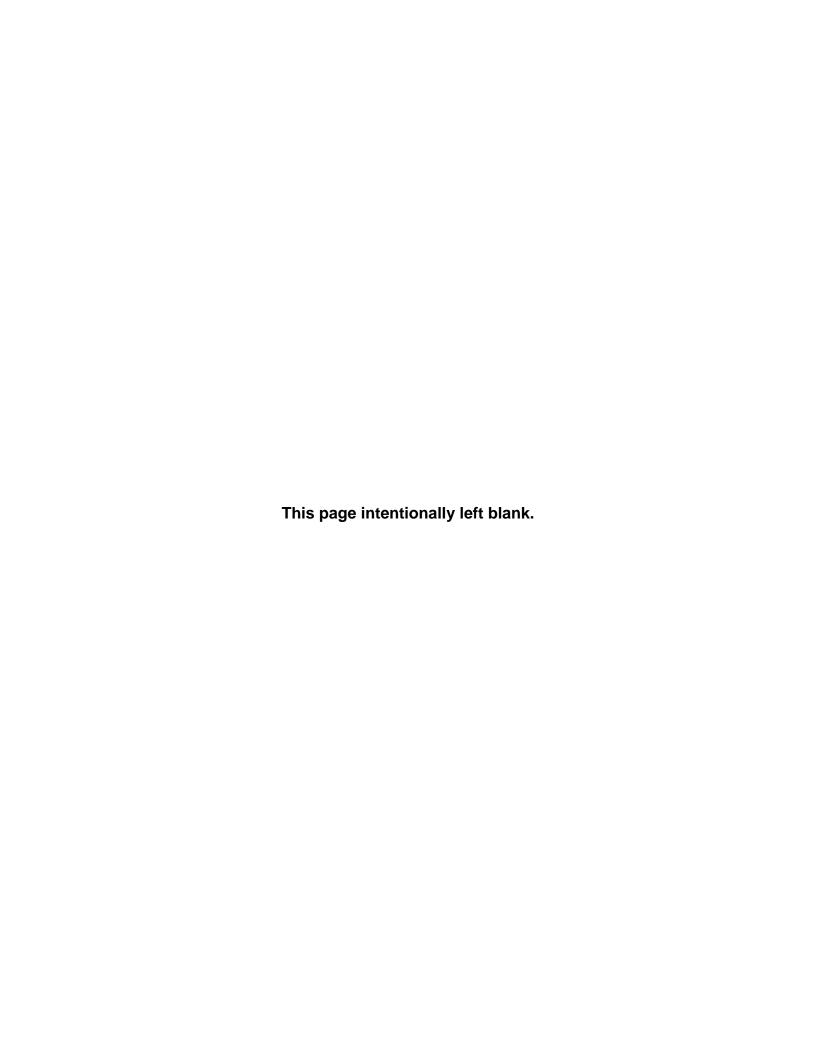




KETTERING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY JUNE 30, 2017

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SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Total Federal Receipts	Total Federal Non-cash Receipts	Total Federal Expenditures	Total Federal Non-cash Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Child Nutrition Cluster:						
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$293,927	\$2,371	\$293,927	\$2,371
National School Lunch Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555	N/A	1,348,646 1,642,573	497,196 499,567	1,348,646 1,642,573	497,196 499,567
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	32,625		32,625	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,675,198	499,567	1,675,198	499,567
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through Ohio Board of Regents Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	V002A160036	232,067		215,889	
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160035	1,928,586		1,786,436	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education Grants to States Special Education Preschool Grants Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027 84.173	H027A150111 N/A	2,014,236 5,910 2,020,146		1,859,970 5,910 1,865,880	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A160035	54,732		54,123	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	S367A160034	224,511		214,878	
Passed Through Centerville City School District Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	93,266		98,391	
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,553,308		4,235,597	
Total Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$6,228,506	\$499,567	\$5,910,795	\$499,567

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Kettering City School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, either the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87 Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments (codified in 2 CFR Part 225), or the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

NOTE D - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the fair value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective programs that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.

NOTE E - ADULT EDUCATION - BASIC GRANTS TO STATES

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S Department of Education and the State of Ohio for the Adult Education – Basic Grants to States. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends monies on a first-in, first-out basis.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kettering City School District Montgomery County 3750 Far Hills Avenue Kettering, Ohio 45429

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kettering City School District, Montgomery County, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2017-001.

Kettering City School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kettering City School District Montgomery County 3750 Far Hills Avenue Kettering, Ohio 45429

To the Board of Education:

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the Kettering City School District's (the District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the Kettering City School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the District's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The District's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the District's compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect the major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the District's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Kettering City School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Kettering City School District
Montgomery County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect the major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on the major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our tests of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Receipts and Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kettering City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated December 22, 2017. We conducted our audit to opine on the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of receipts and expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Kettering City School District
Montgomery County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2017

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 C.F.R. § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 C.F.R. § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Child Nutrition Cluster
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 C.F.R. §200.520?	Yes

2. FINDING RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2017-001

Noncompliance and Finding For Recovery Repaid Under Audit

In accordance with her approved Salary Notification for the 2016-2017 school year, Food and Nutrition Service Employee, Shelley Smith, was contracted to work 3.5 hours per day for 188 days at a rate of \$12.89 per hour for a total salary of \$8,482. Ms. Smith worked seventy-seven days of her contract for a total earned salary of \$3,474 before leaving the District in December of 2016. Ms. Smith continued to receive payroll checks and was paid a total of \$6,198 during fiscal year 2017, which was \$2,724 more than her earned wages. Further, the District remitted the employer share of retirement withholdings for the overpayment to Ms. Smith to the School Employees Retirement System of Ohio in the amount of \$381. The total amount overpaid to and on behalf of Shelley Smith was \$3,105. This matter was self-reported by the District Treasurer, Daniel Schall, to the audit team during the pre-audit meeting.

Kettering City School District Montgomery County Schedule of Findings Page 2

FINDING NUMBER 2017-001 (Continued)

In accordance with the forgoing facts, and pursuant to **Ohio Rev. Code § 117.28**, a finding for recovery for public money illegally expended in the amount of \$3,105 is hereby issued against Shelley Smith and in favor of the Kettering City School District's Food Service Fund.

Under Ohio law, any public official who either authorizes an illegal expenditure of public funds or supervises the accounts of a public office from which such illegal expenditure was made is strictly liable for the amount of the expenditure. Seward v. National Surety Corp., 120 Ohio St. 47 (1929); 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. No. 80-074; Ohio Rev. Code § 9.39; State ex rel. Village of Linndale v. Masten, 18 Ohio St. 3d 228 (1985). Public officials controlling public funds or property are liable for the loss incurred should such funds or property be fraudulently obtained by another, converted, misappropriated, lost or stolen. Public officials will be liable if and to the extent that recovery or restitution is not obtained from the persons who unlawfully obtained such funds or property. 1980 Op. Att'y Gen. No. 80-074.

The District's Treasurer signed the checks resulting in the improper payments. Accordingly, a Finding for Recovery in the amount of \$3,105 is hereby jointly and severally issued against Daniel Schall, Treasurer, and in favor of the Kettering City School District's Food Service Fund.

The School Employees Retirement System of Ohio repaid \$654 via check numbers 6008574 and 6008576 on October 13, 2017. The Ohio Association of Public School Employees repaid \$4 via check number 1004 on October 14, 2017 and \$116 via check number 043112 on October 17, 2017. Daniel Schall repaid the remaining finding amount of \$2,331 via check number 3151 on November 15, 2017.

The District should implement procedures to verify that employees are paid only for actual work performed. Failure to do so could result in additional overpayments in future years as well as potential findings for recovery being issued in future audits.

Officials' Response

This overpayment was an anomaly to the District's procedures that occurred due to the uncertainty of the employee's discipline and status. While unlikely to ever happen in the same way again, the District has tweaked the process by which employee payment is stopped so as to respond more quickly in the event of employee discipline. The error was found by the District Treasurer's office, self-reported to the State Auditor's office prior to the start of the audit, and collaboratively corrected during the audit so that Kettering City Schools were held harmless for the cost of consequences of the error.

3. FINDING FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

Kettering City School District

3750 Far Hills Avenue Kettering, Ohio 45429 www.ketteringschools.org

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN 2 CFR § 200.511(c) JUNE 30, 2017

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2017-001	This overpayment was an anomaly to the district's procedures that occurred due to uncertainty of the employee's discipline and status. While unlikely to ever happen in the same way again, the district has tweaked the process by which employee payment is stopped so as to respond more quickly in the event of employee discipline. The error was found by the district Treasurer's office, self-reported to the State Auditor's office prior to the start of the audit, and collaboratively corrected during the audit so that Kettering City Schools were held harmless for the cost or consequences of the error.	7/1/2017	Dan Schall



Kettering City School District Montgomery County, Ohio



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

Kettering City School District

Montgomery County, Ohio

for the

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prepared by:
Mr. Daniel Schall
Treasurer

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COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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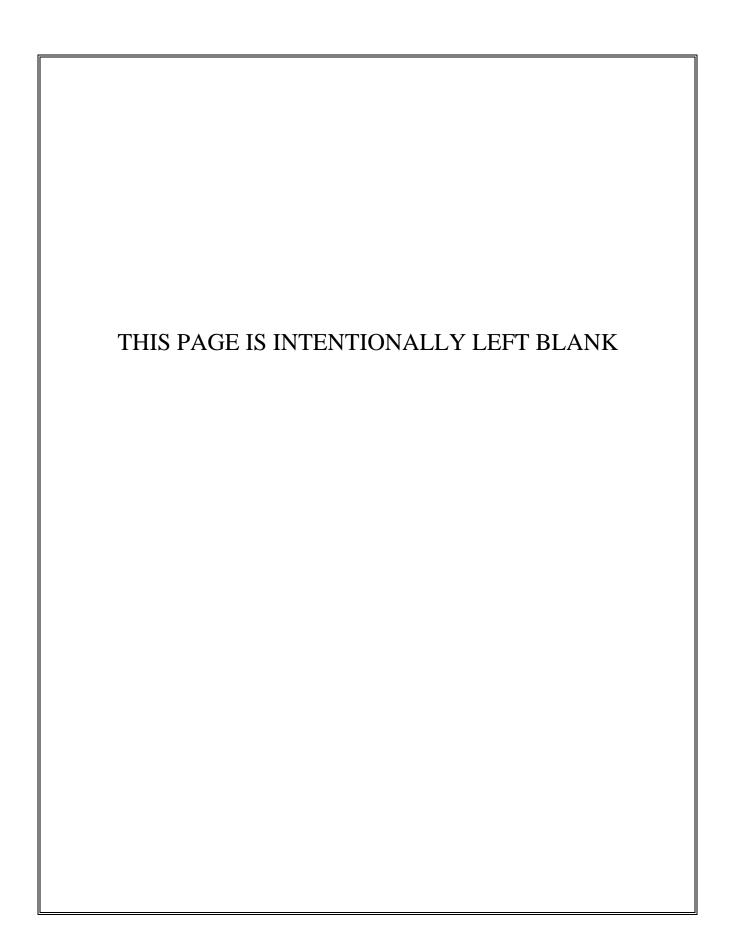
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Introductory Section

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Kettering City School District

3750 Far Hills Avenue Kettering, Ohio 45429

Treasurer's Office: phone (937) 499-1409 fax (937)-499-1467

December 22, 2017

TO THE CITIZENS AND BOARD OF EDUCATION OF THE KETTERING CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT:

We are pleased to present the twenty-third Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Kettering City School District (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This report was prepared by the Treasurer's Office, and includes the unmodified opinion of our independent auditors, the Ohio Auditor of State. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included. The CAFR conforms to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government entities.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report.

Copies of this report will be widely distributed throughout the District. A copy will be sent to all school buildings, the Chamber of Commerce, major taxpayers, the Public Library, Moody's and Standard and Poor's financial rating services, banks, and any other interested parties.

This report includes all funds of the District. The District provides a full range of traditional and non-traditional educational programs and services. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory and vocational levels; a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities; adult and community education offerings; special education programs and facilities and community recreation facilities.

In addition to providing these general activities, the District receives pass-through State funds, which are distributed to private and parochial schools located within the District boundaries. The private school served by the Kettering City School District is the Montessori Center of South Dayton. The parochial schools served by the Kettering City School District are St. Albert the Great Elementary School, St. Charles Borromeo Elementary School, Ascension Elementary School and Archbishop Alter High School. While these organizations share operational and service similarity with the District, each is a separate and distinct entity. Because of their independent nature, none of these organizations' financial statements are included in this report. The District has no component units.

HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

The 2017 school year marked the 176th year of existence for the Van Buren/Kettering City School District. Van Buren Township was established on June 26, 1841, through separation from Dayton. The township was at first divided into small one-room district schools (#1, #6, #9, #10, #11 and #12) and later into Carrmonte, Pasadena, and Fairmont elementary districts. Oakwood and Belmont were originally part of Van Buren Township. Oakwood formed its own district in 1926. Later, the Belmont area was annexed to Dayton.

Kettering City, the third largest public school district in the greater Dayton metropolitan area, lies south of Dayton and Oakwood, north of Centerville/Washington Township and west of Greene County. The City of Kettering and part of the City of Moraine fall under the jurisdiction of the school district.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Three names have been associated with the current Kettering City School District; Van Buren, Kettering and Moraine.

Van Buren Township was named for President Martin Van Buren. In 1803, Montgomery County was created, and four townships were formed. Dayton Township included the area now known as Kettering. Van Buren Township separated from Dayton in 1841 and remained a separate township with its own schools until 1952, when residents voted to become the Village of Kettering.

In 1954, Dayton proposed annexing the Delco facilities. The earlier annexation of Belmont did not sit well with Van Buren Township. Not wanting further erosion of the township, Van Buren countered, applied for, and was granted exempted village status, the last time such status was given in Ohio. Then Superintendent Dwight L. Barnes and Assistant Superintendent J. E. Prass spearheaded this move. The exempted village status precluded the proposed Delco annexation by Dayton and secured the area for Van Buren/Kettering.

A special census conducted in 1954-55 verified that the township had more than 10,000 residents, and in 1955, the township became the City of Kettering.

The City of Kettering and hence the Kettering City School District were named in honor of Charles F. Kettering, the noted inventor of the automobile self-starter and holder of more than 150 patents. Together with Edward A. Deeds, Mr. Kettering formed a partnership in 1909, known as the "Barn Gang" since they, and other engineers, worked in Deeds' barn. The partnership developed into the Dayton Engineering Laboratories Company (DELCO), with Deeds as President and Kettering as Vice-President. In 1916, DELCO was sold to General Motors. During World War I, Deeds and Kettering organized the Dayton Wright Airplane Company and invented "The Bug" a remote-controlled, unmanned aircraft. The war ended before "The Bug" could be used. Charles F. Kettering's other accomplishments included work with leaded gasoline, Freon refrigeration, diesel locomotion, and quick-drying car paint.

Kettering was a very civic-minded man, directing both his efforts and funds into the Sloan-Kettering Institute for Cancer Research, the Kettering Foundation, which works to strengthen the public role in government, educational and science policy, and the Miami Conservancy District, instrumental in flood control.

Moraine took its name from the pre-historic glacier, which deposited vast amounts of sand and gravel over the terrain. Because of concern over police and fire departments services, the west Moraine section voted to become a separate township in 1953. They became a village in 1957 and a city in 1965. Throughout this period, Moraine has retained its ties to the Kettering City School District.

The Kettering City School District currently has a population of about 61,613 and covers 21.3 square miles. The City of Moraine has 6,307 residents and encompasses 9.22 square miles of which approximately 2.9 are within the Kettering City School District.

The official opening enrollment of the District was 7,369 enrolled in eight elementary schools, two middle schools and one high school during the 2016-17 school year; enrollment increased to 7,405 students during fiscal year 2017. The District projects enrollment to remain stable. The District's school buildings range in age from 10 years to 68 years old. Other facilities operated by the District include a maintenance building, a transportation building, and the Central Office Building that had been a high school and junior high school previously. The Central Office Building also houses the District's alternative high school program.

On September 15, 1998 the Kettering City School District Board of Education passed a resolution to change the name of the District from the Kettering-Moraine City School District to the Kettering City School District effective July 1, 1998.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ORGANIZATION OF THE DISTRICT

The Board of Education of the Kettering City School District is a five member body politic and corporate, as defined by Section 3313.02, Ohio Revised Code. The Board serves as the taxing authority, contracting body, policy maker, and ensures that all other general laws of the State of Ohio are followed in the expenditure of the District's tax dollar, and approves the annual appropriation resolution and tax budget.

The Board members on June 30, 2017 were as follows:

George H. Bayless Jennifer Kane Julie A. Gilmore Lori E. Simms-Parks James T. Ambrose

The Superintendent is the chief executive officer of the District, responsible directly to the Board for all operations. L. Scott Inskeep was appointed as Superintendent effective September 1, 2014.

The Treasurer/CFO is the chief financial officer of the District, responsible directly to the Board for maintaining all financial records, issuing all payments, maintaining custody of all District funds and assets, and investing idle funds as specified by Ohio Law. Daniel Schall was appointed Treasurer effective May 5, 2014.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Economic Condition and Outlook (Kettering)

The economic environment for Kettering's business community continued to be one of relative stability during 2017.

According to the City of Kettering, although the City has been negatively impacted by the decline in employment in the area, the overall effect was diminished due to the diversity of the employment base. Kettering's business base ranges from some major employers headquartered in Kettering to many midsize companies specializing in technology or professional services and smaller, family-owned businesses. Kettering's largest employers include Kettering Medical Center (KMC), Synchrony Financial, and Reynolds & Reynolds Co. KMC employs 3,570 people and recently completed construction on a new \$49 million state of the art comprehensive cancer care center on vacant land across the street from the main campus. Reynolds & Reynolds Co., a Fortune 1000 company based in Dayton since 1866, continues to employ 1,350 people at its Miami Valley Research Park campus. Synchrony Financial employs 2,000 people and recently invested \$1.5 million for improvements in their facility at the Kettering Business Park (KBP).

In the area of new employment, Town & County Shopping Center completed a \$7 million revitalization that included a modern façade, improvements to parking and landscaping, and major building renovations. Alternate Solutions Health Network purchased a 200,000 square foot building at KBP and announced a major expansion to bring more than 350 new jobs to Kettering. Xerion Advanced Battery Corporation had its grand opening in 2016 at the Miami Valley Research Park. The high-tech company moved their lab and employees from Illinois and is already planning for an expansion. The Carlyle House Assisted Living Community has expanded their facility with a new, state of the art care wing specializing in advanced care for residents with memory impairment. NanoSperse, a design and manufacturing company will double their facility size at the Kettering Business Park. Finally, Tenneco, a leading designer, manufacturer and distributor of clean air and ride performance automotive products, announced plans to significantly expand their Kettering plant and double their workforce, which will bring more than 400 new jobs to the facility.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Economic Condition and Outlook (Moraine)

According to the City of Moraine, the City's local economy is showing an improvement over the decline from the past several years. The City's manufacturing sector continued a robust rebound with Fuyao, Harco/SunSong, Dmax, Csafe and Production Control Units (PCU) all making substantial investments. Fuyao's production momentum and investments, which currently exceed \$500 million, have had a resounding impact on the local economy. In total, Fuyao now comprises more than 1.7 million square feet of renewed industrial space at the former GM facility. By the end of 2016, employment at Fuyao reached over 2,000.

During 2015, the City of Moraine welcomed Fidelity Health Care, which has brought over 350 jobs to the vacated Berry campus. Tyler Technologies continued to consolidate and increase investment at their corporate headquarters along the Dryden Road corridor. This increased investment could bring up to 200 new jobs to the City. MedVets along Dryden Road and Project Cure in the Moraine Commerce Park both initiated construction of new facilities during 2016. These medical buildings will be complete in 2017 and will encourage additional hiring.

The City of Moraine expects to see continued growth along the Dryden Road and Springboro Pike corridors. These two areas have been among the fastest growing revitalization quadrants in the entire Dayton Metropolitan area.

EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

The Board employs 1,087 full-time and part-time employees (including non-teaching personnel). Of the Board's current employees, 610 are certificated by the Ohio Department of Education serving as classroom teachers, education specialists and administrators, all of whom have at least a bachelor's degree.

Five hundred sixty-nine (569) of the Board's certificated teachers and educational specialists are members of the Kettering Education Association ("KEA"), which is a labor organization affiliated with the Ohio Education Association. The current contract between the Board and the Association became effective on May 4, 2014 and expires on June 30, 2017.

Three hundred fifty-one (351) of the Board's classified employees are members of the Ohio Association of Public School Employees ("OAPSE") which is a labor organization affiliated with the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees ("AFSME"). The current contract between the Board and OAPSE became effective on August 1, 2014 and expires on July 31, 2017.

These agreements marked a continuation of the historical turn in labor relations between the District, KEA, and OAPSE. The collaborative interest-based bargaining approach that involves the exchange of ideas, concerns and mutual problem solving to improve the instruction of students and to address the needs of the District in a cooperative manner was used.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the Year...and the Future...

The Instructional Services Department along with the Technology Department are continuing to train teachers on effective differentiated classroom instruction focused on the Ohio Learning Standards utilizing the new student and teach devices purchased through the Straight A Grant.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following goals and accomplishments for professional development:

- Continuous work on multi-tiered instruction for students using Response to Intervention (RTI).
- Begin implementing a multi-tiered behavior structure utilizing Positive Behavior Intervention Support (PBIS).
- Providing teachers who teach gifted students 30 hours of required professional development.
- Delving into the area of mental health of students and appropriate tools to support them.
- Reviewing possible new math materials for K-12.

Preparing our students to be ready to meet the challenges of the world is a team effort that promotes collaboration, creativity, perseverance and achievement. We are committed to giving our students the skills needed to be able to analyze and solve problems, communicate effectively and think creatively. These skills will prepare our students to be life-long learners and allow our students to successfully compete in a global economy.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Ohio Department of Education requires school districts to submit a five year forecast in October and May each year. The forecast provides three years of historical financial data and five years of revenue and expenditure estimates. The forecast is a benchmark used by administrators and the Board of Education to determine the current and future costs of existing educational programs and sustainability of proposed educational initiatives.

The need for general permanent improvements is at the forefront of concerns. The recent passage of a new permanent improvement levy will allow the District to plan for the necessary repairs to its buildings and grounds. Building administrators are working closely together to prioritize and develop preventative maintenance plans and refresh schedules so resources are allocated appropriately.

FINANCIAL POLICIES IMPACTING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During fiscal year 2017, the District issued two series of refunding bonds. These refunding issues were undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$6,010,845 and resulted in a total economic gain of \$5,305,803. The District is constantly evaluating options for the refunding of debt in an effort to save on future interest charges.

Also during fiscal year 2017, the District issued a total of \$5,000,000 in permanent improvement tax anticipation notes. The District used the proceeds from these notes for various District improvements, such as purchasing new school buses, energy saving improvements to buildings, asphalt repairs, and improvements to the District's athletic facilities.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Internal Controls

The Treasurer/CFO of the District is responsible for establishing internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Management Team is responsible for assisting with the implementation of the established internal controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefit requires estimates and judgments by management. Management believes the internal controls adequately meet the objective.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Budgetary Controls

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The primary level of budgetary control imposed by the District (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the broad object level (first level) for the general fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Any budgetary modifications at these levels may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts at year-end are carried forward to succeeding years and are not re-appropriated.

Independent Audit

The State of Ohio requires an annual audit by either the Auditor of State or by an independent public accounting firm. The Auditor of State performed the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The audit has been conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, generally accepted government auditing standards, and includes a review of internal controls and tests of compliance with Federal and State laws and regulations. The auditor's report on the District's basic financial statements, combining statements, and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

In addition to the financial audit, a single audit was performed as required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The single audit report is not included in the CAFR.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Kettering City School District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the twenty-second consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Kettering City School District for its comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2016. This award certifies that a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report substantially conforms to the principles and standards of financial reporting as recommended and adopted by the Association of School Business Officials. This award is granted only after an extensive review of the report by an expert panel of certified public accountants and practicing school business officials.

A Certificate of Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. The Kettering City School District has received a Certificate of Excellence for twenty-two consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Excellence Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this twenty-third Comprehensive Annual Financial Report would not have been possible without the cooperation and support of the entire staff of the Treasurer's Office. Sincere appreciation is extended to Jake Schlereth, Assistant Treasurer, for his exceptional individual effort and dedication to this achievement. A special thanks to the administration and staff who help make our District sustainable and vibrant, the Montgomery County Auditor's Office, the Kettering City Finance Department, the Moraine City Finance Department, and the State Auditor's Office for their special support. Also, special thanks to Julian & Grube, Inc. and staff for assistance in the preparation of this financial report.

