



#### NEW BREMEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT AUGLAIZE COUNTY JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

New Bremen Local School District Auglaize County 901 East Monroe Street New Bremen, Ohio 45869

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Bremen Local School District, Auglaize, County, Ohio (the School District), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

New Bremen Local School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of New Bremen Local School District, Auglaize County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the years then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

#### **Accounting Basis**

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during 2017, the School District has elected to change its financial presentation to a cash basis comparable to the requirements of *Governmental Accounting Standards*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

#### Other Matters

Other Information

We applied no procedures to management's discussion & analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2019, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2019

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The management's discussion and analysis of the New Bremen Local School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018, within the limitations of the School District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2018 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the School District increased \$16,556,166 or 254.25% from fiscal year 2017.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$26,671,608 or 94.14% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$1,660,930 or 5.86% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- The School District had \$11,776,372 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,660,930 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions.
- The School District's major funds are the general fund, the building fund, and the classroom facilities fund. The general fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$10,042,241 in 2018. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$8,893,010 in 2018. The general fund's cash balance increased \$1,149,231 or 21.64% from 2017 to 2018.
- The building fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$8,099,060 in 2018. The cash disbursements of the building fund totaled \$474,818 in 2018. The building fund's cash balance increased \$7,624,242 or 100% from 2017 to 2018.
- The classroom facilities fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$7,709,515 in 2018. The cash disbursements of the classroom facilities fund totaled \$267,561. The classroom facilities fund's cash balance increased \$7,441,954 or 100% from 2017 to 2018.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the School District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting an aggregate view of the School District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the School District, there are three major governmental funds; the general fund, building fund, and classroom facilities fund.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2018?" These statements include *only net position* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net cash position and changes in those assets on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District, the cash basis financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs, and other factors.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis the governmental activities include School District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis can be found on pages 13-14 of this report.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund, the building fund, and the classroom facilities. The analysis of the School District's major governmental fund begins on page 9.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various School District programs. Since the School District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash position and fund cash balances or changes in net cash position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 15-16 of this report.

The School District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statement for the general fund is presented to demonstrate the School District's compliance with annually adopted budgets. The budgetary statement can be found on page 17 of this report.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School District's own programs.

The School District's only fiduciary funds are a private-purpose trust fund and an agency fund. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position cash basis and changes in fiduciary net position cash basis on pages 18-19. These activities are excluded from the School District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the School District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 55 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Recall that the statement of net position - cash basis provides the perspective of the School District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the School District's net cash position at June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017.

#### **Net Cash Position**

	Governmental Activities 2018	Governmental Activities 2017		
Assets Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 23,067,825	\$ 6,511,659		
Total assets	23,067,825	6,511,659		
Net cash position Restricted Unrestricted	16,608,931 6,458,894	1,201,996 5,309,663		
Total net cash position	\$ 23,067,825	\$ 6,511,659		

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The total net cash position of the School District increased \$16,556,166 which represents a 254.25% increase from fiscal year 2017. Net position increased as a result of \$14,365,000 in School Facilities Construction and Improvement bonds that were issued during fiscal year 2018 and participation in the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission (OFCC) to construct new classroom facilities. The District received \$983,287 in grants from the OFCC during fiscal year 2018. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash position of \$6,458,894 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The table below shows the changes in net cash position for fiscal years 2018 and 2017.

	Governmental Activities 2018	Governmental Activities 2017	
Cash receipts  Dragram and receipts			
Program cash receipts:	005161	Φ 060.040	
Charges for services and sales	\$ 995,161	\$ 960,849	
Operating grants and contributions	665,769	708,534	
Capital grants and contributions	-	723	
General cash receipts:			
Property taxes	3,276,948	2,951,106	
Income taxes	2,986,986	1,580,620	
Grants and entitlements	4,697,739	3,812,193	
Investment earnings	236,472	72,402	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	39,963	39,963	
Miscellaneous	43,456	57,747	
Issuance of Bonds	14,365,000	-	
Premium on Bonds	907,077	-	
Sale of Assets	2,467		
Insurance proceeds	115,500		
Total cash receipts	28,332,538	10,184,137	

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **Change in Net Position - (Continued)**

	Governmental Activities 2018	Governmental Activities 2017
Cash disbursements		
Program disbursements:		
Instruction:		
Regular	\$ 4,590,339	\$ 4,595,708
Special	937,358	934,172
Vocational	112,347	111,316
Other	20,671	21,732
Support services:		
Pupil	637,163	606,536
Instructional staff	326,508	289,299
Board of education	105,296	54,084
Administration	680,859	772,365
Fiscal	191,071	219,040
Operations and maintenance	941,402	883,154
Pupil transportation	312,499	209,999
Central	82,056	80,943
Food service operations	262,122	264,819
Extracurricular activities	503,450	506,123
Facilities acquisition and construction	610,312	31,228
Debt Service:		
Principal retirement	740,000	735,000
Interest and fiscal charges	397,164	10,632
Bond Issuance Cost	325,755	<u> </u>
Total cash disbursements	11,776,372	10,326,150
Change in net cash position	16,556,166	(142,013)
Net cash position at beginning of year	6,511,659	6,653,672
Net cash position at end of year	\$ 23,067,825	\$ 6,511,659

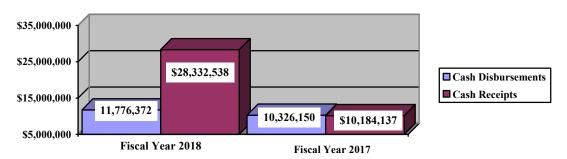
#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental net cash position increased \$16,556,166 in 2018 from 2017. Total governmental disbursements of \$11,776,372 were offset by program receipts of \$1,660,930 and general receipts of \$26,671,608. Program receipts supported 14.10% of the total governmental disbursements. The largest governmental disbursement was instructional expenditures which totaled \$5,660,715.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 35.36% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years. The School District also issued \$14,365,000 in bonds during fiscal year 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### Governmental Activities - Total Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements

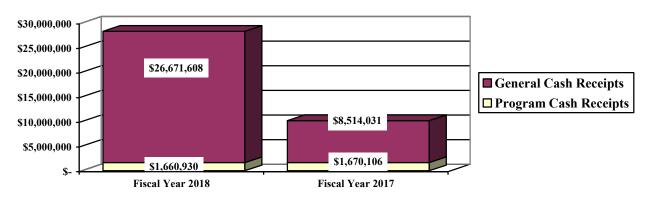


	Т	otal Cost of Services 2018	N	Net Cost of Services 2018	otal Cost of Services 2017	et Cost of Services 2017
Cash disbursements:						
Instruction:						
Regular	\$	4,590,339	\$	4,033,015	\$ 4,595,708	\$ 3,934,936
Special		937,358		387,690	934,172	475,860
Vocational		112,347		65,425	111,316	71,352
Other		20,671		20,671	21,732	21,732
Support services:						
Pupil		637,163		637,163	606,536	606,536
Instructional staff		326,508		326,508	289,299	289,299
Board of education		105,296		105,296	54,084	54,084
Administration		680,859		680,834	772,365	772,293
Fiscal		191,071		191,049	219,040	218,996
Operations and maintenance		941,402		936,261	883,154	873,727
Pupil transportation		312,499		286,313	209,999	186,974
Central		82,056		82,056	80,943	80,943
Operation of non instructional services:						
Food service operations		262,122		26,258	264,819	22,356
Extracurricular		503,450		264,660	506,123	271,137
Facilities acquisition and construction		610,312		609,324	31,228	30,187
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		740,000		740,000	735,000	735,000
Interest and fiscal charges		397,164		397,164	10,632	10,632
Bond issuance costs		325,755		325,755	 <u>-</u>	 
Total	\$	11,776,372	\$	10,115,442	\$ 10,326,150	\$ 8,656,044

As the preceding table shows, the dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with only 14.10% of cash disbursements supported through program cash receipts during 2018.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$23,067,825, which is \$16,556,166 more than last year's total of \$6,511,659. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	 d Cash Balance une 30, 2018	 Cash Balance ne 30, 2017	<u>Increase</u>
General fund	\$ 6,458,894	\$ 5,309,663	\$ 1,149,231
Bond retirement fund	-	759,327	(759,327)
Building	7,624,242	-	7,624,242
Classroom facilities	7,441,954	-	7,441,954
Other nonmajor governmental funds	 1,542,735	 442,669	 1,100,066
Total	\$ 23,067,825	\$ 6,511,659	\$ 16,556,166

#### General Fund

The School District's largest major fund is the general fund. The general fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$10,042,241 in 2018. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$8,893,010 in 2018. The general fund's cash balance increased \$1,149,231 or 21.64% from 2017 to 2018.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund.

	2018	2017	Percentage
	Amount	Amount	Change
Cash Receipts:			
Taxes	\$ 5,377,341	\$ 3,845,617	39.83 %
Tuition	495,376	459,343	7.84 %
Transportation Fees	14,581	14,022	3.99 %
Payment in lieu of taxes	39,963	39,963	- %
Earnings on investments	94,684	72,402	30.78 %
Extracurricular	17,796	33,132	(46.29) %
Classroom Materials and Fees	44,452	41,538	7.02 %
Rental Income	4,916	9,372	(47.55) %
Contributions and Donations	40,300	53,841	(25.15) %
Other revenues	3,156	3,906	(19.20) %
Intergovernmental	3,907,209	3,885,550	0.56 %
Total	\$ 10,039,774	\$ 8,458,686	18.69 %

Taxes increased by 39.83% or \$1,531,724 due to a general increase in levied taxes. Earnings on investments increased 30.78% or \$22,282 due an increase in investments held and an increase in interest rates. Extracurricular revenue decreased 46.29% or \$15,336 due to less money being received from various school sponsored activities. Otherwise, general fund cash receipts remained consistent with prior years, with an increase of 18.69%

The table that follows assists in illustrating the disbursements of the general fund.

	2018 Amount	2017 	Percentage <u>Change</u>
Cash Disbursements			
Instruction	\$ 5,347,572	\$ 5,128,615	4.27
Support services	3,218,745	3,101,711	3.77
Extracurricular activities	295,600	297,740	(0.72)
Total	\$ 8,861,917	\$ 8,528,066	3.91

Overall, there was a slight increase in disbursements of \$333,851 or 3.91%. All disbursements remained comparable to 2017.

#### **Building Fund**

The building fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$8,099,060 in 2018. The cash disbursements of the building fund totaled \$474,818 in 2018. The building fund's cash balance increased \$7,624,242 or 100% from 2017 to 2018.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### Classroom Facilities Fund

The classroom facilities fund had cash receipts and other financing sources of \$7,709,515 in 2018. The cash disbursements of the classroom facilities fund totaled \$267,561. The classroom facilities fund's cash balance increased \$7,441,954 or 100% from 2017 to 2018.

#### Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$9,484,752 were greater than the original budget estimates and other financing sources of \$9,377,254. Actual cash receipts and other financing sources of \$10,009,120 were higher than final budget estimates and other financing sources by \$524,368. The final budgetary disbursements and other financing uses were \$9,130,630 and original budgetary basis disbursements and other financing uses were \$9,130,630. The actual budgetary basis disbursements of \$8,869,977 were \$260,653 less than the final budget estimates.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

The School District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The School District had facilities acquisition and construction disbursements of \$610,312 during fiscal year 2018.

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2018, the School District had \$14,365,000 in 2017 General Obligation Bonds outstanding, \$500,000 of which is due within one year. The following table summarizes the obligations outstanding.

