revolving loan fund transactions do not affect the operating statement. A portion of the special revenue loans, with a value of \$30,293,000, were made from Housing and Urban Development Section 108 funds and do not involve a revolving type loan account. The loans are repaid to the federal government. If the borrower fails to repay the loan, the City's Community Development Block Grant funds may be used to repay the federal government. The total amount receivable for the special revenue loans is offset by an allowance for uncollectible loans receivable. Special revenue loans receivable at June 30, 2017 total \$77,332,000.

Loans receivable of the capital project funds receive similar treatment to the special revenue funds' loans receivable, in that the total amount receivable is offset by an allowance for uncollectible loans receivable. The allowance for uncollectible loans at June 30, 2017 is \$10,233,000. This amount is related to forgivable housing loans and downtown development loans.

The City of Cincinnati sold 130 acres of the Blue Ash Airport property to the City of Blue Ash for \$37,250,000. The original sales agreement was amended in 2012 per Ordinance 302-2012. There was an initial payment of \$6,000,000 and in fiscal years 2015 to 2017 a payment of \$1,000,000 was received each year. The payments for the remaining 20 fiscal years will be as follow from August 31, 2017 to August 1, 2036: fiscal years 2018-2027 - \$1,250,000 annually and fiscal years 2028-2037 - \$1,500,000 annually. The City of Cincinnati has completed remedial action work at the Blue Ash Airport at a total cost of \$1,856,000.

In accordance with GASB 62, the loan receivable has been discounted using a 5% imputed interest rate and will be accounted for as collected using the following present value schedule:

(Amounts In Thousands) Fiscal Year Principal **Interest** <u>Total</u> \$ 2018 979 \$ 271 1,250 933 2019 317 1,250 888 2020 362 1,250 404 2021 846 1,250 2022 806 444 1,250 3,489 2,761 6,250 2023-2027 2028-2032 3,280 4,220 7,500 2033-2037 2,570 4,930 7,500 Total \$ 13,791 13,709 27,500

In 2009, the City of Cincinnati entered into a loan agreement with Graeter's for \$10 million. The loan is to be repaid over a 20 year period at 2% interest in year 1 and 2 and 4% interest in the remaining years. Below is the repayment schedule. Two principal and interest payments each for \$392,000 were received in fiscal year 2017.

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal Year		Principal		<u>Interest</u>		,	Total
2018		\$	483	\$	302	\$	785
2019			503		282		785
2020			523		262		785
2021			544		241		785
2022			566		219		785
2023-2027			3,192		731		3,923
2028-2030	_		1,849		112		1,961
	Total	\$ '	7,660	\$	2,149	\$	9,809

In 2014, the City of Cincinnati entered into a loan agreement with Cincinnati Landmark Productions for \$4.2 million. The loan is to be repaid over a 23 year period at 1.02% interest. Below is the repayment schedule. Interest payments of \$43,000 were received in fiscal year 2017.

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2018		\$ 43	\$ 43
2019		43	43
2020		43	43
2021		43	43
2022	\$ 199	42	241
2023-2027	1,250	174	1,424
2028-2032	1,316	109	1,425
2033-2037	1,384	40	1,424
2038	51		51
Total	\$ 4,200	\$ 537	\$ 4,737

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal and State Grants

The City has received Federal and State grants of approximately \$41 million for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. Such audits could lead to a request for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Such disallowances have been immaterial in prior years.

Litigation

16.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City as of June 30, 2017. A liability of \$25 million was recorded for those claims and judgments as of June 30, 2017. Over the past decade, the City has averaged annual payments of \$1.4 million for claim and lawsuit settlements. Adequate funds have been provided to meet the claims paid from the General Fund, restricted funds and the sale of debt. The City Administration believes there is no foreseen problem in having adequate resources to settle presently known cases.

Pollution Remediation Liability

Currently pollution remediation is occurring at the Provident North, Red Bank, and Center Hill sites. Center Hill involves landfill remediation while Provident North and Red Bank are for contaminated property. The West Fork incinerator has been identified as a future asbestos remediation project. In the government wide statement governmental activities has recognized \$3,726,000 for pollution remediation liability in the statement of net position.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; property tax appeals and environmental damage. The City purchases commercial insurance to cover losses due to: theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets and purchases general liability insurance for specific operations and professional liability insurance for certain operations. All other risks of loss are self-insured by the City. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage in fiscal year 2017. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three years. The property insurance is accounted for in the internal service fund, titled "Self Insurance – Risk Management".

The City of Cincinnati provides a health insurance plan for its employees. The plan is self-insured and accounted for as an internal service fund. This internal service fund, titled "Self Insurance – Risk Management" has been in existence since 1980. Operating funds are charged a monthly rate per employee, by type of coverage.

In 1990, the City began to account for and finance its risk of loss due to workers' compensation claims and established an internal service fund titled "Self Insurance - Workers' Compensation". The City pays worker's comp claims on a per claim basis except a small portion that is paid through the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation. All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the internal service fund based on the experience premium that would normally be charged by the Bureau of Workers' Compensation. Policy years 1989 through 2000 were financed through the retrospective rating program. Policy years 2001 and 2002 were financed through the fully insured program with the State Fund workers' compensation program. Beginning with policy year 2003, the City elected to be fully self-insured for workers' compensation. All of the City's workers' compensation liabilities are funded within the "Workers' Compensation – Self-Insurance" fund. Changes in the balances of claims

liabilities and claims adjustment expenses during fiscal years 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousan	ds)					Water	Wo	rks		Storm	water		Capital I	Projects	Sp	ecial	Rev	enue
	Ge	eneral	l Fund			Fu	ınd			Fu	nd		Fu	nd		Fu	nds	
	201	17	2016	5	2	2017	2	2016	20	17	2016	2	2017	2016	20	017	2	016
Beginning Balance	\$	703	\$ 20)6	\$	242	\$	229						\$15,000	\$	35	\$	26
Current-Year Claims																		
Claims and																		
Changes in																		
Estimates	9	907	1,92	25		190		96	\$	12								17
Claim Payments	(1,	305)	(1,42	28)		(172)		(83)		(12)				(15,000)		(21)		(8)
Ending Balance	\$:	305	\$ 70)3	\$	260	\$	242							\$	14	\$	35
	Sal	lf Inc	urance			Wor	lzaro	,•	G	ovorn	mental							
									G	Activ			Entity	Wido				
	NISK	Fur	ageme	ıπ		Compe	ind	поп		Obliga			Entity Tot					
	201		2016	5	2	2017		2016		Obliga)17	2016	,	2017	2016				
Beginning Balance	\$ 9,		\$8,95			2,614		1,948		251	\$7,748		30,738	\$44,107				
Current-Year Claims	φ 2,	093	φ0,9.	,0	ψ1	2,014	φ1	1,540	Ψ7,	231	\$ 7,740	ψ.	30,736	Φ44,107				
Claims and																		
Changes in																		
Estimates III	72	362	69,87	73		6,178		3,872	3	169	7,251	\$	82,818	83,034				
Claim Payments		272)	(68,93			4,746)	((3,206)		251)	(7,748)		87,779)	(96,403)				
Camir i ayments	(77,	2,2)	(00,72	,0)		,,,-10)		3,200)	(7,	201)	(7,740)	Ψ	01,117)	(20,403)				
Ending Balance	\$ 7,	983	\$9,89	93	\$1	4,046	\$1	2,614	\$3,	169	\$7,251	\$ 2	25,777	\$30,738				

The claims liabilities at June 30, 2017 for the Internal Service Funds above (Self-Insurance Medical and Workers Compensation) are included in the following liabilities in the balance sheet:

(Amounts in Thousands	s)	
-----------------------	----	--

	nsurance anagement	 lf-Insurance rs' Compensation		
Accounts Payable	\$ 174	\$ 268		
Accrued Liabilities		234		
Estimated Liability For Unpaid Claim	 7,809	 13,544		
Total	\$ 7,983	\$ 14,046		

18. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS

The City has two service concession arrangements. The Fountain Square North Parking Garage was leased in "as is" condition for an upfront payment of \$7.5 million and annual rent payments of \$100 for a period of 40 years beginning in 2005. The upfront payment is reported as deferred inflow. The current period revenue recognition is \$187,500 and the balance in deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2017 is \$5.2 million. In addition, Fountain Square LLC made \$7.9 million in improvements to the parking garages. These improvements are included in the capital assets of the Parking Facilities Fund. The Net book value at June 30, 2017 was \$5.8 million. The current period revenue recognition is \$198,000.

During fiscal year 2015 the Fountain Square South Garage was leased to the Port Authority "as is" for 30 years. Improvements of \$1.2 million were made by the Port Authority to the garage and these improvements are included in improvements of the Parking Facilities Fund. The current period revenue recognition is \$41,000. The book value at June 30, 2017 was \$1.0 million.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 29, 2017, the City passed Ordinance 310-2017 authorizing a capital project of \$15 million for Public Infrastructure to support the building of a Major League Soccer stadium. The Fussball Club Cincinnati LLC (FC Cincinnati) is actively seeking a bid for membership as a MLS franchise.

In December of 2017 the City issued \$82,905,000 of general obligation bonds with a premium of \$11,843,000 and costs of \$780,000. The issuance included new general obligation bonds of \$22,675,000 with a premium of \$2,149,000 and \$60,230,000 of refunding bonds with a premium of \$9,694,000. The refunding resulted in a savings with a net present value of \$4,788,000 and aggregate difference of \$5,758,000.

20. PENSION AND RETIREMENT

City employees are covered by one of three pension systems. They are the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), and the City of Cincinnati's Retirement System (CRS). OP&F and OPERS are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. In addition to the defined benefit plan, OPERS has two other pension plans: the Member Directed Plan, a defined contribution plan and the Combined Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and contribution plan. CRS is accounted for as a single-employer defined benefit pension plan.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions, between an employer and its employees, of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee, on a deferred-payment basis, as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the City's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and other variables. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting.

Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description

City full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OPF), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OPF. OPF provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and

beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OPF fiduciary net position. The report may be obtained by visiting the OPF website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OPF may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OPF offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit.

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OPF benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit and statutory survivors.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index (CPI) over the 12-month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013 is equal to three percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

Funding Policy

Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

2016 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	Police	Fire
Employer	19.50%	24.00%
Employee:	12.25%	12.25%
2016 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00%	23.50%
Post-employment Health Care Benefits	0.50%	0.50%
Total Employe	r 19.50%	24.00%
Employee:	12.25%	12.25%

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F for fiscal year 2017 was \$16,270,000 for police and \$16,148,000 for Fire.

The OP&F informed the City that the City's only unfunded prior service cost of the fund is the deficiency existing at the time the fund was established in 1967 as determined by actuarial evaluation. On March 1, 2000 the City sold bonds for the refunding of the City's obligation for the employer's accrued liability. Pursuant to Section 742.30 of the Ohio Revised Code, the City and the OP&F (the Fund) have entered into an agreement, which permitted the City to make a one-time payment to the Fund for the purpose of extinguishing the City's obligation to the Fund for employer's accrued liability. The payment amount was \$41,455,000, which represents 68% of the first \$500,000 of the employer's accrued liability and 70% of the balance, plus accrued interest on the full amount of such accrued liability from March 1, 2000 to the date of payment.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OP&F

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 which was rolled forward to December 31, 2016. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Police</u>	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Total</u>
Proportionate Share of Net Pension			
Liability	\$ 228,666	\$ 224,360	\$ 453,026
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	3.610196%	3.542205%	7.152401%
Pension Expense	\$ 19,845	\$ 19,682	\$ 39,527

The following amounts are reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2017:

Summary of Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) for OP&F

						Net
					D	eferred
	Γ	Deferred	D	eferred	O	utflows/
(Amounts in Thousands)	Ou	tflows of	(Int	flows) of	(In	flows) of
	R	esources	Re	esources	Re	esources
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	16,070			\$	16,070
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		44,055				44,055
Changes in proportionate share		15,151				15,151
Differences between expected and actual experience		128	\$	(1,043)		(915)
Total	\$	75,404	\$	(1,043)	\$	74,361

\$16,070,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. During fiscal year 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$39,527,000. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

OP&F Amortization of Deferred Outflows and (Inflows)

(Amounts in Thousands)		Def	erred	De	eferred	Per	nsion					
	Fiscal year	Out	Outflows		Outflows (I		Outflows (Outflows (Inflows)		Expense	
	2018	\$ 2	20,256	\$	(249)	\$	20,007					
	2019	2	20,256		(249)		20,007					
	2020	1	16,263		(249)		16,014					
	2021		535		(249)		286					
	2022		1,871		(47)		1,824					
	Remaining Years		153				153					
	Total Deferred Outflows	\$ 5	59,334	\$	(1,043)	\$	58,291					

Actuarial Assumptions

OPF's total pension liability as of December 31, 2016 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2016, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OPF's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of January 1, 2016, are presented below:

OP&F Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability						
Valuation Date	January 1, 2016					
Experience Study	5 year period ended December 31, 2011					
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal					
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Investment Rate of Return	8.25%					
Projected Salary Increases	4.25%-11.00					
Inflation Assumptions	3.25% plus productivity increase rate of 0.5%					
Cost-of-living Adjustments	2.60% and 3.00%					

Rates of death are based on the RP2000 Combined Table, age-adjusted as follows. For active members, set back six years. For disability retirements, set forward five years for police and three years for firefighters. For service retirements, set back zero years for police and two years for firefighters. For beneficiaries, set back zero years. The rates are applied on a fully generational basis, with a base year of 2009, using mortality improvement Scale AA.

The most recent experience study was completed January 1, 2012.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in OPF's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized below:

OP&F	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash and Cash Equivalent	0.0%	0.00%
Domestic Equity	16.0%	5.21%
Non-U.S. Equity	16.0%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income*	20.0%	2.37%
Global Inflation Protected Securities*	20.0%	2.33%
High Yield	15.0%	4.48%
Real Estate	12.0%	5.65%
Private Markets	8.0%	7.99%
Real Assets	5.0%	6.87%
Master Limited Partnerships	8.0%	7.36%
Total	120.0%	

Note: Assumptions are geometric. * Levered 2x.

OPF's Board of Trustees has incorporated the "risk parity" concept into OPF's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on their relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.2 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate: The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact, the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 8.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.25%), or one percentage point higher (9.25%) than the current rate:

(Amounts in Thousands) <u>OP&F Net Pension Liability</u>							
		1%	(Current		1%	
		Decrease	Ι	Discount		Increase	
Plan Type		<u>7.25%</u>	Rat	e of 8.25%		<u>9.25%</u>	
Police	\$	304,556	\$	228,666	\$	164,348	
Fire		298,821		224,360		161,253	

Other Post Employment Benefit Information

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City of Cincinnati contributes to the OP&F sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined post employment healthcare plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides health care benefits including coverage for medical, prescription drugs, dental, vision, Medicare Part B Premium and long term care to retirees, qualifying benefit recipients and their eligible dependents.

OP&F provides access to post-retirement health care coverage for any person who receives or is eligible to receive a monthly service, disability, or statutory survivor benefit or is a spouse or eligible dependent child of such person. The healthcare coverage provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB 45.

The Ohio Revised code allows, but does not mandate OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide healthcare coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits, are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised code.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: OP&F maintains funds for health care in two separate accounts: One for health care benefits under an IRS Code Section 115 trust and one for Medicare Part B reimbursements administered as an Internal Revenue Code 401(h) account, both of which are within the defined benefit pension plan, under the authority granted by the Ohio Revised Code to the OP&F Board of Trustees.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions made into the pension plan to the Section 115 and the Section 401(h) account as employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5% of covered payroll from January 1, 2016 thru December 31, 2016. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded and is limited by the provisions of Sections 115 and 401(h).

The OP&F board of trustees also is authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the healthcare plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contributions for Police to OP&F for the fiscal periods ending June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$16,419,000, \$16,264,000, and \$15,036,000, respectively, of which \$432,000, \$417,000, and \$386,000, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan. The City's contributions for Fire to OP&F for the fiscal periods ending June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$16,368,000, \$15,849,000, and \$15,180,000, respectively, of which \$348,000, \$330,000, and \$317,000, respectively, was allocated to the healthcare plan.

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description

OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system comprised of three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, the member-directed plan, and the combined plan.

The Traditional Pension Plan. The Traditional Pension Plan is a defined benefit plan in which a member's retirement benefits are calculated on a formula that considers years of service and final average salary. The pension benefits are funded by both member and employer contributions, and investment earnings on those contributions.

The Combined Plan. The Combined Plan is a defined benefit plan with elements of a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, members earn a formula benefit similar to, but at a factor less than, the Traditional Pension Plan benefit. This defined benefit is funded by employer contributions and associated investment earnings. Additionally, member contributions are deposited into a defined contribution account in which the member self-directs the investment. Upon retirement or termination, the member may choose a defined contribution retirement distribution that is equal in amount to the member's contributions to the plan and investment earnings (or losses) on those contributions. Members may also elect to use their defined contribution account balances to purchase a defined benefit annuity administered by OPERS.

The Member–Directed Plan. The Member-Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which members self-direct the investment of both member and employer contributions. The retirement distribution under this plan is equal to the sum of member and vested employer contributions, plus investment earnings (or losses) on those contributions. Employer contributions and associated investment earnings vest over a five-year period at a rate of 20% per year. Upon retirement or termination, the member may choose a defined contribution retirement distribution, or may elect to use his/her defined contribution account balances to purchase a defined benefit annuity administered by OPERS.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan for state and local government employees as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS CAFR referenced above for additional information):

Group A

Eligible to retire prior to January 7, 2013 or five years after January 7 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group B

20 years of service credit prior to January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire ten years after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 60 with 60 months of service credit or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 30 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 30

Group C

Members not in other groups and members hired on or after January 7, 2013

State and Local

Age and Service Requirements:

Age 62 with 5 years of service credit or Age 57 with 25 years of service credit

Formula:

2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of service for the first 35 years and 2.5% for service years in excess of 35

Final average Salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, an annual cost of living adjustment (COLA) is provided. This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those retiring prior to January 7, 2013, the COLA will continue to be a 3 percent simple annual COLA. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for local government member and employer contributions. The statutory contributions rates are 14.0% for the employer and 10.0% for the member. Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$213,000 for 2017.

Additional information on other benefits available can be found in the OPERS CAFR.

While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; the following disclosure focuses are combined for the three plans. All public employees in Ohio, except those covered by one of the other state or local retirement systems in Ohio, are members of OPERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPERS

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. For reporting purposes, the City combined the amounts for the Traditional Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan, due to insignificance of the amounts that related to the Combined and Member-Directed Plans. The City reported a net pension liability of \$17,024,000 as its proportionate share and the City's proportion was 0.075001%. The City recognized \$3,461,000 in pension expense.

The following amounts are reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources at June 30, 2017:

Summary of Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) for OPERS (Amounts in Thousands)

				Deferred
	Deferred	Deferre	d (Outflows/
	Outflows of	(Inflows)	of (J	Inflows) of
	Resources	Resource	es I	Resources
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 622		9	\$ 622
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	2,488			2488
Changes in proportionate share	382	\$ (69	19)	(317)
Differences between expected and actual experience	23	(10	00)	(77)
Changes in assumptions	2,704			2,704
Total	\$ 6,219	\$ (79	9) \$	\$ 5,420

\$622,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources relate to pension resulting from the City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

OPERS Amortization of Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) (Amounts in Thousands)

	Deferred	Deferred	Pension
Fiscal year	<u>Outflows</u>	(Inflows)	Expense
2018	\$ 2,411	\$ (650)	\$ 1,761
2019	2,366	(145)	2,221
2020	893	(4)	889
2021	(73)		(73)
Total Deferred Outflows	\$ 5,597	\$ (799)	\$ 4,798

Actuarial Assumptions

Total pension liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

OPERS Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability						
Actuarial Information	Traditional Pension Plan	Combined Plan	Member-Directed Plan			
Valuation Date	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2015			
Experience Study	5 Year Period Ending December 31, 2010	5 Year Period Ending December 31, 2010	5 Year Period Ending December 31, 2010			
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age			
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%			
Wage Inflation	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%			
Projected Salary Increases	4.25%-10.05% (includes wage inflation of 3.75%)	4.25%-8.05% (includes wage inflation of 3.75%)	4.25%-8.05% (includes wage inflation of 3.75%)			
Cost-of-living Adjustments	Pre 1/7/2013 Retiree: 3.00% Simple Post 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple through 2018 then 2.80% Simple	Pre 1/7/2013 Retiree: 3.00% Simple Post 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple through 2018 then 2.80% Simple	Pre 1/7/2013 Retiree: 3.00% Simple Post 1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00% Simple through 2018 then 2.80% Simple			

Mortality rates are the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality table. For males, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015. For females, Healthy Annuitant Mortality tables were used, adjusted for mortality improvements back to the observation period base year of 2006 and then established the base year as 2010. The mortality rates used in evaluating disability allowances were based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality tables, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base of 2006 and then established the base year as 2015 for males and 2010 for females. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year for both healthy and disabled retiree mortality tables are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The long-term rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation.

OPERS manages investments in four investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio, the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The 401(h) Health Care Trust portfolio was closed as of June 30, 2016. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan, and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan The Defined Benefit portfolio historically included the assets of the Member Directed retiree medical accounts funded through the VEBA Trust. However, the VEBA Trust was closed as of June 30, 2016 and the net position transferred to the 115 Health Care Trust portfolio on July 1, 2016. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investments expense and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio is 8.30 percent for 2016.

The allocation of investment assets within the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The table below displays the Board-approved asset allocation policy for 2016 and the long-term expected real rates of return:

OPERS		Weighted Average
	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.75%
Domestic Equities	20.70%	6.34%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.75%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.97%
International Equities	18.30%	7.95%
Other Investments	<u>18.00%</u>	4.92%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>5.66%</u>

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net

position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Traditional Pension Plan, the Combined Plan, and the Member-Directed Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following chart represents the City's proportionate share in thousands of the net pension liability at the 7.5% discount rate as well as the sensitivity to a 1% increase and 1% decrease in the current discount rate (amounts in thousands):

	OPERS Net Pension Liability						
		1%		Current		1%	
		Decrease	Ι	Discount		Increase	
		<u>6.50%</u>	Rat	te of 7.5%		<u>8.50%</u>	
City's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	26,073	\$	17,024	\$	9,483	

Other Postemployment Benefit Information

<u>Plan Description</u>: In March 2016, OPERS received two favorable rulings from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) allowing OPERS to consolidate all health care assets into the OPERS 115 Health Care Trust. Transition to the new health care trust structure was completed July1, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits, including OPERS sponsored health care coverage. OPERS funds a Retiree Medical Account (RMA) for participants in the Member-Directed Plan. At retirement or refund, participants can be reimbursed for qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for health care coverage, age-and-service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 20 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 45. Please see the Plan Statement in the OPERS 2015 CAFR for details. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2016, the City contributed at a rate of 14.0% of earnable salary. This is the maximum employer contribution rate permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0% during calendar year 2016. As recommended by OPERS' actuary, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care beginning January 1, 2017 decreased to 1.0% for both plans. The portion of the City's employer contributions that were used

to fund postemployment benefits for the fiscal years 2017, 2016, and 2015 respectively were \$136,000, \$235,000, and \$265,000 which was equal to 100% of the required contribution for those fiscal years. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited in to the RMA for participants in the Member-Directed Plan for 2016 was 4.0%.

City of Cincinnati Retirement System(CRS)

Plan Description and Plan Benefits

CRS is accounted for as a single employer defined benefit pension plan. The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The System is considered part of the City of Cincinnati's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial report as a pension trust fund. No separate financial report is issued. Footnote 21 provides information on CRS as of June 30, 2017 and on the plan as a whole. Article XV of the Administrative Code of the City of Cincinnati provides the statutory authority vesting the general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of the System in the Board of Trustees of the City of Cincinnati Retirement System.

Information in the remainder of this footnote is provided for the City's portion being reported in governmental activities and proprietary funds with a measurement date of June 30, 2016. Amounts related to the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD), an agency fund of the City which also participates in and contributes to CRS, were excluded since MSD reports its portion as an enterprise fund of Hamilton County.

A major plan revision was approved by the City Council on March 16, 2011 and adopted by the CRS's Board. The plan allows for a two and half year transition period from July 1, 2011 to January 1, 2014. Active members who are eligible or become eligible to retire and elect to retire during this transition period can retire with 30 years of creditable service or at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service and will receive benefits according to the current plan as described below.

A Collaborative Settlement Agreement (CSA) was executed on May 7, 2015 and approved by the United States District Court on October 5, 2015. The CSA impacts employees who were retired on or before July 1, 2011 and employees who were in service on July 1, 2011 and who were vested (had 5 years' service credit) on that date. Employees who are members of the CRS who did not meet those criteria remained subject to the plan provisions adopted in Ordinances No 84-2011 and 85-2011.

The CSA implemented a number of changes to the CRS, including but not limited to:

- Normal retirement eligibility;
- Early retirement eligibility;
- Retiree healthcare eligibility;
- Retirement benefit calculations;
- Cost of living adjustments payable to retirees;
- Establishment of a Deferred Retirement Option Programs (DROP);
- Creation of a 115 Trust for retiree healthcare benefits;
- Changes to the composition of the Board of Trustees; and
- Payoff of the 2007 Early Retirement Incentive Program (ERIP) liability.

Retirement Benefits			
Groups C&D Eligible to retire on or before July 1, 2011; or December 31, 2013	Group E Eligible to retire on or before December 31, 2013	Group F Hired before January 1, 2010 and not eligible for other groups	Group G Hired on or after January 1, 2010
Normal Retirement: Age 60 with 5 years of service, or any age with 30 years of	Normal Retirement: Age 60 with 5 years of service, or any age with 30 years of	Normal Retirement: Age 60 with 5 years of service, or any age with 30 years of	Normal Retirement: Age 67 with 5 years of service, or age 62 with 30 years of
Early Retirement: Age 55 with 25 years of service	Early Retirement: Age 55 with 25 years of service	Early Retirement: Age 55 with 25 years of service	Early Retirement: Age 57 with 15 years of service
Benefit Formula 2.5% of FAS times years of service	Benefit Formula 2.5% of FAS times years of service up to greater of 20 years or years of service as of July 1, 2011, and 2.2% thereafter	Benefit Formula 2.5% of FAS times years of service up to greater of 20 years or years of service as of July 1, 2011, and 2.2% thereafter	Benefit Formula 2.2% of FAS times years of service

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the highest three consecutive years of earnings for Groups C and D. Group E will have a FAS with two separate components based upon the average of the highest three consecutive years of earnings for service through December 31, 2013 and the highest five consecutive years of earnings for service after January 1, 2014. Group F will have a FAS with two components based upon the average of the highest three consecutive years of earnings for service through June 30, 2011 and the highest five consecutive years of earnings for service after July 1, 2011. Group G is based on the average of the highest five consecutive years of earnings.

Upon retirement, members will not receive a cost-of-living-adjustment (COLA) for the first three retirement anniversary dates. Thereafter, a 3% simple COLA benefit will be provided. A COLA poverty exception is available for members who meet certain financial requirements.

Funding Policy

Each member contributes at a rate of 9.0% of his pensionable wages for fiscal year 2017. The percent contributed by employees is provided by Chapter 203 Section 73 of the Cincinnati Municipal Code.

The City makes employer contributions based on a percentage of the covered payroll of all CRS members. For fiscal year 2017, the contribution rate was 16.25%. The Employer's contributions to the City of Cincinnati Retirement System's Pension Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 were \$25,221,000.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CRS

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The City reported a net pension liability of \$464,244,000 and negative pension expense of (\$408,631,000).

Actuarial Assumptions: Total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
-----------	-------

	3.0% to 7% for five-year select period beginning December 31,
Salary increases, including inflation	2011. 4.0 to 7.50/ the master

2011; 4.0 to 7.5% thereafter

Long-Term Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Prior Measurement Date 3.82%
Measurement Date 3.01%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted N/A

Single Equivalent Interest Rate

Prior Measurement Date 5.08%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date 7.5%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 combined mortality table, male rates set forward 2 years and female rates set forward 1 year and using a Scale AA projection to 2020. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP 2000 disabled retiree mortality table, female rates set back 5 years.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated October 28, 2011.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as listed in the last actuarial experience study, dated October 28, 2011 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
CRS Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Broad Fixed Income	14.0%	1.1%
High Yield	3.0%	5.6%
Broad US Equity	19.5%	6.6%
US Mid-Cap Growth	5.0%	7.8%
US Small-Cap Value	5.0%	10.6%
Developed Larg-Cap	11.0%	7.8%
Non-US Small-Cap	5.0%	11.9%
Emerging Market	5.0%	11.3%
Hedge Fund-Hedged Equity	15.0%	4.7%
Real Estate-Core	7.5%	5.1%
Infrastructure	5.0%	8.3%
Private Equity-FOF	5.0%	13.2%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made as set out in the CSA. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. This is a change from the blended discount rate of 5.08% used in the measurement period ended June 30, 2015.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following chart represents the City financial reporting entity's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.50%, as well as the sensitivity to a 1% increase and 1% decrease in the current discount rate (amounts in thousands):

City's Financial Reporting	1%	Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1%	Increase
Entity (MSD is not included)	((6.50%)	Ra	ate(7.50%)	((8.50%)
System's Net Pension Liability	\$	647,965	\$	464,244	\$	307,290

Change in the Net Pension Liability: Changes in the City financial reporting entity's net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

City's Financial Reporting Entity	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
(MSD is not included)	<u>Liability</u>	Net Pension	Liability
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 2,353,197	\$ 1,223,966	\$ 1,129,231
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	26,125	-	26,125
Interest	117,929	-	117,929
Benefit changes	(62,756)		(62,756)
Changes of assumptions	(516,262)	-	(516,262)
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	3,403	-	3,403
Contributions - employer	-	21,677	(21,677)
Contributions - employee	-	14,738	(14,738)
Contributions - ERIP payoff		32,900	(32,900)
Net investment income	-	(9,566)	9,566
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(134,829)	(134,829)	-
Adminstrative expense	-	(4,456)	4,456
Other changes		178,133	(178,133)
Net changes	(566,390)	98,597	(664,987)
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 1,786,807	\$ 1,322,563	\$ 464,244

The date of the actuarial valuation upon which the total pension liability (TPL) is based is December 31, 2015. An expected TPL is determined as of June 30, 2016 using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation adds the normal cost for the first half of 2016 (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the six months, and then applies the expected single equivalent interest rate (SEIR) (5.08% as of June 30, 2015 and 7.50% as of June 30, 2016) for the period. This procedure was used to determine the TPL as of June 30, 2016, as shown in the following table. In addition, an expected TPL as of June 30, 2016 is determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2015 TPL using similar techniques. The difference between this expected TPF and the actual TPF as of June 30, 2016 is the experience gain or loss for the period. The impact of measuring the liabilities using a discount rate of 7.50% as opposed to the 5.08% used last year is shown as an assumption gain. The impact of the plan provision changes due to the CSA are shown as a benefit change gain.

CRS TPL Rollforward		Old	New		Plan
(Amounts in thousands)	A	ssumptions	Assumptions	C	Changes
		(1)	(2)		(3)
(a) Interest Rate (SEIR)		5.59%	5.08%		5.08%
(b) TPL as of December 31, 2015	\$	2,396,232	\$1,876,877	\$ 1	,815,602
(c) Entry Age Normal Cost for the period					
January 1, 2016 - June 30, 2016		13,390	7,873		8,648
(d) Actual Benefit Payments and Refunds for					
the period January 1, 2016 - June 30, 2016		67,415	67,415		67,415
(e) TPL as of June 30, 2016					
$= [(c) x (1 + (a))^{1/2}] + (d)$					
$-[(e) x (1 + (a))^{1/4}]$	\$	2,401,477	\$1,885,215	\$ 1	,822,459
(f) June 30, 2014 TPL Rolled Forward to					
June 30, 2015		2,398,075			
(g) Experience (Gain)/Loss: (1e)-(1f)		3,402			
(h) Assumption (Gain)/Loss: (2e)-(1e)			(516,262)		
(i) Benefit Changes (Gain)/Loss: (3e)-(2e)				\$	(62,756)

At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Summary of Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) for CRS at June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-					
						Net
					1	Deferred
	Ι	Deferred		Deferred	(Outflows/
	Οι	atflows of	(I	nflows) of	(Iı	nflows) of
	R	esources	F	Resources	R	desources
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	25,221			\$	25,221
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		67,018				67,018
Changes in proportionate share		14,180		(3,498)		10,682
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,751				1,751
Changes in assumptions				(269,994)		(269,994)
Total	\$	108,170	\$	(273,492)	\$	(165,322)

\$25,221,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions

subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

CRS Amortization of Deferred (Inflows) and Deferred Outflows at 6/30/17 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Deferred	Deferred		Pension		
Fiscal year	<u>Outflows</u>	(Inflows)		Ex	<u>pense</u>	
2018	\$ 21,814	\$	(257,280)	\$	(235,466)	
2019	7,686		(16,212)		(8,526)	
2020	31,962				31,962	
2021	21,487				21,487	
Total Deferred Outflows	\$ 82,949	\$	(273,492)	\$	(190,543)	

Other Postemployment Benefit Information

The CRS provides health care coverage to eligible retirees, their spouse and dependent children. Active members in Group C who have earned fifteen years of membership service at the time of termination are eligible upon retirement. All other active members are eligible for retiree health care upon their retirement after reaching age 60 with 20 years of membership service, or any age with 30 years of service, of which 20 years must be earned with CRS.

The health care coverage provided by the System is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB statement 45. It is advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis as a portion of the employer contribution requirement to the System. The Cincinnati Municipal Code provides authority for employer contributions. The system's healthcare coverage was established under, and is administrated in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 115. Additional information for the CRS OPEB is included in the next footnote.

The actuarial assumptions used for the December 31, 2015 valuation included an assumption for hospital and surgical benefits recognizing adjusted premiums based on experience for recent years. The actuarial valuations for OPEB plans are estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Amounts determined are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Additional actuarial assumptions are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age Level dollar open Amortization period Remaining amortization period 30 years Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed market value **Actuarial Assumptions:** Investment rate of return (includes inflation) 7.50% Projected salary increases (includes inflation)* 4.00%-7.50% Health care trend rate (includes inflation) 7.75%/5.75% initial (varies by age) 5.00% ultimate Inflation 3.00%

*Select salary increases for five-year period beginning December 31, 2011

The valuation reflects the plan and funding changes included in the CSA. The valuation represents the understanding of the CSA as of the valuation. Some of the changes outlined in the CSA were not finalized or may be subject to interpretation as of the valuation date.

The cost of OPEB is recognized as an expense as claims are paid. No employer contribution was used to fund postemployment benefits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015. As of the December 31, 2016 valuation, the healthcare plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability was (\$35,818,968). The actuarial value of assets was \$485,845,000. The Actuarial Accrued Liability was \$450,026,000. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll of \$168,785,000 was (21.2%). Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and the plan members at that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long term perspective. The required supplementary schedule, which immediately follows the notes, contains multi-year trend information about the actuarial value of plan assets and if it is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation to CRS for the current fiscal period and prior fiscal years were as follows:

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal
(Amounts in Thousands)	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Annual required contribution	\$ 5,190	\$ (2,970)	\$ 1,139
Interest on net obligation	5,136	5,878	5,457
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (5,592)	(5,997)	(16,355)
Annual OPEB Costs	4,734	(3,089)	(9,759)
Actual Contribution		(490)	(1,661)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	4,734	(3,579)	(11,420)
Net OPEB Obligation beginning of year	 74,664	78,243	89,663
Net OPEB Obligation end of year	\$ 79,398	\$ 74,664	\$ 78,243
Annual OPEB costs	\$ 4,734	\$ (3,089)	\$ (9,759)
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contribution	0.00%	-15.86%	-17.02%

21. CINCINNATI RETIREMENT SYSTEM

This footnote presents information on the Cincinnati Retirement System as a whole as of June 30, 2017.

Overview

The Cincinnati Retirement System (CRS) was established in 1931 as the first Ohio pension plan for general city employees. It pre-dates Social Security and the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System. CRS is a single employer defined benefit pension plan, established by Chapter 203 of the Cincinnati Municipal Code and is a qualified governmental plan for tax purposes pursuant to 26 USC § 414(d). The Retirement plan is governed by the Cincinnati Municipal Code, Chapter 203. The System has a 9-member Board of Trustees: two members elected by active members; three members elected by retirees; and four members appointed by the Mayor and City Council.

CRS provides retirement and disability benefits, death benefits and retiree health care benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CRS is considered part of the City of Cincinnati's financial reporting entity. The pension trust and retiree health care trust are included in the City's financial report. No separate financial report is issued. Article XV of the Administrative Code of the City of Cincinnati provides the statutory authority vesting the general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of CRS in the Board of Trustees of the Cincinnati Retirement System.

A Collaborative Settlement Agreement was executed on May 7, 2015 and approved by the United States District Court on October 5, 2015. The Settlement Agreement impacts members who were retired on or before July 1, 2011 and employees who were in service on July 1, 2011 and who were vested (had 5 years' service credit) on that date. Members of the Cincinnati Retirement System who did not meet these criteria may have different benefits depending on their classification.

The Settlement Agreement implemented a number of changes to the Retirement System, including but not limited to:

- Normal retirement eligibility;
- Early retirement eligibility;
- Retiree healthcare eligibility:
- Retirement benefit calculations:
- Cost of living adjustments payable to retirees;
- Establishment of a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP);
- Creation of a 115 Trust for retiree healthcare benefits;
- Changes to the composition of the Board of Trustees; and
- Payoff of the 2007 Early Retirement Incentive Program (ERIP) liability.

Drop Program

Members of the Active Employee Class, under the Collaborative Settlement Agreement, who have a minimum of 30 years' service credit are eligible to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP).

Upon entry into DROP, the member's monthly pension benefit is calculated as if they retired on that date. DROP participants continue to work as a City employee and if eligible, may continue to be enrolled in a City sponsored employee healthcare plan. Maximum participation in the DROP is five (5) years. Members who participate in DROP continue to contribute 9% of their pensionable earnings to CRS.

The participant's monthly pension benefit amount (calculated as described above), as well as 75% of the participant's required CRS employee contributions, and interest earnings on their DROP account balance, accumulate tax-deferred in an account held in trust by the CRS. Participants do not have access to the funds in their DROP account while employed and participating in the DROP.

Interest is paid on DROP account balances quarterly at a rate equal to the 10-year U.S. Treasury Note Business Day Series, as published by the United States Federal Reserve, with a cap of 5%. The variable interest rate is determined quarterly. The rate for the last business day of each calendar quarter is applied to the following quarter.

The balance of the participant's DROP account is paid out in a lump sum or to another tax-qualified account (such as an IRA or 457 Deferred Compensation Plan) selected by the participant within 120 days of their Retirement Effective Date.

The following summarizes the membership of the Cincinnati Retirement System as of June 30, 2017:

	Pension	Health
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits ** includes eligible dependent spouses	4,184	5,253**
Terminated plan members entitled to future benefits	204	23
Deferred Retirement Option (DROP) participants	98	98
Inactive participants*	8,055	7,437
Active Plan Members		
Full time	2,951	2,586
Part time	1,063	591
Total	16,555	15,988

^{*}Participants who are former employees who have an employee account balance in the plan but are not otherwise vested in an employee provided benefit.

Funding of Pension and OPEB Trusts

The Pension Fund is funded by employee and employer contributions, and investment income. Employees contribute 9.0% of pensionable earnings. If the member terminates employment and chooses to withdrawal their employee contributions, the member forfeits all service credit and eligibility for a pension benefit. Employer contributions are not owned by the member and are not eligible for a lump sum withdrawal.

Employee pension contributions are pre-tax and deducted from payroll before Federal and State taxes are calculated. However, employee contributions are subject to City of Cincinnati income tax which is calculated before contributions are deducted. Pension benefits or a refund of employee contributions are taxable for Federal and State purposes when paid to the member, and are exempt from City of Cincinnati income tax.

The retiree health care provided by CRS is considered an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB 45 and 74. It is advance-funded through a 115 OPEB trust. The OPEB trust is funded by employer contributions, interest on investments, and retiree premium contributions. Retirement healthcare is not a vested benefit.

Retirement Benefits

Groups C & D	Group E	Group F	Group G
Eligible to retire on or before July 1, 2011; or December 31, 2013	Eligible to retire on or before December 31, 2013	Hired before January 1, 2010 and not eligible for other groups	Hired on or after January 1, 2010
2013		groups	
Normal Retirement: Age 60 with 5 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service	Normal Retirement: Age 60 with 5 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service	Normal Retirement: Age 60 with 5 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service	Normal Retirement: Age 67 with 5 years of service, or age 62 with 30 years of service
Early Retirement: Age 55 with 25 years of service	Early Retirement: Age 55 with 25 years of service	Early Retirement: Age 55 with 25 years of service	Early Retirement: Age 57 with 15 years of service
Benefit Formula: 2.5% of FAS times years of service	Benefit Formula: 2.5% of FAS times years of service up to greater of 20 years or years of service as of July 1, 2011, and 2.2% thereafter	Benefit Formula: 2.5% of FAS times years of service up to greater of 20 years or years of service as of July 1, 2011, and 2.2% thereafter	Benefit Formula: 2.2% of FAS times years of service

^{*} Less than 200 active members are subject to a 2.22% multiplier and a final average salary definition that includes compensation for overtime.

Other Postemployment Benefit Information

The System provides health care coverage to eligible retirees, their spouse and dependent children. Active members in Group C who have earned fifteen years of membership service at the time of termination are eligible upon retirement. Other active members are eligible for retiree health care upon their retirement after reaching age 60 with 20 years of membership service, or any age with 30 years of service of which 20 years must be earned with CRS. Active members whose most recent membership enrollment date is on or after January 1, 2016 are not eligible for retiree health care benefits upon retirement.

The actuarial valuations for OPEB plans are estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Amounts determined are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The cost of OPEB is recognized as an expense as claims are paid. No employer contribution was used to fund postemployment benefits for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. As of the 12/31/2016 valuation, the healthcare plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability was (\$35,819,000). The actuarial value of assets was \$485,845,000. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll of \$168,785,000 was (21.2%). Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the plans in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and the plan members at that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long term perspective.

Medical Benefits:

The City offers medical and prescription benefits to retirees before and during Medicare eligibility. Prescription benefits for Medicare eligible participants are provided through a Medicare Part D Employer Group Waiver Plan. CRS administers three health care plans that differ by deductibles, co-pays and out-of-pocket maximums. Two plans are closed groups. The third plan for eligible members who retire on or after January 1, 2016 follows the most advantageous plan offered to active City employees.