Sincerely,

Mr. Daniel Schall, CFO

Treasurer

Mr. L. Scott Inskeep Superintendent

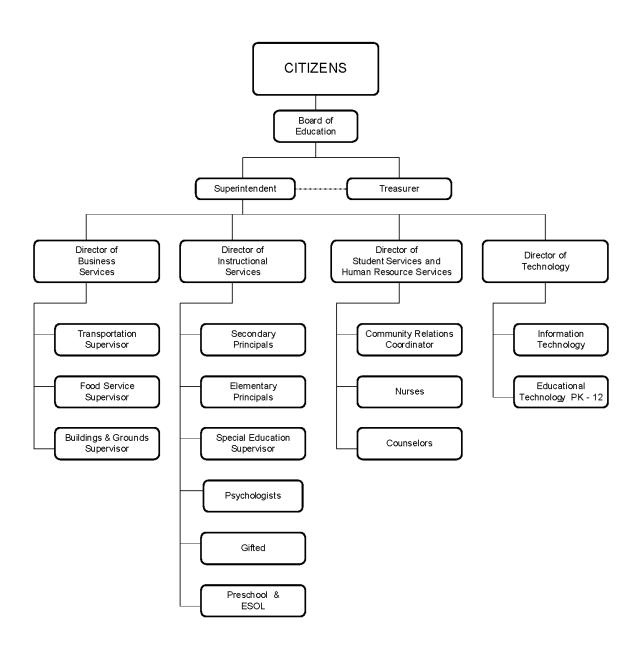
L. Scott Inskeap

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Elected Officials

President - Board of Education	Ms. Lori E. Simms-Parks
Vice President - Board of Education	Ms. Jennifer Kane
Board of Education Member	Ms. Julie A. Gilmore
Board of Education Member	Mr. George H. Bayless
Board of Education Member	
Appointed Of	ficials
Superintendent	Mr. L. Scott Inskeep
Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer	
Director - Student Services	
Director - Human Resources	
Director - Business Services	
Director - Technology Services	Mr. Chris Merritt
Director - Curriculum and Instruction	Ms. Deborah Mears

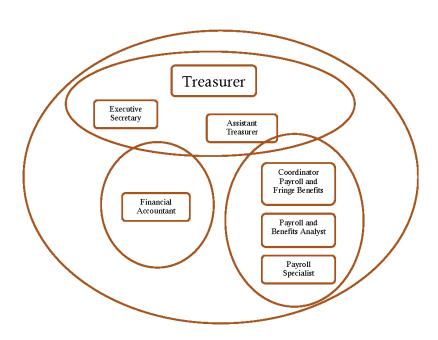
ORGANIZATIONAL CHART FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017



OFFICE OF THE TREASURER FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Team Organization

Treasurer/Chief Financial Officer	Daniel Schall
Assistant Treasurer	Michael "Jake" Schlereth
Coordinator - Payroll and Fringe Benefits	Jill E. Lopez
Payroll and Benefits Analyst	Denise Lay
Executive Secretary	
Payroll Specialist	Vicki McCloud
Financial Accountant	





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Kettering City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO





The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Kettering City School District

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016.

The CAFR has been reviewed and met or exceeded ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence standards.



Anthony N. Dragona, Ed.D., RSBA

President

John D. Musso, CAE
Executive Director



Financial Section







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kettering City School District Montgomery County 3750 Far Hills Avenue Kettering, Ohio 45429

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kettering City School District, Montgomery County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Kettering City School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kettering City School District, Montgomery County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and *schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions* listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Kettering City School District Montgomery County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 22, 2017

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Kettering City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- The District's net position of governmental activities decreased \$6,029,361 which represents a 7.65% decrease from 2016.
- General revenues accounted for \$96,364,029 in revenue or 85.30% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, grants and contributions accounted for \$16,603,789 or 14.70% of total revenues of \$112,967,818.
- The District had \$118,997,179 in expenses related to governmental activities; \$16,603,789 of these expenses was offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants or contributions. General revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements) of \$96,364,029 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's two major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund. The general fund had \$93,781,998 in revenues and other financing sources and \$94,482,602 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2017, the general fund's fund balance decreased \$784,347 from a balance of \$15,854,228 to \$15,069,881.
- The bond retirement fund had \$52,787,043 in revenues and other financing sources and \$52,324,838 in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2017, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased by \$462,205 from a balance of \$3,486,254 to a balance of \$3,948,459.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader may understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell the reader how services were financed in the short-term, as well as what balances remain for future spending. The fund financial statements also present the District's most significant funds with all other, nonmajor funds presented in one aggregated column. In the case of the District, the general fund and the bond retirement fund are the most significant funds and are the only funds considered major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this report contains the large number of funds utilized by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did the District perform financially during 2017?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting considers all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the governmental activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and operation of non-instructional services.

The District's statement of net position and statement of activities can be found on pages 19 and 20 of this report.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 14. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions during the year; however, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial resources that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services that it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and the governmental funds is reconciled in the basic financial statements. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 26 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains proprietary funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs within the District. The District's internal service funds account for a self-funded dental care benefit program and a self-funded health insurance benefit program for employees of the District. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 29 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Fiduciary Funds

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for students, individuals, and other entities. These activities are reported in agency funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities on page 30. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets of the fiduciary funds cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 31-74 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 76-82 of this report.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities 2017	Governmental Activities 2016
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 105,869,041	\$ 101,350,066
Capital assets, net	110,937,807	108,242,288
Total assets	216,806,848	209,592,354
Deferred outflows of resources		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	217,066	1,465,900
Pensions	33,533,271	13,899,520
Total deferred outflows of resources	33,750,337	15,365,420
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities	15,980,022	11,368,148
Long-term liabilities:		
Due within one year	6,508,480	5,102,052
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	166,163,115	132,396,480
Other amounts	83,824,531	84,193,645
Total liabilities	272,476,148	233,060,325
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for next fiscal year	62,942,040	62,285,694
Pensions	<u>-</u>	8,443,397
Total deferred inflows of resources	62,942,040	70,729,091
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	28,762,216	28,744,903
Restricted	8,050,970	5,146,692
Unrestricted (deficit)	(121,674,189)	(112,723,237)
Total net position	\$ (84,861,003)	\$ (78,831,642)

During 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

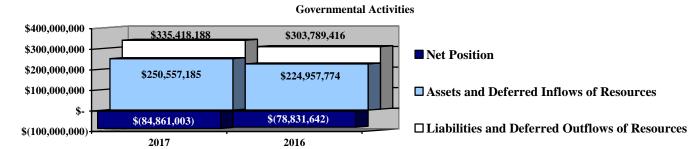
Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2017, the District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$84,861,003.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

At year-end, capital assets represented 51.17% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. The District's net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2017 was \$28,762,216. These capital assets are used to provide services to students and community members and are not available for future spending. Although the District's net investment in capital assets is reported net of debt related to the acquisition of these assets, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the District's net position, \$8,050,970, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$121,674,189. The deficit balance in unrestricted net position was the result of reporting the net pension liability required by GASB 68.

The graph below illustrates the District's governmental activities assets plus deferred outflows, liabilities plus deferred inflows and net position at June 30, 2017 and 2016.



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

The table below shows the change in net position of the governmental activities for fiscal year 2017 and 2016.

Changes in	n Net Position	- Governmental	Activities

			Increase		
	2017	2016	(Decrease)		
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 4,670,982	\$ 4,848,041	\$ (177,059)		
Operating grants and contributions	11,811,558	9,555,210	2,256,348		
Capital grants and contributions	121,249	-	121,249		
General revenues:					
Property taxes	70,550,876	66,924,832	3,626,044		
Payment in lieu of taxes	398,038	402,177	(4,139)		
Grants and entitlements	24,512,181	25,162,006	(649,825)		
Investment earnings	213,275	124,392	88,883		
Miscellaneous	689,659	1,972,679	(1,283,020)		
Total revenues	112,967,818	108,989,337	\$ 3,978,481		
Expenses					
Program expenses:					
Instruction:					
Regular	42,513,509	37,126,604	\$ 5,386,905		
Special	15,449,518	12,699,706	2,749,812		
Vocational	3,175,243	2,598,543	576,700		
Adult/continuing	157,873	140,961	16,912		
Other	5,610,945	4,705,340	905,605		
Support services:					
Pupil	9,726,629	7,567,845	2,158,784		
Instructional staff	5,121,367	4,136,935	984,432		
Board of education	102,105	49,887	52,218		
Administration	7,243,081	5,960,346	1,282,735		
Fiscal	2,212,381	2,104,772	107,609		
Business	602,151	588,140	14,011		
Operations and maintenance	9,048,894	9,158,808	(109,914)		
Pupil transportation	4,885,690	3,821,722	1,063,968		
Central	1,296,358	1,512,012	(215,654)		
Operation of non-instructional services	6,673,517	5,796,310	877,207		
Extracurricular activities	1,980,461	1,539,334	441,127		
Debt service:					
Interest and fiscal charges	3,197,457	3,435,947	(238,490)		
Total expenses	118,997,179	102,943,212	\$ 16,053,967		
Change in net position	(6,029,361)	6,046,125			
Net position at beginning of year	(78,831,642)	(84,877,767)			
Net position at end of year	\$ (84,861,003)	\$ (78,831,642)			

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased \$6,029,361. Total governmental expenses of \$118,997,179 were offset by program revenues of \$16,603,789 and general revenues of \$96,364,029. Program revenues supported 13.95% of the total governmental expenses.

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from taxes, and grants and entitlements. These revenue sources represent 84.15% of total governmental revenue.

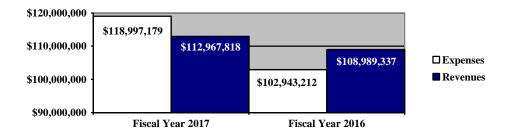
Overall, revenues of the governmental activities increased 3.65%. The largest components of this increase resulted from property taxes. District voters passed a new 3.4 mill permanent improvement levy on March 15, 2016. Collection of this levy began in calendar year 2017. The decrease in miscellaneous revenue is due to several large Medicaid settlements received in fiscal year 2016.

The largest expense of the District is for instructional programs. Instruction expenses totaled \$66,907,088 or 56.23% of total governmental expenses for fiscal year 2017. Fiscal year 2017 instructional expenses increased \$9,635,934 from fiscal year 2016. This is primarily due to the increase in the District's net pension liability.

Overall expenses of the District increased by approximately \$16,053,967.

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2017 and 2016.

Governmental Activities - Revenues and Expenses



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales and grants and contributions offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted state grants and entitlements.

Governmental Activities

Program expenses	Total Cost of Services 2017	Net Cost of Services 2017	Total Cost of Services 2016	Net Cost of Services 2016
Instruction:	2017	2017	2010	2010
Regular	\$ 42,513,509	\$ 41,598,338	\$ 37,126,604	\$ 36,056,035
Special	15,449,518	10,453,576	12,699,706	8,780,569
Vocational	3,175,243	2,449,959	2,598,543	2,190,457
Adult/continuing	157,873	9,543	140,961	(59,129)
Other	5,610,945	5,527,832	4,705,340	4,635,450
Support services:	3,010,943	3,321,632	4,703,340	4,033,430
Pupil	9,726,629	8,496,635	7,567,845	6,859,575
Instructional staff	5,121,367	4,190,668	4,136,935	3,327,903
Board of education	102,105	102,105	49,887	49,887
Administration	7,243,081	6,826,936	5,960,346	5,657,539
Fiscal	2,212,381	2,212,381	2,104,772	2,104,772
Business	602,151	602,151	588,140	588,140
Operations and maintenance	9,048,894	8,994,094	9,158,808	9,079,660
Pupil transportation	4,885,690	4,558,600	3,821,722	3,494,835
Central	1,296,358	1,276,088	1,512,012	1,491,698
Operations of non-instructional services	6,673,517	397,880	5,796,310	(251,465)
Extracurricular activities	1,980,461	1,499,147	1,539,334	1,098,088
Debt service:	1,500,101	1,122,117	1,000,001	1,000,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3,197,457	3,197,457	3,435,947	3,435,947
Total expenses	\$ 118,997,179	\$ 102,393,390	\$ 102,943,212	\$ 88,539,961

The District's dependence upon tax and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent, as 89.74% of instruction activities are supported through taxes and other general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue support is 86.05%. The District's taxpayers and grants and entitlements received from the State of Ohio that are not restricted in use are by far the primary support for District's students.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The graph below presents the District's governmental activities revenue for fiscal year 2017 and 2016.

\$120,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$80,000,000 \$60,000,000 \$20,000,000 \$20,000,000 \$16,603,789 \$14,403,251

Governmental Activities - General and Program Revenues

The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,155,412, which is greater than last year's total of \$19,877,372. The schedule below shows fund balances at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 and the net changes in fund balances during fiscal year 2017.

Fiscal Year 2016

	Fund Balance June 30, 2017	Fund Balance June 30, 2016	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General fund	\$ 15,069,881	\$ 15,854,228	\$ (784,347)	(4.95) %
Bond retirement fund	3,948,459	3,486,254	462,205	13.26 %
Nonmajor governmental funds	2,137,072	536,890	1,600,182	298.05 %
Total	\$ 21,155,412	\$ 19,877,372	\$ 1,278,040	6.43 %

General Fund

The table that follows shows the revenues of the general fund for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

Fiscal Year 2017

	2017	2016		Increase/	Percentage
Revenues	 Amount	Amount	(Decrease)	Change
Taxes	\$ 60,968,537	\$ 59,875,424	\$	1,093,113	1.83 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	398,038	402,177		(4,139)	(1.03) %
Tuition	598,348	966,851		(368,503)	(38.11) %
Earnings on investments	193,379	122,390		70,989	58.00 %
Extracurricular activities	293,707	281,282		12,425	4.42 %
Intergovernmental	26,437,588	26,840,972		(403,384)	(1.50) %
Other	 1,663,308	3,000,050		(1,336,742)	(44.56) %
Total	\$ 90,552,905	\$ 91,489,146	\$	(936,241)	(1.02) %

Overall, revenues in the general fund decreased 1.02%. The largest components of this decrease was in other revenues. During 2016, the District received settlements for several previous years of participation in the Medicaid Schools Program. This revenue was reported as other revenue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

The table that follows displays the expenditures of the general fund for fiscal years 2017 and 2016:

		2017	2016		Increase/	Percentage	
Expenditures		Amount	 Amount	(Decrease)	Change	
Instruction:							
Regular	\$	37,310,485	\$ 34,421,816	\$	2,888,669	8.39	%
Special		11,935,364	10,960,884		974,480	8.89	%
Vocational		2,825,758	2,412,821		412,937	17.11	%
Other		5,512,689	4,622,261		890,428	19.26	%
Supporting services:							
Pupil		7,996,153	7,000,398		995,755	14.22	%
Instruction staff		3,781,685	3,083,484		698,201	22.64	%
Board of education		102,105	49,887		52,218	104.67	%
Administration		6,052,583	5,513,977		538,606	9.77	%
Fiscal		2,040,337	2,012,368		27,969	1.39	%
Business		520,710	501,493		19,217	3.83	%
Operations and maintenance		8,095,927	7,794,366		301,561	3.87	%
Pupil transportation		4,266,601	3,597,601		669,000	18.60	%
Central		1,184,286	1,475,906		(291,620)	(19.76)	%
Operation of non-instructional services		483,877	464,739		19,138	4.12	%
Extracurricular activities		1,234,447	1,051,795		182,652	17.37	%
Facilities acquisition and construction		6,825	40,742		(33,917)	(83.25)	%
Capital outlay		729,093	-		729,093	100.00	%
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		271,625	140,000		131,625	94.02	%
Interest & fiscal charges	_	113,552	 65,463		48,089	73.46	%
Total	\$	94,464,102	\$ 85,210,001	\$	9,254,101	10.86	%

Expenditures of the general fund increased \$9,254,101 or 10.86%. The main reason for this increase was due to increases in wages and benefits.

Bond Retirement Fund

In total, the bond retirement fund recognized \$52,787,043 in revenues and other financing sources and \$52,324,838 in expenditures and other financing uses during fiscal year 2017. The District refunded the 2006 bonds and a portion of the 2007 bonds during fiscal year 2017. This will result in significant interest savings over the life of the bonds. During fiscal year 2017, the bond retirement fund's fund balance increased by \$462,205 from a balance of \$3,486,254 to a balance of \$3,948,459.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, original budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$85,419,255. Final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were unchanged from the original. Actual revenues and other financing sources for fiscal year 2017 were \$93,574,164; this represents a \$8,154,909 increase over final budgeted revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

General fund original appropriations and other financing uses totaled \$94,720,624. Final appropriations and other financing uses were unchanged from the original. The actual budget basis expenditures and other financing uses for fiscal year 2017 totaled \$92,221,667, which is less than the final budget appropriations by \$2,498,957.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2017, the District had \$110,937,807 invested in land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles. This entire amount is reported in the District's governmental activities. The following table shows the District's net capital asset balances for 2017 and 2016.

Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation) - Governmental Activities

	 2017	 2016
Land	\$ 461,616	\$ 461,616
Construction in progress	1,680,704	499,423
Building and improvements	103,909,065	103,751,286
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	1,579,250	991,378
Vehicles	 3,307,172	 2,538,585
Total	\$ 110,937,807	\$ 108,242,288

The overall increase in capital assets of \$2,695,519 is due to capital asset additions of \$5,178,586 exceeding depreciation expense of \$2,460,796 and disposals (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$22,271. See Note 10 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's capital assets.

Debt Administration

The following table summarizes the District's long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Outstanding Debt at June 30 - Governmental Activities

	 2017	 2016
General obligation bonds	\$ 68,287,468	\$ 77,138,130
Tax anticipation notes	5,000,000	-
Capital lease	602,468	-
Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes	7,581,767	 3,946,882
Total	\$ 81,471,703	\$ 81,085,012

At June 30, 2017, the District had \$68,287,468 in general obligation bonds outstanding, including current interest bonds, capital appreciation bonds, and accreted interest. The District also had \$5,000,000 in tax anticipation notes outstanding and \$602,468 in capital lease obligations outstanding. Of these obligations, \$5,427,109 is due within one year and \$68,462,827 is due in greater than one year. See Note 12 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's debt administration.

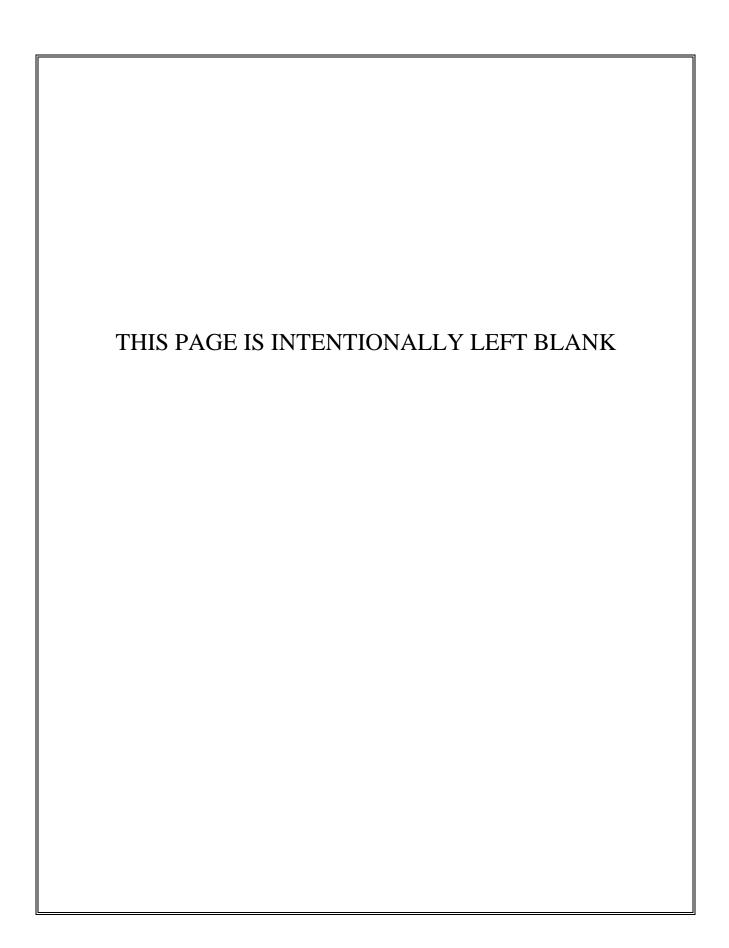
Current Financial Related Activities

The District is financially sound, although not overly affluent. The District relies on property tax revenues and state foundation funds to provide the resources necessary to support and maintain educational programs

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (UNAUDITED)

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Daniel Schall, Treasurer, 3750 Far Hills Avenue, Kettering, Ohio 45429.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	.
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 34,405,196
Cash with fiscal agent	17,976
Receivables:	60 621 200
Property taxes	69,621,290
Accounts.	11,561
Accrued interest	7,735
Intergovernmental	1,377,026
Prepayments	294,570
Materials and supplies inventory	80,277
Inventory held for resale	53,410
Capital assets:	2 1 42 220
Nondepreciable capital assets	2,142,320
Depreciable capital assets, net	108,795,487
Capital assets, net	110,937,807
Total assets	216,806,848
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding	217,066
Pension - STRS	25,447,484
Pension - SERS	8,085,787
Total deferred outflows of resources	33,750,337
15441 46161164 644116116 611656416661 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	1,374,300
Contracts payable	1,079,436
Accrued wages and benefits payable	11,184,509
Intergovernmental payable	697,824
Pension and postemployment	
obligation payable	1,372,248
Accrued interest payable	253,729
Matured bonds payable	17,976
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	6,508,480
Due in more than one year:	
Net pension liability	166,163,115
Other amounts due in more than one year .	83,824,531
Total liabilities	272,476,148
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year	62,942,040
Total deferred inflows of resources	62,942,040
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	28,762,216
Restricted for:	
Capital projects	2,607,868
Permanent fund - expendable	658
Permanent fund - nonexpendable	12,801
Debt service	3,789,810
State funded programs	23,807
Federally funded programs	103,399
Food service	1,021,813
Student activities	398,866
Other purposes	91,948
Unrestricted (deficit)	(121,674,189)
Total net position	\$ (84,861,003)
•	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net (Expense)

