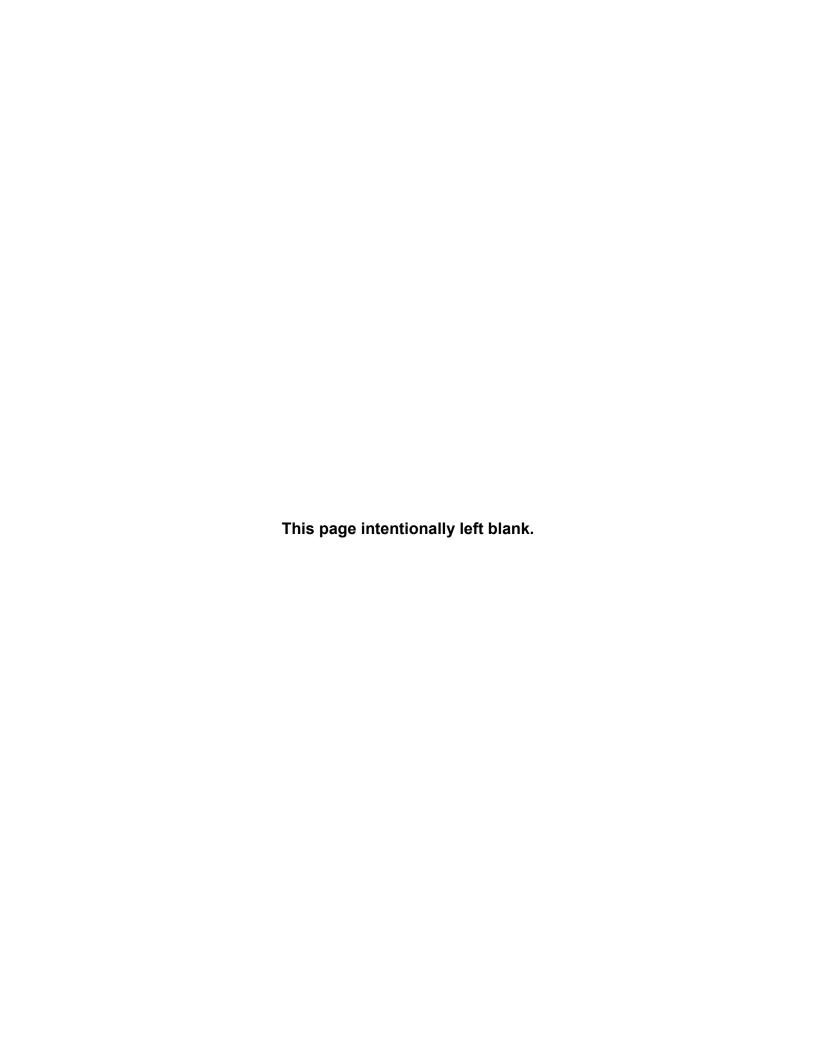




# BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP JACKSON COUNTY DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Bloomfield Township Jackson County 1491 Dixon Run Road Jackson, Ohio 45640

To the Board of Trustees:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Bloomfield Township Jackson County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

# Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative § 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

# Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

# Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 1.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 31 2019, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

Kuth John

May 31, 2019

Jackson County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts	¢44.240	<b>#04.052</b>	¢o.	#120.202
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$44,249	\$84,953	\$0	\$129,202
Intergovernmental	21,269	104,250	115,914	241,433
Earnings on Investments	77	154	0	231
Total Cash Receipts	65,595	189,357	115,914	370,866
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	44,466	126,998	0	171,464
Public Safety	0	55,292	0	55,292
Public Works	0	25,302	191,354	216,656
Health	8,451	0	0	8,451
Capital Outlay	0	0	3,286	3,286
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	27,530	27,530
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	3,857	3,857
Total Cash Disbursements	52,917	207,592	226,027	486,536
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	12,678	(18,235)	(110,113)	(115,670)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Other Financing Sources	2,455	0	0	2,455
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	2,455	0	0	2,455
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	15,133	(18,235)	(110,113)	(113,215)
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	36,976	217,682	167,327	421,985
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	0	199,447	57,214	256,661
Assigned	52,109	0	0	52,109
1 Doigned	32,107			52,107
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$52,109	\$199,447	\$57,214	\$308,770
	<del>402,100</del>	¥ 2.77, /	ΨΕ,,ΞΙΙ	4200,110

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

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Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Bloomfield Township, Jackson County (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Bloomfield Volunteer Fire Department to provide fire and emergency rescue services. The Township has a special tax levy fund to support the volunteer fire department contracted services.

# Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority, a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

# Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all government fund types.

# Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

*General Fund* The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Special Revenue Funds* These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gas Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

*Fire Special Levy Tax Fund* The Fire Special Levy Tax Fund accounts for and reports that portion of property taxes restricted for fire and emergency rescue services within the Township.

*Capital Project Funds* These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant capital project funds:

Sales Tax Fund- The Township receives a monthly sales tax distribution from the County restricted for capital improvements and assets.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit.

### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

**Appropriations** Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

**Estimated Resources** Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

*Encumbrances* The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated. The Township did not encumber all commitments required by Ohio law.

A summary of 2018 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

#### Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes deposits and interest in a single checking account. There are no additional investments.

# Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

# Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

*Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

# Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2018 follows:

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$65,173	\$68,050	\$2,877
Special Revenue	180,800	189,357	8,557
Capital Projects	95,000	115,914	20,914
Total	\$340,973	\$373,321	\$32,348

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$110,118	\$52,917	\$57,201
Special Revenue	383,904	208,881	175,023
Capital Projects	261,500	226,253	35,247
Total	\$755,522	\$488,051	\$267,471

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### Note 4 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2018	
Demand deposits	\$308,770	

# **Deposits**

Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

# Note 5 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

# Note 6- Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risk sharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

## Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 6- Risk Management (Continued)**

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

#### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2017.

	2017
Assets	\$40,010,732
Liabilities	\$8,675,465
Net Position	\$31,335,267

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2,556.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2017 Contributions to OTARMA		
\$5,810.00		

2018 Contributions to OTARMA	
\$5,343.00	

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 6- Risk Management**

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate of \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs, if material.

#### **Note 7 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

# Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

# **Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits**

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2018. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2018.

# Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Alamo Boom Mower Acquisition Loan	\$20,976	2.72%
2016 Ford F550 Ford Truck	37,820	5.45%
Total	\$58,796	

During 2015, the Township entered in to a loan agreement with Kansas State Bank for a \$50,401.44 loan to purchase a boom mower. The loan was issued at 2.72% interested rate with a five year term.

During 2017, the Township entered in to a loan agreement with Ford Financing for a 2016 Ford F550 Truck. The lease/loan agreement was issued at 5.45% interest rate with a four year term.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

#### **Note 9 – Debt (Continued)**

#### Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	General
Year Ending	Obligation
December 31:	Notes
2019	31,387
2020	31,387
Total	\$62,774

# **Note 10 – Public Entity Risk Pool**

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority, a risk-sharing pool. (For information on OTARMA, see note #6.)

The Township participates in CareWorksComp Group Rating Plan for worker's compensation. CareWorksComp is a Managed Care Organization (MCO) for Ohio State Fund employers. There are no direct costs for the MCO services as all MCO fees are already included in the BWC premium. Each year the participants pay an enrollment fee to the program to cover the costs of administering the program. BWC requires the Township be a member in good standing with the sponsoring organization.

# Note 11 – Subsequent Events

In February 2018, a major flooding event occurred. This event is eligible for FEMA reimbursement. During 2018, a significant portion of the budget was used to repair damages. As of the close of FY2018 not all damages are addressed and no reimbursement made. The FY2019 budget is based on the FY2018 cash balance carry over and the estimated resources projected for CY2019, by the County Auditor. Any FEMA reimbursement will be adjusted to the FY2019 budget accordingly.