Most retirees are subject to premiums that range from 0% to 10%. Other retiree premiums range from 5% to 75% depending on their date of hire, years of service and age at retirement.

Dental & Vision Benefits:

All members electing to participate in the dental and/or vision plan are required to pay the full cost of coverage. As such, it is assumed that CRS has no liability under GASB 45 and 74 for these benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions

Pension Plan Assumptions

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date 12/31/2016

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level dollar open

Remaining amortization period 30 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market value

Inflation 3.0 percent per year

Salary increase 4.0 to 7.5 percent, Including inflation thereafter

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, and

Including inflation

Mortality

Non-disabled lives: RP-2000 Combined Morality Table set forward 2 years for

males and 1 year forward for females using a Scale AA

projection to 2020

Disabled Retirees: RP-2000 Disabled Morality Table (set back 5 years for

females)

Withdraw assumption It is assumed that 100% of vested members who terminate

with less than 15 years of service elect to withdraw their contributions, and that 50% of vested members who terminate with 15 or more years of service elect to

withdraw their contributions while the remaining 50% leave their contributions in the plan in order to be eligible for a

benefit at their retirement date.

Health Plan Assumptions

Inflation 3.00%

3.0% to 7% for five-year select period beginning December 31,

Salary increases, including inflation 2011; 4.0 to 7.5% thereafter

Long-Term Investment Rate of

Return, net of OPEB plan investment

expense, including inflation 7.50%

Municipal Bond Index Rate

Prior Measurement Date 3.01% Measurement Date 3.56%

Year FNP is projected to be depleted

Prior Measurement Date 2050 Measurement Date 2038

Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense,

including inflation

Prior Measurement Date 4.57% Measurement Date 6.31%

Health Care Cost Trends

Medicare Supplement Claims

Pre-Medicare 7.75 for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by 2023 Post-Medicare 5.75% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by 2020 Annual Net Post Employment Benefit Obligation. The annual net other post employment obligation to CRS for the current fiscal period and prior fiscal years were as follows:

Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation		Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal		
(Amounts in Thousands)		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	
Annual required contribution	\$	6,188	\$ (3,346)	\$	1,404	
Interest on net obligation		6,286	6,622		6,725	
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-	(6,844)	(7,211)		(7,592)	
Annual OPEB Costs		5,630	(3,935)		537	
Actual Contribution	-	0	(552)		(1,905)	
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		5,630	(4,487)		(1,368)	
Net OPEB Obligation beginning of year		83,808	88,295		89,663	
Net OPEB Obligation end of year	\$	89,438	\$ 83,808	\$	88,295	
Annual OPEB costs	\$	5,630	\$ (3,935)	\$	537	
Percentage of annual OPEB cost contribution		0.00%	-14.03%		354.75%	

Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments

Deposits held by the City's Retirement System for which the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 book balance was \$70,579,000. The June 30, 2017 bank balance was \$18,807,000 and the book balance was \$18,723,000. The cash balance was held by the City Treasurer. The cash equivalents of \$51,856,000 were held in money managers' custodial accounts at the Bank of New York at year-end and are not subject to the same insurance and collateralization requirements as the City's deposits and are uncollateralized.

City's Retirement System's fair value of investments for these funds at June 30, 2017 was \$2,191,239,000. These investments include \$42,707,000 in U.S. Government Bonds, \$30,327,000 in U.S. Government Agencies, \$28,585,000 in Corporate Fixed Income, \$238,448,000 in Private Equity, \$1,002,571,000 in Equity Securities, \$233,506,000 in Other Investments, \$231,292,000 in Real Estate Investments, \$29,011,000 in Private Placements, \$346,034,000 in mutual funds, and \$8,758,000 in other bonds. In those cases where resources are maintained in trust, the authority for investment of the property rests with either the trust agreement or local ordinance. Investments of the City of Cincinnati Retirement System are, by ordinance, subject to certain terms and limitations. These limitations do not apply to investments in securities of the City and federal government or their agencies. Investments of the Cincinnati Retirement System are uninsured. These securities are held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the City's name.

The City of Cincinnati Retirement System's Pension Trust Fund primary investment return objectives are to preserve the safety of principal, earn the highest possible total return consistent with prudent levels of risk, and create a stream of investment returns to insure the systematic and adequate funding of actuarially determined benefits through contributions and professional management of the System assets. The System has established asset allocation goals with acceptable variances specific to the investment manager category. The total fixed income target allocation is 17% with a variance of 4%. The fixed income investment managers are divided between core bond managers (target allocation of 14% with a variance of 2%) and high yield bond managers (target allocation of 3% with a variance of 2%). The remaining investment manager asset target allocations are as follows: domestic equity 27.5% with a variance of 5%, non-U.S. equity 23% with a variance of 5%, real estate equity 10% with a variance of 3%, infrastructure 7.5% with a variance of 2%, risk parity 5% with a variance of 2.5%, and private equity 10% with a range of 0.0% to 14%.

Fair Value Measurement

City of Cincinnati Retirement System Investments and Derivatives Measured at Fair Value (GASB 72) (\$in thousands of dollars)

			Fair Va	lue Measurements	Using	<u> </u>
		Quot	ed prices in	Significant	Si	gnificant
		Activ	e Markets	Other observable	Un	observable
		For Ide	ntical Assets	Inputs		Inputs
	6/30/2017	(1	Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investments by fair Value Level						
Debt Securities:						
Corporate Bonds	\$ 28,585			\$ 28,585		
Bond Mutual Fund	147,725	\$	147,725			
International Bonds	8,758			8,758		
US Government Bonds	42,707		42,707			
Private placements	29,011			29,011		
Senior Floating rate fund	5,182				\$	5,182
High Yield Bonds	73,894			73,894		
US Agencies	25,145			25,145		
Total Debt Securities	361,007		190,432	165,393		5,182
Equity Securities						
Domestic Equites	95,013		95,013			
International Equities	236,803		236,803			
Emerging Market Equities	122,694		122,694			
Global Equity Mutual Funds	198,308		198,308	_		
Total Equity Securities	652,818		652,818			
Private Equity						
Venture Capital and LBO Funds	164,554					164,554
Infrastructure	108,114					108,114
Total Private Equity	272,668					272,668
Global Risk Parity	106,822		6,409	100,413		
					_	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$ 1,393,315	\$	849,659	\$ 265,806	\$	277,850
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value						
Real Estate Funds ¹	\$ 231,292	Reconcil	liation - Equity t	o Financial Statements	;	
Multi strategy hedge funds ²	18,571		n Trust Valued a		\$	548,061
Northern Trust Equity Index Funds ³	548,061		ic Equity Funds			95,013
Total Investments at the Net Asset Value (NAV)	797,924		ional Equity Fur	nds		236,803
	. ,		g Equity Funds			122,694
			l Statements		\$	1,002,571
Total Investments in account at Fair Value	ć 2.404.220					, ,
Total Investments measured at Fair Value	\$ 2,191,239					

Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value

Real Estate Funds (1)	Net Asset Value \$231,292	Unfunded Commitments \$0	Redemption Frequency Quarterly	Redemption Notice Period 45 - 90 days
Multi Strategy Hedge Funds ⁽²⁾	\$18,571	\$0	Annually	100 days
Commingled Index Funds (3)	\$548,061	\$0	Daily	1 day

- (1) The City of Cincinnati Retirement System's real estate investments consist of two core open-end real estate funds and two value-added open-end real estate funds that primarily invest in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the System's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis with notice periods ranging from 45 90 days.
- (2) The City of Cincinnati Retirement System's multi strategy hedge fund investments consist of one open-end multi strategy hedge fund of funds portfolio that invests both long and short in global bonds and publicly traded global equities. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments. These investments are eligible for redemption on an annual basis with a notice period of 100 days.
- (3) The City of Cincinnati Retirement System's commingled index fund investments consist of four open-end U.S. equity funds that invest in publicly traded US equities. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments. These investments are eligible for redemption on a daily basis with a notice period of one day.

Investment Summary 30-Jun-17

			Percent of
Stock:		Fair Value	Total Investments
	US Common Stock		
•	Consumer Discretionary	\$ 7,143	0.3%
	Consumer Staples	10,764	0.5%
	Energy	4,208	0.2%
	Financial Services	3,718	0.2%
	Health Care	10,568	0.5%
	Materials and Processing	21,331	1.0%
	Industrials	12,916	0.6%
	Technology	21,331	1.0%
	Real Estate		0.1%
		3,033	
	Total US Common Stock	95,012	4.4%
	<u>Other</u>		
	International Stock	236,803	10.8%
	Northern Trust Domestic Index Funds	548,061	24.9%
	Emerging Market Interational Index Fund	122,694	5.6%
	International Mutual Funds	198,308	9.1%
	Total Other	1,105,866	50.4%
	Total Stock Equities	1,200,878	54.8%
DEBT:			
	Corporate Bonds		
•	Finance	13,294	0.6%
	Industrial	10,489	0.5%
	Transportation	1,373	0.1%
	Utilities	3,430	0.2%
		28,586	1.4%
	US Government Bonds		
	US Government Bonds	42,707	1.9%
	US Government Agencies	30,327	1.4%
	-	73,034	3.3%
	Private placements	29,011	1.3%
	High Yield Bonds	73,894	3.4%
	International Bonds	8,758	0.4%
	Bond Mutual Fund	147,726	6.7%
	Total Debt	361,009	16.5%
		·	
Other Investr		405 022	4.00/
	Risk Parity	106,822	4.9%
	Private Equity	346,561	15.8%
	Real Estate Funds	157,398	7.2%
	Multi Strategy Hedge Fund	18,571	0.8%
	Total Other Investments	629,352	28.7%
	Total Investments	\$ 2,191,239	100.0%

Interest Rate Risk

The interest rate risk is addressed by guidelines that require the weighted duration of the investments to be within a range of the duration of a benchmark index. For bonds, the average effective duration may not vary more than 25%. At June 30, 2017, the System had the following investments subject to interest rate risk (amounts in thousands):

		Investment Maturities (in years)										
Investment Type	Fa	Fair Value		ess Than 1		1 to 5		6 to 10	Мо	ore than 10		
Cash Equivalents	\$	48,514	\$	48,514								
Fixed Investments												
Corporate Bonds		176,311		149,511	\$	17,065	\$	3,396	\$	6,339		
International Bonds		8,758				3,652		3,556		1,550		
Other Fixed Income		5,182		5,182								
Private Placements		28,804		2,868		10,084		7,382		8,470		
US Agencies		25,350				1,145		650		23,555		
US Governments		42,707		9,296		11,462		11,425		10,524		
Preferred Stock		1,171		1,171								
Derivatives												
Future Contracts		(143)		(104)	_	(12)	_	(21)	_	(6)		
To	otal \$	336,654	\$_	216,438	\$_	43,396	\$	26,388	\$_	50,432		

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is minimized by the diversification policy, which requires the assets to be allocated across major asset classes and be diversified broadly within each asset class. The investment firm is required to notify the System when, in aggregate as a firm, the organization owns more than 10% of the outstanding shares in a single stock. Also, within the fixed investment asset class each of the investment managers may not allow a single issuer to comprise more than 5% of the portfolio's market value. For the U.S. equity and the Non-U.S. equity, no single security shall comprise more than 10% of the portfolio's market value for each investment manager. To further limit the concentration of credit risk, the U.S. equity investment managers are not permitted for the aggregate positions within each equity manager's portfolio to exceed 5% of the fair market value of the outstanding stock in any company. The limit for Non-U.S. equity investment managers is 1.5%.

Credit Risk

In order to reduce credit risk, the core bond managers are required to maintain 80% of their portfolios in investment grade securities. The remaining 20% may be invested in below investment grade securities, defined as investments with a middle rating below BBB- (S&P), Baa3 (Moody's), or BBB- (Fitch). The high yield bonds overall portfolio average quality rating should be not less than B based upon the rating of at least two of the three rating agencies (S&P, Moody's, and Fitch). The following chart provides the investments held by the System summarized by credit rating at June 30, 2017 (amounts in thousands):

		Total	A-/A3		BBB-/Baa3		B-/B3				
		Fair	and		to		to		C/C to		Not
Investment Type		Value	Above	BBB+/Baa1		BB+/Ba1		CCC/Caa			Rated
Cash Equivalents	\$	48,514	\$ 4,693							\$	43,821
Fixed Investments											
Corporate Bonds		176,311	1,780	\$	15,805	\$	11,000				147,726
International Bonds		8,758	2,056		5,042		1,660				
Other Fixed Income		5,182									5,182
Private Placements		28,804	12,135		8,432		4,964	\$	2,570		703
US Agencies		25,350	21,634								3,716
US Governments		42,707	42,707								
Preferred Stock		1,171									1,171
Derivatives											
Future Contracts		(143)		_		_		_			(143)
	Total \$	336,654	\$ 85,005	\$	29,279	\$	17,624	\$	2,570	\$	202,176

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The System's target allocation for non-U.S. equities is 23% of the total investment assets with 10% in developed large cap, 5% in small cap, 5% in emerging markets all-cap, and 3% in emerging markets small cap. The non-U.S. equity managers may hold up to 5% of its portfolio in a money market or cash. Currency hedging which includes forward currency contracts and cross currency hedging, are permitted for defensive purposes. The System's exposure to foreign currency risk at June 30, 2017 is as follows (amounts in thousands):

Currency	Fa	air Value		Equity	Fixed Income	Cash
Australian Dollar	\$	2,765	\$	2,765		
Danish Krone		1,293		1,257		\$ 36
Euro Currency		72,034		71,547	\$ 266	221
Hong Kong Dollar		8,057		8,057		
Japanese Yen		36,480		36,197		283
Mexican New Peso		6,195		1,742	4,453	
New Taiwan Dollar		2,259		2,259		
S African Comm Rand		5,315		5,306		9
Singapore Dollar		9,027		9,018		9
Swedish Krona		8,848		8,848		
Swiss Franc		22,096		21,603		493
United Kingdom Pound Sterling		37,731		37,787		(56)
Uruguayan Peso		169	_		169	
Total	\$	212,269	\$	206,386	\$ 4,888	\$ 995

Custodial Credit Risk

As for custodial credit risk, the fund only requires collateral for their securities lending program as discussed in the Securities Lending section of this footnote.

Securities Lending

City statutes and board of trustee policies permit the City of Cincinnati Retirement System to use investments of the plan to enter into securities lending transactions – loans of securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same security in the future. Securities are loaned in exchange for collateral that may include cash, U.S. government securities and irrevocable letters of credit. U.S. securities are loaned in exchange for collateral valued at 102% of the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Non-U.S. securities are loaned in exchange for collateral valued at 105% of the market value of the securities plus any accrued interest. Collateral cannot be pledged or sold unless the borrower defaults. The borrower is required to pay to the Lender the equivalent of all interest and dividends that are paid by the issuer during the term of the loan. All security loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower, although the average term of the System's overall loans was 40 days for the year ended June 30, 2017. Cash collateral is invested in a short-term investment pool, which had an average weighted maturity of 6 days as of June 30, 2017. Cash collateral may also be invested separately in "term loans", in which the maturity of the term loan is matched to either the maturity of the cash collateral invested or the interest rate reset of the cash collateral invested. These loans have rights of substitution and securities can be recalled on demand. As of June 30, 2017, there were no violations of legal or contractual provisions, no borrower or lending agent default and no losses known to the securities lending agent. There are no dividends or coupon payments owed on the securities lent.

The following represents the balances relating to the securities lending transactions at the financial statement date (amounts in thousands):

Securities Lent		Fair Value of Underlying Securities		Cash Collateral Received/Securities Collateral Value
Lent for Cash Collateral:				
U.S. Government		\$	3,161	\$ 3,229
U.S. Corporate Fixed Income			7,658	7,856
U.S. Equities			21,152	21,558
Non-U.S. Equities			4,062	4,343
	Total	\$	36,033	\$ 36,986

The following maturity chart for securities lending collateral provides information pertinent to interest rate risk (amounts in thousands):

Investment Maturities (in years)											
Asset class			Less Than 1		1 to 5		More than 15		Total		
Asset Backed Security	•					\$	2,266	\$	2,266		
Floating Rate Notes	;	\$	18,909	\$	3,457				22,366		
Repurchase Agreements			2,721						2,721		
	Total	\$	21,630	\$	3,457	\$	2,266	\$	27,353		

In order to determine credit rate risk for the securities lending collateral, the following chart is useful (amounts in thousands):

	Fair	A-/A3		C/C to			D		Not
Investment Type	Value	a	nd Above	C	CC/Caa	ı	Default	ı	Rated
Asset Backed Security	\$ 2,266			\$	391	\$	1,875		
Floating Rate Notes	22,366	\$	22,366						
Repurchase Agreements	2,721							\$	2,721
Tota	\$ 27,353	\$	22,366	\$	391	\$	1,875	\$	2,721

Derivatives

Derivatives are generally defined as a financial instrument whose characteristics and value depend on, or derive from, the value and characteristics of an underlying asset which is typically a commodity, bond, equity or currency. A derivative for financial statement purposes contains three traits: settlement factor, leverage, and net settlement. The retirement system enters into certain derivative financial instruments, primarily to enhance the performance and/or reduce the volatility of the portfolio.

The retirement system's investment-grade bond managers, Non-U.S. equity managers, and cash equitization manager are authorized to invest in derivatives. The derivatives permitted and utilized are: forwards, options, swaps, and futures. The derivatives held at the end of the fiscal period were for investment purposes only. The Non-U.S. equity manager is authorized to utilize currency hedging for defensive purposes, although the manager did not partake in hedging at year end.

As of June 30, 2017, CRS held investment derivatives consisting of forward contracts, but had no swaps, futures or options. Gains and losses are included in the net appreciation/(depreciation) in the fair value of investments total in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

A forward contract (forward) is an obligation to buy (sell) an asset at a fixed price on a predetermined date. Forwards are over the counter instruments, which means they are not traded on an organized exchange. The price specified for the foreign currency, government securities, or other asset may be higher or lower than the actual market price at the time of delivery.

A swap is a transaction which exchanges one currency, obligation or financial instrument for another. Swaps are over-the-counter instruments. Usually a set of future cash flows are exchanged between two counterparties. Interest rate swaps involve the exchange of one stream of future interest payments for another based on a specified principal amount. Usually fixed and floating interest rates are exchanged. A credit default swap allows the transfer of third party credit risk from one party to the other. One party in a credit default swap is a lender whom faces credit risk from a third party. The counterparty to the swap agrees to insure this risk in exchange for regular periodic payments.

Options convey the right, but not the obligation, to engage in a future investment transaction. A call is an option contract that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise the option and buy an asset at the strike price on or at any time up to the expiration date. A put is an option contract that gives the buyer the right, but not the obligation, to sell an asset at the strike price on or at any time up to the expiration date.

Futures are exchange-traded contracts that require an asset to be bought (sold) at a specified price on a specified future date. Unlike options, futures convey an obligation to buy (sell) an investment. The contracts contain standardize terms, trade on a formal exchange, are regulated by overseeing agencies, and are guaranteed by clearinghouses.

As of June 30, 2017, CRS had the following exposure via futures contracts (Notional and Fair Value in thousands):

Notional Value in Thousands:

		Long/		Notional	Fair
Futures Contract	Expiration	Short	Quantity	Value*	Value
US TREAS BD FUTURE (CBT)	9/20/2017	Long	2	\$ 1,998	\$ (6)
US 10 YR TREAS NTS FUTURE(CBT)	9/20/2017	Long	4	3,640	(21)
US 5YR TREAS NTS FUTURE (CBT)	9/29/2017	Long	5	3,889	(12)
S & P 500 EMINI IND FUT (CME)	9/15/2017	Short	70	17,309	(91)
MINI MSCI EAFE FUTURE (NYF)	9/15/2017	Long	61	11,904	(9)
MINI MSCI EMG MKT FUTURE (NYF)	9/15/2017	Long	15	2,571	(4)
			Total	\$ 41,311	\$ (143)

^{*} Notional value is the nominal or face amount that is used to calculate payments made on derivative instruments (futures, forwards, swaps, etc.). The notional amount represents the economic equivalent to an investment in the physical securities represented by the derivative contract.

Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal						
<u>Year</u>	<u>Pri</u>	<u>ncipal</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>terest</u>	<u>]</u>	Γ <u>otal</u>
2018	\$	8	\$	11	\$	19
2019		8		10		18
2020		8		10		18
2021		9		10		19
2022-2026		46		47		93
2027-2031		55		38		93
2032-2036		67		26		93
2037-2041		84		9		93
Total	\$	285	\$	161	\$	446

Contributions

Each member contributes at a rate of 9.0% of his salary for fiscal year 2017. The percent contributed by employees is provided by Chapter 203 Section 73 of the Cincinnati Municipal Code.

The City makes employer contributions based on a percentage of covered payroll of all CRS members. For fiscal year 2017 the contribution rate was 16.25% on covered payroll. The total covered payroll for CRS members was \$196,445,000. The Actuarially Determined Contribution rate (ADC), including ERIP for fiscal year 2017 based on the 2016 actuarial report, was 27.9% on covered payroll for the Pension Fund. The Annual Required Contribution rate (ARC) was 3.7% on covered payroll for the Health Benefits Fund. The City of Cincinnati's approved budget for Fiscal Year 2017 incorporated a contribution rate of 16.25%. The employer contributions to the City of Cincinnati Retirement System's Pension Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 were \$30,868,000. For the year ended June 30, 2016 the contributions were \$26,592,000. The contributions for these periods were less than the required contributions. Administrative costs are financed from the system assets.

As of the last actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2016, the pension plan unfunded actuarial accrued liability was \$520,822,000 to be amortized over an open period of 30 years. The funded ratio was 76.9%, and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,732,053,000. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll of \$179,463,000 was 290.2%. The Actuarial Accrued Liability at 12/31/2016 was \$2,252,875,000. The required supplementary schedule, which immediately follows the notes, contains multi-year trend information about the actuarial value of plan assets and if it is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting - The City of Cincinnati Retirement System financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - The Retirement System investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Rate of Return – For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 12.1%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability – The components of the change in the CRS' net pension liability for fiscal year 2017 are as follows:

(Amounts in Thousands)	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 2,261,743
Fiduciary Net Position	 1,740,390
Net Pension Liability	\$ 521,353
Ratio of Fiduciary Net Position to Total	

Pension Liability

76.95%

Actuarial Assumptions: Total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0%
Salary increases	3.0% to 7.0%, including inflation for five-year select period
	beginning December 31, 2011; 4.0% to 7.5%, including
	inflation thereafter
Investment rate of	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, and including
return	inflation
Mortality	Both pre-retirement and post-retirement mortality rates were
	based on the RP 2000 combined mortality table, male rates set
	forward 2 years and female rates set forward 1 year and using
	a Scale AA projection to 2020. Post-disability mortality rates
	were based on the RP 2000 disabled retiree mortality table,

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated October 28, 2011.

female rates set back 5 years.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return: The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as listed in the last actuarial experience study, dated October 28, 2011 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
CRS Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Core Bonds	14.0%	2.8%
High Yield	3.0%	4.9%
Lg Cap Value Equity	7.0%	7.2%
Lg Cap Growth Equity	5.0%	7.1%
Mid-Cap Value Equity	4.0%	7.5%
Mid-Cap Core	4.0%	7.5%
Small Cap Value Equity	7.5%	8.0%
Non US Developed Lg Cap	10.0%	7.4%
Non US Small Cap	5.0%	8.1%
Emerging Markets All Cap	5.0%	8.5%
Emerging Markets-Small Cap	3.0%	8.5%
Real Estate Core Equity	10.0%	7.4%
Infrastructure	7.5%	7.8%
Risk Parity	5.0%	7.8%
Private Equity-FOF	10.0%	11.1%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5% as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions of 9% and employer contributions of 16.25% will be made as set out in city council ordinance. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using long-normal distribution analysis in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The municipal bond rate used was 3.82% as of June 30, 2015. The municipal bond rate was not needed as of June 30, 2016 and 2017 as the FNP is now projected to not be depleted during the projection period.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources: At June 30, 2017, the deferred outflows of resource and deferred inflows of resources for CRS were as follows:

Summary of Deferred Outflows and (Inflows) for CRS at June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

						Net
					D	eferred
	De	eferred	D	eferred	O	utflows/
	Out	flows of	(In	flows) of	(In	flows) of
	Res	sources	Re	esources	Re	sources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	1,280			\$	1,280
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,945				1,945
Changes in assumptions			\$	(19,490)		(19,490)
Total	\$	3,225	\$	(19,490)	\$	(16,265)

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

CRS Amortization of Deferred Outflows (Inflows) at 6/30/17 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pension
Fiscal year	Expense
2018	\$ (27,614)
2019	21,207
2020	8,135
2021	(17,993)
Total Deferred Inflows	\$ (16,265)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table present the sensitivity of the net pension liability to a 1 percent increase (8.50%) and a 1 percent decrease (6.50%) from the calculated discount rate.

(Amounts in Thousands)	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1%	Increase
	Ra	Rate(6.50%) R		Rate(7.50%)		te(8.50%)
System's Net Pension Liability	\$	748,992	\$	521,353	\$	326,854

Change in the Net Pension Liability: Changes in the City financial reporting entity's net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Pension	Liability
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$2,215,822	\$1,651,375	\$ 564,447
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	20,576		20,576
Interest	159,912		159,912
Benefit changes	29,208		29,208
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	3,545		3,545
Contributions - employer		30,868	(30,868)
Contributions - employee		17,740	(17,740)
Net investment income		209,299	(209,299)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(167, 320)	(167, 320)	
Adminstrative expense		(1,572)	1,572
Net changes	45,921	89,015	(43,094)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$2,261,743	\$1,740,390	\$ 521,353

The date of the actuarial valuation upon which the total pension liability (TPL) is based is December 31, 2016. An expected TPL is determined as of June 30, 2017 is determined using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation adds the normal cost for the first half of 2017 (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the six months, and then applies the expected single equivalent interest rate (SEIR) (7.50%) for the period. This procedure was used to determine the TPL as of June 30, 2017, as shown in the following table. In addition, an expected TPL as of June 30, 2017 is determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2016 TPL using similar techniques. The difference between this expected TPL and the actual TPL as of June 30, 2017 is the experience gain or loss for the period. The impact of the plan provision changes due to Ordinance 336-2016 are shown as a benefit change gain.

	CRS TPL Rollforward			
	(Amounts in thousands)		Ben	efit Changes
		(1)		(2)
(a)	Interest Rate (SEIR)	7.50%		7.50%
(b)	TPL as of December 31, 2016	\$ 2,225,122	\$	2,252,875
(c)	Entry Age Normal Cost for the period			
	January 1, 2016 - June 30, 2016	10,666		11,099
(d)	Actual Benefit Payments and Refunds for			
	the period January 1, 2017 - June 30, 2017	83,660		83,660
(e)	TPL as of June 30, 2017			
	$= [(a) x (1 + SEIR)^{1/2}] + (b)$			
	$-[(c) \times (1 + SEIR)^{1/4}]$	2,232,535	\$	2,261,743
(f)	June 30, 2016 TPL Rolled Fwd to June $30,2017$	\$ 2,228,990		
(g)	Experience (Gain)/Loss: '(1e) - (1f)	3,545		
(h)	Benefit Changes (Gain)/Loss: (2e) - (1e)		\$	29,208

The date of the actuarial valuation upon which the total OPEB liability (TOL) is based is December 31, 2016. An expected TOL is determined as of June 30, 2017 is determined using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation adds the normal cost for the first half of 2017 (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the six months, and then applies the expected single equivalent interest rate (SEIR) for the period. This procedure was used to determine the TOL as of June 30, 2017, as shown in the following table. In addition, an expected TOL as of June 30, 2017 is determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2016 TPL using similar techniques. The difference between this expected TOL and the actual TOL as of June 30, 2017 is the experience gain or loss for the period. The impact of measuring the liabilities using a discount rate of 6.31% as opposed to the 4.57% used at the beginning of the period is shown as an assumption gain.

CRS TOL Rollforward

(Amounts in thousands)		Assu	ımption Change
	(1)		(2)
(a) Interest Rate (SEIR)	6.31%		4.57%
(b) TOL as of December 31, 2016 \$	507,754	\$	617,885
(c) Entry Age Normal Cost for the period January 1, 2016 - June 30, 2016	2,388		3,835
(d) Actual Benefit Payments and Refunds for the period January 1, 2017 - June 30, 2017	15,572		15,572
(e) TOL as of June 30, 2017 = $[(a) \times (1 + SEIR)^{1/2}] + (b)$ - $[(c) \times (1 + SEIR)^{1/4}]$	510,105	\$	619,935
 (f) Final TOL as of June 30, 2017 (f) June 30, 2016 TOL Rolled Fwd to June 30,2017 \$ (g) Experience (Gain)/Loss: '(1e) - (1f) 	510,105 2,228,990		
(h) Assumption Change (Gain)/Loss: (2e) - (1e)		\$	(109,830)

Net OPEB Liability	
	Fiscal
(Amounts in Thousands)	<u>2017</u>
Total OPEB Liability	510,105
Fiduciary Net Position	486,594
Net OPEB Liability	23,511
Ratio of Fiduciary Net Position to Total	
OPEB Liability	95.39

Sensitivity of the NOL to the discount rate and health care cost trends

Net OPEB Liability						
	Health Care Cost Trends					
Discount Rate 1% Increase (7.31%)	1% Decrease	Current \$ (25,681)	1% Increase			
Current (6.31%) 1% Decrease (5.31%)	\$ (29,350)	\$ 23,511 \$ 82,259	\$ 86,949			

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

Statement of Plan Net Position

Pension Trust Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017

(amounts in thousands)

	Pension	Healthcare		
	Trust	115 Trust		Total
\$	55,158 \$	15,421	\$	70,579
	6,844	1,914		8,758
	33,376	9,331		42,707
	22,339	6,246		28,585
	23,701	6,626		30,327
	783,510	219,061		1,002,571
	270,426	75,608		346,034
	186,347	52,101		238,448
	180,755	50,537		231,292
	22,672	6,339		29,011
	182,485	51,021		233,506
	1,712,455	478,784		2,191,239
	39,664	11,090		50,754
	449	126		575
	17,041	4,762		21,803
	2,069	579		2,648
	760	213		973
	51	14		65
	621	174		795
	(609)	(170)	_	(779)
	1,827,659	510,993	_	2,338,652
	2,666	745		3,411
	21,147	5,912		27,059
	39,662	11,090		50,752
	37	10		47
	23,345	6,527		29,872
	223	62		285
	189	53		242
	87,269 \$	24,399		111,668
	1,740,390			1,740,390
	. ,			•
_	\$	486,594	_	486,594
\$	1,740,390 \$	486,594	\$	2,226,984
		\$ 55,158 \$ 6,844 \$ 33,376 \$ 22,339 \$ 23,701 \$ 783,510 \$ 270,426 \$ 186,347 \$ 180,755 \$ 22,672 \$ 182,485 \$ 1,712,455 \$ 39,664 \$ 449 \$ 17,041 \$ 2,069 \$ 760 \$ 51 \$ 621 \$ (609) \$ 1,827,659 \$ \$ 2,666 \$ 21,147 \$ 39,662 \$ 37 \$ 23,345 \$ 223 \$ 189 \$ 87,269 \$ \$ 1,740,390 \$	\$ 55,158 \$ 15,421 6,844 1,914 33,376 9,331 22,339 6,246 23,701 6,626 783,510 219,061 270,426 75,608 186,347 52,101 180,755 50,537 22,672 6,339 182,485 51,021 1,712,455 478,784 39,664 11,090 449 126 17,041 4,762 2,069 579 760 213 51 14 621 174 (609) (170) 1,827,659 510,993 2,666 745 21,147 5,912 39,662 11,090 37 10 23,345 6,527 223 62 189 53 87,269 \$ 24,399	Trust 115 Trust \$ 55,158 \$ 15,421 \$ 6,844 1,914 33,376 9,331 22,339 6,246 23,701 6,626 783,510 219,061 270,426 75,608 186,347 52,101 180,755 50,537 22,672 6,339 182,485 51,021 1,712,455 478,784 39,664 11,090 449 126 17,041 4,762 2,069 579 760 213 51 14 621 174 (609) (170) 1,827,659 510,993 2,666 745 21,147 5,912 39,662 11,090 37 10 23,345 6,527 223 62 189 53 87,269 \$ 24,399 1,740,390 \$ 486,594

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

Statement of Changes in Position

Pension Trust Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2017

(amounts in thousands)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	Pension Trust		Healthcare 115 Trust		Total
ADDITIONS:						
Contributions:					_	
Members	\$	17,740			\$	17,740
Employers Total Contributions:	_	30,868 48,608	-		_	30,868 48,608
Transfers From Other Retirement Systems	-	141			_	141
		141				141
Investment Income From Investing Activities:						
Interest & Dividends		26,311	\$	7,341		33,652
Proceeds from Litigation		329	Ψ	92		421
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of Investments		190,390		53,123		243,513
Investment Income	_	217,030	-	60,556	_	277,586
Less Investment Management Expenses:		7,913		2,208		10,121
Net Income From Investing Activities		209,117		58,348		267,465
From Security Lending Activities:						
Securities Lending Income:	_	410	_	114		524
Securities Lending Expense:						
Borrower Rebates		(168)		(47)		(215)
Management Fees	_	(60)	-	(17)	_	(77)
Total Securities Lending Activities Expenses	-	(228)		(64)	_	(292)
Net Income from Securities Lending Activities	_	182	-	50	_	232
Total Additions:	_	258,048	-	58,398	_	316,446
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefits Payments:						
Pensions and Annuities		165,361				165,361
Hospital and Medical Care		,		31,144		31,144
Death Benefits, Active and Retired		565				565
Transfers - Retirement to other Systems	_	201			_	201
Total Benefits:	_	166,127	_	31,144	_	197,271
Refunds of Contributions	_	1,334			_	1,334
Administration Expenses;						
Personal Services		1,074		300		1,374
Contractual Services		429		120		549
Material & Supplies		67		19		86
Depreciation		2		1		3
Total Administrative Expenses:	_	1,572		440		2,012
Total Deductions:	_	169,033		31,584		200,617
Net Increase (Decrease)		89,015		26,814		115,829
Net Position restricted for Benefits						
Beginning of Year		1,651,375		459,780	_	2,111,155
End of Year	\$	1,740,390 \$	\$	486,594	\$_	2,226,984

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Cincinnati, Ohio Required Supplementary Information 1 Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Four Measurement Years (1) (2) (Amounts in thousands)

		2016	9			2015	10			2014	4			2013	က		
	Poli	Police Portion Fire Portion	Ë	e Portion	Poli	Police Portion Fire Portion	Fire	Portion	Police	Police Portion Fire Portion	Fire	Portion	Police	Police Portion Fire Portion	Fire	Portion	
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	eo.	3.6101960% 3.5422050%	3.	5422050%	ю	3.5379310% 3.4969790%	3.4	%062696	3.4	279241%	3.7	3.4279241% 3.4327927%	3.42	3.4279241% 3.4327927%	3.4	327927%	
City's Proportonate Share of the Net Pension Liability	↔	228,666	↔	224,360	↔	227,598 \$ 224,963	€	224,963	↔	177,581 \$	↔	177,833	↔	166,951 \$	↔	167,188	
City's Covered-Employee Payroll	↔	86,482	↔	68,605	↔	\$ 828,62	€	63,834	↔	74,916 \$	↔	61,191	⇔	72,980 \$	↔	58,574	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		264.41%		327.03%		284.93%		352.42%		237.04%		290.62%		228.76%		285.43%	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (3)		39	%98.36%	%		.99	%22.99	. 0		7.5	72.20%	.0		73	73.00%		

⁽¹⁾ Information presented based on measurement periods ended December 31.(2) Information prior to 2013 is not available.(3) Information by portion was not available.

(Continued)

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Required Supplementary Information 2 Schedule of City Contributions Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts in thousands)

	2	20	2017	301	100	2016	6	100	2015	9	, 5	6.100	2014	100	2	2013 ((1)	1
	0	Folice Portion		Portion	0	olice Portion Fire	Portion	FOIIC	Colice Portion	FIFE PORTION		rollce S	Olice Portion Fire Portion	e Portion	POIIC	Portion	FIRE PORT	OLLION
Contractually Required Contributions	↔	16,292 \$	↔	16,284	↔	15,302 \$	14,972	8	14,672 \$ 14,880	4	,880	s	13,048 \$	13,247	↔	4,581	\$	4,999
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Contractually Required Contributions	₩	(16,292)	↔	\$ (16,292) \$ (16,284)	€9	(15,302) \$ (14,972)	(14,972)	€	(14,672) \$ (14,880)	(14	(880)	€9	(13,048) \$ (13,247)	(13,247)	↔	(4,581) \$ (4,999	₩	(4,999)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	S		↔		s	٠		မှာ				s	٠		છ		မှ	
City Covered-Employee Payroll	↔	85,748 \$	↔	69,293	↔	\$ 985,08	63,712	↔	77,222 \$	63,318	,318	↔	73,200 \$	59,336	↔	35,933	↔	28,980
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		19.00%		23.50%		19.00%	23.50%		19.00%	23	23.50%		17.83%	22.33%		12.75%	`	17.25%

(1) 2013 represents the short period covering January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013 when the City changed reporting periods. 2012 and prior represent calendar year reporting periods.

City of Cincinnati, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information 2
Schedule of City Contributions
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Amounts in thousands)
(Continued)

		2012			2011				2010	_			2009				2008		
	Police	Police Portion Fire P	ire Portion	Poli	Police Portion Fire Portion	Fire P	ortion	Police	Police Portion Fire Portion	Fire	ortion	Polic	Police Portion Fire Portion	Fire Po	rtion	Police	Police Portion Fire Portion	re Porti	ion
Contractually Required Contributions	8	9,720 \$	968'6	↔	9,943	↔	699'6	↔	10,550 \$ 10,352	₩	10,352	€	10,558 \$ 10,876	\$ 10	928'(€	10,040 \$ 10,138	10,1	38
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Contractually Required Contributions	€	(9,720) \$	(968'6)	↔	(9,943) \$ (9,669)	9	(699'6	€9	(10,550) \$ (10,352)	8	10,352)	€	(10,558) \$ (10,876)	\$ (10	(928)	€9	(10,040) \$	(10,1	(38)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	φ		,	↔		s		s		€9		↔	•	s		s	٠		. I
City Covered-Employee Payroll	છ	76,232 \$	57,368	↔	77,985 \$ 56,051	æ	6,051	↔	82,742 \$ 60,009	↔	600'09	€	\$ 908'28		63,050	↔	78,744 \$	58,771	71
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		12.75%	17.25%		12.75%	~	17.25%		12.75%		17.25%		12.75%	17	17.25%		12.75%	17.2	7.25%

(1) 2013 represents the short period covering January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013 when the City changed reporting periods. 2012 and prior represent calendar year reporting periods.

Schedule of the City's (Financial Reporting Entity) Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (3) Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Required Supplementary Information 3 City of Cincinnati, Ohio

Last Four Measurement Years (Amounts in thousands)

		2016		2015	7	2014		2013
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Traditional Plan Combined Plan Member Directed Plan	0.0	0.075000% 0.016300% 0.063770%	0 0 0	0.076455% 0.016740% 0.084261%	0.084	0.084999333% 0.0169847845%	0.08	0.085182048% 0.0169847845%
City's Proportonate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	↔	17,023	↔	13,250	↔	10,260	↔	10,042
City's Covered-Employee Payroll (4)	↔	9,752	↔	9,565	s	10,423	↔	10,783
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	-	174.56%		138.53%		98.44%		93.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Traditional Plan Combined Plan Member Directed Plan (5)	← ←	77.25% 116.55% 103.40%		81.08% 116.90% 103.91%		86.45% 114.83%		86.36% 104.56%

⁽¹⁾ Information presented based on measurement periods ended December 31.

⁽²⁾ Information prior to 2013 is not available. (3) The City Financial Reporting Entity does not include the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) which operates as part of the City and is an enterprise fund for Hamilton County, Ohio.

⁽⁴⁾ Covered-employee payroll broken down by plan (Traditional vs. Combined) was not available.

^{(5) 2015} is the first year information for the Member Directed Plan was provided.

City of Cincinnati, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information 4
Schedule of City (Financial Reporting Entity) Contributions (1)
Ohio Public Employees Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Amounts in thousands)

	7	2017	7	2016	,,	2015		2014	20.	2013 (2)	,,	2012	7	011	2	010		5003	"	8008
Contractually Required Contributions (2)	€	1,149	€	1,148	↔	1,280	€	1,246	↔	729	₩	1,236	↔	1,285	↔	1,193	↔	1,219	↔	1,097
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Contractually Required Contributions	↔	.) \$ (1,149) \$	↔	(1,148)	↔	(1,280)	₩	(1,246)	€	(729)	⇔	(1,236)	€	(1,285)	₩.	(1,193)	₩.	(1,219)	₩	(1,097)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔		↔		↔		↔		↔		₩		↔		↔		↔		↔	
City Covered-Employee Payroll	↔	9,181	↔	9,564	⇔	10,664	↔	10,386	↔	2,607	↔	12,357	⇔	12,850	⇔	13,379	↔	14,779	⇔	15,664
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		12.51%		12.00%		12.00%		12.00%		13.00%		10.00%		10.00%		8.92%		8.25%		2.00%

The City Financial Reporting Entity does not include the Metropolitan Sewer District (MSD) which operates as part of the City and is an enterprise fund for Hamilton County, Ohio.
 2012 represents the short period covering January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013 when the City changed reporting periods.
 2012 and prior represent calendar year reporting periods.
 Information broken down by plan type (Traditional vs. Combined) was not available.

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Required Supplementary Information 5

Schedule of City Financial Reporting Entity's Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (1) Cincinnati Retirement System

Last Three Measurement Years (2)

(Amounts in thousands)

		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	26,125	\$	22,439	\$	21,018
Interest		117,929		120,372		120,262
Benefit changes		(62,756)				
Difference between expected						
and actual experience		3,403		(11,326)		
Changes of assumptions		(516,262)		125,942		(14,446)
Benefit payments		(133,326)		(130,350)		(127,981)
Refunds of employee contributions		(1,503)				
Other		35,654				
Net change in total pension liability	\$	(530,736)	\$	127,077	\$	(1,147)
Total pension liability - beginning		2,353,197		2,226,120		2,227,267
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	1,822,461	\$	2,353,197	\$	2,226,120
Plan net position						
Contributions - employer		21,677		24,566		30,488
Contributions - member		14,738		11,994		12,298
Contributions ERIP payoff		32,900		,		,
Net investment income		(9,566)		39,683		209,380
Benefit payments		(133,326)		(128,548)		(126,535)
Administrative expense		(4,456)		(1,268)		(1,122)
Refunds of contributions		(1,503)		(1,802)		(1,425)
Other		213,787		, ,		,
Net change in plan net position	\$	134,251	\$	(55,375)	\$	123,084
Plan net position - beginning		1,223,966		1,279,341		1,156,279
Plan net position - ending (b)		1,358,217		1,223,966		1,279,341
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	464,244	\$	1,129,231	\$	946,779
	•	- ,	·	, -, -	·	, -
Ratio of plan net position to						
total pension liability		74.53%		52.01%		57.47%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	149,722	\$	146,605	\$	134,680
Net pension liability as a						
percentage of covered-		040.070/		770.050/		700.000/
employee payroll		310.07%		770.25%		702.98%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule does not include MSD.

