#### **MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT**



## Basic Financial Statements – Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2018

**PAUL BROTZKI, TREASURER** 





Board of Education Maumee City School District 716 Askin Street Maumee, OH 43537-3602

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Maumee City School District, Lucas County, prepared by Plattenburg & Associates, Inc., for the audit period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Maumee City School District is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 17, 2018



### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education
Maumee City School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure about the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statements amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

#### **Accounting Basis**

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

Other Information

We applied no procedures to the Management's Discussion & Analysis. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio November 15, 2018

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The management's discussion and analysis of the Maumee City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018, within the limitations of the District's modified cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the modified cash basis basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- The total net position of the District decreased \$468,554 or 6.24% from fiscal year 2017.
- ➤ General cash receipts accounted for \$32,709,973 or 86.18% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$5,244,995 or 13.82% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- The District had \$38,423,522 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$5,244,995, of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General cash receipts (primarily taxes) and entitlements not restricted of \$32,709,973 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- The District's major funds are the general fund and debt service fund. The general fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$31,084,409 in 2018. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund, totaled \$31,203,046 in 2018. The general fund's cash balance decreased \$118,637 from 2017 to 2018.
- The debt service fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$2,713,615 in 2018. The cash disbursements of the debt service fund totaled \$2,621,330 in 2018. The debt service fund's cash balance increased \$92,285 from 2017 to 2018.

#### Using this Modified Cash Basis Basic Financial Statements (BFS)

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's modified cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - modified cash basis and statement of activities - modified cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's modified cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund and debt service fund are the most significant funds, and the only governmental funds reported as major funds.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" These statements include *only net position* using the *modified cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position on a modified cash basis. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the modified cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs and other factors.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis, the governmental activities include District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the debt service fund. The analysis of the District's major governmental funds begins on page 10.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer modified cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only fiduciary funds are a private purpose trust fund and an agency fund. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-58 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Recall that the statement of net position - modified cash basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net position for at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

#### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities2018			Governmental Activities 2017		
Assets						
Equity in pooled cash and						
investments	\$	7,041,374	\$	7,509,928		
Total assets		7,041,374		7,509,928		
Net Position						
Restricted		2,570,379		2,832,093		
		, ,				
Unrestricted		4,470,995		4,677,835		
Total net position	\$	7,041,374	\$	7,509,928		

The total net position of the District decreased \$468,554, which represents a 6.24% decrease from fiscal year 2017. The decrease is due primarily to spending for capital items in fiscal year 2018.

The balance of government-wide unrestricted net position of \$4,470,995 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The table below shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2018 and 2017.

#### **Change in Net Position**

	Governmental Activities 2018	Governmental Activities 2017		
Cash Receipts:				
Program cash receipts:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,753,145	\$ 1,525,093		
Operating grants and contributions	3,059,279	2,983,183		
Capital grants and contributions	432,571			
Total program cash receipts	5,244,995	4,508,276		
General cash receipts:				
Property and other taxes	22,963,075	22,597,009		
Unrestricted grants	9,569,631	9,425,429		
Sale of notes	-	1,000,000		
Investment earnings	92,186	45,208		
Other	85,081	119,309		
Total general cash receipts	32,709,973	33,186,955		
Total cash receipts	37,954,968	37,695,231		

<sup>-</sup> Continued

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Change in Net Position (Continued)**

	Governmental Activities 2018	Governmental Activities 2017		
Cash Disbursements:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 15,479,603	\$ 15,271,403		
Special	3,601,249	3,623,087		
Vocational	215,220	195,175		
Adult/continuing	15,229	30,794		
Other	760,484	842,128		
Support services:				
Pupil	1,784,828	1,758,668		
Instructional staff	595,483	672,520		
Board of education	29,810	36,218		
Administration	3,212,337	3,150,614		
Fiscal	808,999	810,478		
Business	94,536	182,383		
Operations and maintenance	3,138,391	3,233,607		
Pupil transportation	1,000,648	1,057,864		
Central	926,103	852,715		
Operation of non instructional services:				
Other non-instructional services	522,045	753,364		
Food service operations	800,202	815,336		
Extracurricular	1,186,379	1,132,802		
Facilities acquisition and construction	1,662,506	1,775,247		
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	1,855,000	1,590,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	734,470	779,130		
Total cash disbursements	38,423,522	38,563,533		
Change in net position	(468,554)	(868,302)		
Net position at beginning of year	7,509,928	8,378,230		
Net position at end of year	\$ 7,041,374	\$ 7,509,928		

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental net position decreased by \$468,554 in fiscal year 2018 from fiscal year 2017. The decrease is mainly due to spending for capital items. Total governmental cash disbursements of \$38,423,522 were offset by program cash receipts of \$5,244,995 and general cash receipts of \$32,709,973. Program receipts supported 13.65% of the total governmental cash disbursements.

The primary sources of cash receipts for governmental activities are derived from property taxes, and grants and entitlements. These cash receipt sources represent 85.71% of total governmental cash receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

The statement of activities - modified cash basis shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. The following table shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

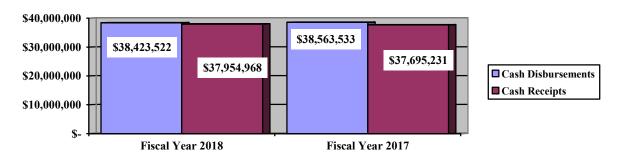
	<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
	T	Total Cost of Services 2018	1	Net Cost of Services 2018	T 	Total Cost of Services 2017	_	Net Cost of Services 2017
Cash disbursements:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	15,479,603	\$	14,626,507	\$	15,271,403	\$	14,576,241
Special		3,601,249		2,072,194		3,623,087		2,216,657
Vocational		215,220		181,805		195,175		161,438
Adult/continuing		15,229		15,229		30,794		30,794
Other		760,484		760,484		842,128		842,128
Support services:								
Pupil		1,784,828		1,753,874		1,758,668		1,743,263
Instructional staff		595,483		520,945		672,520		568,630
Board of education		29,810		29,810		36,218		36,218
Administration		3,212,337		3,212,337		3,150,614		3,139,488
Fiscal		808,999		808,999		810,478		810,478
Business		94,536		26,441		182,383		46,136
Operations and maintenance		3,138,391		2,959,500		3,233,607		3,144,049
Pupil transportation		1,000,648		935,107		1,057,864		995,014
Central		926,103		748,435		852,715		785,570
Operation of non instructional services:								
Other non-instructional services		522,045		(70,079)		753,364		107,107
Food service operations		800,202		(9,917)		815,336		(15,109)
Extracurricular		1,186,379		354,880		1,132,802		722,778
Facilities acquisition and construction		1,662,506		1,662,506		1,775,247		1,775,247
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,855,000		1,855,000		1,590,000		1,590,000
Interest and fiscal charges		734,470	_	734,470	_	779,130		779,130
Total	\$	38,423,522	\$	33,178,527	\$	38,563,533	\$	34,055,257

The dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with 85.13% of cash disbursements supported through taxes and other general cash receipts during 2018.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

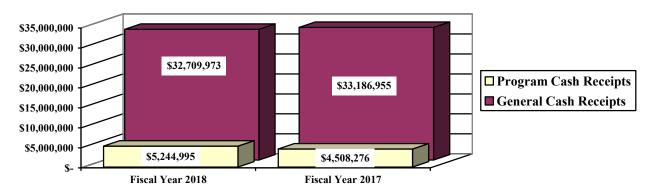
The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts and cash disbursements for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

#### Governmental Activities - Total Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements



The graph below presents the District's governmental activities cash receipts for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

#### **Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts**



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting.