	Governmental Activities 2018	Governmental Activities 2017
Refunding School Improvement Bonds 2017 General Obligation Bonds	\$ <u>14,365,000</u>	\$ 740,000 
Total long-term obligations	\$ 14,365,000	\$ 740,000

Refer to Note 15 to the basic financial statements for further detail.

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

School District voters renewed a 5 year, 1 mill permanent improvement levy in May, 2017.

The Board of Education has selected the architect firm of Garmann/Miller & Associates to begin pre-bond work for a building issue which was passed on the May, 2017 ballot. This follows two building levy defeats over the past several years.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Jill Ahlers, Treasurer, New Bremen Local Schools, 901 East Monroe Street, New Bremen, Ohio 45869.

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 23,067,825
Net position:	
Restricted for:	
Debt service	777,642
Capital projects	15,556,294
Classroom facilities maintenance	29,752
Food service operations	18,673
Other purposes	140,730
Extracurricular	85,840
Unrestricted	6,458,894
Total net position	\$ 23,067,825

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net (Disbursements)

				Progran	F	Receipts and Changes in Net Position		
			Ch	arges		perating	1	vet i osition
	Cas	h		ervices		ants and	G	overnmental
	Disburse			Sales		tributions	Ü	Activities
Governmental activities:	21004100			Sures				110011100
Instruction:								
Regular	\$ 4	,590,339	\$	444,471	\$	112,853	\$	(4,033,015)
Special	Ψ .	937,358	Ψ	95,357	Ψ	454,311	Ψ	(387,690)
Vocational		112,347		-		46,922		(65,425)
Other		20,671		_		-		(20,671)
Support services:		20,071						(20,071)
Pupil		637,163		_		_		(637,163)
Instructional staff		326,508		_		_		(326,508)
Board of education		105,296		_		_		(105,296)
Administration		680,859		_		25		(680,834)
Fiscal.		191,071		22		23		(191,049)
Operations and maintenance		941,402		5,141				(936,261)
Pupil transportation		312,499		14,581		11,605		(286,313)
Central		82,056		14,561		11,003		(82,056)
Operation of non-instructional		02,030		_		_		(62,030)
services:								
Food service operations		262,122		196,240		39,624		(26.259)
Extracurricular activities		503,450		238,361		39,024 429		(26,258) (264,660)
Facilities acquisition and construction.		610,312		988		429		( / /
Debt service:		010,312		988		-		(609,324)
		740,000						(740,000)
Principal retirement				-		-		( / /
Interest and fiscal charges Bond Issuance Cost		397,164 325,755		-		-		(397,164)
Bond Issuance Cost		323,733			-	<u>-</u>		(325,755)
Total governmental activities	\$ 11	,776,372	\$	995,161	\$	665,769		(10,115,442)
			Property	cash receipts y taxes levied	l for:			2 200 222
								2,390,355
								33,030
								787,217
								66,346
			Income	taxes levied	for			39,963
				al purposes . and entitleme		tricted		2,986,986
								3,714,452
				and entitleme				, ,
						Commission		983,287
			Investm	ent earnings				236,472
				_				43,456
								14,365,000
								, ,
								907,077
								2,467
			Insuran	ce proceeds.				115,500
					•			26,671,608
				•				16,556,166
			Net posit	ion at begin	ning of ye	ar		6,511,659
			Net posit	ion at end of	f year	• • • • • •	\$	23,067,825

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	General	Building	_	Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:		 					
Equity in pooled cash							
and investments	\$ 6,458,894	\$ 7,624,242	\$	7,441,954	\$ 1,542,735	\$	23,067,825
Total assets	\$ 6,458,894	\$ 7,624,242	\$	7,441,954	\$ 1,542,735	\$	23,067,825
Fund balances:							
Restricted:							
Debt service	\$ -	-		-	\$ 777,642	\$	777,642
Capital improvements	-	7,624,242		7,441,954	490,098		15,556,294
Classroom facilities maintenance	-	-		-	29,752		29,752
Food service operations	-	-		-	18,673		18,673
Other purposes	-	-		-	140,730		140,730
Extracurricular	-	-		-	85,840		85,840
Committed:							
Capital improvements	-	-		-	-		-
Assigned:							
Student and staff support	9,881	-		-	-		9,881
School supplies	73,628	-		-	-		73,628
Unassigned	 6,375,385	 		_	 _		6,375,385
Total fund balances	\$ 6,458,894	\$ 7,624,242	\$	7,441,954	\$ 1,542,735	\$	23,067,825

### STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		General Building			Classroom Facilities	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Receipts:										
From local sources:					_		_			
Property taxes	\$	2,390,355	\$	-	\$	-	\$	886,593	\$	3,276,948
Income taxes		2,986,986		-		-		-		2,986,986
Payment in lieu of taxes		39,963		-		-		-		39,963
Tuition.		495,376		-		-		-		495,376
Transportation fees		14,581		-		-		-		14,581
Earnings on investments		94,684		70,907		62,881		8,473		236,945
Charges for services		-		-		-		196,240		196,240
Extracurricular		17,796		-		-		220,565		238,361
Classroom materials and fees		44,452		-		-		-		44,452
Rental income		4,916		-		-		1,235		6,151
Contributions and donations		40,300		-		-		82,417		122,717
Other local revenues		3,156		-		-		-		3,156
Intergovernmental - state		3,820,209		-		983,287		111,910		4,915,406
Intergovernmental - federal		87,000				<u>-</u> _		278,212		365,212
Total receipts		10,039,774		70,907		1,046,168		1,785,645		12,942,494
Disbursements:										
Current:										
Instruction:										
Regular		4,493,315		-		-		97,024		4,590,339
Special		725,587		-		-		211,771		937,358
Vocational		107,999		-		-		4,348		112,347
Other		20,671		-		-		-		20,671
Support services:										
Pupil		637,163		-		-		-		637,163
Instructional staff		326,508		-		-		-		326,508
Board of education		105,296		-		-		-		105,296
Administration		680,834		-		-		25		680,859
Fiscal		177,007		-		-		14,064		191,071
Operations and maintenance		897,382		-		-		44,020		941,402
Pupil transportation		312,499		-		-		-		312,499
Central		82,056		-		-		-		82,056
Operation of non-instructional services:										
Food service operations		-		-		-		262,122		262,122
Extracurricular activities		295,600		-		-		207,850		503,450
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		149,063		267,561		193,688		610,312
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		-		740,000		740,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		397,164		397,164
Bond issuance costs				325,755		-				325,755
Total disbursements	_	8,861,917		474,818		267,561		2,172,076		11,776,372
Excess of receipts over										
disbursements		1,177,857		(403,911)		778,607		(386,431)		1,166,122
Other financing sources (uses):										
Premium on bonds and notes sold		-		325,755		-		581,322		907,077
Sale of bonds		_		7,701,653		6,663,347		_		14,365,000
Sale/loss of assets		2,467		-		-		_		2,467
Transfers in		_,		745		_		341,990		342,735
Transfers (out)		(26,745)		-		_		(315,990)		(342,735)
Advances in		(20,7.5)		_		_		4,348		4,348
Advances (out)		(4,348)		_		_		.,5.0		(4,348)
Insurance proceeds		(1,510)		_		_		115,500		115,500
Total other financing sources (uses)		(28,626)		8,028,153		6,663,347		727,170		15,390,044
Net change in fund balances		1,149,231		7,624,242		7,441,954		340,739		16,556,166
Fund balances at beginning of year		5,309,663		_		_		1,201,996		6,511,659
Fund balances at end of year	\$	6,458,894	\$	7,624,242	\$	7,441,954	\$	1,542,735	\$	23,067,825
	_				_				_	

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

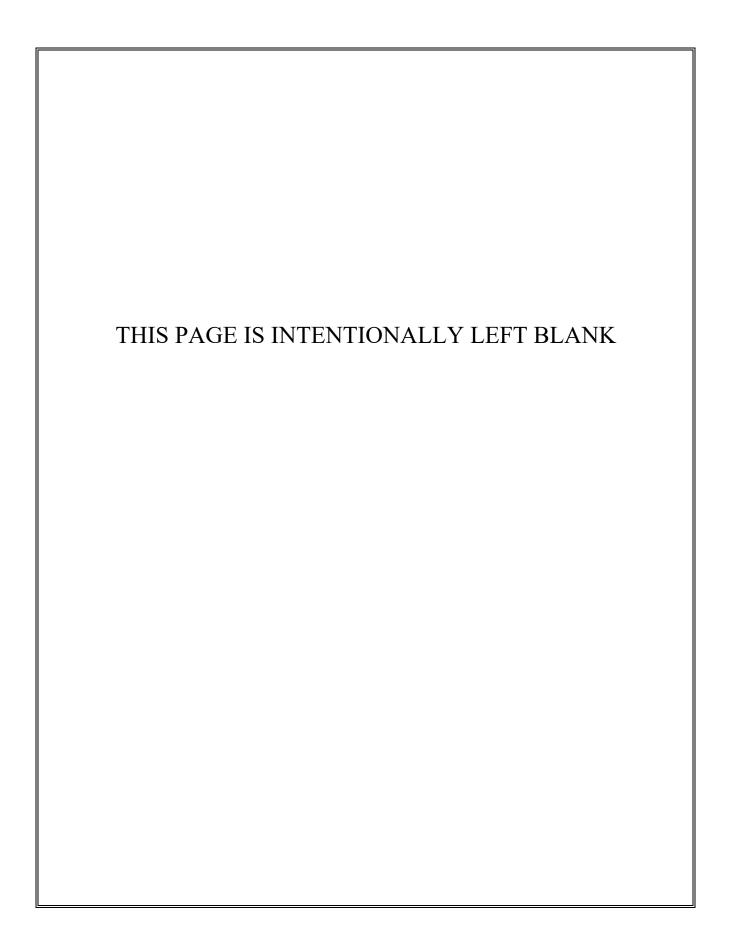
	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original Final		Actual		(	Negative)	
Receipts:								
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	2,311,493	\$	2,248,125	\$	2,390,355	\$	142,230
Income taxes		2,621,107		2,749,206		2,986,986		237,780
Payment in lieu of taxes		39,963		39,963		39,963		-
Tuition		452,879		452,879		495,376		42,497
Transportation fees		14,302		14,302		14,581		279
Earnings on investments		50,000		50,000		94,684		44,684
Rental income		9,559		9,559		4,916		(4,643)
Contributions and donations		55,717		96,017		40,300		(55,717)
Other local revenues		3,984		3,984		3,156		(828)
Intergovernmental - state		3,758,750		3,758,750		3,820,209		61,459
Intergovernmental - federal		35,000		35,000		80,811		45,811
Total receipts		9,352,754		9,457,785		9,971,337		513,552
Disbursements:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		4,603,126		4,527,751		4,487,702		40,049
Special		752,012		730,655		725,587		5,068
Vocational		120,378		126,008		107,999		18,009
Other		3,494		27,091		20,671		6,420
Pupil		639,320		663,208		637,163		26,045
Instructional staff		426,214		398,069		326,508		71,561
Board of education		61,636		110,113		105,296		4,817
Administration		672,060		716,380		680,834		35,546
Fiscal		165,794		187,037		177,007		10,030
Operations and maintenance		967,814		919,792		897,382		22,410
Pupil transportation		315,278		325,451		312,499		12,952
Central		98,219		84,572		82,056		2,516
Extracurricular activities		279,285		283,405		278,180		5,225
Total disbursements		9,104,630		9,099,532		8,838,884		260,648
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under)		249 124		250 252		1 122 452		774 200
disbursements		248,124		358,253		1,132,453		774,200
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		24,500		24,500		35,316		10,816
Transfers (out)		(26,000)		(26,750)		(26,745)		5
Advances (out)		-		(4,348)		(4,348)		_
Sale of capital assets		_		2,467		2,467		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,500)		(4,131)		6,690		10,821
						·		<u> </u>
Net change in fund balance		246,624		354,122		1,139,143		785,021
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,232,242		5,232,242		5,232,242		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		4,000		4,000		4,000		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,482,866	\$	5,590,364	\$	6,375,385	\$	785,021

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION- CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trust			
	Sch	olarship	A	Agency
Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	10,063	\$	73,522
Total assets		10,063	\$	73,522
Liabilities:				
Due to students		=	\$	73,522
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	\$	73,522
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		10,063		
Total net position	\$	10,063		

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Private-Purpose Trust		
	Scho	larship	
Additions:			
Interest	\$	75	
<b>Deductions:</b> Scholarships awarded		50	
Change in net position		25	
Net position at beginning of year		10,038	
Net position at end of year	\$	10,063	



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

New Bremen Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four-year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District serves an area of approximately thirty-six square miles. It is located in Auglaize, Mercer, and Shelby Counties. It is staffed by 35 classified employees and 62 certified teaching personnel who provide services to 764 students and other community members. The School District currently operates two instructional buildings.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For New Bremen Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. There are no component units of the New Bremen Local School District.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organization, three insurance pools, and one joint venture. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization, Auglaize County Educational Academy, Ohio School Plan, Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Employee Welfare Benefit Trust, Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan, and Tri-Star Career Compact. These organizations are presented in Notes 18, 19, and 20 to the basic financial statements.