⁽²⁾ Information prior to 2014 was not available. The City will continue to present information for years available until a full ten-year trend is available.

City of Cincinnati, Ohio
Required Supplementary Information 6
Schedule of City Financial Reporting Entity's Contributions
Cincinnati Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Amounts in thousands)

		2017		2016		2015		2014	7	2013 (1)		2012		2011		2010		2009		8008
Actuarially determined employer contributions	છ	\$ 38,148	↔	57,583	↔	\$ 60,751	8	62,992	↔	\$ 27,476	↔	\$ 40,029 \$ 44,083	↔	44,083	↔	65,593	↔	\$ 35,300	↔	32,260
Actual employer contributions	↔	\$ (25,221)	8	(21,908)	s	\$ (24,566)	s	\$ (31,484)		(13,246)	€9	\$ (13,246) \$ (26,932) \$ (25,032)	↔	(25,032)	€	\$ (24,353)		\$ (21,845) \$ (20,763	↔	(20,763)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	↔	\$ 12,927	છ	35,675	ક્ક	\$ 36,185	s	\$ 31,508	ક્ક	\$ 14,230	↔	\$ 13,097	↔	\$ 19,051	8	\$ 41,240	8	\$ 13,455	↔	\$ 11,497
City Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	\$ 161,503	↔	149,722		\$ 146,605	↔	\$ 134,680	↔	\$ 63,254	↔	\$ 133,477 \$ 133,378	↔	133,378	↔	\$ 136,613 \$	↔	\$ 140,957 \$	↔	\$ 137,946
Actual contributions as a Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll		15.62%		14.63%		16.76%		23.38%		20.94%		20.18%		18.77%		17.83%		15.50%		15.05%

(1) 2013 represents the short period covering January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013 when the City changed reporting periods. 2012 and prior represent calendar year reporting periods.

Cincinnati Retirement System Required Supplementary Information 7 Schedule of Funding Progress OPEB (Amounts in Thousands) Health Care Plan

		Actua	arial	Unfunded			%
	Actuarial	Accri	ued	Actuarial			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value	Liabi	lity	Accrued	%		Percentage of
Valuation	of	(AA	L)	Liability	Funded	Cover	ed Payroll
Date	Assets	Entry	Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payr	oll Covered
Actuarial	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c) ((b-a) / c)
12/31/2007 \$	835,486	\$ 92	1,985 \$	86,499	90.62%	\$ 182,3	96 47.42%
12/31/2008	688,870	99	8,491	309,621	68.99%	164,6	188.06%
12/31/2009	746,029	87	7,399	131,370	85.03%	170,4	77.09%
12/31/2010	726,412	65	7,045	(69,367)	110.56%	167,5	-41.39%
12/31/2011	668,392	65	3,404	(14,988)	102.29%	165,0	-9.08%
12/31/2012	634,173	64	1,876	7,703	98.80%	167,1	4.61%
12/31/2013	674,709	61	8,508	(56,201)	109.09%	163,4	-34.38%
12/31/2014	706,959	59	0,902	(116,057)	119.64%	164,5	75 -70.52%
12/31/2015	474,746	48	4,833	10,087	97.92%	174,9	63 5.77%
12/31/2016	485,845	45	0,026	(35,819)	107.96%	168,7	'85 -21.22%

Schedule of Employer's Contributions of OPEB

Health Care Plan

	Annual	%
Fiscal	Required	Percentage
Year	Contribution	<u>Contributed</u>
2008	22,767	18.78%
2009	11,388	49.15%
2010	44,689	9.78%
2011	19,943	10.74%
2012	453	441.50%
2013*	2,441	37.81%
2014	7,363	27.81%
2015	1,404	135.68%
2016	-3,346	-2.12%
2017	5,630	0.00%

 $^{^{}st}$ The City changed fiscal year end to June 30 beginning with June 30, 2013.

Cincinnati Retirement System

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 8

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

(Amounts In Thousands)

	2017	2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability					
Service Cost	\$ 20,576	\$ 31,764	\$	27,785	\$ 25,937
Interest	159,912	143,383		149,052	148,408
Bemefit changes	29,208	(76,301)			
Difference between expected and actual experience	3,545	4,137		(14,024)	
Changes of assumptions		(627,693)		155,948	(17,827)
Benefit payments	(165,986)	(162,103)		(159,176)	(156,149)
Refunds of contributions	(1,334)	 (1,828)	_	(2,231)	(1,785)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 45,921	\$ (688,641)	\$	157,354	\$ (1,416)
Total pension liability - beginning	2,215,822	2,904,463		2,747,109	2,748,525
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$2,261,743	\$ 2,215,822	\$	2,904,463	\$2,747,109
Plan net position					
Contributions – employer	\$ 30,868	\$ 67,939	\$	29,084	\$ 37,740
Contributions – member	17,740	16,337		16,186	15,059
Net investment income	209,299	(11,631)		49,138	258,382
Benefit payments	(165,986)	(162,103)		(159,176)	(156,149)
Administrative expense	(1,572)	(5,418)		(1,570)	(1,384)
Refunds of contributions	(1,334)	(1,828)		(2,231)	(1,785)
Other		 237,897			
Net change in plan net position	\$ 89,015	\$ 141,193	\$	(68,569)	\$ 151,863
Plan net position – beginning	\$ 1,651,375	\$ 1,510,182	\$	1,578,751	\$1,426,888
Plan net position - ending (b)	\$1,740,390	\$ 1,651,375	\$	1,510,182	\$1,578,751
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 521,353	\$ 564,447	\$	1,394,281	\$1,168,358
Total pension liability	\$ 2,261,743	\$ 2,215,822	\$	2,904,463	\$2,747,109
Plan net position	\$1,740,390	\$ 1,651,375	_	1,510,182	1,578,751
Net pension liability	\$ 521,353	\$ 564,447	\$	1,394,281	\$1,168,358
Ratio of plan net position to total pension liability	76.95%	74.53%		52.00%	57.47%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 196,445	\$ 174,963	\$	164,575	\$ 163,477
Net pension liability as a percentage of					
covered-employee payroll	265.39%	322.61%		847.20%	714.69%
Money -Weighted Rate of Return on Pension Plan Investments	12.11%	-0.53%		0.97%	16.65%

st For fiscal year 2017 only four years of data are available. The chart will eventually present ten years

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS **Cincinnati Retirement System**

Required Supplementary Information 9 (Amounts in thousands)

Fiscal year		2017	71	2016	2015	2014		2013*	2012		2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially determined employer contribution	↔	46,689	€9	\$ 68,639	75,566	378	78,101 \$	33,500 \$	49,952	↔	54,875 \$	80,882 \$	43,065 \$	38,767 \$	38,571
Actual employer contributions:															
City of Cincinnati Financial Reporting Entity		25,221		21,908	24,566	31	,484	13,246	26,932		25,032	24,353	21,845	20,763	26,536
City of Cincinnati Operating Unit (MSD)		5,647		4,701	4,518	9	256	2,904	9/9/9	ļ	6,128	5,676	4,805	4,201	5,228
Total Actual employer contributions		30,868		26,609	29,084	37	37,740	16,150	33,608		31,160	30,029	26,650	24,964	31,764
Annual contribution deficiency/(excess)	S	\$ 15,821 \$ 43,330	8	43,330 \$	46,482	40	361 \$	17,350 \$	16,344	S	23,715 \$	50,853	16,415 \$	13,803	6,807
Covered-employee payroll	↔	196,445 \$		180,501 \$	164,575	163	63,477 \$	\$ 72,637 \$	167,148	€	165,029 \$	\$ 685,791	170,416 \$	164,640 \$	182,396
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.71%		14.74%	17.67%	23	23.09%	20.80%	20.11%	.0	18.88%	17.92%	15.64%	15.16%	17.41%

^{* 2013} represents the short period covering January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013 when the City changed reporting periods. 2012 and prior represent calendar year reporting periods.

Asset Valuation method: 5 year smoothed market Inflation: 3.00% Level dollar, open Entry age Amortization method: Actuarial cost method:

Salary increase: 3.0 to 7.0 %, including inflation for five year select period beginning 12/31/11; 4.0 to 7.5 %, including inflation thereafter

30 years

Remaining amortization period:

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense including inflation

Valuation date: The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the December 31, eighteen months prior to the calendar year end in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine actuarial contribution rates:

Cincinnati Retirement System

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 10

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

(Amounts In Thousands)

(·	2017
Total pension liability	2017
Service Cost	\$ 7,669
Interest	27,446
Bemefit changes	27,110
Difference between expected and actual experience	
Changes of assumptions	(109,830)
Benefit payments	(31,144)
Net change in OPEB liability	\$ (105,859)
·	. , , ,
Total Change in OPEB Liability	\$ (105,859)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 615,964
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (b)	\$ 510,105
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions – employer	
Contributions – member	
Net investment income	58,398
Benefit payments	(31,144)
Administrative expense	(440)
Refunds of contributions	
Other	
Net change in plan net position	\$ 26,814
Plan net position – beginning	\$ 459,780
Plan net position - ending (b)	\$ 486,594
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 23,511
Money -Weighted Rate of Return on Pension Plan Investments	12.11%

st For fiscal year 2017 only one year of data is available. The chart will eventually present ten years

Cincinnati Retirement System SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB

Required Supplementary Information 11 (Amounts in thousands)

Fiscal year		2017	2016		<u> </u>	2015	2014	2013*	2012		2011	2010	2009
Actuarially determined employer contribution	↔	6,188		or†	46	1,404 \$	7,363 \$	5,697		453 \$	19,943 \$	44,689 \$	53,382 \$
Actual employer contributions:													
City of Cincinnati Financial Reporting Entity		€		552		1,905	2,048	928		2,000	2,142	4,369	5,597
City of Cincinnati Operating Unit (MSD)													
Total Actual employer contributions	/*			552		1,905	2,048	928		2,000	2,142	4,369	5,597
Annual contribution deficiency/(excess)	↔	6,188 \$		(552) \$		(501) \$	5,315 \$	4,769	€	(1.547) \$	17,801 \$	40,320 \$	47.785 \$
Covered-employee payroll	↔	\$ 179,887 \$	174	74,963 \$	40	164,575 \$	163,477 \$	167,148	\$	167,148 \$	165,029 \$	167,589 \$	170,416 \$
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0	0.32%		1.16%	1.25%	0.56%		1.20%	1.30%	2.61%	3.28%

22,767

2008

4,275

4,275 18,492 164,640 2.60%

Investment rate of return: 7.5% net of pension plan investment expense including inflation Asset Valuation method: 5 year smoothed market Inflation: 3.00% The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine actuarial contribution rates: Level dollar, open Entry age 30 years Remaining amortization period: Actuarial cost method: Amortization method:

Salary increase: 3.0 to 7.0 %, including inflation for five year select period beginning 12/31/11; 4.0 to 7.5 %, including inflation thereafter

Valuation date: The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of the December 31, eighteen months prior to the calendar year end in which contributions are reported. * 2013 represents the short period covering January 1, 2013 to June 30, 2013 when the City changed reporting periods. 2012 and prior represent calendar year reporting periods.

Cincinnati Retirement System

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 12

Schedule of the Net OPEB Liability

(Amounts In Thousands)

Total OPEB Liability	\$	2017 510,105
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	486,594
NET OPEB Liability		23,511
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percent of the Total OPEB Liability		95.39%
Covered Payroll	\$	179,887
Net OPEB Liability as a percent of covered payroll		13.07%

^{*} For fiscal year 2017 only one year of data is available. The chart will eventually present ten years.

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Budgetary Comparison Schedule Non GAAP For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in thousands)

		(General Fund				
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final		Amounts	_	gative)	
General Fund							
Revenue Taxes	\$ 311,969	\$ 311	,969 \$	307,260	\$	(4,709)	
Licenses and Permits	14,130		,309	15,787	Ψ	1,657	
Use of Money and Property	10,820		,820	11,040		220	
Intergovernmental Revenue	22,933		,933	22,629		(304)	
Charges for Services	26,181		5,181	25,955		(226)	
Miscellaneous	6,853		5,853	7,226		373	
Total Revenues	392,886	392	2,886	389,897		(2,989)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government	59,068		7,385	55,268		2,117	
Community Development Parks and Recreation	7,802 24,437		3,778 3,936	8,673 24,868		105 68	
Public Safety	253,006		,,930 1,810	258,878		932	
Transportation and Engineering	3,323		5,593	3,426		167	
Public Services	18,704		,059	18,563		496	
Public Health	17,026	17	,487	17,307		180	
Employee Benefits	4,574	5	,464	5,316		148	
Capital Outlay	29		29	29			
Total Expenditures	387,969	396	5,541	392,328		4,213	
Deficiency of Revenue under							
Expense	4,917	(3	3,655)	(2,431)		1,224	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers (Out)	(4,917)	(6	5,766)	(6,766)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,917)	(6	5,766)	(6,766)			
Change in Fund Balance		(10	,421)	(9,197)		1,224	
Cancellation of Prior Years Encumbrances				2,468		2,468	
Fund balances - beginning	28,278	28	3,278	28,278			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 28,278		7,857 \$	21,549	\$	3,692	
Adjustments necessary to convert the results of on the budget basis to the modified accrual basis Excess (Deficiency) of revenues and other fit	s (GAAP) are as follows:	lar) evnenditures					
and other uses per the Budgetary Compariso	•	er) experiultures	\$	(9,197)			
(Increases) decreases from revenues: Received in cash during year but already acc	rued as receivables (GAAP)	at June 30 2016		(21,858)			
Accrued as receivables at June 30, 2017 but (Increases) decreases from encumbrances:		at J ano 50, 2010		13,474			
Expenditures of amounts encumbered during	prior years			(8,759)			
Recognized as expenditures in the budget	1 - 7			10,021			
(Increases) decreases from expenditures:							
Accrued as liabilities at June 30, 2016 recogn Accrued as liabilities at June 30, 2017	ized as expenditures (GAAF) but not in budget		5,919 (5,113)			
Net Change in fund balance per the Statemer	nt of Revenues Evpenditur	res and					
Changes in Fund Balance (Page 44)	J. Horondoo, Exponditu	, unu	\$	(15,513)			

See notes to required supplementary information.

City Of Cincinnati, Ohio

Note to the Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2017

Note A- Budgetary Data

An annual operating budget is legally adopted each fiscal year for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the following Special Revenue Funds: Health Services, Street Construction Maintenance and Repair, Income Tax Infrastructure, Income Tax Transit, Motor Vehicle License, and Special Recreation, Special Parks, and The budgetary data reports included within this report are Streetcare Operations. prepared on a cash basis of accounting, with the exception of certain accrued personal service and employee benefit costs. Encumbrances, which do not lapse at year-end, are included as expenditures in the current year budget (Non-GAAP). The budgetary process begins at least six months prior to the calendar year for which the budget is to be adopted, with the City certifying the proposed budget to the County Auditor by January 20. By July 1, City Council may adopt annual or temporary appropriation measures using, in part, the official certificate of estimated resources approved by the County Budget Commission and tax rates certified by the County Auditor. By October 1, City Council must adopt annual appropriation ordinances. Only unencumbered appropriations lapse at end of the fiscal period.

There are several other special revenue appropriated funds whose revenues are mostly grants which are appropriated monthly as revenues are receipted. These funds include: Tax Increment Financing Funds, Recreation, Parks, Safety, Health, Cincinnati Blue Ash Airport, Community Development, Department of Labor Grants, and Other. The budgets for these funds in the reports included herein are equivalent to the funds expenditures at year end. Outstanding encumbrances are re-appropriated in the next periods' budget. The budgeted revenue is the amount of resources available for expenditures within the period.

The levels of appropriation control for each budgeted expenditure classification that may not be exceeded are: personal services, non-personal services, capital outlay, and debt service. Any revisions that alter the budgeted expenditure classification of any division within a City department must be approved by City Council. During the period, several supplementary appropriations were necessary.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> - is the general operating fund for the City. It is used to account for resources, traditionally associated with governments, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - is used primarily to account for resources restricted to construct or acquire governmental fund capital assets. Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of general obligation debt, federal and state grants and City income tax.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general obligation debt and capital lease payments of the governmental funds.

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Property Property	(Amounts in Thousands)			**	
Revenue				Actual	-
Taxes	General Fund				
Real Property	Revenue				
City Income Tax	Taxes				
Admissions	Real Property	\$ 27,049	\$ 27,049	\$ 27,138	\$ 89
Licenses and Permits Street Use	City Income Tax	279,670	279,670	274,312	(5,358)
Licenses and Permits 4,744	Admissions		5,250	5,810	
Street Use	Total Taxes	311,969	311,969	307,260	(4,709)
Police and Protective	Licenses and Permits				
Police and Protective	Street Use	4,744	4,744	4,723	(21)
Business and Merchandising	Police and Protective	46	46	111	65
Amusements 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	Beer and Liquor	540	540	617	77
Professional and Occupational 179 179 205 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 2	Business and Merchandising	1,915	1,915	2,037	122
Buildings, Structures and Equipment 6.636 6.636 8.024 1.388 Total Licenses and Permits 1.4130 14.130 15.787 1.657		70	70	70	
Buildings, Structures and Equipment 6.636 6.636 8.024 1.388 Total Licenses and Permits 14,130 14,130 15,787 1,657 Use of Money and Property Fines, Forfeits and Penalties 7,650 7,650 7,017 (633) Income fron Treasury Investments 3,000 3,000 3,814 814 Reits 6.55 6.55 208 43 General Concessions and Commissions 5 5 1 (4) Total Use of Money and Property 10,820 10,820 11,040 220 Intergovernmental Revenue Proportionately Shared State Taxes Local Government Pund - Sales, Franchise, State Income Tax 13,000 13,000 12,360 (640) Casino Tax-Host City 3,220 3,220 3,138 (82) State Income Tax 8,046 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-Host City 3,220 3,220 3,138 (82) State Income Tax 8,046 8,046 8,104 551 Total Intergovernmental Revenue 22,933 22,933 22,629 (304) Charges for Services General Government 8,046 8,046 8,104 58 City Planning Other Inspection Certificates 622 622 652 30 Public Safety Police and Communication Charges 474 474 359 (15) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Inspection Fees 437 447 435 (15) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fervice 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Reviews 4,500 4,500 4,500 4,500 4,500 Public Reviews 4,500 4,500 4,500 4,500 Public Reviews 4,500 4,500 4,500 4,500 Public Reviews 4,500 4,500 4,500 Public Reviews 4,500 4,500 4,500 Public Reviews 4,500 4	Professional and Occupational	179	179	205	26
Total Licenses and Permits 14,130 14,130 15,787 1,657		6,636	6,636	8,024	1,388
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties 7,650 7,650 3,000 3,814 814 Rents 3,000 3,000 3,814 814 Rents 165 165 208 43 General Concessions and Commissions 5 5 5 1 (4) Total Use of Money and Property 10,820 10,820 11,040 220 Intergovernmental Revenue Proportionately Shared State Taxes Local Government Fund - Sales, Franchise, State 13,000 13,000 12,360 (640) Casino Tax-County Share 4,780 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-County Share 4,780 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-County Share 4,780 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-County Share 1,933 1,933 2,248 551 Total Intergovernment 8,046 8,046 8,104 58 State Income Tax - Real Property Tax Reduction 1,933 1,933 2,262 652 622	* * *				
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties 7,650 7,650 3,000 3,814 814 Rents 3,000 3,000 3,814 814 Rents 165 165 208 43 General Concessions and Commissions 5 5 5 1 (4) Total Use of Money and Property 10,820 10,820 11,040 220 Intergovernmental Revenue Proportionately Shared State Taxes Local Government Fund - Sales, Franchise, State 13,000 13,000 12,360 (640) Casino Tax-County Share 4,780 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-County Share 4,780 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-County Share 4,780 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-County Share 1,933 1,933 2,248 551 Total Intergovernment 8,046 8,046 8,104 58 State Income Tax - Real Property Tax Reduction 1,933 1,933 2,262 652 622	Use of Money and Property				
Income from Treasury Investments		7,650	7,650	7,017	(633)
Rents 165 165 208 43 General Concessions and Commissions 5 5 1 (4) Total Use of Money and Property 10,820 10,820 11,040 220 Intergovernmental Revenue Proportionately Shared State Taxes 8 8 8 8 6640) (640)					, ,
Total Use of Money and Property 10,820 10,820 11,040 220	•	,			
Total Use of Money and Property 10,820 10,820 11,040 220	General Concessions and Commissions	5	5	1	(4)
Proportionately Shared State Taxes				11,040	
Proportionately Shared State Taxes	Intergovernmental Revenue				
Local Government Fund - Sales, Franchise, State Income Tax					
Income Tax	* *				
Casino Tax-County Share 4,780 4,780 4,647 (133) Casino Tax-Host City 3,220 3,138 822 State Income Tax - Real Property Tax Reduction 1,933 1,933 2,2484 551 Total Intergovernmental Revenue 22,933 22,933 22,629 (304) Charges for Services General Government 8,046 8,046 8,104 58 City Planning 0ther Inspection Certificates 2,484 2,484 2,364 (120) Elevator Certificates 2,484 2,484 2,364 (120) Elevator Certificates 622 622 652 30 Public Safety Public Safety 474 474 359 (115) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9		13,000	13,000	12,360	(640)
Casino Tax-Host Čity 3,220 3,138 (82) State Income Tax - Real Property Tax Reduction 1,933 1,933 2,484 551 Total Intergovernmental Revenue 22,933 22,933 22,629 304 Charges for Services General Government 8,046 8,046 8,104 58 City Planning Other Inspection Certificates 2,484 2,484 2,364 (120) Elevator Certificates 622 622 652 30 Public Safety 474 474 359 (115) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 </td <td>Casino Tax-County Share</td> <td>4,780</td> <td>4,780</td> <td>4,647</td> <td>(133)</td>	Casino Tax-County Share	4,780	4,780	4,647	(133)
State Income Tax - Real Property Tax Reduction 1,933 1,933 2,484 551 Total Intergovernmental Revenue 22,933 22,933 22,629 304) Charges for Services General Government 8,046 8,046 8,104 58 City Planning 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 12 8 2,484 2,484 2,364 (120) 12 12 622 652 30 30 7 12 622 652 652 30 30 7 12 622 652 652 30 30 7 12 622 652 652 30 30 7 12 60 60 602 602 602 30 115 40 474 474 4359 (115) 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 40 40					, ,
Total Intergovernmental Revenue 22,933 22,933 22,629 (304)					
General Government 8,046 8,046 8,104 58 City Planning City Planning (120) Other Inspection Certificates 622 622 652 30 Public Safety 8,046 474 474 359 (115) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health 545 545 625 80 <t< td=""><td>* *</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	* *				
City Planning 2,484 2,484 2,364 (120) Debrator Certificates 622 622 652 30 Public Safety Police and Communication Charges 474 474 359 (115) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Vital Statistics 545 545	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
Other Inspection Certificates 2,484 2,484 2,364 (120) Elevator Certificates 622 622 652 30 Public Safety Police and Communication Charges 474 474 359 (115) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 400 400 380 (20) Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees	General Government	8,046	8,046	8,104	58
Elevator Certificates	City Planning				
Public Safety Police and Communication Charges 474 474 359 (115) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106	Other Inspection Certificates	2,484	2,484	2,364	(120)
Police and Communication Charges 474 474 359 (115) Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 </td <td>Elevator Certificates</td> <td>622</td> <td>622</td> <td>652</td> <td>30</td>	Elevator Certificates	622	622	652	30
Motor Vehicle Response 600 600 583 (17) Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 8 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health 7 1,250 924 (326) Public Health 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 106 106 106 Other Public Health charges 2 2 (2) Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226)	Public Safety				
Impounded Vehicle Fees 600 600 551 (49) Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 8 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 106 106 106 106 Other Public Health charges 2 2 2 (2) Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226)	Police and Communication Charges	474	474	359	(115)
Protective Inspection Fees 200 200 209 9 Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 8 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 Other Public Health charges 2 2 2 (2) <td>Motor Vehicle Response</td> <td>600</td> <td>600</td> <td>583</td> <td>(17)</td>	Motor Vehicle Response	600	600	583	(17)
Protective Service - Burglary Alarm 550 550 754 204 Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 8 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 106 106 106 106 Other Public Health charges 2 2 2 (2) Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226) Miscellaneous 6,853 6,853 7,226 373	Impounded Vehicle Fees	600	600	551	(49)
Emergency Transportation Service 8,365 8,365 8,665 300 Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 20 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 106 106 106 106 Other Public Health charges 2 2 2 (2) Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226) Miscellaneous 6,853 6,853 7,226 373	Protective Inspection Fees	200	200	209	9
Other Public Safety Charges 437 437 429 (8) Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 8 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health 7 7 7 7 80 Clinic Fees 106 <	Protective Service - Burglary Alarm	550	550	754	204
Parking Facilities 1,500 1,500 1,250 (250) Public Services 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health 70	Emergency Transportation Service	8,365	8,365	8,665	300
Public Services Recycling Incentive Fee 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 10	Other Public Safety Charges	437	437	429	(8)
Recycling Incentive Fee 400 400 380 (20) Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 1	Parking Facilities	1,500	1,500	1,250	(250)
Other Public Services Charges 1,250 1,250 924 (326) Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 106 106 106 Other Public Health charges 2 2 2 (2) Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226) Miscellaneous 6,853 6,853 7,226 373	Public Services				
Public Health Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106 <	Recycling Incentive Fee	400	400	380	(20)
Vital Statistics 545 545 625 80 Clinic Fees 106	Other Public Services Charges	1,250	1,250	924	(326)
Clinic Fees 106 <th< td=""><td>Public Health</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Public Health				
Other Public Health charges 2 2 (2) Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226) Miscellaneous 6,853 6,853 7,226 373	Vital Statistics	545	545	625	80
Other Public Health charges 2 2 (2) Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226) Miscellaneous 6,853 6,853 7,226 373	Clinic Fees	106	106	106	
Total Charges for Current Services 26,181 26,181 25,955 (226) Miscellaneous 6,853 6,853 7,226 373					(2)
	Total Charges for Current Services	26,181		25,955	
	Miscellaneous	6,853	6,853	7,226	373

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
eneral Fund			-	
ontinued)				
Expenditures				
City Council Personal Services	\$ 2,131	\$ 1,994	\$ 1,951	\$ 43
Non Personal Services	\$ 2,131 49	\$ 1,994 35	\$ 1,951 16	\$ 43 19
Total City Council	2,180	2,029	1,967	62
Office of the Mayor	2,100	2,02)	1,507	02
Personal Services	723	733	668	65
Non Personal Services	16	16	9	7
Total Office of the Mayor	739	749	677	72
Office of the Clerk of Council				
Personal Services	462	472	472	
Non Personal Services	254	254	207	47
Total Office of the Clerk of Council	716	726	679	47
Department of Enterprise Technology Services				
Personal Services	4,319	4,425	4,425	
Non Personal Services	687	686	682	4
Total Department of Enterprise Technology Services	5,006	5,111	5,107	4
Department of the City Manager				
Office of the City Manager				
Personal Services	1,901	2,019	2,018	1
Non Personal Services	1,301	1,156	1,063	93
Total Office of the City Manager	3,202	3,175	3,081	94
Division of Budget and Evaluation				
Personal Services	938	951	949	2
Non Personal Services	157	123	121	2
Total Division of Budget and Evaluation	1,095	1,074	1,070	4
Office of Environment and Sustainability				
Personal Services	502	518	514	4
Non Personal Services	2,754	2,795	2,635	160
Total Office of Environment Sustainability	3,256	3,313	3,149	164
Division of Performance and Data Analytics				
Personal Services	595	534	515	19
Non Personal Services	57	118	55	63
Total Division of Performance and Data Analytics	652	652	570	82
Internal Audit	250	225	225	
Personal Services Non Personal Services	350	335	335	26
Total Internal Audit	357	391	355	36
Total Department of the City Manager	8,562	8,605	8,225	380
Citizen's Complaint Authority	0,002	0,002	0,220	200
Personal Services	628	594	550	44
Non Personal Services	22	57	40	17
Total Citizen's Complaint Authority	650	651	590	61
Department of Economic Inclusion				
Personal Services	819	834	759	75
Non Personal Services	277	253	236	17
Total Department of Economic Inclusion	1,096	1,087	995	92
Department of Law				
Personal Services	6,121	6,268	6,024	244
Non Personal Services	623	692	678	14
Total Department of Law	6,744	6,960	6,702	258
Department of Human Resources				
Personal Services	1,520	1,539	1,520	19
Non Personal Services	538	500	439	61
Total Department of Human Resources	2,058	2,039	1,959	80
				(Continued)

(Amounts in Thousands)				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund				(
(Continued)				
Expenditures				
Department of Finance Office of the Director				
Personal Services	\$ 331	\$ 332	\$ 319	\$ 13
Non Personal Services	23	23	13	10
Total Office of the Director	354	355	332	23
Division of Accounts and Audits				
Personal Services	1,386	1,338	1,233	105
Non Personal Services	89	121	96	25
Total Division of Accounts and Audits	1,475	1,459	1,329	130
Division of Treasury				
Personal Services	563	573	548	25
Non Personal Services	443	340	174	166
Total Division of Treasury	1,006	913	722	191
Division of Risk Management				
Non Personal Services	157	149	148	1
Total Division of Risk Management	157	149	148	1
Division of Income Tax				
Personal Services	2,427	2,370	2,336	34
Non Personal Services	487	537	380	157
Total Division of Income Tax	2,914	2,907	2,716	191
Division of Purchasing				
Personal Services	733	656	569	87
Non Personal Services	132	159	159	
Total Division of Purchasing	865	815	728	<u>87</u> 623
Total Department of Finance	6,771	6,598	5,975	023
Department of Community and Economic Development				
Director's Office and Administration Personal Services	1,304	1,260	1,216	44
Non Personal Services	3,472	4,333	4,284	49
Total Director's Office and Administration	4,776	5,593	5,500	93
Housing Division	1,770	3,373	3,300	,,,
Personal Services	308	82	82	
Non Personal Services	604	650	644	6
Total Housing Division	912	732	726	6
Economic Development and Major/Special Projects Divisions				
Personal Services	403	416	413	3
Non Personal Services	1,711	2,037	2,034	3
Total Economic Development and Major/Special Projects Divisions	2,114	2,453	2,447	6
Total Department of Community and Economic Development	7,802	8,778	8,673	105
Department of City Planning				
Personal Services	669	675	673	2
Non Personal Services	47	47	47	
Total Department of City Planning	716	722	720	2
Department of Public Recreation				
West Region Division				
Personal Services	2,173	2,203	2,184	19
Non Personal Services	487	487	487	
Total West Region Division	2,660	2,690	2,671	19
East Region Division				
Personal Services	1,650	1,696	1,687	9
Non Personal Services	413	412	412	
Total East Region Division	2,063	2,108	2,099	9
Central Region Division				
Personal Services	2,146	2,065	2,063	2
Non Personal Services	437	436	435	1
Total Central Region Division	2,583	2,501	2,498	3

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
ral Fund inued)				
Expenditures				
Department of Public Recreation (Continued)				
Maintenance Division				
Personal Services	\$ 2,799	\$ 2,697	\$ 2,680	\$ 17
Non Personal Services	1,000	1,026	1,026	·
Total Maintenance Division	3,799	3,723	3,706	17
Division of Athletics				
Personal Services	2,436	2,830	2,830	
Non Personal Services	374	374	373	1
Total Division of Athletics	2,810	3,204	3,203	1
	2,010	3,204	3,203	1
Division of Support Services		4 400	4 450	
Personal Services	1,552	1,489	1,478	11
Non Personal Services	195	274	273	1
Capital Outlay	26	26	26	
Total Division of Support Services	1,773	1,789	1,777	12
Total Department of Public Recreation	15,688	16,015	15,954	61
Department of Parks				
Office of the Director				
Personal Services	228	230	230	
Non Personal Services	1	1	1	
Total Office of the Director	229	231	231	-
Division of Operations and Facility Management				
Personal Services	4,251	4,297	4,296	1
Non Personal Services	2,089	2,132	2,130	2
Total Division of Operations and Facility Management	6,340	6,429	6,426	3
•	0,540	0,429	0,420	3
Division of Administration and Program Services				
Personal Services	1,399	1,480	1,480	
Non Personal Services	807	807	803	4
Total Division of Administration and Program Services	2,206	2,287	2,283	4
Total Department of Parks	8,775	8,947	8,940	7
Department of Building and Inspections				
Building Division				
Personal Services	5,815	5,976	5,766	210
Non Personal Services	523	531	491	40
Total Building Division	6,338	6,507	6,257	250
Division of Building Inspections, Licenses and Permits	0,000	3,007	J,20 /	250
Personal Services	2.402	2,322	2 245	77
Non Personal Services	2,493		2,245	
	3,293	3,131	761	48
Total Division of Building Inspections, Licenses and Permits	9,631	9,638	3,006 9,263	125 375
Total Department of Buildings and Inspections	9,031	9,038	9,203	313
Department of Police				
Division of Police				
Personal Services	122,547	125,643	124,767	876
Non Personal Services	12,618	12,650	12,650	
Total Division of Police	135,165	138,293	137,417	876
Division of Police Emergency Communications				
Personal Services	8,605	8,775	8,775	
Non Personal Services	210	284	284	
Total Division of Police Emergency Communications	8,815	9,059	9,059	
Total Department of Police	143,980	147,352	146,476	876
*	143,700	177,332	170,770	870
Department of Fire	100 165	102 205	102 204	4
Personal Services	100,165	103,205	103,204	1
Non Personal Services	8,861	9,253	9,198	55
Total Department of Fire	109,026	112,458	112,402	
				(Continued)

(Amounts in Thousands)			77 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund				
(Continued)				
Expenditures				
Department of Transportation and Engineering				
Office of the Director	\$ 456	\$ 464	\$ 453	\$ 11
Personal Services Non Personal Services	\$ 436 99	\$ 464 62	\$ 453 51	\$ 11 11
Total Office of the Director	555	526	504	22
Division of Transportation Planning		220		
Personal Services	27	22	20	2
Non Personal Services	22	17	1	16
Total Division of Transportation Planning	49	39	21	18
Division of Engineering				
Personal Services	231	259	145	114
Non Personal Services	54	33	24	9
Total Division of Engineering	285	292	169	123
Division of Traffic Engineering				
Personal Services	77	46	45	1
Non Personal Services	2,357	2,690	2,687	3
Total Division of Traffic Engineering	2,434	2,736	2,732	4
Total Department of Transportation and Engineering	3,323	3,593	3,426	167
Department of Public Services				
Office of the Director				
Personal Services	849	832	808	24
Non Personal Services	100	99	98	1_
Total Office of the Director	949	931	906	25
Division of Traffic and Road Operations				
Personal Services	419	244	194	50
Non Personal Services	895	706	686	20
Total Traffic and Road Operations	1,314	950	880	70
Neighborhood Operations Division	7.024	7.021	7,520	202
Personal Services Non Personal Services	7,934 5,884	7,921 6,628	7,538	383
Total Neighborhood Operations Division	13,818	14,549	6,615	396
Division of City Facility Management	13,010	14,547	14,133	370
Personal Services	90	87	83	4
Non Personal Services	2,392	2,388	2,388	7
Capital Outlay	2,372	10	9	1
Total City Facility Management	2,482	2,485	2,480	
Division of Fleet Services	, -	,	,	
Personal Services	140	143	143	
Non Personal Services	1	1	1	
Total Fleet Services	141	144	144	
Total Department of Public Services	18,704	19,059	18,563	496
Department of Public Health				
Office of the Commissioner				
Personal Services	1,705	1,643	1,628	15
Non Personal Services	1,216	964	925	39
Capital Outlay	3	3	3	
Total Office of the Commissioner	2,924	2,610	2,556	54
Office of Technical Resources				
Personal Services	1,709	1,806	1,792	14
Non Personal Services Total Office of Technical Personnes	2 175	466	465	1 15
Total Office of Technical Resources	2,175	2,272	2,257	15
Office of Community Health Services	2 155	2 207	2 207	
Personal Services Non Personal Services	3,177 255	3,297 255	3,297 253	2
Total Office of Community Health Services	3,432	3,552	3,550	2 2
Total Office of Community fleatin Services	3,432	3,334	3,330	2

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
eral Fund				
tinued)				
Expenditures				
Department of Public Health (Continued)				
Division of Primary Care - Programs	¢ 2146	¢ 2211	¢ 2.206	¢ =
Personal Services	\$ 2,146	\$ 2,211	\$ 2,206	\$ 5
Non Personal Services	23 2,169	2,233	22 2,228	5
Total Division of Primary Care - Programs	2,109	2,233	2,228	3
Department of Public Health (Continued)				
Division of Primary Care - Centers	~ 400	~ ~ 10	5 100	101
Personal Services	5,480	5,542	5,438	104
Non Personal Services	5 492	5.5.15	5 441	104
Total Division of Primary Care - Centers	5,483	5,545	5,441	104
Division of School and Adolescent Health				
Personal Services	827	1,038	1,038	
Non Personal Services	19	240	240	
Total Division of School and Adolescent Health	846	1,278	1,278	
Total Department of Public Health	17,029	17,490	17,310	180
Nondepartmental Accounts				
Pension Contributions to Police Pension System	7	7		7
•	7	7		7
Contributions to Fire Pension System Employee Benefits	/	,		/
Public Employee Assistance	277	277	277	
Workers' Compensation Insurance	3,233	3,233	3,233	
Police Officers and Firefighters' Insurance	300	300	285	15
State Unemployment Compensation	250	250	208	42
Lump Sum Payments	500	1,390	1,313	77
Professional Services and Legal Fees	500	1,570	1,515	, , ,
Judgments Against the City	900	938	938	
Audit and Examiners' Fees	350	469	469	
Hamilton County Treasurer's and Auditor's Fees	550	1,655	1,655	
County Clerk Fees	350	350	350	
Election Expense	150	33	33	
Miscellaneous Accounts	130	33	33	
Enterprise Software and Licenses	2,808	2,808	2,808	
Memberships and Lobbyists	217	217	215	2
Mayor's Office Obligations	113	88	88	-
Manager's Office Obligations	146	122	118	4
Downtown Special Improvement District	90	90	35	55
Cincinnati Public Schools	5,000	5,000	5,000	
Port Authority of Greater Cincinnati	630	700	700	
Reserve for Contingencies	2,895			
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	18,773	17,934	17,725	209
Total Expenditures	387,969	396,541	392,328	4,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,917	(3,655)	(2,431)	1,224
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers (Out)	(4,917)	(6,766)	(6,766)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,917)	(6,766)	(6,766)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(1,217)	(3,700)	(0,700)	
and Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,421)	(9,197)	1,224
Cancellation of Prior Years Encumbrances			2,468	2,468
Fund balances - beginning	28,278	28,278	28,278	

GENERAL FUND Revenue		
Taxes		
Property Taxes	\$	27,154
City Income Tax	·	273,194
Other Taxes		5,811
Total Taxes	_	306,159
Licenses and Permits		
Street Use		4,723
Police and Protective		111
Beer and Liquor		622
Business and Merchandising		2,037
Amusements		70
Professional and Occupational		141
Buildings, Structures and Equipment		8,092
Total Licenses and Permits		15,796
Use of Money and Property		
Fines, Forfeits and Penalties		6,938
Income from Treasury Investments		657
Rents		48
Total Use of Money and Property	_	7,643
Total Coc of Money and Property		7,040
Intergovernmental Revenue		
Proportionately shared State Taxes		
Local Government Fund - Sales, Franchise, State		
Income Tax		12,320
State Income Tax - Real Property Tax Reduction		2,484
Casino Tax - County Share		4,698
Casino Tax - Godiny Share Casino Tax - Host City Share		3,209
Payments from Other Governmental Units		17
Revenues from Private Sources		122
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	_	22,850
5		, -

GENERAL FUND (Continued) Charges for Services	
General Government \$ Planning and Buildings	7,383
Other Inspection Certificates	2,368
Elevator Certificates	691
Public Safety	
Police and Communication Charges	425
Impounded Vehicle Fees	551
Protective Inspection Fees Protective Service - Burglary Alarm	222 242
Emergency Transportation Service	8,549
Other Public Safety Charges	1,613
Public Services	1,310
Public Health	
Vital Statistics	625
Clinic Fees	106
Total Charges for Current Services	24,085
Miscellaneous	828
Total Revenues	377,361
Expenditures	
City Council	1,979
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,
Office of the Clerk of Council	701
Office of the Mayor	682
Department of the City Manager	
Office of the City Manager	3,152
Division of Budget and Evaluation	1,016
Division of Environmental Management	3,055
Division of Performance and Data Analytics Division of Internal Audit	586 350
Total Department of City Manager	8,159
Citizen's Complaint and Internal Audit	594

GENERAL FUND (Continued) Expenditures	
Department of Economic Inclusion	\$ 924
Department of Law	6,808
Department of Human Resources	1,900
Department of Finance	
Office of the Director	358
Division of Accounts and Audits	1,389
Division of Treasury	682
Division of Risk Management	148
Division of Income Tax	2,222
Division of Purchasing	810
Total Department of Finance	5,609
D	
Department of City Planning and Buildings	
Office of the Director	727
Total Department of City Planning and Buildings	727
Department of Community Development	
Office of the Director	6,029
Division of Housing Development	723
Division of Community Development	2,171
Total Department of Community Development	8,923
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-,-
Department of Public Recreation	
Division of Community Activities - West Region Division	2,926
Division of Community Activities - East Region Division	2,125
Division of Community Activities - Central Region Division	2,519
Division of Community Activities - Maintenance Division	3,739
Division of Athletics	3,205
Division of Administration	1,710
Total Department of Public Recreation	16,224
Department of Parks Administration and Program Services	
Office of the Director	324
Division of Operations and Facility Management	7,209
Division of Planning, Design and Development	2,285
Total Department of Parks Administration and Program Services	9,818
	•

