

Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

VILLAGE OF MOUNT VICTORY HARDIN COUNTY Regular Audit For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

Village Council Village of Mount Victory P.O. Box 7 Mount Victory, Ohio 43340

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the Village of Mount Victory, Hardin County, prepared by Perry & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, A.C., for the audit period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2017. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The Village of Mount Victory is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Jare Yost

Dave Yost Auditor of State

November 5, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 28, 2018

Village of Mount Victory Hardin County P.O. Box 7 Mount Victory, Ohio 43340

To the Village Council:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of the **Village of Mount Victory**, Hardin County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Village prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Village does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Village as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of the Village of Mount Victory, Hardin County, as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2018, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Perry and Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio*

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Totals (Memorandum		
	General	Revenue	Only)	
Cash Receipts:				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 11,062	\$ 3,673	\$ 14,735	
Municipal Income Tax	135,385	-	135,385	
Intergovernmental	16,679	31,805	48,484	
Special Assessments	-	18,017	18,017	
Fines, Licenses and Permits	3,802	-	3,802	
Earnings on Investments	1,494	202	1,696	
Miscellaneous	27,270		27,270	
Total Cash Receipts	195,692	53,697	249,389	
Cash Disbursements:				
Current:	157	10 1 / /	10 201	
Security of Persons and Property Public Health Services	1,862	12,144	12,301 1,862	
Leisure Time Activities	20,495	-	20,495	
Community Environment	6,002		6,002	
Transportation	180	18,751	18,931	
General Government	53,781	1,034	54,815_	
	00.477			
Total Cash Disbursements	82,477	31,929	114,406	
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	113,215	21,768	134,983	
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	249,385	128,163	377,548	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	-	149,931	149,931	
Assigned	25,602	-	25,602	
Unassigned	336,998		336,998	
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 362,600	\$ 149,931	\$ 512,531	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	En	terprise
Operating Cash Receipts:		
Charges for Services	\$	313,244
Total Operating Cash Receipts		313,244
Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Personal Services		25,242
Fringe Benefits		3,979
Contractual Services		65,341
Supplies and Materials	1	21,563
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		116,125
Operating Income		197,119
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):		
Special Assessments		2,539
Miscellaneous Receipts		6,415
Principal Retirement		(95,675)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		(69,628)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(156,349)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		40,770
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		646,322
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	687,092

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Mount Victory, Hardin County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities and park operations. The Village contracts with the Hardin County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property.

Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in jointly governed organizations and a public entity risk pool. Notes 6 and 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio is a risk sharing pool available to Ohio governments.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District – This District provides fire services to members within the District.

Hardin County Regional Planning Commission – The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the County.

Southeastern Hardin Ambulance District – This District provides emergency medical services to members within the District.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary and fiduciary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> – This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village Streets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Assessments Lights Fund – This fund receives special assessments to provide street lights.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

<u>Sewer Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

<u>Sewer Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund receives charges for services from residents to provide for the debt retirement of the sewer system.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village invests all available funds in checking and certificates of deposit accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2017 follows:

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts							
	Budgeted Actual						
Fund Type	Receipts Receipts			Rec		V	ariance
General	\$ 130,106		\$	\$ 195,692		65,586	
Special Revenue		43,570		53,697		10,127	
Enterprise	377,285			322,198		(55,087)	
Total	\$	550,961	\$	571,587	\$	20,626	

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures							
	Арр	Appropriation Budgetary					
Fund Type	Authority		Authority Expenditures		tures Vari		
General	\$ 130,000		\$	82,477	\$	47,523	
Special Revenue		90,612		31,929		58,683	
Enterprise		452,355		281,428		170,927	
Total	\$	672,967	\$	395,834	\$	277,133	

Note 4 – Deposits

The Village maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31, 2017 was as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 1,040,606
Certificates of Deposit	 159,017
Total deposits	\$ 1,199,623

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 5 – Taxes (Continued)

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

The income tax is collected by the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) and is remitted to the Village. Income tax receipts are credited to the Village's General Fund.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Government is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Government insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Government belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York) functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other auditor's) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2017.

	<u>2017</u>
<u>Assets</u>	<u>\$44,452,326</u>
Liabilities	<u>(13,004,011)</u>
Net Position	<u>\$31,448,315</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$11.8 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$11.2 million of unpaid claims to be billed. The Pool's membership increased to 527 members in 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Government's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$10,000.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

2017 Contributions to PEP \$15,203

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also, upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a costsharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0 percent during calendar year 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 9 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
OWDA Loan #3575	\$ 24,151	2.00%
OWDA Loan #4517	271,825	3.92%
OPWC Loan #CP03Q	1,209,210	0.00%
USDA Mortgage Revenue Bonds - Series A	911,200	5.13%
USDA Mortgage Revenue Bonds - Series B	168,300	5.625%
Total	\$ 2,584,686	

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan #3575, was entered into on December 13, 2001, in the amount of \$92,575, at 2% interest, for improvements to the water system. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$2,819, over 20 years with final maturity scheduled for January 1, 2022.