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the School District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The School District's major funds are the General Fund, the Building Fund, and the Classroom Facilities Fund.

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures related to all special bond funds in the School District. All proceeds from the sale of bonds, notes, or certificates of indebtedness, except premium and accrued interest, must be paid into this fund. Disbursements recorded here represent the costs of acquiring capital facilities including real property.

<u>Classroom Facilities Fund</u> – A fund provided to account for monies received and disbursed in connection with contracts entered into by the School District and the Ohio Facilities Construction Commission for the building and quipping of classroom facilities.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for programs that provide college scholarships to students after graduation. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for staff generated revenues for non-instructional activities and for various student-managed activities.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the summary of levy funds, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The summary of levy funds provides the County Budget Commission information on the estimated receipts and disbursements for those funds that receive property tax receipts. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control selected by the Board is at the object level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Budgetary allocations at the function level for the General Fund and the function and object level for all other funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources requested by the School District prior to fiscal year end.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2018, the School District invested in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, a U.S. Treasury money market fund and STAR Ohio. Investments are recorded at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

For fiscal year 2018, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2018 was \$94,684, which included \$12,875, was assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

#### G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

#### H. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

Cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when disbursements are made.

#### J. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### L. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### M. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2018.

#### N. Pension/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles/Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2018, the School District has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "<u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension</u>", GASB Statement No. 81 "<u>Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements</u>" GASB Statement No. 85, "<u>Omnibus 2017</u>" and GASB Statement No. 86, "<u>Certain Debt Extinguishments</u>".

GASB Statement No. 75 improves the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pension (OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 effected the School District's postemployment benefit plan disclosures, as presented in Note 13 to the basic financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 81 improves the accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 81 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 85 addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and OPEB. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 85 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE (continued)

GASB Statement No. 86 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 86 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

Other than employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, the School District made no restatement for deferred inflows/outflows of resources as the information needed to generate these restatements was not available. The restatement had no effect on fund balances.

#### B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP. However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)**

- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Bankers' acceptances and commercial paper if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year end, the School District had \$150 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements of the School District as part of "equity in pooled cash, cash equivalents and investments."

#### **B.** Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of all School District deposits was \$3,094,957. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2018, \$2,921,315 of the School District's bank balance of \$3,192,654 was collateralized by pledged collateral held by a financial institution in the District's name as discussed below, while \$271,339 was covered by the FDIC.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the School District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a reduced rate set by the Treasurer of State.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

#### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the School District had the following investments.

		Investment Maturities					
Investment type	Carrying Value	6 months or less	7 to 12 months	13 to 18 months	19 to 24 months	Greater than 24 months	
STAR Ohio Negotiable CD's Commercial Paper U.S. Treasury	\$ 1,303,777 10,516,224 8,148,791	\$ 1,303,777 2,617,000 8,148,791	\$ - 2,238,266 -	\$ - 3,719,958 -	\$ - 860,000 -	\$ - 1,081,000 -	
money market fund	87,511	87,511					
Total	\$ 20,056,303	\$ 12,157,079	\$ 2,238,266	\$ 3,719,958	\$ 860,000	\$ 1,081,000	

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investment policy restricts the Treasurer from investing in any securities other than those identified in the Ohio Revised Code and that all investments must mature within five years from the date of investment unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District. The Treasurer is also restricted from purchasing investments that cannot be held until the maturity date.

The negotiable certificates of deposit are insured by FDIC or SIPC insurance. The U.S. Treasury money market fund was not rated. The commercial paper carries a rating of P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ and A-1 from Standard and Poor's. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The School District has no policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that mutual funds in eligible securities must be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following table indicates the percentage of each investment to the total portfolio:

<u>Investment type</u>	Carrying Value		% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$	1,303,777	6.50
Negotiable CD's		10,516,224	52.43
Commercial Paper		8,148,791	40.63
U.S. Treasury			
money market fund		87,511	0.44
Total	\$	20,056,303	100.00

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

#### D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2018:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	3,094,957
Investments		20,056,303
Cash on hand	_	150
Total	\$	23,151,410
Cash and investments per statement of net position	<u>1</u>	
Governmental activities	\$	23,067,825
Private-purpose trust fund		10,063
Agency funds	_	73,522
Total	\$	23,151,410

#### NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The budget basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budget basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances that are treated as cash disbursements (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (cash basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the budget basis statement to the cash basis statement for the general fund:

#### **Net Change in Fund Cash Balance**

	General fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,139,143
Funds budgeted elsewhere	10,088
Cash basis	\$ 1,149,231

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund, public schools and support fund.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 6 - INCOME TAXES**

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2005, for five years. On May 5, 2009, the income tax levy was renewed by the voters for an additional five years beginning on January 1, 2010. On May 6, 2014, the income tax levy was passed by the voters as a continuing levy. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are recorded in the General Fund.

#### **NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2018 were levied after April 1, 2017, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2018 represent the collection of calendar year 2017 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2018 became a lien on December 31, 2016, were levied after April 1, 2017, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Auglaize, Mercer, and Shelby Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2018, are available to finance fiscal year 2018 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2018 taxes were collected are:

	2017 Second Half Collections	2018 First Half Collections
	<u>Amount</u> <u>Percent</u>	Amount Percent
Real	\$ 111,855,450 97.34	\$ 119,014,030 97.40
Public utility	3,057,920 2.66	3,180,050 2.60
Total	<u>\$ 114,913,370</u> <u>100.00</u>	<u>\$ 122,194,080</u> <u>100.00</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	49.85	51.31

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 8 - PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES**

According to State law, the Village of New Bremen has entered into agreements with a number of property owners under which the Village has granted property tax exemptions to those property owners. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the Village which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been exempted. The agreements require a portion of these payments to be made to the School District. The property owners' contractually promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes until the agreements expire. The School District recorded \$39,963 in payment in lieu of taxes during fiscal year 2018.

#### **NOTE 9 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

**A.** Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u>	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 26,745
Transfers from nonmajor fund to: Nonmajor governmental funds	315,990
Total	<u>\$ 342,735</u>

Transfers are used to move cash receipts from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them and to use unrestricted cash receipts collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

**B.** Advances for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, as reported on the fund statements, consist of the following:

Advances from the General Fund to:	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 4,348

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

During fiscal year 2018, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided by the Ohio School Plan is as follows:

General Liability

Per Occurrence \$ 3,000,000 Aggregate \$ 5,000,000

Coverage provided by Cincinnati Insurance Company is as follows:

Building and Contents38,876,394Automobile Liability1,000,000Excess Liability3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2018, the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

The School District participates in the Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Employee Welfare Benefit Trust (Trust), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven local school districts and two educational service centers. The School District pays monthly premiums to the Trust for employee medical and dental insurance coverage. The Trust is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the Trust, a participant is responsible for the payment of all Trust liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

The School District participates in the Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The third party administrator, Sheakley Uniservice, Inc., reviews each participants' claims experience and determines the rating tier for that participant. A common premium rate is applied to all participants in a given rating tier. Each participant pays it workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for their rating tier rather than its individual rate. Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS**

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund cash balance. At year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear - End
<u>Fund</u>	En	cumbrances
Building Fund	\$	439,533
Classroom Facilities Fund		796,673
Total	\$	1,236,206

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS**

#### Net Pension Liability

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining 0.5 percent of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$138,922 for fiscal year 2018.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - County licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, the cost-of-living adjustment was reduced to zero. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2018, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2018 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$566,944 for fiscal year 2018.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.03200110%	0.03597396%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.03096690%	0.03545516%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00103420</u> %	- <u>0.00051880</u> %	
Proportionate share of the net			
pension liability	\$ 1,850,204	\$ 8,422,449	\$ 10,272,653

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage inflation
Future salary increases, including inflation
COLA or ad hoc COLA
Investment rate of return
Actuarial cost method

3.00 percent
3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
2.50 percent
7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

Prior to 2017, an assumption of 3 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc COLA.

For 2017, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disable members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (6.50%)	Di	scount Rate (7.50%)	1	% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share		(0.00.1)		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(0.000.1)
of the net pension liability	\$	2,567,602	\$	1,850,204	\$	1,249,236

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## **NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

## Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2016 are presented below:

	July 1, 2017	July 1, 2016
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.25 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.75 percent at age 70
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent	3.5 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, ,2013, or later, 2 percent COLA commences on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

For the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Preretirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

For the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016. Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2017. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	19	% Increase
		(6.45%)		(7.45%)		(8.45%)
School District's proportionate share		_		_		_
of the net pension liability	\$	12,073,294	\$	8,422,449	\$	5,347,159

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS**

### Net OPEB Liability

For fiscal year 2018, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was effective. This GASB pronouncement had no effect on beginning net position as reported June 30, 2017, as the net OPEB liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net OPEB liability has been disclosed below.

OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net OPEB liability represents the School district's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the School district's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School district cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the School district does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Chapter 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2018, 0.5 percent of covered payroll was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2018, this amount was \$23,700. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2018, the School district's surcharge obligation was \$16,491.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The School district's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$21,636 for fiscal year 2018.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

### Net OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the net OPEB			
liability prior measurement date	0.03133040%	0.03545516%	
Proportion of the net OPEB			
liability current measurement date	0.03133040%	0.03545516%	
Change in proportionate share	0.00000000%	0.00000000%	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 840,826	\$ 1,383,330	\$ 2,224,156

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2017, are presented below:

Wage inflation 3.00 percent

Future salary increases, including inflation

3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Measurement date3.56 percentPrior measurement date2.92 percent

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Measurement date 3.63 percent Prior measurement date 2.98 percent

Medical trend assumption:

Medicare5.50 to 5.00 percentPre-Medicare7.50 to 5.00 percent

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2017 was 2.98 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the State statute contribution rate of 2.00 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and 0.50 percent of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.56 percent, as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.63%) and higher (4.63%) than the current discount rate (3.63%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0%) and higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate.