GENERAL FUND (Continued) Expenditures

Department of Buildings and Inspections Division of Buildings Division of Building Inspections, Licenses and Permits Total Department of Buildings and Inspections	\$	6,408 2,535 8,943
Department of Police Division of Police Emergency Communications Center Total Department of Police	-	136,782 9,115 145,897
Department of Fire		114,291
Department of Transportation and Engineering Office of the Director Division of Engineering Division of Traffic Engineering Total Department of Transportation and Engineering		460 196 2,436 3,092
Department of Public Services Office of the Director Division of Traffic and Road Operations Division of Neighborhood Operations Division of City Facility Management Division of Fleet Services Total Department of Public Services		917 783 14,132 2,297 145 18,274
Department of Enterprise Technology Solutions		5,267
Department of Public Health Office of the Commissioner Division of Technical Resources Division of Community Health Services Division of Primary Care - Programs Division of Primary Care - Health Centers Division of Primary Care - Other Total Department of Public Health		2,636 2,202 3,580 2,256 5,495 1,113

GENERAL FUND (Continued) Expenditures

Nondepartmental Accounts		
Judgments Against the City	\$	768
Enterprise Software Licenses		2,693
County Fees and Estate Tax Adjustment		1,887
Election Expense		32
Mayor's Office Obligations		87
Cincinnati Manager's Office Obligations		150
Professional Memberships and Publications		216
Downtown Special Improvement Districts		35
Cincinnati Public Schools		5,000
Audit Fees		262
Port Authority of Greater Cincinnati		700
Property Investment Reimbursement Agreements		30
Total Nondepartmental Accounts		11,860
Total Expenditures		387,954
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(10,593)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,
Other Financing Sources(Uses)		
Transfers In		1,461
Transfers (Out)		(6,381)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(4,920)
Total Other I mancing doubles (Oses)		(4,920)
Not Change in Fund Palance		(45 542)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(15,513)
Fund halangae, July 1		02.020
Fund balances, July 1	_	92,838
E a Hada a sa Laga 00		ф 77 005
Fund balances, June 30		\$ 77,325

pital Project Funds	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
•			
Revenue			
Taxes	\$ 26,546	\$ 26,546	\$
Use of Money and Property	671	671	
Special Assessments	407	407	
Intergovernmental Revenue	1,791	1,791	
Federal Grants	7,119	7,119	
State Grants	3,269	3,269	
Grants and Subsidies	347	347	
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	13,521 53,671	13,521 53,671	
Capital Outlay Expenditures			
Enterprise Technology Services	4,677	4,677	
Department of the City Manager			
Office of the City Manager	144	144	
Office of Environment and Sustainability	436	436	
Division of Economic Development	2,622	2,622	
Division of Performance and Data Analytics	209	209	
Total Department of the City Manager	3,411	3,411	
Department of Finance Division of Accounts and Audits			
Division of Accounts and Audits Division of Purchasing	75	75	
•	75	75	
Total Department of Finance	75	75	
Department Community and Economic Development	0.404	0.404	
Housing Division	2,464	2,464	
Economic Development and Major/Special Projects Divisions	11,684	11,684	-
Total Department of Community and Economic Development	14,148	14,148	
Department of City Planning	64	64	
Department of Public Recreation			
Division of Golf	2,115	2,115	
Division of Support Services	2,107	2,107	
Total Department of Public Recreation	4,222	4,222	
Department of Parks			
Division of Operations and Facility Management	643	643	
Division of Administration and Program Services	1,633	1,633	
Total Department of Parks	2,276		-
·		2,276	
Department of Police	1,479	1,479	
Department of Fire	492	492	
Department of Building and Inspections			
Building Division	46	46	
Division of Building Inspections, Licenses and Permits	342	342	
Total Department of Building and Inspections	388	388	
Department of Transportation and Engineering			
Office of the Director	78	78	
Division of Transportation Planning	2,779	2,779	
Division of Engineering	56,793	56,793	
Division of Aviation	379	379	
Division of Traffic Engineering	1,748	1,748	
Total Department of Transportation and Engineering	61,777	61,777	
Department of Enterprise Sequines			
Department of Enterorise Services			
Department of Enterprise Services Division of Convention Center	1 005	1 105	
Department of Enterprise Services Division of Convention Center Division of Parking Facilities	1,095 222	1,095 222	

	Budge	t_	_	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Capital Project Funds (Continued)					
Capital Outlay Expenditures					
Department of Public Services					
Division of Traffic and Road Operations	\$ 43	0	\$	430	\$
Neighborhood Operations Division	57			577	
Division of City Facility Management	12,99	5	_	12,995	
Total Department of Public Services	14,00	2		14,002	
Department of Public Health Office of the Commissioner	32	3		323	
Department of Stormwater Management					
Office of the Director	97	2		972	
Onice of the Britoter	0,	_		012	
Motorized Equipment	13,87	4	_	13,874	
Total Capital Outlay Expenditures	123,49	7		123,497	
Other Expenditures					
Department of City Manager					
Office of Environmental Sustainability					
Non Personal Services	3	1		31	
Department of Finance					
Division of Accounts and Audits					
Non Personal Services	73	2		732	
Debt Service	13,68			13,687	
Division of Treasury	.0,00	•		10,001	
Debt Service	1	3		13	
Department of Parks					
Division of Operations and Facility Management Non Personal Services		8		8	
Non Foldaria Colvidos		•		Ü	
Department of Transportation and Engineering					
Division of Engineering Non Personal Services	4	^		40	
Non Personal Services	4	0		40	
Department of Enterprise Services					
Division of Convention Center					
Debt Service	4	2		42	
Division of Fleet Services					
Non Personal Services	21	5		215	
Total Other Expanditures	44.70		-	14.700	
Total Other Expenditures	14,76	O		14,768	
Total Expenditures	138,26	5	_	138,265	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(84,59	4)		(84,594)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Bond and Note Proceeds	90,10	4		90,104	
Master Lease Financing Program	12,15			12,150	
Transfers In	146,96			146,960	
Transfers (Out)	(125,16		_	(125,163)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	124,05	1	_	124,051	_
Net Change in Fund Balance	39,45	7		39,457	
Fund balances - beginning	192,62	7		192,627	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 232,08		Ф.	232,084	\$
Fund balances - ending	Φ 232,08	4	Φ=	∠3∠,∪ŏ4	\$

Debt Service Fund	Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenue			
Taxes	\$ 31,650	\$ 32,064	\$ 414
Use of Money and Property	22,280	22,765	485
Intergovernmental Revenue	6,865	7,005	140
Miscellaneous Revenue	10,689	10,616	(73)
Total Revenues	71,484	72,450	966
Expenditures			
Department of Finance			
Office of the Director			
Personal Services	106	106	
Division of Accounts and Audits			
Personal Services	97	97	
Non Personal Services	448	448	
Debt Service	7,309	7,309	
Total Division of Accounts and Audits	7,854	7,854	
Division of Treasury			
Personal Services	241	241	
Non Personal Services	1,709	1,709	
Debt Service	109,988	109,988	
Total Division of Treasury	111,938	111,938	
Total Department of Finance	119,898	119,898	
Department Community and Economic Development			
Director's Office and Administration			
Non Personal Services	247	247	
Debt Service	160	160	
Total Director's Office and Administration	407	407	
Housing Division		•	
Non Personal Services	3 3	3	
Total Housing Division	3	3	
Economic Development and Major/Special Projects Divisions		-0.4	
Debt Service	784	784	
Total Economic Development and Major/Special Projects Divisions	784	784	
Total Department Community and Economic Development	1,194	1,194	-
Non Departmental Accounts			
Workers' Compensation Insurance	4	4	
Total Non-Departmental Accounts	4	4	
Non Departmental - Debt Service Payments			
Non Personal Services	3	3	
Debt Service	3,847	3,847	
Total Non-Departmental - Debt Service Payments	3,850	3,850	
Total Expenditures	124,946	124,946	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(53,462)	(52,496)	966
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
General Obligation Bond Proceeds	90,688	29,663	(61,025)
Bond Premiums	3,848	3,848	
Build America Bonds Subsidy	108	108	
Transfers In Transfers (Out)	45,455 (39,243)	45,455 (39,243)	
· ·			(04.025)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100,856	39,831	(61,025)
Net Change in Fund Balance	47,394	(12,665)	(60,059)
Fund balances - beginning	113,510	113,510	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 160,904	\$ 100,845	\$ (60,059)

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>Tax Increment Financing Funds</u> - Used to account for service payments in lieu of property taxes, capital and debt service expenditures from Tax Increment Financing Districts and Projects.

<u>Health Services Fund</u> - Used to improve, establish, expand, and/or maintain health services to the citizens of Cincinnati.

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> - Used to account for street maintenance, repair and cleaning, and the operation and maintenance of traffic signals. Financing is provided by the City's share of State-levied Motor Vehicle License Tax, Gasoline Tax, and reimbursements of expenses.

<u>Income Tax Infrastructure Fund</u> - Used to account for the proceeds of a .1% levy on earned income for infrastructure purposes.

<u>Income Tax Transit Fund</u> - Used to account for the proceeds of a .3% levy on earned income for transit purposes.

<u>Motor Vehicle License Fund</u> - Used to account for resources provided by the locally levied Municipal Motor Vehicle License Tax.

<u>Special Recreation Fund</u> - Used to account for monies received for special recreation activities such as, enrichment exercise programs or caretaker services.

Special Parks Fund – Used to account for monies received for special parks, such as, Sawyer Point Park.

<u>Streetcar Operations Fund</u> – Used to account monies received for streetcar operations, maintenance, contingency (construction and operation), and capital expenses.

<u>Recreation</u> - Used to account for Federal funds, private contributions, and user fees, and for expenditures made for special recreation activities.

<u>Parks</u> - Used to account for State funds, private contributions, and user fees, and for expenditures made for special parks activities.

<u>Safety</u> - Used to account for Federal and State funds and private contributions, and for expenditures made for public safety purposes.

<u>Health</u> - Used to account for Federal and State funds, private contributions and user fees, and for expenditures made for public health purposes.

<u>Cincinnati Blue Ash Airport</u> - Used to account for the revenue and the expenditures for the operation and maintenance of a municipal airport.

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Cont)

<u>Community Development</u> - Used to account for Federal funds received for city-wide development operations.

<u>Department of Labor Grants</u> - Used to account for Federal funds received for the relief of unemployment through jobs and training.

Other - Used to account for Federal and State funds, private contributions and user fees, and for expenditures for specific purposes not otherwise designated.

<u>Bettman Nature Center</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of bequests made for the Bettman Nature Center.

PERMANENT FUNDS

<u>Groesbeck Endowment</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of bequests made for the cost of music concerts in Burnet Woods.

<u>Schmidlapp Park Music</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of bequests made for the cost of music concerts in Eden Park.

<u>Joanna Peters Bequest</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of bequest made for the treatment of alcoholism.

<u>W. M. Ampt Music Endowment</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of bequests made for the cost of concerts in various City parks.

<u>Crosley Field Trust</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of bequests made for the maintenance of the Crosley Field Sports Complex.

<u>Kroger Trust</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of a bequest made for the maintenance of the Hartwell Recreation Center.

<u>Yeatman's Cove Park Trust</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of a bequest made for the maintenance of the Yeatman's Cove Park.

<u>Park Board Fund</u> - Used to account for the investment and expenditure of bequests related to the maintenance and improvement of Fleischmann Gardens, the Geier Esplanade, and various citywide parks.

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)

Special Revenue Funds

								Speci	H Kev	Special Revenue Funds	qs							
		Тах				Street												
	=	Increment			ပိ	Construction					2	Motor						
	Œ	Financing Funds	v.	Health Services	Na Na	Maintenance and Repair	l li	Income Tax Infrastructure	<u> </u>	Income Tax Transit	× =	Vehicle License	Special Recreation	ial	<i>o</i> , –	Special Parks	σõ	Streetcar
ASSETS		5			3	0				5	i	8				2	5	
Cash and Equivalents Equity in City Treasury Cash	s	1 38,152	↔	1,971	↔	5,279	↔	12,101	↔	13,751	↔	2,140	€	288 3,098	↔	2,273	↔	3,422
Investments		7,827																
Receivables:								,		1								
laxes		:				•		1,290		3,870								
Accounts, Net		41,554		682		4		88		;		20		9 '		ı		
Accrued Interest				•						39		;		၈ <u>:</u>		/ :		!
Due from Other Funds		167		6		311		114		63		56		15		7		12
Due from Other Governments						029						236						
Inventory Advances to Other Eunds						496		106				2						
Total Assets	¥	87 701	¥	2 662	¥	6 760	¥	13 700	U	17 773	¥	2 427	<i>₩</i>	3 428	¥	2 201	¥	3 437
LIABITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FIND RAI ANGES)	5	••	į	 	5)	3	+)			2	•	1	+	5
Liabilities:																		
Accounts Payable	ઝ	5,270	↔	276	↔	182	↔	193	↔	69	s	7	\$	145	↔	19	↔	945
Due to Other Funds				12		138		130		382		16		_		_		
Due to Fiduciary Funds				25		32		06		_		80		2				
Accrued Payroll				160		251		436		က		23		171		4		
Accrued Liabilities		5,270		က		2		12				_		2				
Deposits Payable						9		۲۵ ۵						5				-
Advances from Other Funds								7						2				006
Total Liabilities		10,540		476		617		884		455		88		337		24		1,846
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues Levied for the next year and																		
Unavailable Revenue		41,969				4		351		1,016				20		2		
Fund Balances: Restricted		35,192				6,139		12,465		16,252		2,338						1,591
Committed				2,186										3,071		2,262		
Total Fund Balances		35,192		2,186		6,139		12,465		16,252		2,338	(-)	3,071		2,262		1,591
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	↔	87,701	s	2,662	s	6,760	s	13,700	s	17,723	s	2,427	€.	3,428	s	2,291	s	3,437

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)

								Special	Special Revenue Funds	Fund	6						
									Cincinnati	nati			Department			Bettman	an
									Blue Ash	۱sh	Com	Community	of Labor			Nature	ē
	Rec	Recreation	-	Parks	(V)	Safety	_	Health	Airport	1	Develo	Development	Grants	ð	Other	Center	er
ASSETS																	
Cash and Equivalents	↔	80	↔	6,518										⇔	827	\$	69
Equity in City Treasury Cash		2,536		6,223	s	9,213	S	635	s	121	` ∽	1,685 \$	\$ 16		9,646		
Investments				200												_	1,670
Receivables:																	
Accounts, Net		10				2,369		601							7		
Special Assessments								4			Ť	10,539		2	21,908		
Accrued Interest		80		19		4											
Due from Other Funds		7		31		4		10				119			711		
Inventory								114							82		
Advances to Other Funds		25						Î				1					
Total Assets	↔	2,598	↔	13,491	s	11,627	s	1,364	6	121	\$	12,343	\$	↔	33,179	8	1,739
LIABII ITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS AND																	
FIND BALANCES																	
Liabilities:																	
Accounts Pavable	69	4	69	37	G	527	69	741			·	1.019		69	1.299		
Due to Other Funds		_		_		944		33				197			37		
Due to Figures Finds						· ·		2,00				σ			· "		
				1 %		, K		730				, ,			, "		
				3		3 -		9 0				200			3 2		
Accided Liabilities						- ;		0				203			454		
Deposits Payable						3,041									ဖ		
Estimated Liability for Unpaid Claims				2													
Advances from Other Governments												_					
Total Liabilities		15		72		4,554		1,270				1,567			1,820		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																	
Revenues Levied for the next year and																	
Unavailable Revenue		2		-		7		4			Ť	10,539		7	21,910		
Fund Balances:																	
Restricted		2,028		7,400		6,821		G	⇔	121		237	\$ 16		6,488	& _	1,739
				500,5		2007		8							2,20		
Total Fund Balances		2,578		13,408		7,071		06		121		237	16		9,449		1,739
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	↔	2,598	s	13,491	s	11,627	s	1,364	₩	121	\$	12,343	\$ 16	↔	33,179	\$	1,739

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)
Permanent Funds

						Pe	Permanent Funds	nnds									
	•			:		i		(;		1		Total	<u> </u>
	ភ្	Groesbeck Endowment Fund		Schmidlapp Park Music Fund	Joanna Peters Bequest	The V Fndow	The W.M. Ampt Music Endowment Fund		Crosley Field Trust	Kroger	Kroger	Yeatman's Cove Park Trust	s'r ¥	2 8 E	Park Board Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	ajor nental Is
ASSETS		3	1	3	5	[] [ĺ				2
Cash and Equivalents Equity in City Treasury Cash Investments, at Fair Value	↔	39 546	↔	51		⇔	128 198	↔	8 949	⇔	62	9	999	\$,7	234 \$	\$ 7,9 113,7	7,953 113,224 19,328
Receivables: Taxes Accounts, Net Special Assessments Accrued Interest Due from Other Funds Inventory Advances to Other Funds							-						- 4		· 	32,6,1	5,160 45,349 32,451 87 1,659 906 310
Total Assets	₩	585	σ	51	\$	€	327	€	957	€	79	9	029	\$ 7,	7,672 \$, 226,948	948
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Fiduciary Funds Accrued Payroll Accrued Liabilities Deposits Payable Estimated Liability for Unpaid Claims Advances from Other Funds															c,	8 00 + 0 0 0	10,747 1,893 242 1,628 6,066 3,075 14
Advances from Other Governments											İ				İ	Č	- 6
i otal Liabilities															Ì	74,	74,500
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues Levied for the next year and Unavailable Revenue												₩	-			75,	75,837
Fund Balances: Nonspendable	€	277	↔	51		↔	320	⇔	225	€	20	5		↔	672	27	395
Restricted Committed		∞					7		732		59	_	169	7,	2,000	106,772 17,378	772 378
Total Fund Balances		585		51			327		957		26	9	699	7,	7,672	126,545	545
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	585	↔	51	\$	8	327	\$	957	\$	79	9 \$	029	\$ 7,	,672	\$ 226,948	948

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)

							Spec	Special Revenue Funds	spi					
		Тах			S	Street			1					
		Increment		Health	Cons	Construction Maintenance	Income Tax	Income Tax	Motor Vehicle		Special	Spe	Special	Streetcar
		Funds	0,	Services	and	and Repair	Infrastructure		License		Recreation	- Pa	Parks	Operations
REVENUES														
Taxes							\$ 17,626	\$ 52,877						
Use of Money and Property	ઝ	46						18		↔	282	↔	208	
Intergovernmental Revenue		410			↔	9,115			\$ 2,737	7	č			
Federal Grants Charace for Current Services			¥	089 8		77	JE		ď	98	201		730	
Miscellaneous		36,787)	0,000		<u>‡</u>	?		•	2	3,076		3	
Total Revenues		37,243		8,680		9,259	17,671	52,895	2,773	၉	4,204		938	
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
General Government		21,131		106			2,927	896	0)	66	230		24 \$	1,865
Community Development		066												
Parks and Recreation						322	2,834	24			4,005		962	
Transportation and Engineering							5,235	22						
Public Services						8,416	9,000		2,129	<u>و</u>				
Transit System								52,561						
Public Health				9,622										
Capital Outlay		6,505												
Debt Service Principal		2,907												
Debt Service Interest		3,086												
Bond Issuance Costs		64								l			ĺ	
Total Expenditures		34,683		9,728		8,771	16,996	53,575	2,228	8	4,235		820	1,865
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		0		3		9	1				3			200
over (under) Expenditures	ļ	2,560		(1,048)		488	6/9	(080)	242	ا اب	(31)		2	(1,805)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Discounts on Bonds and Notes Issued		(9)												
Refunding Bonds Issued		2,550												
Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent		(2,477)												
Transfers In		1,908									_		7	1,500
Transfers (Out)		(19,627)				(115)	(066)	(100)		(40)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(17,652)				(115)	(066)	(100)		(40)	-		1	1,500
Net Change in Fund Balances		(15,092)		(1,048)		373	(315)	(780)	202	5	(30)		129	(392)
Fund Balances, July 1		50,284		3,234		5,766	12,780	17,032	1,833	23	3,101	2,	2,133	1,956
Fund Balances. June 30	€;	35.192	€.	2.186	€.	6.139	\$ 12,465	\$ 16.252	\$ 2.338	€	3.071	€	2.262 \$	1.591
	·	1		î	·			÷	·					

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Special Revenue Funds

EVENUES	axes	Licenses and Permits	Use of Money and Property	Special Assessments	Intergovernmental Revenue	Federal Grants	State Grants and Subsidies	Charges for Current Services	Miscellaneous
REVENUES	Taxes	Licenses ar	Use of Mor	Special Ass	Intergovern	Federal Gra	State Grant	Charges for	Miscellana

Miscellariedus Total Revenues

EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Community Developmen

Community Development
Parks and Recreation
Public Safety
Transportation and Engineering
Public Services
Public Health
Capital Outlay
Debt Service Principal
Debt Service Interest

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures

Total Expenditures

Transfers In Transfers (Out)

Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)

Net Change in Fund Balances
Fund Balances, July 1
Fund Balances, June 30

								Cinci Blue	Cincinnati Blue Ash	S	Community	۵ ۵	J			ğ ğ	Bettman Nature
I	Recreation	Pa	Parks		Safety		Health	Airport	ort	Deve	Development	Grants]	Other		ŏ	Center
													↔		3,626		
				↔	9/	↔	1,151								_		
↔	5	↔	1,396		4		7	↔	10	↔	91			2,3		s	183
							7				149			6,1	62		
					5,360		1,564							N	8		
	267				4,802		9,726				12,010			2,5	2,267		
	116		4		93		919								_		
	21		1,243		1,512		10,540				23			1,3	1,314		
	3		1,379				3				3,337			1	122		
ı I	412		4,022		11,847		23,907		10		15,610			16,098	86		183
			2		3,349		215				736			7,1	20		
											10,618			2,9	2,993		
	591		3,052								201			1,6	33		7
					6,204						200						
														4	486		
														1,6	1,616		
							25,624				251						
											619						
											40						
											617		 				
I	591		3,057	l	9,553		25,839				13,842			13,848	48		1
	(179)		965		2,294		(1,932)		10		1,768			2,5	2,250		172
	13		328								7			1,6	1,615		
					(20)						(36)			(2,0	(2,006)		(28)
	13		328		(20)						(29)		 	(3	(391)		(28)
	(166)		1,293		2,244		(1,932)		10		1,739			7,8	1,859		114
	2,744		12,115		4,827		2,022		111		(1,502)	\$ 16	ဖ	7,5	7,590		1,625
↔	3 2,578	S	13,408	S	7,071	↔	06	s	121	s	237	\$ 16	↔ ©		9,449	\$	1,739

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

							erman	Permanent Funds							
	Groesbeck	Ų	Schmidlapp		Joanna	The W.M. Ampt	uo t	Croslev			Yeatman's		Park	Total Nonmaior	tal najor
	Endowment	. #	Park Music		Peters	Music Fodowment Fund	<u> </u>	Field	Ž Γ	Kroger	Cove Park		Board	Govern	Governmental
REVENUES		1		1			 					1			
Taxes														₩	74,129
Licenses and Permits										,					1,228
Use of Money and Property	9) 9	(9)	~	ss	Ξ	⇔	မ ၈	106	ss	↔	2	↔	1,119		5,863
Special Assessments Intergovernmental Revenue															0,330 19,386
Federal Grants														.,	29,273
State Grants and Subsidies															1,133
Charges for Current Services															27,966
Miscellaneous		l I												7	41,674
Total Revenues	9)	(9)	_		(T)		6	106			2	 	1,119	20	206,982
EXPENDITURES															
Current:															
General Government														(.,	38,775
Community Development														_	14,601
Parks and Recreation			_					2		15			20		13,573
Public Safety															6,964
Transportation and Engineering															5,743
Public Services															18,161
Iransit System Dublic Hooth														1) (52,561
Carital Outlay														,	7.497
Capital Couray Debt Service Principal															7 947
Debt Service Interest															3,703
Bond Issuance Costs							ļ								64
Total Expenditures		 	1					2		15			20	16	199,713
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues															
over Expenditures	9)	(9)			(1)		6	101		(15)	2	 	1,069		7,269
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Discounts on Bonds and Notes Issued															(9)
Retunding Bonds Issued															2,550
Transfers In															5.383
Transfers (Out)	(2,	=			(125)		(8)	(13)					(241)	S	(23,430)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(21)	 			(125)		(8)	(13)					(241)	,C)	17,980)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(27)	~			(126)		_	88		(15)	2		828	Ξ	(10,711)
Fund Balances, July 1	612	~	51		126	326	0)	869		94	299		6,844	1	137,256
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 585	8	51	s		\$ 327		\$ 957	s	262	699		\$ 7,672	\$ 126,545	26,545
	ř.))					1.1.	•	2: 2621

Variance with

						Final Budget Positive
Tax Increment Financing Funds	Bud	get		Actual	-	(Negative)
Revenue	_		_			
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	410	\$	410	\$	
Use of Money and Property		46		46		
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	36,787		36,787		
Total Revenues		37,243		37,243		
Expenditures						
Department of the City Manager						
Office of the City Manager						
Capital Outlay		3,434		3,434		
Debt Service		194		194		
Total Office of the City Manager		3,628		3,628		
Office of Economic Development		- /		-,-		
Capital Outlay		978		978		
Debt Service		8		8		
Total Office of Economic Development		986		986		
Total Department of the City Manager		4,614		4,614	-	
Department of Finance						
Division of Accounts and Audits						
Non Personal Services		20,187		20,187		
Capital Outlay		67		67		
Debt Service		11,215		11,215		
Total Department of Finance		31,469		31,469		
Department Community and Economic Development Housing Division						
Non Personal Services		292		292		
Debt Service		69		69		
Total Housing Division		361		361		
·						
Economic Development and Major/Special Projects Divisions						
Non Personal Services		64		64		
Capital Outlay		3,014		3,014		
Debt Service		2,679		2,679		
Total Economic Development and Major/Special Projects Divisions		5,757		5,757		
Total Department Community and Economic Development		6,118	-	6,118		
Total Expenditures		42,201		42,201		
	-			<u>, </u>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over(under) expenditures		(4,958)		(4,958)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Bond Proceeds		2,550		2,550		
Disount on Bonds Sold		(6)		(6)		
Transfers In		5,045		5,045		
Transfers (Out)	(16,724)		(16,724)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(9,135)		(9,135)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(14,093)		(14,093)		
Fund balances - July 1		60,240		60,240		
Fund balances - June 30	\$	46,147	\$	46,147	\$	

City of Cincinnati, Ohio

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	В	udget	A	Actual	Budget	nce with t - Positive gative)
HEALTH SERVICES FUND						
REVENUES						
Charges for Current Services	\$	9,656	\$	8,771	\$	(885)
Total Revenues		9,656		8,771		(885)
EXPENDITURES Department of Public Health Division of Primary Health Care - Programs						
Personal Services		435		435		
Non-Personal Services		3		3		
Total Division of Primary Health Care - Programs		438		438		
Division of Primary Health Care - Centers						
Personal Services		5,338		5,337		1
Non-Personal Services		3,910		3,886		24
Total Division of Primary Health Care - Centers		9,248		9,223		25
Total Department of Public Health		9,686		9,661		25
Nondepartmental Accounts						
Public Employee Assistance		3		3		
Workers' Compensation Insurance		47		47		
General Fund Overhead Charge	-	172		106		66
Total Nondepartmental Accounts		222		156		66
Total Expenditures		9,908		9,817		91
Net Change in Fund Balance		(252)		(1,046)		(794)
Fund Balance - July 1		2,304		2,304		
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	2,052	\$	1,258	\$	(794)

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
STREET CONSTRUCTION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND			
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental Revenue			
Motor Vehicle License	\$ 1,960	\$ 1,932	\$ (28)
Gasoline	7,663	7,802	139
Miscellaneous	171	268	97
Total Revenues	9,794	10,002	208
EXPENDITURES			
Department of Parks			
Operations and Facility Management			
Personal Services	253	253	
Non-Personal Services	114	114	
			-
Total Operations and Facility Management	367_	367	
Total Department of Parks	367	367	
Department of Public Services			
Traffic and Road Operations Division			
Personal Services	4,186	3,817	369
Non-Personal Services	2,140	1,719	421
Capital Outlay	18_	18_	
Total Traffic and Road Operations Division	6,344	5,554	790
Neighborhood Operations Division			
Personal Services	3,178	2,975	203
Non-Personal Services	466	433	33
Total Neighborhood Operations Division	3,644	3,408	236
Total Department of Public Services	9,988	8,962	1,026
Nondepartmental Accounts			
Public Employee Assistance	7	6	1
Workers' Compensation Insurance	74	71	3
State Unemployment Compensation	13	12	1
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	94	89	5
Total Expenditures	10,449	9,418	1,031
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over	()		
(under) Expenditures	(655)	584	1,239
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers Out	(115)	(115)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(115)	(115)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(770)	469	1,239
Cancellation of Prior Year Encumbrances		443	443
Fund Balance - July 1	3,866	3,866	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 3,096	\$ 4,778	\$ 1,682

City of Cincinnati, Ohic Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Variance with

	Budget		Actual		Budget - Positive (Negative)	
INCOME TAX INFRASTRUCTURE FUND						
REVENUES						
Taxes	•	40.040	Φ.	47.000	Φ.	(0.45)
City Income Tax Charges for Current Services	\$	18,043	\$	17,698 25	\$	(345) 25
Miscellaneous				339		339
Total Revenues	-	18,043		18,062		19
EXPENDITURES		. 5,5 . 5		.0,002		
Enterprise Technology Services						
Non-Personal Services		840		840		
Total Enterprise Technology Services		840		840		
Department of the City Manager						
Office of the Budget and Evaluation						
Personal Services		149		149		
Non-Personal Services		25		19		6
Total Office of Budget and Evaluation		174		168		6
Total Department of the City Manager		174		168		6
Department of Law						
Personal Services		220		217		3
Non-Personal Services		7		7		
Total Department of Law		227		224		3
Department of Human Resources						
Personal Services		250		194		56
Total Department of Human Resources		250		194		56
Department of Finance						
Division of Accounts and Audits						
Personal Services		190		188		2
Non-Personal Services		4		11		3
Total Division of Accounts and Audits		194		189		5
Division of Purchasing						
Personal Services		121		119		2
Total Department of Figure		121 315		119 308		2
Total Department of Finance		315		300		,
Department of Public Recreation Division of Maintenance						
Personal Services		753		749		4
Non-Personal Services		285		285		7
Total Department of Public Recreation		1,038		1,034		4
Department of Parks		1,000		1,00		-
Division of Operations and Facility Management						
Personal Services		1,693		1,693		
Non-Personal Services		8		8		
Total Division of Operations and Facility Management		1,701	-	1,701		
Division of Administration and Program Services						
Personal Services		58		58		
Total Division of Administration and Program Services		58		58		<u> </u>
Total Department of Parks		1,759		1,759		
Department of Buildings & Inspections						
Building Division						
Personal Services		68		68		
Total Department of Buildings & Inspections		68		68		
Department of Transportation and Engineering						
Office of the Director						
Personal Services		814		765		49
Non-Personal Services		42		25		17
Total Office of the Director		856		790	(Canting)	66
					(Continue	eu)

City of Cincinnati, Ohic Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual

For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Variance with

	Budget	Actual	Budget - Positive (Negative)
NCOME TAX INFRASTRUCTURE FUND			
(Continued) EXPENDITURES (Continued)			
Department of Transportation and Engineering (Continued)			
Division of Transportation Planning			
Personal Services	\$ 330	303	27
Non-Personal Services		10	10
Total Division of Transportation Planning	350	313	37
Division of Engineering Personal Services	1,811	1,712	99
Non-Personal Services	525	457	68
Total Division of Engineering	2,336	2,169	167
Division of Traffic Engineering			
Personal Services	1,961	1,961	
Non-Personal Services	217	55	162
Total Division of Traffic Engineering	2,178	2,016	162
Total Department of Transportation and Engineering	5,720	5,288	432
Department of Public Services			
Office of the Director Personal Services	121	115	6
Non-Personal Services	72	71	1
Total Office of the Director	193	186	7
Division of Traffic and Road Operations	100	100	,
Personal Services	1,997	1,790	207
Non-Personal Services	946	915	31
Capital Outlay	12	6	6
Total Division of Traffic and Road Operations	2,955	2,711	244
Division of City Facility Management			
Personal Services	1,898	1,872	26
Non-Personal Services Total City Facility Management	1,458 3,356	1,458 3,330	26
Total Department of Public Services	6,504	6,227	277
Department of Economic Inclusion			
Personal Services	302	302	
Non-Personal Services	23	23	
Total Department of Economic Inclusion	325	325	
Nondepartmental Accounts			
Public Employee Assistance	11	11	
State Unemployment Compensation	3	1	2
Workers' Compensation Insurance	130	125	5
Lump Sum Payments	328	245	83
General Fund Overhead	768	768	
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	1,240	1,150	90
Total Expenditures	18,460	17,585	875
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over			
(under) Expenditures	(417)	477	894
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers Out	(990)	(990)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(990)	(990)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,407)	(513)	894
Cancellation of Prior Years Encumbrances	(1,407)	(513)	358
	40.044		358
Fund Balance - July 1	10,914	10,914	•
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 9,507	\$ 10,759	\$ 1,252

INCOME TAX TRANSIT FUND		Budget		Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)	
		- Judget		······		- <u> </u>
REVENUES Taxes						
City Income Tax Use of Money and Property Miscellaneous	\$	54,130 75	\$	53,093 156 2	\$	(1,037) 81 2
Total Revenues		54,205		53,251		(954)
EXPENDITURES SORTA						, ,
Operations		52,861		52,861		
Total SORTA		52,861		52,861		
Department of Law Administration						
Personal Services Total Department of Law		119 119		107 107		12 12
Total Department of Law		113		107		12
Department of Parks Division of Parks Operations and Facility Management Non Personal Services		30		24		6
Total Department of Parks		30		24		6
Department of Transportation and Engineering Office of the Director Personal Services		53		10		43
Total Office of the Director		53		10		43
					-	
Division of Transportation Planning Personal Services Non-Personal Services		51 111		4		47 111
Total Division of Transportation Planning		162		4		158
Total Department of Transportation and Engineering		215		14		201
Nondepartmental Accounts Workers' Compensation Insurance General Fund Overhead		1 461		410		1 51
Total Nondepartmental Accounts		462		410		52
Total Expenditures		53,687		53,416		271
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		518		(165)		(683)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out		(100)		(100)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(100)		(100)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	418		(265)		(683)
•						, ,
Cancellation of Prior Years Encumbrances		40.704		10.704		1
Fund Balance - July 1	ф.	13,791	_	13,791	Ф.	(000)
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	14,209	\$	13,527	\$	(682)

City of Cincinnati, Ohio

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE FUND		Budget Act		Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)	
		uaget		Cluai	(Neg	jative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenue Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$	2,595	\$	2,731 21 32	\$	136 21 32
Total Revenues		2,595		2,784		189
EXPENDITURES Department of Public Services Traffic and Road Operations Division						
Personal Services Non-Personal Services		1,832 849		1,634 684		198 165
Total Department of Public Services		2,681		2,318		363
Nondepartmental Accounts Workers' Compensation Insurance Public Employees Assistance Program General Fund Overhead		19 2 111		16 1 99		3 1 12
Total Nondepartmental Accounts		132		116		16
Total Expenditures		2,813		2,434		379
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(218)		350		568
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers Out		(40)		(40)		
Total Other Financing Sources		(40)		(40)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(258)		310		568
Cancellation of Prior Years Encumbrances				116		116
Fund Balance - July 1		1,446		1,446		
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	1,188	\$	1,872	\$	684

(Amou	nts in Thousands)		Mantanaaaadd		
	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)		
SPECIAL RECREATION FUND			(110910)		
REVENUES					
Use of Money and Property	\$ 326	\$ 323	\$ (3)		
Charges for Services	3,324	3,718	394		
Federal Grants	200	201	1		
Miscellaneous Revenue	50	52	2		
Total Revenues	3,900	4,294	394		
EXPENDITURES Department of Recreation West Region					
Personal Services	697	674	23		
Non-Personal Services	139	105	34		
Total West Region	836	779	57		
East Region					
Personal Services	1,007	967	40		
Non-Personal Services	218	189	29		
Total East Region	1,225	1,156	69		
Central Region					
Personal Services	851	851			
Non-Personal Services	174_	127	47		
Total Central Region	1,025	978	47		
Division of Athletics					
Personal Services	458	458			
Non-Personal Services	474	453	21		
Total Division of Athletics	932	911	21		
Division of Support Services					
Personal Services	77	74	3		
Non-Personal Services	62	53	9		
Capital Outlay	13		13		
Total Division of Support Services	152	127	25		
Total Department of Recreation	4,170	3,951	219		
Nondepartmental Accounts					
Public Employee Assistance	4	3	1		
Workers' Compensation Insurance	38	37	1		
General Fund Overhead	260	230	30		
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	302	270	32		
Total Expenditures	4,472	4,221	251		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(572)	73	645		
Cancellation of Prior Year Encumbrances		68	68		
Fund Balance - July 1	2,668	2,668			
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 2,096	\$ 2,809	\$ 713		

SPECIAL PARKS FUND	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ 445	\$ 243	\$ (202)
Charges for Services	613	731	118
Miscellaneous Revenue		6	6
Total Revenues	1,058	980	(78)
EXPENDITURES			
Department of Parks			
Division of Operations and Facility Management			
Personal Services	712	434	278
Non-Personal Services	711	362	349
Total Division of Operations and Facility Management	1,423	796	627
Total Department of Parks	1,423	796	627
Nondepartmental Accounts			
Workers' Compensation Insurance	4	4	
General Fund Overhead	37	24	13
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	41	28	13
Total Expenditures	1,464	824	640
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	(406)	156	562
Net Change in Fund Balance	(406)	156	562
Cancellation of Prior Year Encumbrances		1	1
Fund Balance - July 1	2,053	2,053	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 1,647	\$ 2,210	\$ 563

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
STREETCAR OPERATIONS	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES			
Charges for Current Services	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	
Miscellaneous		296	296
Total Revenues	1,500	1,796	296
EXPENDITURES			
SORTA			
Oprerations			
Personal Services	256	243	13
Non-Personal Services	3,030	2,391	639
Total SORTA	3,286	2,634	652
Total Expenditures	3,286	2,634	652
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over			
(under) Expenditures	(1,786)	(838)	(948)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	1,500	1,500	
Transfers Out	(1,500)	(1,500)	
Total Other Financing Sources			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,786)	(838)	948
Fund Balance - July 1	1,956	1,956	
Fund Balance - June 30	<u>\$ 170</u>	\$ 1,118	\$ 948

	B	udget		Actual	Budget	nce with - Positive gative)
RECREATION GRANTS						
REVENUES Use of Money and Property Federal Grants	\$	31 300	\$	30 268	\$	(1) (32)
Grants and Subsidies Charges for Current Services Miscellaneous		200 16 75		116 14 75		(84)
Total Revenues		622		503		(119)
EXPENDITURES Department of Recreation West Region						
Non-Personal Services		35	-	35		
Total West Region		35		35		
East Region Non-Personal Services		14		14		
Total East Region		14		14		
Central Region Non-Personal Services		37		37		
Total Central Region		37		37		
Division of Golf						
Capital Outlay Total Division of Athletics	-	<u>10</u> 10		<u>10</u> 10		
Division of Athletics Personal Services Non-Personal Services		244 174		244 174		
Total Division of Athletics	-	418		418		
Division of Support Services Personal Services Non-Personal Services		23		23		
Total Division of Support Services	-	128 151		128 151		
Total Department of Recreation		665		665	-	
Total Department of Recreation		000		000		
Nondepartmental Accounts Workers' Compensation Insurance		1_		1_		
Total Division of Support Services		1_	-	1_		
Total Expenditures		666		666		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(44)		(163)		(119)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		13		13		
Total Other Financing Sources		13		13		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(31)		(150)		(119)
Fund Balance - July 1		2,709	•	2,709	Φ.	(440)
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	2,678	\$	2,559	\$	(119)

DADKO	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
PARKS			
REVENUES			
Use of Money and Property	\$ 998	\$ 1,439	\$ 441
Charges for Current Services	1,065	1,245	180
State Grants	19		(19
Grants and Subsidies	1	4	3
Miscellaneous	62_	153_	91
Total Revenues	2,145	2,841	696
EXPENDITURES			
Department of Parks			
Division of Operations and Facility Management			
Personal Services	918	918	
Non-Personal Services	661_	661_	
Total Division of Operations and Facility Management	1,579	1,579	
Division of Administration and Program Services			
Personal Services	253	253	
Non-Personal Services	237	237	
Total Division of Administration and Program Services	490	490	
Total Department of Parks	2,069	2,069	
Nondepartmental Accounts			
Public Employee Assistance Program	1	1	
Workers' Compensation Insurance	11	11	
General Fund Overhead	5	5	
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	17	17	
Total Expenditures	2,086	2,086	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over			
(under) Expenditures	59	755	696
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)			
Transfers In	29	29	
Total Financing Sources	29	29	
Net Change in Fund Balance	88	784	696
Fund Balance - July 1	5,444	5,444	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 5,532	\$ 6,228	\$ 696
	- - - - - - - - - -	 	-

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
SAFETY			
REVENUES			
Licenses and Permits	\$ 5	55 \$ 76	\$ 21
Use of Money and Property	1	15 16	1
Intergovernmental Revenue	5,28	3,693	(1,592)
Federal Grants	4,85	•	(50)
State Grants	8	36 86	
Grants and Subsidies		7	
Charges for Current Services	1,37		142
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	
Total Revenues	11,68	32 10,204	(1,478)
EXPENDITURES			
Enterprise Technology Services			
Personal Services	1,29		
Non-Personal Services	1,83		
Total Enterprise Technology Services	3,13	3,136	
Department of Law			
Non-Personal Services		7 7	
Total Department of Law		7 7	
Department of Police			
Division of Police			
Personal Services	1,60		
Non-Personal Services	1,96		
Capital Outlay		15 15	
Total Division of Police	3,58	3,581	
Division of Police Emergency Communications			
Personal Services	25		
Non-Personal Services		21 421	
Total Division of Police Emergency Communications	-	78 678	
Total Department of Police	4,25	59 4,259	
Department of Fire			
Personal Services	66	664	
Non-Personal Services	42	20 420	
Total Department of Fire	1,08	1,084	
Nondepartmental Accounts			
Public Employee Assistance Program		1 1	
General Fund Overhead		96 96	
Workers' Compensation Program		<u>15</u> 15	
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	11	12 112	
Total Expenditures	8,59	98 8,598	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over			
(under) Expenditures	3,08	1,606	(1,478)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	/-	-0) (50)	
Transfers Out		50) (50)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5	50) (50)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,03	1,556	(1,478)
Fund Balance - July 1	4,64	4,646	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 7,68		\$ (1,478)
i unu balance - June 30	φ 1,00	80 \$ 6,202	φ (1,478)