The OWDA loan #4517, was entered into on May 25, 2006, in the amount of \$382,502 at 3.92% interest, for improvements to the water plant. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$12,070, over 25 years with final maturity scheduled for July 1, 2032.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan #CP03Q, was entered into on July 1, 2013, in the amount of \$1,408,209 at 0% interest, for a water distribution system project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$20,848 over a 30 year period, following the date of project completion. In 2016, the final loan proceeds in the amount of \$249,754, were received on this loan.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) mortgage revenue bonds relate to a sewer project. The USDA mortgage revenue bonds were issued on March 31, 1995, in the amount of \$1,306,000 and \$235,000 at 5.125% and 5.625% interest, respectively. These bonds will be repaid in annual installments of principal and interest payments over 40 years with final maturity scheduled for March 1, 2035.

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending	OW	'DA Loan	٥V	VDA Loan	0	PWC Loan	U	SDA Series	US	DA Series		
December 31:	:	#3575		#4517		#4517		CP03Q		Α		В
2018	\$	5,639	\$	24,141	\$	41,697		78,699		15,167		
2019		5,639		24,141		41,697		78,659		15,046		
2020		5,639		24,141		41,697		78,737		15,114		
2021		5,639		24,141		41,697		78,723		15,160		
2022		2,819		24,141		41,697		78,716		15,083		
2023-2027				120,703		208,484		393,586		75,543		
2028-2032		-		120,703		208,484		393,539		75,481		
2033-2037		-				208,484		236,189		45,358		
2038-2042		-		-		208,484		-		-		
2043-2046		-		-		166,789		-		-		
Total	\$	25,375	\$	362,111	\$	1,209,210	\$	1,416,848	\$	271,952		

Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District

The Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District, Hardin County, (the Fire District) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Fire District is directed by an appointed four-member Board of Trustees. One Board Member is appointed by each political subdivision within the Fire District which consists of Dudley Township and Hale Township in Hardin County, Washington Township in Union County and the Village of Mount Victory, in Hardin County. The Fire District provides fire protection within the Fire District. Financial information can be obtained from Jim Cyrus, Fiscal Officer, Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District, P.O. Box 123, Mount Victory, Ohio 43340.

Hardin County Regional Planning Commission

The Hardin County Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) is a joint venture between the County, the Municipalities, and the Townships within the County. The degree of control exercised by a participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is comprised of twenty-seven members, any of which may hold any other public office. The Village is represented by one member.

The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the County. Each participating government may be required to contribute an assessment per capita, according to the latest federal census, in any calendar year in which the revenue is needed. Financial information can be obtained from Mark Doll, Director, One Courthouse Square, Suite 130, Kenton, Ohio 43326.

Southeastern Hardin Ambulance District

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Southeastern Hardin Ambulance District, Hardin County (the District), as a body corporate and politic. The District is directed by an appointed four-member Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is appointed by the governing bodies of the Villages and Townships within Hardin County who receive ambulance services from the District. The District provides ambulance service for the Villages of Mount Victory and Ridgeway and the townships of Hale and Taylor Creek. Financial information can be obtained from the District at 212 South Wheeler Street, Mount Victory, Ohio 43340.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	General	Special Revenue	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts:			
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$ 11,133	\$ 3,657	\$ 14,790
Municipal Income Tax	131,731	-	131,731
Intergovernmental	15,964	29,683	45,647
Special Assessments	4,434	13,750	18,184
Fines, Licenses and Permits	3,937	-	3,937
Earnings on Investments	1,234	169	1,403
Miscellaneous	22,040		22,040
Total Cash Receipts	190,473	47,259	237,732
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Security of Persons and Property	157	10,083	10,240
Public Health Services	1,941	-	1,941
Leisure Time Activities	44,135	-	44,135
Community Environment	739	-	739
Transportation General Government	- 65,057	11,364 1,005	11,364 66,062
General Government	05,057	1,005	00,002
Total Cash Disbursements	112,029	22,452	134,481
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	78,444	24,807	103,251
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	170,941	103,356	274,297
Fund Cash Balances, December 31 Restricted Unassigned	- 249,385	128,163 -	128,163 249,385
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$ 249,385	\$ 128,163	\$ 377,548
,			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	En	terprise
Operating Cash Receipts:		
Charges for Services	\$	321,582
Total Operating Cash Receipts		321,582
Operating Cash Disbursements:		
Personal Services		31,251
Fringe Benefits		5,535
Contractual Services		43,858
Supplies and Materials		21,423
Total Operating Cash Disbursements		102,067
Operating Income		219,515
Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements):		
Special Assessments		4,436
Other Debt Proceeds		249,754
Miscellaneous Receipts		1,500
Capital Outlay		(254,918)
Principal Retirement		(51,579)
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		(71,995)
Total Non-Operating Receipts (Disbursements)		(122,802)
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		96,713
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		549,609
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	646,322