					Prog	ram Revenues			R	Levenue and Changes in Net Position
				harges for	•	rating Grants	_	ital Grants	\mathbf{G}	overnmental
~		Expenses	Servi	ices and Sales	and	Contributions	and C	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:										
Instruction:	Φ.	12 512 500	Φ.	505.540	Φ.	177.420	Φ.		Φ.	(41.500.000)
Regular	\$	42,513,509	\$	737,742	\$	177,429	\$	-	\$	(41,598,338)
Special		15,449,518		84,106		4,911,836		121 240		(10,453,576)
Vocational		3,175,243		104,218		499,817		121,249		(2,449,959)
Adult/continuing		157,873		-		148,330		-		(9,543)
Other		5,610,945		-		83,113		-		(5,527,832)
Support services:		0.726.620		701 292		420 611				(9.406.625)
Pupil		9,726,629		791,383		438,611		-		(8,496,635)
Instructional staff		5,121,367		161,640		769,059		-		(4,190,668)
Board of education		102,105		15 612		400 522		-		(102,105)
Administration		7,243,081		15,613		400,532		-		(6,826,936)
Fiscal.		2,212,381		-		-		-		(2,212,381)
Business		602,151		- 		-		-		(602,151)
Operations and maintenance		9,048,894		54,800		270.025		-		(8,994,094)
Pupil transportation		4,885,690		47,155		279,935		-		(4,558,600)
Central		1,296,358		470		19,800		-		(1,276,088)
Other non-instructional services		6,673,517		2,199,298		4,076,339		-		(397,880)
Extracurricular activities Debt service:		1,980,461		474,557		6,757		-		(1,499,147)
Interest and fiscal charges		3,197,457						-		(3,197,457)
Total governmental activities	\$	118,997,179	\$	4,670,982	\$	11,811,558	\$	121,249		(102,393,390)
			Prop	eral revenues:	d for:					61.450.904
										61,450,894
										6,382,401
										2,717,581 398,038
				nts and entitlem						390,030
						· · · · · · · · ·				24,512,181
										213,275
										689,659
										96,364,029
			1014	ii generai reven	ues					90,304,029
			Cha	nge in net posit	ion .					(6,029,361)
			Net	position at beg	ginning	g of year		• • •		(78,831,642)
			Net	position at end	of ye	ar			\$	(84,861,003)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	General		F	Bond Retirement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	22 121 152	\$	3,620,628	\$	6,306,022	\$	33,047,802
Cash with fiscal agent	Ф	23,121,152	Ф	3,020,028 17,976	Ф	0,300,022	Ф	17,976
Receivables:		-		17,970		-		17,970
		59,726,722		5,913,671		3,980,897		69,621,290
Property taxes		11,561		3,913,071		3,960,697		11,561
Accrued interest		7,735		-		-		7,735
Interfund loans		1,329,300		-		-		1,329,300
Intergovernmental		580,244		-		796,782		1,377,026
Prepayments		287,427		-		7,143		294,570
Materials and supplies inventory		80,277		-		7,143		80,277
Inventory held for resale		00,277		-		53,410		53,410
Total assets	\$	85,144,418	\$	9,552,275	\$	11,144,254	\$	105,840,947
Total assets	<u> </u>	65,144,416	φ	9,332,213	Φ	11,144,234	<u> </u>	103,840,947
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	639,452	\$	-	\$	734,848	\$	1,374,300
Contracts payable		-		-		1,079,436		1,079,436
Accrued wages and benefits payable		10,113,623		-		1,070,886		11,184,509
Compensated absences payable		366,295		-		14,760		381,055
Intergovernmental payable		608,772		-		89,052		697,824
Pension and postemployment								
obligation payable		1,261,987		-		110,261		1,372,248
Interfund loans payable		-		-		1,329,300		1,329,300
Matured bonds payable		-		17,976		-		17,976
Total liabilities		12,990,129		17,976		4,428,543		17,436,648
Defermed in floor								
Deferred inflows of resources:		53,959,384		5,346,259		3,636,397		62,942,040
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year Delinquent property tax revenue not available		2,812,931		239,581		145,460		3,197,972
Intergovernmental revenue not available		308,969		239,361		796,782		1,105,751
Accrued interest not available		3,124		-		190,162		3,124
Total deferred inflows of resources		57,084,408	-	5,585,840		4,578,639		67,248,887
1000 0000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0		27,001,100		2,202,010		.,070,009		07,210,007
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		367,704		-		19,944		387,648
Restricted		-		3,948,459		3,179,126		7,127,585
Committed		-		-		3,080		3,080
Assigned		12,646,189		-		-		12,646,189
Unassigned (deficit)		2,055,988		-		(1,065,078)		990,910
Total fund balances		15,069,881		3,948,459		2,137,072		21,155,412
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	85,144,418	\$	9,552,275	\$	11,144,254	\$	105,840,947

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2017

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 21,155,412
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		110,937,807
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable	\$ 3,197,972	
Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental Total	3,124 1,105,751	4,306,847
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in		
governmental activities on the statement of net position.		1,357,394
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.		(7,581,767)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.		217,066
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.		(253,729)
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows - pension Net pension liability Total	33,533,271 (166,163,115)	(132,629,844)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds Capital lease obligations Tax anticipation notes	(68,287,468) (602,468) (5,000,000)	
Compensated absences Total	(8,480,253)	(82,370,189)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (84,861,003)
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		 (- ,,)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		General	Bond Retirement		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:				-		-		-
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	60,968,537	\$	6,363,285	\$	2,593,140	\$	69,924,962
Payment in lieu of taxes		398,038		-		-		398,038
Tuition.		598,348		-		910,416		1,508,764
Transportation fees		47,155 193,379		-		30,080		47,155 223,459
Charges for services		193,379		-		1,557,655		1,557,655
Extracurricular		293,707		_		405,693		699,400
Classroom materials and fees		198,357		_		-		198,357
Rental income		54,800		-		-		54,800
Contributions and donations		69,445		-		7,387		76,832
Contract services		516,903		-		-		516,903
Other local revenues		776,648		-		90,208		866,856
Intergovernmental - state		26,437,588		1,098,311		1,963,552		29,499,451
Intergovernmental - federal		<u> </u>		-		6,753,906		6,753,906
Total revenues		90,552,905		7,461,596		14,312,037		112,326,538
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:		27 210 405				1 222 261		20.542.746
Regular.		37,310,485		-		1,233,261		38,543,746
Special		11,935,364 2,825,758		-		2,565,019 132,229		14,500,383 2,957,987
Adult/continuing		2,023,730		-		146,517		146,517
Other		5,512,689		-		85,050		5,597,739
Support services:		0,012,009				05,050		0,001,100
Pupil		7,996,153		-		1,141,610		9,137,763
Instructional staff		3,781,685		-		1,000,357		4,782,042
Board of education		102,105		-		-		102,105
Administration		6,052,583		-		406,962		6,459,545
Fiscal		2,040,337		81,069		35,607		2,157,013
Business		520,710		-		103,863		624,573
Operations and maintenance		8,095,927		-		2,372,687		10,468,614
Pupil transportation		4,266,601 1,184,286		-		929,984 72,610		5,196,585 1,256,896
Other non-instructional services		483,877		_		5,908,150		6,392,027
Extracurricular activities		1,234,447		_		415,049		1,649,496
Facilities acquisition and construction		6,825		_		1,186,711		1,193,536
Capital outlay		729,093		_		-,,		729,093
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		271,625		3,732,994		-		4,004,619
Interest and fiscal charges		113,552		2,715,116		-		2,828,668
Issuance costs		-		510,606		101,120		611,726
Payment of accreted interest		-		600,006		-		600,006
Total expenditures		94,464,102		7,639,791		17,836,786		119,940,679
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(3,911,197)		(178,195)		(3,524,749)		(7,614,141)
Other financing sources (uses):				6 125 447		101 120		6026567
Premium on bonds and notes		-		6,135,447 39,190,000		101,120		6,236,567 39,190,000
Sale of refunding bonds		-		39,190,000		5,000,000		5,000,000
Transfers in.		2,500,000		_		18,500		2,518,500
Transfers (out)		(18,500)		_				(18,500)
Capital lease transaction		729,093		-		-		729,093
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent		-		(44,685,047)		-		(44,685,047)
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,210,593		640,400		5,119,620		8,970,613
Net change in fund balances		(700,604)		462,205		1,594,871		1,356,472
Fund balances at beginning of year		15,854,228		3,486,254		536,890		19,877,372
Increase (decrease) in reserve for inventory	Φ.	(83,743)	•	2 049 450	<u>¢</u>	5,311	ф.	(78,432)
Fund balances at end of year	3	15,069,881	2	3,948,459	\$	2,137,072	\$	21,155,412

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,356,472
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense Capital asset additions Current year depreciation Total	\$ 5,178,586 (2,460,796)	2,717,790
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(22,271)
Governmental funds report expenditures for inventory when purchased; however, in the statement of activities, they are reported as an expense when consumed.		(78,432)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Earnings on investments Intergovernmental Total	625,914 (2,348) (232,433)	391,133
Repayment of bond & lease principal and accreted interest is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.		4,604,625
Issuances of bonds, notes and capital leases are recorded as other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities, they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities on the statement of net position. Bonds Tax anticipation notes Capital leases Total	(39,190,000) (5,000,000) (729,093)	(44,919,093)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent for the retirement of bonds is an other financing use in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Deferred charges related to bond refundings are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following refunding transactions occurred during the year: Bonds refunded Deferred charges on refundings Total	43,700,000 985,047	44,685,047
Premiums on bonds and notes related to the issuance of bonds and notes are amortized over the life of the issuance in the statement of activities. The following transactions occurred in the year: Premiums on bonds Premiums on notes Total	(6,052,452) (184,115)	(6,236,567)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

resulted in less interest being reported in the statement of activities. Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government—wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254) Change in net position of governmental activities	In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. The following	items			
Decrease in accrued interest payable Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)		recins			
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)	6 1	\$	12.474		
Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)	1 7				
Amortization of deferred charges Total Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (14,171,633) An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)	1 11				
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as expenditures in governmental funds. (420,261) Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outflows. 8,482,146 Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (14,171,633) An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)					
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Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (14,171,633) An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)	Contractually required pension contributions are reported as expenditures in govern	mental			
liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (14,171,633) An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)	funds; however, the statement of activities reports these amounts as deferred outfle	ows.			8,482,146
liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities. (14,171,633) An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)					
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(expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities. (2,661,254)	funds is not reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Government	al fund			
	<u>.</u>				(2,661,254)
Change in net position of governmental activities \$\((6,029,361)\)	-				<u> </u>
	Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	(6,029,361)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		011g			-	1100001		i (eguer (e)	
From local sources:									
Property taxes	\$	55,169,682	\$	55,169,682	\$	60,624,842	\$	5,455,160	
Payment in lieu of taxes		150,000		150,000		398,038		248,038	
Tuition		606,000		606,000		598,348		(7,652)	
Transportation fees		10,000		10,000		49,727		39,727	
Earnings on investments		50,000		50,000		204,341		154,341	
Extracurricular		10,000		10,000		60,261		50,261	
Classroom materials and fees		-		-		3,205		3,205	
Rental income		10,000		10,000		52,341		42,341	
Other local revenues		200,000		200,000		774,026		574,026	
Intergovernmental - state		29,203,573		29,203,573		26,339,834		(2,863,739)	
Total revenues		85,409,255		85,409,255		89,104,963		3,695,708	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		37,936,649		37,936,649		36,071,351		1,865,298	
Special		11,130,264		11,130,264		11,515,696		(385,432)	
Vocational		2,885,586		2,885,586		2,760,051		125,535	
Other		5,037,159		5,037,159		5,297,279		(260,120)	
Support services:								,	
Pupil		7,651,094		7,651,094		7,624,804		26,290	
Instructional staff		3,160,899		3,160,899		3,725,630		(564,731)	
Board of education		59,617		59,617		102,454		(42,837)	
Administration		5,925,833		5,925,833		6,153,157		(227,324)	
Fiscal		2,904,933		2,904,933		2,185,724		719,209	
Business		575,443		575,443		512,926		62,517	
Operations and maintenance		8,571,191		8,571,191		8,038,276		532,915	
Pupil transportation		3,878,588		3,878,588		4,156,966		(278, 378)	
Central		3,439,307		3,439,307		1,229,840		2,209,467	
Other non-instructional services		121,850		121,850		70,656		51,194	
Extracurricular activities		1,031,927		1,031,927		1,213,024		(181,097)	
Facilities acquisition and construction		10,634		10,634		7,352		3,282	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		145,000		145,000		145,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		60,000		60,000		63,681		(3,681)	
Total expenditures		94,525,974		94,525,974		90,873,867		3,652,107	
Excess of expenditures over									
revenues		(9,116,719)		(9,116,719)		(1,768,904)		7,347,815	
Tevenues.		(2,110,712)		(),110,71)		(1,700,701)		7,317,013	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Refund of prior year's expenditures		10,000		10,000		145,301		135,301	
Transfers in		-		-		2,500,000		2,500,000	
Transfers (out)		(194,650)		(194,650)		(18,500)		176,150	
Advances in		-		-		1,823,900		1,823,900	
Advances (out)				_		(1,329,300)		(1,329,300)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(184,650)		(184,650)		3,121,401		3,306,051	
Net change in fund balance		(9,301,369)		(9,301,369)		1,352,497		10,653,866	
Fund balance at beginning of year		19,088,590		19,088,590		19,088,590		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		709,824		709,824		709,824		_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	10,497,045	\$	10,497,045	\$	21,150,911	\$	10,653,866	
Summer or one or jour		10, 1,013		10, 1, 1, 010	<u> </u>	,0,711	Ψ	10,000,000	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	A	vernmental Activities - Internal rvice Funds
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash		
and investments	\$	1,357,394
Total assets		1,357,394
N.A. and Maria		
Net position:		
Unrestricted		1,357,394
Total net position	\$	1,357,394

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	418,404	
Total operating revenues		418,404	
Operating expenses:			
Fringe benefits		489,516	
Purchased services		49,902	
Claims expense		42,709	
Total operating expenses		582,127	
Operating loss		(163,723)	
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest revenue		2,469	
Total nonoperating revenues		2,469	
Transfer out		(2,500,000)	
Change in net position		(2,661,254)	
Net position at beginning of year		4,018,648	
Net position at end of year	\$	1,357,394	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from charges for services	\$	418,404			
Cash payments for fringe benefits		(489,516)			
Cash payments for purchased services		(49,902)			
Cash payments for claims		(42,709)			
Net cash used in operating activities		(163,723)			
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Cash used in transfers out		(2,500,000)			
Net cash used in noncapital					
financing activities		(2,500,000)			
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest received		2,469			
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,469			
Net decrease in cash and investments		(2,661,254)			
Cash and investments at beginning of year		4,018,648			
Cash and investments at end of year	\$	1,357,394			
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Operating loss	\$	(163,723)			
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(163,723)			

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Agency		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash			
and investments	\$	188,264	
Total assets	\$	188,264	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	514	
Due to students		70,379	
Due to others		117,371	
Total liabilities	\$	188,264	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Kettering City School District (the "District") was originally chartered in 1841 by the Ohio State Legislature. In 1853 State laws were enacted to create local Boards of Education. Today, the District operates under current standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 and Section 119.01 of the Ohio Revised Code.

The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio and as required by federal agencies. This Board controls the District's instructional and support facilities staffed by 473 classified personnel and 612 certificated teaching and administrative personnel to provide services to students and other community members. The District currently operates one early education center, eight elementary schools, two middle schools (grades 6-8), and one comprehensive high school (grades 9-12).

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39 "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes student instruction (regular, special education, vocational, adult/continuing, and other), student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, pupil transportation, and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationships to the District:

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Metropolitan Educational Technology Association (META) Solutions - The District is a participant in META Solutions which is a computer consortium that resulted from the mergers between Tri-Rivers Educational Computer Association (TRECA), Metropolitan Educational Council (MEC), Metropolitan Dayton Educational Cooperative Association (MDECA), Southeastern Ohio Valley Voluntary Education Cooperative (SEOVEC), and South Central Ohio Computer Association (SCOCA). META Solutions develops, implements and supports the technology and instructional needs of schools in a cost-effective manner. META Solutions provides instructional, core, technology and purchasing services for its member districts. The Board of Directors consists of the Superintendents from eleven of the member districts. During fiscal year 2017, the District paid META Solutions \$155,050 for services. Financial information can be obtained from Dave Varda, who serves as Chief Financial Officer, 100 Executive Drive, Marion, Ohio 43302.

<u>Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association</u> - The Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association (SOITA) is a not-for-profit corporation formed under Section 1702.01 of the Ohio Revised Code. The purpose of the corporation is to serve the educational needs of the area through television programming for the advancement of educational programs.

The Board of Trustees is comprised of twenty-one representatives of SOITA member schools or institutions. Nineteen representatives are elected from within the counties by the qualified members within the counties, i.e. Auglaize, Butler, Champaign, Clark, Clinton, Darke, Fayette, Greene, Hamilton, Logan, Mercer, Miami, Montgomery, Preble, Shelby, and Warren. Montgomery, Greene and Butler Counties elect two representatives per area. All others elect one representative per area. All superintendents except for those from educational service centers vote on the representatives after the nominating committee nominates individuals to run.

One at-large non-public representative is elected by the non-public school SOITA members in the State assigned SOITA service area. One at-large higher education representative is elected by higher education SOITA members from within the State assigned SOITA service area.

All member districts are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOITA. Upon dissolution, the net position is to be distributed to the federal government, or to a state or local government, for a public purpose. Payments to SOITA amounted to \$21,575 during fiscal year 2017. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Instructional Technology Association, Gary Greenberg, who serves as Executive Director, 1205 East Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

Shared Resources Center Regional Council of Governments - The District participates in the Shared Resources Center Regional Council of Governments (Council), a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Montgomery County. The purpose of the Council is to provide cost effective services to its members and to other entities, enhance and facilitate relationships between stakeholders in the public and private sector, and collaborate on research and development for innovations in education and local government. The Council is governed by a Governing Board, consisting of one individual from each of the seven original members, including the District. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Financial information can be obtained from the Montgomery County Educational Service Center, 200 South Keowee Street, Dayton, Ohio 45402.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOLS

<u>Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council</u> - The Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council (SOEPC) is a purchasing council made up of over 139 schools in 18 counties. The purpose of the council is to obtain prices for quality merchandise and services commonly used by schools. All members are obligated to pay all fees, charges, or other assessments as established by the SOEPC. Each member has one voting representative. Title to any and all equipment, furniture and supplies purchased by the SOEPC is held in trust for the members. Any member withdrawing from the SOEPC shall forfeit its claim to any and all SOEPC assets. One year prior notice is necessary for withdrawal from the group. During this time, the withdrawing member is liable for all member obligations. During fiscal year 2017, the District made no payments to the SOEPC for membership. To obtain financial information, write to the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council, Ken Swink, Director, 303 Corporate Center Drive Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative Employee Benefit Plan - The EPC Benefit Plan Trust (the Plan) is a group purchasing pool consisting of public school districts who are members of the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative. The purpose of a group purchasing pool is for members to pool funds or resources to purchase group insurance products to provide health benefits to participants at a lower rate than if the individual districts acted independently. Each district pays a monthly premium to the Trust fund for insurance coverage which is provided by Anthem Blue Cross or United Healthcare. Districts may also contribute monthly to the Trust fund for dental benefits provided through a self-funded dental plan administered by CoreSource. The Plan is governed by a Board of Trustees elected in accordance with the Trust Agreement and voted on by participating EPC member districts. Financial information can be obtained from Doug Merkle, who serves as administrator, at EPC Benefits Office, 303 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 208, Vandalia, Ohio 45377.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond retirement fund</u> - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The following is a description of the District's internal service funds:

<u>Internal service funds</u> - The internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The dental insurance and health insurance funds are internal service funds of the District, and account for the premiums and claims payments applicable to the employee dental and health plans, respectively.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District has no trust funds.

The District's agency funds account for various student-managed activity programs, deposits to be utilized for background checks, OHSAA tournament monies, and for the employees' cafeteria benefits plan. The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid the "doubling up" of revenues and expenses. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by fund type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the governmental funds balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationships between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund financial statements.

Like the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund financial statements are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include claims and purchased services expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds generally are reported using the economic resources measurement focus; however, agency funds do not report a measurement focus as they do not report operations.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Nonexchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, payment in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 5). Revenue from payment in lieu of taxes, grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes, interest, transportation fees, tuition, rental income, grants, student fees, and other local revenues.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, see Note 14 for deferred outflows of resources related the District's net pension liability. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2017, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a corresponding amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only governmental funds are required to be reported. The primary level of budgetary control is at the object level for the general fund and the fund level for all other funds of the District. Supplemental budgetary modifications at or above this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

- <u>Tax Budget</u> Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a
 proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes
 proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and
 conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The express purpose of this budget document is to reflect the
 need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed
 with the County Budget Commission for rate determination. Montgomery County has waived this
 requirement for the District.
- 2. <u>Estimated Resources</u> Prior to April 1, the Board accepts by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amount on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2017.
- 3. Appropriations A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution establishes spending controls at the fund level except for the general fund which is budgeted at the object level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year by management. During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The budgetary figures which appear in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance budget and actual are provided on the financial statement basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

- 4. <u>Encumbrances</u> As part of formal budgetary control, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures are encumbered and recorded as the equivalent of expenditures in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation and to determine and maintain legal compliance. However, on the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.
- 5. <u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u> At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be re-appropriated.
- 6. <u>Budgetary Basis of Accounting</u> The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures (budgetary basis) as opposed to a restricted, committed, or assigned designation of fund balance (GAAP basis).

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2017, the District's investments included, federal agency securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, U.S. government money market mutual funds, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for non-participating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts, such as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2017 totaled \$193,379, which includes \$43,624 assigned from other District funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For presentation on the financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investments at year end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, material and supplies inventory is presented at cost, inventory held for resale is presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their fair market value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the fund statements and using the consumption method on the government wide financial statements.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds, which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of current assets. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption, donated food and purchased food.

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

The original costs of governmental activities capital assets have been determined by identifying historical costs. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates are determined by indexing estimated current costs to the estimated year of acquisition.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is also capitalized.

All capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	80 years
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment and vehicles	5 - 20 years

I. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds; however, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, notes and capital leases are recognized as a liability on the fund financial statements when due.

J. Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts, and Accounting Gain or Loss

On both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements, issuance costs are recognized in the period in which they are incurred.

On the government-wide financial statements, bond and note premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds and notes using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds and notes and discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds and notes. On the governmental fund financial statements, premiums and discounts are recognized in the period in which these items are incurred. The reconciliation between the face value of bonds and notes and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 12.

For current and advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded debt is amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining term of the old debt or the term of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented on the statement of net position as a deferred inflow of resources or a deferred outflow of resources.

K. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if (a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and (b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service. A liability for sick leave is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at June 30, 2017, by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for sick leave for employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, all employees with at least 5 years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and sick leave payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2017 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any applicable additional salary related payments.

Compensated absences accumulated by governmental fund type employees are reported as an expense when earned in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not recorded.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

L. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. These classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable in the general fund.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The amount restricted for other purposes represents amounts restricted for a special trust.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

O. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

At the fiscal year end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is nonspendable on the fund financial statements by an amount equal to the carrying value of the assets.

P. Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from cash deficits among the governmental activities are classified as amounts "due to/from other funds". On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans between governmental funds are classified as "interfund loans receivable/payable." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Q. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in the governmental funds and as an adjustment to net position following nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund activity between governmental funds is eliminated in the statement of activities.

R. Private/Parochial Schools

The Archbishop Alter High School, Ascension Elementary School, Montessori Center of South Dayton, St. Albert the Great Elementary School, and St. Charles Borromeo Elementary School are private and parochial schools that operate within the District's boundaries. Current State legislation provides funding to these private and parochial schools. Funds are received and disbursed on behalf of the private and parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by these institutions. The fiduciary responsibility of the District for these monies is reflected in a nonmajor governmental fund for financial reporting purposes.

S. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. Extraordinary and Special items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2017.

U. Fair Market Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2017, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures", GASB Statement No. 78, "Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans", GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14" and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73".

GASB Statement No. 77 requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about the agreement. GASB Statement No. 77 also requires disclosures related to tax abatement agreements that have been entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. These disclosures were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2017 financial statements (see Note 21); however, there was no effect on beginning net position/fund balance.

GASB Statement No. 78 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for defined benefit pensions provided to the employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (cost-sharing pension plan) that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 68 and that (a) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (b) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employer, and (c) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 80 improves the financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement applies to component units that are organized as not-for-profit corporations in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 82 addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2017 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	Deficit
Pathfinder/preschool	\$ 330,032
Public school preschool	25,147
Vocational education enhancement	3,746
Alternative	3,050
Other state funds	7,813
Adult basic education	27,396
IDEA Part B	254,853
Bilingual education	39
Title I	403,681
Preschool grant	577
Improving teacher quality	4,674

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than five years from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described items in (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all non-FDIC insured public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Fiscal Agent

At June 30, 2017, \$17,976 was on deposit in the District's debt service clearing account. This amount is not part of the District's internal investment pool and has been excluded from the total amount of deposits reported below. The balance of this account is reported on the financial statements as "cash with fiscal agent".

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$6,017,960. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "*Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*", as of June 30, 2017, \$6,066,665 of the District's bank balance of \$6,316,665 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$250,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105% of the carrying value of the deposits that are not FDIC insured. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of state statute. Although the securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

					Ir	ives	stment matur	ity			
Measurement/ Investment type	_ N	leasurement value	6	months or less	 7 to 12 months		13 to 18 months		19 to 24 months	_	reater than 24 months
Fair value:											
FHLB	\$	498,875	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	498,875
FHLMC		2,827,686		114,988	-		-		104,529		2,608,169
FNMA		294,349		-	294,349		-		-		-
Negotiable CDs		500,242		-	500,242		-		-		-
U.S. Government money											
market funds		2,706,397		2,706,397	-		-		-		-
Amortized cost:											
STAR Ohio		21,747,351		21,747,351	 _		-		_		
Total	\$	28,574,900	\$	24,568,736	\$ 794,591	\$	_	\$	104,529	\$	3,107,044

At June 30, 2017, the weighted average yield to maturity of the District's investments is 0.48 years.

