

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

# NEWTON TOWNSHIP PIKE COUNTY Regular Audit For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016



Township Trustees Newton Township 2027 Williams Road Piketon, Ohio 45661

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Newton Township, Pike County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them. In conjunction with the work performed by the Independent Public Accountant, the Auditor of State is issuing the following:

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-01(D)(5) states that when public offices are designing their system of internal control that they should ensure that accounting records are properly designed and also verify the existence and valuation of assets and liabilities and periodically reconcile them to the accounting records.

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.10(C) requires that all revenue derived from a special levy shall be credited to a special fund for the purpose for with the levy was made.

In accordance with Ohio Rev. Code § 117.43, the Township contracted with Perry & Associates to perform the 2015-2014 audit of the Township's financial statements. During the course of performing the audit, Perry & Associates found that rollbacks (associated with special levies) were not distributed properly to the appropriate funds. At the end of the audit, Perry & Associates presented the Township with fund balance adjustments that needed to be completed. On June 28, 2016, the Township posted the 2014 and 2015 audit adjustments to the Uniform Accounting Network accounting system (UAN) and gave Perry & Associates evidence that these adjustments were made in UAN. On July 18, 2016, the Township Fiscal Officer reversed the 2014 fund balance adjustments because these adjustments reduced the General Fund balance. On February 19, 2017, the Township Fiscal Officer posted half of the 2014 fund balance adjustments in the UAN system. At the end of 2017, the other half of the fund balance adjustments still need to be made in the UAN system.

These additional adjustments for rollbacks from the 2015-2014 audit that were not adjusted would reduce the General Fund balance by \$10,243, increase the Fire District fund by \$5,125, increase the Cemetery Fund balance by \$3,077, and increase the Road and Bridge fund by \$2,041.

Township Trustees Newton Township 2027 Williams Road Piketon, Ohio 45661 Page -2-

During the 2017-2016 audit, Perry & Associates found additional rollbacks that were posted entirely to the General Fund and were not properly distributed to the appropriate funds. These adjustments would reduce the General Fund balance by \$3,617 increase the Fire District fund by \$2,331, increase the Cemetery Fund balance by \$818, and increase the Road and Bridge fund by \$468.

The Township Trustees prepared payroll certifications for 2016 and 2017 in accordance with Ohio Rev. Code § 505.24 which states, in part that each trustee shall certify the percentage of time spent working on matters to be paid from the township general fund and from other township funds in such proportions as the kinds of services performed. However, the amounts posted to the payroll system were not in the percentages certified on the payroll certifications. These adjustments for improper postings would reduce the General Fund balance by \$10,522, increase the Motor Vehicle License fund balance by \$436, increase the Gasoline Tax fund balance by \$9,651, and increase the Road and Bridge fund balance by \$435.

In accordance with the forgoing facts, we hereby issue a finding for adjustment in the total amount of \$24,382 against the General Fund and in favor of the Motor Vehicle License Fund \$436, Gasoline Tax Fund \$9,651, Fire District Fund \$7,456, Cemetery Fund \$3,895, and the Road and Bridge fund \$2,944.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Newton Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Dave Yost Auditor of State

December 10, 2018

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

August 24, 2018

Newton Township Pike County 2027 Williams Road Piketon, Ohio 45661

To the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of **Newton Township**, Pike County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, or changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

The Township had current and prior audit adjustments that were not all posted to the Township's accounting system due to the impact that these adjustments would have on the General Fund. The remaining amounts from current and prior period adjustments to be made are; General Fund will be decreased by \$24,382, Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund will be increased by \$436, Gasoline Tax Fund will be increased by \$9,651, Road and Bridge Fund will be increased by \$2,944, Cemetery Fund will be increased by \$3,895 and Fire District Fund will be increased by \$7,456.

#### Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting*, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Newton Township, Pike County as of December 31, 2017 and 2016 and for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 24, 2018, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Perry & Associates** 

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

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Marietta, Ohio

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Onell Benefits		General		Special evenue	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts	_	0= 040	_	= 4 4 4 6	•	70.407
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	25,018	\$	51,119	\$	76,137
Intergovernmental		21,165		94,400		115,565
Earnings on Investments		60		70		130
Miscellaneous		4,376		540		4,916
Total Cash Receipts		50,619		146,129		196,748
Cash Disbursements						
Current:						
General Government		53,182		35,791		88,973
Public Safety		-		22,150		22,150
Public Works		-		24,561		24,561
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-		38,152		38,152
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		3,522		3,522
Total Cash Disbursements		53,182		124,176		177,358
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(2,563)		21,953		19,390
,					-	<del></del>
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 (Restated - See Note 13)		14,485		227,873		242,358
Fund Cash Balances, December 31						
Restricted		-		249,826		249,826
Assigned		11,922		_		11,922
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	11,922	\$	249,826	\$	261,748

Pike County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Newton Township, Pike County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and EMS services. The Township contracts with Elm Grove Fire Department to provide fire services and EMS services.

#### Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. This organization is:

OTARMA – a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members").

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

**General Fund** The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Special Revenue Funds** These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

**Gasoline Tax Fund** The gasoline tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

**Fire District Fund** This fund receives property tax money for providing fire coverage for the Township.

Pike County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

**Appropriations** Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

**Estimated Resources** Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

**Encumbrances** The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

#### **Deposits**

All cash assets of the Township are maintained in a checking account.

#### Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Pike County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

**Assigned** Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Note 3 - Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, budgetary expenditures exceeded appropriation authority in the General and in the Fire District Fund for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### Note 4 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2017 follows:

2017 Bu	2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts					
	Budgeted A		Actual			
Fund Type	Receipts R		eceipts Receipts		\	/ariance
General	\$	54,140	\$	50,619	\$	(3,521)
Special Revenue		341,913		146,129		(195,784)
Total	\$	396,053	\$	196,748	\$	(199,305)

Pike County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 4 – Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	oropriation	Budgetary							
Fund Type	Authority		Authority		Au		Exp	enditures	V	ariance
General	\$	49,190	\$	54,008	\$	(4,818)				
Special Revenue		191,086		124,509		66,577				
Total	\$	240,276	\$	178,517	\$	61,759				

#### Note 5 - Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	 2017
Demand deposits	\$ 261,748
Total deposits	\$ 261,748

Deposits are insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS).

#### Note 6 - Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### Note 7 - Risk Management

#### Risk Pool Membership

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Pike County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 7 - Risk Management (Continued)

#### Risk Pool Membership (Continued)

#### Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform to generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31.

	2017
Assets	\$ 40,010,732
Liabilities	8,675,465
Net Position	\$ 31,335,267

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2,000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

\$4.564	2017 Contributions to OTARMA
φ4,304	\$4,564

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Pike County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### **Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township's elected officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2017, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

#### Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which includes multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0 percent during calendar year 2017.

#### Note 10 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Principal		Interest Rate
General Obligation Bond	\$	20,900	2.875%
General Obligation Note - 7634		32,167	3.75%
Total	\$	53,067	

The Township entered into a municipal loan agreement with First National Bank in 2016. The principal amount of the loan was \$50,025 and will be paid in full in 2019. On June 8, 2016 the Township entered into a bond agreement to finance the purchase of a Ford dump truck. The principal amount of the bond was \$24,000 and will be paid in full in 2023. These debt payments have been made from the Gasoline Tax Fund.

#### **Amortization**

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	Obligation		Genera	al Obligation
December 31:		Bond		Note
2018		3,901		19,975
2019		3,806		12,192
2020		3,812		-
2021		3,913		-
2022		3,810		-
2023		3,806		-
Total	\$	23,048	\$	32,167

Pike County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 11 - Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in the Ohio Municipal League Group Rating Plan (GRP) for worker's compensation. The pool's business and affairs are conducted by a twenty-six member Board of Trustees consisting of fifteen mayors, two council members, three administrators, three finance directors, and three law directors which are voted on by the members for staggered two-year terms. The Executive Director of the Ohio Municipal League serves as the coordinator of the Program. Each year the participants pay an enrollment fee to the program to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

#### Note 13 - Prior Period Restatement

The following adjustment is reflected in the January 1, 2017 fund balances to account for a portion of prior period audit adjustments, voided checks and voided duplicate receipts:

Chasial

				Special
			F	Revenue
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds
December 31, 2016 balances	\$	21,881	\$	216,436
Adjustment to account for voided duplicate receipts		(158)		-
Adjustment to account for voided checks		3,005		1,194
To account for portion of prior period adjustment		(10,243)		10,243
January 1, 2017 balances	\$	14,485	\$	227,873

## COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	 General		ecial /enue	(Me	Totals emorandum Only)
Cash Receipts					
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 23,851	\$ 4	47,480	\$	71,331
Intergovernmental	65,758	1	13,425		179,183
Earnings on Investments	62		62		124
Miscellaneous	5,233				5,233
Total Cash Receipts	94,904	16	60,967		255,871
Cash Disbursements					
Current:					
General Government	49,725	:	24,164		73,889
Public Safety	-		22,500		22,500
Public Works	 77,972		04,846		182,818
Total Cash Disbursements	 127,697	1	51,510		279,207
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	 (32,793)		9,457		(23,336)
Other Financing Receipts Other Debt Proceeds	24,000		50,025		74,025
Total Other Financing Receipts	 24,000	į	50,025		74,025
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	 (8,793)		59,482		50,689
Fund Cash Balances, January 1 (Restated - See Note 13)	 30,674	1	56,955		187,629
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Restricted		2.	16,437		216,437
Assigned	- 16,931	2	10,431		16,931
Unassigned	4,950		-		4,950
Onassigned	 4,900				4,830
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 21,881	\$ 2	16,437	\$	238,318

Pike County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Note 1 - Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Newton Township, Pike County, (the Township) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and EMS services. The Township contracts with Elm Grove Fire Department to provide fire services and EMS services.

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The Township participates in a public entity risk pool. Note 7 to the financial statements provide additional information for this entity. This organization is:

OTARMA – a non-assessable, unincorporated non-profit association providing a formalized, jointly administered self-insurance risk management program and other administrative services to Ohio governments ("Members").

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types.

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The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

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**Gasoline Tax Fund** The gasoline tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

**Fire District Fund** This fund receives property tax money for providing fire coverage for the Township.

Pike County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

**Appropriations** Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

**Estimated Resources** Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

**Encumbrances** The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2016 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

#### **Deposits**

All cash assets of the Township are maintained in a checking account.

#### Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Pike County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

**Assigned** Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Note 3 - Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund by \$70,921 and in the Gasoline Tax Fund by \$24,890 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

#### Note 4 - Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2016 follows:

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts Budgeted Actual Fund Type Receipts Receipts Variance General \$ 91,864 118,904 27,040 Special Revenue 294,900 210,992 (83,908)Total \$ 386,764 329,896 \$ (56.868)

Pike County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Note 4 – Budgetary Activity (Continued)

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	App	Appropriation		Budgetary			
Fund Type	Α	Authority		Expenditures		Variance	
General	\$	57,850	\$	128,771	\$	(70,921)	
Special Revenue		132,490		151,586		(19,096)	
Total	\$	190,340	\$	280,357	\$	(90,017)	

#### Note 5 - Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	 2016		
Demand deposits	\$ 238,317		
Total deposits	\$ 238,317		

Deposits are insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

#### Note 6 - Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### Note 7 - Risk Management

#### Risk Pool Membership

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Pike County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Note 7 - Risk Management (Continued)

#### Risk Pool Membership (Continued)

#### Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2016, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform to generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2016.

	2016
Assets	\$ 38,473,283
Liabilities	8,244,140
Net Position	\$ 30,229,143

At December 31, 2016 the liabilities above include approximately \$7.4 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,010 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2016. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2.000.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2016 Contributions to OTARMA						
\$4,494						

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Pike County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### **Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Township's elected officials and employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. For 2016, OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14%, respectively, of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

#### Note 9 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plan, which includes multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0 percent during calendar year 2016.

#### Note 10 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2016, was as follows:

	P	rincipal	Interest Rate	
General Obligation Bond	\$	24,000	2.875%	
General Obligation Note - 6394		17,194	3.75%	
General Obligation Note - 7634		50,025	3.75%	
Total	\$	91,219		

In 2012 the Township entered in a loan agreement with First National Bank for the purchase of a Kubota Tractor. As of December 31, 2016 the remaining balance was \$17,194 and will be paid in full in 2017. The Township entered into a municipal loan agreement with First National Bank in 2016. As of December 31, 2016, the remaining balance was \$50,025 and will be paid in full in 2019. On June 8, 2016 the Township entered into a bond agreement to finance the purchase of a Ford dump truck. The principal amount of the bond was \$24,000 and will be paid in full in 2023.

#### Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year Ending	Ob	Obligation		General		eral Obligation
December 31:		Bond	Obligation Note			Note
2017	\$	3,777	\$	17,935	\$	19,975
2018		3,901		-		19,975
2019		3,806		-		12,192
2020		3,812				-
2021		3,913		-		-
2022-2023		7,616		-		-
Total	\$	26,825	\$	17,935	\$	52,142

Pike County

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Note 11 - Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in the Ohio Municipal League Group Rating Plan (GRP) for worker's compensation. The pool's business and affairs are conducted by a twenty-six member Board of Trustees consisting of fifteen mayors, two council members, three administrators, three finance directors, and three law directors which are voted on by the members for staggered two-year terms. The Executive Director of the Ohio Municipal League serves as the coordinator of the Program. Each year the participants pay an enrollment fee to the program to cover the costs of administering the program.

#### Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Township are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

#### Note 13 - Prior Period Restatement

The following adjustment is reflected in the January 1, 2016 fund balances to account for a portion of prior period audit adjustments:

			Special		
			F	Revenue	
	Gene	General Fund		Funds	
December 31, 2015 balances	\$	37,437	\$	150,192	
Adjustment to account for prior period audit adjustments		(6,763)		6,763	
January 1, 2016 balances	\$	30,674	\$	156,955	



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

August 24, 2018

Newton Township Pike County 2027 Williams Road Piketon, Ohio 45661

#### To the Board of Directors:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of **Newton Township**, Pike County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 24, 2018, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. We qualified our opinion on the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund Type due to the Township not making a \$24,382 audit adjustment against the General Fund and increasing the fund balances of the Motor Vehicle License fund by \$436, the Gasoline Tax Fund by \$9,651, the Road and Bridge Fund by \$2,944, the Cemetery Fund by \$3,895 and the Fire District Fund by \$7,456.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings that we consider material weaknesses. We consider findings 2017-001 and 2017-003 through 2017-005 to be material weaknesses.

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Newton Township
Pike County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings as items 2017-001 through 2017-003.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated August 24, 2018.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**Perry and Associates** 

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Very Marciales CAS A. C.

Marietta, Ohio

#### SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-001**

#### Noncompliance/Material Weakness

Ohio Revised Code, §505.24(C), sets forth the method by which township trustees' compensation should be allocated. This section is amplified by Ohio Attorney General (OAG) Opinion 2004-006. This section requires that compensation of a township trustee must be paid from the Township General Fund or from such other township funds, in such proportions as the Board may specify by resolution. In addition, trustees are to establish administrative procedures to document the proportionate amount of trustees' salaries chargeable to other township funds based on the portion of time spent on matter related to the services rendered. The "administrative procedures" can be timesheets or a similar method of record keeping, as long as the trustees document all time spent on township business and the type of service performed, in a manner similar to trustees paid per diem compensation.

During 2017 and 2016, the Fiscal Officer apportioned Trustees' salaries to the General, Motor Vehicle License Tax, Road and Bridge and Gasoline Tax Funds. The amounts charged did not agree to the payroll certifications that were prepared. As a result, in 2017 these funds were incorrectly charged; Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund \$220, the Road and Bridge Fund \$220 and the Gasoline Tax Fund by \$9,218. In 2016, these funds were incorrectly charged; Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund \$216, the Road and Bridge Fund \$216 and the Gasoline Tax Fund by \$432.

As of the date of this report, these stated adjustments have not been made to the financial statements.

We recommend all Trustees' salaries be paid according to administrative procedures established to document the proportionate amount of trustees' salaries chargeable to other township funds.

Management's Response - We did not receive a response from officials to this finding.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-002**

#### **Noncompliance**

Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D) requires that no subdivision or taxing unit shall make any contract or give any order involving the expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required meeting any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance. Only the subdivision's fiscal officer need sign the certificate. Every contract made without such a certificate shall be void, and no warrant shall be issued in payment of any amount due thereon.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

#### SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-002 (Continued)**

#### Noncompliance (Continued)

- 1. "Then and Now" certificate If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the taxing authority can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The taxing authority has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution. Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the taxing authority.
- 2. Blanket Certificate Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a majority of the members of the legislative authority against any specific line item account over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.
- **3.** Super Blanket Certificate The entity may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. Only one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any one line-item appropriation.