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,041,374, which is \$468,554 less than last year's total of \$7,509,928. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

	nd Balance ne 30, 2018	nd Balance ne 30, 2017	Increase (Decrease)	
Major funds:				
General	\$ 4,451,185	\$ 4,569,822	\$ (118,637)	
Debt service	1,607,254	1,514,969	92,285	
Other nonmajor governmental funds	 982,935	 1,425,137	(442,202)	
Total	\$ 7,041,374	\$ 7,509,928	\$ (468,554)	

#### General Fund

The general fund, the District's largest major fund, had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$31,084,409 in 2018. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund, totaled \$31,203,046 in 2018. The general fund's fund balance decreased \$118,637 from 2017 to 2018. Total general fund receipts increased 2.74%. Total general fund disbursements increased 0.15%

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund.

	 2018 Amount	_	2017 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>		
Cash Receipts:						
Taxes	\$ 19,875,076	\$	19,555,390	1.63	%	
Tuition	590,664		321,383	83.79	%	
Earnings on investments	73,590		27,459	168.00	%	
Classroom materials and fees	135,037		132,965	1.56	%	
Intergovernmental	9,960,663		9,857,907	1.04	%	
Other revenues	 437,873		349,622	25.24	%	
Total	\$ 31,072,903	\$	30,244,726	2.74	%	

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash disbursements of the general fund.

	2018 Amount	2017 Amount	Percentage <u>Change</u>	
Cash Disbursements				
Instruction	\$ 19,132,900	\$ 19,038,457	0.50 %	
Support services	11,163,459	11,265,663	(0.91) %	
Operation of non instruction	50,331	42,847	17.47 %	
Extracurricular	846,356	800,305	5.75 %	
Total	\$ 31,193,046	\$ 31,147,272	0.15 %	

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

#### Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$2,713,615 in 2018. The cash disbursements of the debt service fund totaled \$2,621,330 in 2018. The fund balance of the debt service fund increased \$92,285 from fiscal year 2017.

#### Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2018, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times. For the general fund, original budgeted receipts and other financing sources were \$30,567,856, which were unchanged in the final budgeted receipts. Actual receipts and other financing sources for fiscal year 2018 were \$30,798,588. This represents a \$230,732 increase from final budgeted receipts.

General fund original appropriations (appropriated cash disbursements including other financing uses) of \$31,400,190 were decreased to \$30,935,636 in the final appropriations. The actual budget basis disbursements for fiscal year 2018 totaled \$31,184,344, which was \$248,708 greater than the final budget appropriations.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying modified cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements.

#### Debt Administration

The District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2018 and 2017.

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities 2017
General obligation bonds	\$ 26,357,851	\$ 27,735,988
Tax anticipation note	805,000	1,000,000
Total long-term obligations	\$ 27,162,851	\$ 28,735,988

See Note 7 to the basic financial statements for more detail on the District's long-term obligations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (UNAUDITED)

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

Traditionally the District has had a strong financial base and a somewhat stable revenue source. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily on property taxes and the State Foundation Program. The District's voters passed a 5.9 mill levy in May 2018, which should generate approximately \$2.4 million per year, but this does not shroud it from the slow economic recovery on both the national and State level. Other factors affecting the District are the requirements of Federal and State regulations, including but not limited to, safety and security measures, the No Child Left Behind Act, 3<sup>rd</sup> grade reading guarantee, AYP, RTI and the Ohio Improvement Process.

Considering the external economic challenges, the District's financial outlook is somewhat solid for the next few years but wonders if it can continue to draw on the local taxpayers to foot the bill. The Board of Education and administration closely monitor its receipts and disbursements in accordance with its financial forecast. Despite the economic challenges, the District continues to perform at one of the highest levels determined by the State of Ohio.

The District communicates to its community that it relies upon their support for the major part of its operations, and will continued to diligently control expenses in an effort to stay within the District's five-year financial plan. State law retards the growth of income generated by local levies rendering revenue relatively constant. This lack of revenue growth forces the District to go to the voters periodically to ask for additional financial support.

A challenge facing the District is the future of State funding. The State of Ohio was found by the Ohio Supreme Court in March 1997 to be operating an unconstitutional educational system, one that was neither "adequate" nor "equitable". Subsequent decisions by the Supreme Court have upheld this earlier decision. Since 1997, the State has directed its tax revenue growth toward school districts with little property wealth. While State Foundation revenue is increasing per the newly enacted State biennium budget, the District will actually lose revenue of more than \$247,000 over the same time period due to the continuing reductions of the Commercial Activity Tax (CAT) payment/reimbursements.

As a result, all of the District's abilities will be called upon to meet the challenges the future might bring. It is imperative the District's Board and management team continue to carefully and prudently plan in order to provide the resources required to meet the students' needs and the State's requirements over the next several years.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Paul Brotzki, Treasurer, Maumee City School District, 716 Askin Street, Maumee, Ohio 43537.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities		
Assets:			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	7,041,374	
Total assets		7,041,374	
Net position:			
Restricted for:			
Capital projects		491,243	
Debt service		1,607,254	
Locally funded programs		63,585	
State funded programs		44,729	
Student activities		270,495	
Other purposes		93,073	
Unrestricted		4,470,995	
Total net position	\$	7,041,374	

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net (Cash

Disbursements) Cash **Receipts and Changes** In Net Position **Program Cash Receipts** Charges for **Capital Grants** Cash **Operating Grants** Governmental **Disbursements** Services and Sales and Contributions and Contributions Activities Governmental activities: Instruction: \$ \$ 500,646 \$ 15,479,603 352,450 (14,626,507)Special . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3,601,249 184,452 1,344,603 (2,072,194)Vocational . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 215,220 33,415 (181,805)15,229 Adult/continuing. . . . . . . . . . . . -(15,229)Other . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 760,484 (760,484)Support services: 1,784,828 30,954 (1,753,874)Instructional staff . . . . . . . . . 595,483 362 74,176 (520,945)29,810 Board of education . . . . . . . . (29,810)Administration. . . . . . . . . . . . . 3,212,337 -(3,212,337)Fiscal...... 808,999 (808,999)68,095 Business. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 94,536 (26,441)Operations and maintenance . . . . 3,138,391 130,623 48,268 (2,959,500)Pupil transportation. . . . . . . . . 1,000,648 65,541 (935,107)Central . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 926,103 177,668 (748, 435)Operation of non-instructional services: 400,473 409,646 9,917 Food service operations . . . . . 800,202 71,265 Other non-instructional services . . . 522,045 520,859 70,079 Extracurricular activities. . . . . . . 1,186,379 397,229 1,699 432,571 (354,880)Facilities acquisition and construction. 1,662,506 (1,662,506)Debt service: Principal retirement. . . . . . . . . 1,855,000 (1,855,000)Interest and fiscal charges . . . . . . 734,470 (734,470)38,423,522 1,753,145 \$ Total governmental activities . . . . . \_\$ 3,059,279 432,571 (33,178,527)General cash receipts: Property taxes levied for: 19,875,076 2,040,895 1,047,104 Grants and entitlements not restricted 9,569,631 92,186 85,081 32,709,973 (468,554)Net position at beginning of year . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7,509,928 Net position at end of year . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7,041,374

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2018}$

	General		Debt Service	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:				 		
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments \$	4,451,185	\$	1,607,254	\$ 982,935	\$	7,041,374
Total assets	4,451,185	\$	1,607,254	\$ 982,935	\$	7,041,374
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt service	-	\$	1,607,254	\$ -	\$	1,607,254
Capital improvements	-		_	491,243		491,243
Food service operations	-		_	93,073		93,073
Non-public schools	-		-	44,729		44,729
Extracurricular	-		-	270,495		270,495
Other purposes	_		_	63,585		63,585
Committed:				Ź		Ź
Capital improvements	_		_	24,880		24.880
Other purposes	11,000		_			11,000
Assigned:	11,000					11,000
Student instruction	90,961		_	_		90,961
Student and staff support	385,133		_	_		385,133
Other purposes	169,056		_	_		169,056
Unassigned (deficit)	3,795,035		_	(5,070)		3,789,965
Chassigned (deficit)	3,173,033	-		 (3,070)		3,707,703
Total fund balances	4,451,185	\$	1,607,254	\$ 982,935	\$	7,041,374