The District's investments in U.S. Government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in federal agency securities and negotiable CD's are valued using quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and the U.S. government money market carry ratings of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's federal agency securities were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Services and AA+ by Standard and Poor's. The District's negotiable certificates of deposit were not rated. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's federal agency securities are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The negotiable certificates of deposit are not exposed to custodial credit risk as they are insured by the FDIC in their full amounts. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2017:

Measurement/	Measurement	
Investment type	value	% of total
Fair value:		
FHLB	\$ 498,875	1.75
FHLMC	2,827,686	9.90
FNMA	294,349	1.03
Negotiable CDs	500,242	1.75
U.S. Government money		
market funds	2,706,397	9.47
Amortized cost:		
STAR Ohio	21,747,351	76.10
Total	\$ 28,574,900	100.00

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position and statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2017:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	6,017,960
Investments		28,574,900
Cash with fiscal agent		17,976
Cash on hand		600
Total	\$	34,611,436
Cash and investments per statement of net po	sition	
C (1 () ''	ф	24 422 172

Governmental activities	\$ 34,423,172
Agency funds	 188,264
Total	\$ 34,611,436

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2017 represent the collection of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2017 represent the collection of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien on December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Montgomery and Greene Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the District their portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2017 was \$2,954,407 in the general fund, \$327,831 in the bond retirement fund and \$199,040 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). This amount is recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2016 was \$2,610,712 in the general fund, \$294,354 in the bond retirement fund and \$27,242 in the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2017 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

	2016 Second Half Collections				2017 First Half Collections			
	-	Amount	Percent	_	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential								
and other real estate	\$	1,115,708,750	90.47	\$	1,115,070,750	90.37		
Public utility personal	_	117,490,250	9.53		118,785,510	9.63		
Total	\$	1,233,199,000	100.00	\$	1,233,856,260	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	82.99		\$	85.39			

NOTE 6 - PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES

The District has entered into tax incremental financing agreements with local companies. These companies were granted reductions or exemptions from property tax obligations to encourage economic development in the area; however, as part of these agreements, the companies make payments in lieu of taxes to the District to compensate the District for its portion of the reduction in property tax receipts. On the governmental fund financial statements, payment in lieu of taxes receipts totaled \$398,038 in the general fund during fiscal year 2017.

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2017 consisted of taxes, accounts, accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of state programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$ 69,621,290
Accounts	11,561
Accrued interest	7,735
Intergovernmental	1,377,026
Total	\$ 71,017,612

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the one year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Following is a summary of transfers in and out for all funds at June 30, 2017:

Fund	T	ransfers in	_	Tr	ansfers out
General fund	\$	2,500,000		\$	18,500
Nonmajor governmental funds		18,500			-
Health insurance internal service fund		-			2,500,000
Total	\$	2,518,500		\$	2,518,500

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Since the District is no longer self-insured for employee health insurance, a transfer of \$2,500,000 was made from the health insurance internal service fund to the general fund. This amount represents a portion of District insurance premiums paid into the health insurance fund over the years that will not be needed to pay run-out claims or other charges.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of activities.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following individual short-term interfund loans receivable and payable:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 1,329,300

The primary purpose of the interfund balance is to cover costs in various funds where revenues were not received by June 30. The interfund balance will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received. The interfund balance is expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for fiscal year 2017 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental activities:	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 461,616	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 461,616
Construction in progress	499,423	2,284,074	(1,102,793)	1,680,704
Total capital assets not being depreciated	961,039	2,284,074	(1,102,793)	2,142,320
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	139,751,712	1,926,513	-	141,678,225
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	4,641,590	998,807	(61,118)	5,579,279
Vehicles	5,106,477	1,071,985	(250,979)	5,927,483
Total capital assets being depreciated	149,499,779	3,997,305	(312,097)	153,184,987
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Building and improvements	(36,000,426)	(1,768,734)	-	(37,769,160)
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	(3,650,212)	(406,619)	56,802	(4,000,029)
Vehicles	(2,567,892)	(285,443)	233,024	(2,620,311)
Total accumulated depreciation	(42,218,530)	(2,460,796)	289,826	(44,389,500)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 108,242,288	\$ 3,820,583	\$ (1,125,064)	\$ 110,937,807

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,268,945
Special	39,522
Vocational	78,151
Support services:	
Pupil	6,770
Instructional staff	60,788
Administration	302,962
Fiscal	525
Business	3,046
Operations and maintenance	86,729
Pupil transportation	284,810
Central	4,157
Operation of non-instructional services	133,095
Extracurricular activities	191,296
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,460,796

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 11 - CAPITAL LEASES - LESSEE DISCLOSURE

During fiscal year 2017, the District entered into a capitalized lease for copier equipment. Capital lease payments have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements.

Capital assets consisting of equipment have been capitalized in the amount of \$729,093. This amount represents the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time of acquisition. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal payments in fiscal year 2017 totaled \$126,625 paid by the general fund. Accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017 was \$145,819 leaving a current book value of \$583,274.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under the capital lease and the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2018	\$ 176,496
2019	176,496
2020	176,496
2021	176,496
Total minimum lease payments	705,984
Less: amount representing interest	 (103,516)
Total	\$ 602,468

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. The activity of the long-term obligations of the District's governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds:					
2006 school improvement refunding	\$ 9,831,727	\$ 88,273	\$ (9,920,000)	\$ -	\$ -
2007 school improvement refunding	53,210,000	-	(37,005,000)	16,205,000	-
2012 school improvement refunding	5,710,000	=	(30,000)	5,680,000	375,000
2012 taxable school improvement					
refunding	5,999,403	49,065	(875,000)	5,173,468	920,000
2013 school improvement	252,000	-	(83,000)	169,000	84,000
2013 energy conservation	2,135,000	-	(145,000)	1,990,000	145,000
2016 school improvement refunding	-	8,375,000	(120,000)	8,255,000	-
2017 school improvement refunding		30,815,000		30,815,000	3,100,000
Total general obligation bonds	77,138,130	39,327,338	(48,178,000)	68,287,468	4,624,000
Tax anticipation notes:					
2016A tax anticipation note	_	2,500,000	-	2,500,000	465,000
2016B tax anticipation note		2,500,000		2,500,000	205,000
Total tax anticipation notes		5,000,000		5,000,000	670,000
Compensated absences	8,210,685	1,533,896	(883,273)	8,861,308	1,081,371
Capital lease obligation	· · · · -	729,093	(126,625)	602,468	133,109
Net pension liability	132,396,480	33,766,635		166,163,115	<u> </u>
Total governmental					
activities long-term debt	\$ 217,745,295	\$ 80,356,962	\$ (49,187,898)	248,914,359	\$ 6,508,480
Add: Unamortized premiums				7,581,767	
Total long-term liabilities reported on the s	statement of net po	sition		\$ 256,496,126	

B. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which employees' salaries are paid. These include the general fund and the following nonmajor governmental funds: the food service fund, the pathfinder/preschool fund, the auxiliary services fund, the adult basic education fund, the IDEA Part B fund, the public school preschool fund, and the Title I fund.

C. Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability is described in Note 14. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service, which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

D. Capital Lease Obligation

The District's capital lease obligation is described in Note 11.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds

At June 30, 2017, the District had seven outstanding general obligation bond issuances. These bonds were used to finance the construction and/or renovation of the District's buildings, to finance renovations to reduce the District's energy consumption, and to advance refund previous issuances. These general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the District for which its full faith, credit, and resources are pledged and payable from taxes levied on all taxable property in the District. Payments of principal and interest related to these bonds are recorded as expenditures of the bond retirement fund, except for the 2013 energy conservation bonds, which are paid from the general fund.

The following is a schedule of activity of the District's general obligation bonds:

	Balance 6/30/16	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/17
General obligation bonds:				
2006 school improvement refunding Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest	\$ 9,290,000 29,994 511,733	88,273	\$ (9,290,000) (29,994) (600,006)	\$ - - -
Total 2006 school improvement refunding	9,831,727	88,273	(9,920,000)	
2007 school improvement refunding Current interest bonds	53,210,000		(37,005,000)	16,205,000
2012 school improvement refunding Current interest bonds	5,710,000		(30,000)	5,680,000
2012 taxable school improvement refunding Current interest bonds Capital appreciation bonds Accreted interest Total 2012 taxable school improvement refunding	5,790,000 99,986 109,417 5,999,403	49,065	(875,000)	4,915,000 99,986 158,482
2013 school improvement bonds Current interest bonds	252,000		(875,000)	5,173,468
2013 energy conservation bonds Current interest bonds	2,135,000	<u> </u>	(145,000)	1,990,000
2016 school improvement refunding Current interest bonds		8,375,000	(120,000)	8,255,000
2017 school improvement refunding Current interest bonds		30,815,000		30,815,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 77,138,130	\$ 39,327,338	\$ (48,178,000)	\$ 68,287,468

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>2006 school improvement refunding</u> - On November 2, 2006, the District issued 2006 school improvement refunding general obligation bonds to advance refund \$9,640,000 of the District's 2003 school improvement general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$9,639,994 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt, the outstanding balance of which totaled \$9,055,000 at June 30, 2017, is considered defeased (in-substance) and, accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The original issue was comprised of current interest serial refunding bonds, par value \$5,520,000, current interest term refunding bonds, par value \$4,090,000, and capital appreciation refunding bonds, par value \$29,994. Interest payments on the current interest serial refunding bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2020; the current interest serial refunding bonds maturing through December 1, 2015 bear an interest rate of 4.0%, and the current interest serial refunding bonds maturing on December 1, 2029 and 2030 bear an interest rate of 4.375%. The current interest term refunding bonds bear an interest rate of 4.15% with a final stated maturity at December 1, 2028. Debt service payments are made from the bond retirement fund.

The capital appreciation refunding bonds matured on December 1, 2016 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date at a stated approximate yield to maturity of 4.05%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds was \$630,000.

On September 6, 2016, the District issued \$8,375,000 (2016 school improvement refunding) to advance refund the bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

<u>2007 school improvement refunding</u> - On March 8, 2007, the District issued 2007 school improvement refunding general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the District's 2003 school improvement general obligation bonds (principal \$45,960,000) and a portion of the District's 2004 school improvement general obligation bonds (principal \$11,400,000). The issuance proceeds of \$57,359,996 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt, the outstanding balance of which totaled \$50,350,000 at June 30, 2017, is considered defeased (in-substance) and, accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The original issue was comprised of current interest serial refunding bonds, par value \$27,775,000, current interest term refunding bonds, par value \$29,450,000, and capital appreciation refunding bonds, par value \$134,996. Interest payments on the current interest serial refunding bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2022; current interest serial refunding bonds maturing through December 1, 2015 bear an interest rate of 4.0%, current interest serial refunding bonds maturing December 1, 2016 and 2017 bear an interest rate of 5.0%, and current interest serial refunding bonds maturing on December 1, 2018 through 2022 bear an interest rate of 4.75%. The current interest refunding term bonds mature on December 1, 2025 and December 1, 2031 and bear interest rates of 4.25% and 5.25%, respectively. Debt service payments are made from the bond retirement fund.

The capital appreciation refunding bonds matured on December 1, 2014 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date at a stated approximate yield to maturity of 4.05%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds was \$460,000.

On March 7, 2017, the District issued \$30,815,000 (2017 school improvement refunding) to advance refund the callable portion of the bonds. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>2012 school improvement refunding</u> - On October 10, 2012, the District issued 2012 school improvement refunding general obligation bonds to advance refund an \$8,095,000 portion of the District's 2003 school improvement general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$8,094,954 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt, the outstanding balance of which totaled \$5,585,000 at June 30, 2017, is considered defeased (in-substance) and, accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The issue is comprised of current interest serial refunding bonds, par value \$7,740,000, and capital appreciation refunding bonds, par value \$354,954. Interest rates on the current interest serial refunding bonds range from 2.0% to 4.0% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2030. Debt service payments are made from the bond retirement fund.

The capital appreciation refunding bonds matured on December 1, 2014 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date at a stated approximate yield to maturity of 0.83%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds was \$550,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$63,192. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

<u>2012 taxable school improvement refunding</u> - On November 27, 2012, the District issued 2012 taxable school improvement refunding general obligation bonds to advance refund a \$6,885,000 portion of the District's 2005 school improvement refunding general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$6,884,986 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt, the balance of which totaled \$5,325,000, at June 30, 2017, is considered defeased (in-substance) and, accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The issue is comprised of current interest serial refunding bonds, par value \$6,785,000, and capital appreciation refunding bonds, par value \$99,986. Interest payments on the current interest serial refunding bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2022; current interest serial refunding bonds maturing through December 1, 2013 and 2014 bore interest rates of 0.7% and 0.8%, respectively, and current interest serial refunding bonds maturing December 1, 2015 through 2022 bear an interest rate of 3.0%. Debt service payments are made from the bond retirement fund.

The capital appreciation refunding bonds mature on December 1, 2020 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date at a stated approximate yield to maturity of 2.7%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$540,000. Total accreted interest of \$158,482 has been included in the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$535,868. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt.

<u>2013 school improvement</u> - On August 22, 2013, the District issued \$413,000 in 2013 school improvement general obligation bonds to finance new construction and renovations of the District's facilities. The bonds bear an interest rate of 1.78% with a final maturity on December 1, 2018. These bonds are retired from the bond retirement fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>2013 energy conservation</u> - On November 7, 2013, the District issued \$2,410,000 in 2013 Energy Conservation general obligation bonds to finance the cost of energy conservation measures undertaken throughout the District. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 1.25% to 4.00% with a final maturity on December 1, 2028. These bonds are retired from the general fund.

<u>2016 school improvement refunding</u> - On September 6, 2016, the District issued 2016 school improvement refunding general obligation bonds to advance refund the District's 2006 school improvement general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$9,487,185 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt, the outstanding balance of which totaled \$9,290,000 at June 30, 2017, is considered defeased (insubstance) and, accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The issue is comprised of current interest refunding bonds, par value \$8,375,000. The interest rate on the current interest refunding bonds is 4.0% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2030. Debt service payments are made from the bond retirement fund.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$917,774. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$1,957,828 and resulted in an economic gain of \$1,605,871.

<u>2017 school improvement refunding</u> - On March 7, 2017, the District issued 2017 school improvement refunding general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the District's 2007 school improvement general obligation bonds. The issuance proceeds of \$35,197,862 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt, the outstanding balance of which totaled \$34,410,000 at June 30, 2017, is considered defeased (in-substance) and, accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The issue is comprised of current interest refunding bonds, par value \$30,815,000. Interest rates on the current interest refunding bonds range from 4.25% to 5.00% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2025. Debt service payments are made from the bond retirement fund.

The net carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$1,029,847. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$4,053,017 and resulted in an economic gain of \$3,699,932.

E. Tax Anticipation Notes

<u>2016A tax anticipation notes</u> - On August 17, 2016, the District issued \$2,500,000 in 2016A tax anticipation notes to finance various permanent improvements. The notes are payable only from the receipts of the 3.4 mill permanent improvement property tax levy approved by District voters on March 15, 2016. The notes bear interest rates ranging from 1.25% to 3.00% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2021. Debt service payments are made from the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>2016B tax anticipation notes</u> - On August 17, 2016, the District issued \$2,500,000 in 2016B tax anticipation notes to finance various permanent improvements. The notes are payable only from the receipts of the 3.4 mill permanent improvement property tax levy approved by District voters on March 15, 2016. The notes bear interest rates ranging from 1.25% to 4.00% with interest payments due on June 1 and December 1 of each year until final maturity at December 1, 2026. Debt service payments are made from the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund.

F. Debt Service Requirements

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to maturity for the District's general obligation bonds and tax anticipation notes:

	Current Interest Serial/Term Bonds							Capi	tal A	ppreciation	Bon	ds
Year Ended		Principal		Interest		Total	P	rincipal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	4,624,000	\$	2,991,854	\$	7,615,854	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
2019		4,285,000		2,804,300		7,089,300		-		-		-
2020		4,410,000		2,619,050		7,029,050		-		-		-
2021		4,055,000		2,432,138		6,487,138		99,986		440,014		540,000
2022		4,795,000		2,232,637		7,027,637		-		-		-
2023 - 2027		22,415,000		8,079,394		30,494,394		-		-		-
2028 - 2032		23,445,000		2,184,569		25,629,569				_		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	68,029,000	\$	23,343,942	\$	91,372,942	\$	99,986	\$	440,014	\$	540,000

		Tax Anticipation Notes								
Year Ended		Principal		Interest	Total					
2018	\$	670,000	\$	103,624	\$	773,624				
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2019		725,000		82,700		807,700				
2020		740,000		67,201		807,201				
2021		755,000		53,913		808,913				
2022		770,000		35,700		805,700				
2023 - 2027		1,340,000		67,775		1,407,775				
Total	\$	5,000,000	\$	410,913	\$	5,410,913				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

G. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2017, are a voted debt margin of \$48,856,536 (including available funds of \$3,948,459), an unvoted debt margin of \$1,233,856, and an energy conservation debt margin of \$9,114,706.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the District contracted with Ohio Casualty through Brower Insurance Agency for general liability insurance with a \$1,000,000 per occurrence limit and a \$2,000,000 aggregate. Property is protected by Ohio Casualty through Brower Insurance Agency and holds a \$5,000 occurrence deductible.

The District's vehicles are insured under a policy by Ohio Casualty through Brower Insurance Agency which carries a \$500 deductible and a \$1,000,000 combined single limit on any accident.

The District has earthquake (\$5,000,000 limit) and flood (\$1,000,000 limit) insurance with Ohio Casualty through Brower Insurance Agency. The District also has a \$10,000,000 limit umbrella policy with Ohio Casualty through Brower Insurance Agency.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage during the last three years, and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the fiscal year.

B. Workers' Compensation

The District pays the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

C. Employee Benefits

The District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Sun Life Insurance Company.

The District offers a Section 125 Plan for employee liabilities arising in connection with the Employee Benefits Self-Insurance Program. This program is also accounted for as an agency fund. The District records liabilities for the Employee Self-Insurance Fund for incurred but not reported claims, which represent employee out-of pocket expenses processed but not paid.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

The District was self-insured for employee dental care benefits and health insurance benefits until December 31, 2015. The dental program was administered by CoreSource, which provided claims review and processing services. The health program was administered by United Health Care, which provided claims review and processing services. Both of the self-insurance programs are accounted for in the District's internal service funds.

Effective January 1, 2016, the District joined the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Cooperative Employee Benefit Plan to provide health and dental benefits to employees.

The claims activity of the District's dental care self-insurance program for fiscal years 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Fiscal	Beginning	Cla	aims & Changes	Claims	Ending	
Year	Balance		in Estimates	Payments	Balance	
2017	\$ -	\$	2,484	\$ (2,484)	\$	-
2016	98,000		481,583	(579,583)		-

The claims activity of the District's health insurance benefits self-insurance program for fiscal years 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

Fiscal	Beginning	Cla	aims & Changes	Claims	Ending	
Year	 Balance		in Estimates	Payments	Balance	
2017	\$ -	\$	40,225	\$ (40,225)	\$	-
2016	1,067,000		5,871,422	(6,938,422)		-

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *pension and postemployment obligation payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 65 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the entire 14 percent was allocated to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B and no portion of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$2,249,666 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount, \$62,905 is reported as pension and postemployment obligation payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$6,232,480 for fiscal year 2017. Of this amount, \$1,035,984 is reported as pension and postemployment obligation payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total	
Proportion of the net pension liability prior measurement date	0.44773630%	0.38661187%		
Proportion of the net pension				
liability current measurement date	0.45672770%	0.39654290%		
Change in proportionate share	0.00899140%	0.00993103%		
Proportionate share of the net				
pension liability	\$ 33,428,253	\$ 132,734,862	\$ 166,163,115	
Pension expense	\$ 3,620,186	\$ 10,551,447	\$ 14,171,633	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 450,870	\$ 5,363,127	\$ 5,813,997
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,757,345	11,020,560	13,777,905
Changes of assumptions	2,231,519	-	2,231,519
Difference between District contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions/			
change in proportionate share	396,387	2,831,317	3,227,704
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,249,666	6,232,480	8,482,146
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 8,085,787	\$ 25,447,484	\$ 33,533,271

\$8,482,146 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS STRS		STRS	Total		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:						
2018	\$	1,508,462	\$	3,351,930	\$	4,860,392
2019		1,506,473		3,351,932		4,858,405
2020		2,028,561		7,580,829		9,609,390
2021		792,625		4,930,313		5,722,938
Total	¢	5 926 121	¢	10 215 004	¢	25 051 125
Total	D	5,836,121	Ф	19,215,004	<u> </u>	25,051,125

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 3 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (level percent of payroll)

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an experience study that was completed June 30, 2015. As a result of the actuarial experience study, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
_		
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. A discount rate of 7.75 percent was used in the prior measurement period. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
		1% Decrease (6.50%)		Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
District's proportionate share		·		·		<u> </u>	
of the net pension liability	\$	44,256,924	\$	33,428,253	\$	24,364,205	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10-year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	7.61 %

^{* 10-}year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50% and does not include investments expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	Current					
			Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	(6.75%)		(7.75%)		(8.75%)
District's proportionate share						_
of the net pension liability	\$ 1	76,393,845	\$	132,734,862	\$	95,905,935

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date - In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which will impact their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2017. The most significant changes are a reduction in the discount rate to 7.45% from 7.75% and a change to updated generational mortality tables. In April 2017, the STRS board voted to suspend cost of living adjustments granted on or after July 1, 2017. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2017, none of the employer contribution was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2017, the District's surcharge obligation was \$273,347.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$273,347, \$236,125, and \$338,924, respectively. The fiscal year 2017 amount has been reported as pension and postemployment obligation payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2016 and 2015.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 15 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2017, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District's did not make any contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds; however, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material, adverse effect on the overall financial condition of the District at June 30, 2017.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to any legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects as of June 30, 2017.

C. Foundation Funding

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2017 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2017 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 17 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the governmental funds. Constraints placed on the fund balances for the governmental funds are presented below:

Fund balance	General	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:				
Materials and supplies inventory	\$ 80,277	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,277
Prepayments	287,427	-	7,143	294,570
Endowments			12,801	12,801
Total nonspendable	367,704		19,944	387,648
Restricted:				
Food service operations	-	-	1,155,865	1,155,865
Endowments	-	-	658	658
Capital improvements	-	-	1,391,979	1,391,979
Non-public schools	-	-	36,412	36,412
Vocational education	-	-	101,249	101,249
Extracurricular activities	-	-	398,866	398,866
Debt service	-	3,948,459	-	3,948,459
Other purposes			94,097	94,097
Total restricted		3,948,459	3,179,126	7,127,585
Committed:				
Capital improvements			3,080	3,080
Total committed			3,080	3,080
Assigned:				
Student instruction	277,682	-	-	277,682
Student and staff support	725,459	-	-	725,459
School supplies	145,869	-	-	145,869
Subsequent year appropriations	11,124,767	-	-	11,124,767
Other purposes	372,412			372,412
Total assigned	12,646,189			12,646,189
Unassigned (deficit)	2,055,988		(1,065,078)	990,910
Total fund balances	\$ 15,069,881	\$ 3,948,459	\$ 2,137,072	\$ 21,155,412

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 18 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

- (a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);
- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to an assigned or committed portion of available fund balance for outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,352,497
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	430,132
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(3,642,731)
Net adjustment for other sources	89,192
Funds budgeted elsewhere	81,935
Adjustment for encumbrances	988,371
GAAP basis	\$ (700,604)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. These include the uniform school supplies fund, the rotary special services fund, the public school support fund, and the special enterprise fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 19 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

During fiscal years 1998, 2003, 2014 and 2017, the District issued \$109,413,000 in capital related school improvement bonds and tax anticipation notes. These proceeds may be used to reduce capital acquisition to zero in future years. The District is responsible for tracking the amount of the bond and note proceeds that may be used as an offset in future periods, which was \$109,413,000 at June 30, 2017.

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital Improvements		
Set-aside balance June 30, 2016	\$	-	
Current year set-aside requirement		1,269,570	
Current year qualifying expenditures		(512,018)	
Current year offsets		(2,553,240)	
Total	\$	(1,795,688)	
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2018	\$	=	

Although the District had offsets and qualifying disbursements during the year that reduced the capital improvements set-aside amount to below zero, the excess of current year offsets and qualifying disbursements over the set-aside requirement may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirements of future years. This negative amount is therefore not presented as being carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTE 20 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. To the extent of available balances, encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

Fund	Year-End Encumbrances		
General fund	\$	682,166	
Bond retirement fund		6,931	
Nonmajor governmental funds		1,843,107	
Total	\$	2,532,204	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 21 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Kettering and the City of Moraine provide tax abatements through two programs - Enterprise Zone Agreements and Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) Agreements. Under the agreements, various businesses receive the abatement of property taxes to bring jobs and economic development to the Cities. The agreement affects the property tax receipts collected and distributed to the District. Under the agreements, the District property taxes were reduced by \$358,726 during fiscal year 2017.