The Township did not properly certify the availability of funds prior to purchase commitment for 75% of the expenditures tested for 2017 and for 63% of the expenditures tested for 2016.

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval.

To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to an obligation being incurred by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

Management's Response - We did not receive a response from officials to this finding.

#### SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-003**

#### **Material Weakness/Noncompliance**

#### **Budgetary Controls**

The Budget is an instrument of public policy. A governing board expresses its desires for using a government's limited resources through its appropriations. Ohio Revised Code Section 5705 deals with a variety of budgetary requirements that all subdivisions must comply with in order to ensure fiscal responsibility.

In performing the audit we noted violations of budgetary law, which although they do not in and of themselves result in errors in financial reporting, may lead to the Township making financial decisions based on incorrect or incomplete information. We noted the following:

• Violations of 5705.41(B) stating no subdivision is to expend money unless it has been appropriated (expenditures exceeded appropriations) in the General and Fire District Funds in 2017 and in the General and Gasoline Funds in 2016.

This resulted in incorrect amounts posted to the accounting system and information available to the Township officials to monitor year-to-date total comparison of budgeted amounts versus actual amounts was not accurate. We recommend the Township implement procedures to ensure appropriations and estimated receipts are accurately posted to the accounting system and reconciled to the amounts approved by the County Budget Commission and Board after each amendment. The Board does not monitor for budgetary compliance. Although Board approves budgets for revenue and expenses and receives monthly reports of budget and actual information, it does not ensure budgetary forms are properly completed or submitted to the County Budget Commission.

Board should review the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 5705 to be familiar with these laws and to make sure the Township is complying with applicable sections. We recommend the Township establish a procedure that ensures budgetary monitoring.

Management's Response – We did not receive a response from officials to this finding.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-004**

#### **Material Weakness**

#### Posting Receipts and Disbursements and Fund Balance Classifications

The Township should have procedures and controls in place to prevent and detect errors in financial reporting. Fund balances should be classified based on Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

During 2017 and 2016, receipts and disbursements were not always posted or classified correctly. The following errors were noted:

- Real Estate tax settlements were not always posted to the correct fund in 2017 and 2016;
- The General Fund balance was classified as Unassigned instead of partially Assigned in 2017 and 2016:
- Proceeds of debt not properly recorded;

#### SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

## FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### FINDING NUMBER 2017-004 (Continued)

#### **Material Weakness (Continued)**

#### Posting Receipts and Disbursements (Continued)

- Purchase of truck not properly recorded; and
- Principal and interest were not posted correctly for 2017.

Not posting receipts and disbursements or classifying fund balances accurately resulted in the financial statements requiring several adjustments and reclassifications. The Township has made the adjustments to their accounting system. The financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications.

To help ensure accuracy and reliability in the financial reporting process, we recommend that management perform a detailed review of its draft financial statements. Such review should include procedures to ensure that all receipts and disbursements are properly identified and classified on the financial statements.

We also recommend the Fiscal Officer refer to the Ohio Township Handbook for guidance to determine the proper establishment of receipt and disbursement accounts and posting of receipts and disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should refer to Auditor of State Technical Bulletin 2011-004 for assistance in properly classifying fund balances.

Management's Response – We did not receive a response from officials to this finding.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2017-005**

#### **Material Weakness**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The required components of the financial statements will vary by entity type and basis of accounting. Regulatory Cash Basis entities are required to file financial statements and notes to the financial statements within 60 days of the fiscal year end. *GASB Codification 2300* explains that notes to the financial statements are intended to communicate information that is necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements that is not readily apparent from, or cannot be included in, the financial statements themselves. The notes to the financial statements are an integral art of the financial statements, intended to be read with the financial statements, and are the entity's responsibility to prepare. To ensure compliance with the annual financial report filing requirements, entities should plan sufficient time and engage any necessary assistance to prepare their annual financial report.

During the audit, aspects of the notes to the financial statements were corrected from the Hinkle filing to agree to the financial statements in the audit report and to include all necessary note disclosures.

We recommend the Township use the available templates for financial statements and notes to the financial statements on the Auditor of State's website to prepare an accurate annual financial report.

Management's Response – We did not receive a response from officials to this finding.



#### **NEWTON TOWNSHIP**

#### **PIKE COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED DECEMBER 20, 2018