



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ITLE PAGE
ndependent Auditor's Report
repared by Management:
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types- For the Year Ended December 31, 2017
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 20177
Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) - All Governmental Fund Types- For the Year Ended December 31, 2016
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended December 31, 2016
ndependent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by <i>Government Auditing Standard</i> s21
chedule of Findings
Prepared by Management: Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings29



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Dover Township Athens County 16145 Millfield Road Millfield, Ohio 45761

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Dover Township, Athens County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

53 Johnson Road, The Plains, Ohio 45780-1231 Phone: 740-594-3300 or 800-441-1389 Fax: 740-594-2110 www.ohioauditor.gov

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Basis for Qualification of Opinion on General Fund Miscellaneous Receipts on the Regulatory Basis of Accounting

Miscellaneous receipts are reported at \$6,019 for the year ended December 31, 2017, which is nine percent of total General Fund receipts for the year ended December 31, 2017. We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence supporting 78 percent of the amount recorded as Miscellaneous receipts for the year ended December 31, 2017. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.

Qualification of Opinion on General Fund Miscellaneous Receipts on the Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualification of Opinion on General Fund Miscellaneous Receipts on the Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances of the General Fund, of Dover Township, Athens County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2017, and its combined cash receipts and disbursement for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 permit, described in Note 2.

Unmodified Opinions

Also, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fund cash balances of the General Fund of Dover Township, Athens County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2016 and of the Special Revenue Funds as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and its combined cash receipts and disbursements for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03 permit, described in Note 2.

Dover Township Athens County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 8, 2018, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ive Yort

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 8, 2018

Dover Township Athens County

Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Cash Receipts	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$34,473	\$311,694	\$346,167
Intergovernmental	25,793	149,054	174,847
Earnings on Investments	593	194	787
Miscellaneous	6,019	800	6,819
Total Cash Receipts	66,878	461,742	528,620
Cash Disbursements			
General Government	33,168	6,124	39,292
Public Safety	0	52,097	52,097
Public Works	0	291,120	291,120
Health	0	24,324	24,324
Capital Outlay	1,817	14,448	16,265
Total Cash Disbursements	34,985	388,113	423,098
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	31,893	73,629	105,522
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	37,236	360,615	397,851
Fund Cash Balances, December 31			
Restricted	0	394,043	394,043
Committed	0	40,201	40,201
Unassigned	69,129	0	69,129
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$69,129	\$434,244	\$503,373

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Dover Township, Athens County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection services.

Public Entity Risk Pools

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund The Gasoline Tax Fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Road and Bridge Fund The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for and reports that portion of property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Special Levy- Road Maintenance Fund This fund accounts for and reports that portion of property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code §117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function, object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into three classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 - Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, the Board of Trustees passed no appropriation resolution. As a result, all budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in General and Special Revenue Funds for the year ended December 31, 2017. The purchase orders issued also lacked proper certification as they could not be confirmed as "lawfully appropriated." Also contrary to Ohio law, the Township did not obtain a certificate of estimated resources for 2017.

Note 4 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2017 follows:

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
Budgeted Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$0	\$66,878	\$66,878
Special Revenue	0	461,742	461,742
Total	\$0	\$528,620	\$528,620

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
	Appropriation	Budgetary	
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$0	\$35,099	(\$35,099)
Special Revenue	0	395,625	(395,625)
Total	\$0	\$430,724	(\$430,724)

Note 5 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits and investments at December 31 was as follows:

	2017
Demand Deposits	\$503,373

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS).

DOVER TOWNSHIP

ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

Note 6 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risksharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2017.

	2017
Assets	\$40,010,732
Liabilities	8,675,465
Net Position	\$31,335,267

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (CONTINUED)

Note 7 – Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2016, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$8,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2017 Contributions to
OTARMA
\$18,496

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which includes multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0 percent during calendar year 2017.

Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

Dover Township Athens County

Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

Cash Receipts	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$31,532	\$266,511	\$298,043
Intergovernmental	26,122	172,468	\$298,043 198,590
Earnings on Investments	362	130	492
Miscellaneous	590	3,200	3,790
		0,200	0,100
Total Cash Receipts	58,606	442,309	500,915
Cash Disbursements			
Current: General Government	10 201	693	42 077
Public Safety	42,384 0	52,506	43,077 52,506
Public Works	100	265,847	265,947
Health	0	203,847	203,947 29,977
Capital Outlay	1,330	11,000	12,330
Capital Callay	1,000	11,000	12,000
Total Cash Disbursements	43,814	360,023	403,837
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	14,792	82,286	97,078
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	22,444	278,329	300,773
Fund Cash Balances, December 31			
Restricted	0	328,860	328,860
Committed	0	31,755	31,755
Unassigned	37,236	0	37,236
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$37,236	\$360,615	\$397,851

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Dover Township, Athens County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, and fire protection services.