NOTE 22 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2017, the District has commitments with the following companies for various projects:

		An	nount Paid		Amount	
	Contract		as of	F	Remaining	
Contractor	 Amount	Jun	e 30, 2017	on Contract		
AKA Construction	\$ 353,100	\$	316,119	\$	36,981	
Ruetschle Architects	891,094		285,150		605,944	
Phillips Companies	43,998		-		43,998	
Farnham Equipment, Inc.	137,150		-		137,150	
Mid-Miami Roofing, Inc.	399,770		-		399,770	
Vandalia Blacktop and Sealcoating	 739,310		<u> </u>		739,310	
Total	\$ 2,564,422	\$	601,269	\$	1,963,153	

In addition to the amounts paid above, the District has recorded contracts payable in the amount of \$1,079,436 for costs incurred prior to fiscal year end on the various project. Costs incurred by fiscal year end (including contracts payable) have been recorded as construction-in-progress in the District's capital assets (See Note 10).

NOTE 23 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 15, 2017, the District issued \$11,530,000 in certificates of participation. The certificates of participation bear interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%. The final stated maturity of the certificates of participation is December 1, 2046. The primary purpose of this issue is to demolish the existing auditorium space at Kettering Fairmont High School and construct a new 25,000 square feet, 950 seat auditorium.

On November 7, 2017, the District's voters renewed a continuing 4.89 mill current expenses levy. This levy commences in calendar year 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (1)

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.45672770%	0.44773630%	0.44716700%	0.44716700%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 33,428,253	\$ 25,548,267	\$ 22,630,867	\$ 26,591,586
District's covered payroll	\$ 14,184,264	\$ 13,479,203	\$ 12,993,795	\$ 12,799,552
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	235.67%	189.54%	174.17%	207.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%	65.52%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST FOUR FISCAL YEARS (1)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.39654290%	0.38661187%	0.38412297%	0.38412297%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 132,734,862	\$ 106,848,213	\$ 93,432,000	\$ 111,295,587
District's covered payroll	\$ 41,518,136	\$ 41,120,979	\$ 39,246,754	\$ 40,155,177
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	319.70%	259.84%	238.06%	277.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%	69.30%

Note: Information prior to 2014 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

⁽¹⁾ Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,249,666	\$ 1,985,797	\$ 1,776,559	\$ 1,800,940
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,249,666)	 (1,985,797)	(1,776,559)	(1,800,940)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 16,069,043	\$ 14,184,264	\$ 13,479,203	\$ 12,993,795
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%	13.86%

 2013	 2012	 2011	 2010	2009		 2008	
\$ 1,771,458	\$ 1,731,214	\$ 1,596,923	\$ 1,518,848	\$	1,214,031	\$ 1,147,164	
 (1,771,458)	 (1,731,214)	(1,596,923)	 (1,518,848)		(1,214,031)	(1,147,164)	
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ -	
\$ 12,799,552	\$ 12,871,480	\$ 12,704,240	\$ 11,217,489	\$	12,337,713	\$ 11,681,914	
13.84%	13.45%	12.57%	13.54%		9.84%	9.82%	

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 6,232,480	\$ 5,812,539	\$ 5,756,937	\$ 5,102,078
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(6,232,480)	 (5,812,539)	 (5,756,937)	 (5,102,078)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 44,517,714	\$ 41,518,136	\$ 41,120,979	\$ 39,246,754
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.00%

	2013	2012 2011		2011	2010			2009	2008		
\$	5,220,173	\$	5,379,603	\$	5,446,974	\$	5,519,927	\$	5,312,032	\$	5,087,314
_	(5,220,173)		(5,379,603)		(5,446,974)		(5,519,927)		(5,312,032)		(5,087,314)
\$		\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>
\$	40,155,177	\$	41,381,562	\$	41,899,800	\$	42,460,977	\$	40,861,785	\$	39,133,185
	13.00%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%		13.00%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2016. For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms: There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014-2017.

Changes in assumptions: There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal years 2014-2017. See the notes to the basic financial statements for the methods and assumptions in this calculation.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

The following combining statements and schedules include the major and nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and agency funds.



FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Major Funds

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio. The general fund's activities include, but are not limited to, instruction, support services, operations and maintenance, pupil transportation, and operation of non-instructional services.

Bond Retirement Fund

The bond retirement fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to expendable or nonexpendable trusts, or amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the purposes of debt service or capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes or committed for specified purposes by formal resolution by the Board of Education. The title of each special revenue fund is descriptive of the activities accounted for therein. The nonmajor special revenue funds are as follows:

Food Service Fund

This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Special Trust Fund

This fund accounts for assets held in a trustee capacity to support District programs.

Pathfinder/Preschool Fund

This fund accounts for receipts and expenditures in conjunction with preschool activities.

Athletic Fund

This fund accounts for revenues supporting athletic and other extracurricular activities managed by the District.

Auxiliary Services Fund

This fund accounts for funds which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the District.

Public School Preschool Fund

This fund accounts for programs for early childhood education for disadvantaged children between four and five years of age.

Data Communications Fund

This fund is used to account for monies received for the maintenance of the Ohio Educational Computer Network connections.

Alternative Fund

This fund accounts for the District's alternative education challenge grant.

Other State Funds Fund

This fund accounts for State monies to provide support and education to parents of children with disabilities, to provide the opportunity for parents to participate in regularly scheduled support groups, and to provide for the use of the productivity improvement challenge program to expand, enhance and upgrade career programming for students in southern Montgomery County school districts.

(Continued)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Adult Basic Education Fund

This fund accounts for federal monies used to provide programs in reading, writing and math competency for adults that do not have a high school diploma.

Improving Teacher Quality Fund

This fund accounts for transactions to strengthen instruction in science, mathematics, modern foreign languages, English, the arts, and computer learning.

Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B (IDEA Part B) Fund

This fund accounts for federal funds to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full education opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels. This fund was previously reported as the Education for Economic Security Act (ESSA Title VI-B) Fund.

Carl D. Perkins Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of funds to boards of education, teacher training institutions, and the state administering agency for cooperating in development of vocational education programs in the following categories: post-secondary, adult, disadvantaged and handicapped persons, exemplary programs, cooperative education, construction of area vocational schools, research, advisory committees, and work-study projects, including sex equity grants. Funds are administered by the Ohio Department of Education, Division of Vocational and Career Education.

Bilingual Education Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of funds to develop and carry out elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I Fund

This fund accounts for federal monies used to assist the District in meeting the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Preschool Grant Fund

This fund is provided to account for the District's preschool grant activities.

Other Federal Programs Fund

This fund accounts for the activities of systemic grants, classrooms reduction grant, America Reads program, and school to work program.

Vocational Education Enhancement Fund

This fund accounts for funds used to expand or upgrade the District's vocational education programs.

(Continued)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis). These funds are not included in the combining statements for the nonmajor special revenue funds as they are reported in the general fund (GAAP basis); however, the budgetary schedules for these funds are presented in this section.

Uniform School Supplies Fund

This fund accounts for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school.

Rotary Special Services Fund

This fund is provided to account for income and expenses made in connection with goods and services provided by the District.

Public School Support Fund

This fund supports the various needs of the school such as supplies and equipment for use in the school, and for support and recognition of school activities as deemed appropriate by the building principal.

Special Enterprise Fund

This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to morning and afternoon supervision child care program. This fund also accounts for building rental revenue associated with Trent Arena.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Permanent Improvement Fund

This fund is provided to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Building Fund

This fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the District. All proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness, except premium and accrued interest, must be paid into this fund. Expenditures recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

Replacement Fund

This fund is provided to account for monies used in the rebuilding, restoration or improvement of property which has been totally or partially destroyed due to any cause.

Nonmajor Permanent Fund

The permanent fund is used to account for the financial resources that are legally restricted in that only the earnings, not the principal, may be used to support the District's programs.

Permanent Fund

This fund is used to account for money, securities, or lands which have been set aside as an investment for public school purposes. The income from such a fund may be expended, but the principal must remain intact.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

		Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds		Nonmajor oital Projects Funds	Pe	onmajor rmanent Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets:	¢.	2 502 864	¢	2 790 600	¢	12.450	ď	c 20c 022
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	2,502,864	\$	3,789,699	\$	13,459	\$	6,306,022
Property taxes		_		3,980,897		_		3,980,897
Intergovernmental		796,782		-		_		796,782
Prepayments		7,143		-		-		7,143
Inventory held for resale		53,410						53,410
Total assets	\$	3,360,199	\$	7,770,596	\$	13,459	\$	11,144,254
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	220,604	\$	514,244	\$	-	\$	734,848
Contracts payable		-		1,079,436		-		1,079,436
Accrued wages and benefits payable		1,070,886		-		-		1,070,886
Compensated absences payable		14,760		-		-		14,760
Interfund loans payable		329,300		1,000,000		-		1,329,300
Intergovernmental payable		89,052		-		-		89,052
obligation payable		110,261		-		-		110,261
Total liabilities		1,834,863		2,593,680		-		4,428,543
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		-		3,636,397		_		3,636,397
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		-		145,460		-		145,460
Intergovernmental revenue not available		796,782						796,782
Total deferred inflows of resources		796,782		3,781,857		-		4,578,639
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		7,143		-		12,801		19,944
Restricted		1,786,489		1,391,979		658		3,179,126
Committed		-		3,080		-		3,080
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,065,078)				-		(1,065,078)
Total fund balances (deficit)		728,554		1,395,059		13,459		2,137,072
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	\$	3,360,199	¢	7,770,596	\$	13,459	¢	11,144,254
resources, and fund balances	Þ	3,300,199	\$	1,110,390	φ	13,439	\$	11,144,234

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Danamara	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
From local sources:	Ф	Φ 2.502.140	Φ.	Φ 2.502.140
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,593,140	\$ -	\$ 2,593,140
Tuition	910,416	-	-	910,416
Earnings on investments	8,086	21,888	106	30,080
Charges for services	1,557,655	-	-	1,557,655
Extracurricular	405,693	-	-	405,693
Contributions and donations	7,387	-	-	7,387
Other local revenues	87,948	2,260	-	90,208
Intergovernmental - state	1,855,770	107,782	-	1,963,552
Intergovernmental - federal	6,753,906	-	-	6,753,906
Total revenues	11,586,861	2,725,070	106	14,312,037
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	217,435	1,015,826	-	1,233,261
Special	2,565,019	-	-	2,565,019
Vocational	99,457	32,772	-	132,229
Adult/continuing	146,517	-	-	146,517
Other	85,050	-	-	85,050
Support services:				
Pupil	1,141,610	-	-	1,141,610
Instructional staff	1,000,357	-	-	1,000,357
Administration	406,962	-	-	406,962
Fiscal	<u>-</u>	35,607	_	35,607
Business	_	103,863	_	103,863
Operations and maintenance	29,380	2,343,307	_	2,372,687
Pupil transportation	1,948	928,036	_	929,984
Central	20,382	52,228	_	72,610
Operation of non-instructional services	5,908,150	32,220	_	5,908,150
Extracurricular activities	415,049	-	-	415,049
	1,800	1 104 011	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,000	1,184,911	-	1,186,711
Debt service:		101 120		101 120
Issuance costs	10.000.116	101,120		101,120
Total expenditures	12,039,116	5,797,670		17,836,786
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(452,255)	(3,072,600)	106	(3,524,749)
Other financing sources:				
Premium on bonds and notes		101 120		101,120
	-	101,120	-	*
Sale of notes	10.500	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Transfers in	18,500			18,500
Total other financing sources	18,500	5,101,120		5,119,620
Net change in fund balances	(433,755)	2,028,520	106	1,594,871
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	1,156,998	(633,461)	13,353	536,890
Increase in reserve for inventory	5,311	-	- ,	5,311
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 728,554	\$ 1,395,059	\$ 13,459	\$ 2,137,072
- min summed at one of jour	ψ 120,33 1	¥ 1,373,037	Ψ 13,737	÷ 2,137,072

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Food Service		Special Trust	athfinder/ Preschool		Athletic
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,373,514	\$	91,998	\$ 20,127	\$	405,332
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental	2,440		-	932		-
Inventory held for resale	53,410		-	-		-
Total assets	\$ 1,429,364	\$	91,998	\$ 21,059	\$	405,332
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 44,482	\$	50	\$ -	\$	6,466
Accrued wages and benefits payable	201,159		-	84,182		-
Compensated absences payable	4,974		-	9,786		-
Interfund loans payable	-		-	250,000		-
Intergovernmental payable	2,535		-	1,140		-
Pension and postemployment						
obligation payable	17,909			 5,983		
Total liabilities	 271,059		50	 351,091		6,466
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Intergovernmental revenue not available	_		_	_		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	 			 	-	
Total deferred lilliows of resources	 	-		 		
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable	2,440		-	932		-
Restricted	1,155,865		91,948	-		398,866
Unassigned (deficit)	-		-	(330,964)		-
Total fund balances (deficit)	1,158,305		91,948	(330,032)		398,866
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,429,364	\$	91,998	\$ 21,059	\$	405,332

	Auxiliary Services		olic School reschool	Alt	ernative		her State Funds	lult Basic ducation	proving er Quality
\$	238,099	\$	5,292	\$	3,309	\$	17,522	\$ 10,496	\$ 9,726
	633		24,055 130		3,361		24,974 -	31,602 201	- 17
\$	238,732	\$	29,477	\$	6,670	\$	42,496	\$ 42,299	\$ 9,743
\$	81,900 106,241	\$	27,342	\$	1,592	\$	24,973	\$ 29,203	\$ 2,775 3,200
	1,434		333		4,500 23		362	4,600 378	8,000 42
	12,112		2,894		244			3,912	400
	201,687	-	30,569	-	6,359		25,335	 38,093	 14,417
			24,055		3,361		24,974	 31,602	<u>-</u>
	-		24,055		3,361		24,974	 31,602	 <u> </u>
	633		130		-		-	201	17
	36,412		- (25.255)		(2.050)		(7.010)	- (25.505)	- (4.601)
	37,045		(25,277) (25,147)		(3,050)		(7,813) (7,813)	 (27,597) (27,396)	 (4,691) (4,674)
-	37,043		(23,147)		(3,030)	_	(7,013)	(21,370)	(4,074)
\$	238,732	\$	29,477	\$	6,670	\$	42,496	\$ 42,299	\$ 9,743

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2017

	IDEA Part B		Carl	D. Perkins	Bilingual Education		Title I	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	87,628	\$	114,273	\$	7	\$	114,938
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		272,474		-		40		429,618
Prepayments		1,328		-		-		1,462
Inventory held for resale								
Total assets	\$	361,430	\$	114,273	\$	47	\$	546,018
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,340	\$	12,513	\$	-	\$	69,501
Accrued wages and benefits payable		269,489		504		39		322,962
Compensated absences payable		· -		-		_		-
Interfund loans payable		-		-		-		50,000
Intergovernmental payable		42,410		7		1		40,387
Pension and postemployment								
obligation payable		29,570		-		6		37,231
Total liabilities		343,809		13,024		46		520,081
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Intergovernmental revenue not available		272,474		_		40		429,618
Total deferred inflows of resources		272,474			-	40		429,618
	-	272,77						.25,616
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable		1,328		-		-		1,462
Restricted		-		101,249		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		(256,181)		-		(39)		(405,143)
Total fund balances (deficit)		(254,853)		101,249		(39)		(403,681)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	361,430	\$	114,273	\$	47	\$	546,018

							Total		
Preschool					ocational	Nonmajor			
			r Federal		ducation	Special Revenue			
	Grant	Pr_	ograms	Enh	ancement	Funds			
\$	2,400	\$	2,149	\$	6,054	\$	2,502,864		
	577		-		10,081		796,782		
	-		-		-		7,143		
			-				53,410		
\$	2,977	\$	2,149	\$	16,135	\$	3,360,199		
\$	577	\$	-	\$	-	\$	220,604		
	-		-		-		1,070,886		
			-		-		14,760		
	2,400		-		9,800		329,300		
	-		-		-		89,052		
	-						110,261		
	2,977				9,800		1,834,863		
	577		-		10,081		796,782		
	577		-		10,081		796,782		
	-		-		-		7,143		
	-		2,149		-		1,786,489		
	(577)				(3,746)		(1,065,078)		
	(577)		2,149		(3,746)		728,554		
\$	2,977	\$	2,149	\$	16,135	\$	3,360,199		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Food Service	Special Trust	Pathfinder/ Preschool	Athletic
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Tuition	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 910,416	\$ -
Earnings on investments	7,647	439	-	-
Charges for services	1,557,655	-	-	-
Extracurricular	65	2,238	-	403,390
Contributions and donations	-	848	-	6,539
Other local revenues	19,171	9,871	58,906	-
Intergovernmental - state	28,799	-	-	-
Intergovernmental - federal	2,142,140	- 12.206	32,625	400.020
Total revenues	3,755,477	13,396	1,001,947	409,929
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	-	-	62,418	-
Special	-	-	-	-
Vocational	-	-	-	-
Adult/continuing	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Support services:				
Pupil	-	-	769,561	-
Instructional staff	-	15,808	184,729	-
Administration	-	-	-	-
Operations and maintenance	29,140	-	-	240
Pupil transportation	-	-	582	-
Central	3,703,705	251	183,485	-
Extracurricular activities	3,703,703	1,000	103,403	414,049
Facilities acquisition and construction	_	1,000	_	414,047
Total expenditures	3,732,845	17,059	1,200,775	414,289
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	22,632	(3,663)	(198,828)	(4,360)
Other financing sources:				
Transfers in	-	-	-	18,500
Total other financing sources	-			18,500
Net change in fund balances	22,632	(3,663)	(198,828)	14,140
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	1,130,362	95,611	(131,204)	384,726
Decrease in reserve for inventory	5,311			
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ 1,158,305	\$ 91,948	\$ (330,032)	\$ 398,866

Auxiliary Services			Alternative	Other State Funds	Adult Basic Education	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
1,543,433	223,945	19,800	13,915	24,992	257,900	
1,543,433	223,945	19,800	13,915	24,992	257,900	
-	118,554	-	8,443	24,973	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	- 146,517	
-	- -	-	-	-	140,517	
-	61,132	-	3,822	-	47,497	
-	59,898	-	3,121	-	882	
-	-	-	-	-	41,816	
_	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	
-	-	19,800	-	-	-	
1,651,272	-	-	-	-	8,000	
-	-	-	-	-	1 000	
1,651,272	239,584	19,800	15,386	24,973	1,800 246,512	
1,031,272	239,364	19,800	15,560	24,973	240,312	
(107,839)	(15,639)		(1,471)	19	11,388	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
(107,839)	(15,639)	-	(1,471)	19	11,388	
144,884	(9,508)	-	(1,579)	(7,832)	(38,784)	
\$ 37,045	\$ (25,147)	\$ -	\$ (3,050)	\$ (7,813)	\$ (27,396)	

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Improving Teacher Quality	IDEA Part B	Carl D. Perkins	Bilingual Education	
Revenues:					
From local sources:					
Tuition	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Earnings on investments	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Extracurricular	-	-	-	-	
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-	
Other local revenues	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental - federal	224,511	2,014,236	93,266	54,732	
Total revenues	224,511	2,014,236	93,266	54,732	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	3,047	-	-	-	
Special	-	1,145,571	-	9,438	
Vocational	-	1,056	98,401	-	
Adult/continuing	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	85,050	-	-	
Support services:					
Pupil	-	217,708	-	41,890	
Instructional staff	178,586	185,680	-	-	
Administration	2,809	277,228	-	280	
Operations and maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Pupil transportation	-	-	-	-	
Central	-	-	-	-	
Operation of non-instructional services	28,196	119,161	-	-	
Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction					
Total expenditures	212,638	2,031,454	98,401	51,608	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	11,873	(17,218)	(5,135)	3,124	
0.1					
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in				<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources					
Net change in fund balances	11,873	(17,218)	(5,135)	3,124	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year	(16,547)	(237,635)	106,384	(3,163)	
Increase in reserve for inventory					
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$ (4,674)	\$ (254,853)	\$ 101,249	\$ (39)	

Title I		Preschool Grant		Other Federal Programs		Vocational Education Enhancement		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	910,416
	-		-		-		-		8,086
	-		-		-		-		1,557,655
	-		-		-		-		405,693
	-		-		-		-		7,387
	-		-		-		-		87,948
	-		-		-		886		1,855,770
	1,928,586		5,910		-		-		6,753,906
	1,928,586		5,910				886		11,586,861
	_		-		-		-		217,435
	1,403,523		6,487		-		-		2,565,019
	-		_		-		-		99,457
	-		_		-		-		146,517
	-		-		-		-		85,050
	-		-		-		-		1,141,610
	367,021		-		-		4,632		1,000,357
	84,829		-		-		-		406,962
	-		-		-		-		29,380
	1,948		-		-		-		1,948
	-		-		-		-		20,382
	214,080		-		-		-		5,908,150
	-		-		-		-		415,049
									1,800
	2,071,401		6,487				4,632		12,039,116
	(142,815)		(577)				(3,746)		(452,255)
	_		_		_		_		18,500
	-								18,500
	(142,815)		(577)		-		(3,746)		(433,755)
	(260,866)		-		2,149		-		1,156,998
	_		-		-		-		5,311
\$	(403,681)	\$	(577)	\$	2,149	\$	(3,746)	\$	728,554

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Permanent Improvement		Building		Replacement		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Assets:								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	3,786,487	\$	132	\$	3,080	\$	3,789,699
Property taxes		3,980,897		-		-		3,980,897
Total assets	\$	7,767,384	\$	132	\$	3,080	\$	7,770,596
Liabilities:	Ф	514.044	Ф		Ф		Ф	514.044
Accounts payable	\$	514,244	\$	-	\$	-	\$	514,244
Contracts payable		1,079,436		-		-		1,079,436
Interfund loans payable	-	1,000,000						1,000,000
Total liabilities		2,593,680			-			2,593,680
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		3,636,397		-		-		3,636,397
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		145,460		-		-		145,460
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,781,857	-	-		-		3,781,857
Fund balances:								
Restricted		1,391,847		132		_		1,391,979
Committed		-		-		3,080		3,080
Total fund balances (deficit)		1,391,847		132		3,080		1,395,059
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	7,767,384	\$	132	\$	3,080	\$	7,770,596

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues: From local sources: Property taxes. \$ 2,593,140 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,593,140 Earnings on investments 21,856 - 32 21,83 Other local revenues. 2,260 2,260 Intergovernmental - state. 107,782 107,73 Total revenues. 2,725,038 - 32 2,725,07	cts
Property taxes. \$ 2,593,140 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,593,14 Earnings on investments 21,856 - - 32 21,85 Other local revenues. 2,260 - 2,20 Intergovernmental - state. 107,782 - - 107,75	
Earnings on investments 21,856 - 32 21,856 Other local revenues 2,260 - - - 2,20 Intergovernmental - state 107,782 - - 107,75	
Other local revenues. 2,260 - - 2,20 Intergovernmental - state. 107,782 - - 107,73	40
Intergovernmental - state	
Total revenues	_
	70_
Expenditures:	
Current:	
Instruction:	
Regular	26
Vocational	72
Support services:	
Fiscal	07
Business	63
Operations and maintenance	07
Pupil transportation	36
Central	28
Facilities acquisition and construction	11
Debt service:	
Issuance costs	20
Total expenditures	70
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures	00)
Other financing sources:	
Premium on bonds and notes	20
Sale of notes	
Total other financing sources	
5,101,120 - 5 3,	
Change in fund balance	20
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year (640,916) 1,932 5,523 (633,40	-
Fund balances at end of year	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAJOR FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