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Prome   Section   Prome   Section		General	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Property taxes   \$19,875,076   \$ 2,040,895   \$1,047,104   \$22,953,075   \$17,000   \$17,000   \$2,758   \$93,777   \$2,758   \$17,429   \$2,758   \$93,777   \$2,758   \$135,037   \$14,000   \$191,098   \$194,857   \$15,037   \$15	Cash receipts:					
Tuition	From local sources:					
Earnings on investments	Property taxes \$	19,875,076	\$ 2,040,895	\$ 1,047,104	\$ 22,963,075	
Charges for services         35,6,614         356,614         356,614         26,614         Charges for services         191,098         194,887         Classroom materials and fees         135,037         Other local revenues         434,114         7,77,733         1,19,471         1,19,471         1,19,472         1,18,472 <th< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>590,664</td></th<>		,	-	-	590,664	
Extracurricular	Earnings on investments	73,590	17,429	2,758	93,777	
Class nommaterials and fees		-	-	356,614		
Other local revenues         434,114         -         75,733         1,191,847           Intergovernmental - federal         9,960,663         434,053         549,250         10,943,962           Intergovernmental - federal         -         -         1,483,625         1,483,625           Total cash receipts         31,072,903         2,492,377         4,388,182         37,953,462           Cash disbursements:           Current:           Instruction:           Regular         15,079,911         399,692         15,479,603           Special         3,062,056         539,193         3,601,249           Vocational         215,220         -         15,229           Other         760,484         -         760,484           Support services:         Pupil         1,756,552         -         28,276         1,784,828           Instructional staff         520,361         75,122         95,483         80,999           Business.         94,536         -         -         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business.         94,536         -         92,586 <th< td=""><td></td><td>3,759</td><td>-</td><td>191,098</td><td></td></th<>		3,759	-	191,098		
Intergovernmental - Inte		/	-	-		
Intergovernmental - federal   1,483,625   1,483,625   Total cash receipts   31,072,903   2,492,377   4,388,182   37,953,462   37,953,470   37,953,	Other local revenues	,	-			
Total cash receipts   31,072,903   2,492,377   4,388,182   37,953,462	e	9,960,663	434,053	549,250		
Cash disbursements:   Current:   Instruction:   Regular.   15.079.911   - 399.692   15.479.603     Special   3.062.056   539,193   3.601.249     Vocational   215.220   - 215.229     Adult/continuing   15.229   - 25.229     Other   760.484   - 5.229     Other   760.484   - 5.229     Other   760.484   - 760.484     Support services:   Pupil   1,756.552   - 28.276   1,784.828     Instructional staff   520,361   - 75,122   595,483     Board of education   29,810   - 75,122   595,483     Board of education   3,212,337   - 32,12,337     Fiscal   761,654   31,860   15,485   808,999     Business   94,536   - 122,281   3,138,391     Administration   3,212,337   - 32,12,337     Fiscal   761,654   31,860   15,485   808,999     Business   94,536   - 122,281   3,138,391     Applit transportation   908,062   92,586   1,000,648     Central   864,037   - 62,066   926,103     Operation of non-instructional services     Food service operations   50,331   471,714   522,045     Extracurricular activities   846,356   340,023   1,186,379     Facilities acquisition and construction   50,331   471,714   522,045     Extracurricular activities   846,356   340,023   1,186,379     Facilities acquisition and construction   734,470   734,470     Total cash disbursements over     cash receipts   1,506   2,21,330   4,609,146   38,23,522     Excess of cash disbursements over     cash receipts   1,506   2,21,338   (221,238)     Transfers (out)   1,0000   - 10,000   20,000     Total other financing sources (uses)   1,506   221,238   (221,238)     Advances in   1,0000   - 10,000   20,000     Total other financing sources (uses)   1,506   221,238   (221,238)     Fund balances at beginning of year   4,569,822   1,514,969   1,425,137   7,509,928						
Instruction:   Regular.	Total cash receipts	31,072,903	2,492,377	4,388,182	37,953,462	
Instruction:   Regular.	Cash dishursements:					
Instruction:   Regular.   15,079,911   399,692   15,479,603   Special   3,062,056   539,193   3,601,249   Vocational   215,220   539,193   3,601,249   Vocational   215,220   539,193   3,601,249   Vocational   215,220   539,193   3,601,249   Vocational   51,222   52,20   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   54,276   515,229   51						
Regular.         15,079,911         399,692         15,479,603           Special.         3,062,056         539,193         3,601,249           Vocational         215,229         5         539,193         3,601,249           Vocational         215,229         5         215,229           Other         760,484         5         760,484           Support services:         760,484         5         28,276         1784,828           Instructional staff         520,361         5         28,276         1,784,828           Instructional staff         520,361         7         5,122         595,483           Board of education         29,810         5         29,810           Administration         3,212,337         5         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business         94,536         5         94,536						
Special   3,062,056   539,193   3,601,249		15 079 911	_	399 692	15 479 603	
Vocational   215,220   -   15,229   15,220   15,229   17,84,828   17,84,828   18,420   15,265   17,84,828   18,420   15,265   17,84,828   18,420   18,2337			_			
Adult/continuing         15,229         -         -         15,229           Other         760,484         -         -         760,484           Support services:         760,484         -         -         760,484           Pupil         1,756,552         -         28,276         1,784,828           Instructional staff         520,361         -         75,122         595,483           Board of education         29,810         -         -         29,810           Administration         3,212,337         -         -         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         888,999           Business         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379			_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Other         760,484         -         760,484           Support services         -         -         760,484           Pupil         1,756,552         -         28,276         1,784,828           Instructional staff         520,361         -         75,122         595,833           Board of education         29,810         -         -         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         50,331         -         800,202         800,202           Eod service operations         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>_</td><td></td></t<>			_	_		
Support services:   Pupil	e	,	_	_		
Pupil         1,756,552         28,276         1,784,828           Instructional staff         520,361         75,122         595,483           Board of education         29,810         76,122         595,483           Administration         3,212,337         -         -         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         -         800,202           Food service operations.         -         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Int		700,101			700,101	
Instructional staff         520,361         -         75,122         595,483           Board of education         29,810         -         -         29,810           Administration         3,212,337         -         -         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         Principal retirement.         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -		1 756 552	_	28 276	1 784 828	
Board of education         29,810         -         29,810           Administration         3,212,337         -         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         -         800,202         800,202           Food service operations.         -         -         -         800,202         800,202           Oberation of non-instructional services.         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities.         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Debt service:         Principal retirement.         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges <t< td=""><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		, ,	_			
Administration         3,212,337         -         -         3,212,337           Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements over cash receipts         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060) <td cols<="" td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td>,</td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>		,	_		
Fiscal         761,654         31,860         15,485         808,999           Business         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         Principal retirement         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements over cash receipts         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets         1,506 <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>_</td> <td></td>			_	_		
Business.         94,536         -         -         94,536           Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         -         800,202         800,202           Food service operations.         -         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services.         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities.         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         Principal retirement.         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.			31.860	15 485		
Operations and maintenance         3,016,110         -         122,281         3,138,391           Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         -         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470         -         734,470         -         734,470         -         -         1,506         -         -         1,506         -         -         1,506         -         -         1,506         -         -         -         1,506         -         -         -         1,506		,	-	-		
Pupil transportation         908,062         -         92,586         1,000,648           Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         -         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction         -         -         1,662,506         1662,506           Debt service:         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers in         -         221,238         -         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         2221,238         (221,238)           Advances in<			_	122 281		
Central         864,037         -         62,066         926,103           Operation of non-instructional services         Food service operations.         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services.         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities.         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         -         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers (out).         -         221,238         221,238         221,238           Advan	•		_	· ·		
Operation of non-instructional services           Food service operations.         -         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services.         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities.         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         -         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers (out).         -         221,238         221,238         221,238           Transfers (out).         -         221,238         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			_			
Food service operations.         -         -         800,202         800,202           Other non-instructional services.         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities.         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         -         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers (out).         -         221,238         -         221,238           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (use		001,037		02,000	720,103	
Other non-instructional services.         50,331         -         471,714         522,045           Extracurricular activities.         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         Principal retirement.         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers (out)         -         221,238         -         221,238           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506		_	_	800 202	800 202	
Extracurricular activities.         846,356         -         340,023         1,186,379           Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         -         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers (out)         -         221,238         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637) <t< td=""><td></td><td>50.331</td><td>_</td><td>· ·</td><td></td></t<>		50.331	_	· ·		
Facilities acquisition and construction.         -         -         1,662,506         1,662,506           Debt service:         Principal retirement.         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers in.         -         221,238         -         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balance		,	_			
Debt service:         Principal retirement.       -       1,855,000       -       1,855,000         Interest and fiscal charges       -       734,470       -       734,470         Total cash disbursements       31,193,046       2,621,330       4,609,146       38,423,522         Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.       (120,143)       (128,953)       (220,964)       (470,060)         Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets.       1,506       -       -       1,506         Transfers in.       -       221,238       -       221,238         Transfers (out)       -       -       (221,238)       (221,238)         Advances in       10,000       -       10,000       20,000         Advances (out)       (10,000)       -       (10,000)       (20,000)         Total other financing sources (uses)       1,506       221,238       (221,238)       1,506         Net change in fund balances       (118,637)       92,285       (442,202)       (468,554)         Fund balances at beginning of year       4,569,822       1,514,969       1,425,137       7,509,928			_	,		
Principal retirement.         -         1,855,000         -         1,855,000           Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         -         1,506           Transfers in.         -         221,238         -         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balances at beginning of year         4,569,822         1,514,969         1,425,137         7,509,928	1			1,002,500	1,002,500	
Interest and fiscal charges         -         734,470         -         734,470           Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers in         -         221,238         -         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balances at beginning of year         4,569,822         1,514,969         1,425,137         7,509,928		_	1.855.000	_	1.855.000	
Total cash disbursements         31,193,046         2,621,330         4,609,146         38,423,522           Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers in         -         221,238         -         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balances at beginning of year         4,569,822         1,514,969         1,425,137         7,509,928		_		_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Excess of cash disbursements over cash receipts. (120,143) (128,953) (220,964) (470,060)  Other financing sources (uses):  Sale of capital assets. 1,506 1,506  Transfers in 221,238 - 221,238  Transfers (out) (221,238) (221,238)  Advances in 10,000 - 10,000 20,000  Advances (out). (10,000) - (10,000) (20,000)  Total other financing sources (uses) 1,506 221,238 (221,238)  Net change in fund balances. (118,637) 92,285 (442,202) (468,554)  Fund balances at beginning of year 4,569,822 1,514,969 1,425,137 7,509,928		31,193,046		4,609,146		
cash receipts.         (120,143)         (128,953)         (220,964)         (470,060)           Other financing sources (uses):           Sale of capital assets.         1,506         -         -         1,506           Transfers in.         -         221,238         -         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balances at beginning of year         4,569,822         1,514,969         1,425,137         7,509,928		-,-,-,-,-		.,,		
Other financing sources (uses):         Sale of capital assets.       1,506       -       -       1,506         Transfers in.       -       221,238       -       221,238         Transfers (out)       -       -       (221,238)       (221,238)         Advances in       10,000       -       10,000       20,000         Advances (out)       (10,000)       -       (10,000)       (20,000)         Total other financing sources (uses)       1,506       221,238       (221,238)       1,506         Net change in fund balances       (118,637)       92,285       (442,202)       (468,554)         Fund balances at beginning of year       4,569,822       1,514,969       1,425,137       7,509,928	Excess of cash disbursements over					
Sale of capital assets.       1,506       -       -       1,506         Transfers in.       -       221,238       -       221,238         Transfers (out)       -       -       (221,238)       (221,238)         Advances in       10,000       -       10,000       20,000         Advances (out)       (10,000)       -       (10,000)       (20,000)         Total other financing sources (uses)       1,506       221,238       (221,238)       1,506         Net change in fund balances       (118,637)       92,285       (442,202)       (468,554)         Fund balances at beginning of year       4,569,822       1,514,969       1,425,137       7,509,928	cash receipts	(120,143)	(128,953)	(220,964)	(470,060)	
Sale of capital assets.       1,506       -       -       1,506         Transfers in.       -       221,238       -       221,238         Transfers (out)       -       -       (221,238)       (221,238)         Advances in       10,000       -       10,000       20,000         Advances (out)       (10,000)       -       (10,000)       (20,000)         Total other financing sources (uses)       1,506       221,238       (221,238)       1,506         Net change in fund balances       (118,637)       92,285       (442,202)       (468,554)         Fund balances at beginning of year       4,569,822       1,514,969       1,425,137       7,509,928	Other financing courses (uses):					
Transfers in.         -         221,238         -         221,238           Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balances at beginning of year         4,569,822         1,514,969         1,425,137         7,509,928	. , ,	1 506			1 506	
Transfers (out)         -         -         (221,238)         (221,238)           Advances in         10,000         -         10,000         20,000           Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balances at beginning of year         4,569,822         1,514,969         1,425,137         7,509,928	<u>.</u>	1,300	221 229	-		
Advances in		-	221,238	(221 229)		
Advances (out)         (10,000)         -         (10,000)         (20,000)           Total other financing sources (uses)         1,506         221,238         (221,238)         1,506           Net change in fund balances         (118,637)         92,285         (442,202)         (468,554)           Fund balances at beginning of year         4,569,822         1,514,969         1,425,137         7,509,928	· ·	10.000	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)     1,506     221,238     (221,238)     1,506       Net change in fund balances     (118,637)     92,285     (442,202)     (468,554)       Fund balances at beginning of year     4,569,822     1,514,969     1,425,137     7,509,928		,	-	· ·		
Net change in fund balances			221 229			
Fund balances at beginning of year       4,569,822       1,514,969       1,425,137       7,509,928	Total other financing sources (uses)	1,506	221,238	(221,238)	1,506	
	Net change in fund balances	(118,637)	92,285	(442,202)	(468,554)	
	Fund balances at beginning of year	4,569,822	1,514,969	1,425,137	7,509,928	