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Village of Mount Victory, Hardin County, (the Village) as a body corporate and politic. A publicly-elected six-member Council directs the Village. The Village provides water and sewer utilities and park operations. The Village contracts with the Hardin County Sheriff's department to provide security of persons and property.

Jointly Governed Organizations and Public Entity Risk Pool

The Village participates in jointly governed organizations and a public entity risk pool. Notes 6 and 11 to the financial statements provides additional information for these entities. These organizations are:

Public Entity Risk Pool:

The Village participates in the Public Entities Pool of Ohio is a risk sharing pool available to Ohio governments.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District – This District provides fire services to members within the District.

Hardin County Regional Planning Commission – The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the County.

Southeastern Hardin Ambulance District – This District provides emergency medical services to members within the District.

The Village's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Village is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Village's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types, and a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all proprietary and fiduciary fund types which are organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Village are presented below:

General Fund - The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Village for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Village had the following significant Special Revenue Fund:

<u>Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair Fund</u> – This fund receives gasoline tax and motor vehicle tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Village Streets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Assessments Lights Fund – This fund receives special assessments to provide street lights.

Enterprise Funds These funds account for operations that are similar to private business enterprises, where management intends to recover the significant costs of providing certain goods or services through user charges. The Village had the following significant Enterprise Funds:

<u>Water Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for charges for services from residents to cover water service costs.

<u>Sewer Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for charges for services from residents to cover sewer service costs.

<u>OPWC Water Distribution System Project Fund</u> – This fund accounts for grant and loan proceeds for water improvements.

<u>Sewer Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund receives charges for services from residents to provide for the debt retirement of the sewer system.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund (except certain agency funds) be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Village Council must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Appropriations lapse at year end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Village to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are canceled, and reappropriated in the subsequent year.

A summary of 2016 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deposits and Investments

The Village's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

The Village invests all available funds in checking and certificates of deposit accounts.

Capital Assets

The Village records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Village must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Village classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed Council can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Village must adhere to these commitments unless the Council amends the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as *restricted* or *committed*. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as *assigned* unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, *assigned* amounts represent intended uses established by Village Council or a Village official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Village applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending December 31, 2016 follows:

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts							
	Budgeted Actual						
Fund Type	Receipts Rece			Receipts	V	ariance	
General	\$ 123,955		\$	\$ 190,473		66,518	
Special Revenue		44,555		47,259		2,704	
Enterprise		579,354		577,272		(2,082)	
Total	\$	747,864	\$	815,004	\$	67,140	

2016 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures							
	Appropriation		Bı	udgetary			
Fund Type	Authority		Expenditures		Variance		
General	\$	132,856	\$	112,029	\$	20,827	
Special Revenue		84,133		22,452		61,681	
Enterprise		897,413		480,559		416,854	
Total	\$	1,114,402	\$	615,040	\$	499,362	

Note 4 – Deposits

The Village maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

Demand deposits	\$ 864,853
Certificates of Deposit	 159,017
Total deposits	\$ 1,023,870

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool.

Note 5 – Taxes

Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Council adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include homestead and rollback amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Village.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 5 – Taxes (Continued)

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Village.

Income Taxes

The Village levies a municipal income tax of 1 percent on substantially all earned income arising from employment, residency, or business activities within the Village as well as certain income of residents earned outside of the Village.

The income tax is collected by the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) and is remitted to the Village. Income tax receipts are credited to the Village's General Fund.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Government is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Government insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Government belongs to the Public Entities Pool of Ohio (PEP), a risk-sharing pool available to Ohio local governments. PEP provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Insurance Services Group, Inc. (York) functions as the administrator of PEP and provides underwriting, claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for PEP. PEP is a member of the American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund PEP. PEP pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

APEEP provides PEP with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, PEP retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2016, PEP retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$100,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge PEP's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

PEP's financial statements (audited by other auditor's) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and net position at December 31, 2016.