GENERAL FUND

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts			ariance with inal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:	 - 8					<u>(</u>
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 55,169,682	\$	55,169,682	\$ 60,624,842	\$	5,455,160
Payment in lieu of taxes	150,000		150,000	398,038		248,038
Tuition	606,000		606,000	598,348		(7,652)
Transportation fees	10,000		10,000	49,727		39,727
Earnings on investments	50,000		50,000	204,341		154,341
Extracurricular	10,000		10,000	60,261		50,261
Classroom materials and fees	_		-	3,205		3,205
Rental income	10,000		10,000	52,341		42,341
Other local revenues	200,000		200,000	774,026		574,026
Intergovernmental - state	29,203,573		29,203,573	26,339,834		(2,863,739)
Total revenues	 85,409,255		85,409,255	 89,104,963	-	3,695,708
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Salaries and wages	53,685,716		54,985,716	54,662,977		322,739
Fringe benefits	24,536,882		24,536,882	22,106,339		2,430,543
Purchased services	11,227,145		10,338,895	10,305,637		33,258
Supplies and materials	2,697,939		2,666,459	2,349,493		316,966
Other expenditures	1,481,793		1,186,693	1,111,969		74,724
Capital outlay	684,499		606,329	128,771		477,558
Debt service:						
Principal	145,000		145,000	145,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges	60,000		60,000	63,681		(3,681)
Total expenditures	94,518,974		94,525,974	90,873,867		3,652,107
Excess of expenditures over						
revenues	 (9,109,719)		(9,116,719)	 (1,768,904)		7,347,815
Other financing sources (uses):						
Refund of prior year's expenditures	10,000		10,000	145,301		135,301
Transfers in	-		-	2,500,000		2,500,000
Transfers (out)	(201,650)		(194,650)	(18,500)		176,150
Advances in	(201,030)		(1) 1,030)	1,823,900		1,823,900
Advances (out)	_		_	(1,329,300)		(1,329,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (191,650)		(184,650)	 3,121,401	-	3,306,051
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (171,030)		(104,030)	 3,121,401		3,300,031
Net change in fund balance	(9,301,369)		(9,301,369)	1,352,497		10,653,866
Fund balance at beginning of year	19,088,590		19,088,590	19,088,590		_
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	709,824		709,824	709,824		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 10,497,045	\$	10,497,045	\$ 21,150,911	\$	10,653,866

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAJOR FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

BOND RETIREMENT FUND

	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	6,953,154	\$ 7,557,913	\$	604,759
Total expenditures and other financing uses		7,807,992	 7,129,185		678,807
Net change in fund balance		(854,838)	428,728		1,283,566
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,191,900	3,191,900		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,337,062	\$ 3,620,628	\$	1,283,566

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

FOOD SERVICE FUND

		nal Budget	 Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	3,201,800	\$ 3,274,891	\$	73,091
Total expenditures and other financing uses		3,456,047	 3,291,750		164,297
Net change in fund balance		(254,247)	(16,859)		237,388
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	1,219,028 36,047 1,000,828	\$ 1,219,028 36,047 1,238,216	\$	237,388

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SPECIAL TRUST FUND

		al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	11,250	\$ 13,396	\$	2,146
Total expenditures and other financing uses		33,818	 17,009		16,809
Net change in fund balance		(22,568)	(3,613)		18,955
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	95,611 73,043	\$ 95,611 91,998	\$	18,955

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PATHFINDER/PRESCHOOL FUND

		nal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	1,305,000	\$ 1,251,947	\$	(53,053)	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		1,219,725	 1,246,565		(26,840)	
Net change in fund balance		85,275	5,382		(79,893)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,859 6,366	2,859 6,366		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	94,500	\$ 14,607	\$	(79,893)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ATHLETIC FUND

		nal Budget	 Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive [egative]
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	407,000	\$ 428,429	\$	21,429
Total expenditures and other financing uses		563,272	 418,182		145,090
Net change in fund balance		(156,272)	10,247		166,519
Fund balance at beginning of year		383,307 3,760	 383,307 3,760		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	230,795	\$ 397,314	\$	166,519

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

AUXILIARY SERVICES FUND

		nal Budget	 Actual	Fin 1	ance with al Budget Positive Negative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	1,543,433	\$ 1,543,433	\$	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		1,800,418	 1,668,245		132,173
Net change in fund balance		(256,985)	(124,812)		132,173
Fund balance at beginning of year		218,336 38,649	218,336 38,649		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ 132,173	\$	132,173

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PUBLIC SCHOOL PRESCHOOL FUND

		nal Budget	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	248,000	\$ 223,945	\$	(24,055)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		248,000	 218,967	-	29,033
Net change in fund balance		-	4,978		4,978
Fund balance at beginning of year	-\$		\$ 4,978	\$	4,978

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

DATA COMMUNICATIONS FUND

		al Budget	 Actual	Final Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	19,800	\$ 19,800	\$	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		19,800	 19,800		
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ALTERNATIVE FUND

		al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	23,178	\$ 18,415	\$	(4,763)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		21,597	 16,638		4,959
Net change in fund balance		1,581	1,777		196
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	(1,579)	\$ (1,579) 198	\$	196

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OTHER STATE FUNDS FUND

	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Final Pos	nce with Budget itive ative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	25,000	\$ 24,992	\$	(8)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		25,000	 24,992		8
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		17,522	17,522		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	17,522	\$ 17,522	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ADULT BASIC EDUCATION FUND

		nal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	308,604	\$ 262,500	\$	(46,104)	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		298,322	 272,239		26,083	
Net change in fund balance		10,282	(9,739)		(20,021)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,023 9,695	3,023 9,695		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	\$	23,000	\$ 2,979	\$	(20,021)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY FUND

		nal Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	232,710	\$ 232,511	\$	(199)	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		224,803	 242,292		(17,489)	
Net change in fund balance		7,907	(9,781)		(17,688)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		706 10,387	 706 10,387		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	19,000	\$ 1,312	\$	(17,688)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

IDEA PART B FUND

		nal Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	2,368,459	\$ 2,014,236	\$	(354,223)	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		2,301,821	 1,996,076		305,745	
Net change in fund balance		66,638	18,160		(48,478)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		6,362	 6,362		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	73,000	\$ 24,522	\$	(48,478)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CARL D. PERKINS FUND

	Final Budg	et	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 93,2	266 \$	93,266	\$		
Total expenditures and other financing uses	212,0	564	126,188		86,476	
Net change in fund balance	(119,3	398)	(32,922)		86,476	
Fund balance at beginning of year	105,0 14,0	052 346	105,052 14,346		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	- \$	86,476	\$	86,476	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

BILINGUAL EDUCATION FUND

		al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	54,773	\$ 54,732	\$	(41)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		54,171	 57,023		(2,852)
Net change in fund balance		602	(2,291)		(2,893)
Fund balance at beginning of year		85 2,213	85 2,213		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	2,900	\$ 7	\$	(2,893)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

TITLE I FUND

		nal Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	2,502,844	\$ 1,978,586	\$	(524,258)	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		2,425,632	 2,030,394	-	395,238	
Net change in fund balance		77,212	(51,808)		(129,020)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		1,233 52,555	 1,233 52,555		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	131,000	\$ 1,980	\$	(129,020)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PRESCHOOL GRANT FUND

		al Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	12,561	\$ 8,310	\$	(4,251)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		12,561	 8,242		4,319
Net change in fund balance		-	68		68
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - 68	\$	- 68

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

OTHER FEDERAL PROGRAMS FUND

	Fina	al Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	2,149	\$ 	\$	2,149
Net change in fund balance		(2,149)	-		2,149
Fund balance at beginning of year		2,149	2,149		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ 2,149	\$	2,149

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION ENHANCEMENT FUND

		al Budget	 Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	11,000	\$ 10,686	\$	(314)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		11,000	 10,632		368
Net change in fund balance		-	54		54
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 54	\$	54

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

UNIFORM SCHOOL SUPPLIES FUND

	<u>Fi</u>	nal Budget	 Actual	Fin 1	iance with al Budget Positive Negative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	175,000	\$ 192,206	\$	17,206
Total expenditures and other financing uses		309,513	 219,369		90,144
Net change in fund balance		(134,513)	(27,163)		107,350
Fund balance at beginning of year		93,830 62,219	 93,830 62,219		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	21,536	\$ 128,886	\$	107,350

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ROTARY SPECIAL SERVICES FUND

		al Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	19,870	\$ 14,721	\$	(5,149)	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	-	15,643	 12,535		3,108	
Net change in fund balance		4,227	2,186		(2,041)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		8,207 1,643	8,207 1,643		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	14,077	\$ 12,036	\$	(2,041)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT FUND

		al Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	320,000	\$ 308,037	\$	(11,963)	
Total expenditures and other financing uses		514,230	 312,998		201,232	
Net change in fund balance		(194,230)	(4,961)		189,269	
Fund balance at beginning of year		355,156 3,367	355,156 3,367		- -	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	164,293	\$ 353,562	\$	189,269	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SPECIAL ENTERPRISE FUND

	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget	 Actual	Fin	iance with aal Budget Positive Vegative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	525,000	\$ 502,846	\$	(22,154)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		548,849	 423,281		125,568
Net change in fund balance		(23,849)	79,565		103,414
Fund balance at beginning of year		297,829 7,339	297,829 7,339		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	281,319	\$ 384,733	\$	103,414

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Fin	nal Budget		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	12,610,714	\$	8,553,240	\$	(4,057,474)
Total expenditures and other financing uses		9,309,128		9,689,499		(380,371)
Net change in fund balance		3,301,586		(1,136,259)		(4,437,845)
Fund balance at beginning of year	-\$	55,310 1,631,728 4,988,624	-\$	55,310 1,631,728 550,779		(4,437,845)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

BUILDING FUND

	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Posi	ce with Budget itive ative)
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	1,932	\$ 1,932	\$	
Net change in fund balance		(1,932)	(1,932)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year	\$	1,932	\$ 1,932	\$	<u>-</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

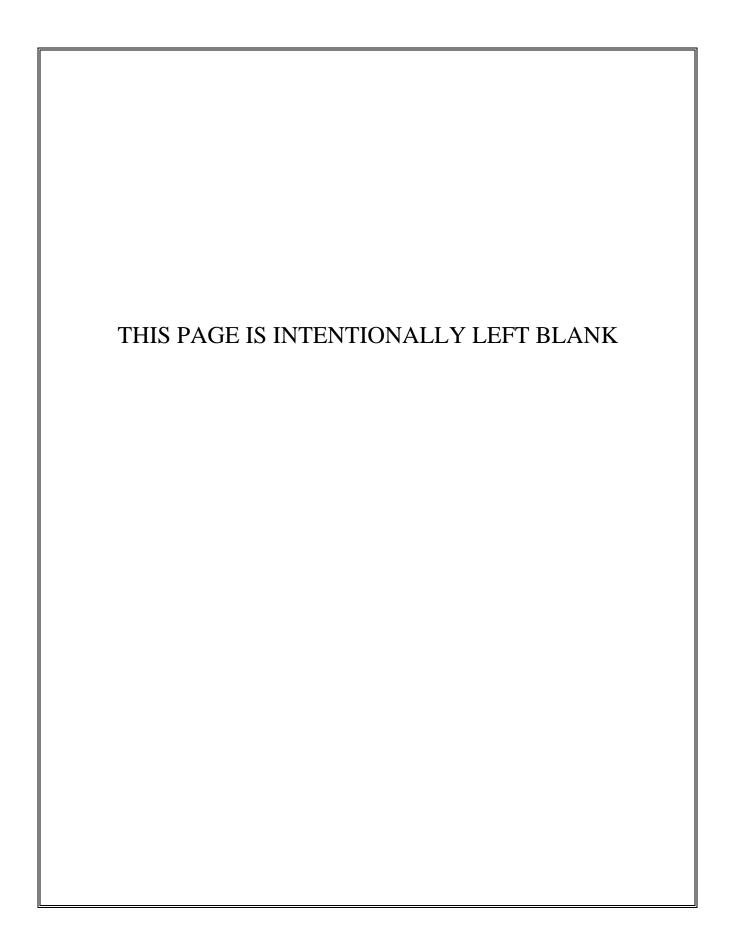
REPLACEMENT FUND

	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Final Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	27	\$ 32	\$	5
Total expenditures and other financing uses		5,546	 5,546		
Net change in fund balance		(5,519)	(5,514)		5
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,523	 5,523		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4	\$ 9	\$	5

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

PERMANENT FUND

	Fina	al Budget	 Actual	Fina Po	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$	10	\$ 106	\$	96
Total expenditures and other financing uses		1,000	 		1,000
Net change in fund balance		(990)	106		1,096
Fund balance at beginning of year		13,353	 13,353		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	12,363	\$ 13,459	\$	1,096



FUND DESCRIPTIONS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for financing goods or services provided by one activity to other activities of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis

Dental Insurance Fund

To account for monies received from other funds as payment for providing dental benefits. The dental insurance fund is not legally budgeted, therefore no budgetary schedule is included for this fund.

Health Insurance Fund

To account for monies received from other funds as payment for providing medical, hospitalization or any other similar employee benefit.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Dental nsurance	Health isurance	Total Internal Service Funds		
Assets:					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 517,175	\$ 840,219	\$	1,357,394	
Total assets	 517,175	 840,219		1,357,394	
Net position:					
Unrestricted	 517,175	 840,219		1,357,394	
Total net position	\$ 517,175	\$ 840,219	\$	1,357,394	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Dental Insurance	Health Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 418,404	\$ 418,404
Total operating revenues		418,404	418,404
Operating expenses:			
Fringe benefits	-	489,516	489,516
Purchased services	411	49,491	49,902
Claims expense	2,484	40,225	42,709
Total operating expenses	2,895	579,232	582,127
Operating loss	(2,895)	(160,828)	(163,723)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest revenue	2,469	-	2,469
Total nonoperating revenues	2,469		2,469
Transfer out		(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)
Change in net position	(426)	(2,660,828)	(2,661,254)
Net position at beginning of year	517,601	3,501,047	4,018,648
Net position at end of year	\$ 517,175	\$ 840,219	\$ 1,357,394

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	ental urance]	Health Insurance	Inte	Total ernal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Cash received from charges for services	-	\$	418,404	\$	418,404
Cash payments for fringe benefits	-		(489,516)		(489,516)
Cash payments for purchased services	(411)		(49,491)		(49,902)
Cash payments for claims	 (2,484)		(40,225)		(42,709)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (2,895)		(160,828)		(163,723)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Cash used in transfers out	 		(2,500,000)		(2,500,000)
Net cash used in noncapital					
financing activities	 		(2,500,000)		(2,500,000)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Interest received	 2,469				2,469
Net cash provided by investing activities	 2,469				2,469
Net decrease in cash and investments	(426)		(2,660,828)		(2,661,254)
Cash and investments at beginning of year	517,601		3,501,047		4,018,648
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 517,175	\$	840,219	\$	1,357,394
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Operating loss	\$ (2,895)	\$	(160,828)	\$	(163,723)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (2,895)	\$	(160,828)	\$	(163,723)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

HEALTH INSURANCE FUND

	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	Fin	riance with all Budget Positive Negative)
Total revenues	\$		\$ 418,404	\$	418,404
Total expenditures and other financing uses		3,501,047	 3,079,232		421,815
Net change in fund balance		(3,501,047)	(2,660,828)		840,219
Fund balance at beginning of year		160,414 3,340,633	 160,414 3,340,633		- -
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$ 840,219	\$	840,219

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Funds

Student Managed Activity Fund

This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools, accounting for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Rotary Fund

This fund accounts for deposits to be utilized for background checks on prospective employees.

Employee Benefits Fund

This fund accounts for the premiums received and the claims costs paid by the District for employee health and dental/vision insurance.

District Agency Fund

This fund accounts for various monies held on behalf of student athletic programs.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Student Managed Activity Fund		Beginning Balance July 1, 2016			Additions	I	Deletions	Ending Balance June 30, 2017	
Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 64,625 \$ 148,176 \$ 141,908 \$ 70,893 Total assets. \$ 64,625 \$ 148,176 \$ 141,908 \$ 70,893 Liabilities. \$ 1,472 \$ 514 \$ 1,472 \$ 514 Accounts payable. \$ 1,472 \$ 514 \$ 140,436 70,379 Total liabilities. \$ 64,625 \$ 148,176 \$ 141,908 \$ 70,893 Rotary Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total assets. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Liabilities: Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572	Student Managed Activity Fund								
Liabilities: Security Secu		¢	(4.625	¢	149 177	¢	141.000	¢	70.902
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 1,472 \$ 514 \$ 1,472 \$ 514 Due to students 63,153 147,662 140,436 70,379 Total liabilities \$ 64,625 \$ 148,176 \$ 141,908 \$ 70,893 Retary Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total assets \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Liabilities: Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371									
Accounts payable \$ 1,472 \$ 514 \$ 1,472 \$ 514 Due to students 63,153 147,662 140,436 70,379 Total liabilities \$ 64,625 \$ 148,176 \$ 141,908 \$ 70,893 Rotary Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total assets \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Liabilities: Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Due to others \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,3	Total assets	<u>\$</u>	64,625	\$	148,176	2	141,908	\$	70,893
Due to students 63,153 147,662 140,436 70,379 Total liabilities \$ 64,625 \$ 148,176 \$ 141,908 \$ 70,893 Rotary Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total assets \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Liabilities: Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ 23,572 \$ 17,371 Due to others \$ 93,748 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 17,371									
Rotary Fund Assets: Incompany of the property of the		\$,	\$		\$,	\$	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total assets. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Liabilities: Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ 23,572 \$ 17,471 Due to others \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371	Total liabilities	\$	64,625	\$	148,176	\$	141,908	\$	70,893
Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total assets. \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Liabilities: Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - - 117,371	Rotary Fund								
Total assets . \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - \$ Liabilities: Due to others . \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - \$ Total liabilities . \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - \$ Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments . \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets . \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable . \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - 117,371 Due to others . 93,748 23,623 - 117,371		\$	1.163	\$	16.297	\$	17.460	\$	_
Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371									_
Due to others \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Total liabilities \$ 1,163 \$ 16,297 \$ 17,460 \$ - Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371	Tiobilities								
Employee Benefits Fund Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371		\$	1,163	\$	16,297	\$	17,460	\$	-
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371	Total liabilities	\$	1,163	\$	16,297	\$	17,460	\$	-
Equity in pooled cash and investments. \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371	Employee Benefits Fund								
Total assets \$ 117,320 \$ 23,623 \$ 23,572 \$ 117,371 Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371	Assets:								
Liabilities: Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371	Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	117,320	\$	23,623	\$	23,572	\$	117,371
Claims payable \$ 23,572 \$ - \$ 23,572 \$ - Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371	Total assets	\$	117,320	\$	23,623	\$	23,572	\$	117,371
Due to others 93,748 23,623 - 117,371	Liabilities:								
		\$,	\$	23,623	\$	23,572	\$	117,371
	Total liabilities	\$		\$	23,623	\$	23,572	\$	117,371

(Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

	I	eginning Balance ly 1, 2016	Additions Del			Peletions	Ending Balance e 30, 2017	
District Agency Fund								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$		\$	199,461	\$	199,461	\$	
Total assets	\$	_	\$	199,461	\$	199,461	\$	
Liabilities: Due to students Total liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ \$	199,461 199,461	\$ \$	199,461 199,461	\$	<u>-</u>
Total Agency Funds								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	183,108 183,108	\$	387,557 387,557	\$	382,401 382,401	\$	188,264 188,264
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	1,472 63,153 94,911 23,572	\$	514 347,123 39,920	\$	1,472 339,897 17,460 23,572	\$	514 70,379 117,371
Total liabilities	\$	183,108	\$	387,557	\$	382,401	\$	188,264

Statistical Section



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Kettering City School District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial condition.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	138-151
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	152-159
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	160-167
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	168-171
Operating Information These schedules contain service and operational data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	172-185

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. Additional sources are noted on the individual schedules.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2008		2009		2010	2011
Governmental activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	14,042,346	\$	14,593,555	\$ 16,447,133	\$ 18,472,838
Restricted for:						
Capital projects		621,820		316,338	407,428	575,916
Debt service		2,524,780		2,058,605	1,873,907	3,014,264
Permanent		15,468		15,672	15,140	15,156
Locally funded programs		-		-	-	-
State funded programs		-		-	-	-
Federally funded programs		-		-	-	-
Student activities		-		-	-	-
Other purposes		444,932		492,031	878,676	574,799
Unrestricted (deficit)		4,329,914		6,014,488	2,157,873	4,720,582
Total governmental activities net position	\$	21,979,260	\$	23,490,689	\$ 21,780,157	\$ 27,373,555

Source: District financial records.

⁽¹⁾ Amounts have been restated to reflect implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 which was implemented in 2015.

 2012	 2013		2014 (1)	2015		2016	2017
\$ 19,433,829	\$ 21,078,401	\$	23,611,501	\$	26,144,415	\$ 28,744,903	\$ 28,762,216
700,616	742,890		834,883		1,134,197	501,355	2,607,868
3,224,803	2,880,116		2,696,993		2,998,825	2,824,484	3,789,810
14,577	14,017		13,695		13,522	13,353	13,459
-	20,312		-		-	-	-
-	30,354		260,053		1,408,671	126,319	23,807
-	1,075,191		197,904		1,124,813	210,672	103,399
-	209,881		290,476		339,644	384,726	398,866
725,954	747,872		839,948		851,755	1,085,783	1,113,761
5,461,309	(280,522)	((128,483,988)		(118,893,609)	(112,723,237)	(121,674,189)
\$ 29,561,088	\$ 26,518,512	\$	(99,738,535)	\$	(84,877,767)	\$ (78,831,642)	\$ (84,861,003)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Expenses				
Governmental activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 33,619,843	\$ 35,494,431	\$ 36,080,724	\$ 35,764,848
Special	7,840,416	8,267,476	9,075,308	9,096,792
Vocational	2,091,488	2,206,443	2,726,098	2,695,255
Adult/continuing	37,255	41,716	80,190	87,962
Other instructional	4,253,666	2,706,076	2,333,372	2,273,126
Support services:				
Pupil	6,520,008	7,662,489	8,570,082	7,761,518
Instructional staff	4,766,122	4,710,916	5,617,159	5,749,533
Board of education	68,541	73,370	67,166	62,685
Administration	6,889,537	6,918,465	5,676,841	5,250,963
Fiscal	1,899,405	1,894,159	1,570,448	1,785,522
Business	612,826	574,690	617,931	591,628
Operations and maintenance	8,595,610	8,463,308	8,764,444	8,877,007
Pupil transportation	3,421,844	3,319,938	3,531,497	3,531,175
Central	1,723,029	1,772,667	1,895,046	1,927,323
Operation of non-instructional services	4,774,211	4,724,183	4,730,528	5,473,549
Extracurricular activities	1,862,353	2,000,014	1,841,347	1,776,337
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges	4,644,799	4,423,719	4,321,249	4,211,670
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 93,620,953	\$ 95,254,060	\$ 97,499,430	\$ 96,916,893

	2012		2013		2014	2015		2016			2017
\$	34,695,073	\$	35,679,782	\$	36,363,264	\$	41,231,524	\$	37,126,604	\$	42,513,509
	9,646,917		9,745,956		12,931,044		12,022,267		12,699,706		15,449,518
	2,711,654		2,765,023		2,630,263		2,390,795		2,598,543		3,175,243
	55,404		91,829		92,941		105,455		140,961		157,873
	3,462,802		3,982,459		4,515,328		4,602,409		4,705,340		5,610,945
	7,599,142		7,444,865		7,399,986		7,191,640		7,567,845		9,726,629
	6,118,959		6,052,370		3,465,511		3,883,487		4,136,935		5,121,367
	66,586		53,648		78,949		40,157		49,887		102,105
	5,870,320		5,533,408		5,684,412		5,521,070		5,960,346		7,243,081
	1,753,709		1,740,590		1,962,857		2,131,832		2,104,772		2,212,381
	657,346		489,754		550,804		504,545		588,140		602,151
	8,338,608		8,183,719		8,006,649		8,038,558		9,158,808		9,048,894
	3,751,327		3,803,988		3,860,361		3,762,241		3,821,722		4,885,690
	1,830,592		1,800,269		877,877		940,385		1,512,012		1,296,358
	5,316,205		5,781,286		5,337,227		6,036,568		5,796,310		6,673,517
	1,574,598		1,522,424		1,478,447		1,482,241		1,539,334		1,980,461
	4 0 44 701		4 120 106		2.054.002		2 < 2 5 0 4 1		2 425 645		2 105 155
_	4,041,701	_	4,139,486	_	3,874,893	_	3,685,941	_	3,435,947	_	3,197,457
\$	97,490,943	\$	98,810,856	\$	99,110,813	\$	103,571,115	\$	102,943,212	\$	118,997,179