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	 Actual	(]	Negative)
Budgetary basis receipts:							
From local sources:							
Property taxes	\$	19,726,179	\$	19,726,179	\$ 19,875,076	\$	148,897
Tuition.		586,239		586,239	590,664		4,425
Earnings on investments		73,039		73,039	73,590		551
Classroom materials and fees		52,996		52,996	53,396		400
Other local revenues		231,340		231,340	233,086		1,746
Intergovernmental - state		9,886,041		9,886,041	 9,960,663		74,622
Total budgetary basis receipts		30,555,834		30,555,834	 30,786,475		230,641
Budgetary basis disbursements:							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Regular		14,927,665		14,706,816	14,784,634		(77,818)
Special		3,021,767		2,977,061	3,120,160		(143,099)
Vocational		224,678		221,354	217,900		3,454
Adult/continuing		17,884		17,619	16,220		1,399
Other		736,395		725,500	760,484		(34,984)
Support services: Pupil		1,808,857		1,782,096	1,765,251		16,845
Instructional staff		513,505		505,908	475,435		30,473
Board of education		45,514		44,841	29,810		15,031
Administration		3,301,284		3,252,443	3,229,627		22,816
Fiscal		757,279		746,075	775,911		(29,836)
Business		41,108		40,500	38,265		2,235
Operations and maintenance		3,156,528		3,109,828	3,130,871		(21,043)
Pupil transportation		948,398		934,367	924,603		9,764
Central		823,947		811,757	858,000		(46,243)
Other non-instructional services		3,091		3,045	1,163		1,882
Extracurricular activities		856,883		844,206	831,010		13,196
Total budgetary basis disbursements		31,184,783		30,723,416	30,959,344		(235,928)
Excess (deficiency) of budgetary basis receipts							
over (under) budgetary basis disbursements		(628,949)		(167,582)	 (172,869)		(5,287)
Other financing sources (vess)					 		
Other financing sources (uses):		602		602	607		5
Refund of prior year's expenditures Transfers (out)		(201,430)		(198,450)	607 (215,000)		(16.550)
,				. , ,	10,000		(16,550)
Advances in		9,925		9,925			75 2.770
Advances (out)		(13,977)		(13,770)	(10,000)		3,770
Sale of capital assets		1,495		1,495	 1,506		(12 (90)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(203,385)		(200,198)	 (212,887)		(12,689)
Net change in fund balance		(832,334)		(367,780)	(385,756)		(17,976)
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,948,036		3,948,036	3,948,036		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		232,755		232,755	232,755		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,348,457	\$	3,813,011	\$ 3,795,035	\$	(17,976)