				Current			
		1% Decrease (2.63%)		Discount Rate (3.63%)		1% Increase (4.63%)	
School District's proportionate share							
of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,015,404	\$	840,826	\$	702,515	

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

		Current								
	1% Decrease		T	rend Rate	1	% Increase				
	(6.5 % decreasing to 4.0 %)		(7.5)	% decreasing	(8.5 % decreasing					
			to 5.0 %)		to 6.0 %)					
School District's proportionate share										
of the net OPEB liability	\$	682,267	\$	840,826	\$	1,050,681				

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - STRS**

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.45 percent, net of investment
	expenses, including inflation
Payroll increases	3 percent
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017
(COLA)	
Blended discount rate of return	4.13 percent
Health care cost trends	6 to 11 percent initial, 4.5 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Also, since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019. Subsequent to the current measurement date, the date for discontinuing remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements was extended to January 2020.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return *
D (1 D 1)	20.00.0/	7.25.0/
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\* 10</sup> year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2037. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2036 and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent as of June 30, 2017 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to determine the present value of the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The blended discount rate of 4.13 percent, which represents the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 3.58 percent for the unfunded benefit payments, was used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017. A blended discount rate of 3.26 percent which represents the long term expected rate of return of 7.75 percent for the funded benefit payments and the Bond Buyer 20-year municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent for the unfunded benefit payments was used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)**

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 4.13 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (5.13 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB liability as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	19	% Increase	
		(3.13%)	(4.13%)		(5.13%)		
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,857,098	\$	1,383,330	\$	1,008,898	
				Current			
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	961,078	\$	1,383,330	\$	1,939,062	

#### **NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. The superintendent and treasurer earn twenty days of vacation per year. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees, the superintendent, and the treasurer upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. All employees may accumulate sick leave up to a maximum of two hundred forty days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of sixty days.

#### **B.** Health Care Benefits

The School District offers medical and dental insurance to most employees through the Mercer Auglaize School Employee Benefit Trust. In addition, the School District offers life insurance through American United Life Insurance Company.

#### C. Separation Benefit

The School District provides a separation benefit to eligible certified employees. A full-time employee who elects to retire within thirty days after the end of the school year in which they initially become eligible for retirement under the pension eligibility criteria will be paid \$15,000.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2018 were as follows:

	]	Balance					Balance		Amount
	Οι	utstanding				(	Outstanding		Due in
General Obligation Bonds:	Jur	ne 30, 2017	Additions	_]	<u>Deletions</u>	Jı	une 30, 2018	(	ne Year
2017 School Facilities Construction									
and Improvement Bonds	\$	-	\$ 14,365,000	\$	-	\$	14,365,000	\$	500,000
2015 School Improvement									
Refunding Serial Bonds		740,000			(740,000)	_			
Total	\$	740,000	\$ 14,365,000	\$	(740,000)	\$	14,365,000	\$	500,000

<u>Series 2015 Refunding General Obligation Bonds</u> - On April 7, 2015, the School District issued general obligation bonds (series 2015 refunding bonds) to refund the remaining series 2005 general obligation serial bonds in the amount of \$2,160,000. This refunded debt was considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The interest rates on the serial bonds was 0.96%. Principal and interest payments were made from the Bond Retirement fund. Interest payments on the current interest bonds were due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue was December 1, 2017.

<u>Series 2017 School Facilities Construction and Improvement Bonds</u> - On September 20, 2017, the School District issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$14,365,000 for the purpose of constructing, improving, equipping and furnishing school facilities and improvements. Interest rates on the serial and term bonds ranges from 2.00% to 4.00%. Principal and interest payments will be made from the Bond Retirement nonmajor governmental fund. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated on the issue is December 1, 2047.

Principal and interest requirements to retire the outstanding debt obligations at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		General Obligation Bonds								
<u>June 30,</u>	_	Principal _	Interest		Total					
2019	\$	500,000	\$	559,544	\$	1,059,544				
2020		150,000		553,044		703,044				
2021		160,000		549,944		709,944				
2022		170,000		545,794		715,794				
2023		200,000		540,244		740,244				
2024 - 2028		1,305,000		2,574,770		3,879,770				
2029 - 2033		1,905,000		2,254,420		4,159,420				
2034 - 2038		2,625,000		1,803,820		4,428,820				
2039 - 2042		3,320,000		1,226,397		4,546,397				
2044 - 2048		4,030,000		484,482		4,514,482				
Total	\$	14,365,000	\$ 1	1,092,459	\$	25,457,459				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - Revised Code Section 133.06(I) permits school districts to incur net indebtedness in excess of the 9% limitation, without obtaining the consent of the State Superintendent and the Tax Commissioner, when bond proceeds will be used exclusively to fund a school district's Commission-required local effort. Accordingly, the proceeds of the bonds will be used exclusively to fund the District's Commission-required local effort, and, as a result, are not subject to State consents/special needs approval.

#### **NOTE 16 - SET ASIDES**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward and used for the same purpose in future years. The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fund balance for capital improvements during fiscal year 2018.

Balance June 30, 2017	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	133,076
Current year qualifying expenditures	(269,817)
Current year offsets	 (71,109)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2019	\$ 
Set-aside balance June 30, 2018	\$ 

### NOTE 17 - DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

The School District's private purpose trust fund includes donor restricted endowments. Endowments, in the amount of \$10,000, represent the principal portion. The amount of net appreciation in donor restricted investments that is available for expenditures by the School District is \$63 and is included as held in trust for scholarships. State law permits the School District to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicates that the interest should be used to provide a scholarship each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

## A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The School District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO). WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, Miami, and Shelby counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of WOCO consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus a representative from the fiscal agent school district. During fiscal year 2018, the School District paid \$66,302 to WOCO for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the Western Ohio Computer Organization, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

#### B. Auglaize County Educational Academy

The School District is a participant in the Auglaize County Educational Academy (ACEA), which is a community school. The ACEA is an association of the school districts within Auglaize County to provide general curricular education for kindergarten through twelfth grade students for gifted, regular, and special education instruction through the use of a virtual curriculum. The governing board of the ACEA consists of the superintendents from each of the participating school districts. Financial information can be obtained from the Auglaize County Educational Service Center, 1045 Dearbaugh Avenue, Wapakoneta, Ohio 45895.

# **NOTE 19 - INSURANCE POOLS**

#### A. Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, a member of the Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which established agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from the Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

# B. Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Employee Welfare Benefit Trust

The School District participates in a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven school districts and two educational service centers. The Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Employee Welfare Benefit Trust (Trust) is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical and dental benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Trustee, Huntington Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the Trust.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

## **NOTE 19 - INSURANCE POOLS - (Continued)**

The Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Regional Council of Governments was established under Chapter 167 of the Ohio Revised Code. Effective April 23, 2018, the Governing Board of the Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Regional Council of Governments voted to dissolve as a regional council of government and covert to a Trust.

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the Trust is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from the Mercer County Educational Service Center, 441 East Market Street, Celina, Ohio 45822.

#### C. Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by the Chamber of Commerce and the participants of the Plan. The Director of Member Benefits of the Chamber of Commerce coordinates the management and administration of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the Plan.

#### **NOTE 20 - JOINT VENTURE**

## Tri-Star Career Compact

The School District participates in the Tri-Star Career Compact (the "Compact"), a joint venture with eight other school districts. The eight participating school districts comprise a "qualifying partnership" as defined by Ohio Revised Code Section 3318.71. The purpose of the Compact is to establish and maintain a career technical education program in accordance with standards adopted by the State Board of Education.

The joint venture is served by an advisory council consisting of two representatives each from the St. Marys City School District, the Celina City School District, and the Coldwater Exempted Village School District, three members representing the local school districts in Auglaize County (Minster, New Bremen and New Knoxville), and three members representing the local school districts in Mercer County (Fort Recovery, Marion, and St. Henry). Members serve terms of two years. The advisory council serves at the discretion of the Boards of Education of the participating school districts and is not responsible to serve the electorate in any legal capacity.

In fiscal year 2016, the joint venture issued \$16,999,987 in classroom facilities bonds to acquire classroom facilities. The bonds are a general obligation of the "qualifying partnership". The bonds have an interest rate ranging from 2 percent to 4.2 percent and mature in fiscal year 2032. The bonds will be repaid from the resources of a property tax levied by the qualifying partnership and the qualifying partnership is obligated to pay all debt service on the bonds. If the proceeds of the tax collection are less than anticipated in any particular year resulting in insufficient resources to pay the principal and interest requirements of the bonds, the school districts making up the partnership are obligated to make up the amount of any shortfall.

In addition, each participating school district is required to contribute a service fee and a reserve capital fee for each participating student from their school district and may incur excess costs for operations of the Compact.

## NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### **NOTE 20 - JOINT VENTURE (Continued)**

The joint venture has not currently accumulated significant financial resources nor is the joint venture experiencing fiscal stress that would cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on the participants; however, all participants have an ongoing financial responsibility as outlined above. Financial information may be obtained from the Celina City School District who serves as fiscal agent for the joint venture.

# **NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2018.

#### B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

### C. School District Funding

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2017-2018 school year, traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. The amount due to the School District at June 30, 2018 was \$899.

#### **NOTE 22 - CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS**

As of June 30, 2018, the School District had the following contractual commitments outstanding related to school improvement projects. A summary of the primary contractual commitments follows:

Contractor	Contract Amount	nount Paid June 30, 2018	Rema	Amount
Garmann-Miller Motz Engineering Resource International	\$ 1,531,707 55,030 59,892	\$ 405,742 4,681	\$	1,125,965 50,349 59,892
Total	\$ 1,646,629	\$ 410,423	\$	1,236,206

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## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The management's discussion and analysis of the New Bremen Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2017, within the limitations of the District's cash basis of accounting. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the cash-basis financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- The total net cash position of the District decreased \$142,013 or 2.13% from fiscal year 2016, as restated.
- General cash receipts accounted for \$8,514,031 or 83.60% of total governmental activities cash receipts. Program specific cash receipts accounted for \$1,670,106 or 16.40% of total governmental activities cash receipts.
- The District had \$10,326,150 in cash disbursements related to governmental activities; \$1,670,106 of these cash disbursements were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions.
- The District's major funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund. The general fund had cash receipts of \$8,458,686 in 2017. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$8,554,282 in 2017. The general fund's cash balance decreased \$95,596 or 1.77% from 2016 to 2017.

#### **Using the Basic Financial Statements (BFS)**

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the District's cash basis of accounting.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting an aggregate view of the District's cash basis finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, there are two major governmental funds, the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

#### Statement of Net Position - Cash Basis and the Statement of Activities - Cash Basis

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2017?" These statements include *only net position* using the *cash basis of accounting*, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This basis of accounting takes into account only the current year's receipts and disbursements if the cash is actually received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net cash position and changes in those assets on a cash basis. This change in net cash position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District, the cash basis financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, mandated federal and state programs, and other factors.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not collected) and liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

In the statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis the governmental activities include District's programs and services including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

The statement of net position - cash basis and statement of activities - cash basis can be found on pages 67-68 of this report.

## Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and bond retirement fund. The analysis of the District's major governmental fund begins on page 63.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer cash basis financial resources that can be readily spent to finance various District programs. Since the District is reporting on the cash basis of accounting, there are no differences in the net cash position and fund cash balances or changes in net cash position and changes in fund cash balances. Therefore, no reconciliation is necessary between such financial statements. The governmental fund statements can be found on pages 69-70 of this report.

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a cash basis. The budgetary statement for the general fund is presented to demonstrate the District's compliance with annually adopted budgets. The budgetary statement can be found on page 71 of this report.

## Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The District's only fiduciary funds are a private-purpose trust fund and an agency fund. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position cash basis and changes in fiduciary net position cash basis on pages 72-73. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 75-102 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Recall that the statement of net position - cash basis provides the perspective of the District as a whole.