	Budget	Actual	Bud Pos	nce with dget - sitive pative)
HEALTH	Buuget	Actual	(IVE	janve)
REVENUES				
Licenses and Permits	\$ 1,185	\$ 1,151	\$	(34)
Intergovernmental Revenue Federal Grants	1,543	1,563		20
State Grants	8,870 168	9,727 332		857 164
Grants and Subsidies	844	588		(256)
Charges for Current Services	11,160	10,757		(403)
Special Assessments	1	1		
Miscellaneous	8_	8		
Total Revenues	23,779	24,127		348
EXPENDITURES				
Department of Finance				
Division of Treasury Personal Services	10	10		
	<u>19</u>	19		
Total Department of Finance	19	19		
Department of Public Health				
Office of the Commissioner	000	000		
Personal Services Non-Personal Services	323 627	323 627		
Total Office of the Commissioner	950	950		
Total Office of the Commissioner	950	950		
Division of Technical Resources				
Personal Services	4	4		
Non-Personal Services	54	54		
Total Division of Technical Resources	58	58		
Division of Community Health Services				
Personal Services	2,145	2,145		
Non-Personal Services	1,485	1,485		
Total Division of Community Health Services	3,630	3,630		
Division of Primary Health Care - Programs				
Personal Services	3,645	3,645		
Non-Personal Services	1,726	1,726		
Total Division of Primary Health Care - Programs	5,371	5,371		
Division of Primary Health Care - Centers				
Personal Services	3,916	3,916		
Non-Personal Services	4,134	4,134		
Total Division of Primary Health Care - Centers	8,050	8,050		
Division of School and Adolescent Health				
Personal Services	5,846	5,846		
Non-Personal Services	1,455	1,455		
Total Division of School and Adolescent Health	7,301	7,301		
Total Department of Public Health	25,360	25,360		
Nondepartmental Accounts				
Public Employee Assistance	12	12		
Workers' Compensation Insurance	154	154		
General Fund Overhead Charge	<u>195</u>	195		
Total Nondepartmental Accounts	361	361	-	
Total Expenditures	25,740	25,740		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,961)	(1,613)		348
Fund Balance - July 1	1,764	1,764		
Fund Balance - June 30	<u>\$ (197)</u>	\$ 151	\$	348

CINCINNATI BLUE ASH AIRPORT	Bu	Budget		Budget		etual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	10_	\$	10	\$ 		
Total Revenues		10		10			
EXPENDITURES							
Total Expenditures							
Net Change in Fund Balance		10		10			
Fund Balance - July 1		111		111			
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	121	\$	121	\$ 		

	Dudae			Actual		Variance with Budget - Positive
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	Budge	<u>: L</u>		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$ 3.	434	\$	3,434	\$	
Federal Grants		,010	*	12,010	•	
Charges for Current Services		23		23		
Special Assessments		150		150		
Miscellaneous		18		18	_	
Total Revenues	15	,635		15,635		
EXPENDITURES						
Department of the City Manager Office of Economic Development						
Capital Outlay		664		664		
Total Office of Economic Development		664		664	_	
Total Department of the City Manager		664		664	_	
Department of Community and Economic Development						
Director's Office and Administration						
Personal Services		963		963		
Non-Personal Services		350		350		
Capital Outlay Total Director's Office and Administration		797 ,110		797 2,110	-	
Division of Housing	۷.	,110		2,110		
Personal Services		296		296		
Non-Personal Services		65		65		
Capital Outlay	6	,924		6,924		
Total Division of Housing	7	,285		7,285	_	
Division of Economic Development and Major/Special Projects						
Personal		92		92		
Non-Personal Services		17		17		
Capital Outlay		,040		1,040	_	
Total Division of Economic Development and Major/Special Projects	1,	,149		1,149		
Division of New Construction and Existing Building Standards		440		440		
Capital Outlay		110		110	_	
Total Division of New Construction and Existing Building Standards		110		110	_	
Total Department of Community and Economic Development	10	,654		10,654		
Department of Parks						
Division of Administration and Program Services						
Capital Outlay	-	4		4	_	
Total Division of Administration and Program Services		4		4	-	
Total Department of Parks		4		4		
Department of Buildings and Inspections						
Division of Bldg. Inspections, License and Permits						
Capital Outlay		683		683	_	
Total Division of Bldg. Inspections, License and Permits Total Department of Buildings and Inspections		683 683		683 683	-	
Department of Public Services						
Division of City Facility Management						
Capital Outlay		23		23		
Total Division of City Facility Management		23		23	_	
Total Department of Public Services		23		23	-	

(Continued)

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT (Continued)	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)			
Department of Health Division of Community Health Services Capital Outlay Division of Community Health Services	\$ 251 251	\$ 251 251	\$
Total Department of Health	251	251	
Nondepartmental Accounts Special Investigations and Studies Total Nondepartmental Accounts		1,420 1,420	
Total Expenditures	13,699	13,699	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	1,936	1,936	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers(Out)	(36)	(36)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(36)	(36)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,900	1,900	
Fund Balance - July 1	(2,639)	(2,639)	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ (739)	'	\$

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR GRANTS	_	Budget	=	Actual		Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
Total Revenues	\$		\$		\$	
EXPENDITURES						
Total Expenditures	_		-		,	
Net Change in Fund Balance						
Fund Balance - July 1		15	_	15		
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	15_	\$	15	\$	

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
OTHER GRANTS			(cregames)
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 2,500	\$ 3,626	\$ 1,126
Use of Money and Property	2,340	2,480	140
Special Assessments	6,181	6,181	
Federal Grants	2,269	2,269	
Charges for Current Services	1,316	1,316	
License and Permits	1		(1)
Intergovernmental Revenue	200	200	
Miscellaneous	151_	151	
Total Revenues	14,958	16,223	1,265
EXPENDITURES			
Department of the City Manager			
Office of the City Manager			
Non-Personal Services	3	3	
Total Office of the City Manager	3	3	
• •	3	3	
Office of Environment and Sustainability	40	4.0	
Personal Services	10	10	
Non-Personal Services	54	54	
Total Office of Environment and Sustainability	64	64_	-
Total Department of the City Manager	67	67	
Department of Human Resources			
Non Personal Services	6_	6	
Total Department of Human Resources	6	6	
Department of Finance			
Division of Accounts and Audits			
Non-Personal Services	168	168	
Total Division of Accounts and Audits	168	168	
Division of Treasury			
Non-Personal Services	6,268	6,268	
Total Division of Treasury	6,268	6,268	_
Total Department of Finance	6,436	6,436	
Department of Community and Economic Development Director's Office and Administration			
Personal Services	85	85	
Non-Personal Services	87	87	
Total Director's Office and Administration	172	172	_
Division of Housing			
Non-Personal Services	59	59	
Capital Outlay	2,206	2,206	
Total Division of Housing	2,265	2,265	
Division of Economic Development and Major/Special Projects			
Non Personal Services	526	526	
Total Division of Economic Development and Major/Special Projects	526	526	
Division of New Construction and Existing Building Standards			
Non-Personal Services	9	9	
Total Division of New Construction and Existing Building Standards	9	9	_
Total Department of Community and Economic Development	2,972	2,972	•
Department of Parks			
Division of Operations and Facility Management			
Personal Services	675	675	
Non-Personal Services	1,402	1,402	
Total Department of Parks	2,077	2,077	
			(Continued)

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
OTHER GRANTS	Dauget	Aotuui	(Negative)
(Continued)			
EXPENDITURES (Continued)			
Department of Recreation			
Division of Administration	Φ 444	C 444	
Personal Services Non-Personal Services	\$ 111 159	\$ 111 159	
Total Division of Administration	270	270	
Total Department of Recreation	270	270	
Department of Buildings and Inspections			
Division of Bldg. Inspections, License and Permits			
Non-Personal Services	151	151	
Total Division of Bldg. Inspections, License and Permits	151	151	
Total Department of Buildings and Inspections	151	151	
Department of Transportation and Engineering			
Division of Engineering			
Non-Personal Services	5	5	
Total Division of Traffic Engineering	5	5	
Division of Traffic Engineering			
Personal Services	102	102	
Non-Personal Services	313	313	
Total Division of Traffic Engineering Total Department of Transportation and Engineering	<u>415</u> 420	415 420	
	120	120	
Department of Public Services Division of Traffic and Road Operations			
Personal Services	112	112	
Non-Personal Services	105	105	
Total Division of Traffic and Road Operations	217	217	
Division of Neighborhood Operations			
Non-Personal Services	27	27	
Total Division of Neighborhood Operations	27	27	
Division of City Facility Management			
Non-Personal Services	1,568	1,568	
Total City Facility Management	1,568	1,568	
Total Department of Public Services	1,812	1,812	
Nondepartmental Accounts			
Public Employees Assistance Workers' Compensation Insurance	1	1	
Total Department of Nondepartmental Accounts	<u> </u>	<u>10</u> 11	
Total Expenditures	14,222	14,222	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over			
(under) Expenditures	736	2,001	\$ 1,265
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	1,426	1,426	
Transfers Out	(2,006)	(2,006)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(580)	(580)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	156	1,421	1,265
Fund Balance - July 1	8,243	8,243	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 8,399	\$ 9,664	\$ 1,265

BETTMAN NATURE CENTER	Bı	udget	A	ctual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	45	\$	45	\$
Total Revenues	Ψ	45	_Ψ	45	Ψ
EXPENDITURES Department of Parks Division of Operations and Facility Management Non-Personal Services		11_		11_	
Total Division of Operations and Facility Management		11_		11_	
Total Department of Parks		11		11	
Total Expenditures		11_		11_	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		34		34	
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers Out		(59)		(59)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(59)		(59)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(25)		(25)	
Fund Balance - July 1		1,592		1,592	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	1,567	\$	1,567	\$

GROESBECK ENDOWMENT FUND	Bu	dget	Ac	ctual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	21	\$	21	\$
Total Revenues		21		21	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		21		21	
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers Out		(21)		(21)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(21)		(21)	
Net Change in Fund Balance					
Fund Balance - July 1		58		58	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	58	\$	58	\$

SCHMIDLAPP PARK MUSIC FUND	Buc	lget	Act	tual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	1_	\$	1_	\$
Total Revenues		1		1	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		1		1	
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers Out		(1)		(1)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(1)		(1)	
Net Change in Fund Balance					
Fund Balance - July 1		51		51	
•			•	,	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	51	\$	51	\$

	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
JOANNA PETERS BEQUEST			
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	\$	\$
Total Revenues			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers Out	(125)	(125)	
Total Other Financing Uses	(125)	(125)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(125)	(125)	
Fund Balance - July 1	125	125	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	\$	\$

THE W. M. AMPT MUSIC ENDOWMENT FUND	Bu	dget	Ac	tual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	8	\$	8	\$
Total Revenues		8		8	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		8		8	
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers Out		(8)		(8)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(8)		(8)	
Net Change in Fund Balance					
Fund Balance - July 1		137		137	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	137	\$	137	\$

CROSLEY FIELD TRUST	Budg	Act	ual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)		
OKOGELI TIEED TKOOT						
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	25	\$	25	\$	_
Total Revenues		25		25		
EXPENDITURES Department of Recreation Division of Athletics Non-Personal Services		5		5		
Total Department of Recreation		5		5		_
Total Expenditures		5		5		_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		20		20		
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers Out		(13)		(13)		_
Total Other Financing Uses		(13)		(13)		_
Net Change in Fund Balance		7		7		
Fund Balance - July 1		873		873		_
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	880	\$	880	\$	_

KROGER TRUST	Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)		
MICOSEN INCOT					
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	<u>\$ 1</u>	\$ 1	\$		
Total Revenues	1	1			
EXPENDITURES Department of Recreation Division of West Region					
Non-Personal Services	16	16			
Total Department of Recreation	16_	16_			
Total Expenditures	16	16			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(15)	(15)	·		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15)	(15)			
Fund Balance - July 1	94	94			
Fund Balance - June 30	\$ 79	\$ 79	\$		

YEATMAN'S COVE PARK TRUST		ıdget	Ac	ctual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Use of Money and Property	\$	8	\$	8	\$
Total Revenues		8		8	
Net Change in Fund Balance		8		8	
Fund Balance - July 1		659		659	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	667	\$	667	\$

	B	udget	A	ctual	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
PARK BOARD FUND					
REVENUES					
Use of Money and Property	\$	461	\$	461	\$
Total Revenues		461		461	
EXPENDITURES Department of Parks					
Division of Administration and Program Services		50		50	
Non-Personal Services		50		50	
Total Division of Administration and Program Services		50		50	
Total Department of Parks		50		50	
Total Expenditures		50		50	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		411		411	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)					
Transfers Out		(241)		(241)	
Total Other Financing Uses		(241)		(241)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		170		170	
Fund Balance - July 1		6,137		6,137	
Fund Balance - June 30	\$	6,307	\$	6,307	\$

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CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

<u>Convention Center</u> – Used to account for the expenses from the operation of the Duke Energy Convention Center, financed primarily through user fees.

<u>Parking Facilities</u> - Used to account for the revenue and expenses of the parking meters, garages, and lots of the City.

<u>General Aviation</u> - Used to account for the expenses of Lunken Airport, financed primarily through user fees.

<u>Municipal Golf</u> - Used to account for the revenue received from all golf activities and for the expenses of operating the golf courses of the City.

<u>Stormwater Management</u> - Used to account for the operation, maintenance and improvement of a stormwater management system. Financing is provided by the users of the system in proportion to their use of the system.

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CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Convention Parking General Center Facilities Aviation			N	lunicipal Golf	oal Stormwater Management			Total lonmajor nterprise Funds			
ASSETS												
Current Assets:												
Cash and Equivalents			\$	88			\$	364			\$	452
Equity in City Treasury Cash Receivables:	\$	1,327		2,378	\$	574		335	\$	3,224		7,838
Taxes		521										521
Accounts, Net		1,274		40		36		62		2,364		3,776
Accrued Interest		200		35		14		4		47		100
Due from Other Funds		26		49		12 7		7		92		186
Prepaid Items Advances to Other Funds		542 705		77 2,556		2,237		465		4,858		626 10,821
Total Current Assets		4,395		5,223		2,880		1,237		10,585		24,320
Noncurrent Assets:												
Equity in City Treasury Cash		4,575		8,199		1,978		1,155		11,117		27,024
Land		11,555		8,161		13,229		1,324		7,074		41,343
Buildings, net of Accumulated Depreciation		44		17,394		447		243				18,128
Improvements, net of Accumulated Depreciation		80,788		17,824		6,679		7,065		47,856		160,212
Machinery and Equipment, net of Accumulated Depreciation Property Acquired Under Capital Lease Net of Accumulated		380		681		744		848		1,395		4,048
Amortization								409				409
Construction in Progress		3,499		3,768		678		186		5,655		13,786
Total Noncurrent Assets		100,841		56,027	_	23,755		11,230	_	73,097		264,950
Total Assets DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		105,236		61,250	_	26,635		12,467	_	83,682		289,270
Loss on Defeasance				515		12		13				540
Cincinnati Retirement System				1,019		518		140		855		2,532
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				1,534		530		153		855		3,072
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable		152		249		20		148		507		1,076
Due to Other Funds		215		7		21		50		628		921
Due to Fiduciary Funds				10		4		0		11		25
Accrued Payroll Accrued Liabilities				67 416		25 22		3		80 1		175 439
Accrued Interest		9		34		2		3		29		439 77
Obligations Under Capital Lease		3		34		2		258		29		258
Deposits Payable		2				4		250				6
Unearned Revenue		1,283		14		35						1,332
Compensated Absences Payable		-,		158		81		15		144		398
General Obligation Bonds Payable		121		635		42		280		334		1,412
Total Current Liabilities		1,782		1,590		256		757		1,734		6,119
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences Payable				225		202		24		400		851
General Obligation Bonds Payable		3,535		9,881		372		538		4,196		18,522
Obligations Under Capital Lease		3,333		3,001		372		441		4,130		441
Net Pension Liability-Cincinnati Retirement System				4,539		1,862		257		3,450		10,108
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation		41		963		388		12		552		1,956
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,576	_	15,608	_	2,824		1,272		8,598	_	31,878
Total Liabilities		5,358		17,198		3,080		2,029		10,332		37,997
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Gain on Defeasance		35				17		10				62
Service Concession Arrangements		00		12,101		.,,		10				12,101
Cincinnati Retirement System				3,341		1,084		149		2,006		6,580
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		35	_	15,442	_	1,101		159		2,006		18,743
NET POSITION				•		•				,		•
Net Investment in Capital Assets		94,759		38,377		21,358		8,561		60,100		223,155
Unrestricted Net Position		5,084		(8,233)	_	1,626		1,871		12,099		12,447
Total Net Position	\$	99,843	\$	30,144	\$	22,984	\$	10,432	\$	72,199	\$	235,602

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Total Nonmajor Convention Parking General Municipal Stormwater Enterprise Center Facilities Aviation Golf Management Funds **OPERATING REVENUES** Charges for Services 7,407 \$ 12,903 2,133 \$ 5,855 \$ 11,187 39,485 Miscellaneous Income 429 29 540 998 **Total Operating Revenues** 7,407 13,332 2,162 6,395 11,187 40,483 **OPERATING EXPENSES** Personal Services 90 2,597 977 319 3,297 7,280 Contractual Services 8,738 3,610 173 3,898 1,334 17,753 Maintenance and Repairs 4,559 4,781 160 19 43 Materials and Supplies 125 73 121 298 617 Utilities 152 177 484 893 80 Insurance 62 46 289 411 9 5 736 45 819 Taxes 38 Rent 105 8 184 297 Other Expense 102 3 42 147 (2,776)Pension Expense (137)(6,371)(160)(3,437)(12,881)Depreciation and Amortization 2,877 1,055 3,305 4,372 762 12,371 **Total Operating Expenses** 13,125 4,139 (530)5,803 9,951 32,488 Operating Income (Loss) (5,718)9,193 2,692 592 1,236 7,995 **NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)** Interest Revenue 17 8 11 6 42 Occupancy Tax 2,166 2,166 Interest Expense (33)(381)(17) (63)(34)(528)Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) 2,133 (364)(9) (52)(28)1,680 Income (Loss) before Contributions and (3,585)8,829 2,683 540 1,208 9,675 Transfers Transfers In 575 575 Transfers (Out) (1) (2,759)(6) (4) (2,770) Capital Contributions 36 50 9 95 Change in Net Position (3,550)6,645 2,727 549 1,204 7,575 Beginning Net Position 103,393 23,499 20,257 9,883 70,995 228,027 **Ending Net Position** 99,843 30,144 22,984 10,432 72,199 235,602

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Total Nonmajor Convention Parking General Municipal Stormwater Enterprise Center Facilities Aviation Golf Management Funds Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from Customers \$ 6,525 \$ 13,006 \$ 2,150 \$ 6,335 \$ 11,282 \$ 39,298 Receipts from Other Funds 960 960 Payments to Suppliers (20,796)(8,772)(4,005)(565)(4,614)(2,840)(302) (2,518) Payments to Other Funds (3,067)(3,445) (76)(373) (90) (947)(6,928)Payments to Employees (3,000)Payments for Property Taxes (830) (43) (873) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (1,453)5,351 595 1,348 2,375 8,216 Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Repayment of Advances Made To Other Funds 453 (236) 1,231 1.014 Advances to Other Funds (46) (1,908)(1,954) Amounts Due From Other Funds for City Notes 129 207 60 7 678 2,175 Occupancy Tax 2,175 Transfers to Other Funds (1) (2,759)(6) (4) (2,770)Transfers from Other Funds 575 575 2,756 8 1,021 (1,637) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing (2,213)(65) Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from the Sale of Bonds 4,400 4,400 Capital Contributed by Other Sources 36 50 95 (2,053)(2,262)Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment (81)(128)Interest Paid on Bonds and Notes (31)(382)(14)(63)(5)(495)Principal Paid on Bonds and Notes (37)(565)(57)(294)(4) (957)Payments on Long Term Capital Leases Obligations (251)(251)Additions to Construction in Progress (824)(437)(393)(125) (2,681)(4,460)Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities (856)(1,465)(542)(2,777)1,710 (3,930)Cash Flow from Investing Activities: Interest and Dividends on Investments 14 6 10 3 33 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 14 6 10 3 33 Net Increase (decrease) in Cash and Cash 447 67 (398)2,451 4,254 1,687 Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1 5,455 8,978 2,485 2,252 11,890 31,060 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30 5,902 10,665 2,552 1,854 14,341 35,314 (Continued)

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Total Nonmajor Convention Parking General Municipal Stormwater Enterprise Center Facilities Aviation Golf Management Funds (Continued) Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: 2,692 \$ \$ Operating Income (Loss) \$ (5,718)\$ 9,193 \$ 592 \$ 1,236 7,995 Depreciation and Amortization 4,372 2,877 762 1,055 3,305 12,371 Changes in Assets, Deferred Inflows/Outflows and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in: Receivables (145)18 (12)(62)48 (153)Due from Other Funds 47 47 Prepaid Items (41)10 (31)Deferred Outflows Cincinnati Retirement System 371 (36) (85) 80 330 Deferred Outflows Ohio Public Employees Retirement System 3 3 Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts Payable (17) 271 (99) (33)413 Due to Other Funds (14)466 458 10 (4) Due to Fiduciary Funds 2 5 1 8 Accrued Payroll (1) 12 40 52 1 Accrued Liabilities (92)(94)2 223 Unearned Revenue 225 2 Compensated Absences Payable 15 32 7 208 262 Deferred Inflows Service Concession Arrangements (346)(346)Deferred Inflows Cincinnati Retirement System 2,519 1,338 694 108 4,659 Net Pension Liability Cincinnati Retirement System (137)(9,261) (3,434)(183)(4,855)(17,870)Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees (22)(65) (87) Retirement System Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation 2.375 50 5.351 18 595 (1,453) 1 348 8,216 Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Schedule of Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Change in Fair Value of Investments \$ (132)(52) \$ (12) (176) \$ (372)Property Plant and Equipment Contributed by Other Funds 118 118 Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities \$ (132)66 (12) (176)(254)\$

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Purchasing</u>, <u>Reproduction</u>, <u>and Printing</u> - Used to account for revenue from City departments and for the expenses of operations and maintenance of the Division of Reproduction and Printing. Also, used to account for the revenue and expenses related to the distribution and sale of materials and supplies.

<u>Fleet Services</u> - Used to account for revenue from City departments for auto repairs and maintenance and to account for the expenses necessary to provide this service.

<u>Property Management</u> - Used to account for proceeds of City leases and land sales and to account for costs of administering the fixed assets of the City.

<u>Self Insurance-Risk Management</u>- Used to account for monies appropriated from the General or other funds or received from contract agencies, employees, members of council and others, including interest earned, and to make expenditures for insurance costs for employees' health care and for City property, liability, and other risk coverage.

<u>Self Insurance-Workers' Compensation</u> - Used to receive, from all City funds, workers' compensation premium charges, and to pay workers' compensation premium payments, claim costs and reserve settlements.

<u>Enterprise Technology Services</u> - Used to account for revenue and expenses related to the delivery of data processing services to the City, Hamilton County, and others.

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Total Internal Service Funds	\$ 225 12,834	692	2,252	1,581 340 7,153	25,274	44,255 283 3,467	7,622	57,229	82,503	5,630	5,803 (Continued)
Enterprise Technology Services	\$ 1,088	٥	259	230	8,795	3,751	6,727	12,406	21,201	2,128	2,242
Self Insurance Workers' Compensation	\$ 3,926	C	81 81	91	4,150	13,537	2	13,539	17,689	87	87
Self insurance Risk Management	\$ 225 6,159	497	407	1,226	8,594	21,238		21,238	29,832	564	564
Property Management	\$ 512		10	29	551	1,767	9	1,773	2,324	312	312
Fleet Services	\$	178	1,364	308	2,834	3,374 283 1,539	709	7,507	10,341	2,382	2,382
Purchasing Reproduction and Printing	\$ 170	17	131	32	350	288	178	992	1,116	157 59	216

Current Assets: Cash and Equivalents Equity in City Treasury Cash Receivables: Accounts, Net Accrued Interest Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items Inventory Advances to Other Funds Table Comments	Noncurrent Assets: Equity in City Treasury Cash Land Improvements, net of Accumulated Depreciation Machinery and Equipment, net of Accumulated Depreciation Other Assets Total Noncurrent Assets	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Cincinnati Retirement System Ohio Public Employees Retirement System Total Deferred Outflows of Resources
	ition ed	

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

	Pul Rep and	Purchasing Reproduction and Printing	Fleet Services	et ces	Property Management	Self Insurance Risk Management	ance د ment	Self Insurance Workers' Compensation	·	Enterprise Technology Services	_ 0,	Total Internal Service Funds
(Continued) LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable	↔	2,525	\$	1,034	\$	↔	3,720	8	437 \$	436	↔	8,156
Due to Other Funds		•		4 2	← c		← «			4 Ç		10 7
Due to Fluucialy Fullus Accrued Pavroll		- 21		154	7 2		38 0		က	8 8		300
Accrued Liabilities		_		2				2	234	333		570
Accrued Interest Denosits Pavahle		~		ო	52		_			2		L 25
Compensated Absences Payable		33		437	28		101	C	25	207		811
Unpaid Claims Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable		5		27			9, 809	2,1	2,769	23		10,578
Total Current Liabilities		2,578		1,685	100		11,685	3,4	3,448	1,097		20,593
Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences Estimated Liability for Unnaid Claims		90		621	15		152	20	20 775	319		1,177
Advances from Other Fords		20		532	177		125)	•		884
General Obligation Bonds Payable		157		922			319			777		2,175
Net Pension Liability-Cincinnati Retirement System Net Pension Liability-Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		655		11,619	874		2,749	N	208	6,244		22,349
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation		170		1,673	133		93		15	1,817		3,901
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,234		15,387	1,199		3,438	11,018	118	9,291		41,567
Total Liabilities		3,812		17,072	1,299		15,123	14,466	991	10,388		62,160
Cincinnati Retirement System		731		7,272	209		2,152	7	120	5,009		15,793
One Full Deferred Inflows of Resources		735		7,272	209		2,152		120	5,102		15,890
NET POSITION												
Net Investment in Capital Assets		16		2,531	9				2	8,655		11,210
Unrestricted Net Position		(3,231)		(15,754)	822		13,121	3,1	3,188	(702)		(2,556)
Total Net Position	↔	(3,215)	₩	(11,621)	\$ 828	0	13,121	\$ 3,1	3,190 \$	7,953	⇔	10,256

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position
Internal Service Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)

Total Enterprise Internal Technology Service Services Funds	8,781 \$ 103,825 2,210 8,781 106,035	3,162 14,922 1,911 8,374 128 960 377 10,848 1,764 1,944			21,045 23,743 10,291 10,291 (1,423) (3,028) 25 29,913 31,031 (21,960) (20,775)
Self Insurance Ente Workers' Tech Compensation Se	\$ 3,642 \$	317 8	4,747 16 133 5,221	30	(1,549) (1,549) 4,739
Self Insurance Risk Management	\$ 71,537 11 71,548	4,906 2,160 38 9	74,272 127 127 (3,375) 24 78,161	(12)	(6,553) (6,553) (6,553)
Property Management	\$ 2,188	272 42 28 5	(805) (805) (414)	30017	2,602 (1,605)
Fleet Services	\$ 17,191 11 17,202	5,697 1,027 794 9,143	283 284 294 (10,055) 8 7,360	(36)	9,806 25 9,831 (21,452)
Purchasing Reproduction and Printing	\$ 2,674	568 3,226 38 38 1,262 2	128 111 (1,065) 4,270	(9)	(1,608)
	Charges for Services Charges for Services Miscellaneous Total Operating Revenues	OPERATING EXPENSES Personal Services Contractual Services Maintenance and Repairs Materials and Supplies Utilities	Insurance Rent Depreciation and Amortization Pension Expense Other Expense Total Operating Expenses	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest Expense Interest Revenue Loss on Disposal of Assets Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers In Transfers In Transfers (Out) Capital Contribution Change in Net Position Ending Net Position

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2017 (Amounts in Thousands)

			3	(Amounts III Thousands)	salius)							F
	Pur Repl	Purchasing Reproduction and Printing	r 8	Fleet Services	Property Management	erty	Self Insurance Risk Management	nce	Self Insurance Workers' Compensation	Enterprise Technology Services		lotal Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		0) 		5]]	
Receipts from Customers Receipts from Other Funds	↔	521	↔	796 16.244	↔	1,888	\$	7,148	\$ 355	\$ 1,218	8 C	11,926
Receipts from Retirement System		Î		i I)	130			ı	130
Payment to Suppliers		(2,265)		(8,752)		(116)	(7	(75,069)	(3,197)	(5,043)	(c)	(94,442)
Payments to Other Funds		(13)		(2,283)		Î	,	í i	Š	(527)	C 6	(2,823)
Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(538)		(5,524)		(267) 1 505		(4,856) (8,658)	(311)	(2,940)	 3 c	(14,436)
Cash Flows from Noncapital		(22)		2		201		(222,6			 	(5)
Financing Activities. Due from Other Funds for City Note Payable		22		294		56		878	404	σ.	95	1,749
Interest paid on Bond and Notes		(2)		(36)		;		(12)		(130)	o (o	(185)
Principal paid on Bond and Notes		(2)		(26)				6)		89 77	6	(40)
Transfers to Other Funds						(1,605)				(4,688)	G (S)	(4,088)
Transfers from Other Funds						` `				9,42	 ည´	9,425
Net Cash Provided (Used) by						;		!	•			
Noncapital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Canital and Related		10		232		(1,549)		857	404	3,279	 ၈	3,233
Financing Activities:												
Contributions from Other Sources				25								25
Acquisition of Property, Plant and												
Equipment				(25)						(46)	(<u>)</u>	(71)
Capital Items Expensed										(588)	€ (a	(588)
Additions to Corpst deation III Flogress Payment on Long Term Capital Lease Obligations		(13)								(0,0)	(c	(3,313)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital											l	
and Related Financing Activities		(13)						I		(3,949)	(6	(3,962)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:												
Investment Purchases				250				ļ	· ·		(250
Interest on Investments						ĺ		87	28		9	121
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities				250				87	28		9	371
net increase (Decrease) in casil and Cash Equivalents		(136)		963		(44)		(7,714)	566	(394)	4	(6,759)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at July 1		894		3,390		2,323	က	35,336	16,897	5,233	ဗ	64,073
Cash and Cash Equivalents at June 30	S	758	69	4.353	€9	2.279	\$ 2	27.622	\$ 17.463	\$ 4.839	\$	57.314
								II 				

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)

			֝֟֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֡֓֡		sailds)									L C C
	Pur	Purchasing Reproduction	,	Fleet	Pr	Property	Self Ins	Self Insurance Risk	Self	Self Insurance Workers	Tec	Enterprise Technology		Internal Service
Reconciliation of Operating Income(Loss) to	and	Printing		Services	Mana	Management	Mana	Management	Sog	Compensation	χ̈́	Services		Funds
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	,						,							
Operating Income (Loss)	69	(1,596)	€	9,842	↔	2,602	€	(6,613)	s	(1,579)	⇔	21,170	↔	23,826 1 518
Changes in Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows and Liabilities:		-		100		-				2		5		2
(Increase) Decrease in:														
Receivables		7		(16)				39						30
Due from Other Funds		2		(146)				(281)				7		(423)
Due from Fiduciary Funds												_		_
Due from Other Governments												<u>(</u>		(2)
Inventory		4)												(4)
Prepaid Items								_				164		165
Deferred Outflows Cincinnati Retirement System		06		934		(96)		300		(40)		(584)		894
		(21)										(77)		(86)
Increase (Decrease) in:														
Accounts Payable		2,382		404		_		312		111		(198)		3,012
Deposits Payable						(300)								(300)
Due to Other Funds				(15)		-						ຎ		(6)
Due to Fiduciary Funds				က				_				က		7
Accrued Payroll		E		15		_		က				16		34
Accrued Liabilities		_								25		6		29
Advances from Other Governments												(3)		(2)
Deferred Inflows Cincinnati Retirement System		209		5,050		329		1,558		82		3,831		11,457
Deferred Inflows Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		(3)										88		82
Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences		4)		40		2		17		4		146		208
Estimated Liability for Unpaid Claims Payable								1,209		1,390				2,599
Net Pension Liability Cincinnati Retirement System		(1,769)		(16,039)		(1,038)		(5,233)		91		(25,708)		(49,696)
Net Pension Liability Ohio Public Employees Retirement System		28				(12)		Ξ				(32)		13
Net Other Post Employment Benefit Obligation		7		115		11		30		2		57		222
Net Cash Provided (Used) by														
Operating Activities	S	(133)	S	481	S	1,505	S	(8,658)	છ	134	↔	270	s	(6,401)
Schedule of Noncash Investing,	j u		Ī	ì	ļ.				I		l	Ī	Ì	
Capital and Financing Activities:							€	000	€	(00)	€	Ş	€	(0)
Change in Fair Value of Investments Total Noncash Investing Canital							÷	(299)	æ	(193)	÷	(31)	₽	(523)
and Financing Activities	9		s		s		\$	(299)	s	(193)	s	(31)	s	(523)

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CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds

<u>Towing Charges and Private Operations</u> - Used to account for monies received as charges for towing and storage of impounded vehicles.

<u>Convention Facility Authority</u> – Used to account for monies collected by the City of Cincinnati from Transient Occupancy Tax Revenues.

Admission Tax Bond - Used to account for deposits related to entertainment facilities in the City.

Engineering Deposits - Used to account for Transportation & Engineering monies reserved for specific purposes.

<u>Metropolitan Sewer District</u> - Used to account for the monies of the Metropolitan Sewer District.

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Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities
Agency Funds
June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands) CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

					Agency Funds	s						
	J S S	Towing Charges	Ö	Convention	Admissions	Suc			Metr	Metropolitan		
	Ā	Private		Facility	Tax		Engin	Engineering	S	Sewer		
	Ope	Operators		Authority	Bonds		Deb	Deposits		District		Total
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents							S	9			s	9
Equity in City Treasury Cash	⇔	6	€	594 \$		36		2,058				2,785
Investments, at fair value								0,	(·)	308,473		308,473
Receivables:												
Accounts, Net				က				69		51,217		51,289
Accrued Interest and Dividends										622		622
Total Assets	\$	97	&	262	\$	36	\$	2,133	8	360,312	s	363,175
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	↔	43							v)	20,863	S	20,906
Due to Other Governments			s	265					(1)	327,317		327,914
Accrued Payroll										1,452		1,452
Accrued Liabilities										37		37
Deposits Payable		54			₩	36	\$	2,133		113		2,336
Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences										10,530		10,530
Total Liabilities	↔	97	↔	265	\$	36	\$	2,133	8	360,312	s	363,175

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)

	(//	nounts in	iiiousai	iusj				
		alance July 1, 2016	A	dditions	De	eductions		Balance June 30, 2017
TOWING CHARGES - PRIVATE OPERATORS ASSETS								
Equity in City Treasury Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	261 7	\$	547	\$	711 7	\$	97
Total Assets	\$	268	\$	547	\$	718	\$	97
LIABILITIES					_			
Accounts Payable			\$	544	\$	501		43
Deposits Payable	<u>\$</u> \$	268		1,530		1,744	\$	54_
Total Liabilities	\$	268	\$	2,074	\$	2,245	\$	97
CONVENTION FACILITY AUTHORITY ASSETS								
Equity in City Treasury Cash	\$	529	\$	2,076	\$	2,011	\$	594
	Φ		Φ	,	Ф	•	φ	
Accounts Receivable	Φ.	15 544	•	2,079	Φ.	2,026	Φ.	<u>3</u> 597
Total Assets	\$	544	\$	2,079	\$	2,026	\$	597
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Governments	\$	542	\$	599	\$	544	\$	597
Accounts Payable				1,794		1,794		
Deposits Payable		2				2		
Total Liabilities	\$	544	\$	2,393	\$	2,340	\$	597
ADMISSION TAX BONDS ASSETS								
Equity in City Treasury Cash	\$	36	\$	2	\$	2	\$	36
Accounts Receivable	Ψ	1	Ψ	_	Ψ	1	Ψ	00
Total Assets	\$	37	\$	2	\$	3	\$	36
LIABILITIES					<u> </u>			
Accounts Payable			\$	1	\$	1		
Deposits Payable	<u>\$</u> \$	37		2		3	\$	36
Total Liabilities	\$	37	\$	3	\$	4	\$	36
ENGINEERING DEPOSITS ASSETS								
Cash and Cash Equivalents			\$	302	\$	296	\$	6
Equity in City Treasury Cash	\$	2,315	·	2,435		2,692		2,058
Accounts Receivable	*	84		204		219		69
Total Assets	\$	2,399	\$	2,941	\$	3,207	\$	2,133
LIABILITIES		_		_				
Accounts Payable			\$	571	\$	571		
Deposits Payable		2,399		2,998		3,264	\$	2,133
•	\$	2,399	\$	3,569	\$	3,835	\$	2,133
						<u> </u>		

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017
(Amounts in Thousands)

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2016	Additions	ı	Deductions	June 30, 2017
METROPOLITAN SEWER DISTRICT	 2010	 7 taditionio		20000110110	 2017
ASSETS					
Investments	\$ 357,929	\$ 1,556,266	\$	1,605,722	\$ 308,473
Cash with Fiscal Agent	2	13,463		13,465	•
Accounts Receivable	50,847	55,504		55,134	51,217
Accrued Interest Receivable	1,015	1,018		1,411	622
Total Assets	\$ 409,793	\$ 1,626,251	\$	1,675,732	\$ 360,312
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,428	\$ 325,490	\$	315,055	\$ 20,863
Due to Other Governments	388,542	600,103		661,328	327,317
Accrued Payroll	1,214	2,750		2,512	1,452
Accrued Liabilities	29	37		29	37
Deposits Payable	95	1,251		1,233	113
Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences	9,485	1,045			10,530
Total Liabilities	\$ 409,793	\$ 930,676	\$	980,157	\$ 360,312
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS					
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$ 302	\$	296	\$ 6
Equity in City Treasury Cash	\$ 3,141	5,060		5,416	2,785
Cash with Fiscal Agent	2	13,463		13,465	
Investments	357,929	1,556,266		1,605,722	308,473
Receivables:					
Accounts, Net	50,954	55,711		55,376	51,289
Accrued Interest Receivable	 1,015	 1,018		1,411	622
Total Assets	\$ 413,041	\$ 1,631,820	\$	1,681,686	\$ 363,175
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,428	\$ 328,400	\$	317,922	\$ 20,906
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	389,084	600,702		661,872	327,914
Accrued Payroll	1,214	2,750		2,512	1,452
Accrued Liabilities	29	37		29	37
Deposits Payable	2,801	5,781		6,246	2,336
Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences	 9,485	 1,045			10,530
Total Liabilities	\$ 413,041	\$ 938,715	\$	988,581	\$ 363,175

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CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Schedule by Source For the fiscal year (Amounts In Thousands)

Governmental Activites Capital Assets	 June 30 2017	 June 30 2016
Land Buildings Improvements Machinery and Equipment Infrastructure Construction in Progress Property acquired under capital leases	\$ 203,501 286,086 528,494 183,879 1,302,684 132,736 24,637	\$ 188,613 274,937 479,560 166,607 1,145,575 289,887 6,009
Total Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 2,662,017	\$ 2,551,188
Investment in Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 2,662,017	\$ 2,551,188
Investment in Governmental Capital Assets by Source: Permanent Improvement Fund or General Obligation Bonds Federal Grants State Grants County Grants Private General Fund Revenues Special Revenue Funds Gifts Other and Undifferentiated	\$ 1,810,479 198,247 190,303 16,258 13,714 102,926 70,577 2,529 256,984	\$ 1,751,856 159,692 196,604 14,790 13,383 103,268 70,997 2,529 238,069
Total from All Sources	\$ 2,662,017	\$ 2,551,188

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Schedule of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds
Schedule by Function and Activity
As of June 30, 2017
(Amounts In Thousands)

											Property Acquisition under Capital	y on oital	Construction	
	Total	Land	pu	Buildings	dwl	Improvements	Equipment	int	Infrastructure	ucture	Leases		In Progress	
Mayor and Council	\$						€	28						
City Manager	5,542	6	000 77	\$ 48	₩	74		3,418	↔	1,995	\$	7		
Economic Development	120	9	74,220	40,003		674,47		120		060,16				
Human Resources	6,819					6,673		115				31		
	1,443					710		713				20		
Enterprise Technology Services	14,693						•	2,693			•	12,000		
City Planning	98					က		83						
Citizens Complaint & Internal Audit	25							25						
	160,077		3,911	33,823		117,767	7	4,369		207				
	169,133		15,063	19,345		900,77	7	4,607		53,089		23		
Buildings and Inspections	1,533		1,376			145		12						
Public Safety	92,481		1,833	8,608		12,618	56	59,094			•	10,328		
Transportation & Engineering	1,251,947		44,339	7,731		15,712	-	11,281	Ť	1,172,884				
Enterprise Services	1,030		297					733						
Public Services	190,477		6,043	57,553		65,596	36	35,578		23,479		2,228		
Public Health	18,024		237	4,203		266'6	.,	3,587						
Pooled, Unassigned Equipment	523							523						
Southern Railway Improvement	83,224					83,224								
	55,899		55 899											
	112 634		0,00	112 627										
	113,034			113,034		1								
Improvements	51,558		Î			51,558								
Total Governmental Capital Assets	7 460 006		000	200 300		7 7 7 8 9		127 077	•	200	•	76376		
by runction	2,400,900		203,210	203,014		000000	7	//0'/	-	302,5004		74,637		
Construction in Progress	132,736											↔	132,736	
Internal Service Funds:														
Purchasing, Printing and Stores	1,336						`	1,336						
Fleet Services	7,894		283	272		4,465		2,874						
Self Insurance Risk Management	12							12						
Self Insurance Worker's Compensation	82					¢		2 8						
Froperty Management Enterprise Technology Services	29 00.992					8.517	25	52.475						
Total Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 2,662,017	€	203,501	\$ 286,086	₩.	528,494	\$ 183	183,879	\$ 1,	1,302,684	φ	24,637 \$	132,736	

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

Schedule of Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function and Activity For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

(Amounts in Thousands)

	General Capital Assets July 1, 2016	Additions	Deletions	General Capital Assets June 30, 2017
Mayor and Council	\$ 58			\$ 58
City Manager	4,662	\$ 880		5,542
Law	180		\$ 60	120
Human Resources	6,807	12		6,819
Enterprise Technology Services	2,669	12,045	21	14,693
Finance	854	589		1,443
Community and Economic Development	230,079	12,377	1,846	240,610
City Planning and Buildings	146		60	86
Citizen's Complaint & Internal Audit	31		6	25
Recreation	155,045	5,496	464	160,077
Parks	161,206	8,130	203	169,133
Buildings and Inspections	1,790	12	269	1,533
Public Safety	86,440	8,815	2,774	92,481
Transportation & Engineering	1,077,454	174,554	61	1,251,947
Enterprise Services	1,433		403	1,030
Public Services	143,032	53,975	6,530	190,477
Public Health	17,529	601	106	18,024
Pooled, Unassigned Equipment	523			523
Southern Railway Improvement	83,224			83,224
General Government Land Buildings Improvements Construction in Progress	55,899 113,634 51,558 289,887	95,294	252,445	55,899 113,634 51,558 132,736
Internal Service Funds: Purchasing, Printing and Stores Fleet Services Self Insurance Risk Management Self Insurance Workers' Compensation Property Management Enterprise Technology Services	2,013 7,927 27 82 29 56,970	24 4,569	677 57 15	1,336 7,894 12 82 29 60,992
Total Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 2,551,188	\$ 377,373	\$ 266,544	\$ 2,662,017

Note: The additions and deletions include department reclassifications and transfers.