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2018}$

	Private Purpose Trust  Scholarship			
			Agency	
Assets:	<u> </u>			
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	158,324	\$	43,647
Total assets	\$	158,324	\$	43,647 43,647
Net position:				
Due to students	\$	=	\$	43,647
Held in trust for scholarships		158,324		
Total net position	\$	158,324	\$	43,647

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Priv:	Private Purpose Trust		
	Scholarship			
Additions:				
Interest	\$	1,209		
Gifts and contributions		107,323		
Total additions		108,532		
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		108,391		
Change in net position		141		
Net position at beginning of year		158,183		
Net position at end of year	\$	158,324		

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#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Maumee City School District (the "District) is located in central Lucas County in northwest Ohio, encompassing most of the City of Maumee and parts of the City of Toledo.

The District is organized under Sections 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four year terms.

The District currently operates 3 elementary schools, 1 middle school, and 1 comprehensive high school.

The District employs 19 administrators, 126 non-certified and 185 certified full-time and part-time employees to provide services to approximately 2,440 students in grades K through 12 and various community groups.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed in Note 2.B., these financial statements are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In cases where these modified cash basis statements contain items that are the same as, or similar to, those items in financial statements prepared in conformity with GAAP, similar informative disclosures are provided.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary governments financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organizations are described due to their relationship to the District:

#### JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### Northwest Ohio Computer Association

The District is a participant in the Northwest Ohio Computer Association (NWOCA) which is a computer consortium. NWOCA is an association of education entities within the boundaries of Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties in northwestern Ohio. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. NWOCA is governed by the Northern Buckeye Education Council and its participating members. Total disbursements made by the District to NWOCA during this fiscal year were \$93,772. Financial information can be obtained from Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, PO Box 407, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

#### Northern Buckeye Education Council

The Northern Buckeye Education Council (NBEC) was established in 1979 to foster cooperation among school districts located in Defiance, Fulton, Henry, Lucas, Williams, and Wood counties. NBEC is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member entities and bylaws adopted by the representatives of the member educational entities. NBEC is governed by an elected Board consisting of two representatives from each of the counties in which the member educational entities are located. The Board is elected from an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating educational entity. To obtain financial information write to the Northern Buckeye Education Council, Robin Pfund, who serves as Treasurer, at 209 Nolan Parkway, PO Box 407, Archbold, Ohio 43502.

#### Penta Career Center

The Penta Career Center (the "Center") is a separate body politic and corporate, established by the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) to provide vocational and special education needs of the students. The Center accepts non-tuition students from the District as a member school; however, it is considered a separate political subdivision and is not considered to be part of the District. The District did not make any payments to the Center during fiscal year 2018. Financial information can be obtained from the Penta County Career Center, Carrie Herringshaw, who serves as Treasurer, at 9301 Buck Road, Perrysburg, Ohio 43551.

#### Bay Area Council

The Bay Area Council was established in 1986 to carry out a cooperative program for the purchase of natural gas among boards of education located in Erie, Huron, Lucas, Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, and Wood Counties. The Bay Area Council is organized under Ohio laws as a regional council of governments pursuant to a written agreement entered into by its member Boards of Education. The Bay Area Council is governed by a Board of Directors. This Board is elected by an assembly consisting of a representative from each participating school district. Financial information can be obtained from the North Point Education Service Center, which serves as fiscal agent, 2902 Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### PUBLIC ENTITY RISK POOL

#### Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Liability, Fleet, and Property Program

The District participates in the Southwestern Ohio Educational Purchasing Council Liability, Fleet and Property Program (LFP). The LFP's business and affairs are conducted by a six member committee consisting of various LFP representatives that are elected by the general assembly. The purpose of the LFP is to jointly provide or obtain casualty, property, employer liability, general liability, risk management, professional liability, group coverage and other protections for participants.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

Although required by Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP, the District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. With the exception of investments, receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned, and disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary cash disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e. when an encumbrance is approved). The difference between disbursements reported in the fund and entity wide statements and disbursements reported in the budgetary statements are due to current year encumbrances being added to disbursements reported on the budgetary statements. These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District does not have any proprietary funds.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Debt service fund</u> - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond and principal and interest from governmental resources when the government is obligated in some manner for payment.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to disbursements for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to disbursements for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust which accounts for scholarship programs for students. The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The District's agency fund accounts for student activities.

#### D. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The government-wide statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. These disbursements are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Receipts which are not classified as program receipts are presented as general receipts of the District. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing on the modified cash basis or draws from the general receipts of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### E. Budgets

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriations resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year with the legal restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources, as certified. All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level for all funds. Although the legal level of budgetary control was established at the fund level of disbursements, the District has elected to present budgetary statement comparisons at the fund and function level of disbursements. Any budgetary modifications at the legal level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

#### Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed disbursements and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the Board-adopted budget is filed with the Lucas County Budget Commission for rate determination. The Lucas County Budget Commission waived the tax budget filing requirement for fiscal year 2018.

#### **Estimated Resources:**

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's certificate of estimated resources, which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to July 1, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated disbursements from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the certificate is amended to include any unencumbered cash balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the original and final amended certificate of estimated resources issued during the fiscal year.

#### Appropriations:

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates or a certificate saying no new certificate is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to the passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of disbursements may not exceed the appropriation totals at the fund level which is the legal level of control. Any revisions that alter appropriations at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Education.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The Board may pass supplemental fund appropriations so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior year. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the basic financial statements.

During fiscal year 2018, investments were limited to negotiable certificates of deposit, a U.S. Government money market fund, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Investments are reported at cost.

The District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$50 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$50 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the general fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund or by policy of the Board of Education. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2018 amounted to \$73,590, which includes \$21,065 assigned from other funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year end is provided in Note 4.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### G. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

#### H. Capital Assets

Acquisition of property, plant, and equipment purchased are recorded as disbursements when paid. These items are not reflected as assets on the accompanying financial statements under the modified cash basis of accounting. Depreciation has not been reported for any capital assets.

#### I. Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### J. Long-Term Obligations

Bonds and other long-term obligations are not recognized as a liability in the financial statements under the modified cash basis of accounting. These statements report proceeds of debt when cash is received, and debt service disbursements for debt principal payments.

#### K. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2018.

#### L. Fund Balance

The District reports classifications of fund balance based on the purpose for which resources were received and the level of constraint placed on the resources. The following categories are used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### M. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when enabling legislation or creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments have imposed limitations on its use. Net position restricted for other purposes consists of funds restricted for food service.

The District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### N. Parochial Schools

Within the District boundaries, St. Joseph's School and St. Patrick School are operated by the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current state legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the parochial school. The receipt and disbursement of these State monies by the District are reflected as special revenue funds for financial reporting purposes.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### O. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund loans are reported as advances-in and advances-out. Advances are not reflected as assets and liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Interfund transfers and advances are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. Interfund activity between governmental funds are eliminated on the statement of net position - modified cash basis and the statement of activities - modified cash basis.