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Program revenues	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services and sales:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 678,013	\$ 477,910	\$ 552,513	\$ 491,487
Special	104,445	74,964	34,700	_
Vocational	-	, -	-	169,574
Adult/continuing	28,008	30,352	42,500	, <u>-</u>
Support services:	.,		,	
Pupil	_	_	119,368	446,810
Instructional staff	674,654	513,678	471,644	255,312
Administration	46,140	51,507	-	-
Business	-	-	_	_
Operations and maintenance	_	_	_	_
Pupil transportation	_	_	_	36,955
Central	_	_	_	-
Operation of non-instructional services	1,792,888	1,767,093	1,687,589	2,040,451
Extracurricular activities	509,738	488,330	700,425	662,649
Operating grants and contributions:	507,750	400,550	700,423	002,049
Instruction:				
Regular	296,781	226,969	7,473,371	8,377,327
Special	2,497,407	2,912,482	3,346,402	3,086,493
Vocational	294,615	353,015	286,128	293,519
Adult/continuing	31,823	43,281	98,527	97,720
Other instructional	31,023	45,201	76,521	71,120
Support services:	_	_	_	_
Pupil	601,674	788,766	1,055,244	534,663
Instructional staff	479,462	568,709	850,810	963,601
Board of education	479,402	300,709	650,610	903,001
Administration	254,747	246,945	579,451	635,090
Operations and maintenance	234,747	20,437	598,523	684,787
Pupil transportation	1,070,470	1,323,273	898,521	1,269,191
Central	69,871	72,533	162,603	222,777
Operation of non-instructional services Extracurricular activities	2,794,445	2,807,184	3,081,388	1,696,423
	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions: Instruction:				
Regular Vocational	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
Support services:	107.005	70.210	92.724	
Operations and maintenance	107,095	72,312	83,724	-
Central	50,923	12.020.740	- 22 122 121	21.064.020
Total governmental program revenues	12,383,199	12,839,740	22,123,431	21,964,829
Net (expense)/revenue				
Governmental activities	(81,237,754)	(82,414,320)	(75,375,999)	(74,952,064)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (81,237,754)	\$ (82,414,320)	\$ (75,375,999)	\$ (74,952,064)

	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	766,581	\$	963,092	\$	833,159	\$	484,616	\$	935,793	\$	737,742
	226,565		174,734		160,630		163,978		253,057		84,106
	59,929		50,520		91,964		86,416		20,333		104,218
	-		-		-		-		66,722		-
	124,352		257,003		291,301		360,981		445,199		791,383
	155,842		182,229		179,752		263,346		321,760		161,640
	-		29,939		13,579		17,527		19,388		15,613
	-		-		-		1,148		-		-
	-		151,458		55,884		47,428		75,807		54,800
	45,698		42,356		42,201		45,477		48,018		47,155
	804		2,180		2,585		682		496		470
	2,101,177		1,977,126		1,951,446		2,070,894		2,223,488		2,199,298
	691,845		456,719		430,862		433,890		437,980		474,557
	370,134		130,978		185,977		7,754,536		134,776		177,429
	3,445,819		3,258,348		4,007,433		4,550,043		3,666,080		4,911,836
	294,535		303,589		423,911		444,481		387,753		499,817
	56,783		83,735		96,774		121,631		133,368		148,330
	-		88,603		82,781		101,664		69,890		83,113
	588,001		409,911		285,134		333,734		263,071		438,611
	830,284		963,951		295,220		808,276		487,272		769,059
	-		41		2,400		-		-		-
	294,143		289,339		297,761		424,293		283,419		400,532
	41,188		16,703		23		222		3,341		-
	30,503		253,873		270,393		270,705		278,869		279,935
	33,267		218,948		18,804		19,835		19,818		19,800
	3,258,352		3,191,496		3,398,721		3,869,754		3,824,287		4,076,339
	2,325		7,185		2,148		8,252		3,266		6,757
	-		-		-		562,204		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		121,249
	-		-		-		-		-		-
		_	<u> </u>								
	13,418,127		13,504,056	_	13,420,843	_	23,246,013		14,403,251	_	16,603,789
_	(84,072,816)		(85,306,800)		(85,689,970)	_	(80,325,102)	_	(88,539,961)		(102,393,390)
\$	(84,072,816)	\$	(85,306,800)	\$	(85,689,970)	\$	(80,325,102)	\$	(88,539,961)	\$	(102,393,390)
											(Continued)

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Governmental activities:				
Property taxes	\$ 58,323,623	\$ 57,874,816	\$ 53,552,069	\$ 61,540,434
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	-
Grants and entitlements not restricted				
to specific programs	21,120,885	24,253,458	18,883,431	18,477,287
Investment earnings	1,215,189	654,210	184,639	73,241
Net increase/(decrease) in fair				
market value of investments	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	899,626	1,143,265	1,045,328	454,500
Total governmental activities	 81,559,323	83,925,749	73,665,467	80,545,462
Change in net position				
Governmental activities	\$ 321,569	\$ 1,511,429	\$ (1,710,532)	\$ 5,593,398

Source: District financial records.

 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 61,048,275	\$ 57,281,151	\$ 65,014,848	\$ 68,245,757	\$ 66,924,832	\$ 70,550,876
151,425	582,655	633,323	406,797	402,177	398,038
05 145 740	22 022 755	24 145 012	26.015.242	25 162 006	24.512.101
25,145,742	23,933,755	24,145,012	26,015,342	25,162,006	24,512,181
95,301	91,520	162,671	68,161	124,392	213,275
21,193	(140,157)	-	-	-	-
532,700	515,300	461,224	449,813	1,972,679	689,659
86,994,636	82,264,224	90,417,078	95,185,870	94,586,086	96,364,029
\$ 2,921,820	\$ (3,042,576)	\$ 4,727,108	\$ 14,860,768	\$ 6,046,125	\$ (6,029,361)

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2008	 2009	 2010	 2011
General fund:					
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 254,318
Assigned		-	-	-	655,959
Unassigned		-	-	-	5,245,949
Reserved		4,124,451	3,963,090	1,706,751	-
Unreserved (deficit)		4,261,563	 5,797,826	 1,957,847	
Total general fund		8,386,014	 9,760,916	 3,664,598	 6,156,226
All other governmental funds:					
Nonspendable		-	-	-	65,747
Restricted		-	-	-	5,432,381
Committed		-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)		-	-	-	(403,080)
Reserved		1,104,400	677,325	688,912	-
Unreserved (deficit), reported in:					
Special revenue funds		1,233,206	1,070,848	1,346,377	-
Debt service funds		2,914,350	2,309,582	2,236,522	-
Capital projects funds		176,958	253,203	352,429	-
Permanent fund		2,667	 2,871	 2,339	
Total all other governmental funds		5,431,581	4,313,829	4,626,579	 5,095,048
Total governmental funds	\$ 1	13,817,595	\$ 14,074,745	\$ 8,291,177	\$ 11,251,274

Source: District financial records.

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54 during fiscal year 2011.

	2012	 2013	 2014	 2015		2016	2017	
\$	111,440 755,801 6,233,898	\$ 221,889 2,641,974	\$ 241,196 5,325,510	\$ 253,919 8,280,756 997,964	\$	298,314 9,876,858 5,679,056	\$ 367,704 12,646,189 2,055,988	
	-	- -	-	 -		-	- -	
_	7,101,139	 2,863,863	 5,566,706	 9,532,639		15,854,228	 15,069,881	
	60,665	69,292	75,208	23,744		23,972	19,944	
	5,996,748	5,422,499	6,211,091	6,411,211		5,349,526	7,127,585	
	-	20,682	20,745	18,285		5,523	3,080	
	(534,876)	(432,084)	(644,271)	(304,556)		(1,355,877)	(1,065,078)	
	-	-	-	-		-	-	
	-	-	-	-		-	-	
	-	-	-	-		-	-	
	-	-	-	-		-	-	
	5,522,537	 5,080,389	5,662,773	 6,148,684		4,023,144	6,085,531	
\$	12,623,676	\$ 7,944,252	\$ 11,229,479	\$ 15,681,323	\$	19,877,372	\$ 21,155,412	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Revenues				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 57,556,743	\$ 57,658,781	\$ 52,813,987	\$ 61,900,078
Payment in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	· , , , , -
Tuition	613,261	693,321	763,831	715,907
Transportation fees	104,445	74,964	34,700	36,955
Earnings on investments	1,205,909	680,404	184,639	73,241
Net increase/(decrease) in fair	, ,	ŕ	,	
market value of investments	_	_	_	_
Charges for services	1,792,888	1,767,093	1,687,589	1,585,503
Extracurricular	735,312	701,920	683,015	678,487
Classroom materials and fees	251,374	205,572	181,273	179,143
Rental income	-		, -	-
Contributions and donations	-	_	_	_
Contract services	-	_	_	_
Other local revenues	1,236,232	1,104,229	1,303,659	1,361,743
Intergovernmental	29,622,757	33,117,698	37,499,623	35,689,575
Total revenues	93,118,921	96,003,982	95,152,316	102,220,632
E				
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	22, 454, 270	22 (72 294	25 757 061	24765 922
Regular	32,454,270	33,672,384	35,757,961	34,765,833
Special	7,775,400	8,147,614	9,112,354	9,056,671
Vocational	1,987,377	2,091,786	2,603,181	2,693,124
Adult/continuing	37,255	41,716	80,097	88,051
Other	4,253,666	2,706,076	2,330,680	2,275,425
Support services:	c 500 451	5 c55 205	0.450.505	7.072.544
Pupil	6,523,471	7,655,385	8,670,527	7,873,544
Instructional staff	4,675,328	4,638,447	5,556,122	5,732,142
Board of education	68,541	73,370	67,089	62,748
Administration	6,716,620	6,680,120	5,811,186	5,232,622
Fiscal	1,884,587	1,900,061	1,572,373	1,781,258
Business	568,496	571,214	610,412	588,832
Operations and maintenance	8,276,731	8,323,159	8,757,425	8,808,022
Pupil transportation	3,352,988	3,505,177	3,448,507	3,350,422
Central	1,667,372	1,689,751	1,857,867	1,866,437
Operation of non-instructional services	4,832,456	4,625,262	4,680,816	5,451,706
Extracurricular activities	1,676,487	1,724,190	1,667,391	1,605,143
Facilities acquisition and construction	558,345	34,781	459,417	126,392
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service:	2 - 12	2 220 202	2 722 005	0 - 10 - 0 -
Principal retirement	3,746,555	3,228,503	3,522,002	3,640,783
Interest and fiscal charges	4,716,400	4,466,790	4,364,486	4,254,556
Issuance costs Total expenditures	\$ 05.770.245	<u> </u>	\$ 100,929,893	\$ 99,253,711
Total expenditures	\$ 95,772,345	\$ 95,775,786	φ 100,929,893	φ 99,233,711

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 61,313,023	\$ 58,566,436	\$ 64,774,216	\$ 68,112,932	\$ 66,964,174	\$ 69,924,962
151,425	582,655	633,323	406,797	402,177	398,038
1,003,619	1,291,273	1,240,584	1,078,899	1,701,906	1,508,764
45,698	42,356	42,201	45,477	48,018	47,155
95,301	82,560	168,717	74,313	127,867	223,459
21,193	(140,157)	-	-	-	-
1,579,194	1,487,003	1,430,120	1,424,763	1,531,369	1,557,655
696,663	698,243	654,001	660,066	656,823	699,400
193,980	158,212	164,675	167,984	165,706	198,357
-	136,758	55,433	47,428	75,807	54,800
-	90,545	77,654	76,582	100,205	76,832
-	473,511	466,125	526,147	575,937	516,903
1,186,339	562,405	459,448	475,432	2,157,578	866,856
34,521,364	32,495,959	34,194,621	43,333,152	36,168,258	36,253,357
100,807,799	96,527,759	104,361,118	116,429,972	110,675,825	112,326,538
33,628,807	34,747,413	35,291,949	42,869,785	36,206,615	38,543,746
9,629,379	9,838,655	12,704,073	12,881,537	12,748,248	14,500,383
2,672,615	2,691,544	2,608,737	2,530,733	2,532,114	2,957,987
55,383	82,493	102,281	110,171	143,698	146,517
3,461,507	3,983,494	4,507,303	4,612,838	4,707,311	5,597,739
7,567,554	7,481,367	7,411,865	7,747,320	7,540,388	9,137,763
6,115,213	6,122,031	3,415,173	4,027,511	4,121,704	4,782,042
66,561	53,648	78,949	40,157	49,887	102,105
5,679,526	5,418,708	5,548,374	5,738,086	5,859,133	6,459,545
1,756,320	1,752,336	1,947,797	2,218,653	2,108,463	2,157,013
521,438	519,095	519,969	537,359	573,723	624,573
8,331,933	8,137,122	8,412,588	8,363,446	9,577,240	10,468,614
3,823,489	3,810,720	3,852,619	3,906,427	3,937,663	5,196,585
1,814,594	1,780,400	937,351	995,181	1,493,489	1,256,896
5,149,411	5,736,424	5,181,719	6,098,387	5,705,429	6,392,027
1,408,717	1,364,531	1,272,279	1,328,980	1,400,977	1,649,496
34,312	209,674	2,676,433	213,335	90,270	1,193,536
-	-	-	-	-	729,093
3,436,113	3,538,464	3,738,427	4,178,654	4,300,158	4,004,619
4,134,565	3,613,066	3,692,977	3,580,378	3,441,977	3,428,674
-	277,689	74,812	· -	-	611,726
\$ 99,287,437	\$ 101,158,874	\$ 103,975,675	\$ 111,978,938	\$ 106,538,487	\$ 119,940,679

(Continued)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2008	 2009	 2010	2011
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (2,653,424)	\$ 228,196	\$ (5,777,577)	\$ 2,966,921
Other financing sources (uses)				
Issuance of general obligation bonds	-	-	-	-
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	-	-	-
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-
Premium on refunding bonds	-	-	-	-
Issuance of tax anticipation notes	-	-	-	-
Premium on tax anticipation notes	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from capital lease transaction	281,708	-	-	-
Sale of assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	13,500	13,500	343,500	13,500
Transfers (out)	(13,500)	(13,500)	(343,500)	(13,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)	281,708	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,371,716)	\$ 228,196	\$ (5,777,577)	\$ 2,966,921
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.90%	8.09%	7.84%	7.99%

Source: District financial records.

 2012	 2013	 2014	2015		2016		2017	
\$ 1,520,362	\$ (4,631,115)	\$ 385,443	\$	4,451,034	\$	4,137,338	\$	(7,614,141)
		2 022 000						
-	-	2,823,000		-		-		-
-	-	73,122		-		-		-
-	14,979,940	-		-		-		39,190,000
-	1,223,592	-		-		-		6,135,447
-	-	-		-		-		5,000,000
-	-	-		-		-		101,120
-	(16,247,473)	-		_		-		(44,685,047)
_	_	_		_		_		729,093
_	6,000	_		_		_		, -
13,500	13,500	13,500		13,500		18,500		2,518,500
(13,500)	(13,500)	(13,500)		(13,500)		(18,500)		(18,500)
	(37,941)	2,896,122		-		-		8,970,613
 	 <u> </u>							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\$ 1,520,362	\$ (4,669,056)	\$ 3,281,565	\$	4,451,034	\$	4,137,338	\$	1,356,472
7.66%	7.11%	7.39%		7.01%		7.33%		6.48%

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Tax Collection/Calendar Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Real Property					
Assessed	\$ 1,284,465,470	\$ 1,287,214,020	\$ 1,307,881,230	\$ 1,281,069,450	\$ 1,169,058,260
Actual	3,669,901,343	3,677,754,343	3,736,803,514	3,660,198,429	3,340,166,457
Public Utility					
Assessed	61,379,830	67,124,670	72,380,190	78,792,780	80,829,600
Actual	69,749,807	76,278,034	82,250,216	89,537,250	91,851,818
Tangible Personal Property					
Assessed	50,549,093	6,132,430	1,002,490	-	-
Actual	808,785,488	61,324,300	10,024,900	-	-
Total					
Assessed	1,396,394,393	1,360,471,120	1,381,263,910	1,359,862,230	1,249,887,860
Actual	4,548,436,638	3,815,356,677	3,829,078,630	3,749,735,679	3,432,018,275
Assessed Value as a					
Percentage of Actual Value	30.70%	35.66%	36.07%	36.27%	36.42%
Total Direct Tax Rate	\$71.30	\$72.20	\$73.10	\$78.00	\$78.00

Source: Montgomery County Auditor, Ohio Department of Taxation

Note: Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is

Note: Assessed value of real property is at 35%, assessed value of public utility is at 88% and assessed value of tangible personal property is at 25% through 2005, at 18.75% for 2006, 12.5% for 2007, and 6.25% for 2008 and 0% for 2009 and 2010. Additionally, telephone and telecommunications property was reclassified to general business personal property and assessed at 10% for 2009 and 2010.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 1,172,169,030	\$ 1,166,011,970	\$ 1,112,021,360	\$ 1,115,708,750	\$ 1,115,070,750
3,349,054,371	3,331,462,771	3,177,203,886	3,187,739,286	3,185,916,429
102,770,980	112,802,920	114,250,870	117,490,250	118,785,510
116,785,205	128,185,136	129,830,534	133,511,648	134,983,534
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
1,274,940,010	1,278,814,890	1,226,272,230	1,233,199,000	1,233,856,260
3,465,839,576	3,459,647,908	3,307,034,420	3,321,250,934	3,320,899,963
36.79%	36.96%	37.08%	37.13%	37.15%
ф 7 0.00	фо д 00	Ф92.00	фо 2 00	фо л 20
\$78.00	\$82.89	\$82.99	\$82.99	\$85.39

PROPERTY TAX RATES OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Direct district rates				
General fund	\$66.60	\$66.60	\$67.50	\$71.50
Permanent improvement fund	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
Bond retirement fund	4.10	5.00	5.00	5.90
Total	71.30	72.20	73.10	78.00
Overlapping rates				
City of Kettering	6.80	6.79	6.79	6.79
City of Moraine	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Montgomery County	17.74	17.74	17.74	17.74
Sinclair Community College	2.50	3.20	3.20	3.20
Greene County	11.55	12.25	12.25	12.25
Dayton Metro Library	1.25	1.25	1.75	1.75
Total	\$113.64	\$115.93	\$117.33	\$122.23

Source: Montgomery County Auditor, Ohio Department of Taxation

Note: Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.02 and 5705.07 require a vote of the people for any millage exceeding the "unvoted" or "inside" millage.

2012	2012 2013		2015	2016	2017	
\$71.50	\$71.50	\$76.39	\$76.39	\$76.39	\$76.39	
0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	3.40	
5.90	5.90	5.90	6.00	6.00	5.60	
78.00	78.00	82.89	82.99	82.99	85.39	
6.79	6.79	6.79	6.79	6.79	6.79	
2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	
17.74	17.74	17.74	18.74	18.74	18.74	
3.20	3.20	3.20	3.20	4.20	4.20	
12.25	12.25	12.25	12.65	14.45	14.45	
1.75	3.31	3.31	3.31	3.31	3.31	
\$122.23	\$123.79	\$128.68	\$130.18	\$132.98	\$135.38	



PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL ESTATE AND PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY TAXES DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND DECEMBER 31, 2007

		December 3		31, 2016		
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value		
Dayton Power and Light	Gas and Electric Utility	\$93,630,680	1	7.59%		
Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio	Utility	14,958,740	2	1.21%		
AES Ohio Generation LLC	Gas and Electric Utility	12,828,620	3	1.04%		
Reynolds and Reynolds Co.	Retail business forms	12,024,440	4	0.98%		
Huber Management Corp.	Property Management	7,243,100	5	0.59%		
F1 Kettering LLC	Real Estate	6,935,420	6	0.56%		
Miami Valley Research Foundation	Research	5,556,260	7	0.45%		
MIMG LXXXIX Van Buren Village	Property Management	5,580,530	8	0.45%		
Residenz LLC	Nursing Home	4,580,530	9	0.37%		
Dayton Town and Country	Property Management	4,485,640	10	0.36%		
Total Principal Taxpayers		167,823,960		13.60%		
All Others		1,065,375,040		86.40%		
Total Assessed Value		\$1,233,199,000		100.00%		

		December 31, 2007		
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Dayton Power and Light	Utility	\$56,119,670	1	4.18%
General Motors Corporation	Automotive manufacturer	8,454,880	2	0.63%
Reynolds and Reynolds Co.	Retail business forms	8,392,250	3	0.63%
Delphi Automotive	Auto parts plant	8,197,400	4	0.61%
Forward One, LLC	Banking Services	7,710,140	5	0.57%
Residenz	Nursing Home	7,389,380	6	0.55%
Vectren	Utility	6,929,250	7	0.52%
Dayton Town & Country	Property Management	4,920,920	8	0.37%
BR Kettering Towne Center	Property Management	4,881,250	9	0.36%
Lincoln Park Association	Property Management	4,118,460	10	0.31%
Total Principal Taxpayers		117,113,600		8.73%
All Others		1,224,834,658		91.27%
Total Assessed Value		\$1,341,948,258		100.00%

Source: Montgomery County Auditor - Land and Buildings based on valuation of property in 2016 and 2007

Note: Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Collection Year	2007	2008	2009
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 55,461,256	\$ 56,386,305	\$ 54,771,300
Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Current Tax Collections (2)	\$ 55,134,931	\$ 54,818,766	\$ 53,730,645
Percent of Levy Collected	99.41%	97.22%	98.10%
Delinquent Tax Collections	1,608,958	4,163,001	3,852,544
Total Tax Collections	\$ 56,743,889	\$ 58,981,767	\$ 57,583,189
Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	102.31%	104.60%	105.13%
Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (3)	\$ 2,386,797	\$ 2,464,561	\$ 2,547,957
Percentage of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy	4.30%	4.37%	4.65%

Source: Montgomery and Greene County Auditor's Offices

Notes:

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the Counties.

Delinquent tax collections are available only by collection year rather than the year in which they were levied; therefore, the percentage of total tax collections collections to tax levy exceeds 100 percent in some years. The District will continue to work with the County Auditors to retrieve this information in the future.

- (1) Taxes levied and collected are presented on a cash basis.
- (2) State reimbursements of rollback and homestead exemptions are included; December 2008 settlement estimate included.
- (3) Penalties and interest are included, since by Ohio law they become part of the tax obligation as assessment occurs.

 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
\$ 58,823,873	\$ 69,552,184	\$ 67,660,920	\$ 76,121,264	\$ 74,540,824	\$ 75,038,035	\$ 77,600,882
\$ 57,247,393	\$ 67,400,196	\$ 65,734,803	\$ 74,133,882	\$ 72,672,977	\$ 72,869,095	\$ 76,240,787
97.32%	96.91%	97.15%	97.39%	97.49%	97.11%	98.25%
 2,385,567	940,112	 2,492,740	2,482,559	 1,607,891	 2,032,735	1,360,095
\$ 59,632,960	\$ 68,340,308	\$ 68,227,543	\$ 76,616,441	\$ 74,280,868	\$ 74,901,830	\$ 77,600,882
101.38%	98.26%	100.84%	100.65%	99.65%	99.82%	100.00%
\$ 2,861,478	\$ 2,842,448	\$ 2,483,646	\$ 2,478,575	\$ 2,611,400	\$ 2,572,058	\$ 3,197,973
4.86%	4.09%	3.67%	3.26%	3.50%	3.43%	4.12%

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental activities (1)				
General obligation bonds payable*	\$ 106,752,841	\$ 103,756,937	\$ 100,479,968	\$ 97,096,944
Capital leases	1,573,354	1,115,843	648,868	172,361
Tax anticipation notes*				
Total primary government	\$ 108,326,195	\$ 104,872,780	\$ 101,128,836	\$ 97,269,305
Population (2)				
Cities of Kettering and Moraine	64,399	64,399	64,399	62,470
Outstanding debt per capita*	1,682	1,628	1,570	1,557
Income (3)				
Personal (in thousands)	\$ 2,063,213	\$ 2,297,048	\$ 2,267,786	\$ 2,015,923
Percentage of personal income*	5.25%	4.57%	4.46%	4.83%

Sources:

- (1) District Treasurer's Office
- (2) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation

N/A = Not available

^{*}Balances of general obligation bonds, tax anticipation notes, outstanding debt per capita, and outstanding debt as a percentage of personal income include premiums, discounts, and accreted interest on bonds.

	2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017
\$ 9	93,593,522	\$ 90,714,795	\$ 89,776,084	\$ 85,503,967 - -	\$ 81,085,012	\$ 75,707,311 602,468 5,161,924
\$ 9	93,593,522	\$ 90,714,795	\$ 89,776,084	\$ 85,503,967	\$ 81,085,012	\$ 81,471,703
	62,400	62,335	62,167	61,918	61,766	61,613
	1,500	1,455	1,444	1,381	1,313	1,322
\$	2,067,089	\$ 2,067,089	\$ 2,119,372	\$ 2,184,210	2,285,571	N/A
	4.53%	4.39%	4.24%	3.91%	3.55%	N/A

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	200)8		2009		2010	 2011
Population (1)	(54,399		64,399		64,399	62,470
Assessed value (in thousands) (2)	\$ 1,39	96,394	\$	1,360,471	\$	1,381,264	\$ 1,359,862
Estimated actual value (in thousands) (2)	4,54	18,437		3,815,357		3,829,079	3,749,736
General bonded debt (3) General obligation bonds*	106,75	52,841	1	03,756,937	10	0,479,968	97,096,944
Resources available to pay principal (4)	2,52	24,780		2,058,605		1,873,907	3,014,264
Net general bonded debt*	104,22	28,061	1	01,698,332	9	8,606,061	94,082,680
Ratio of net general bonded Debt to assessed value*		7.46%		7.48%		7.14%	6.92%
Ratio of net general bonded Debt to estimated actual value		2.29%		2.67%		2.58%	2.51%
Net general bonded debt per capita*	\$	1,618	\$	1,579	\$	1,531	\$ 1,506

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Montgomery County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes
- (4) Represents the restricted for debt service balance on the statement of net position

^{*}Balances of general obligation bonds, ratios of net bonded debt to assessed value, and net bonded debt per capita include premiums, discounts, and accreted interest on bonds.