The table below provides a summary of the District's net cash position at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, as restated.

#### **Net Cash Position**

	Governmental Activities 2017	Restated Governmental Activities 2016				
Assets						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 6,511,659	\$ 6,653,672				
Total assets	6,511,659	6,653,672				
Net cash position						
Restricted	1,201,996	1,232,233				
Unrestricted	5,309,663	5,421,439				
Total net cash position	\$ 6,511,659	\$ 6,653,672				

The total net cash position of the District decreased \$142,013 which represents a 2.13% decrease from fiscal year 2016. The balance of government-wide unrestricted net cash position of \$5,309,663 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The table below shows the changes in net cash position for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

	Governmental Activities 2017	Governmental Activities 2016			
<u>Cash receipts</u>					
Program cash receipts:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 960,849	\$ 876,714			
Operating grants and contributions	708,534	819,739			
Capital grants and contributions	723	62,536			
General cash receipts:					
Property taxes	2,951,106	2,921,847			
Income taxes	1,580,620	1,526,910			
Grants and entitlements	3,812,193	4,005,933			
Investment earnings	72,402	74,949			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	39,963	39,963			
Miscellaneous	57,747	39,207			
Total cash receipts	10,184,137	10,367,798			
Cash disbursements Program disbursements: Instruction:					
Regular	\$ 4,595,708	\$ 4,340,915			
Special	934,172	836,899			
Vocational	111,316	156,543			
Other	21,732	25,638			
Support services:	_1,,,,_	20,000			
Pupil	606,536	649,273			
Instructional staff	289,299	272,697			
Board of education	54,084	71,187			
Administration	772,365	763,002			
Fiscal	219,040	195,452			
Operations and maintenance	883,154	884,889			
Pupil transportation	209,999	192,081			
Central	80,943	91,455			
Food service operations	264,819	265,083			
Extracurricular activities	506,123	473,232			
Facilities acquisition and construction	31,228	176,315			
Principal retirement	735,000	685,000			
Interest and fiscal charges	10,632	20,558			
Total cash disbursements	10,326,150	10,100,219			
Change in net cash position	(142,013)	267,579			
Net cash position at beginning of year	6,653,672	6,386,093			
Net cash position at end of year	\$ 6,511,659	\$ 6,653,672			

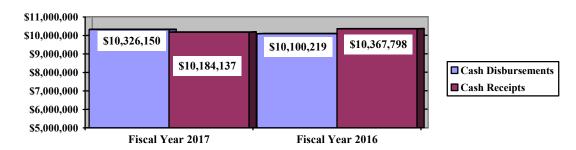
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental net cash position decreased \$142,013 in 2017 from 2016. Total governmental disbursements of \$10,326,150 were offset by program receipts of \$1,670,106 and general receipts of \$8,514,031. Program receipts supported 16.17% of the total governmental disbursements. The largest governmental disbursement was instructional expenditures which totaled \$5,662,928.

The primary sources of receipts for governmental activities are derived from taxes and unrestricted grants and entitlements. These receipt sources represent 82.32% of total governmental receipts. Real estate property is reappraised every six years.

# Governmental Activities - Total Cash Receipts vs. Total Cash Disbursements

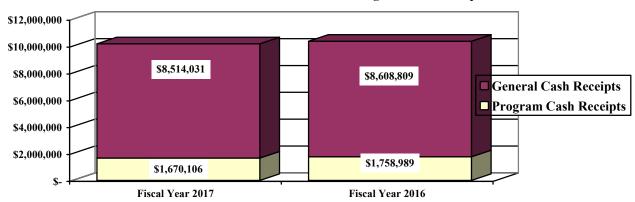


# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Total Cost of Services 2017		Net Cost of Services 2017		Total Cost of Services 2016		N	let Cost of Services 2016
Cash disbursements:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	4,595,708	\$	3,934,936	\$	4,340,915	\$	3,662,813
Special		934,172		475,860		836,899		367,066
Vocational		111,316		71,352		156,543		120,332
Other		21,732		21,732		25,638		25,638
Support services:								
Pupil		606,536		606,536		649,273		649,273
Instructional staff		289,299		289,299		272,697		272,697
Board of education		54,084		54,084		71,187		71,187
Administration		772,365		772,293		763,002		763,001
Fiscal		219,040		218,996		195,452		195,045
Operations and maintenance		883,154		873,727		884,889		862,861
Pupil transportation		209,999		186,974		192,081		166,661
Central		80,943		80,943		91,455		91,455
Operation of non instructional services:								
Food service operations		264,819		22,356		265,083		17,757
Extracurricular		506,123		271,137		473,232		249,219
Facilities acquisition and construction		31,228		30,187		176,315		120,667
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		735,000		735,000		685,000		685,000
Interest and fiscal charges		10,632		10,632		20,558		20,558
Total	\$	10,326,150	\$	8,656,044	\$	10,100,219	\$	8,341,230

As the preceding table shows, the dependence upon general cash receipts for governmental activities is apparent; with only 16.17% of cash disbursements supported through program cash receipts during 2017.

## Governmental Activities - General and Program Cash Receipts



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund cash balance of \$6,511,659, which is \$142,013 less than last year's total of \$6,653,672. The schedule below indicates the fund cash balance and the total change in fund cash balance as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, for all major and nonmajor governmental funds.

	Fund Cash Balance June 30, 2017  Restated Fund Cash Balance June 30, 2016					Increase (Decrease)	
General fund Bond retirement fund Other nonmajor governmental funds	\$	5,309,663 759,327 442,669	\$	5,405,259 712,147 536,266	\$	(95,596) 47,180 (93,597)	
Total	\$	6,511,659	\$	6,653,672	\$	(142,013)	

#### General Fund

The District's largest major fund is the general fund. The general fund had cash receipts of \$8,458,686 in 2017. The cash disbursements and other financing uses of the general fund totaled \$8,554,282 in 2017. The general fund's cash balance decreased \$95,596 or 1.77% from 2016 to 2017.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the cash receipts of the general fund.

	Restated							
	2017	2016	Percentage					
	Amount	Amount	Change					
Cash Receipts:								
Taxes	\$ 3,845,617	\$ 3,767,670	2.07 %					
Tuition	459,343	370,945	23.83 %					
Transportation Fees	14,022	15,916	(11.90) %					
Payment in lieu of taxes	39,963	39,963	- %					
Earnings on investments	72,402	74,949	(3.40) %					
Extracurricular	33,132	28,306	17.05 %					
Classroom Materials and Fees	41,538	41,569	(0.07) %					
Rental Income	9,372	14,693	(36.21) %					
Contributions and Donations	53,841	33,984	58.43 %					
Other revenues	3,906	5,223	(25.22) %					
Intergovernmental	3,885,550	4,083,606	(4.85) %					
Total	\$ 8,458,686	\$ 8,476,824	(0.21) %					

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Overall, general fund cash receipts remained consistent with prior year, with a decrease of 0.21%.

The table that follows assists in illustrating the disbursements of the general fund.

	Restated						
	2017	2016	Percentage				
	Amount	Amount	Change				
Cash Disbursements							
Instruction	\$ 5,128,615	\$ 4,986,076	2.86				
Support services	3,101,711	3,084,936	0.54				
Extracurricular activities	297,740	279,207	6.64				
Total	\$ 8,528,066	\$ 8,350,219	2.13				

Overall, there was a slight increase in disbursements of \$177,847 or 2.13%. Extracurricular disbursements increased by 6.64% primarily due to sports oriented activities. All other disbursements remained comparable to 2016.

## Budgeting Highlights - General Fund

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

For the general fund, final budgetary basis receipts and other financing sources of \$8,300,881 were the same as the original budget estimates and other financing sources. Actual cash receipts and other financing sources of \$8,438,067 were higher than final budget estimates and other financing sources by \$137,186.

The final and original budgetary basis disbursements were \$8,917,269. The actual budgetary basis disbursements of \$8,545,674 were \$371,595 less than the final budget estimates.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

### Capital Assets

The District does not record capital assets in the accompanying cash basis basic financial statements, but records payments for capital assets as disbursements. The District had facilities acquisition and construction disbursements of \$31,228 during fiscal year 2017.

## Debt Administration

At June 30, 2017, the District had \$740,000 in refunding school improvement bonds outstanding, all of which is due within one year. The following table summarizes the obligations outstanding.

	Governmental Activities 2017	Governmental Activities 2016
Refunding School Improvement Bonds	\$ 740,000	\$ 1,475,000
Total long-term obligations	\$ 740,000	\$ 1,475,000

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Refer to Note 15 to the basic financial statements for further detail.

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

District voters renewed a 5 year, 1 mill permanent improvement levy in May, 2017.

The District welcomed a new Superintendent, Dr. Andrea Townsend, on July 1, 2017, following the retirement of Howard Overman.

The Board of Education will also have a least one new member following the November, 2017 election, as long term Board Member, Kami Fox, has decided not to seek re-election.

The Board of Education has selected the architect firm of Garmann/Miller & Associates to begin pre-bond work for a building issue which was passed on the May, 2017 ballot. This follows two building levy defeats over the past several years.

## **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Ms. Jill Ahlers, Treasurer, New Bremen Local Schools, 901 East Monroe Street, New Bremen, Ohio 45869.

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# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets:	
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 6,511,659
Net position: Restricted for:	
1058110100 1011	226.141
Capital projects	226,141
Debt service	759,327
Locally funded programs	124,901
Student activities	72,696
Other purposes	18,931
Unrestricted	5,309,663
Total net position	\$ 6,511,659