#### P. Stabilization Arrangement

The Board of Education has \$315,183 of unassigned fund balance in the general fund set aside to be used for budget stabilization. The Board has set aside these funds to cover emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances arise. The budget stabilization arrangement may be removed by action of the Board of Education at any time.

#### Q. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2018, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension</u>", GASB Statement No. 81 "<u>Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements</u>" GASB Statement No. 85, "<u>Omnibus 2017</u>" and GASB Statement No. 86, "Certain Debt Extinguishments".

GASB Statement No. 75 improves the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pension (OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 affected the District's postemployment benefit plan disclosures, as presented in Note 10 to the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 81 improves the accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and OPEB. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 85 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 86 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 86 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### **B.** Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2018 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>		
Title VI-B	\$	2,652	
Title I		903	
Improving teacher quality		1,253	
Miscellaneous federal grants		262	

These deficit cash balances resulted from a lag between disbursements made by the District and reimbursements made by grantors and are allowable under Ohio Revised Code Section 3315.20.

#### C. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, the District prepared its financial statements on a modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the District.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in items (1) and (2) above and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio);
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one-hundred-eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Protection of the District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the District had \$9,090 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the District as part of "equity in pooled cash and investments".

#### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$4,264,910. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2018, \$4,913,471 of the District's bank balance of \$5,413,471 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$500,000 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For fiscal year 2018, the District's financial institutions were approved for a reduced collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

#### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment maturities						
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than		
Investment type	Carrying value	less	months	months	months	24 months		
Negotiable CDs	\$ 2,863,711	\$ 583,656	\$ 102,757	\$ 667,103	\$ 193,752	\$ 1,316,443		
U.S. Government								
money market fund	15,516	15,516	-	-	-	-		
STAR Ohio	90,118	90,118						
Total	\$ 2,969,345	\$ 689,290	\$ 102,757	\$ 667,103	\$ 193,752	\$ 1,316,443		

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.97 years.

*Interest Rate Risk:* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk: STAR Ohio and the U.S. Government money market fund carry a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investments in negotiable CDs were not rated. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond requiring the District to only invest in securities authorized by State statute.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investments in negotiable CDs are insured by the FDIC. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type held by the District at June 30, 2018:

<u>Investment type</u>	_Ca	rrying value	% of total
Negotiable CDs	\$	2,863,711	96.45
U.S. Government			
money market fund		15,516	0.52
STAR Ohio		90,118	3.03
Total	\$	2,969,345	100.00

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

#### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position - modified cash basis as of June 30, 2018:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 4,264,910
Investments	2,969,345
Cash on hand	 9,090
Total	\$ 7,243,345
Cash and investments per statement of net position Governmental activities	\$ 7,041,374
Private-purpose trust fund	158,324
Agency fund	43,647
Total	\$ 7,243,345

#### **NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

During fiscal year 2018, advances consisted of \$10,000 from the general fund to nonmajor governmental funds. During fiscal year 2018, \$10,000 of advances were repaid to the general fund from nonmajor governmental funds.

Interfund advances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no advances are reported in the statement of activities.

During fiscal year 2018, the permanent improvement fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, transferred \$221,238 to the debt service fund for the payment of principal and interest on the 2017 permanent improvement tax anticipation notes.

Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported in the statement of activities.

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)**

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2018 were levied after April 1, 2017, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2018 became a lien on December 31, 2016, were levied after April 1, 2017, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The District receives property taxes from Lucas County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2018, are available to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2018 taxes were collected are:

		2017 Secon Half Collect		2018 First Half Collections		
	_	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
Agricultural/residential						
and other real estate Public utility personal	\$	403,384,660 11,306,830	97.27 2.73	\$ 402,646,15 11,980,33		
r done dimity personal		11,500,050	2.73			
Total	\$	414,691,490	100.00	\$ 414,626,48	0 100.00	
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	88.65		\$ 88.6	5	

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

**A.** During the fiscal year 2018, the following activity occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations:

	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2017	Additions	Reductions	Balance Outstanding June 30, 2018	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds: Series 2011 refunding bonds					
Current interest bonds	\$ 7,555,000	\$ -	\$ (1,450,000)	\$ 6,105,000	\$ 1,480,000
Capital appreciation bonds	339,995	<u>-</u>	- (1,130,000)	339,995	-
Accreted interest	601,603	194,286	-	795,889	-
Series 2012 refunding bonds					
Current interest bonds	8,325,000	-	(95,000)	8,230,000	100,000
Capital appreciation bonds	134,968	-	-	134,968	-
Accreted interest	241,269	80,671	-	321,940	-
Series 2013A - current interest	935,000	-	(75,000)	860,000	80,000
Series 2013B refunding bonds					
Current interest bonds	7,990,000	-	(40,000)	7,950,000	40,000
Capital appreciation bonds	4,766	-	-	4,766	-
Accreted interest	13,387	6,906	-	20,293	-
Series 2013C refunding bonds					
Current interest bonds	1,595,000			1,595,000	
Total general obligation bonds payable	27,735,988	281,863	(1,660,000)	26,357,851	1,700,000
Other lang town philosticans					
Other long-term obligations: Tax anticipation note - 2017	1,000,000		(195,000)	805,000	195,000
Total long-term obligations					
governmental activities	\$ 28,735,988	\$ 281,863	\$ (1,855,000)	\$ 27,162,851	\$ 1,895,000

General obligation bonds - series 2003: On August 1, 2003, the District issued \$42,000,000 in school facilities construction and improvement general obligation bonds to provide funds for various District building projects. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The bonds have a scheduled maturity date of December 1, 2031. Interest payments on the bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as disbursements in the debt service fund. On December 28, 2011, the District issued \$8,984,995 (series 2011 advance refunding general obligation bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the bonds. On February 23, 2012, the District issued \$8,999,968 (series 2012 advance refunding general obligation bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the bonds. On April 11, 2013, the District issued \$8,274,766 (series 2013B advance refunding general obligation bonds) and \$4,895,000 (series 2013C advance refunding general obligation bonds), respectively, to advance refund the callable portion of the series 2003 bonds.

The proceeds of the refunding bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. At June 30, 2018, \$26,375,000 of this debt was still outstanding.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Series 2011 advance refunding general obligation bonds</u>: On December 28, 2011, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the series 2003 general obligation. The refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the long-term obligations.

At June 30, 2018, the refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,645,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$339,995. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 2.00-2.50%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2019 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 2.44%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,505,000. Total accreted interest of \$795,889 has been included in the long-term obligations.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2022. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as disbursements in the debt service fund.

<u>Series 2012 advance refunding general obligation bonds</u>: On February 23, 2012, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the series 2003 general obligation bonds. The refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the long-term obligations.

At June 30, 2018, the refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,865,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$134,968. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 2.00-3.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2023 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.40%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$1,330,000. Total accreted interest of \$321,940 has been included in the long-term obligations.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2027. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as disbursements in the debt service fund.

General obligation bonds - series 2013A: On April 11, 2013, the District issued \$1,200,000 in various purpose general obligation bonds to provide funds for renovating and improving existing District facilities; and acquiring fixed and movable equipment for school purposes, including buses and other vehicles. These bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit of the District is pledged for repayment. The interest rate on the bonds ranges from 2.00%-2.625%. The bonds have a scheduled maturity date of December 1, 2027. Interest payments on the bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as disbursements in the debt service fund.

<u>Series 2013B advance refunding general obligation bonds</u>: On April 11, 2013, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the series 2003 general obligation bonds. The refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the long-term obligations.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

At June 30, 2017, the refunding issue is comprised of both current interest bonds, par value \$8,270,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$4,766. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 2.00-3.00%. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2028 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity 3.35%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds is \$740,000. Total accreted interest of \$20,293 has been included in the long-term obligations.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2031. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as disbursements in the debt service fund.