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SCHEDULE

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City of Cincinnati, Ohio Schedule of Outstanding Bonds and Notes June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017	(a)Gen Obliga Bond and No \$ 223,69 220,38 216,59 208,77 218,52 230,50 251,69 243,04 270,61 265,22	tion ds otes 5,000 5,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 4,080 5,000	\$ *	b)Municipal ncome Tax Bonds and Notes 50,095,000 71,910,000 80,870,000 88,150,000 97,150,000 97,395,000 98,095,000 111,435,000 110,627,000	, ,	Water Works Bonds 11,800,000 9,800,000 7,800,000 5,800,000 3,800,000 1,800,000		(d)Revenue and Notes 405,625,000 496,105,000 478,100,000 544,580,000 592,610,000 603,385,000 582,465,000 570,950,000 600,520,000 665,186,620	\$	(c)Police and Fire Pension Bonds 41,515,000 40,630,000 39,700,000 37,720,000 37,720,000 37,230,000 35,920,000 31,600,000 30,325,000	\$	35,212,212 34,260,145		
	(e)Url	oan	(c)	Recreational	(c	Off-Street	(c)I	Urban Renewal	(d)	Sewer Admin				
	Develop		(-)-	Facility	(-	Parking	(-)	Economic	(-)	Building		(c) Public		
Fiscal	Taxal			Bonds		Facilities]	Development		Bonds	Tı	ransportation		
Year	Bono	ds		and Notes		Bonds		nds and Notes		and Notes		Notes Notes		
2008	\$ 4,96	0,000	\$	9,820,000		· 	\$	25,835,000						
2009	5,08	0,000		8,955,000				31,080,000	\$	15,000,000				
2010	4,91	5,000		8,090,000	\$	5,000,000		36,995,000		14,460,000				
2011	4,74	0,000		7,225,000		4,850,000		51,835,000		13,900,000				
2012	4,56	0,000		6,435,000		4,700,000		81,345,000		13,325,000	\$	21,000,000		
2013	4,47	0,000		6,435,000		4,700,000		83,845,000		13,325,000		21,000,000		
2014	4,27	0,000		5,645,000		4,450,000		96,000,000		12,735,000		21,000,000		
2015	4,07	0,000		4,875,000		4,200,000		82,055,000		12,135,000		21,000,000		
2016	4,38	30,000		4,175,000		9,950,000		79,235,000		11,400,000				
2017	4,10	00,000		3,385,000		9,940,000		91,245,000		10,760,000				
				(c)Urban				(a) Streets		Gross		Gross		
	(c)Storm	water	Re	development	((d) Public		Special		Tax		Revenue	Gross	
Fiscal	Bond		-110	Bonds		Building		Assessment		Supported		Supported	Total	
Year	and No			and Notes		Bonds		Bonds		<u>Debt</u>		<u>Debt</u>	<u>Debt</u>	
2008			\$	10,870,000					\$	223,695,000	\$	560,520,000	\$ 784,215,00)()
2009	\$ 1,25	0,000		9,485,000						220,385,000		689,295,000	909,680,00	
2010		5,000		24,570,000	\$	10,080,000				216,595,000		710,670,000	927,265,00	
2011		0,000		16,620,000		9,405,000				208,770,000		781,255,000	990,025,00	
2012		5,000		15,120,000		8,730,000				218,525,000		879,520,000	1,098,045,00	
2013		5,000		15,120,000		8,730,000				230,505,000		901,705,000	1,132,210,00	
2014		0,000		8,965,000		14,395,000				251,690,000		887,700,000	1,139,390,00	
2015		5,000		7,860,000		15,775,000				243,044,080		857,610,000	1,100,654,08	
2016				6,800,000		14,640,000	\$	1,000,000		305,827,212		875,135,000	1,180,962,21	
2017	4,40	0,000		5,880,000		13,622,124		1,000,000		299,486,145		950,470,744	1,249,956,88	39

- (a) Supported by general tax levy or special assessment levy
- (b) Supported by Municipal Income Tax, but have property tax support if necessary
- (c) Supported by current revenue, but have property tax support if necessary
- (d) Supported by current revenue, no tax support pledged
- (e) Supported by current revenue, but have property tax support if necessary-taxable

Note: This schedule reflects a change in fiscal year from a calendar year to a July 1- June 30 year.

CITY OF CINCINNATI SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE

					SCHEDULE OF AN	NUAL E 30, 201					
					ouno	00, 20.	•				
		PROPERTY	TAX-SUPPORTED	1				SELF-SUPI	PORTED		
			Debt		Outstanding				Debt	Outstanding	<u>-</u>
Fiscal Year	Maturing	Interest Cost	Service Requirement		Debt End of Year		Maturing	Interest Cost	Service Requirement	Debt End of Year	Fiscal Year
2017				\$	255,140,000				\$	204,850,145	2017
2018 \$ 2019	29,455,000 25,390,000	\$ 10,509,353 9,346,691	\$ 39,964,353 34,736,691		225,685,000 200,295,000	\$	11,986,980 \$ 12,181,847	7,694,921 \$ 7,279,906	19,681,901 19,461,753	192,863,165 180,681,318	2018 2019
2020	23,050,000	8,341,446	31,391,446		177,245,000		11,786,671	6,839,617	18,626,288	168,894,647	2020
2021	21,070,000	7,389,820	28,459,820		156,175,000		11,861,495	6,397,137	18,258,632	157,033,152	2021
2022 2023	15,980,000 14,080,000	6,561,815 5,867,935	22,541,815 19,947,935		140,195,000 126,115,000		11,401,275 10,616,010	5,965,263 5,550,459	17,366,538 16,166,469	145,631,877 135,015,867	2022 2023
2023	13,605,000	5,237,873	18,842,873		112,510,000		10,710,746	5,142,637	15,853,383	124,305,121	2023
2025	13,175,000	4,626,621	17,801,621		99,335,000		11,055,481	4,716,218	15,771,699	113,249,640	2025
2026 2027	11,375,000 11,130,000	4,062,242 3,539,769	15,437,242 14,669,769		87,960,000 76,830,000		10,805,173 10,464,820	4,284,739 3,861,115	15,089,912 14,325,935	102,444,467 91,979,647	2026 2027
2028	10,185,000	3,041,811	13,226,811		66,645,000		10,579,468	3,456,139	14,035,607	81,400,179	2028
2029	9,570,000	2,596,660	12,166,660		57,075,000		10,519,071	3,073,305	13,592,376	70,881,108	2029
2030 2031	8,505,000	2,196,826	10,701,826		48,570,000 41,140,000		9,768,630	2,679,968	12,448,598	61,112,478	2030 2031
2031	7,430,000 6,770,000	1,861,817 1,566,715	9,291,817 8,336,715		34,370,000		8,653,190 8,842,705	2,302,625 1,940,083	10,955,815 10,782,788	52,459,288 43,616,583	2031
2033	6,260,000	1,288,604	7,548,604		28,110,000		8,597,132	1,583,574	10,180,706	35,019,451	2033
2034	6,020,000	1,022,469	7,042,469		22,090,000		6,836,559	1,269,450	8,106,009	28,182,892	2034
2035 2036	6,080,000 3,780,000	763,233 570,291	6,843,233 4,350,291		16,010,000 12,230,000		7,040,986 9,160,369	995,117 681,741	8,036,103 9,842,110	21,141,906 11,981,537	2035 2036
2037	3,100,000	440,133	3,540,133		9,130,000		3,779,752	429,506	4,209,258	8,201,785	2037
2038	2,875,000	317,021	3,192,021		6,255,000		1,919,047	317,935	2,236,982	6,282,738	2038
2039 2040	1,775,000 1,800,000	218,931 142,569	1,993,931 1,942,569		4,480,000 2,680,000		2,003,342 2,092,593	231,839 141,933	2,235,181 2,234,526	4,279,396 2,186,803	2039 2040
2041	1,825,000	65,460	1,890,460		855,000		2,186,803	48,000	2,234,803	2,100,000	2041
2042	855,000	13,359	868,359								2042
	м	UNICIPAL INCO	ME TAX SUPPOR	TED				<u> TOT</u>	AL.		
		ONION AL MOC		LILD				1017	<u>1</u>		
		Interest	Debt Service		Outstanding Debt				Debt	Outstanding	
Year	Maturing	Cost	Requirement		End of Year			Interest	Service	Debt	
2017	0.500.000	6 0.757.047	6 40 007 047	\$	91,465,000		Maturing	Cost	Requirement	End of Year	Year
2018 \$ 2019	8,580,000 8,105,000	\$ 3,757,617 3,450,978	\$ 12,337,617 11,555,978		82,885,000 74,780,000	\$	75,259,235 \$	48,834,956 \$	\$ 124,094,191	1,216,641,765 1,141,382,530	2017 2018
2020	7,835,000	3,132,614	10,967,614		66,945,000	*	74,480,984	46,414,163	120,895,147	1,066,901,546	2019
2021	7,650,000	2,807,516	10,457,516		59,295,000		150,117,747	41,459,036	191,576,783	916,783,799	2020
2022 2023	6,540,000 5,840,000	2,495,824 2,208,691	9,035,824 8,048,691		52,755,000 46,915,000		70,699,568 67,286,405	36,460,090 33,878,058	107,159,658 101,164,463	846,084,231 778,797,826	2021 2022
2024	5,525,000	1,950,949	7,475,949		41,390,000		61,273,260	31,414,749	92,688,009	717,524,566	2023
2025	5,520,000	1,704,581	7,224,581		35,870,000		61,795,180	27,957,044	89,752,224	655,729,386	2024
2026 2027	5,625,000 5,755,000	1,455,626 1,197,178	7,080,626 6,952,178		30,245,000 24,490,000		60,827,164 60,359,174	26,156,102 23,435,989	86,983,266 83,795,163	594,902,222 534,543,048	2025 2026
2028	5,440,000	943,263	6,383,263		19,050,000		51,901,209	20,911,970	72,813,179	482,641,839	2027
2029	4,640,000	730,756	5,370,756		14,410,000		52,013,317	18,635,964	70,649,281	430,628,522	2028
2030 2031	3,425,000 2,075,000	559,413 442,363	3,984,413 2,517,363		10,985,000 8,910,000		51,710,454 49,892,624	16,439,002 14,257,692	68,149,456 64,150,316	378,918,068 329,025,444	2029 2030
2032	1,875,000	357,163	2,232,163		7,035,000		46,899,874	12,253,280	59,153,154	282,125,570	2030
2033	1,695,000	277,025	1,972,025		5,340,000		47,362,160	10,376,736	57,738,896	234,763,410	2032
2034 2035	1,415,000	206,000 142,825	1,621,000		3,925,000		42,639,442	8,580,942 7,106,170	51,220,384	192,123,968	2033 2034
2035	1,415,000 790,000	99,075			2,510,000 1,720,000		31,436,810 29,679,267	5,919,925	38,542,980 35,599,192	160,687,158 131,007,891	2034
2037	520,000	74,175	594,175		1,200,000.00		28,381,772	4,832,902	33,214,674	102,626,119	2036
2038 2039	300,000 300,000	55,125 39,375	355,125 339,375		900,000.00		22,199,371	3,879,436 3,129,386	26,078,807	80,426,748	2037 2038
2039	300,000	23,625	323,625		600,000.00 300,000.00		16,021,979 13,654,688	2,522,622	19,151,365 16,177,310	64,404,769 50,750,081	2039
2041	300,000	7,875	307,875				10,027,455	2,012,722	12,040,177	40,722,626	2040
							10,415,288 6,252,217	1,554,790 1,193,551	11,970,078 7,445,768	30,307,338	2041 2042
							5,031,062	955,391	5,986,453	24,055,121 19,024,059	2042
							5,255,024	729,914	5,984,938	13,769,035	2044
							5,419,035 6,420,000	493,914 235,425	5,912,949 6,655,425	8,350,000 1,930,000	2045 2046
							1,930,000	48,250	1,978,250	1,330,000	2047
		RF	VENUE								
		Interest	Debt Service		Outstanding Debt						
Year	Maturing	Cost	Requirement		End of Year						
2017	05 007 055	£ 00.070.00F	6 50 440 000	\$	665,186,620						
2018 \$ 2019	25,237,255 28,804,137	\$ 26,873,065 26,336,588	\$ 52,110,320 55,140,725		639,949,365 611,145,228						
2020	107,446,076	23,145,359	130,591,435		503,699,152						
2021	30,118,073	19,865,617	49,983,690		473,581,079						
2022 2023	33,365,130 30,737,250	18,855,156 17,787,664			440,215,949 409,478,699						
2024	31,954,434	15,625,585	47,580,019		377,524,265						
2025	31,076,683	15,108,682	46,185,365		346,447,582						
2026 2027	32,554,001 24,551,389	13,633,382 12,313,908	46,187,383 36,865,297		313,893,581 289,342,192						
2028	25,808,849	11,194,751	37,003,600		263,533,343						
2029	26,981,383	10,038,281	37,019,664		236,551,960						
2030 2031	28,193,994 28,741,684	8,821,485 7,646,475	37,015,479 36,388,159		208,357,966 179,616,282						
2032	29,874,455	6,512,775	36,387,230		149,741,827						
2033	26,087,310	5,431,739	31,519,049		123,654,517						
2034 2035	17,165,251 15,143,281	4,608,251 4,018,750	21,773,502 19,162,031		106,489,266 91,345,985						
2036	14,651,403	3,481,795	18,133,198		76,694,582						
2037	14,799,619	2,935,622	17,735,241		61,894,963						
2038 2039	10,927,932 9,576,346	2,439,305 2,032,477	13,367,237 11,608,823		50,967,031 41,390,685						
2040	5,834,862	1,704,595			35,555,823						
2041	6,103,485	1,433,455	7,536,940		29,452,338						
2042 2043	5,397,217 5,031,062	1,180,192 955,391	6,577,409 5,986,453		24,055,121 19,024,059						
2044	5,255,024	729,914	5,984,938		13,769,035						
2045	5,419,035	493,914			8,350,000						
2046 2047	6,420,000 1,930,000	235,425 48,250	6,655,425 1,978,250		1,930,000						

CITY OF CINCININATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

										Amount
Grantor/ Program Title	Fund	CFDA#	Grant #	Fund	Agency	Federal Revenue Received	Contributions & Other Revenue (Non-Federal)	Federal Expenditures	Advances (Repayments) or Adjustments	provided to Sub recipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Ohio Department of Health										
Hamilton County WIC Program Hamilton County WIC Program	391	10.557 10.557	03120011WA0916 03120011WA1017	N A M	Health Health	1,248		840 2,422		
	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 10.557				2,836		3,262		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Education Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) 	324	10.558	55x2031	NAR	Recreation	152		129		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 10.558	ω.			152 2,988		3,391		
2 U.S. Department of Commerce EDA Local Technical Assistance Program - 151622	980	11.303	06-06-05693	O O	DCED	131		131		81
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 11.303	g			131		131		8 81
3 Environmental Protection Agency Cyanotoxin Grant Program	756	66.468	HABG-14-067	EWW	GCWW	29				
TOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY	d.) lotaltor	(d.) Total for CFDA No. 66.468	æ			78				
4 Food & Drug Administration Advancing Conformance with the Voluntary National Retail Food Regulatory Program Standards Grant	350	93.103	5U18FD004688-03	NAM	Health	70		70		
TOTAL FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION	l otal tor	lotal for CFDA No. 93.103	20			0/ 0/		0/2		
5 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services * Passed through Council on Aging of Southwestern Chio Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part B	324 93.044 (b.) Total for CFDA No.	93.044 CFDA No. 93.044	65X2076 4	NAR	Recreation	20		=======================================	7 -	
 Passed through Council on Aging of Southwestern Ohio Special Programs for the Aging Title III, Part C Nutrition Services 	324 (b.) Total for	324 93.045 (b.) Total for CFDA No. 93.045	65X2076	NAR	Recreation	53	9 9	110	4 1 4 1	
* Passed through Council on Aging of Southwestern Ohio Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSIP)	324 93.053 (b.) Total for CFDA No.	93.053 CFDA No. 93.053	65X2076 3	NAR	Recreation	19		4 4		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Health Public Health Emergency Preparedness Public Health Emergency Preparedness 	350 350 Total for	350 93.074 350 93.074 Total for CFDA No. 93.074	03120012PH716 03120012PH817 4	NAM NAM	Health Health	184 156 340		102 247 349		
Program for Toxic Substances & Disease Registry	436 Total fo r	436 93.161 Total for CFDA No. 93.161	1E11TS000227-01	NAO	Environment & Sustainability	28		28		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Health Reproductive Health & Wellness Reproductive Health & Wellness 	350 350 Total for	350 93.217 350 93.217 Total for CFDA No. 93.217	3120011RH0617 3120011RH0718 7	NAM	Health Health	601	41 41	615		
Health Center Cluster	446	93.224	H80CS25683	NAM	Health	3,586		3,611		
* Passed through Cincinnati Health Network Homeless Health Care Program	448 (i.) Total for	448 93.224 Ci.) Total for CFDA No. 93.224	Contract #65x10136	NAM	Health	3,952		491		

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

Grantor/ Program Title	Fund	CFDA#	Grant #	Fund	Agency	Federal Revenue Received	Contributions & Other Revenue (Non-Federal)	Federal Expenditures	Advances pro (Repayments) or Adjustments rec	Amount provided to Sub recipients
* Passed through Ohio Department of Health Immunization Action Plan Special	415	93.268	03120012IM0916	NAM	Health	189	98	220		
	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 93.268	3.268			189	98	220		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Health Immunization Action Plan Special	415 Total fo r	415 93.539 Total for CFDA No. 93.539	03120012IM1017 3.539	NAM	Health			55		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (h.) 	323 Total for	283 32.558 C (h.) Total for CFDA No. 93.558	05x2034 & 05x2035 3.558	APR	Recreation	101	41	116		
Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Refugee Health Screening Cincinnati	350 Total fo r	350 93.566 Total for CFDA No. 93.566	G-1415-17-0841 3.566	NAM	Health	303		303		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) (a.) 	323 Total fo r	es 323 93.575 0 (a.) Total for CFDA No. 93.575	05x2034 & 05x2035 3.575	APR	Recreation	50	20	58		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Social Services Block Grant - Title XX (SSBG) 	323 Total for	323 93.667 Total for CFDA No. 93.667	05x2034 & 05x2035 3.667	APR	Recreation	50	20	58		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Health Creating Healthy Communities Creating Healthy Communities 	425 425 Total fo r	425 93.758 425 93.758 Total for CFDA No. 93.758	03120014CC0716 03120014CC0817 3.758	N N M	Health Health	102 34 136		122 35 157		
 Passed through Ohio Department of Developmental Disabilities Medical Assistance Program (c.) 7 	s 324 Total for	ilities 324 93.778 (c.) Total for CFDA No. 93.778	N/A 3.778	NAR	Recreation	41 41		22		
Family and Community Violence Prevention Program (14CAMP)	368 Total fo r	368 93.910 YI Total for CFDA No. 93.910	YEPMP140082-02-00 3.910	NAS	Police	233		239		
* Passed through Ohio Department of Health Reproductive Health & Wellness Dental Sealant Grant Dental Sealant Grant TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	350 350 350 Total for	350 93.994 350 93.994 350 93.994 Total for CFDA No. 93.994	3120011RH0617 03120011DS0316 03120011DS0417	NAM NAM NAM	Health Health Health	16 33 10 59 6,148	187	16 25 10 51 6,675	25	
6 U.S. Department of Homeland Security FY15 Assistance to Firefighters Grant (AFG)	472 Total fo r	472 97.044 El Total for CFDA No. 97.044	EMW-2015-FO-07265 7.044	NAS	Fire	418		418		
FY14 Port Security Grant Program FY15 Port Security Grant Program FY16 Port Security Grant Program	368 368 368 Total for	368 97.056 EI 368 97.056 EI 368 97.056 EI Total for CFDA No. 97.056	EMW-2014-PU-00224 EMW-2015-PU-00265 EMW-2016-PU-00391 7.056	NAS NAS NAS	Police Police Police	38 55 1		34 81 2		
FY13 Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response (SAFER) TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY	472 Total for	472 97.083 E Total for CFDA No. 97.083	EMW-2013-FH-00536 7.083	NAS	Fire	1,353 1,353 1,865		664 664 1,199		
7 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant	304 304 304	14.218 14.218 14.218	B14MC390003 B15MC390003 B16MC390003	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	DCED DCED DCED	1,715 288 7,410	641	2,253 375 7,752		162 196 3,469

CITY OF CINCININATI, OHIO Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

(Amount In Trousands)				Fund		Federal Revenue	Contributions & Other Revenue	Federal	Advances (Repayments) or	Amount provided to Sub
Grantor/ Program Title	Fund	CFDA#	Grant #	Class	Agency	Received	(Non-Federal)	Expenditures	Adjustments	recipients
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grant Neighborhood Stabilization Program 1	304	14.218	B17MC390003 B-08-MN-39-0003	NAC NAO	DCED		2,512	305		305
	k.) Total for	(k.) Total for CFDA No. 14.218) :		9,413	3,187	10,685		4,132
2015 Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)	445	14.231	E 15 MC 39 0003	NAO	DCED	16		16		16
2016 Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)	445	14.231	E 16 MC 39 0003	NAO	DCED	881		770		770
	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 14.231	4.231			897		786		786
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2011	411	14.239	M11MC390213	NAC	DCED	12		12		
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2012	411	14.239	M12MC390213	NAC	DCED	349		374		42
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2013	411	14.239	M13MC390213	NAC	DCED	1,345		1,401		80
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2014	411	14.239	M14MC390213	NAC	DCED	135		135		!
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2015	411	14.239	M15MC390213	NAC	DCED	439	7	439		147
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2016	411	14.239	M16MC390Z13	NAC	DCED	31/	11	370		42
HOME Investment Partnerships Program 2017	411 Total fo	411 14.239 Total for CFDA No. 14.239	M17/MC390213 4.239	Z D	DCED	2,597	223	2,761		30
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS - 2015 Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS - 2016	465 465	14.241	OHH 15F001 OHH 16F001	NAO	DCED	5 601		5 409		5 409
	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 14.241	4.241			909		414		414
i CDBG Section 108 Loan Fund	305 Total fo l	305 14.248 Total for CFDA No. 14.248	B-12-MC-39-003 4.248	NAC	DCED		255	237		
MetroWest HUD EDI - 10221	980 Total fo l	980 14.251 Total for CFDA No. 14.251	B-10-SP-OH-0080 4.251	СР	DCED			457		
ARRA- Neighborhood Stabilization Program 3	438	14.256	B-11-MN-39-0003	NAO	DCED			27		
 Passed through Hamilton County ARRA- Neighborhood Stabilization Program 2 	502 Total fo l	502 14.256 Total for CFDA No. 14.256	B-09-CN-OH-0033 4.256	NAO	DCED			244		
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0362C5E001000 OH0363C5E001000	NAO	DCED	130		130		130
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0009L5E001407	NAO	DCED	335		329		335
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0002L5E001402	NAO	DCED	22		22		22
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0006L5E001402	NAO NAO	DCED	22		7 22		22
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0424L5E001403	N S	DCED	2- 1-2		2 12		2 12
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0003L5E001401	NAO	DCED	4		14		4
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH0302L5E001401	NAO	DCED	27		27		27
Continuum of Care Program	410	14.267	OH 0307L5E001401	NAO (DCED	24		27		27
Continuant of Cale Program	Total fo	Total for CFDA No. 14.267	4.267	2	200	738		735		741
Lead Hazard Control Grant	381	14.905	OHLHB0582-14	NAM	Health	1,241		1,143		
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 14.905 ENT	4.905			1,241	3,676	1,143		6,342
8 U.S. Department of Justice * Passed through Ohio Attorney General										
Crime Victim Assistance (16VALU) Crime Victim Assistance (17VALU)	368	16.575 16.575	2016-VOCA-19812206 2017-VOCA-43552425	NAS NAS	Police Police	21		15 79		
	Total for	Total for CFDA No. 16.575	6.575			95		94		
* Passed through Ohio Office of Criminal Justice Services Violence Against Women Formula Grants (15VAWA) Violence Against Women Formula Grants (16VAWA)	368	16.588 16.588	2015-WF-VA5-8583 2016-WF-VA5-8583	NAS NAS	Police Police	45		45		

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO
Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards
(Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

unity Policing Grant 2014 unity Policing Grant 2015 sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program OME) OME	Total for CFDA No. 16.588 368 16.710 2014-UL-WX-0029 368 16.710 2015-UL-WX-0030 Total for CFDA No. 16.710 368 16.738 2015-DL-BX-0194 478 16.738 2015-DL-BX-0398 478 16.738 2015-DL-BX-0238 478 16.738 2015-DL-BX-0238 478 16.738 2015-DL-BX-0213 368 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6810 Total for CFDA No. 16.738 367 16.922	NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS	Police Police Police Police Police Police Police	663 663 610 1,273 1,273 314 (11)	3 2	643 663 559 1,222 204	supulser for	
unity Policing Grant 2014 unity Policing Grant 2015 afety sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program Sistance Grant Program OME) OME (e.)	16.710 2014-UL-WX-0029 16.710 2015-UL-WX-0030 16.738 2016-DG-BX-K052 16.738 2013-DJ-BX-0194 16.738 2013-DJ-BX-0398 16.738 2015-DJ-BX-0238 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6256 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6810 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6810 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6810 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6810	NAS S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Police Police Police Police Police Police Police Police	663 610 1,273 (11) (11) 14 17	ν	663 559 1,222 204		
unity Policing Grant 2015 afety sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program of Marice Services (AFFICKING) OME)	16.716 2015-UL-WX-0030 FDA No. 16.710 2015-UL-WX-0030 16.738 2016-DG-BX-K052 16.738 2013-D-BX-0398 16.738 2015-DJ-BX-0238 16.738 2015-DJ-BX-0213 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6256 16.738 2015-JG-A02-6810 FDA No. 16.738	NAS S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Police Police Police Police Police	(11) (11) (11) 314 14 17	0 m	1,222		
ety stance Grant Program stance Grant Program stance Grant Program al Justice Services AFICKING)	16.738	NAS NAS S S S NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS NA	Police Police Police Police Police	(11) 314 14 17	N M	204		
sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program minal Justice Services AAFFICKING) OME)	16.738	NAS S S S NAS NAS S NAS NAS NAS NAS NAS	Police Police Police Police Police	(11) 314 17 17	8 8			
sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program inal Justice Services RAFFICKING)	16.738	NAS S S S NAS S S NAS S NAS NAS NAS NAS	Police Police Police Police	314 14 17	3 2		(23)	
sistance Grant Program sistance Grant Program intal Justice Services ARFICKING) OME)	16.738	NAS S S S NAS S S S	Police Police Police Police	314 14 17	ı m	54		
sistance Grant Program inal Justice Services RAFFICKING) OME)	16.738	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	P Oili Oe Oili	314	•	. α		
inal Justice Services OME)	16.738	NAS NAS NAS	Police Police Police	17	₩	0 141		141
	16.922	NAS	Police	}	9	14 17 448	(23)	141
	Total for CFDA No. 16.922			811 811 2,574	9	403 403 2,228	(23)	141
	15.605 65X2012 15.605 65X2088 SFDA No. 15.605	N NAR R	Recreation Recreation	1000		ω m ω ω		
10 U.S. Department of Transportation FAA Local Match 142329 Total for CF	980 20.106 3-39-0018-022-2014 Total for CFDA No. 20.106	G O	DOTE	50		69		
980 980 980	20.205 PID 87036 20.205 PID 81853 20.205 PID 86335 20.205 PID 96335	6 6 6	DOTE DOTE DOTE	995		1,103		
-		5 6 6 6	DOTE DOTE DOTE	55 2,206 83 3,005		2,482		
* Passed through Southwest Ohio Regional Transit Authority FTA -Urban Circulator Grant - 03678 (j.) Total for CF	980 20.500 OH-03-0303-00 (j.) Total for CFDA No. 20.500	d. O	DOTE	3,804		3,804		
* Passed through Ohio State Highway Patrol 368 20.600 MO State and Community Highway Safety (16BLUEASH) 368 20.600 MO State and Community Highway Safety (16WORK) 388 20.600 CZ-2 State and Community Highway Safety (17WORK) 368 20.600 CZ-2 State and Community Highway Safety (15STEP) 368 20.600 STEP- State and Community Highway Safety (16STEP) 368 20.600 STEP- State and Community Highway Safety (16STEP) 368 20.600 STEP-	20.600 MOA - Subgrantee (2015) 20.600 MOA - Subgrantee (2016) 20.600 CZ-2016-31-00-00-00673-00 20.600 STEP-2017-31-00-00-00455-00 20.600 STEP-2017-31-00-00-00455-00 20.600 STEP-2017-31-00-00-00483-00	NAS NAS NAS NAS O NAS	Police Police Police Police Police Police	4 1 1 6 8 3 1 1 4 9 1 1 6 1 1		6 6 6 0 0 48		

Passed through Ohio State Highway Patrol

Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017

provided to

Advances

Contributions &

(Amount in Thousands)

recipients gng (Repayments) or Adjustments 22 134 38,996 Expenditures Federal 3,869 Other Revenue (Non-Federal) 36,426 39 82 7,119 130 Revenue Received Federal Police Police DOTE Fund NAS СР IDEP-2016-31-00-00-00322-00 IDEP-2017-31-00-00-00346-00 OH-79-002-00 Grant # (g.) Total for CFDA No. 20.616 Total for CFDA No. 20.933 20.616 20.616 Fund CFDA# 20.933 086 368 TOTAL FEDERAL GRANTS & SUBSIDIES (Non-GAAP Basis) Passed through Southwest Ohio Regional Transit Authority
 II Tiger Grant - 03678 TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION National Priority Safety Programs (15IDEP) National Priority Safety Programs (16IDEP) Grantor/ Program Title

Notes to the Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance

Total Department of Community & Economic Development (DCED) loans outstanding at June 30, 2017 totaled \$15,154,196 under CFDA 14.218, \$39,509,912 under CFDA 14.239, \$236,651 under CFDA 14.248, \$7,215,840 under CFDA 14.256 and \$132,700 under CFDA 14.905. ii n 2012 the City entered into an intergovernmental cooperative agreement with SORTA to administer the following grants awarded to the City as a sub-recipient. The City is responsible for the assurance that invoices paid are in compliance with the grants. The two grants covered under this agreement are:

CFDA 20.500

The Urban Circulator Grant

CLUSTERS OF PROGRAMS

24,990,000.00 15,920,000.00 \$ \$ CFDA 20.500 CFDA 20.933 **TIGER 3 Grant**

* Indicates Federal monies passed through another agency to the City of Cincinnati

Reconciliation of Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards to Budgetary Statements	eipts and Expenditures o	,		Federal Revenue Received	Contributions & Other Revenue (Non-Federal)	Federal Expenditures	Advances (Repayments) or Adjustments	Amount provided to Sub recipients
	Budgetary Statements SEFA	₹	a. CCDF	20	20	28		
Special Recreation Fund (APR)	201	201	b. Aging	92	9	125	25	
Community Development (NAC)	12,010 12,0	12,010	c. Medicaid	41		22		
Health (NAM)		727	d. Drinking Water State Revolving Fund	29				
Other Grants (NAO)	2,269 2,2	2,269	e. Fish and Wildlife	10		80		
Recreation Grants (NAR)	268	268	f. Highway Planning and Construction	3,005		3,675		
Safety (NAS)	4,802 4,8	4,802	g. Highway Safety	130		123		
Capital Projects (CP)	7,119 7,	7,120	h. TANF	101	41	116		
Greater Cincinnati Water Works (EWW)		29	i. Health Center Program	3,952		4,102		
	36,2	36,426	j. Federal Transit	3,804		3,804		

4,132

10,685

3,187

9,413

k. CDBG - Entitlement Grants

CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO INFRASTRUCTURE INCOME TAX

In accordance with the provisions of Chapter 311 of the Cincinnati Municipal Code, an additional earnings tax of .1% shall be levied for costs related to constructing, equipping, maintaining and repair of the City's infrastructure. Such tax shall remain in effect as long as the City appropriates at least the base amount required and subsequently expends funds at a level (ninety percent of the annual base amount within three years) specified in Chapter 311, CMC.

The following data summarizes the results of the City's compliance with the infrastructure income tax requirements for Fiscal Years 2017 and 2016.

(AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

,	FY2017	FY2016
Required Base Amount	\$61,908	\$61,096
Actual Appropriated Amount	\$91,801	\$81,424
Infrastructure Expenditures - As of June 30, 2017	\$49,943	\$59,782
Percentage of Expenditures to Base Amount	80.6729%	97.8493%

I hereby certify that the City of Cincinnati appropriated for FY2017 an amount sufficient to meet the requirements for continuation of the Infrastructure Income Tax.

Reginald Zeno

Director of Finance

STATISTICAL SECTION



CITY OF CINCINNATI, OHIO

STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the City of Cincinnati's comprehensive annual financial report provides detailed historical and economic information for users of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information for the purpose of assessing and evaluating the City's economic condition.

<u>Financial Trends</u> – This section provides information on the City's net position, changes to net position and fund balance for assessing the changes in financial position over time.

<u>Revenue Capacity</u> – This section provides information on the City's ability to generate revenue, specifically income tax (the major source of revenue for governmental activities) and property tax revenue.

<u>Debt Capacity Information</u> – This section provides information on the City's outstanding debt, debt limitations and the ability to leverage and pay future debt.

<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> – This section provides information about the environment in which the City operates.

<u>Operating Information</u> – This section provides operating information related to the City's infrastructure, assets and services provided by function.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these statistical schedules is from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

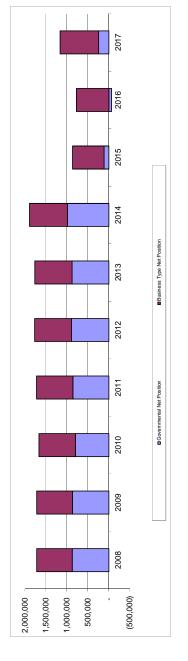
Note: The City changed it's fiscal year in 2013 from a January 1 through December 31 to July 1 through June 30. The 2013 Fiscal year represents the six month conversion period from January 1 to June 30.

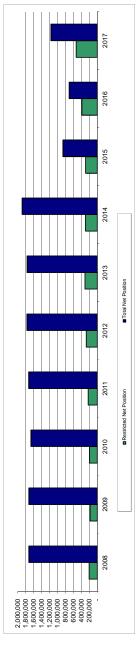
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City of Cincinnati Financial Trends Information Schedule 1 Net Position by Category Last Ten Fiscal Periods (Amounts in Thousands)

					Fiscal Period	riod				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities		000		000	000	1	000		0.00	000
Net investment in Capital Assets	\$ 042,883	\$ 674,690	4 14,280	41,200	4 057///	197,444	800,831	928,893	868,010	902,508
Restricted	162,774	133,750	160,955	203,698	223,826	233,054	205,812	212,989	316,881	380,598
Unrestricted	64,412	60,588	(80,222)	(89,024)	(114,492)	(153,490)	(90,482)	(1,029,535)	(1,252,133)	(1,039,794)
Subtotal governmental activities net position	873,069	869,028	795,313	855,940	886,570	877,008	982,161	112,347	(67,242)	243,472
Business-Type activities										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	707,549	705,909	750,184	745,722	748,487	743,892	741,619	779,790	792,466	741,844
Restricted	42,929	47,438	36,587	23,010	52,330	77,273	90,651	79,623	67,988	146,953
Unrestricted	95,424	97,175	85,433	98,341	79,518	65,200	75,073	(106,980)	(86,602)	31,351
Subtotal business-type activities net position	845,902	850,522	872,204	867,073	880,335	886,365	907,343	752,433	773,852	920,148
Primary Government										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,353,432	1,380,599	1,464,764	1,486,988	1,525,723	1,541,336	1,608,450	1,708,683	1,660,476	1,644,512
Restricted	205,703	181,188	197,542	226,708	276,156	310,327	296,463	292,612	384,869	527,551
Unrestricted	159,836	157,763	5,211	9,317	(34,974)	(88,290)	(15,409)	(1,136,515)	(1,338,735)	(1,008,443)
Total	4 740 074	0 740 6	4 007	4 700 010		6	000	002 700	406 640	4 462 620
Total primary government net position	0.017,10.97	000,817,1	e //C,/00,/	1,723,013	© CO6,007,1	0 0/00/00/	900,500,1 9	004,400	010,007	1,165,620

Note: The City of Cincinnati Changed Fiscal Year in 2013. The information for the 2013 Fiscal Year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.





City of Cincinnati, Ohio Financial Trends Information Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Periods (Amounts in Thousands)

					Fiscal Period	eriod				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charces for Services										
General Government	\$ 100,874	\$ 107,959	\$ 106,395		\$ 52,737		\$ 59,231	\$ 62,795	59,129	\$ 64,104
Community Development	2,488	408	5,147	37	13,346	6,779	31,726	32,147	10,799	13,471
Parks and Recreation Public Safety	6,633 16 404	14.230	14.789	7,059	18,059	4,003 8,752	22,032	0,033	9,213	0,332
Transportation and Engineering	1,583	85	1,956	1,360	1,581	937	3,233	3,865	550	1,993
Public Services	3,078	5,735	2,588	36	2,301	1,056	2,789	2,971	4,578	3,721
Public Health	8,216	9,607	10,152	10,314	12,340	6,941	14,188	18,666	22,626	21,108
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	21,502	22,951	23,436	27,012	31,232	21,367 21,416	36,456	35,054	46,337 20,563	39,173 12,786
Total govemmental activities program revenue	204,610	222,390	236,389	209,855	217,897	90,855	238,855	256,344	198,169	180,640
Business-type activities Charnes for Services										
Water Works	119,228	115,377	123,443	119,434	132,486	64,840	139,635	140,124	146,395	155,282
Parking Facilities	8,814	8,860	9,520	10,385	10,402	5,709	13,468	12,119	13,095	12,903
General Aviation	2,029	1,932	2,039	2,044	2,083	1,444	1,848	1,985	2,086	2,133
Municipal Golf	6,414	6,458	6,069	5,270	5,990	2,760	5,392	5,509	5,759	5,855
Stormwater Management Capital Grants and Contributions	8,692	8,756 9,971	8,919 32,217	8,412 3,543	9,686 3,414	5,691 359	11,305 2,197	11,455 4,684	11,200 9,964	11,187 1,576
Total business-type activities program revenues	156,910	156,590	188,971	156,601	170,849	85,024	180,538	182,854	196,710	196,343
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 361,520	\$ 378,980	\$ 425,360	\$ 366,456 \$	388,746	\$ 175,879 \$	\$ 419,393	\$ 439,198	\$ 394,879	\$ 376,983
FYDENSES										
Governmental Activities:	420 707	440.672	470 047	447.064.6	44	9 707	400 500	00 200	116 760	2000
Community Development			54.316		49.744	25.076				3,095
Parks and Recreation	44,616	42,345	51,298	42,419	44,615	25,399	50,777	46,310		
Public Safety	247,924	253,413	254,720	242,159	248,347	128,138	231,266	255,412		(/
Transportation and Engineering	37,965	42,361	46,805	34,121	58,483	11,671	59,104	44,366	52,063	\$ 14,881
Public Services	60,227	48,987	60,920	57,415	45,047	28,611	60,855	50,878		
Public Health	45,703	48,017	58,940	47,862	43,197	26,279	50,063	44,362	65,361	(16,397)
merest on rong-term debt. Total covernmental activities expenses	691,485	688.607	768.309	651.064	671.239	314.511	654.210	662.121	799.804	401.753
		000		200	501		1,	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Dusiness-type activities Water Works	113,804	117,007	132,531	119,423	116,652	64,130	123,598	109,676	131,121	21,598
Parking Facilities Convention Center	8,969	8,831	9,605	8,807	11,765	4,296 6,964	12,174	9,587	12,444	4,520
General Aviation	2,753	2,529	2,864	2,729	2,110	1,120	2,503	2,289		(513)
Municipal Golf Stormwater Management	6,369	6,141	6,258	7,313	6,291	3,318	6,179	5,597	6,103	5,866
Total business-type activities expenses	158,719	159,111	175,609	164,913	162,893	84,449	167,560	150,770	179,087	54,614
Total primary dovernment expenses	\$ 850.204	\$ 847.718	\$ 943.918	\$ 815.977 \$	834.132	\$ 398.960	\$ 821.770	\$ 812.891	\$ 978.891	\$ 456.367
Nick (Expanse)/Dougle						-				
vectaperisepreventee Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (486,875)	\$ (466,217)	\$ (531,920) 13.362	\$ (441,209) \$	(453,342)	\$ (223,656) \$	\$ (415,355)	\$ (405,777)	\$ (601,635) 3	\$ (221,113)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(488,684)	(468.738)	(518.558)	(449.521)	(445,386)	(223.081)	(402.377)	(373,693)	(584,012)	(79.384)
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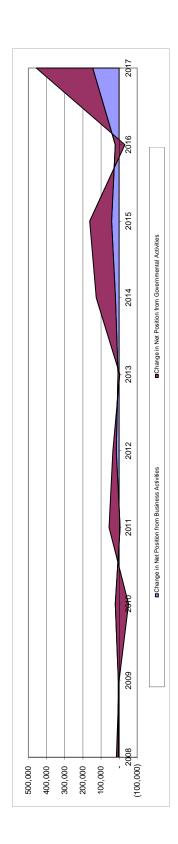
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City of Cincinnati, Ohio Financial Trends Information Schedule 2 Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Period (Amounts in Thousands)

(Continued)							Fiscal Period	ро			
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets(Position) Governmental activities:		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Property taxes	€9	75,062 \$	80,153 \$	51,509 \$	53,335 \$	50,310 \$	23,730 \$	58,714 \$	58,668 \$	59,426 \$	60,253
Income taxes	'n	19,565	299,778	297,636		319,317		351,262			369,978
Admission taxes		4,570	4,028	4,174	4,450	4,616	1,720	5,278	5,422	6,586	5,811
Occupancy Tax		2,222	1,884	2,007	2,270	2,330	1,092	2,705	2,854	3,369	3,626
Shared Revenues		73,079	60,320	64,714	62,012	57,438	14,817	50,004	46,839	48,767	41,979
Unrestricted Investment earnings		19,363	14,461	10,861	9,407	5,931	(2,963)	10,357	7,108	8,972	3,413
Miscellaneous		669	1,350	27,380	31,844	31,370	17,474	41,048	42,585	45,067	44,426
Special Item - Gain on Sale of Property Transfers between governmental and business-type activities		2,726	202	(76)	14,000 (571)	100	(1,051)	1,140	1,119	4,788	2,341
Total govemmental activities	4	497,286	462,176	458,205	501,836	471,412	214,094	520,508	526,779	548,625	531,827
Business-type activities: Tax											
Occupancy taxes		1,287	1,187	1,234	1,394	1,419	836	1,640	1,662	2,179	2,166
Unrestricted Investment earnings		6,320	3,662	4,969	4,515	3,976	(449)	4,443	3,524	4,625	2,224
Miscellaneous		2,455	2,494	2,041	1,486	3,294	4,301	3,057	5,243	1,780	2,518
Special Item		(826)	į	i	(4,785)			:	;	1	;
Transfers between governmental and business-type activities		(2,726)	(202)	9/	571	(100)	1,051	(1,140)	(1,119)	(4,788)	(2,341)
Total business-type activities		6,358	7,141	8,320	3,181	8,589	5,739	8,000	9,310	3,796	4,567
Total Primary Governmental Activities	E)	503,644	469,317	466,525	505,017	480,001	219,833	528,508	536,089	552,421	536,394
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-tyne activities	€	10,411 \$	(4,041) \$	(73,715) \$	60,627 \$	18,070 \$	(9,562) \$	105,153 \$	121,002 \$	(53,010) \$	310,714
- ental Activities	\$	14,960 \$	\$ 629	(52,033) \$	55,496 \$	34,615 \$	(3,248) \$	126,131 \$	162,396 \$	(31,591) \$	457,010
"				Ш			(-:-/-)			Ш	

Note: In 2011, Retirement began paying the presciption drug benefits for retirees directly instead of through the Self-Insured Medical Fund, resulting in a decrease in General Government Expenditures.