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Jackson County, Ohio Combined Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances (Regulatory Cash Basis) All Governmental Fund Types For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Totals (Memorandum Only)
Cash Receipts				
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$40,790	\$78,897	\$0	\$119,687
Intergovernmental	20,996	106,789	115,038	242,823
Earnings on Investments	72	144	0	216
Total Cash Receipts	61,858	185,830	115,038	362,726
Cash Disbursements				
Current:				
General Government	91,139	66,095	449	157,683
Public Safety	0	58,578	0	58,578
Public Works	0	28,550	45,323	73,873
Health	8,702	0	0	8,702
Capital Outlay	0	0	77,696	77,696
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	0	0	30,276	30,276
Interest and Fiscal Charges	0	0	1,111	1,111
Total Cash Disbursements	99,841	153,223	154,855	407,919
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	(37,983)	32,607	(39,817)	(45,193)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)				
Other Debt Proceeds	0	0	75,746	75,746
Sale of Capital Assets	6,000	0	0	6,000
Other Financing Sources	2,120	0	0	2,120
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)	8,120	0	75,746	83,866
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances	(29,863)	32,607	35,929	38,673
Fund Cash Balances, January 1	66,839	185,075	131,398	383,312
Fund Cash Balances, December 31				
Restricted	0	217,682	167,327	385,009
Assigned	30,613	0	0	30,613
Unassigned (Deficit)	6,363	0	0	6,363
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$36,976	\$217,682	\$167,327	\$421,985

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ the\ basic\ financial\ statements.$ 

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Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### **Note 1 – Reporting Entity**

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of the Bloomfield Township, Jackson County (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection and emergency medical services. The Township contracts with the Bloomfield Volunteer Fire Department to provide fire and emergency rescue services. The Township has a special tax levy fund to support the volunteer fire department contracted services.

# Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority, a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

# Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all government fund types.

## Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

*General Fund* The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

*Special Revenue Funds* These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Gas Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

*Fire Special Levy Tax Fund* The Fire Special Levy Tax Fund accounts for and reports that portion of property taxes restricted for fire and emergency rescue services within the Township.

*Capital Project Funds* These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township had the following significant capital project funds:

Sales Tax Fund- The Township receives a monthly sales tax distribution from the County restricted for capital improvements and assets.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary expenditures when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code § 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit.

### **Budgetary Process**

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

**Appropriations** Budgetary expenditures (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the fund, function or object level of control, and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

*Estimated Resources* Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

*Encumbrances* The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 4.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Township's accounting basis includes deposits and interest in a single checking account. There are no additional investments.

#### Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

# Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* The Township classifies assets as *nonspendable* when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Fund Balance (Continued)

**Restricted** Fund balance is *restricted* when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** Trustees can *commit* amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute.

*Unassigned* Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Note 3 – Compliance

Contrary to Ohio law, appropriations exceeded estimated resources in the General Fund by \$6,285 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

#### Note 4 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ending 2017 follows:

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Receipts

	Budgeted	Actual	
Fund Type	Receipts	Receipts	Variance
General	\$56,774	\$69,978	\$13,204
Special Revenue	180,429	185,830	5,401
Capital Projects	97,947	190,784	92,837
Total	\$335,150	\$446,592	\$111,442

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

## **Note 4 – Budgetary Activity (Continued)**

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Budgetary Basis Expenditures

	8 3		
	Appropriation	Budgetary	_
Fund Type	Authority	Expenditures	Variance
General	\$136,450	\$100,109	\$36,341
Special Revenue	350,300	154,245	196,055
Capital Projects	229,000	154,855	74,145
Total	\$715,750	\$409,209	\$306,541

# Note 5 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2017
Demand deposits	\$421,985

# Deposits

Deposits are collateralized by the financial institution's public entity deposit pool or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

#### **Note 6 – Property Taxes**

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

#### **Note 7- Risk Management**

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees.

The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risksharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York or Management), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### **Note 7- Risk Management (Continued)**

# Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

### **Financial Position**

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2017.