<u>Series 2013C advance refunding general obligation bonds</u>: On April 11, 2013, the District issued general obligation bonds to advance refund a portion of the series 2003 general obligation bonds. The refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the long-term obligations.

At June 30, 2018, the refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$4,895,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds ranges from 0.50-5.00%.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029. Payments of principal and interest relating to the bonds are recorded as disbursements in the debt service fund.

<u>Series 2017 permanent improvement levy tax anticipation notes</u>: On February 1, 2017, the District issued \$1,000,000 in notes in anticipation of the collection of the proceeds of the 1.9 mill continuing permanent improvement levy approved by electors of the District on November 4, 2014. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.14% and mature on December 1, 2021. Payments of principal and interest relating to the notes are recorded as disbursements in the debt service fund.

The following is a schedule of future debt service requirements for the general obligation bonds:

2011 Advance Refunding Bonds

			2011 114 (4116	e Refunding Bon	GD .			
Fiscal	Cui	Current Interest Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bonds			
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2019	\$ 1,480,000	\$ 122,813	\$ 1,602,813	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
2020	<del>-</del>	108,013	108,013	339,995	1,165,005	1,505,000		
2021	1,505,000	91,082	1,596,082	-	-	-		
2022	1,540,000	56,825	1,596,825	-	-	-		
2023	1,580,000	19,750	1,599,750					
Total	\$ 6,105,000	\$ 398,483	\$ 6,503,483	\$ 339,995	\$ 1,165,005	\$ 1,505,000		

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

	2012 Advance Refunding Bonds						
Fiscal	Cui	rent Interest Bo	onds	Capital Appreciation Bonds			
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Interest Total			
2019	\$ 100,000	\$ 241,193	\$ 341,193	\$ - \$ - \$			
2020	100,000	239,194	339,194				
2021	100,000	237,193	337,193				
2022	105,000	235,078	340,078				
2023	105,000	232,781	337,781				
2024 - 2028	7,720,000	643,050	8,363,050	134,968 1,195,032 1,330,000			
Total	\$ 8,230,000	\$ 1,828,489	\$10,058,489	<u>\$ 134,968</u> <u>\$ 1,195,032</u> <u>\$ 1,330,000</u>			
Fiscal	2013A General Obligation Bonds			2013C Advance Refunding Bonds			
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal Interest Total			
2019	\$ 80,000	\$ 19,450	\$ 99,450	\$ - \$ 55,950 \$ 55,950			
2020	80,000	17,850	97,850	- 55,950 55,950			
2021	80,000	16,250	96,250	- 55,950 55,950			
2022	80,000	14,650	94,650	- 55,950 55,950			
2023	85,000	12,787	97,787	- 55,950 55,950			
2024 - 2028	455,000	30,294	485,294	- 279,750 279,750			
2029 - 2030				1,595,000 32,475 1,627,475			
Total	\$ 860,000	\$ 111,281	\$ 971,281	<u>\$ 1,595,000</u> <u>\$ 591,975</u> <u>\$ 2,186,975</u>			
	-			ace Refunding Bonds			
Fiscal	Cui	rent Interest Bo	onds	Capital Appreciation Bonds			
Year Ended	Principal	Interest	Total	<u>Principal</u> <u>Interest</u> <u>Total</u>			
2019	\$ 40,000	\$ 235,225	\$ 275,225	\$ - \$ - \$			
2020	40,000	234,425	274,425				
2021	45,000	233,575	278,575				
2022	45,000	232,675	277,675				
2023	45,000	231,663	276,663				
2024 - 2028	745,000	1,133,175	1,878,175				
2029 - 2032	6,990,000	532,950	7,522,950	4,766 735,234 740,000			
Total	\$ 7,950,000	\$ 2,833,688	\$10,783,688	<u>\$ 4,766</u> <u>\$ 735,234</u> <u>\$ 740,000</u>			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)**

Fiscal		2017 Tax Anticipation Notes						
Year Ended	Principal		Principal		_1	Interest		Total
2019	\$	195,000	\$	15,141	\$	210,141		
2020		200,000		10,914		210,914		
2021		205,000		6,580		211,580		
2022		205,000		2,194	_	207,194		
Total	\$	805,000	\$	34,829	\$	839,829		

#### B. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2018, are a voted debt margin of \$13,703,908 and an unvoted debt margin of \$414,626.

#### **NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The District maintains comprehensive insurance coverage with private carriers for real property, building contents and vehicles. Vehicle policies include liability coverage for bodily injury and property damage. Real property and contents are 100% coinsured, to a limit of \$135,569,385.

The District pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate per \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs.

The District has liability insurance coverage limits of \$2,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 annual aggregate.

The District offers group medical and dental insurance to all employees. Depending upon the plan chosen, the employees share a portion of the cost of the monthly premium with the Board. The premium varies with employee depending on the terms of the union contract. Regardless of the plan utilized by the employees, all group benefit plans are traditionally funded, and the District does not retain any risk of loss.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There has been no significant reduction in amounts of insurance coverage from 2017.

Postemployment health care is provided to plan participants or their beneficiaries through the respective retirement systems discussed in Note 10. As such, no funding provisions are required by the District.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### **Net Pension Liability**

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining 0.5 percent of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$555,200 for fiscal year 2018.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2018, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,208,255 for fiscal year 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

3113		Total
0.13833683%		
0.14363939%		
0.00530256%		
\$ 34.121.845	\$	41.966.766
	0.14363939%	0.13833683% 0.14363939% 0.00530256%

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Wage inflation

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

Actuarial cost method

3.00 percent

3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

2.50 percent

7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

Prior to 2017, an assumption of 3 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA.

For 2017, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disable members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected		
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return		
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %		
US Equity	22.50	4.75		
International Equity	22.50	7.00		
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50		
Private Equity	10.00	8.00		
Real Assets	15.00	5.00		
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00		
Total	100.00 %			

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
	19	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Discount Rate (7.50%)		1% Increase (8.50%)	
District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	10,886,711	\$	7,844,921	\$	5,296,801	

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2016 are presented below:

	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, ,2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

For the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)	
District's proportionate share				
of the net pension liability	\$ 48,912,504	\$ 34,121,845	\$ 21,662,932	

#### NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

#### Net OPEB Liability

For fiscal year 2018, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was effective. This GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position as reported June 30, 2017, as the net OPEB liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net OPEB liability has been disclosed below.

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net OPEB liability represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, 0.5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the District's surcharge obligation was \$73,206.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$20,563 for fiscal year 2018.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

#### Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB			
liability prior measurement date	0.13228537%	0.13833683%	
Proportion of the net OPEB			
liability current measurement date	0.13335340%	0.14363939%	
Change in proportionate share	0.00106803%	0.00530256%	
Proportionate share of the net	¢ 2570055	\$ 5.604.270	¢ 0.192.124
OPEB liability	\$ 3,578,855	\$ 5,604,279	\$ 9,183,134

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00 percent
Future salary increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment rate of return 7.50 percent net of investments
expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Measurement date 3.56 percent
Prior measurement date 2.92 percent

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Measurement date3.63 percentPrior measurement date2.98 percent

Medical trend assumption:

Medicare5.50 to 5.00 percentPre-Medicare7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the State statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.56 percent, as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63%) and higher (4.63%) than the current discount rate (3.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) and higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (2.63%)		Current Discount Rate (3.63%)		1% Increase (4.63%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,321,923	\$	3,578,855	\$	2,990,155
	(6.5 9	% Decrease % decreasing to 4.0 %)	(7.5 9	Current Trend Rate % decreasing to 5.0 %)	(8.5	% Increase % decreasing to 6.0 %)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,903,973	\$	3,578,855	\$	4,472,073

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
(COLA)	
Blended discount rate of return	4.13 percent
Health care cost trends	6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

Also, since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1%	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate (3.13%) (4.13%)		scount Rate	1% Increase (5.13%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	7,523,655	\$	5,604,279	\$	4,087,345
	1%	6 Decrease	T	Current Trend Rate	19	√o Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,893,613	\$	5,604,279	\$	7,855,716

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 11 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While the District is reporting financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balances on the modified cash basis, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the modified cash basis is outstanding year end encumbrances are treated as disbursements (budget) rather than an assignment of fund balance (modified cash basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the modified cash basis statement to the budgetary basis statement:

#### **Net Change in Fund Balance**

	General fund
Modified cash basis	\$ (118,637)
Funds budgeted elsewhere **	22,237
Adjustment for encumbrances	(289,356)
Budget basis	\$ (385,756)

<sup>\*\*</sup> As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting", certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund. This includes the special trust fund, uniform school supplies fund, public school support fund, adult education fund, the safety review fund, the special enterprise fund, the special levy fund, the underground storage tank fund and the EMIS fund.