	<u>2016</u>
Assets	\$42,182,281
Liabilities	<u>(13,396,700)</u>
Net Position	<u>\$28,785,581</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)

At December 31, 2016 the liabilities above include approximately 12.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$11.5 million of unpaid claims to be billed. The Pool's membership increased to 520 members in 2016. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2016, the Government's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$9,000.

Based on discussions with PEP, the expected rates PEP charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to PEP for each year of membership.

2016 Contributions to PEP \$15,069

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining PEP, if the member notifies PEP in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to PEP. Also, upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

Village employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a costsharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Village contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Village has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2016.

Note 8 - Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offer cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 2.0 percent during calendar year 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 9 - Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
OWDA Loan #3575	\$ 29,231	2.00%
OWDA Loan #4517	284,924	3.92%
OPWC Loan #CP03Q	1,250,906	0.00%
USDA Mortgage Revenue Bonds - Series A	941,700	5.13%
USDA Mortgage Revenue Bonds - Series B	173,600	5.625%
Total	\$ 2,680,361	

The Ohio Water Development Authority (OWDA) loan #3575, was entered into on December 13, 2001, in the amount of \$92,575, at 2% interest, for improvements to the water system. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$2,819, over 20 years with final maturity scheduled for January 1, 2022.

The OWDA loan #4517, was entered into on May 25, 2006, in the amount of \$382,502 at 3.92% interest, for improvements to the water plant. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$12,070, over 25 years with final maturity scheduled for July 1, 2032.

The Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) loan #CP03Q, was entered into on July 1, 2013, in the amount of \$1,408,209 at 0% interest, for a water distribution system project. The loan will be repaid in semiannual installments of \$20,848 over a 30 year period, following the date of project completion. In 2016, the final loan proceeds in the amount of \$249,754, were received on this loan.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) mortgage revenue bonds relate to a sewer project. The USDA mortgage revenue bonds were issued on March 31, 1995, in the amount of \$1,306,000 and \$235,000 at 5.125% and 5.625% interest, respectively. These bonds will be repaid in annual installments of principal and interest payments over 40 years with final maturity scheduled for March 1, 2035.

Year ending	OW	DA Loan	٥V	VDA Loan	0	OPWCLoan USDA		DA Series	USDA Series	
December 31:	#	#3575		#4517		CP03Q		А		В
2017	\$	5,639	\$	24,141	\$	41,697	\$	78,762	\$	15,065
2018		5,639		24,141		41,697		78,699		15,167
2019		5,639		24,141		41,697		78,659		15,046
2020		5,639		24,141		41,697		78,737		15,114
2021		5,639		24,141		41,697		78,723		15,160
2022-2026		2,819		120,703		208,484		393,587		75,448
2027-2031		-		120,703		208,484		393,592		75,589
2032-2036		-		24,141		208,484		314,852		60,428
2037-2041		-		-		208,484		-		-
2042-2046		-		-		208,485		-		-
Total	\$	31,014	\$	386,252	\$	1,250,906	\$	1,495,611	\$	287,017

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Village are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor. The grantor may require refunding any disallowed costs. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow. However, based on prior experience, management believes any refunds would be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (Continued)

Note 11 – Jointly Governed Organizations

Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District

The Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District, Hardin County, (the Fire District) is a body corporate and politic established to exercise the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The Fire District is directed by an appointed four member Board of Trustees. One Board Member is appointed by each political subdivision within the Fire District which consists of Dudley Township and Hale Township in Hardin County, Washington Township in Union County and the Village of Mount Victory, in Hardin County. The Fire District provides fire protection within the Fire District. Financial information can be obtained from Jim Cyrus, Fiscal Officer, Southeast Hardin Northwest Union Joint Fire District, P.O. Box 123, Mount Victory, Ohio 43340.

Hardin County Regional Planning Commission

The Hardin County Regional Planning Commission (the Commission) is a joint venture between the County, the Municipalities, and the Townships within the County. The degree of control exercised by a participating government is limited to its representation on the Board. The Board is comprised of twenty-seven members, any of which may hold any other public office. The Village is represented by one member.

The Commission makes studies, maps, plans, recommendations and reports concerning the physical, environmental, social, economic and governmental characteristics, functions and services of the County. Each participating government may be required to contribute an assessment per capita, according to the latest federal census, in any calendar year in which the revenue is needed. Financial information can be obtained from Mark Doll, Director, One Courthouse Square, Suite 130, Kenton, Ohio 43326.