	2016
Assets	\$40,010,732
Liabilities	\$8,675,465
Net Position	\$31,335,267

At December 31, 2017 the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$2,116.

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2016 Contributions to OTARMA	
\$4,809.00	
2017 Contributions to OTARMA	

\$5,810.00

Jackson County Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

#### **Note 7- Risk Management (Continued)**

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Workers' Compensation coverage is provided by the State of Ohio. The Township pays the State Workers' Compensation System a premium based on a rate of \$100 of salaries. This rate is calculated based on accident history and administrative costs, if material.

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10 percent of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14 percent of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

## **Note 9 – Postemployment Benefits**

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan was 1.0 percent during calendar year 2017.

#### Note 10 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Principal	Interest Rate
Alamo Boom Mower Acquisition Loan	\$31,049	2.72%
2016 Ford F550 Ford Truck	55,277	5.45%
Total	\$86,326	

During 2015, the Township entered in to a loan agreement with Kansas State Bank for a \$50,401.44 loan to purchase a boom mower. The loan was issued at 2.72% interested rate with a five year term.

During 2017, the Township entered in to a loan agreement with Ford Financing for a 2016 Ford F550 Truck. The lease/loan agreement was issued at 5.45% interest rate with a four year term.

Jackson County
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

# **Note 10 – Debt (Continued)**

# Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

	General
Year Ending	Obligation
December 31:	Notes
2018	31,387
2019	31,387
2020	31,387
Total	\$94,161

# Note 11 – Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority, a risk-sharing pool. (For information on OTARMA, see note #7.)

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Bloomfield Township Jackson County 1491 Dixon Run Road Jackson, Ohio 45640

#### To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by the fund type of Bloomfield Township, Jackson County, Ohio (the Township), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31. 2019 wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code §117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(D) permit.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings that we consider material weaknesses. We consider findings 2018-004 and 2018-005 to be material weaknesses.

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Bloomfield Township
Jackson County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items 2018-001 through 2018-003.

# Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

May 31, 2019

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2018-001**

# **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133 authorizes certain methods by which subdivisions may incur debt.

Ohio Rev. Code § 133.22 provides that a subdivision may issue anticipatory-securities if it meets the requirements outlined in the statute.

Ohio Rev. Code § 133.10 permits a subdivision to issue anticipation securities in anticipation of current property tax revenues or in anticipation of current revenues in and for any fiscal year from any source or combination of sources, including distributions of any federal or state monies, other than the proceeds of property taxes levied by the subdivision.

Ohio Rev. Code § 133.15 provides that a subdivision is authorized to issue securities for the purpose of paying all or any portion of the costs of any permanent improvement that the subdivision is authorized, alone or in cooperation with other persons, to acquire, improve, or construct.

Ohio Rev. Code § 133.18 provides that the taxing authority of a subdivision, may by legislation submit to the electors of the subdivision the question of issuing any general obligation bonds, for one purpose, that the subdivision has power or authority to issue.

During 2018 and 2017, the Township made principal payments on an outstanding promissory note in the amount of \$10,073 and \$9,806 respectively. The promissory note was used by the Township to purchase a mower.

This type of debt is not authorized in Ohio Rev. Code Chapter 133. Without a statutory provision authorizing this method for incurring debt, the Township was not permitted to use such a method. The Township had no statutory authority to incur debt through either installment loans or promissory notes with any banking institutions. Inadequate policies and procedures related to debt issuance can result in illegal expenditures by the Township.

The Township should consult with legal counsel before incurring debt to determine if the debt is authorized by statute.

# **FINDING NUMBER 2018-002**

#### **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.39 provides in part that total appropriations from each fund shall not exceed the total estimated resources. No appropriation measure is effective until the county auditor files a certificate that the total appropriations from each fund do not exceed the total official estimate or amended official certificate.

At December 31, 2017, appropriations exceeded estimated resources in the General Fund by \$6,285.

This could result in overspending of available resources.