Note: The City of Cincinnati Changed Fiscal Year in 2013. The information for the 2013 Fiscal Year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.



City of Cincinnati
Financial Trends Information
Schedule 3
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Periods
(Amounts in Thousands)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund Nonspendable Reserved Unreserved	\$ 13,226 53,471	\$ 5,790	\$ 3,726	\$ 4,063	\$ 6,415	\$ 4,025	\$ 2,304	\$ 3,612	\$ 3,730	\$ 3,931
Unrestricted: Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund	66,697	12,885 36,106 35,214 89,995	8,295 27,316 46,017 85,354	5,287 24,975 65,481 99,806	6,828 24,548 61,915 99,706	7,177 22,561 52,545 86,308	7,793 6,620 64,778 81,495	5,264 5,734 72,232 86,842	6,366 8,810 73,932 92,838	6,475 7,539 59,380 77,325
Capital Projects Fund Nonspendable Reserved	103.682	17,213	15,962	868	903	837	797	754	774	730
Restricted Unreserved Unrestricted	105,996	118,630	109,561	125,603	160,798	134,339	134,412	59,435	151,402	202,045
Committed Assigned		15,764 31,550								
Total Capital Projects Fund	209,678	183,157	125,523	126,501	161,701	135,176	135,209	60,189	152,176	202,775
Debt Service Fund Nonspendable Reserved Restricted Unreserricted: Committed Assigned Unassigned	65,660	73,137	10,000	81,090	76,846	90,078	108,575	99,091	116,003	102,507
Total Debt Service Fund	67,085	73,137	60,548	81,090	76,846	90,078	108,575	99,091	116,003	102,507
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Reserved Restricted Unreserved	45,987	3,447	3,274	2,645	2,655	2,658	2,713	2,628	2,428	2,395
Unrestricted: Committed Assigned		24,587	503 18,447	18,021	13,171	13,642	17,218	19,443	19,129	17,378
Unassigned Total Other Governmental Funds	81,671	(1,581) 78,564	120,309	(1,748) 136,004	(1,024) 108,768	(2,841) 96,736	(1,025) 105,032	(2,139) 120,115	(1,502) 137,256	126,545
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$425,131	\$424,853	\$391,734	\$443,401	\$447,021	\$408,298	\$430,311	\$366,237	\$498,273	\$509,152
Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences	\$ 8,683	\$ 10,623	\$ 1,065	\$ 1,048	\$ (3,448)	\$ 5,707	\$ (1,317)	\$ 2,395	\$ 3,334	\$ 10,433

Notes: In 2004 a reserve of fund balance was created for the Estimated Liability for Compensated Absences. In prior years this amount has been included in the liability section of the financial statements. Prior years have been restated.

In 2009 GASB 54 was implemented which eliminated the reserved and unreserved classifications and replaced them with Nonspendable, Restricted and Unrestricted. Within the Unrestricted category three classifications of fund balance were created. They are Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

The City of Cincinnati changed Fiscal Years in 2013. The information for the 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

City of Cincinnati
Financial Trends Information
Schedule 4
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Periods
(Amounts in Thousands)

	1	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	Revenues										
	Taxes	\$ 398,520	\$ 386,846		\$ 377,508 \$	379,467 \$	190,262 \$	409,624 \$	421,178 \$	440,768 \$	439,212
	Licenses and Permits	11,302	12,045	11,218	11,313	10,624	6,071	14,041	15,078	14,781	17,024
	Use of Money and Property	45,223	41,409	43,935	38,047	37,099	13,488	44,781	39,960	50,051	38,085
	Special Assessments	4,327	4,383	5,416	4,993	5,058	3,128	0,061	6,376	5,398	6,739
	mergoverminemai Revenue Federal Grants	32 613	71,314	60,139	62.508	90,233	30,442	50,903 80,809	34, 16 <i>/</i> 80 131	53,413	36 342
	State Grants and Subsidies	22,013	10,161	14 738	17 824	10.550	7 233	03,023	10,131	7,590	7770
	Charges for Current Services	32.326		35.015	35.007	37.738	18.461	40.675	48.551	53.926	52.261
	Miscellaneous	5,744		35,753	35,419	34,839	18,791	47,628	47,151	48,911	62,719
	Total Revenue	630,376	622,095	641,101	654,125	671,359	317,604	986'269	723,140	729,078	708,575
	Expenditures										
	Current										
	General Government	51.828	65.161	62.296	64.982	62.969	42.632	92.091	98.413	100.781	95.102
	Community Development	13,087	11,418	10,553	8,386	8,351	3,854	12,928	12,272	46,146	23,774
	Parks and Recreation	30,037	28,864	28,324	26,048	28,133	13,959	35,930	38,214	38,518	39,622
	Public Safety	180,415	180,917	177,738	177,432	176,453	84,797	229,607	240,235	241,815	267,093
	Transportation and Engineering	7,194	8,222	7,488	6,241	7,671	3,851	9,216	8,798	8,395	8.874
	Transit System	45,389	46,537	40,398	41,746	45,047	23,976	48,877	49,800	50,811	52,561
	Public Services	39,754		35,514	28.887	27,834	15,573	40.661	39,646	37,417	36,435
	Public Health	32,235		33.898	30,203	31.397	15.742	44,464	46.371	49.504	52,779
2	Employee Benefits	81.588		92,418	94,932	102,874	53,084) Î
259	Capital Outlay	130.585	_	171.810	144.866	205,251	86,988	186.742	180.904	135.669	118.785
)	Debt Services:										
	Principal Retirement	34,398		38,338	40,869	44,888	208	59,635	49,039	51,346	57,441
	Interest	21,006	.,	22,878	22,670	23,885	12,020	20,812	25,882	26,688	28,422
	Bond Issuance Cost	1,403	1,0/0	920	820	1,193	· [008	·	4,202	1,330
	Total Expenditures	668,919	700,801	722,209	688,112	768,946	357,184	781,863	789,574	791,292	782,224
	Excess(Deficiency of Revenues over(under) Expenditures	(38,543)	(78,706)	(81,108)	(33,987)	(97,587)	(39,580)	(83,877)	(66,434)	(62,214)	(73,649)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			•							
	General Obligation Bonds and Notes Issued	41,600		47,027	49,000	89,155		94,721		140,481	65,038
	Revenue Bonds Issued	35,280	12,770	•	21,000	•				35,530	10,000
	Capital Lease Financing									20,079	10,420
	Refunding Bonds Issued		5,080	10,305	19,000	49,025		42,045		173,100	10,725
	Payment to Retunded bonds Escrow Agent Discount on Bonds	(FEA)			(20,083)	(1/6,46)		(40,929)		(191,486)	(10,007)
	Premium on Bonds Issued	1.133	1.279	1.661	3.869	17.670		16.309		32.049	3.940
	Revenue Loan Proceeds									3,773	
	Judgement Payment with Bonds Issued									(24,215)	
	Transfers In	130,747	80,441	81,621	74,290	115,744	19,985	101,424	46,663	164,800	102,285
	i ransrers(Out)	(127,701)	(80,561)	(81,815)	(74,042)	(114,796)	(19,128)	(000,101)	(44,303)	(159,741)	(107,201)
	Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	80,505	78,428	47,989	71,654	102,227	857	105,890	2,360	194,250	84,528
	Special Item			,	14,000						
	Net change in fund balances	\$ 41,962	\$ (278)	\$ (33,119)	51,667	4,640 \$	(38,723) \$	22,013 \$	(64,074) \$	132,036 \$	10,879
	Canitalized Assets	89 910	124 870	4 108 294	112 357 \$	141 071 \$	79 205 \$	88 689	123 072 \$	64 152 \$	33 137
	Oobt continue of a Demonstrate of Nonconital Expenditures		- -								12 040/
	Debt services as a Percentage of Noricapital Expenditures	10.20	7.44.11	11.1270	0/0/-1	0/ 07:71	4.1.70	13.32 /0	0/10.71	0/ 08:11	0/+6.71

Note: Capitalized Asset amount is from the reconciliation between the government-wide statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.

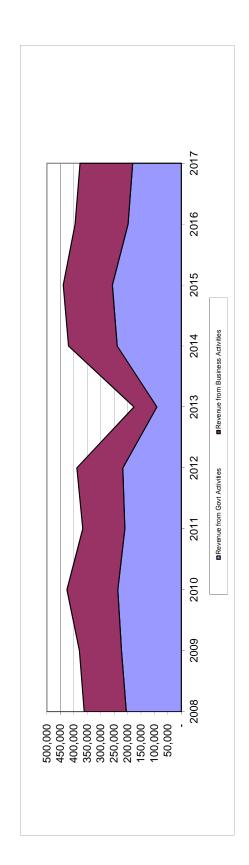
Note: The City of Cincinnati Changed Fiscal Year in 2013. The information for the 2013 Fiscal Year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

Note: Beginning in fiscal year 2014 Employee Benefits are expensed at the program level.

City of Cincinnati
Financial Trends Information
Schedule 5
Program Revenues by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Periods
(Amounts in Thousands)

						Program Revenue	venue				
	2008		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function/Program Governmental Activities:											
General Government	\$ 103,886	36 36	110,673	\$ 111,773 \$	3 90,913 \$	69,143 \$	23,079 \$	65,245 \$	\$ 086,89	59,270	64,906
Community Development	25,404	4	31,580	43,336	36,005	45,061	18,610	64,039	74,185	32,935	28,688
Parks and Recreation	13,888	38	9,358	12,601	9,447	9,295	5,361	12,171	10,535	12,547	10,849
Public Safety	21,909	6(26,464	27,654	35,241	30,243	13,150	34,914	36,894	36,155	26,457
Transportation and Engineering	18,842	72	19,382	15,828	17,007	41,236	17,796	35,199	33,049	17,987	12,662
Public Services	4,968	38	5,781	4,812	1,409	3,304	1,358	3,161	3,801	5,618	3,758
Public Health	15,713	3	19,152	20,385	19,833	19,615	11,501	24,126	29,500	33,657	33,320
Subtotal governmental activities program revenue	204,610	0	222,390	236,389	209,855	217,897	90,855	238,855	256,344	198,169	180,640
:											
Business-type activities Water Works	122.327	7,	125.081	126.482	122.738	135.871	65.142	141,637	144.323	154.357	156.763
Parking Facilities	8,822	Ž,	8,868	9,520	10,535	10,402	5,766	13,468	12,119	13,095	12,903
Convention Center	7,505	5	5,236	6,764	7,513	6,788	4,221	6,693	7,381	9,428	7,443
General Aviation	2,103	33	2,191	2,042	2,133	2,112	1,444	2,043	2,067	2,871	2,183
Municipal Golf	6,776	9.	6,458	6,367	5,270	2,990	2,760	5,392	5,509	5,759	5,864
Stormwater Management	9,377	77	8,756	37,796	8,412	9,686	5,691	11,305	11,455	11,200	11,187
Subtotal business-type activities program revenues	156,910	0	156,590	188,971	156,601	170,849	85,024	180,538	182,854	196,710	196,343
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 361,520	\$ 02	378,980	\$ 425,360 \$	366,456 \$	388,746 \$	175,879 \$	419,393 \$	439,198 \$	394,879 \$	376,983

Note: The City of Cincinnati Changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for the 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.



City of Cincinnati
Financial Trends Information
Schedule 6
Total Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Periods
(Amounts in Thousands)

lotal	630,376	622,095	641,101	654,125	671,359	317,604	697,859	723,140	729,078	708,575	12.4%
Misc	5,744	13,216	35,753	35,419	34,839	18,791	47,628	47,151	48,911	62,719	991.9%
Charges for Current Services	32,326	34,066	35,015	35,007	37,738	18,461	40,675	48,551	53,926	52,261	61.7%
Grants and f	55,197	58,616	75,066	80,332	76,279	37,961	79,213	90,659	57,830	41,091	-25.6%
Inter- Sovernmental Revenues	77,737	71,514	75,139	71,506	90,255	29,442	55,963	54,187	57,413	51,444	-33.8%
Special G Assessments	4,327	4,383	5,416	4,993	5,058	3,128	6,061	6,376	5,398	6,739	55.7%
Use of Money and Property	45,223	41,409	43,935	38,047	37,099	13,488	44,654	39,960	50,051	38,085	-15.8%
Licenses and Permits	11,302	12,045	11,218	11,313	10,624	6,071	14,041	15,078	14,781	17,024	20.6%
Taxes	398,520	386,846	359,559	377,508	379,467	190,262	409,624	421,178	440,768	439,212	10.2%
Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	Change 2008-2017

	■Use of Special Assessments	□ Misc
6,739 51,444 5,41,091 52,261 62,719	■Use of Money and Property	■Charges for Current Services
38,08	Licenses and Permits	■Grants and Subsidies
Governmental Revenue 2017 (Amounts in Thousands) 17,02	• Taxes	Inter-Governmental Revenues
Govern (Amc		

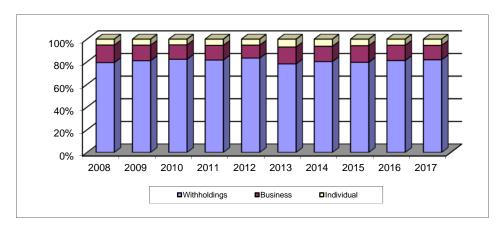
	Tax Revenue	398,520	386,846	359,559	377,508	379,467	190,262	409,624	421,178	440,768	439,212
3	Occupancy Tax	2,222	1,884	2,007	2,270	2,330	1,092	2,705	2,854	3,369	3,626
s, Covernments cal Periods Thousands)	Admissions Tax	4,570	4,027	4,175	4,450	4,616	1,719	5,278	5,444	6,585	5,811
Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Periods (Amounts in Thousands)	Property Tax	74,196	77,250	51,070	53,335	49,995	21,314	56,953	57,604	59,379	59,641
	Income	317,532	303,685	302,307	317,453	322,526	166,137	344,688	355,276	371,435	370,134
	Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Change 2008-2017 16.5% -19.6% 27.2% 63.2% 10.3% (1) Property Taxes include TIF service payments until 2010. TIF service payments are now in Miscellaneous Revenue (2) The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for the 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

City of Cincinnati

City of Cincinnati Revenue Capacity Schedule 1 Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections Cash Basis Last Ten Fiscal Periods (Amounts in Thousands)

Tax		%		%		%	Gross		Net
Year	Individual	Total	Business	Total	Withholding	Total	Receipts	Refunds	Receipts
2008	17,414	5.2%	51,676	15.5%	264,806	79.3%	333,896	12,660	321,236
2009	16,789	5.3%	43,743	13.8%	257,088	80.9%	317,620	14,608	303,012
2010	15,981	5.1%	40,236	12.7%	259,652	82.2%	315,869	12,955	302,914
2011	17,855	5.4%	42,898	13.0%	268,318	81.5%	329,071	12,721	316,350
2012	17,705	5.3%	38,315	11.4%	278,910	83.3%	334,930	12,194	322,736
2013	12,819	6.9%	27,582	14.9%	144,553	78.2%	184,954	11,707	173,247
2014	22,225	6.3%	48,234	13.6%	284,804	80.2%	355,263	14,273	340,990
2015	21,429	5.8%	54,334	14.7%	294,043	79.5%	369,806	12,826	356,980
2016	20,818	5.3%	52,746	13.6%	315,677	81.1%	389,241	12,589	376,652
2017	21,349	5.5%	49,442	12.7%	317,513	81.8%	388,304	15,106	373,198



Note: 1. The income tax rate is 2.1%.

Minor differences between net receipts and Non-GAAP receipts are due to processing of City employee withholdings.
 The City of Cincinnati changed Fiscal Years in 2013. The information for the 2013 Fiscal Year represents six months

3. The City of Cincinnati changed Fiscal Years in 2013. The information for the 2013 Fiscal Year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

Source: Cincinnati Income Tax Division

City of Cincinnati Revenue Capacity Schedule 2 Income Tax Revenues GAAP and NonGAAP Last Ten Fiscal Periods (Amounts in Thousands)

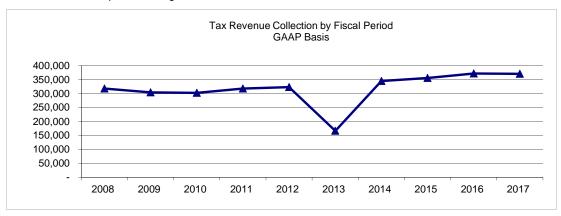
Non GAAP Budgetary Basis

				Permanent		%
	General	Transit	Infrastructure	Improvement		Inc(Dec)
Year	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	PriorYr
2008	231,758	45,821	15,274	27,898	320,751	4.52%
2009	223,800	43,316	14,439	21,658	303,213	-5.47%
2010	222,497	43,064	14,355	21,532	301,448	-0.58%
2011	233,752	45,242	15,081	22,621	316,696	5.06%
2012	238,210	46,105	15,368	23,053	322,736	1.91%
2013	127,873	24,749	8,250	12,375	173,247	-46.32%
2014	251,683	48,713	16,238	24,356	340,990	96.82%
2015	261,848	50,680	16,893	25,340	354,761	4.04%
2016	277,673	53,743	17,914	26,872	376,202	6.04%
2017	274,312	53,093	17,698	26,546	371,649	-1.28%

GAAP Basis

	General	Transit	Infrastructure	Permanent Improvement		% Inc(Dec)
Year	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	PriorYr
2008	229,381	45,362	15,121	27,668	317,532	1.99%
2009	222,942	43,150	14,383	23,210	303,685	-4.36%
2010	223,130	43,187	14,396	21,594	302,307	-0.45%
2011	234,311	45,350	15,117	22,675	317,453	5.01%
2012	238,054	46,075	15,359	23,038	322,526	1.60%
2013	122,624	23,734	7,912	11,867	166,137	-48.49%
2014	254,413	49,241	16,414	24,620	344,688	107.47%
2015	262,180	50,744	16,914	25,438	355,276	3.07%
2016	274,154	53,062	17,687	26,532	371,435	4.55%
2017	273,194	52,877	17,626	26,437	370,134	-0.37%

Note: The City of Cincinnati changed Fiscal Years in 2013. The information for the 2013 Fiscal Year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.



City of Cincinnati Revenue Capacity Schedule 3

Assessed Valuations and Estimated True Values Last Ten Fiscal Periods

Assessed Valuations

Collection Year	Real Property	Public Utility Property	Tangible Personal Property	Total	Direct Tax Rate
2008	5,523,140,570	259,754,620	182,812,120	5,965,707,310	9.89
2009	5,647,647,630	258,279,260	28,684,610	5,934,611,500	9.89
2010	5,653,703,070	270,947,630	15,462,590	5,940,113,290	9.82
2011	5,548,127,850	279,408,310	15,462,590	5,842,998,750	10.07
2012	5,047,722,430	295,612,690	-	5,343,335,120	10.50
2013	4,960,616,820	313,437,020	-	5,274,053,840	10.85
2014	4,896,185,150	351,462,760	-	5,247,647,910	12.20
2015	4,946,475,290	385,238,120	=	5,331,713,410	12.10
2016	4,987,699,590	397,886,050	=	5,385,585,640	12.10
2017	5,010,624,630	439,985,370	-	5,450,610,000	12.04

The current assessed valuation for collection year 2017 is computed at approximately the following percentages of estimated true value:

real property - 35%; public utilities, tangible personal property machinery and equipment, and inventory - various.

For real property, the estimated true values for the last ten years are computed as follows:

Collection Year	Estimated True Values	Year		Estimated True Values
2008 \$	15,780,401,629	2013	\$	15,068,725,257
2009	16,509,153,786	2014	•	14,993,279,743
2010	16,486,235,333	2015		15,233,466,886
2011	16,131,202,167	2016		15,387,387,543
2012	15.266.671.771	2017		15.573.171.429

For public utility property and tangible personal property, the City is not able to calculate estimated true values for the last ten years because the tangible personal property components (machinery and equipment, and business inventory) have been assessed over the years at different percentages.

City of Cincinnati Revenue Capacity Schedule 4 Real Property Assessed Valuation By Type of Property Last Six Collection Years

Collection <u>Year</u>	<u>Agricultural</u>	Commercial	<u>Industrial</u>	Residential	<u>Utilities</u>
2012	1,246,130	1,704,687,600	259,975,110	3,075,226,390	6,587,200
2013	1,056,000	1,635,350,450	261,206,740	3,055,938,780	7,064,850
2014	1,056,000	1,590,304,540	254,396,760	3,042,910,120	7,517,730
2015	1,135,000	1,594,763,700	242,587,690	3,100,151,250	7,837,650
2016	1,066,920	1,627,705,720	240,396,160	3,111,013,670	7,517,120
2017	1,114,980	1,638,859,570	238,335,820	3,122,082,870	10,231,390

Note: Rates are expressed as dollars of tax per thousand dollars of taxable valuation.

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

City of Cincinnati **Revenue Capacity** Schedule 5

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Periods

Assessed Year	Collection Year	City Levy General Fund	Debt Service	School Levy	County Levy	Total Levy	Residential Effective Millage	Commercial Effective Millage
2007 for	2008	4.53	5.36	59.67	20.56	90.12	57.57	68.69
2008 for	2009	4.53	5.36	67.95	20.63	98.47	65.70	76.08
2009 for	2010	4.46	5.36	67.87	21.48	99.17	66.67	77.44
2010 for	2011	4.60	5.47	68.54	21.48	100.09	67.82	79.88
2011 for	2012	4.60	5.9	70.76	21.06	102.32	73.67	84.72
2012 for	2013	4.60	6.25	71.34	21.06	103.25	74.81	86.34
2013 for	2014	5.70	6.5	71.49	21.06	104.75	76.51	88.19
2014 for	2015	5.60	6.5	70.65	20.88	103.63	75.20	87.94
2015 for	2016	5.60	6.5	70.15	20.88	103.13	74.80	87.64
2016 for	2017	5.54	6.5	77.91	20.88	110.83	82.72	95.40

Note: Rates are expressed as dollars of tax per thousand dollars of taxable valuation.

Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office

City of Cincinnati **Revenue Capacity** Schedule 6 **Principal Property Taxpayers** Prior Calendar Year and Nine Years Ago

	2	2016			2007	
T	Taxable Assessed	David	Percentage of Total Assessed	Taxable Assessed	Dank	Percentage of Total Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Duke Energy City of Cincinnati	\$ 442,768,210 93,980,090	1 2	8.12% 1.72%	266,418,680		1 4.48%
The Procter and Gamble Co The Christ Hospital	52,728,290 43,096,710	3	0.97% 0.79%	71,689,590	:	2 1.21%
Fifth Third Bank Emery Realty	31,749,620 26,113,270	5 6	0.58% 0.48%	24,192,250		7 0.41%
OTR Regency Centers LP	19,474,150 17,233,150	7	0.36% 0.32%			
Columbia Development Hertz Center	17,150,000 16,607,500	9 10	0.31% 0.30%	24,239,670	(6 0.41%
Carew Realty Inc				29,158,860		4 0.49%
Fifth Third Center				20,749,510		9 0.35%
Cincinnati Bell				47,256,380		3 0.80%
HK New Plan Exchange Property				21,573,720		8 0.36%
Western Southern Life				19,737,930	10	0.33%
Ohio Teachers Retirement System				26,250,000	;	5 0.44%
Total	\$ 760,900,990	-	13.95%	551,266,590		9.28%
Total Assessed Value	\$ 5,450,610,000					

Source: Hamilton County Auditors' Office

- Assessed Valuation is based on both the personal and real property valuation of the largest property holder in the city.
 The total assessed valuation figure is the 2016 valuation for 2017 real property tax collections.

City of Cincinnati Revenue Capacity Schedule 7 Property Tax Levy and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Periods (Amounts in thousands)

Collection Year	Net Tax Levy	Current Collections	Percentage of Current Collections to Net Levy	Prior Year Collections	Total Collections	Percentage of Total Collections to Net Levy
2007	62.614	57.087	91.17%	3.148	60.235	96.20%
2008	60,231	55,389	91.96%	2,978	58,367	96.91%
2009	59,803	54,390	90.95%	2,956	57,346	95.89%
2010	58,408	52,764	90.34%	2,769	55,533	95.08%
2011	59,552	54,285	91.16%	3,389	57,674	96.85%
2012	55,746	51,524	92.43%	3,128	54,652	98.04%
2013	57,407	53,678	93.50%	2,499	56,177	97.86%
2014	59,073	55,525	94.00%	2,548	58,073	98.31%
2015	58,911	56,245	95.47%	2,476	58,721	99.68%
2016	59,798	57,220	95.69%	1,986	59,206	99.75%

Note 1: Collections (2007 - 2016) have been reduced for State reimbursements of personal property tax that had been included in prior year amounts. These amounts are included in intergovernmental revenues.

Note 2: The information presented in this chart is based on collection years from January 1 through December 31.

City of Cincinnati
Revenue Capacity
Schedule 8
Water Works
Top Ten Retail Customer Data

		TOTAL	TOTAL			
RANK	NAME OF CUSTOMER	CONSUMPTION,	CONSUMPTION,	PERCENT OF		PERCENT OF
		HUNDREDS OF	THOUSANDS	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
		CUBIC FEET	OF GALLONS	CONSUMPTION	CHARGES	CHARGES
~	University of Cincinnati	576,570	431,274	1.20%	\$1,009,488	%69.0
2	Cognis Corporation	418,222	312,830	0.87%	\$831,813	0.57%
က	Children's Hospital	326,261	244,043	%89.0	\$638,308	0.44%
4	Procter and Gamble	244,674	183,016	0.51%	\$485,898	0.33%
2	Samuel Adams Brewing	187,814	140,485	0.39%	\$360,003	0.25%
9	Rhodia Inc	173,150	129,516	0.36%	\$333,531	0.23%
7	Cinergy Solutions	173,099	129,478	0.36%	\$430,403	0.30%
∞	John Morrell Co	149,750	112,013	0.31%	\$361,506	0.25%
6	Christ Hospital	135,609	101,436	0.28%	\$261,992	0.18%
10	CCB CC Operations*	127,701	95,520	0.27%	\$246,130	0.17%
	Total - Top Ten Retail Users	2,512,850	1,879,611	5.23%	\$4,959,072	3.41%
	TOTAL - Top 75 Users	18,477,628	13,821,266	38.48%	\$36,432,761	25.03%
	TOTAL - System	48,015,299	35,915,444	100.00%	\$145,574,931	100.00%

Note: The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for the 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

City of Cincinnati Revenue Capacity Schedule 9 Water Works Historical and Projected Water System Pumpage

Year	Total	Average Day MGD	Maximum Day MGD	System's Rated Pumpage Capacity MGD	Maximum Daily Pumpage as % of
rear	Pumpage (MG's)	MGD	MGD	MGD	Capacity
2008	49,566.720	135.4	220.6	260	84.85%
2009	45,554.620	124.8	169.3	260	65.12%
2010	47,328.971	129.7	188.6	260	72.54%
2011	44,396.749	121.6	206.3	260	79.35%
2012	45,233.283	123.6	230.3	260	88.58%
2013	20,559.715	113.6	168.6	260	64.85%
2014	43,838.631	120.1	157.4	260	60.54%
2015	43,024.976	117.9	164.0	260	63.08%
2016	42,794.941	116.9	159.0	260	61.15%
2017	43,859.083	120.2	174.9	260	67.27%

MG - Million Gallons

MGD - Million Gallons per Day

City of Cincinnati Revenue Capacity Schedule 10 Water Works Accounts Receivable

Year	Net Water Sales	Cash Collected During Year for Current & Prior Year's Sales	Percentage of Sales Collected
i cai	Net Water Gales	rear 3 Gales	
2008	110,122,765	109,451,016	99.39%
2009	108,648,959	107,855,822	99.27%
2010	113,698,642	112,744,685	99.16%
2011	107,523,801	107,944,056	100.39%
2012	120,698,632	119,918,322	99.35%
2013	54,935,164	53,572,641	97.52%
2014	121,681,377	120,831,281	99.30%
2015	122,528,705	123,427,760	100.73%
2016	123,267,753	126,500,526	102.62%
2017	137,388,118	136,007,720	99.00%
	\$ 1,120,493,916	\$ 1,118,253,829	99.80%

Note: The City of Cincinnati Changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for the 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

City of Cincinnati
Debt Capacity Information
Schedule 1
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Periods
(Amount in Thousands)

Debt to Net Asset Ratio		1.93	1.82	1.58	1.62	1.40	1.32	1.35	1.49	1.24	0.31		2.34	1.90	2.03	1.82	1.60	1.57	1.65	1.72	1.59	1.42		1.11	1.86	1.79	1.72	1.52	1.43	1.45	1.59	1.38	0.81
% of Per Capita Personal Income (2)		3.5%	3.8%	4.3%	4.6%	2.3%	5.1%	5.1%	4.7%	A/N	N/A		2.8%	3.5%	3.6%	4.1%	4.3%	4.7%	4.0%	3.8%	A/A	A/N		%2'9	7.1%	7.4%	7.6%	10.1%	10.3%	9.1%	8.4%	A/N	√Z Y
Outstanding Debt per Capita (Actual)		1,361.86	•	1,698.66	1,775.69	2,136.73	2,247.47	2,319.42	2,211.89	2,664.27	2,653.20		1,085.84	1,347.07	1,446.84	1,603.60	1,864.78	1,901.63	1,838.96	1,772.08	1,913.88	2,164.80		2.564.14		2,809.48	3,018.29	3,923.16	4,143.61	4,171.47	3,986.82	4,578.16	4,818.00
S		↔											↔											69	٠								
Total Outstanding Debt		452,762	477,840	504,404	527,278	632,950	666,488	688,737	660,359	795,419	792,775		360,995	447,844	429,629	476,177	552,392	563,927	548,313	528,372	571,390	646,843		813.757	925,684	934,033	1,003,455	1,185,342	1,230,415	1,237,050	1,188,731	1,366,809	1,439,618
0		s											8											69									
Capital Leases		247	501	460	353	284	200	121	135	25,133	28,408		268	284	190	120	1,835	1,685	1,501	1,252	686	669		515	785	650	473	2,119	1,885	1,622	1,387	26,122	29,107
		8											8											6									
Loans		3.220	3,029	2,847	2,636	2,425	2,320	2,109	4,444	4,003	3,715		12,622	12,190	8,271	10,321	17,790	30,445	39,920	45,882	44,851	42,485		15.842	15,219	11,118	12,957	20,215	32,765	42,029	50,326	48,854	46,200
		8											8											6									
Notes Payable						12,887	12,817	11,952	11,643	11,643	18,879																	12,887	12,817	11,952	11,643	11,643	18,879
Revenue Notes		2.550				7,500 \$	7,500			14,725														2.550				7,500 \$	7,500			14,725	
		8		_		~	~	~	-	_	~		10		_		_	~!	_	•	٥.	•		8		_	_	~	_	~	~	'	
Revenue Bonds		70,825	80,140	77,000	95,71	93,946	93,418	90,02	84,04	126,534	132,118		332,63	415,965	401,100	448,865	519,06	518,092	496,570	474,009	504,232	578,479		403,460	496,105	478,100	544,580	613,006	611,510	586,593	558,053	630,76	710,597
General Obligation Notes		12.800 \$		22,500	17,000	34,595	69,275	51,050	73,144	34,225	29,248		9	6,250									ites	12.800 \$		22,500	17,000	34,595	69,275	51,050	73,144	34,225	29,248
		s												↔									Activ	es									
General Obligation Bonds	tivities	363,120	389,680	401,597	411,574	481,313	480,958	533,482	486,949	579,156	580,407	ctivities	15,470	13,155	20,068	16,871	13,707	13,705	10,322	7,229	21,318	25,180	Total Primary Governmental Activites	378,590	402,835	421,665	428,445	495,020	494,663	543,804	494,178	600,474	605,587
	tal Ac	s										ype A	8										ry Go	es									
Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (1)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Business-Type Activities	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (1)	2014	2015	2016	2017	Total Prima	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (1)	2014	2015	2016	2017

(1) The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for the 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013. (2) Cincinnati MSA personal income per capita is from Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 1.

City of Cincinnati Debt Capacity Information Schedule 2

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt To Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capital Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (Note 1)	Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service (Note 2)	Net Bonded Debt	Assessed Value	Population (Note 3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt To Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2008	378,590,000	65,655,000	312,935,000	5,937,230,230	332,458	120.98%	1,139
2009	402,835,000	73,137,000	329,698,000	5,934,611,500	332,458	122.18%	1,212
2010	421,665,000	50,548,000	371,117,000	5,940,113,290	332,252	113.62%	1,269
2011	428,445,000	81,090,000	347,355,000	5,827,536,160	296,943	123.34%	1,443
2012	495,020,000	76,846,000	418,174,000	5,343,335,120	296,223	118.38%	1,671
2013	494,663,000	90,078,000	404,585,000	5,274,053,840	296,550	122.26%	1,668
2014	543,804,000	108,575,000	435,229,000	5,247,647,910	296,550	124.95%	1,834
2015	494,178,000	99,091,000	395,087,000	5,331,713,410	297,517	125.08%	1,661
2016	600,474,000	116,003,000	484,471,000	5,385,585,640	298,550	123.94%	2,011
2017	605,587,000	102,507,000	503,080,000	5,450,610,000	298,800	120.38%	2,027

Note 1 - This is general bonded debt of both governmental activities and business-type activities, net of premiums and discounts.

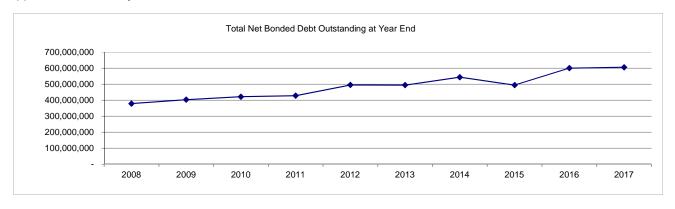
Note 2 - This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.

Note 3 - 2008 figures are based on Bureau of the Census data.