 2012	2013	2014	 2015	2016	 2017
62,400	62,335	62,167	61,918	61,766	61,613
\$ 1,249,888	\$ 1,274,940	\$ 1,278,815	\$ 1,226,272	\$ 1,233,199	\$ 1,233,856
3,432,018	3,465,840	3,459,648	3,307,034	3,321,251	3,320,900
02 502 522	00.714.705	00 774 004	05 502 07	01 005 010	75 707 211
93,593,522	90,714,795	89,776,084	85,503,967	81,085,012	75,707,311
3,224,803	2,880,116	2,696,993	2,998,825	2,824,484	3,789,810
90,368,719	87,834,679	87,079,091	82,505,142	78,260,528	71,917,501
7.23%	6.89%	6.81%	6.73%	6.35%	5.83%
2.63%	2.53%	2.52%	2.49%	2.36%	2.17%
\$ 1,448	\$ 1,409	\$ 1,401	\$ 1,332	\$ 1,267	\$ 1,167



COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT ATTRIBUTABLE TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2017

Jurisdiction	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Kettering City School District	Amount Applicable to Kettering City School District			
Direct:						
Kettering City School District	\$ 81,471,703	100.00%	\$	81,471,703		
Overlapping:						
Montgomery County	24,556,669	13.39%		3,288,138		
City of Kettering	26,410,967	98.57%		26,033,290		
City of Moraine	6,465,485	70.67%		4,569,158		
Greene County	21,700,459	0.34%		73,782		
Dayton Metro Library	 164,050,000	17.07%		28,003,335		
Subtotal	 243,183,580			61,967,703		
Total	\$ 324,655,283		\$	143,439,406		

Source: Ohio Municipal Advisory Council

Notes: Overlapping percentage was calculated by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

All outstanding debt amounts for the overlapping subdivisions are as of December 31, 2016 as this is the latest information available.

DEBT LIMITATIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2008		2009		2010		2011
Net Assessed Valuation	\$ 1	,396,394,393	\$ 1	,360,471,120	\$ 1	,381,263,910	\$ 1	,359,862,230
Overall Direct Debt Limitation								
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)		9.00%		9.00%		9.00%		9.00%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)		125,675,495		122,442,401		124,313,752		122,387,601
Applicable District Debt Outstanding		100,184,979		97,489,979		94,514,979		91,434,979
Less: Applicable Debt Service								
Fund Amounts (2)		(2,524,780)		(2,058,605)		(1,873,907)		(3,014,264)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation		97,660,199		95,431,374		92,641,072		88,420,715
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$	28,015,296	\$	27,011,027	\$	31,672,680	\$	33,966,886
Unvoted Direct Debt Limitation								
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)		0.10%		0.10%		0.10%		0.10%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	\$	1,396,394	\$	1,360,471	\$	1,381,264	\$	1,359,862
Applicable District Debt Outstanding		-		-		-		-
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$	1,396,394	\$	1,360,471	\$	1,381,264	\$	1,359,862
Energy Conservation Bond Limitation								
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)		0.90%		0.90%		0.90%		0.90%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	\$	12,567,550	\$	12,244,240	\$	12,431,375	\$	12,238,760
Authorized by the Board		(733,750)		(657,758)		(577,731)		(493,455)
Unvoted Energy Conservation								
Bond Legal Debt Margin	\$	11,833,800	\$	11,586,482	\$	11,853,644	\$	11,745,305
Total Net Indebtedness Subject								
to Limitation as a Percentage								
of Debt Limit		77.71%		77.94%		74.52%		72.25%

⁽¹⁾ Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt, 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt, and 9/10 of 1% for energy conservation debt.

⁽²⁾ Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

	2012	2013			2014		2015	-	2016	2017		
\$ 1	,249,887,860	\$ 1	,274,940,010	\$ 1	1,278,814,890	\$ 1	1,226,272,230	\$ 1	1,233,199,000	\$ 1	,233,856,260	
	9.00%		9.00%		9.00%		9.00%		9.00%		9.00%	
	112,489,907		114,744,601		115,093,340		110,364,501		110,987,910		111,047,063	
	88,524,990		85,079,930		81,852,930		78,432,980		74,381,980		66,138,986	
	(3,224,803)		(3,449,104)		(3,502,105)		(3,480,330)		(3,486,254)		(3,948,459)	
	85,300,187		81,630,826		78,350,825		74,952,650		70,895,726		62,190,527	
\$	27,189,720	\$	33,113,775	\$	36,742,515	\$	35,411,851	\$	40,092,184	\$	48,856,536	
	0.10%		0.10%		0.10%		0.10%		0.10%		0.10%	
\$	1,249,888	\$	1,274,940	\$	1,278,815	\$	1,226,272	\$	1,233,199	\$	1,233,856	
\$	1,249,888	\$	1,274,940	\$	1,278,815	\$	1,226,272	\$	1,233,199	\$	1,233,856	
	0.90%		0.90%		0.90%		0.90%		0.90%		0.90%	
\$	11,248,991	\$	11,474,460	\$	11,509,334	\$	11,036,450	\$	11,098,791	\$	11,104,706	
	(404,703)		(311,239)		(2,622,812)		(2,384,158)		(2,135,000)		(1,990,000)	
\$	10,844,288	\$	11,163,221	\$	8,886,522	\$	8,652,292	\$	8,963,791	\$	9,114,706	
	75.83%		71.14%		68.08%		67.91%		63.88%		56.00%	

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Calendar Year Population (1)	 2007	 2008	 2009
Cities of Kettering and Moraine	64,399	64,399	64,399
Montgomery County	538,104	534,626	532,562
Income (2) (a)			
Total Personal (in thousands)	\$ 2,123,235	\$ 2,187,119	\$ 2,297,048
Per Capita	32,970	33,962	35,669
Unemployment Rate			
Federal (3)	4.6%	5.8%	9.3%
State (3)	5.6%	6.6%	10.2%
Montgomery County (4)	7.3%	7.4%	11.4%
Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010
School Enrollment (5)			
Grades K - 5	3,353	3,321	3,355
Grades 6 - 8	1,676	1,677	1,681
Grades 9 - 12	2,398	2,378	2,334
Total	7,427	7,376	7,370

Sources:

- (1) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics
- (4) Ohio Department of Job and Family Services, Montgomery County
- (5) District Treasurer's Office

	2010 2011		2012		2013			2014		2015		2016	
	62,470		62,400		62,335		62,167		61,918		61,766		61,613
	535,153		537,602		534,325		535,846		533,116		532,258		531,239
\$	2,267,786	\$	2,015,923	\$	2,067,089	\$	2,067,089	\$	2,119,372	\$	2,184,210	\$	2,285,571
Ψ	36,302	Ψ	32,306	Ψ	33,161	Ψ	33,251	Ψ	34,229	Ψ	35,363	Ψ	37,096
	9.6%		8.6%		8.1%		7.4%		6.2%		5.3%		4.9%
	10.1%		8.9%		7.2%		7.1%		5.7%		4.9%		4.9%
	11.1%		8.7%		7.8%		7.5%		6.0%		5.0%		4.8%
	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
	3,219		3,191		3,445		3,424		3,444		3,500		3,523
	1,670		1,704		1,670		1,652		1,624		1,635		1,657
	2,352		2,233		2,150		2,167		2,205		2,234		2,225
	7,241		7,128		7,265		7,243		7,273		7,369		7,405



PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND DECEMBER 31, 2007

		December 31, 2016			
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank	% of Total Estimated Employment	
Kuri Militor	D' 4 II '4 I	2.570	1	12.000/	
Kettering Medical Center	Private Hospital	3,570	1	12.89%	
Synchrony Financial	Financial Services	2,000	2	7.22%	
Reynolds and Reynolds Co.	Professional Services	1,350	3	4.87%	
Kettering City School District	Education	1,032	4	3.73%	
Limited Brands, Inc. (formerly Intimate Brands, Inc.)	Catalog Ordering Center	1,000	5	3.61%	
Kroger	Retail Sales	630	6	2.27%	
City of Kettering	Government	553	7	2.00%	
Meijer, Inc.	Retail Sales	550	7	1.99%	
Tenneco	Manufacturing	522	9	1.88%	
Total Principal Employers		11,207		40.46%	
Total Estimated Employment		27,700		100.00%	
		Decei	mber 31,	2007	
				% of Total	
		Number of		Estimated	
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Kettering Medical Center	Private Hospital	3,100	1	11.19%	
GE Consumer Finance	Credit Card Processing Center	1,700	2	6.14%	
Reynolds and Reynolds Co.	Professional Services	1,076	3	3.88%	
Kettering City School District	Education	1,074	4	3.88%	
Intimate Brands, Inc.	Catalog Ordering Center	1,000	5	3.61%	
City of Kettering	Government	900	6	3.25%	
Delphi Automotive System Svcs.	Manufacturer	701	7	2.53%	
Kodak Versamark	Digital Printing	700	8	2.53%	
Meijer, Inc.	Retail Sales	550	9	1.99%	
Victoria Secret Catalogue	Retail Sales	536	10	1.94%	
Total Principal Employers	roun buios	11,337	10	40.94%	
Total Estimated Employment					

Sources: City of Kettering CAFR, and Kettering City School District CAFR, Kettering Chamber of Commerce.

Notes: Information on 10th largest employer is not available.

DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Official Administrative	38.00	37.00	34.00	33.00
Professional - Educational	509.06	518.10	525.40	510.00
Professional - Other	34.86	41.56	35.90	36.55
Technical	12.30	13.30	13.75	14.29
Office/Clerical	150.94	144.25	158.40	157.95
Crafts and Trades	13.00	14.00	11.00	11.00
Operative	33.79	36.08	35.14	35.26
Service Work/Laborer	103.02	103.27	103.73	105.15
Total Employees	894.97	907.56	917.32	903.20

Note: Employees by Type are presented on a Full Time Equivalent (FTE) basis.

Source: District records

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
33.09	33.00	32.00	31.33	33.33	36.50	
514.29	503.17	512.49	510.24	516.60	530.54	
40.40	37.10	35.19	41.64	43.80	44.20	
15.29	15.29	23.36	23.36	23.56	24.64	
171.53	162.65	157.63	171.29	172.40	190.49	
11.00	10.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	
33.36	34.50	35.35	34.40	35.98	40.36	
107.28	104.97	111.96	117.73	119.21	125.57	
926.24	900.68	918.98	940.99	955.88	1,004.30	

OPERATING INDICATORS - COST PER PUPIL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Enrollment	7,427	7,376	7,370	7,241
Modified Accrual Basis				
Operating Expenditures	\$ 86,751,045	\$ 88,045,712	\$ 92,583,988	\$ 91,231,980
Cost per Pupil	11,680	11,937	12,562	12,599
Percentage of Change	2.0%	2.2%	5.2%	0.3%
Accrual Basis				
Operating Expenses	\$ 88,976,154	\$ 90,830,341	\$ 93,178,181	\$ 92,705,223
Cost per Pupil	11,980	12,314	12,643	12,803
Percentage of Change	1.3%	2.8%	2.7%	1.3%
Teaching Staff	556	574	564	524

Source: District records and Ohio Department of Education

⁽¹⁾ Number of teachers decreased due to no longer accounting for virtual teachers. Virtual teachers are teachers at other districts teaching our students via on-line courses. All virtual courses have been brought in house and taught by current teachers.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 (1)	
7,128	7,265	7,243	7,273	7,369	7,405	
\$ 91,682,447 12,862 2.1%	\$ 93,519,981 12,873 0.1%	\$ 93,793,026 12,949 0.6%	\$ 104,006,571 14,300 10.4%	\$ 98,706,082 13,395 (6.3%)	\$ 109,973,031 14,851 10.9%	
\$ 93,449,242 13,110 2.4%	\$ 94,671,370 13,031 (0.6%)	\$ 95,235,920 13,149 0.9%	\$ 99,885,174 13,734 4.4%	\$ 99,507,265 13,503 (1.7%)	\$ 115,799,722 15,638 15.8%	
512	527	535	542	543	492	

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental activities Instruction	430 94
- 1	
Regular 467 480 470	94
Special 94 94 94	
Support Services	
Pupils	
Enrollment 7,427 7,376 7,370 7	,241
Graduates 539 575 541	542
Percent of Students with Disabilities 16% 16% 16%	16%
Board of Education	
Members 5 5 5	5
Regular Meetings per Year 12 12 12	12
Administration	
School Attendance Rate 95.1% 95.1% 95.3% 9	5.7%
Fiscal Services	
Purchase Orders Processed 5,841 5,705 5,571 5	,459
Checks Issued (non payroll) 7,033 6,384 6,360 6	,045
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	
District Square Footage Maintained 1,346,597 1,346,597 1,346,597 1,346	,597
District Square Acreage Maintained 254 254 254	254
Pupil Transportation	
Average Daily Students Transported 3,257 3,225 3,136 3	,372
Average Daily Bus Fleet Miles 2,936 3,144 2,943 2	,112
Number of Buses 61 66 66	66
Operation of Non-instructional Services	
Food Service	
Student Meals Served Yearly 700,592 689,048 715,958 708	,981
Free/Reduced Price Meals Daily 1,604 1,748 2,082 2	,215
Uniform School Supplies 3 3	3
Extracurricular Activities	
High School Varsity Teams 23 23 26	24

Source: District Treasurer's Office

⁽¹⁾ Number of regular and special instruction teachers decreased due to no longer accounting for virtual teachers. Virtual teachers are teachers at other districts teaching our students via on-line courses. All virtual courses have been brought in house and taught by current teachers.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 (1)
417	414	418	428	421	398
95	113	117	114	122	94
7,128	7,265	7,243	7,273	7,369	7,405
523	535	536	522	511	501
16%	14%	15%	14%	15%	15%
5	5	5	5	5	5
12	18	18	19	27	20
96.0%	96.0%	96.1%	96.0%	96.0%	95.5%
4,867	5,053	4,702	4,760	4,529	4,670
5,271	4,651	3,328	2,904	2,967	2,710
1,346,597	1,346,597	1,346,597	1,346,597	1,346,597	1,346,597
254	254	254	254	254	254
3,171	3,539	2,989	3,214	3,175	3,017
2,825	3,039	3,022	3,017	2,951	2,477
66	57	57	57	57	63
722 429	704.007	(74.52)	CC4 200	675 220	((2,(00
722,428	704,886	674,536	664,398	675,339	663,690
2,254	2,333 3	2,247 3	2,259 3	1,314 3	2,229
3	3	3	3	3	3
27	27	27	27	27	29

OPERATING INDICATORS - TEACHER BASE SALARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2008	 2009	 2010	 2011
Minimum Salary	\$ 33,439	\$ 34,442	\$ 35,484	\$ 35,484
Maximum Salary	85,604	88,172	90,839	90,839
District Average Salary	61,770	63,839	64,174	67,310
County Average Salary	54,212	55,124	56,459	58,081
State Average Salary	53,410	55,583	55,958	56,715

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

OPERATING INDICATORS - TEACHERS BY EDUCATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Bachelor's Degree	178	178	137	136
Master's Degree + 15	397	396	427	388
Total	575	574	564	524

Source: District records

N/A = Not Available

(1) Number of teachers decreased due to no longer accounting for virtual teachers. Virtual teachers are teachers at other districts teaching our students via on-line courses. All virtual courses have been brought in house and taught by current teachers.

 2012	 2013	 2014	2015		15 2016		2017	
\$ 35,484	\$ 35,484	\$ 35,484	\$	35,484	\$	36,918	\$	37,656
90,839	90,839	90,839		90,839		94,510		96,399
66,366	64,289	63,601		66,021		65,045		65,961
57,451	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
56,715	56,307	55,916		55,242		57,154		59,100

2012	2012 2013		2015	2016	2017 (1)	
123	142	161	174	175	139	
389	385	374	368	368	353	
512	527	535	542	543	492	

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY BUILDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Secondary				
Kettering Fairmont High School				
Square Footage	420,517	420,517	420,517	420,517
Capacity (students)	3,725	3,725	3,725	3,725
Enrollment	2,451	2,378	2,334	2,352
Middle				
Kettering Middle School				
Square Footage	245,522	245,522	245,522	245,522
Capacity (students)	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250
Enrollment	996	972	1,001	954
Van Buren Middle School				
Square Footage	103,184	103,184	103,184	103,184
Capacity (students)	960	960	960	960
Enrollment	689	705	680	716
Elementary				
Beavertown Elementary School				
Square Footage	47,347	47,347	47,347	47,347
Capacity (students)	530	530	530	530
Enrollment	387	383	361	356
Greenmont Elementary School				
Square Footage	45,633	45,633	45,633	45,633
Capacity (students)	720	720	720	720
Enrollment	326	313	341	308
Indian Riffle Elementary School				
Square Footage	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000
Capacity (students)	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300
Enrollment	448	421	431	454
J.F.Kennedy Elementary School				
Square Footage	106,000	106,000	106,000	106,000
Capacity (students)	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Enrollment	534	567	555	554
Moraine Meadows Elementary School *				
Square Footage	26,732	26,732	26,732	26,732
Capacity (students)	418	418	418	418
Enrollment	153	151	157	0

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
420,517 3,725	420,517 3,725	420,517 3,725	420,517 3,725	420,517 3,725	420,517 3,725
2,233	2,150	2,167	2,205	2,234	2,225
245,522	245,522	245,522	245,522	245,522	245,522
2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,250
965	942	962	989	1,004	1,004
103,184	103,184	103,184	103,184	103,184	103,184
960	960	960	960	960	960
739	728	690	635	631	653
47,347	47,347	47,347	47,347	47,347	47,347
530	530	530	530	530	530
338	369	353	340	346	376
45,633	45,633	45,633	45,633	45,633	45,633
720	720	720	720	720	720
314	324	325	317	344	343
102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000	102,000
1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300
438	456	433	444	470	497
106,000	106,000	106,000	106,000	106,000	106,000
1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
547	577	600	617	615	616
26,732	26,732	26,732	26,732	26,732	26,732
418	418	418	418	418	418
0	0	0	0	0	0

(Continued)

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY BUILDING (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Oakview Elementary School				
Square Footage	49,056	49,056	49,056	49,056
Capacity (students)	500	500	500	500
Enrollment	402	382	395	409
Orchard Park Elementary School				
Square Footage	34,189	34,189	34,189	34,189
Capacity (students)	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	306	291	300	258
J.E.Prass Elementary School				
Square Footage	47,264	47,264	47,264	47,264
Capacity (students)	570	570	570	570
Enrollment	324	342	352	339
Southdale Elementary School				
Square Footage	47,185	47,185	47,185	47,185
Capacity (students)	530	530	530	530
Enrollment	451	471	463	541
All Other				
Central Administration Building				
Square Footage	26,968	26,968	26,968	26,968
Occupancy	153	153	153	153
Transportation Building				
Square Footage	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
Maintenance Building				
Square Footage	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000

Source: District records

^{*} Moraine Meadows Elementary School was closed during 2011.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
49,056	49,056	49,056	49,056	49,056	49,056
500	500	500	500	500	500
382	390	379	411	412	412
34,189	34,189	34,189	34,189	34,189	34,189
450	450	450	450	450	450
264	320	319	318	330	342
47,264	47,264	47,264	47,264	47,264	47,264
570	570	570	570	570	570
364	414	420	437	415	428
47,185	47,185	47,185	47,185	47,185	47,185
530	530	530	530	530	530
544	595	595	560	568	509
26,968	26,968	26,968	26,968	26,968	26,968
153	153	153	153	153	153
30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000

EDUCATIONAL AND OPERATIONAL STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011
ACT Scores (Average)				
Kettering	22.7	23.6	23.0	23.1
Ohio	21.7	21.7	21.8	21.8
National	21.1	21.1	21.1	21.1
SAT Scores (Average) (2)				
Kettering				
Verbal/Critical Reading	517	540	550	545
Mathematical	531	556	558	547
Writing	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ohio				
Verbal/Critical Reading	534	537	538	539
Mathematical	544	546	548	545
Writing	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
National				
Verbal/Critical Reading	502	501	501	497
Mathematical	515	515	516	514
Writing	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
National Merit Scholars				
Finalist	2	1	0	1
Semi-Finalist	2	2	0	1
Commended Scholars	0	1	3	3
Hispanic Scholars	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cost per Student (ODE)				
Kettering	\$11,078	\$8,590	\$12,299	\$12,017
Ohio (Average)	\$9,939	\$10,254	\$10,512	\$10,697
Attendance Rate				
Kettering	95.1%	95.1%	95.3%	95.7%
Ohio (Average)	94.2%	94.3%	94.3%	94.5%
Graduation Rate (1)				
Kettering	97.8%	97.9%	98.0%	97.1%
Ohio (Average)	86.2%	84.6%	83.0%	84.3%

Source:

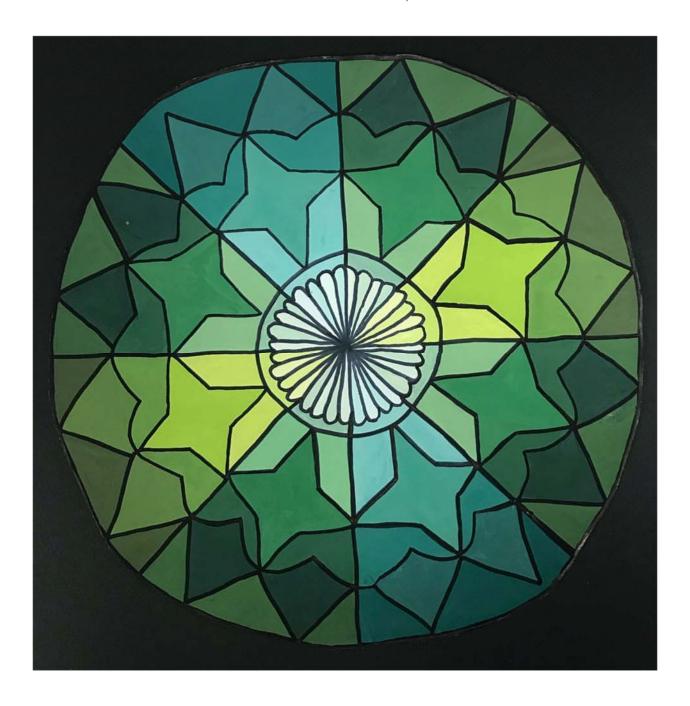
District records and Ohio Department of Education

N/A = Not Available

Notes:

- (1) The Ohio Department of Education changed the method of calculating the graduation rate to a 4-year cohort during fiscal year 2012.
- (2) Beginning in fiscal year 2015, Juniors who are college bound were able to take the test. However, only the scores of Seniors are reported in the table above.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
23.1	24.0	23.7	23.8	23.6	20.9
21.8	21.8	22.0	22.0	22.0	19.8
21.1	20.9	21.0	21.0	20.8	21.0
548	556	553	551	479	588
563	566	549	556	485	589
N/A	536	518	514	457	N/A
534	548	555	557	556	570
552	556	562	563	563	565
N/A	531	535	537	537	N/A
492	496	497	495	494	538
514	514	513	511	508	533
N/A	488	487	484	482	N/A
1	3	1	3	2	2
1	3	1	3	2	0
4	5	5	6	3	4
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	0
\$12,005	\$11,070	\$11,656	\$12,131	\$10,230	\$10,336
\$10,597	\$10,185	\$10,394	\$10,913	\$8,840	\$9,149
96.0%	96.0%	96.1%	96.0%	96.0%	95.9%
94.5%	94.2%	94.3%	94.1%	94.1%	93.1%
92.4%	92.4%	95.7%	94.3%	92.6%	92.5%
80.0%	81.3%	82.2%	82.2%	83.0%	83.6%





MONTGOMERY COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JANUARY 30, 2018