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Special		Dis	Cash sbursements	Program Revenues  Charges Operating Capital for Services Grants and Grants and and Sales Contributions Contributions					Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position  Governmental Activities		
Regular         \$ 4,595,708         \$ 501,173         \$ 159,373         \$ 226         \$ (3,934,57)         \$ Special         934,172         458,312         -         (475,88) <t< th=""><th>Governmental activities:</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Governmental activities:										
Special											
Vocational         111,316         - 39,964         . (71,32)           Other         21,732         (21,72)           Support services:         ————————————————————————————————————		\$	, ,	\$	501,173	\$		\$	226	\$	(3,934,936)
Other         21,732         -         -         (21,732)           Support services:         Pupil.         606,536         -         -         (606,536)           Instructional staff         289,299         -         -         (340,00)           Board of education         54,084         -         -         (340,00)           Administration.         772,365         -         72         -         (772,22)           Fiscal.         219,040         25         -         19         (218,90)           Operations and maintenance         883,154         9,403         -         24         (873,77)           Pupil transportation.         209,999         14,022         9,003         -         (186,97)           Central         80,943         -         -         -         (80,96)           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         -         (22,31)           Evatural carrieular activities         506,123         234,742         244         -         (271,12)           Fracilities acquisition and construction         31,228         587         -         454         (30,11)           Interest and fiscal charges         10,632         -         - <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>/</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>/</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>(475,860)</td>	•		/		-		/		-		(475,860)
Support services:         Pupil.         606,536         -         -         (606,55]           Instructional staff         289,299         -         -         (54,00)           Board of education         54,084         -         -         (54,00)           Administration         772,365         -         72         -         (772,22)           Fiscal.         219,040         25         -         19         (218,99)           Operations and maintenance         883,154         9,403         -         24         (873,77)           Pupil transportation         209,999         14,022         9,003         -         (80,90)           Central         880,943         -         -         -         (80,90)           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         -         (22,3)           Extracurricular activities         506,123         234,742         244         -         (271,11)           Principal retirement         735,000         -         -         -         (10,6)           Facilities acquisition and construction         31,228         587         -         45         (30,1)           Interest and fiscal charges         10,632         -<					-		39,964		-		(71,352)
Pupil.			21,732		-		-		-		(21,732)
Instructional staff   289,299   -   -   (289,29)     (54,00)   (54,00)   (54,00)   (54,00)   (54,00)   (54,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (55,00)   (54,00)   (	11										
Source   S					-		=		-		(606,536)
Administration. 772,365					-		-		-		(289,299)
Fiscal. 219,040 25 - 19 (218,94 Operations and maintenance 883,154 9,403 - 24 (873,77 Populit transportation. 209,999 14,022 9,003 - (80,94 Central 80,943 - 30 Central 80,945 Central 80,943 - 30 Central 80,945 Central 80,			54,084		-		-		-		(54,084)
Operations and maintenance         883,154         9,403         24         (873,772)           Pupil transportation.         209,999         14,022         9,003         -         (186,972)           Central         80,943         -         -         -         (80,922)           Operation of non-instructional services:         -         -         -         (80,922)           Food service operations         264,819         200,897         41,566         -         (22,332)           Extracurricular activities         506,123         234,742         244         -         (271,122)           Principal retirement         735,000         -         -         -         -         (735,001)           Facilities acquisition and construction         31,228         587         -         454         (30,111)           Interest and fiscal charges         10,632         -         -         -         -         (10,60)           Total governmental activities         \$ 10,326,150         \$ 960,849         \$ 708,534         \$ 723         (8,656,02)           General purposes         -         -         -         -         10,60           General purposes         -         -         -					-		72		-		(772,293)
Pupil transportation	Fiscal		219,040				-				(218,996)
Central   80,943	•		/				-		24		(873,727)
Operation of non-instructional services:   Food service operations   264,819   200,897   41,566   - (22,3)     Extracurricular activities   506,123   234,742   244   - (271,1)     Principal retirement   735,000   -   -   - (735,00)     Facilities acquisition and construction   31,228   587   454   (30,18)     Interest and fiscal charges   10,632   -   -   -   (10,6)     Total governmental activities   \$ 10,326,150   \$ 960,849   \$ 708,534   \$ 723   (8,656,0-1)     General cash receipts:   Property taxes levied for:   General purposes   2,264,99     Debt service   610,33     Capital outlay   75,77     Payments in lieu of taxes   39,90     Income taxes levied for:   General purposes   1,580,60     Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs   3,812,11     Investment earnings   72,44     Miscellaneous   57,74     Total general cash receipts   8,514,03     Change in net position   (142,0)     Change in net pos	Pupil transportation				14,022		9,003		-		(186,974)
Food service operations   264,819   200,897   41,566   - (22,3)     Extracurricular activities   506,123   234,742   244   - (271,1)     Principal retirement   735,000   -   -   - (735,00     Facilities acquisition and construction   31,228   587   -   454   (30,11)     Interest and fiscal charges   10,632   -   -   -   (10,63     Total governmental activities   \$ 10,326,150   \$ 960,849   \$ 708,534   \$ 723   (8,656,04     Froperty taxes levied for:   General purposes   2,264,95     Debt service   610,33     Capital outlay   75,77     Payments in lieu of taxes   evied for:     General purposes   1,580,65     Grants and entitlements not restricted   to specific programs   3,812,15     Investment earnings   72,44     Miscellaneous   57,74     Total general cash receipts   8,514,05     Change in net position   (142,0)	Operation of non-instructional		80,943		-		-		-		(80,943)
Extracurricular activities. 506,123 234,742 244 - (271,12) Principal retirement 735,000 (735,00) Facilities acquisition and construction 31,228 587 - 454 (30,18) Interest and fiscal charges 10,632 (10,6)  Total governmental activities \$10,326,150 \$960,849 \$708,534 \$723 (8,656,04)    Capital outlay			264,819		200,897		41,566		_		(22,356)
Principal retirement									_		(271,137)
Total governmental activities					_		_		_		(735,000)
Interest and fiscal charges	•				587		-		454		(30,187)
Total governmental activities   \$ 10,326,150   \$ 960,849   \$ 708,534   \$ 723   (8,656,045)	<u> </u>				_		-		_		(10,632)
Property taxes levied for:  General purposes	Total governmental activities	\$	10,326,150	\$	960,849	\$	708,534	\$	723		(8,656,044)
Debt service.       610,33         Capital outlay.       75,77         Payments in lieu of taxes.       39,96         Income taxes levied for:       39,96         General purposes.       1,580,62         Grants and entitlements not restricted       3,812,19         Investment earnings       72,46         Miscellaneous       57,74         Total general cash receipts       8,514,03         Change in net position       (142,0)							or:				
Capital outlay.       75,77         Payments in lieu of taxes.       39,96         Income taxes levied for:       1,580,62         General purposes.       1,580,62         Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs       3,812,19         Investment earnings       72,40         Miscellaneous       57,74         Total general cash receipts       8,514,03         Change in net position       (142,0)					1 1						2,264,997
Payments in lieu of taxes.       39,96         Income taxes levied for:       1,580,62         General purposes.       1,580,62         Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs       3,812,15         Investment earnings       72,40         Miscellaneous       57,74         Total general cash receipts       8,514,03         Change in net position       (142,0)											610,334
Income taxes levied for:   General purposes											75,775
Grants and entitlements not restricted       3,812,19         to specific programs       3,812,19         Investment earnings       72,40         Miscellaneous       57,74         Total general cash receipts       8,514,03         Change in net position       (142,0)				Inc	come taxes le	vied fo	r:		•		39,963
Investment earnings       72,40         Miscellaneous       57,74         Total general cash receipts       8,514,03         Change in net position       (142,03)				Gr	ants and enti	lement	s not restricte	d			1,580,620
Miscellaneous						_					3,812,193
Total general cash receipts						_					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Change in net position											57,747
·					Č	•					(142,013)
The position at regiming of year (restated).											6,653,672

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net position at end of year. . . . . . . . . .

6,511,659

# STATEMENT OF CASH BASIS ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\tt JUNE~30,2017}$

	General	Ro	Bond etirement	onmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$ 5,309,663	\$	759,327	\$ 442,669	\$	6,511,659
Total assets	\$ 5,309,663	\$	759,327	\$ 442,669	\$	6,511,659
Fund balances:						
Restricted:						
Debt service	\$ -	\$	759,327	\$ =	\$	759,327
Capital improvements	-		-	226,141		226,141
Food service operations	-		-	18,931		18,931
Other purposes	-		-	124,901		124,901
Extracurricular	-		-	72,696		72,696
Assigned:						
Student and staff support	9,505		-	-		9,505
School supplies	63,916		-	-		63,916
Unassigned (deficit)	 5,236,242		-	 		5,236,242
Total fund balances	\$ 5,309,663	\$	759,327	\$ 442,669	\$	6,511,659

### STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General	Bond Retirement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Receipts:					
From local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 2,264,997	\$ 610,334	\$ 75,775	\$ 2,951,106	
Income taxes	1,580,620	-	-	1,580,620	
Payment in lieu of taxes	39,963	-	-	39,963	
Tuition	459,343	-	-	459,343	
Transportation fees	14,022	-	-	14,022	
Earnings on investments	72,402	=	1,007	73,409	
Charges for services	-	-	200,897	200,897	
Extracurricular	33,132	-	201,610	234,742	
Classroom materials and fees	41,538	-	-	41,538	
Rental income	9,372	-	935	10,307	
Contributions and donations	53,841	-	128,967	182,808	
Other local revenues	3,906	-	-	3,906	
Intergovernmental - state	3,835,805	193,142	17,976	4,046,923	
Intergovernmental - federal	49,745	-	294,808	344,553	
Total receipts	8,458,686	803,476	921,975	10,184,137	
Disbursements: Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	4,292,457	-	303,251	4,595,708	
Special	707,306	-	226,866	934,172	
Vocational	107,120	-	4,196	111,316	
Other	21,732	-	-	21,732	
Support services:					
Pupil	606,536	-	-	606,536	
Instructional staff	289,299	-	-	289,299	
Board of education	54,084	-	-	54,084	
Administration	772,293	-	72	772,365	
Fiscal	207,064	10,664	1,312	219,040	
Operations and maintenance	881,493	-	1,661	883,154	
Pupil transportation	209,999	-	-	209,999	
Central	80,943	-	-	80,943	
Operation of non-instructional services:					
Food service operations	-	-	264,819	264,819	
Extracurricular activities	297,740	-	208,383	506,123	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	=	31,228	31,228	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	735,000	-	735,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	10,632	-	10,632	
Total disbursements	8,528,066	756,296	1,041,788	10,326,150	
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under)					
disbursements	(69,380)	47,180	(119,813)	(142,013)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	26,216	26,216	
Transfers (out)	(26,216)	-		(26,216)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(26,216)		26,216		
Net change in fund balances	(95,596)	47,180	(93,597)	(142,013)	
Fund balances at beginning of year (restated).	5,405,259	712,147	536,266	6,653,672	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 5,309,663	\$ 759,327	\$ 442,669	\$ 6,511,659	
•					

# STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Actual		Negative)
Receipts:								
From local sources:								
Property taxes	\$	1,957,529 1,578,425	\$	1,957,529 1,578,425	\$	2,264,997 1,580,620	\$	307,468 2,195
Payment in lieu of taxes		39,963 398,000		39,963 398,000		39,963 459,343		61,343
Transportation fees		16,000 75,000		16,000 75,000		14,022 72,402		(1,978) (2,598)
Rental income		15,000 6,700		15,000 6,700		9,372 53,841		(5,628) 47,141
Other local revenues		5,000 4,163,264		5,000 4,163,264		3,906 3,835,805		(1,094) (327,459)
Intergovernmental - federal		16,000 8,270,881		16,000 8,270,881		38,142 8,372,413		22,142 101,532
-								
Disbursements: Current:								
Instruction: Regular		4,575,875		4,418,551		4,312,572		105,979
Special		663,396		741,141		707,306		33,835
Vocational		133,220 30,027		130,405 22,844		107,120 21,732		23,285 1,112
Support services:		20,027		<b>==</b> ,0 · · ·		21,752		-,2
Pupil		532,479		625,945		606,536		19,409
Instructional staff		373,376		371,311		289,299		82,012
Board of education		66,059		66,013		58,084		7,929
Administration		782,403		782,210		772,293		9,917
Fiscal		220,799		220,642		207,064		13,578
Operations and maintenance		929,454 212,241		918,244 216,591		881,493 209,999		36,751 6,592
Central		100,791		100,119		80,943		19,176
Extracurricular activities		277,149		276,953		265,017		11,936
Total disbursements		8,897,269		8,890,969		8,519,458		371,511
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under)								
disbursements		(626,388)		(620,088)		(147,045)		473,043
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		30,000		30,000		65,654		35,654
Transfers (out)		(20,000)		(26,300)		(26,216)		84
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,000		3,700		39,438		35,738
Net change in fund balance		(616,388)		(616,388)		(107,607)		508,781
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,332,381		5,332,381		5,332,381		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		7,468		7,468		7,468		_
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,723,461	\$	4,723,461	\$	5,232,242	\$	508,781

### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION- CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2017

	Private-Purpose Trust			
	Scl	ıolarship	A	Agency
Assets:		<u> </u>		
Equity in pooled cash				
and investments	\$	10,038	\$	56,215
Total assets		10,038	\$	56,215
Liabilities:				
Due to students		<u>-</u>	\$	56,215
Total liabilities			\$	56,215
Net position:				
Held in trust for scholarships		10,038		
Total net position	\$	10,038		

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		-Purpose rust
	Scho	larship
Additions:		
Interest	\$	66
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded		50
Change in net position		16
Net position at beginning of year		10,022
Net position at end of year	\$	10,038

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

New Bremen Local School District (the "School District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The School District provides educational services as authorized by state and federal guidelines.