Public Entity Risk Pools

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund The General Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gasoline Tax Fund The Gasoline Tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Road and Bridge Fund This fund accounts for and reports that portion of property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Special Levy- Road Maintenance Fund This fund accounts for and reports that portion of property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

DOVER TOWNSHIP

ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (CONTINUED)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code §117-2-03(D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function, object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2016 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into three classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (CONTINUED)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 – Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, the Board of Trustees passed no appropriation resolution. As a result, all budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in General and Special Revenue Funds for the year ended December 31, 2016. The purchase orders issued also lacked proper certification as they could not be confirmed as "lawfully appropriated."

Note 4 – Budgetary Activity

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts			
	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$75,000	\$58,606	(\$16,394)
Special Revenue	488,550	442,309	(46,241)
Total	\$563,550	\$500,915	(\$62,635)

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2016 follows:

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures			
Appropriation Budgetary			
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$0	\$43,968	(\$43,968)
Special Revenue	0	361,999	(361,999)
Total	\$0	\$405,967	(\$405,967)

Note 5 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit and investments pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2016
Demand Deposits	\$397,851

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

DOVER TOWNSHIP

ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (CONTINUED)

Note 6 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 7 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees. The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation. The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2016, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2016.

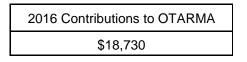
	2016
Assets	\$38,473,283
Liabilities	8,244,140
Net Position	\$30,229,243

DOVER TOWNSHIP ATHENS COUNTY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (CONTINUED)

Note 7 – Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2016, the liabilities above include approximately \$7.4 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,010 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2016. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2016, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$8,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.



After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10%, of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14%, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which includes multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0 percent during calendar year 2016.

Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.



Dave Yost · Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Dover Township Athens County 16145 Millfield Road Millfield, Ohio 45761

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of Dover Township, Athens County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 8, 2018, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code §117-2-03(D) permit. We also qualified our opinion due to the lack of sufficient appropriate audit evidence supporting the amounts recorded as Miscellaneous Receipts in the General Fund for 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings that we consider material weaknesses. We consider Findings 2017-001 through 2017-006 to be material weaknesses.

53 Johnson Road, The Plains, Ohio 45780-1231 Phone: 740-594-3300 or 800-441-1389 www.ohioauditor.gov Dover Township Athens County Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2017-001 through 2017-005.

Entity's Response to Findings

The Township's responses to the Findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. We did not subject the Township's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

re Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 8, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2017-001

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 149.351(A) establishes guidelines against the destruction or damage of records. All records are the property of the public office and shall not be removed, destroyed, mutilated, transferred or otherwise damaged or disposed of, in whole or in part, except as provided by law.

Further, Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-02(A) requires public offices to maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the public office to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

Township failed to maintain support for miscellaneous receipts of \$4,713 and \$590 in the General Fund for 2017 and 2016, respectively. As the result of an oversight, the Village did not establish another method to support completeness of the receipt source.

Lack of adequate supporting documentation eliminated a significant control procedure, obscured the audit trail and provided an opportunity for errors and/or irregularities to occur and remain undetected. Further, it prevented determination of whether the receipt was for a proper public purpose or was properly posted. The unsupported amount was material to the 2017 General Fund receipts. As such, we were we unable to satisfy ourselves as to the completeness of miscellaneous receipts recorded in the General Fund in 2017. We have modified the opinion in the Independent Auditor's Report accordingly. Miscellaneous receipts represent nine percent of 2017 General Fund receipts.

The Fiscal Officer should maintain all pertinent accounting records in a secure location, monitor receipts, and retain adequate supporting documentation for all receipts.

Officials' Response: The Fiscal Officer will do better.

FINDING NUMBER 2017-002

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36(A)(1) provides that on or about the first day of each fiscal year, the fiscal officer of each subdivision and other taxing unit shall certify to the county auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund set up in the tax budget or, if adoption of a tax budget was waived under § 5705.281 of the Revised Code, from each fund created by or on behalf of the taxing authority. The amount certified shall include any unencumbered balances that existed at the end of the preceding year, with certain exceptions.

The Fiscal Officer did not obtain a certificate of estimated resources from the Budget Commission in 2017. Although no certificate of estimated receipts was obtained, the Fiscal Officer entered estimated receipts into the accounting system. This was an oversight by the Fiscal Officer. Failure to obtain the required certificate of estimated resources can lead to improper budgeting and limits the effectiveness of management monitoring.

The Fiscal Officer should, on or about the first day of each fiscal year, certify to the county auditor the total amount from all sources available for expenditures from each fund and obtain the approved certificate of estimated resources.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2017-002 (Continued)

Noncompliance and Material Weakness - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.36(A)(1) (Continued)

Officials' Response: The Fiscal Officer didn't realize the electronic file wasn't being transferred and will do better.