The Fiscal Officer and Trustees should monitor the approved appropriations to ensure they do not exceed the estimated resources on the amended certificates.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017 (Continued)

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2018-003**

# **Noncompliance**

Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making any contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by the fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving the expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in §§ 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now" certificate - If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that the contract or order was made ("then"), and at the time that the fiscal officer is completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to the credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for the payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by ordinance or resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution or ordinance upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

- 2. Blanket Certificates Fiscal officers may prepare so-called "blanket" certificates not running beyond the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation. Purchase orders may not exceed an amount established by resolution or ordinance of the legislative authority, and cannot extend past the end of the fiscal year. In other words, blanket certificates cannot be issued unless there has been an amount approved by the legislative authority for the blanket.
- 3. Super Blanket Certificate The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount from a specific line item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most professional services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to exceed beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

Thirty-eight percent (38%) of the obligations tested were not certified by the Fiscal Officer at the time the commitment was incurred and there was no evidence that the Township followed the aforementioned exceptions.

Failure to properly certify the availability of funds can result in overspending and negative cash fund balances.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017 (Continued)

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

# **FINDING NUMBER 2018-003 (Continued)**

# Noncompliance - Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1) (Continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's funds exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Fiscal Officer certify that the funds are or will be available prior to an obligation being incurred by the Township. When prior certification is not possible, "then and now" certification should be used.

The Board of Trustees should obtain the Fiscal Officer's certification of the availability of funds prior to the commitment being incurred. The most convenient certification method is to use purchase orders that include the certification language § 5705.41(D) requires to authorize disbursements. The Fiscal Officer should sign the certification at the time the Township incurs a commitment, and only when the requirements of § 5705.41(D) are satisfied. The Fiscal Officer should post approved purchase commitments to the proper appropriation code, to reduce the available appropriation.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2018-004**

#### **Material Weakness**

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C § 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C § 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

Sound accounting practices require accurately posting estimated receipts and appropriations to the ledgers to provide information for budget versus actual comparison and to allow the Board to make informed decisions regarding budgetary matters.

The Appropriation resolution and subsequent amendments establish the legal spending authority of the Township and the appropriation ledger provides the process by which the Township controls spending, it is therefore necessary the amounts appropriated by the Board are precisely stated and accurately posted to the appropriation ledger.

The original certificate and amendments establish the amounts available for expenditures for the Township and the receipts ledger provides the process by which the Township controls what is available, it is therefore necessary the amounts estimated by the County Budget Commission are posted accurately to the receipts ledger.

At December 31, 2017, estimated receipts as approved by the Budget Commission did not agree to the Township's accounting system as follows:

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017 (Continued)

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

# **FINDING NUMBER 2018-004 (Continued)**

#### **Material Weakness (Continued)**

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>System</u>	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund	\$56,774	\$63,326	(\$6,552)
Motor Vehicle License Fund	15,771	16,078	(307)
Gasoline Tax Fund	86,399	85,180	1,219
Road and Bridge Fund	26,403	24,206	2,197
Fire Levy Fund	51,856	53,544	(1,688)

At December 31, 2017, approved appropriations did not agree to the Township's accounting system as follows:

	<u>Approved</u>	<u>System</u>	<u>Variance</u>
General Fund	\$136,450	\$129,898	\$6,552
Motor Vehicle License Fund	60,000	59,693	307
Fire Levy Fund	51,000	60,372	(9,372)

The Township did not have procedures in place to accurately post authorized budgetary measures to the accounting system. The appropriations and amendments thereof approved by the Board were not properly posted to the accounting system. Additionally, the approved Certificate of Estimated Resources and amendments thereof were not properly posted to the accounting system.

Failure to accurately post the appropriations and estimated receipts to the ledgers could result in overspending and negative cash balances. In addition, this could lead to inaccurate reporting of the budgetary information in the financial statements.

To effectively control the budgetary cycle and to maintain accountability over receipts and expenditures, the Township should post to the ledgers, on a timely basis, estimated receipts as certified by the budget commission and appropriations approved by the Board. The Township should then monitor budget versus actual reports to help ensure amended certificates of resources and appropriations have been properly posted to the ledgers.