Southeastern Hardin Ambulance District

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Southeastern Hardin Ambulance District, Hardin County (the District), as a body corporate and politic. The District is directed by an appointed four-member Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is appointed by the governing bodies of the Villages and Townships within Hardin County who receive ambulance services from the District. The District provides ambulance service for the Villages of Mount Victory and Ridgeway and the townships of Hale and Taylor Creek. Financial information can be obtained from the District at 212 South Wheeler Street, Mount Victory, Ohio 43340.

313 Second St. Marietta, OH 45750 740.373.0056

1907 Grand Central Ave. Vienna, WV 26105 304.422.2203

150 West Main St. St. Clairsville, OH 43950 740.695.1569

1310 Market St., Suite 300 Wheeling, WV 26003 304.232.1358

749 Wheeling Ave., Suite 300 Cambridge, OH 43725 740.435.3417

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

September 28, 2018

Village of Mount Victory Hardin County P.O. Box 7 Mount Victory, Ohio 43340

To the Village Council:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of the **Village of Mount Victory**, Hardin County, (the Village) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2018, wherein we noted the Village followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings that we consider to be material weaknesses. We consider findings 2017-001 and 2017-002 to be material weaknesses.

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Certified Public Accountants, A.C.

Village of Mount Victory Hardin County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Village's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Village's management in a separate letter dated September 28, 2018.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

erry (amountes CPAJ A. C.

Perry & Associates Certified Public Accountants, A.C. *Marietta, Ohio*

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

FINDING NUMBER 2017-001

Material Weakness

Financial Reporting

Accurate financial reporting is the responsibility of the Fiscal Officer and is essential to ensure information provided to the readers of the financial statements is accurate. Fund balances should be properly classified based on Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54: *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.*

During 2016 and 2017, receipts, disbursements, and fund balances were not always posted or classified correctly and footnote disclosures were not always up to date. The following errors were noted:

- State Rollback receipts were improperly posted as Property Tax revenue instead of Intergovernmental revenue in 2017.
- Revenue from debt was improperly recorded as Intergovernmental Revenue instead of Debt Proceeds in 2016.
- The Village improperly recorded subsequent year appropriations in the General Fund that exceeded subsequent year estimated receipts as unassigned instead of assigned in 2017.

Not posting receipts and classifying fund balances accurately resulted in the financial statements requiring several reclassifications. The financial statements reflect all reclassifications.

To help ensure accuracy and reliability in the financial reporting process, we recommend that management perform a detailed review of its draft financial statements. Such review should include procedures to ensure that all sources of revenues are properly identified and classified on the financial statements.

We also recommend the Fiscal Officer refer to the Ohio Village Handbook and other Auditor of State resources for guidance to determine the proper establishment of receipt accounts and posting of receipts. The Fiscal Officer should refer to Auditor of State Technical Bulletin 2011-004 for assistance in properly classifying fund balances.

Management's Response – We did not receive a response from management to the finding above.

FINDING NUMBER 2017-002

Material Weakness

Utility Adjustments

The Village should maintain an accounting system and accounting records sufficient to enable the Village to identify, assemble, analyze, classify, record and report its transactions, maintain accountability for the related assets, document compliance with finance-related legal and contractual requirements and prepare financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

FINDING NUMBER 2017-002 (Continued)

Material Weakness (Continued)

Utility Adjustments (Continued)

During testing of the Village's utilities, we noted the following:

- Council did not have a formal policy regarding utility bill adjustments;
- Council did not approve adjustments to customer accounts;
- The Village did not maintain supporting documentation related to utility bill adjustments.

Failure to follow Village policy and accurately prepare the accounting records 1) reduces the accountability over Village funds, 2) reduces the Council's ability to monitor financial activity and make informed financial decisions, and 3) increases the risk that errors, theft or fraud could occur and not be detected in a timely manner.

We recommend the Village Officials and management implement the following:

- Establish a formal policy and related procedures to address identification, authorization, recording and documentation of adjustments to utility customer accounts;
- The Village Council should review and approve all adjustments to be made to utility client accounts;
- Adequately document and approve all adjustments to customer accounts;
- Ensure adjustment calculations are accurate.

Management's Response – We did not receive a response from management to the finding above.

VILLAGE OF MOUNT VICTORY HARDIN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND 2016

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2015-001	Recording of Financial Activity	Repeated	Repeated as Finding 2017-001
2015-002	ORC Section 5705.09(F)	Corrected	N/A

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Dave Yost • Auditor of State

VILLAGE OF MOUNT VICTORY

HARDIN COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 15, 2018

> 88 East Broad Street, Fourth Floor, Columbus, Ohio 43215-3506 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370 Fax: 614-466-4490 www.ohioauditor.gov