City of Cincinnati Debt Capacity Information Schedule 3 Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2017

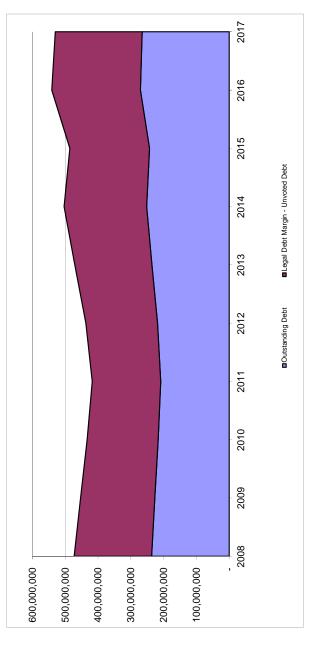
	Assessed Valuation (a)	Total Direct Debt	Percent Overlapping	Net Tax Supported Overall Debt
<u>Direct:</u> City of Cincinnati	\$ 5,450,610,000	\$ 792,775,000	100 %	\$ 792,775,000
Overlapping: Board of Education - Cincinnati City				
School District Hamilton County Subtotal	6,116,257,170 18,462,861,500	308,460,000 (b) 101,576,478 (a) 410,036,478	89.12% 29.52%	 274,889,547 29,987,430 304,876,977
Total		\$ 1,202,811,478		\$ 1,097,651,977

(a) Source: Hamilton County Auditor's Office (b) Source: Cincinnati City School District



City of Cincinnati Debt Capacity Information Schedule 4 Legal Debt Margin For the Fiscal Periods

Output imitation 10.4/0.0/		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Overall Debt Limitation of Assessed Valuation	↔	626,399,268	623,134,208	623,711,895	611,891,297	561,050,188	553,797,707	551,003,031	559,829,908	565,486,492	550,200,000
Net Debt Within 10-1/2% Limitation		236,495,000	226,635,000	216,595,000	208,770,000	218,525,000	235,505,000	251,690,000	243,044,080	270,615,000	284,974,000
Legal Debt Margin Within 10-1/2% Limitation	↔	389,904,268 \$	396,499,208	\$ 407,116,895	389,904,268 \$ 396,499,208 \$ 407,116,895 \$ 403,121,297 \$ 342,525,188 \$ 318,292,707 \$ 299,313,031 \$ 316,785,828 \$ 294,871,492 \$ 265,226,000	\$ 342,525,188	\$ 318,292,707	\$ 299,313,031	\$ 316,785,828	\$ 294,871,492	3 265,226,000
Net Debt Percentage of 10 1/2 % Limitation		37.75%	36.37%	34.73%	34.12%	38.95%	42.53%	45.68%	43.41%	47.86%	51.79%
Invoted Dobt 1 imitation E 4/00/		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	2016	2017
orivored Debt Limitation - 3-1/2/0	↔	328,113,902	326,403,633	326,706,231	320,514,488	293,883,432	290,084,513	288,620,635	293,244,238	296,207,210	288,200,000
Net Debt Within 5-1/2% Limitation		236,495,000	226,635,000	216,595,000	208,770,000	218,525,000	235,505,000	251,690,000	243,044,080	270,615,000	265,226,000
Legal Debt Margin Within 5-1/2% Limitation \$ 91,618,902 \$ 99,768,633 \$ 110,111,231 \$ 111,744,488 \$ 75,358,432 \$ 54,579,513 \$ 36,930,635 \$ 50,200,158 \$ 25,592,210 \$ 22,974,000	↔	91,618,902 \$	99,768,633	\$ 110,111,231	\$ 111,744,488	\$ 75,358,432	\$ 54,579,513	\$ 36,930,635	\$ 50,200,158	\$ 25,592,210	3 22,974,000
Net Debt Percentage of 5 1/2 % Limitation		72.08%	69.43%	%08:99	65.14%	74.36%	81.18%	87.20%	82.88%	91.36%	92.03%



City of Cincinnati Debt Service Capacity Schedule 5 Revenue Bonds Debt Service Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Payment in Lieu Debt Service Total Coverage Debt Service Total Coverage Debt Service Total Coverage Cases See See	Water Works Bonds	Water Works Debt Service Coverane Principal Interest Total Coverane	Neverine Fillicipal Illerest Lotal	0 1.26 126,839,000 13,620,000 14,840,000 28,460,000	9 1.94 120,504,000 14,000,000 15,797,000 29,797,000	6 1.68 131,000,000 14,865,000 19,210,000 34,075,000	9 1.85 120,682,000 11,840,000 20,624,000 32,464,000	1.50 135,609,000 17,700,000 21,845,000	- 0.77 68,947,000 -	1.53 142,316,000 19,850,000 23,420,000	1.43	1.29 147,762,000 24,685,000	1.25	*-excludeds Non-Cash Expenses for Depreciation, Net Pension Liability, and NOPEB Obligation)	o LLC - Fountain Square West Projec	- RSJJ Investments Limiter	s orreet Development Lil			jec		30))ec 		Projec		Ç	nent Projec	9.2 Project	ent Projec	Ujec na Projec	ತ್ತಾಗಿತ್ತು. ತಾಕ 1 Project (Federally Taxable	/elopment Project (Federally Taxable njert (Enderally Tayable	טן סכן (די סכום מון) במאמום	
Economic Devel Payment in Lieu Debt Service (1,486,865 2,955,000 9,754,692 3,400,000 11,402,482 3,000,000 11,402,482 3,000,000 5,545,377 3,000,000 11,417,173 4,334,995 10,475,462 4,765,000 11,475,462 4,765,000 11,475,462 4,765,000 11,475,462 4,765,000 11,477,473 4,334,995 10,475,462 4,765,000 10,961,781 5,000 10,961,781 5,000	opment Financing Bonds														Gateway Projec	 Cincinnati Development Grou 	- Convention Place Mall Project	- Saks Filth Avenue Inc. & Kat	- Convergys Corporation Proje	A - The Kevstone Projec	eries 2016C - The Keystone Pi	B - Baldwin 300 Projec	eries 2016D - Baldwin 300 Pro	C - Madison Circle Projec	eries 2016E - Madison Circle F	A - Glaetel s Manulactuling Fa B - Columbia Scuare	eries 2016G - Columbia Saua	A - USquare Project	A - Convergys Corporation Pro	A - Jordan Crossing Redevelop	B - The Mercer Commons Phas	C - Seymour Plaza Redevelopr D - McMillian Bodovolosmost B	D - Incivilliari Kedevelopineri, F F - Incline District Parking Gaza	F - Avondale Blight Removal P	G - Evanston Commercial Red	A - Vernon Manor II Projec	Sariae 2016B - Kayetona Dark Dhaca III Drojac
6,486,865 9,953,193 9,754,692 11,402,482 10,749,956 5,545,377 11,059,444 11,417,173 10,475,462 10,475,462 10,475,462 10,475,462 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,961,781 10,9610pment Reven 10,040lopment Reven	Economic Devel	Debt Service Principal	riiicipai	2,955,000	3,070,000	3,140,000	2,285,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,390,000	4,334,995	4,765,000	5,065,000		ls, Series 1990A - One	ue Bonds, Series 1996	ue Bonds, Series 1998	ue Bonds, Series 2002	ue Bonds, Series 2007 ue Bonds, Series 2007	ue Bonds, Series 2008,	ue Bonds Refunding, S	ue Bonds, Series 2008l	ue Bonds Refunding, S	ue Bonds, Series 2008	ue Bonds Kerunding, S	ue Bonds, Series 2009/ ue Bonds, Series 2009/	ue Bonds Refunding. S	ue Bonds, Series 2011,	ue Bonds, Series 2012,	ue Bonds, Series 2015,	ue Bonds, Series 2015l	ue Bonds, Series 20150	ue Bonds, Series 2015 ue Bonds, Series 2015	ue Bonds, Series 2015	ue Bonds, Series 2015	ue Bonds, Series 2016,	119 Ronds Sprips 2016
		Payment in Lieu	I aves/Ivepay Luai	6,486,865	9,953,193	9,754,692	11,402,482	10,749,956	5,545,377	11,059,444	11,417,173	10,475,462	10,961,781		newal Revenue Bond	: Development Reven	Development Reven	: Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	: Development Reven	: Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	: Development Reven	: Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	: Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven	Development Reven

City of Cincinnati Bond Retirement Fund Balance, Southern Railway Revenue and Capital Improvement Plan Debt Capacity Schedule 6

Last 5 Fiscal Years

	Bond	Southern
	Retirement	Railway
<u>Year</u>	Fund Balance	Revenue
2013*	51,179,093	10,094,803
2014	66,531,901	20,734,726
2015	63,225,579	21,017,620
2016	79,737,239	21,360,330
2017	70,079,362	21,623,023

^{*} The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

Projected 5 year plan (Amounts in Thousands)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021	2022	<u>Total</u>
CIP Budget	\$ 76,723	\$ 64,137	\$ 58,250	\$ 57,464	\$ 49,182	\$ 305,756
Property Tax Supported Debt	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 75,000
%Debt	19.55%	23.39%	25.75%	26.10%	30.50%	24.53%

City of Cincinnati
Debt Capacity
Schedule 7
Water Works
Historical Financial Operations
(Amounts in Thousands)

:	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<u>Operating Kevenue</u> Total Operating Revenue	\$121,508	\$117,441	\$125,287	\$120,682	\$135,384	\$68,947	\$142,316	\$142,085	\$147,748	\$156,760
Operating Expense:	77	12 827	58 805	47 129	43.050	23 440	47 074	35 302	49.452	47 420
Contractual Services	140,14	97,027	8,000	621,14 8 329	7.766	2,440	t 10, 14	20,00	20,432	024,14
Maintagana and Danis	9,000	6,47,6	0,020	0,029	0,7,00	7,939	0,000	3,017	0,747	9,049 464
Maintenance and Repail	4,110	0,704	0,300	4,030	0,010	1,000	4,020	4,077	0,100	0, 100
Materials and Supplies	7,869	8,475	8,007	8,976	8,756	4,715	9,250	8,713	9,255	9,535
Utilities	11,287	10,821	11,427	7,530	7,732	4,037	8,882	8,614	7,244	7,674
Insurance	114	117	121	121	142	69	157	က	155	144
Taxes		_	9	ဂ	5	2	1	က	2	4
Rent	1,057	1,256	1,302	1,252	2,211	662	1,428	1,500	1,649	3,086
Other	823	620	630	328	2,355	3,153	1,812	218	453	548
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	22,705	24,161	24,206	24,832	23,432	11,086	22,521	23,472	26,310	25,797
Amortization Mason Agreement	9/		84	88	92	48	66	104	110	115
Net Pension Expense										(96,806)
Total Operating Expense	98,747	101,231	117,196	103,124	99,354	53,074	104,389	91,973	108,022	12,531
Operating Income	\$ 22,761	\$ 16,210	\$ 8,091	\$ 17,558	\$ 36,030	\$ 15,873	\$ 37,927	\$ 50,112	\$ 39,726	\$144,229
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses): Capital Contribution	\$3.099	\$9.704	\$3.039	\$3.304	\$3,385	\$302	\$2.002	\$4.199	\$7.962	\$1.481
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Fixed Assets Transfers In	(1,338)	(1,621)	(1,320)		(838)	(4)	(1,910)	(293)	(\$22)	(\$553)
Interest Revenue	5,272	2,403	2,560	2,309	1,981	(1,020)	2,417	1,555	2,482	, 664
Build America Bond Subsidy Independ Payments		553	1,701	1,701	1,701	777	1,579	1,577	1,586	1,584
Interest Expense	(13,997)	(13,525)	(12,695)	(14,909)	(16,358)	(9,823)	(18,339)	(17,889)	(17,472)	(13,464)
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense):	(6,964)	(2,486)	(6,715)	(8,293)	(10,176)	(9,768)	(14,751)	(10,851)	(10,857)	(10,434)
Net Income	\$15,797	\$13,724	\$1,376	\$9,265	\$25,854	\$6,105	\$23,176	\$39,261	\$28,869	\$133,795

Note: The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal year in 2013. The information for 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

Greater Cincinnati Water Works **Projected Operating Results**

Debt Capacity Schedule 8

		Dest Cupacit	j benedane o				
Description			<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021	2022
Metered Water Sales							
Revenue Under Existing Rates		\$	145,715,000	\$ 144,809,000	\$ 144,809,000	\$ 144,809,000	\$ 144,809,000
Indicated Revenue Increases (a	* * *						
Month - Year	Revenue Increase						
January 2018	3.75%		2,415,000	5,235,000	5,235,000	5,235,000	5,235,000
January 2019	3.75%			2,490,000	5,432,000	5,432,000	5,432,000
January 2020	3.75%				2,583,000	5,635,000	5,635,000
January 2021	3.75%					2,680,000	5,847,000
January 2022	3.75%						2,779,000
Water Sales Increase - CPI			232,000	357,000	485,000	615,000	748,000
Total Increased Revenue			2,647,000	8,082,000	13,735,000	19,597,000	25,676,000
Total Metered Water Sales Rev			148,362,000	152,891,000	158,544,000	164,406,000	170,485,000
Interest From Treasury Investme	ents		993,000	487,000	465,000	426,000	426,000
Other Revenue (c)			11,060,000	11,060,000	11,060,000	11,060,000	11,060,000
Direct Federal Cash Payment for	Direct Payment Build America Bonds(d)		1,584,000	1,584,000	792,000		
Total Revenue			161,999,000	166,022,000	170,861,000	175,892,000	181,971,000
Operating & Maintenance Exper	nse (e)		80,696,000	83,262,000	85,938,000	88,730,000	91,569,000
Net Revenue Available for De	bt Service		81,303,000	82,760,000	84,923,000	87,162,000	90,402,000
Total Senior Lien Revenue Bond	1 Debt Service (f)		38,967,000	38,986,000	38,967,000	38,995,000	42,676,000
Series 2017 Debt Service (g)			2,442,000	2,590,000	2,589,000	2,587,000	2,587,000
LESS: Refunded Senior Lien De	ebt Service (h)		3,337,000	3,337,000	3,337,000	3,337,000	3,337,000
Future Senior Lien Revenue Bor	nd Debt Service (i)				3,847,000	3,847,000	3,847,000
Total Senior Lien Revenue Bo	nd Debt Service		38,072,000	38,239,000	42,066,000	42,092,000	45,773,000
State of Ohio Issue 2 Money (\$1	M/20Yrs/0%)-2003		50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
State of Ohio Issue 2 Money (\$9	80K/20Yrs/0%)-2004		49,000	49,000	49,000	49,000	49,000
State of Ohio Issue 2 Money (\$1	.15M/20Yrs/0%)-2005		57,500	57,500	57,500	57,500	57,500
State of Ohio Issue 2 Money (1.2	25M/20Yrs/0%)-2011		62,494	62,494	62,494	62,494	62,494
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$1.7M/20Yrs/3.25%)-2006		116,096	116,096	116,096	116,096	116,096
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$4M/20Yrs/3.25%)-2006		268,251	268,251	268,251	268,251	268,251
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$6.78M/20Yrs/2%)-2011		462,414	462,414	462,414	462,414	462,414
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$5.9M/20Yrs/2.0%)-2012		298,556	298,556	298,556	298,556	298,556
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$2.7M/20Yrs/1.71%)-2012		162,729	162,729	162,729	162,729	162,729
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$4.9M/20Yrs/1.75%)-2012		294,451	294,451	294,451	294,451	294,451
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$2.0M/20Yrs/1.88%)-2012		125,957	125,957	125,957	125,957	125,957
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$3.2M/20Yrs/1.98%)-2012		212,311	212,311	212,311	212,311	212,311
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$7.6M/20Yrs/2.0%)-2012		468,904	468,904	468,904	468,904	468,904
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$5.2M/20Yrs/1.94%)-2012		313,209	313,209	313,209	313,209	313,209
Ohio EPA Water Supply Revolv	ing Loan (\$7.7M/20Yrs/2.00%)-2015		466,128	466,128	466,128	466,128	466,128
Other Financing Requirements	1		3,408,000	3,408,000	3,408,000	3,408,000	3,408,000
Total Debt Payments			41,480,000	41,647,000	45,474,000	45,500,000	49,181,000
Total Bond Proceeds				70,000,000		120,000,000	
LESS: Capital Expenditures (j)			81,510,000	82,664,600	86,763,000	90,667,000	94,878,000
LESS: Private Lead Service Line	e Rerplacement (j)		2,280,000	3,200,000	2,300,000	1,400,000	500,000
Revenues Available for Transfer	to Water System Reserve Fund		121,272,000	146,520,400	96,906,400	166,501,400	112,344,400
Debt Service Coverage							
Total Bond Debt Service Covera	ige		196%	199%	187%	192%	184%
Days Cash on Hand	-		549	642	412	685	448
Days Cush on Hund			349		712	363	740

⁽a) Reflects the effect of timing of mid-year rate increases on the level of revenues received in the first year of each revenue adjustment.

(h) The principal amounts of the Advance Refunded Bonds, with an average coupon of 4.88%, are as follows:

Advance Refunded Bonds 2011A	32,010,000
Advance Refunded Bonds 2012A	37,480,000
TOTAL	69,490,000

(i) The assumptions for the proposed debt service with respect to future issues of Senior Bonds (30-year maturity) are as follows (in dollars, 000's omitted):

Fiscal Year	Proceeds	Reserv & Issuance Costs	Total Issue	Interest
2019	70,000	6,945	76,945	5.00%
2021	120,000	11,290	131,290	5.00%

⁽j) Reflects the amounts that the Utility anticipates spending in Fiscal Year 2018 to Fiscal Year 2021 on private service line replacement, subject to the availability of cash in excess of working capital, with respect to implementation of the City's Enhanced Lead Strategy program. See "THE UTILITY - Enhanced Lead Strategy" and "- Capital Improvement Plan."

⁽b) Five consecutive rate increases of 3.75% were approved on October 10, 2016.

⁽c) Other Revenues includes revenues other than water sales revenue such as meter application fees, meter repair and testing fees, expansion fees and sales of construction material.

⁽d) The amount of federal subsidy with respect to the Series 2009B Bonds, which were issued as Direct Payment Build America bonds, is 35% of the interest cost with respect to such Series 2009B Bonds, less a 6.9% reduction as a result of federal sequestration through December 1, 2019.

⁽e) Operating and Maintenance Expenses exclude Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities.

⁽f) The Series 2009B Redemption Price to be paid on the Crossover Date and the interest due with respect to the Series 2016C Bonds to the Crossover Date is excluded. See "SECURITY AND SOURCES OF PAYMENT - Rate Covenant - Computation of Debt Service Charges with respect to the Crossover Refunding."

⁽g) The Series 2017A Bonds will be issued at an all-in true interest cost of 2.93%.

⁽k)"Bond Redemption" refers to the cash defeasance on December 6, 2016 of Outstanding Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$11,355,000 with amounts available for such purpose in the Water System Reserve Fund.

City of Cincinnati Debt Capacity Schedule 9

	Total Senior Bonds Debt Service and Subordinated Bonds Debt Service	48, 301, 407, 88 48, 301, 407, 86 48, 302, 46, 66 48, 98, 825, 467, 66 49, 504, 706, 48 38, 244, 400, 28 38, 244, 400 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 238, 600 38, 328, 750 38, 748, 750 38, 748, 748, 750 38, 748, 748, 750 38, 748, 748, 750 38, 748, 748, 748, 748, 748, 748, 748, 74	\$ 795,990,515.75
	Debt Service Series 2007A	11,096,700.00	\$ 11,096,700.00
	Debt Service Series 2007B	2,436,500,00	\$ 2,436,500.00
	Debt Service Series 2009A	10,402,331,25 6,392,225,50 6,298,131,25 6,398,131,25	\$ 29,480,862.50
	Debt Service Build America Bonds Series 2009B*	4,860,613.70 4,860,613.70 4,860,613.70 80,365,306.85	\$ 94,947,147.95
quirements	Debt Service Series 2011A	4,641,568,75 805,737.50 805,737.50 805,737.50 805,737.50 805,737.50 805,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00 7765,000.00	\$ 25,165,400.00
Senior Bonds and Senior Subordinated Debt Service Requirements	Debt Service Series 2012A	3,972,768,74 2,220,033,76 2,223,118,76 2,223,118,76 2,223,418,76 2,223,43,48 2,223,43,00 2,13,800,00 2	\$ 23,562,265.66
and Senior Subordir	Debt Service Series 2015C	2,452,037,21 16,643,573,23 16,665,172,80 16,665,172,80 16,642,584,60 13,311,719,20	\$ 96,560,457.90
Senior Bonds	Debt Service Series 2015B	3,578,650,00 3,578,650,00 3,578,650,00 3,578,650,00 3,578,650,00 3,578,650,00 21,742,400,00 21,742,400,00 21,742,400 21,742,400 21,742,600 5,017,000,00 5,017,000,00 5,017,500,00	\$ 113,451,375.00
	Debt Service Series 2015A	2,082,137.59 2,082,137.50 2,082,137.50 2,082,137.50 2,082,137.50 2,082,137.50 2,082,137.50 3,218,137.50 3,218,137.50 3,218,135.50 3,218,135.50 3,218,100.00 3,218,100.00 3,218,600.00 3,218,275.00	\$ 89,700,818.75
	Debt Service Series 2016C	1,447,483.06 2,977,700.00 2,977,700.00 2,977,700.00 2,977,700.00 2,977,700.00 2,977,700.00 3,575.00 3,575.00 3,575.00 3,742,285.00 7,442,285.00 7,442,285.00 7,442,495.00 10,492,400.00	\$ 100,846,993.06
	Debt Service Series 2016B	722,968.75 1487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,487,250.00 1,500,000 1,500,000,000 1,500,000,000 1,500,000,000 1,500,000,000 1,500,000,000	\$ 44,557,593.75
	Debt Service Series 2016A	607,638,89 1250,000 00 1250,00	\$ 52,652,388.89
	Debt Service Series 2017A	2 442.212.29 2 589.975.00 2 588.575.00 2 588.575.00 2 588.575.00 6 772.575.00 6 772.575.00 6 773.575.00 6 773.575.00 6 773.575.00 6 773.575.00 6 773.575.00 6 773.575.00 6 773.775.00 6 773.775.00 6 773.775.00 6 774.775.00 6 774.775.00 6 774.775.00 7 7493.500.00 7 7493.500.00 8 273.725.00 8 273.725.00	\$ 111,532,012.29
	Fiscal	2011 2018 2019 2020 2022 2022 2025 2026 2026 2030 2030 2033 2034 2034 2034 2034 2034	

*This includes 77,935,000 of crossover refunding debt. Crossover date is 12/1/19.

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Demographic and Economic Information Population Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Periods Schedule 1

	% Unemployed Average	5.8 9.3	0.0 8.8	1.87	6.1	5.3	4.9	4.4													
	Cincinnati	164,800 163,600	163,800 143,800	141,100	144,500	145,700	144,500	NA													
nates	Hamilton County	438,200 438,800	438,500 406,900	400,000	403,300	411,500	408,500	429,461													
Civilian Labor Force Estimates	Cincinnati MSA	1,127,500 1,133,000	1,130,200	1,089,300	1,087,900	1,093,400	1,101,900	1,126,709													
Civilian Labo	Ohio	5,971,900	5,935,250 5,806,000	5,748,000	5,758,000	5,783,000	5,810,000	5,884,933													
	United States	154,287,000 154,205,800	153,893,000 153,617,000	154,975,000	156,997,000	158,283,000	158,880,000	162,892,043													
	Hamilton County	43,918 42,393	45,852 46,881	49,413	50,235 51,211	52,081	55,207	NA		Hamilton	County	37,484	32,068	36,770	37,522	39,631	40,415	41,293	42,060	44,668	ΑΝ
nal Income	Cincinnati MSA	39,066 37,967	39,673 46,881	43,454	43,923 45,926	47,254	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	in millions)	Cincinnati	MSA	84,329	82,460	84,600	87,485	92,497	93,882	96,671	101,960	Ϋ́	Ϋ́
Per Capita Personal Income	Ohio	35,889 35,408	36,162 37,836	39,289	40,865	43,566	44,876	N N	Personal Income (in millions)		Ohio	413,732	408,707	417,234	436,818	453,556	472,845	493,578	503,699	521,208	Α
Per	United States	40,166 39,635	39,937 41,560	42,693	44,543	41,902	49,571	43,075	Pers	United	States	12,225,589	12,168,161	12,353,577	12,949,905	13,401,869	14,081,282	14,708,582	15,401,900	15,893,200	16,364,400
	Hamilton County	853,508 855,062	801,948 800,362	802,038	806,631	807,598	660,608	Ą			Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Ē	Cincinnati MSA	2,158,643 2,171,896	2,132,415 2,138,038	2,128,603	2,134,109	2,159,329	2,161,441	A													
Population	Ohio	11,528,072 11,542,645	11,537,968 11,544,951	11,544,225	11,594,163	11,613,423	11,614,373	NA													
	United States	304,374,846 307,006,550	309,330,219 311,591,917	313,914,040	318,857,056	321,418,821	323,127,515	325,341,848													

Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services (Imi.state.oh.us/)
US Dept of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Commerce (www.bea.gov)
NCLS.org, National Unemployment rate
American Community Survey; https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/searchresults.xhtml?refresh=thtps://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/community_facts.xhtml#
N/A = Not Available

2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2015

City of Cincinnati Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 2

Ten Largest Employers In Cincinnati Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

		2017		2	2008	
Employer	Number of Employees		Percentage of Total mployment	Number of Employees		ercentage of Total nployment
The Kroger Co	21,646	1	1.00%	15,600	1	1.49%
Children's Hospital Medical Center	15,257	2	0.71%	10,347	4	0.99%
UC Health	12,200	3	0.56%			
TriHealth Inc.	11,992	4	0.56%	9,850	5	0.94%
Cincinnati/Northern Kentucky International Airport	10,166	5	0.47%			
Proctor & Gamble	10,000	6	0.46%	12,900	3	1.23%
University of Cincinnati	9,981	7	0.46%	15,539	2	1.49%
Mercy Health	9,000	8	0.42%			
St. Elizabeth Healthcare	8,236	9	0.38%			
GE Aviation	7,800	10	0.36%			
Fifth Third Bancorp				7,633	8	0.73%
ABX Air Inc.				7,500	9	0.72%
Archdiocese of Cincinnati				7,500	10	0.72%
Health Alliance				9,475	6	0.91%
Wal-mart Stores				7,787	7	0.74%
Total	116,278	=	5.38%	104,131		9.96%
Total Metropolitan Statistical Area	2,161,441			1,046,300		

Sources: Cincinnatiusa.com
Business Courier 2016-2017 Winter Book of Business Lists
Data ranked by local employees as of May 2016 - per Book of Lists
Data: city population USA metro cincinnatioh in ky

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 3 Construction and Property Values

	New I	Residential	New No	n-Residential	All	Total
	Cons	truction (1)	Cons	truction (1)	Constru	uction (1)
	Number	Estimated	Number	Estimated	Number	Estimated
Fiscal	of	Cost	of	Cost	of	Cost
Year	Permits	(in thousands)	Permits	(in thousands)	Permits	(in thousands)
2007	150	36,540	55	124.061	8,780	487,176
2007	72	13,252	66	124,961 243,388	8,196	431,373
2008	44	10,642	60	243,366 264,896	8,139	603,416
2009	85	14,304	76	217,069	8,958	594,199
2010	90	28,403	43	126,318	9,290	536,041
2011	83	34,675	43	66,630	9,050	401,558
2012	59	12,374	21	53,526	4,691	220,351
2013	90	21,427	38	197,818	9,433	672,855
2014	123	31,292	73	273,559	9,464	732,557
2015	136	39,519	55	183,075	10,457	664,628
2017	183	54,518	55 51	154,892	11,090	843,278
2017	103	54,516	31	154,692	11,090	043,270
				P	roperty Value (2)	
		Fiscal	•	Residential	Non-Re	esidential
	_	Year		(in thousands)	(in tho	usands)
		2007		9,880,248		5,899,386
		2008		9,944,823		5,835,579
		2009		10,091,512		6,044,623
		2010		10,019,140		6,134,297
		2011		9,937,060		5,914,734
		2012		8,789,921		4,118,106
		2013		8,734,271		5,441,937
		2014		8,696,913		5,292,777
		2015		8,860,818		5,275,211
		2016		8,888,610		5,361,960
		2017		8,920,237		5,395,834

Note: The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal year in 2013. The information for 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

Source:

- (1) The City's Department of Buildings and Inspections' records
- (2) Values obtained from the Hamilton County Auditor's Office

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 4 Salaries of Principal Officials

Position	<u>Salary</u>
Mayor	\$121,291
Councilmember	\$60,646
City Manager	\$258,697
Commissioner of Health	\$122,123 - \$164,866
Deputy City Manager	\$122,123 - \$164,866
City Solicitor	\$122,123 - \$188,831
Various Department Directors	\$104,520 - \$192,915

MAYOR and CITY COUNCIL

The mayor is elected for a four-year term by the voters of Cincinnati. The legislature of the City is a nine-member council elected at large on a partisan basis for four-year terms. The vice-mayor is chosen by the mayor from the council members. A list of the council incumbents and the term each is presently serving appears on page 15. The mayor selects the city manager, but the mayor's nominee must be approved by a majority of the council. The city manager appoints the deputy city manager and the department directors.

City of Cincinnati, Ohio Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 5 Employee Crime Insurance

The City maintains a government crime insurance policy of \$5,000,000 per occurrence which covers theft, forgery, alteration, transfer fraud, and computer fraud by an employee.

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 6 Annual Employment Average by Industry (Amounts in thousands)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Goods-Producing Industries	160.8	146.1	146.4	149.7	151.8	143.8	150.8	158.1	158.9	165.4
Mining, Logging, and Construction	45.0	40.6	36.1	36.9	36.8	37.0	41.5	43.7	44.6	48.9
Construction of Buildings	9.7	8.4	7.7	7.6	7.6	8.6	9.2	9.5	9.4	10.9
Specialty Trade Contractors	29.6	24.9	22.5	22.6	24.0	23.3	27.5	28.8	28.7	31.5
Manufacturing	115.8	105.5	110.3	112.8	115.0	106.8	109.3	114.4	114.3	116.5
Durable Goods	69.2	60.1	65.3	69.6	70.5	64.0	65.6	64.7	68.1	69.7
Primary Metals	6.2	5.6	5.9	7.0	7.0	6.0	5.8	5.8	5.3	5.6
Transportation Equipment	19.1	17.6	18.2	17.5	18.0	19.2	19.8	20.1	21.2	23.3
Motor Vehicle Parts	7.8	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.8	8.0	8.5	8.8	9.5	10.6
Aerospace Products and Parts	9.8	9.2	9.2	9.5	9.7	10.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nondurable Goods	46.6	45.4	45.0	43.2	44.5	42.8	43.7	49.7	46.2	46.8
Chemical Manufacturing	11.2	11.4	11.5	11.0	10.9	10.7	10.7	10.8	11.2	11.6
Service-Providing Industries	877.4	850.7	841.3	853.0	871.8	754.5	777.0	796.2	803.8	824.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	215.4	201.0	196.4	202.4	207.9	201.8	205.6	214.8	213.3	218.3
Wholesale Trade	60.4	54.9	52.3	57.6	58.2	59.2	61.3	60.1	60.5	62.8
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	28.3	24.7	22.9	26.0	27.7	27.4	28.2	29.4	30.6	30.7
Merchant Wholesalers, Non-Durable Goods	23.6	22.8	22.8	22.0	21.0	19.7	20.9	19.4	18.7	19.1
Retail Trade	111.5	105.7	104.5	103.8	107.6	101.7	103.9	109.7	110.3	110.8
Food and Beverage Stores	21.8	20.8	19.8	20.3	20.8	20.5	19.1	20.4	20.6	19.8
Grocery Stores	18.9	16.8	17.1	17.8	18.5	18.4	16.9	17.7	18.1	17.5
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.3	7.1	6.8	6.6	7.1	6.5	6.6	6.1	6.6	6.3
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	9.7	9.8	10.2	9.4	11.5	7.8	7.6	7.8	7.6	8.1
General Merchandise Stores	25.0	22.6	22.6	21.6	22.1	19.9	19.7	20.0	20.5	20.9
Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities	43.5	40.4	39.6	41.0	42.1	40.9	40.4	45.0	42.5	44.7
Transportation and Warehousing	39.8	36.4	34.9	37.9	39.0	38.3	37.8	42.3	40.1	42.0
Air Transportation	7.0	5.8	5.4	4.5	3.9	3.9	2.8	2.7	2.8	3.0
Information	15.3	14.4	14.0	13.9	13.8	13.6	13.9	13.5	13.9	14.3
Telecommunications	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Financial Activities	64.4	61.7	58.4	58.5	62.0	64.1	66.6	68.2	73.3	76.8
Finance and Insurance	52.2	50.9	49.9	50.0	52.4	52.6	54.0	56.2	59.3	61.4
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	21.3	20.7	20.6	20.4	21.8	22.2	21.8	21.6	21.9	25.2
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	24.2	24.2	23.5	23.7	25.2	24.5	25.6	27.4	28.0	28.2
Professional and Business Services	155.6	150.6	149.7	153.5	163.6	165.6	166.9	174.7	166.3	174.5
Professional and Technical Services	56.0	53.2	54.0	57.3	61.2	57.4	58.2	61.9	60.6	67.0
Management of Companies and Enterprises	36.6	37.9	38.0	40.0	42.9	42.1	42.3	42.4	40.4	39.6
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	63.0	58.7	57.7	56.2	59.5	66.1	66.4	70.4	65.3	67.9
Employment Services	30.2	24.3	24.3	24.9	27.3	29.0	31.8	30.4	28.1	29.4
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	12.5	11.8	12.2	12.5	13.9	15.5	15.7	16.1	17.7	16.9
Educational and Health Services	147.3	148.4	151.9	153.2	152.2	153.6	158.8	156.9	161.8	163.8
Educational Services	15.8	16.3	16.6	16.7	18.5	17.2	18.1	17.9	18.1	16.8
Health Care and Social Assistance	131.5	132.1	135.3	136.5	133.7	136.4	140.7	139.0	143.7	147.0
Hospitals	44.1	45.1	46.2	46.0	46.4	47.6	48.5	47.6	50.3	50.7
Leisure and Hospitality	101.9	99.1	97.0	98.8	104.6	116.8	123.4	127.2	135.0	134.6
Arts, Entertainment and Recreation	16.4	16.6	15.6	14.4	14.4	27.1	29.9	29.7	33.0	31.4
Accommodation and Food Services	85.5	82.5	81.4	84.4	90.2	89.7	93.5	97.5	102.0	103.2
Other Services	43.1	41.6	40.9	42.2	40.3	39.0	41.8	40.9	40.2	42.4
Government	134.4	133.9	133.0	130.5	127.4	121.7	123.2	121.5	123.3	124.4
Federal Government	16.9	16.7	16.6	16.5	15.6	15.9	15.7	15.2	15.4	14.8
State Government	29.0	29.1	28.6	28.4	28.0	23.3	23.7	23.8	24.2	29.1
State Government Education	24.0	23.8	23.2	24.7	23.7	17.4	18.9	18.7	18.4	23.8
Local Government	88.5	88.1	87.8	85.6	83.8	82.5	83.8	82.5	83.7	80.5
Local Government Education	50.8	51.4	51.1	50.0	49.4	43.9	44.8	44.2	43.7	41.8
Total	1038.2	996.8	987.7	1002.7	1023.6	898.3	927.8	954.3	962.7	990.1
Unemployment Rate	5.0	10.1	9.0	7.8	7.8	7.4	5.6	4.6	4.4	4.6

Note: The Cincinnati-Middletown are included Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton and Warren Counties in Ohio; Dearborn, Franklin and Ohio Counties in Indiana; Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton, and Pendleton Counties in Kentucky.

Source: Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Bureau of Labor Market Information Ohiolmi.com - LMR2017

City of Cincinnati Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 7 Higher Education

The table below provides a listing of the area's largest colleges and universities by enrollment as of fall term 2016.

Higher Education Institutions	Total <u>Enrollment</u>
University of Cincinnati	44,338
Miami University	24,322
Northern Kentucky University	15,114
Cincinnati State Technical & Community College	9,056
Xavier University	6,522
Gateway Community and Technical College	4,325
College of Mount St. Joseph	2,049
Thomas More College	1,964
Ivy Tech Community College Southeast	1,176
Sinclair Community College/Courseview	1,114

Source: Business Courier 2016-17 Book of Lists

The region's largest college or university, the University of Cincinnati, has significant research and contract activity. During the 2014, 2015 and 2016 fiscal years, the University of Cincinnati and its affiliates received \$390 million, \$397 million and \$429 million respectively, in federal, state, city/county, and non-government agency grants, contracts, and awards. According to the National Science Foundation ranking for federal funding of major research the University of Cincinnati stands among the top 50 research universities in the nation.

City of Cincinnati Operating Information Schedule 1 Full Time Equivalent Positions by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government	400	446	447	425	447	518	518	538	009	490
Community Development	140	73	20	99	54	71	29	20	4	40
General Services	61	63	62	22	29	22	63	64	71	89
Parks and Recreation Public Safety	302	290	298	282	288	285	286	296	290	294
Police	1356	1,335	1,324	1,253	1,221	1,093	1,088	1,150	1,180	1,283
Fire	902	890	844	806	829	818	888	867	841	606
Transportation and Engineering	152	154	144	143	156	143	135	135	144	145
Public Services	416	402	367	334	326	321	291	326	321	328
Public Health	426	421	404	369	377	372	376	400	420	434
MSD	532	287	299	809	594	589	552	548	545	287
Enterprise										
Water Works	541	561	552	533	522	523	200	504	525	543
Parking Facility	41	40	32	28	31	30	29	59	32	35
General Aviation	13	13	13	1	1	6	10	10	10	10
Municipal Golf	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	_	_
Stormwater Management	<u>33</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>15</u>	5	<u>16</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>17</u>	138	<u>17</u>	<u>23</u>
Total	5318	5,293	5,176	4,930	4,933	4,846	4,822	4,957	5,041	5,190

Source: Cincinnati Human Resource Information System (CHRIS)

City of Cincinnati
Operating Information
Schedule 2
Operating Indicators by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

FunctionProgram	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government										
Linganoris Total Cases (open)	117	106	123	128	119	124	148	158	128	205
Open Cases (current year)	42	86	103	155	06	52	80	96	111	96
Community and Economic Development										
Housing Units	1,581	1,834	2,560	1,735	1,880	1,030	1,741	1,921	1,615	752
Job Created/Retained thru Income Tax Credits	65	149	-			387	3,105	664	196	4,159
Police										
Service Calls	287,268	275,424	263,196	276,407	272,212	129,086	261,955	258,433	224,494	237,258
Arrests	41,542	36,768	37,529	37,207	35,141	16,109	32,155	29,121	29,107	27,090
Reports Filed	24,743	38,700	36,179	38,573	36,901	17,040	31,363	31,315	30,847	30,713
Fire										
Incidences (Fires, EMS, other)	68,973	72,128	70,889	73,531	75,412	31,960	81,955	73,248	71,451	71,451
Parks										
Annual Visitors	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	3,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000	6,000,000
Nature Education Programs	1,000	1,168	1,375	1,382	1,298	869	1,403	1,871	1,068	1,277
Volunteer Hours	87,737	93,439	59,046	56,340	922'59	31,582	63,685	43,215	53,971	38,255
Park Reservations	1,350	732	826	926	961	411	812	860	1,011	1,011
Visitor Center Phone Calls	26,350	16,848	15,000	15,211	16,244	8,100	17,800	17,800	17,800	16,822
Health										
Patients	41,674	37,375	37,319	32,176	43,299	21,700	35,000	33,704	45,000	51,238
Visits	119,846	153,548	151,505	137,966	155,684	76,218	151,505	95,645	140,000	146,392
Inspections	17,635	19,751	20,798	22,812	22,664	11,379	20,146	25,040	22,000	21,760
Birth and Death Certificates	895'89	066'99	63,349	55,483	45,330	22,205	44,583	58,369	60,313	62,669
Sanitation										
Total solid waste collected and disposed	100,045	99,946	99,203	95,571	90,570	90,570	71,895	68,345	906'69	71,104
Water Works										
Water Delivered to Water Mains (Gallons)	49,566,715,000	45,554,623,000	47,328,971,000	44,396,749,000	45,233,282,700	20,559,715,500	43,838,631,300	43,024,975,500	42,784,941,100	43,859,083,500
Total Water Consumption (Gallons)	41,510,868,000	37,844,460,000	39,300,198,000	37,331,342,000	38,142,397,000	16,488,683,000	36,691,200,000	38,304,800,000	35,275,500,000	35,910,000,000
Percent of Unmetered Water	16%	17%	17%	16%	16%	70%	16%	11%	18%	18%
Average Daily Delivery (Gallons)	135,428,000	124,807,000	129,668,000	121,635,000	123,588,200	113,589,588	120,105,839	117,876,600	116,898,700	120,161,900
Maximum Daily Pumpage (Gallons)	220,566,000	169,260,000	200,712,000	206,325,000	230,258,100	168,569,000	157,429,000	164,010,500	158,984,000	174,890,800
Minimum Daily Pumpage (Gallons)	99,924,000	95,420,000	95,904,000	95,848,000	88,648,900	100,889,000	94,843,300	90,718,600	93,613,800	97,632,700

N/A = Not Available
Note: The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

City of Cincinnati

Operating Information Schedule 3

Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public Safety											
Police											
	Stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Fire											
	Fire Stations	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
	Paramedic Units	4	6	4	12	12	12	12	12	42	42
	Life Support Ambulances	6	8	8						12	12
	Aircraft Rescue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation and	d Engineering										
	Streets (lane miles)	2,840	3,050	3,050	3,000	3,050	3,050	3,065	3,060	2,891	2,936
	Sidewalks (miles)	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700
	Street Signs	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000
	Bridges	62	62	62	65	64	64	65	64	65	65
	Bridges - Wasson Way****										8
	Retaining Walls (miles)	52	52	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
Public Recreation											
Parks											
	Acreage	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
	Regional Parks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	Neighborhood parks	70	70	70	70	71	71	71	71	71	71
	Preserves and Nature areas	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
	Nature Education Centers	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	Playgrounds	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	54	54
	Hiking Trails (miles)	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65	65
	Plant Species - Krohn Conservatory	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	Park Facilities & Structures	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121
	Street Trees	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	80,000	85,000	85,000
Recreation											
	Acreage	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	1,978	1,978	1,981
	Recreation and Senior Centers	38	38	38	32	30	27	27	24	23	23
	Play Areas	108	108	108	108	96	100	100	98	98	99
	Swimming Pools/Aquatics Facilities Tennis Courts	38 122	38 122	28 122	33 103	32 103	34 97	34 97	31 97	30 90	29 90
	Tomas esame					.00	0.	0.	0.	00	00
Public Services	naarina										
Traffic Engi		749	757	757	705	750	750	750	770	700	700
	Traffic Signs		757	757	765	758 9 5 1 5	758 9.515	758	770	780	780 10,000
	Street Lights	28,706	12,000	12,000	12,200	8,515	8,515	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Public Health		_	_					_		_	
	Health Centers	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	9
Water Works											
	Total Assets (in thousands)	979,428	1,080,499	1,081,596	1,144,127	1,229,795	1,248,476	1,265,321	1,354,789	1,349,362	1,460,419
	Water Customer Accounts	241,416	241,500	241,704	241,714	241,707	241,809	241,987	242,227	242,335	240,313
	Miles of Water Main in the System	3,121	3,128	3,133	3,316	3,145	3,146	3,148	3,149	3,161	3,168
Municipal Golf											
	Golf Courses	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6
General Aviation											
	Acreage	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353
Convention Center											
Jones de liter	Meeting Rooms	37	37	37	36	36	36	36	36	36	36
	Exhibit Space (Square Feet)	195,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	195,000
	Meeting/Ballroom Space (Square Feet)	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000
Parking Facilities											
1 uomues	Parking Lots/Garages	14	14	14	14*	14*	14*	13**	15	14***	14***
	Parking Meters	5,400	5,400	5,400	5,400	4,979	4,979	4,979	4,994	4,506	4,506
Stormwater Manag	toment										
Stormwater wanag	Miles of Storm Sewers	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350

^{*}The Gateway Garage was sold on 10/1/11 leaving Parking Facilities with 13 Parking Lots and Garages.

**The 5th & Race Lot ceased operations at the end of FY13 and was transferred to 3CDC.

***The Pogue's Garage ceased operations on 7/25/16 and ownership was transferred to 4th & Race Redevelopment, LLC.

****Wasson Way was purchased FY17 and the 8 bridges are not part of the City's Bridge Program.

Note: The City of Cincinnati changed fiscal years in 2013. The information for 2013 fiscal year represents six months of information for the period ending June 30, 2013.

City of Cincinnati Operating Information Schedule 4 Unions and Labor Contracts

There are six (6) unions representing its employees: The American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees, the Cincinnati Organized and Dedicated Employees (CODE); the Fraternal Order of Police; the International Association of Fire Fighters; the Building Trades, and the Teamsters.

A summary of the six (6) bargaining units' representation of City employees and the status of the City contracts with each are summarized in the table below.

Summary of City Labor Contracts

Bargaining Unit	Approximate No. of Employees <u>Represented</u>	Contract Effective Date	Contract Termination <u>Date</u>	Contract Wage <u>Increase</u>
AFSCME	1,806	08/14/2016	08/10/2019	$4.0\%^{1}$
CODE	927	03/27/2016	03/23/2019	$4.0\%^{2}$
FOP (Non-Supervisors)	797	05/22/2016	05/11/2019	$4.0\%^{3}$
FOP(Supervisors)	234	05/22/2016	05/11/2019	$4.0\%^{4}$
IAFF	860	05/22/2016	01/01/2019	4.0%5
IAFF Asst. Chiefs	4	05/22/2016	01/01/2019	4.0%6
Building Trades	39	08/01/2015	07/31/2018	$4.0\%^{7}$
Teamsters	22	10/23/2016	10/19/2019	4.0%8
AFSCME – MW's	87	08/14/2016	08/10/2019	4.0%9
TOTAL	4,776			

¹ AFSCME will receive a 4.0% increase effective 07/02/17; and a 4.0% increase effective 07/01/18.

² CODE will receive a 1.5% increase effective 03/27/16; a 2.5% increase effective 03/26/17; and a 2.5% increase effective 03/25/18. Per City Ordinance #201601190 and MOU, the CODE bargaining unit will receive an additional 2.5% increase effective 12/4/16; an additional 1.5% effective July 2017; and an additional 1.5% effective July 2018.

³ FOP (Non-Supervisors) will receive a 4% increase effective 05/21/17; and a 4.0% increase effective 05/20/18.

⁴ FOP (Supervisors) will receive a 4% increase effective 05/21/17; and a 4.0% increase effective 05/20/18.

⁵ The IAFF will receive a 4.0% increase effective 07/02/17; and a 4.0% increase effective 07/01/18.

⁶ The IAFF (Asst. Chiefs) will receive a 4.0% increase effective 07/02/17; and a 4.0% increase effective 07/01/18.

⁷ Building Trades will receive a 4.0% increase effective 07/02/17; and a 4.0% increase effective 07/01/18.

⁸ The Teamsters will receive a 4.0% increase effective 10/22/17; and a 4.0% increase effective 10/21/18.

⁹ AFSCME Municipal Workers (MW's) will receive a 4.0% increase effective 07/02/17; and 4.0% increase effective 07/01/18.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

PREPARED BY:

Accounts and Audits

Mark Ashworth, Rachael Dennis, Jeff Harmon, Austin Lubbers, Dawn Lynn, Chanel Neely, Bev Nussman CPA, Bryan Schmitt, Tara Songer, Sam Stephens, Angel Strayhorn, Linda Weigand

SPECIAL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FOR CONTRIBUTIONS FROM:

Water Works

Matt Brinck and Li Liu

Retirement

Ron Wilson and Don Beresford

Treasury

Nicole Lee and Chadrian Johnson

Design and Printing by:

the City of Cincinnati Printing Services



CINCINNATI 2017 CINCINNATI, OHIO



CITY OF CINCINNATI

HAMILTON COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED MARCH 1, 2018