#### **NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in no material litigation as either plaintiff or defendant.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES - (Continued)**

#### C. Foundation Funding

District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2018 are not finalized. As a result, the impact of future FTE adjustments on the fiscal year 2018 financial statements is not determinable, at this time. Management believes this may result in either an additional receivable to, or a liability of, the District.

#### **NOTE 13 - OTHER COMMITMENTS**

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Year-End
<u>Fund</u>	<b>Encumbrances</b>
General fund	\$ 345,976
Nonmajor governmental	767,201
Total	\$ 1,113,177

#### **NOTE 14 - STATUTORY RESERVES**

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund receipt amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Disbursements exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The following modified cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 14 - STATUTORY RESERVES - (Continued)**

		Capita	1
	<u>Imp</u>	roven	<u>nents</u>
Set-aside balance June 30, 2017	\$		-
Current year set-aside requirement		425,	124
Contributions in excess of the current fiscal year set-aside requirement			-
Current year qualifying disbursements		(262,	536)
Excess qualified disbursements from prior years			-
Current year offsets	(	1,136,	449)
Waiver granted by ODE			-
Prior year offset from bond proceeds			
Total	\$	(973,	861)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2019	\$		
Set-aside balance June 30, 2018	\$		

#### NOTE 15 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Other governments entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") program with the taxing districts of the District. The CRA program is a directive incentive tax exemption program benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. Within the taxing districts of the District, the City of Maumee has entered into such an agreement. Under this agreement, the District's property taxes were reduced by approximately \$76,000. The District is not receiving any amounts from this other government in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

### **Maumee City School District**



Single Audit Reports June 30, 2018



#### MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Federal Grant/ Pass Through Grantor Program Title	Pass Through Entity Number	Federal CFDA Number	Disbursements	Non-Cash Disbursements
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program	3L70	10.553	\$80,003	\$0
National School Lunch Program	3L60	10.555	322,104	53,435
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			402,107	53,435
Team Nutrition Grants	3GF0	10.574	500	0
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			402,607	53,435
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education:  Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education-Grants to States	3M20	84.027	607,701	0
Total Special Education Cluster			607,701	0
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	3M00	84.010	369,498	0
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	3Y60	84.367	84,955	0
Student Support Academic Enrichment Program	3HI0	84.424	7,567	0
			· · · · ·	
Total Department of Education			1,069,721	0
Total Federal Assistance			\$1,472,328	\$53,435

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS NOTE A -- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of federal awards expenditures is a summary of the activity of the District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared using the cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The District did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education
Maumee City School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maumee City School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2018, wherein we noted the District presented financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting rather than in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as disclosed in Note 2.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-001, 2018-002 and 2018-003.

#### **District's Response to Findings**

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Cincinnati, Ohio

November 15, 2018



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education
Maumee City School District

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Maumee City School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2018, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements, wherein we noted the District presented financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting rather than in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as disclosed in Note 2. conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc.

Plattenburg & Associates, Inc. Cincinnati, Ohio November 15, 2018



# MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements	Fina	ancial	Statem	ents
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Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant Deficiency(s) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Yes

#### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant Deficiency(s) identified?
 None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for

major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major federal programs:

Special Education Cluster Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

#### Section II - Findings Related to the Financial Statements Required to be Reported in Accordance with GAGAS

#### Finding 2018-001 - Noncompliance - GAAP Reporting

Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 provides that each public office shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The Auditor of State may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the Auditor of State has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38.

Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For fiscal year 2018, the District prepared financial statements using the modified cash basis of accounting. Although formatted similar to GAAP basis financial statements, the District's modified cash basis financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows, deferred outflows, fund equities, and disclosures. The differences between the District's financial statements and GAAP basis financial statements cannot be reasonably determined but presumably such differences are material. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 the District may be fined and/or subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report. Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the District.

#### **District's Response:**

The Board of Education believes the decision to prepare modified cash basis financial statements is in the best interest of the District. The Board has evaluated the cost-benefit relationship of preparing GAAP statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and determined that the significant cost of compliance exceeds the benefit received. See Corrective Action Plan.

#### Finding 2018-002 Finding Type - Noncompliance - Appropriations in Excess of Estimated Resources

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.39 requires appropriations to be limited by estimated resources. Upon review of appropriations and estimated resources, it was noted that appropriations exceeded estimated resources by \$78,767 during the year for the Food Service Fund.

#### **District's Response:**

While in agreement with Finding 2018-002, the District calls attention to the fact that this did not result in any expenditures exceeding appropriations. See Corrective Action Plan.

#### Finding 2018-003 Finding Type – Noncompliance – Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(B) requires the District to appropriate money before it is expended. Upon review of expenditures and appropriations, it was noted that expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$248,708 during the year for the General Fund.

#### **District's Response:**

While in agreement with Finding 2018-003, the District calls attention to the fact that this did not result in expenditures exceeding resources. See Corrective Action Plan.

#### Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

# MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2018

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Finding Corrected	Initial Occurrence	Explanation
2017-001	Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 & Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) require the District to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP.	No	FY 2012	The District prepared <i>GASB 34 Look-Alike Statements</i> pursuant to a cost-benefit analysis. See Corrective Action Plan.
2017-002	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.39 requires appropriations to be limited by estimated resources. Appropriations exceeded estimated resources for the Food Service Fund.	No	FY 2015	Appropriations exceeded estimated resources in the Food Service Fund. The Treasurer will monitor appropriations versus estimated resources to ensure no noncompliance with ORC 5705.39. See Corrective Action Plan.
2017-003	Ohio Revised Code § 5705.41(B) requires the District to appropriate money before it is expended. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund.	No	FY 2017	Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund. The Treasurer will monitor expenditures versus appropriations to ensure no noncompliance with ORC 5705.41(B). See Corrective Action Plan.



## Administration Office & Board of Education

#### MAUMEE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN JUNE 30, 2018

Finding		Anticipated	Responsible
Number	Planned Corrective Action	Completion Date	Contact Person
2018-001	The School District plans to continue to prepare modified cash basis financial statement due to the requirement of preparing these financial		Paul Brotzki, Treasurer
	statements according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).	ng	
2018-002	The School District will monitor appropriations versus estimated resources to ensure no noncompliance with ORC 570	red	Paul Brotzki, Treasurer
2018-003	The School District will monitor expenditures versus appropriations to ensure no noncompliance with ORC 570		Paul Brotzki, Treasurer

716 Askin Street Maumee, Ohio 43537 419-893-3200 419-891-5387 fax www.maumee.k12.oh.us

Todd M. Cramer, Ed.D., Superintendent Steve Lee, Assistant Superintendent Paul E. Brotzki, Treasurer

> Board of Education Mike Wiley, President Diane Balcerzak, Vice President Jennifer Campos Stephanie Piechowiak Janet Wolff



#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 27, 2018