The School District serves an area of approximately thirty-six square miles. It is located in Auglaize, Mercer, and Shelby Counties. It is staffed by 37 classified employees, 57 certified teaching personnel, and seven administrative employees who provide services to 745 students and other community members. The School District currently operates two instructional buildings.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the School District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For New Bremen Local School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the School District. There are no component units of the New Bremen Local School District.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations, one joint venture and three insurance pools. These organizations are the Western Ohio Computer Organization, Auglaize County Educational Academy, Tri Star, Ohio School Plan, Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Regional Council of Governments, and the Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan. These organizations are presented in Notes 18, 19 and 21 to the basic financial statements.

These financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, which have been applied to the extent they are applicable to the cash basis of accounting. Following are the more significant of the School District's accounting policies.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the cash balance of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the School District is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing on a cash basis or draws from the School District's general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The School District classifies funds financed primarily from taxes, intergovernmental receipts (e.g. grants), and other nonexchange transactions as governmental funds. The School District's major funds are the General Fund and Bond Retirement Fund:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - The Bond Retirement Fund is used to account for property taxes restricted for the payment of principal, interest, and related costs on general obligation debt.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, and (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed, or assigned to a particular purpose.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District's private purpose trust fund accounts for programs that provide college scholarships to students after graduation. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for staff generated revenues for non-instructional activities and for various student-managed activities.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

The School District's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting. Except for modifications having substantial support, receipts are recorded in the School District's financial records and reported in the financial statements when cash is received rather than when earned and disbursements are recorded when cash is paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in the financial statements.

#### E. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the summary of levy funds, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The summary of levy funds provides the County Budget Commission information on the estimated receipts and disbursements for those funds that receive property tax receipts. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control selected by the Board is at the object level for the General Fund and the fund level for all other funds. Budgetary allocations at the function level for the General Fund and the function and object level for all other funds are made by the School District Treasurer.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the final amended certificate of estimated resources requested by the School District prior to fiscal year end.

The appropriations resolution is subject to amendment throughout the fiscal year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriations resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

#### F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

During fiscal year 2017, the School District invested in nonnegotiable certificates of deposit, negotiable certificates of deposit, a U.S. Treasury money market fund and STAR Ohio. Investments are recorded at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2017, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2017 was \$72,402, which included \$13,910, was assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the pool are reported as investments.

Investments are reported as assets. Accordingly, purchases of investments are not recorded as disbursements, and sales of investments are not recorded as receipts. Gains or losses at the time of sale are recorded as receipts or negative receipts (contra revenue), respectively.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

#### G. Capital Assets

Acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets.

#### H. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

#### I. Long-Term Obligations

Cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds. Proceeds of debt are reported when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported when disbursements are made.

#### J. Net Position

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes includes resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants. The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

#### K. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance for purchases on order provided such amounts have been lawfully appropriated.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District first applies restricted resources when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### L. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

Internal allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the statement of activities. Payments for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as receipts in the seller funds and as disbursements in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular disbursements to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### M. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2017.

#### N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

#### A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2017, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 77, "Tax Abatement Disclosures", GASB Statement No. 78, "Pensions Provided Through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans", GASB Statement No. 80, "Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14" and GASB Statement No. 82, "Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73".

GASB Statement No. 77 requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose certain information about the agreement. GASB Statement No. 77 also requires disclosures related to tax abatement agreements that have been entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 77 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 78 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for defined benefit pensions provided to the employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (cost-sharing pension plan) that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 68 and that (a) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (b) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (c) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). The implementation of GASB Statement No. 78 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 80 improves the financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement applies to component units that are organized as not-for-profit corporations in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 80 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 82 addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 82 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

#### B. Compliance

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP. However, the School District prepared its financial statements on a cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, net position/fund balances, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. The School District can be fined and various other administrative remedies may be taken against the School District.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

#### C. Change in Basis of Accounting and Restatement of Prior Year Fund Balances and Net Position

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03(B), requires that the District prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, the District changed from a basis of accounting that follows generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP-basis) to the cash basis of accounting (See Note 2.D), which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District has elected to present the cash-basis financial statements in a format consistent with GASB Statement No. 34. Fund balances and net position at June 30, 2016 have been restated to account for the change in accounting principle, which effectively eliminated balance sheet accruals.

The transition from a GAAP-basis to the cash-basis of accounting had the following effect on fund balances at June 30, 2016:

	Governmental Funds							
		Bond		Other		Total		
	 General		Retirement		Governmental		Governmental	
Fund balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 5,668,271	\$	868,786	\$	455,325	\$	6,992,382	
Restatement due to change in								
reporting basis adjustments	 (263,012)		(156,639)		80,941		(338,710)	
Restated fund cash								
balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 5,405,259	\$	712,147	\$	536,266	\$	6,653,672	

The transition from a GAAP-basis to the cash-basis of accounting had the following effect on net position at June 30, 2016:

	 Activities
Net position at June 30, 2016 Restatement due to change in reporting basis adjustments	\$ 5,485,333 1,168,339
Restated net cash position at June 30, 2016	\$ 6,653,672

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Inactive deposits are public deposits the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Bankers' acceptances and commercial paper if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the School District had the following investments.

		Investment Maturities					
		6 months or	7 to 12	13 to 18	19 to 24	Greater than	
Investment type	Fair Value	<u>less</u>	months	months	months	24 months	
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,284,983	\$ 1,284,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Negotiable CDs	4,003,000	1,793,000	1,317,000	400,000	248,000	245,000	
U.S. Treasury							
money market fund	290,264	290,264					
Total	\$ 5,578,247	\$ 3,368,247	\$ 1,317,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 248,000	\$ 245,000	

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investment policy restricts the Treasurer from investing in any securities other than those identified in the Ohio Revised Code and that all investments must mature within five years from the date of investment unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District. The Treasurer is also restricted from purchasing investments that cannot be held until the maturity date.

The negotiable certificates of deposit are insured by FDIC or SIPC insurance. The U.S. Treasury money market fund carries a rating of Aaa by Moodys. STAR Ohio carries a rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The School District has no policy dealing with credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that mutual funds in eligible securities must be rated in the highest category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The following table indicates the percentage of each investment to the total portfolio:

Investment type	Fair Value	% of Total
STAR Ohio	\$ 1,284,983	23.04
Negotiable CD's	4,003,000	71.76
U.S. Treasury money market fund	290,264	5.20
Total	\$ 5,578,247	100.00

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)**

The following is a reconciliation of cash as reported in the note above to cash as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2017:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	999,515
Investments		5,578,247
Cash on hand	_	150
Total	\$	6,577,912
Cash and investments per statement of net position	1	
Governmental activities	\$	6,511,659
Private-purpose trust fund		10,038
Agency funds		56,215
Total	\$	6,577,912

#### **NOTE 5 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The budget basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on the basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Budget Basis presented for the general fund is prepared on the budget basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The difference between the budget basis and the cash basis is outstanding year-end encumbrances that are treated as cash disbursements (budget basis) rather than as an assignment of fund balance (cash basis).

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the budget basis statement to the cash basis statement for the general fund:

#### **Net Change in Fund Cash Balance**

	Ge	eneral fund
Budget basis	\$	(107,607)
Funds budgeted elsewhere		8,011
Adjustment for encumbrances	_	4,000
Cash basis	\$	(95,596)

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a cash basis. This includes the uniform school supplies fund and public schools support fund.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 6 - INCOME TAXES**

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2005, for five years. On May 5, 2009, the income tax levy was renewed by the voters for an additional five years beginning on January 1, 2010. On May 6, 2014, the income tax levy was passed by the voters as a continuing levy. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are recorded in the General Fund.

#### **NOTE 7 - PROPERTY TAXES**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis, while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First-half tax distributions are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second-half tax distributions are received in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2017 represent the collection of calendar year 2016 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2017 were levied after April 1, 2016, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2017 represent the collection of calendar year 2016 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2017 became a lien on December 31, 2015, were levied after April 1, 2016, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Auglaize, Mercer, and Shelby Counties. The County Auditors periodically advance to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the counties by June 30, 2017, are available to finance fiscal year 2017 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

The assessed values upon which fiscal year 2017 taxes were collected are:

	2016 Second	2017 First
	Half Collections	Half Collections
	Amount Percent	Amount Percent
Real	\$ 110,998,520 97.46	\$ 111,855,450 97.34
Public utility	2,887,520 2.54	3,057,920 2.66
Total	<u>\$ 113,886,040</u> <u>100.00</u>	<u>\$ 114,913,370</u> <u>100.00</u>
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$49.85	\$49.85

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 8 - PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES**

According to State law, the Village of New Bremen has entered into agreements with a number of property owners under which the Village has granted property tax exemptions to those property owners. The property owners have agreed to make payments to the Village which reflect all or a portion of the property taxes which the property owners would have paid if their taxes had not been exempted. The agreements require a portion of these payments to be made to the School District. The property owners' contractually promise to make these payments in lieu of taxes until the agreements expire. The School District recorded \$39,963 in payment in lieu of taxes during fiscal year 2017.

#### **NOTE 9 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

<u>Transfers from general fund to:</u>	Amount
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 26,216

Transfers are used to move cash receipts from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them and to use unrestricted cash receipts collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

During fiscal year 2017, the School District contracted for the following insurance coverage.

Coverage provided by the Ohio School Plan is as follows:

General Liability

Per Occurrence \$3,000,000 Aggregate \$5,000,000

Coverage provided by Cincinnati Insurance Company is as follows:

Building and Contents38,076,696Automobile Liability1,000,000Excess Liability3,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years, and there has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior fiscal year.

For fiscal year 2017, the School District participated in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. Each participant enters into an individual agreement with the Plan for insurance coverage and pays annual premiums to the Plan based on the types and limits of coverage and deductibles selected by the participant.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)**

The School District participates in the Mercer-Auglaize Area School Regional Council of Governments (COG), a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven local school districts and two educational service centers. The Educational Service Center pays monthly premiums to the COG for employee medical and dental insurance coverage. The COG is responsible for the management and operations of the program. Upon withdrawal from the COG, a participant is responsible for the payment of all COG liabilities to its employees, dependents, and designated beneficiaries accruing as a result of withdrawal.

The School District participates in the Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the Plan is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Plan. The third party administrator, Sheakley Uniservice, Inc., reviews each participants' claims experience and determines the rating tier for that participant. A common premium rate is applied to all participants in a given rating tier. Each participant pays it workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for their rating tier rather than its individual rate. Sheakley Uniservice, Inc. provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the Plan.

#### **NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS**

The School District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund cash balance. At year end, the School District's commitments for encumbrances in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Ye	ar - End
<u>Fund</u>	Encu	ımbrances
General fund	\$	4,000
Other governmental		1,800
Total	\$	5,800

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS**

#### **Net Pension Liability**

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

#### Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14 percent. None of the employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$141,420 for fiscal year 2017.

#### Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – District licensed teachers participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB Plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five years of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 26 years of service, or 31 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five years of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For fiscal year 2017, plan members were required to contribute 14 percent of their annual covered salary. The District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The 2017 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS Ohio was \$553,083 for fiscal year 2017.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	SERS	STRS Ohio	Total
Proportion of the net pension			
liability prior measurement date	0.03231570%	0.03518899%	
Proportion of the net pension			
liability current measurement date	0.03200110%	0.03597396%	
Change in proportionate share	- <u>0.00031460</u> %	0.00078497%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,342,185	\$ 12,041,569	\$ 14,383,754

#### **Actuarial Assumptions - SERS**

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2016, are presented below:

Wage inflation

3.00 percent

Future salary increases, including inflation

COLA or ad hoc COLA

Investment rate of return

Actuarial cost method

3.00 percent

3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

3 percent

7.50 percent net of investments expense, including inflation

Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, with 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates used. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an experience study that was completed June 30, 2015. As a result of the actuarial experience study, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates and (g) mortality among disable member was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Equity	22.50	4.75
International Equity	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

**Discount Rate** - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. A discount rate of 7.75 percent was used in the prior measurement period. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	19	% Decrease (6.50%)	Di	scount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)	;
District's proportionate share						_
of the net pension liability	\$	3,100,907	\$	2,342,185	\$ 1,707,103	3

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS Ohio

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	7.61 %

<sup>\*10-</sup>Year geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.50% and does not include investment expenses. The total fund long-term expected return reflects diversification among the asset classes and therefore is not a weighted average return of the individual asset classes.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 12 - PENSION PLANS - (Continued)**

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2016. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$ 16,002,266	\$ 12,041,569	\$ 8,700,487

Changes Between Measurement Date and Report Date - In March 2017, the STRS Board adopted certain assumption changes which impacted their annual actuarial valuation prepared as of July 1, 2016. The most significant changes are a reduction in the expected investment return to 7.45% from 7.75% and a change to updated generational mortality tables. Although the exact amount of these changes is not known, the impact to the District's net pension liability is expected to be significant.

#### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

#### A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at at <a href="https://www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 13 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - (Continued)**

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2017, no portion of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2017, this amount was \$23,500. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

The District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$15,950, \$15,950, and \$24,946, respectively. 100 percent has been contributed for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015.

#### B. State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Plan Description - The District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS Ohio which may be obtained by visiting <a href="https://www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a>, under "Publications" or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio law authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS Ohio. Active employee members do not contribute to the Plan. All benefit recipients pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For 2017, STRS Ohio did not allocate any employer contributions to the Health Care Stabilization Fund. The District did not make any contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 14 - OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

#### A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. The superintendent and treasurer earn twenty days of vacation per year. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees, the superintendent, and the treasurer upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. All employees may accumulate sick leave up to a maximum of two hundred forty days. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of sixty days.

#### **B.** Health Care Benefits

The School District offers medical and dental insurance to most employees through the Mercer Auglaize Area Schools Regional Council of Governments. In addition, the School District offers life insurance through American United Life Insurance Company.

#### C. Separation Benefit

The School District provides a separation benefit to eligible certified employees. A full-time employee who elects to retire within thirty days after the end of the school year in which they initially become eligible for retirement under the pension eligibility criteria will be paid \$15,000.

#### **NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Changes in the School District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2017 were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Amount
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due in
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017	One Year
2015 School Improvement					
Refunding Serial Bonds	\$ 1,475,000	\$ -	\$ (735,000)	\$ 740,000	\$ 740,000

<u>Series 2015 Refunding General Obligation Bonds</u> - On April 7, 2015, the School District issued general obligation bonds (series 2015 refunding bonds) to refund the remaining series 2005 general obligation serial bonds in the amount of \$2,160,000. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

The interest rates on the serial bonds are 0.96%. Principal and interest payments are made from the Bond Retirement fund.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 15 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Principal and interest requirements to retire the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds				
		Serial				
Fiscal Year	<u>I</u>	Principal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest	_	Total
2018	\$	740,000	\$	3,552	\$	743,552
Total	\$	740,000	\$	3,552	\$	743,552

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the School District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the School District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the School District. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the School District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2017, are a voted debt margin of \$10,361,530 (including available funds of \$759,327) and an unvoted debt margin of \$114,913.

#### **NOTE 16 - SET ASIDES**

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside, in the General Fund, an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the fiscal year must be held in cash at fiscal year end. This amount must be carried forward and used for the same purpose in future years. The following cash basis information identifies the change in the fund balance for capital improvements during fiscal year 2017.

Balance June 30, 2016	\$ -
Current year set-aside requirement	133,984
Current year qualifying expenditures	(134,261)
Current year offsets	 (85,493)
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2018	\$ 
Set-aside balance June 30, 2017	\$ -

#### **NOTE 17 - DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS**

The School District's private purpose trust fund includes donor restricted endowments. Endowments, in the amount of \$10,000, represent the principal portion. The amount of net appreciation in donor restricted investments that is available for expenditures by the School District is \$38 and is included as held in trust for scholarships. State law permits the School District to appropriate, for purposes consistent with the endowment's intent, net appreciation, realized and unrealized, unless the endowment terms specify otherwise. The endowment indicates that the interest should be used to provide a scholarship each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### NOTE 18 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

#### A. Western Ohio Computer Organization

The School District is a participant in the Western Ohio Computer Organization (WOCO). WOCO is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Auglaize, Champaign, Hardin, Logan, Miami, and Shelby counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of WOCO consists of two representatives from each county elected by majority vote of all charter member school districts within each county plus a representative from the fiscal agent school district. During fiscal year 2017, the School District paid \$63,740 to WOCO for various services. Financial information can be obtained from the Western Ohio Computer Organization, 129 East Court Street, Sidney, Ohio 45365.

#### B. Auglaize County Educational Academy

The School District is a participant in the Auglaize County Educational Academy (ACEA), which is a community school. The ACEA is an association of the school districts within Auglaize County to provide general curricular education for kindergarten through twelfth grade students for gifted, regular, and special education instruction through the use of a virtual curriculum. The governing board of the ACEA consists of the superintendents from each of the participating school districts. Financial information can be obtained from the Auglaize County Educational Service Center, 1045 Dearbaugh Avenue, Wapakoneta, Ohio, 45895.

#### **NOTE 19 - INSURANCE POOLS**

#### A. Ohio School Plan

The School District participates in the Ohio School Plan (Plan), an insurance purchasing pool established under Section 2744.081 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Plan is an unincorporated nonprofit association of its members which enables the participants to provide for a formalized joint insurance purchasing program for maintaining adequate insurance protection and provides risk management programs and other administrative services. The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a fifteen member board consisting of superintendents, treasurers, a member of the Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, Inc., and a member of the Hylant Group, Inc. The Hylant Group, Inc. is the Plan's administrator and is responsible for processing claims. Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency serves as the sales and marketing representative which established agreements between the Plan and its members. Financial information can be obtained from the Harcum-Schuett Insurance Agency, 246 East Sycamore Street, Columbus, Ohio 43206.

#### B. Mercer-Auglaize Area Schools Employee Welfare Benefit Trust

The School District participates in a public entity shared risk pool consisting of eleven school districts and two educational service centers. The Mercer-Auglaize Area School Regional Council of Government (COG) is organized as a Voluntary Employee Benefit Association under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides medical and dental benefits to the employees of the participants. Each participant's superintendent is appointed to an Administrative Committee which advises the Trustee, Huntington Bank, concerning aspects of the administration of the COG.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 19 - INSURANCE POOLS - (Continued)**

Each participant decides which plans offered by the Administrative Committee will be extended to its employees. Participation in the COG is by written application subject to acceptance by the Administrative Committee and payment of the monthly premiums. Financial information can be obtained from the Mercer County Educational Service Center, 441 East Market Street, Celina, Ohio 45822.

#### C. Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (Plan) was established through the Cincinnati Regional Chamber of Commerce as an insurance purchasing pool. The Plan is governed by the Chamber of Commerce and the participants of the Plan. The Director of Member Benefits of the Chamber of Commerce coordinates the management and administration of the Plan. Each year, the participants pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the Plan.

#### **NOTE 20 - CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2017.

#### B. Litigation

There are currently no matters in litigation with the School District as defendant.

#### C. School District Funding

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2016-2017 school year, traditional Districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2017 Foundation funding for the District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. The amount due to the School District at June 30, 2017 was \$1,055.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### **NOTE 21 - JOINT VENTURE**

#### Tri-Star Career Compact

The School District participates in the Tri-Star Career Compact (the "Compact"), a joint venture with eight other school districts. The eight participating school districts comprise a "qualifying partnership" as defined by Ohio Revised Code Section 3318.71. The purpose of the Compact is to establish and maintain a career technical education program in accordance with standards adopted by the State Board of Education.

The joint venture is served by an advisory council consisting of two representatives each from the St. Marys City School District, the Celina City School District, and the Coldwater Exempted Village School District, three members representing the local school districts in Auglaize County (Minster, New Bremen and New Knoxville), and three members representing the local school districts in Mercer County (Fort Recovery, Marion, and St. Henry). Members serve terms of two years. The advisory council serves at the discretion of the Boards of Education of the participating school districts and is not responsible to serve the electorate in any legal capacity.

In fiscal year 2016, the joint venture issued \$16,999,987 in classroom facilities bonds to acquire classroom facilities. The bonds are a general obligation of the "qualifying partnership". The bonds have an interest rate ranging from 2 percent to 4.2 percent and mature in fiscal year 2032. The bonds will be repaid from the resources of a property tax levied by the qualifying partnership and the qualifying partnership is obligated to pay all debt service on the bonds. If the proceeds of the tax collection are less than anticipated in any particular year resulting in insufficient resources to pay the principal and interest requirements of the bonds, the school districts making up the partnership are obligated to make up the amount of any shortfall.

In addition, each participating school district is required to contribute a service fee and a reserve capital fee for each participating student from their school district and may incur excess costs for operations of the Compact.

The joint venture has not currently accumulated significant financial resources nor is the joint venture experiencing fiscal stress that would cause an additional financial benefit to or burden on the participants; however, all participants have an ongoing financial responsibility as outlined above. Financial information may be obtained from the Celina City School District who serves as fiscal agent for the joint venture.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

New Bremen Local School District Auglaize County 901 E Monroe Street New Bremen, Ohio 45869

To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New Bremen Local School District, Auglaize County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2019, wherein we noted the School District uses a special purpose framework other than generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

New Bremen Local School District Auglaize County Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards Page 2

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2018-001.

#### School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. We did not subject the School District's response to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State

Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2019

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

### FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

#### **FINDING NUMBER 2018-001**

#### Noncompliance - Failure to File GAAP

**Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38** provides, in part, that each public office, other than a state agency, shall file a financial report for each fiscal year. The auditor of state may prescribe forms by rule or may issue guidelines, or both, for such reports. If the auditor of state has not prescribed a rule regarding the form for the report, the public office shall submit its report on the form utilized by the public office. Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) further clarifies the requirements of Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38.

Ohio Admin. Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to file annual financial reports which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). However, the School District prepared its financial statements for fiscal years 2018 and 2017 that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit certain assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equities/net position and disclosures that, while presumed material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code § 117.38, the School District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

The School District did not file GAAP statements in fiscal year 2018 and 2017.

Failure to report on a GAAP basis compromises the School District's ability to evaluate and monitor the overall financial condition of the School District. To help provide the users with more meaningful financial statements, the School District should prepare its annual financial statements in accordance with GAAP to include assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund equity/net position and the disclosures required to accurately and completely present the School District's financial condition.

#### Official's Response:

New Bremen Local School District has determined the time and financial resources to convert the reports to GAAP reporting has no offsetting benefit to the District.





#### **NEW BREMEN LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT**

#### **AUGLAIZE COUNTY**

#### **CLERK'S CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

**CLERK OF THE BUREAU** 

Susan Babbitt

CERTIFIED APRIL 4, 2019