FINDING NUMBER 2017-003

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38 provides that, on or about the first day of each fiscal year, an appropriation measure is to be passed. If the taxing authority wants to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received from the county budget commission based upon the actual year end balances, it may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses until no later than April 1.

Further, Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(B) provides that no subdivision or taxing unit is to expend money unless it has been appropriated.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-02(C)(1) provides that all local public offices integrate the budgetary accounts, at the legal level of control or lower, into the financial accounting system.

The Board of Trustees failed to pass an appropriation resolution for 2016 or 2017. As a result, all expenditures in 2016 and 2017 were made absent of the legal appropriation authority. Further, Board monitoring of financial information using budget to actual information was limited as the Board of Trustees had not approved the budgetary amounts included the accounting system.

The Board of Trustees should adopt an appropriation measure prior to expending or obligating funds. If the Trustees want to postpone the passage of the annual appropriation measure until an amended certificate is received from the county budget commission based upon the actual year end balances, they may pass a temporary appropriation measure for meeting the ordinary expenses until no later than April 1. Further, the Board of Trustees should ensure that amounts included in the accounting system agree to formally approved amounts to ensure proper monitoring.

Officials' Response: The Fiscal Officer was under the impression the resolution sent to the County Auditor filled this need.

FINDING NUMBER 2017-004

Noncompliance and Material Weakness

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing authority from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the Fiscal Officer is attached thereto. The Fiscal Officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2017-004 (Continued)

Noncompliance and Material Weakness - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) (Continued)

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a Fiscal Officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in § 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" Certificate - If the Fiscal Officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the Fiscal Officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the Fiscal Officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to exceed beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Board of Trustees did not formally adopt appropriation measures for 2016 or 2017; however, the Fiscal Officer issued purchase orders in both years as representing amounts "lawfully appropriated". Additionally, these purchase order dates did not precede the obligation date for 19 percent of the 2017 transactions tested and for 11 percent of the 2016 transactions tested with no evidence the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions. There were outstanding purchases orders that did not represent valid purchase commitments at year end. This resulted in overstated encumbrances of \$10,052 at December 31, 2017 and \$7,192 at December 31, 2016.

Regarding the use of Super Blanket purchase orders, the Trustees did not pass the resolution establishing a maximum amount as required by this Code Section and the Fiscal Officer failed to cancel 40 percent of Super Blanket certificates tested for 2017 and 20 percent of Super Blanket certificates tested for 2017.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2017-004 (Continued)

Noncompliance and Material Weakness - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) (Continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are properly used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, the Fiscal Officer properly certify that the funds are or will be available prior to an obligation being incurred by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

The Fiscal Officer should certify purchases to which § 5705.41(D) applies. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

Officials' Response: The Fiscal Officer will learn what he did wrong in this matter.

FINDING NUMBER 2017-005

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-01(D)(3) and (5) provides that, when designing the public office's system of internal control and the specific control activities, management should ensure adequate security of assets and records, and verify the existence and valuation of assets and liabilities and periodically reconcile them to the accounting records.

The Fiscal Officer did not properly reconcile the bank statements to the cash journal monthly resulting in reconciling factors due to timing issues and other minor variances. Bank reconciliations completed included an "other adjusting" factor in 10 out of the 12 months for 2017. In addition, the Fiscal Officer did not complete the bank reconciliations for February through December 2017 until year end. In 2016, bank reconciliations included an "other adjusting" factor in every month except December. The Fiscal Officer appeared to not complete the June through December bank reconciliations until January of 2017. Further, the May bank reconciliation was not completed at all.

Failure to perform complete and timely reconciliations prevented timely review by the Board of Trustees to compensate for the lack of segregation of duties inherent in a Township of this size. Further, the Board of Trustees reviewed inaccurate financial information for the months that included "other adjusting" factors as the Fiscal Officer had not properly posted those items at the time of review.

The Fiscal Officer should prepare complete monthly bank reconciliations in a timely manner so that reconciling items can be easily identified and corrections, if necessary, can be made in a timely manner. These reconciliations should be reviewed and approved by the Board of Trustees at monthly meetings and questioned if unidentified reconciling items are included.

Officials' Response: The Fiscal Officer will pay better attention to this in the future.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2017-006

Material Weakness

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C § 210, Terms of Engagement, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C § 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

Additionally, Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 mandated Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010.