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2018-005**

#### **Material Weakness**

In our audit engagement letter, as required by AU-C § 210, *Terms of Engagement*, paragraph .06, management acknowledged its responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of their financial statements; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error as discussed in AU-C § 210 paragraphs .A14 & .A16.

The following errors were noted in the financial statements that required audit adjustment or reclassification:

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017 (Continued)

# FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (Continued)

#### FINDING NUMBER 2018-005 (Continued)

#### **Material Weakness (Continued)**

For the year ended December 31, 2017:

- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting
  of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.176
  require reporting amounts as assigned when subsequent appropriations exceed estimated
  receipts. The Township improperly reported the assigned portion of the General Fund's cash fund
  balance as unassigned, in the amount of \$30,613;
- Gasoline Tax Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$4,623 were incorrectly posted as General Fund taxes receipts;
- Road and Bridge Fund and Fire Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$141 and \$151, respectively, were incorrectly posted as General Fund taxes receipts;
- Road and Bridge Fund and Fire Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$2,038 and \$1,098, respectively, were incorrectly posted as General Fund intergovernmental receipts;
- Motor Vehicle License Tax Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$431 were incorrectly posted as General Fund other financing sources receipts;
- General Fund sale of capital assets receipts of \$6,000 were incorrectly posted as other financing sources receipts;
- Capital Projects Fund debt service principal disbursements of \$30,276 and debt service interest disbursements of \$1,111 were incorrectly posted as capital outlay disbursements;
- Capital Projects Fund other debt proceeds and capital outlay disbursements of \$75,746 were unrecorded.

For the year ended December 31, 2018:

- Statement No. 54 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting of fund balances on the financial statements and was codified as follows: GASB Cod. 1800.176 require reporting amounts as assigned when subsequent appropriations exceed estimated receipts. The Township incorrectly reported the assigned portion of the General Fund's cash fund balance as unassigned, in the amount of \$52,109;
- Road and Bridge Fund and Fire Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$136 and \$133, respectively, were incorrectly posted as General Fund taxes receipts;
- Road and Bridge Fund and Fire Fund intergovernmental receipts of \$2,210 and \$1,078. respectively, were incorrectly posted as General Fund intergovernmental receipts;
- Capital Projects Fund debt service principal disbursements of \$27,530 and debt service interest disbursements of \$3,857 were incorrectly posted as capital outlay disbursements.

The Fiscal Officer made errors in posting receipts and disbursements as noted above that resulted in errors on the financial statements. The audited financial statements reflect the reclassifications and adjustments noted above and the Fiscal Officer posted the adjustments to the accounting system.

The Fiscal Officer should refer to the Ohio Township Handbook and Auditor of State Bulletin 2011-004 for proper classification of receipts, disbursements, and fund balances and take additional care in posting transactions to the Township's UAN accounting system in order to ensure the Township's financial statements are complete and accurate. We further recommend the Board of Trustees adopt policies and procedures including a final review of the financial statements and notes by the Fiscal Officer and Board of Trustees.

Officials' Response: We did not receive a response from Officials to the findings reported above.

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# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Status	Additional Information
2016-001	Ohio Rev. Code § 505.262(A)-The Board of Trustees should authorize only the issuance of notes pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 133.20	Not Corrected	Will monitor this in the future.
2016-002	Ohio Rev. Code § 5705.41(D)(1)- expenditures materially exceeded appropriations	Not Corrected	n/a
2016-003	Ohio Admin. Code § 117- 2-02- Fiscal Officer did not maintain an appropriation or receipt ledger.	Corrected	The fiscal officer did not maintain an appropriation ledger or a receipts ledger during 2015 but this was corrected in FY2016.
2016-004	Material Weakness for material errors requiring audit adjustments and reclassifications.	Not Corrected	Will monitor departments passage of receipts.





#### **BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP**

**JACKSON COUNTY** 

## **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED JUNE 13, 2019