The Fiscal Officer made certain posting errors resulting in audit adjustments as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2017:

- Homestead and other various credits pertaining to property taxes were improperly classified as Property and Other Local Taxes rather than as Intergovernmental receipts. Also, various refunds and reimbursements were improperly classified as Property and Other Local Taxes rather than as miscellaneous receipts. This resulted in the following adjustments:
 - General Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased \$5,287, Intergovernmental receipts decreased \$732, and Miscellaneous receipts increased \$6,019.
 - Road and Bridge Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased and Intergovernmental receipts increased \$12,880, respectively.
 - Special Levy Fire Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased \$8,054, Intergovernmental receipts increased \$7,554, and Miscellaneous receipts increased \$500.
 - Special Levy Cemetery Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased and Intergovernmental receipts increased \$2,348, respectively.
 - Special Levy Road Maintenance Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased and Intergovernmental receipts increased \$8,848, respectively.
- Various withholdings were improperly posted as disbursements in 2017 despite the transaction not occurring until 2018 resulting in a decrease in General Fund General Government disbursements of \$2,777.
- Property and Other Local Taxes were improperly posted at net instead of gross. This resulted in the following adjustments:
 - General Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and General Government disbursements increased \$3,836, respectively.
 - Road and Bridge Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Public Works disbursements increased \$2,296, respectively.
 - Special Levy Fire Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Public Safety disbursements increased \$1,459, respectively.
 - Special Levy Cemetery Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Health disbursements increased \$1,211, respectively.
 - Special Levy Road Maintenance Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Public Works disbursements increased \$2,739, respectively.
- The Township did not properly classify fund balances in accordance with GASB 54 as outlined in AOS Bulletin 2011-004. The December 31, 2017 Road and Bridget Fund balance of \$40,201, representing 100% inside millage was reclassified as committed rather than restricted.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016 (Continued)

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2017-006 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2016:

- Homestead and other various credits pertaining to property taxes were improperly classified as Property and Other Local Taxes rather than as Intergovernmental receipts. Also, various refunds and reimbursements were improperly classified as Property and Other Local Taxes rather than as miscellaneous receipts. This resulted in the following adjustments:
 - General Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased \$5,802, Intergovernmental receipts increased \$5,212, and Miscellaneous receipts increased \$590.
 - Road and Bridge Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased and Intergovernmental receipts increased \$14.355, respectively.
 - Special Levy Fire Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased and Intergovernmental receipts increased \$9,027, respectively.
 - Special Levy Cemetery Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased and Intergovernmental receipts increased \$3,281, respectively.
 - Special Levy Road Maintenance Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes decreased and Intergovernmental receipts increased \$10,950, respectively.
- Property and Other Local Taxes were improperly posted at net instead of gross. This resulted in the following adjustments:
 - General Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and General Government disbursements increased \$6,295, respectively.
 - Road and Bridge Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Public Works disbursements increased \$3,052, respectively.
 - Special Levy Fire Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Public Safety disbursements increased \$2,043, respectively.
 - Special Levy Cemetery Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Health disbursements increased \$1,475, respectively.
 - Special Levy Road Maintenance Fund- Property and Other Local Taxes and Public Works disbursements increased \$3,809, respectively.
- The Township did not properly classify fund balances in accordance with GASB 54 as outlined in AOS Bulletin 2011-004. The Road and Bridget Fund inside millage portion should be Committed rather than Restricted resulting in a reclassification of \$31,755 of the December 31, 2016 fund balance to Committed rather than Restricted.

These misstatements were caused by confusion over proper classifications and a lack of management oversight. As a result, significant adjustments and reclassifications, with which the Township's management agrees, were made to the financial statements and ledgers, and are reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

The Fiscal Officer should refer to the Ohio Township Handbook for guidance on the proper classification of receipts and to Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 for guidance on the proper classification of the fund balances. The Fiscal should take additional care in posting transactions to the Township's ledgers in order to ensure the financial statements reflect the appropriate sources of the receipts and expenditures.

Officials' Response: The Fiscal Officer will learn the different classifications of these receipts.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2015-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.38 and 5705.41(B) cited for expenditures exceeding formally adopted appropriations as no appropriations were passed.	Not Corrected	The Fiscal Officer was under the impression the resolution we send to the County Auditor filled this need. The Fiscal officer will attempt to correct this going forward.
2015-002	Ohio Admin. Code § 117- 2-02(A) and Ohio Rev. Code §5705.10(i) cited for material mispostings and resulting negative fund balances.	Not Corrected	The Fiscal Officer will learn the different classifications of these receipts to correct the issue going forward.
2015-003	Ohio Admin. Code §§ 117-2-01(D)(3) and (5) cited for failing to properly reconcile to the bank monthly.	Not Corrected	The Fiscal Officer reconciled before December 31 st each year and though this was sufficient. The Fiscal Officer will pay better attention to this in the future.



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

DOVER TOWNSHIP

ATHENS COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED AUGUST, 23 2018

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov