SOUTHINGTON TOWNSHIP

TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO

AUDIT REPORT

For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017



OHIO AUDITOR OF STATE KEITH FABER

88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Board of Trustees Southington Township 3419 State Route 534 Southington, OH 44470

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of Southington Township, Trumbull County, prepared by Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2018. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. Southington Township is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

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Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

November 7, 2019

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SOUTHINGTON TOWNSHIP TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO Audit Report For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

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Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Southington Township Trumbull County 3419 State Route 534 Southington, Ohio 44470

To the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Southington Township, Trumbull County, Ohio (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit; this responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 2 of the financial statements, the Township prepared these financial statements using the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D), which is an accounting basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), to satisfy these requirements.

Although the effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory accounting basis and GAAP are not reasonably determinable, we presume they are material.

Though the Township does not intend these statements to conform to GAAP, auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to include an adverse opinion on GAAP. However, the adverse opinion does not imply the amounts reported are materially misstated under the accounting basis Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit. Our opinion on this accounting basis is in the *Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting* paragraph below.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the Township as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the years then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the cash balances, receipts and disbursements by fund type, and related notes of Southington Township, Trumbull County as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, for the years then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit, described in Note 2.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2019, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlen & Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. September 30, 2019

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

	Governmental Fund Types					_				
	G	eneral		Special Revenue		pital jects	Per	manent	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts										• j /
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	56,141	\$	169,746		-		-	\$	225,887
Charges for Services		-		34,824		-		-		34,824
Licenses, Permits and Fees		33,747		6,600		-		-		40,347
Intergovernmental		63,359		156,092		-		-		219,451
Earnings on Investments		6,430		1,668		-		-		8,098
Miscellaneous		5,549		23,259		-		-		28,808
Total Cash Receipts		165,226		392,189		-		-		557,415
Cash Disbursements										
Current:										
General Government		138,322		-		-		-		138,322
Public Safety		-		155,162		-		-		155,162
Public Works		2,303		177,179		-		-		179,482
Health		4,584		13,088		-		-		17,672
Conservation-Recreation		1,331		-		-		-		1,331
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		-		15,556		-		-		15,556
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		1,945		-		-		1,945
Total Cash Disbursements		146,540		362,930		-		-		509,470
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		18,686		29,259		-		-		47,945
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)										
Sale of Capital Assets		-		166,425		-		-		166,425
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		-		166,425		-		-		166,425
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		18,686		195,684		-		-		214,370
Fund Cash Balances, January 1		73,162		376,977	\$	224	\$	105		450,468
Fund Cash Balances, December 31										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		105		105
Restricted		-		572,661		224		-		572,885
Assigned		89,889						-		89,889
Unassigned		1,959		-		-		-		1,959
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	91,848	\$	572,661	\$	224	\$	105	\$	664,838

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Southington Township, Trumbull County, Ohio (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection, and emergency medical services.

Public Entity Risk Pool

The Township participates in the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a public entity risk pool. Note 6 to the financial statements provides additional information for this entity.

The Township's management believes these financial statements present all activities for which the Township is financially accountable.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Township's financial statements consist of a combined statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balances (regulatory cash basis) for all governmental fund types which is organized on a fund type basis.

Fund Accounting

The Township uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the Township are presented below:

General Fund The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the Township for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Special Revenue Funds These funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Township had the following significant Special Revenue Funds:

Road District Fund The road district fund accounts for and reports the receipt of property tax money for constructing, maintaining, and repairing Township roads and bridges.

Gas Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Fire EMS (Paramedics) Fund This fund receives money collected from EMS runs for fire protection and emergency.

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township's Fire Equipment-Capital Equipment fund is restricted to capital expenditures but there was no activity in 2018.

Permanent Fund These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Township's programs (for the benefit of the Township or its citizenry). The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cemetery Endowment Fund The cemetery endowment fund accounts for and reports interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement restricted for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township's cemetery.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements follow the accounting basis permitted by the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D). This basis is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements accounting basis. The Board recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved).

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary disbursements (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2018 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Township classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The Trustees can commit amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget in the General Fund.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 follows:

2018 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts							
	E	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	F	Receipts	F	Receipts	Variance		
General	\$	100,652	\$	165,226	\$	64,574	
Special Revenue		467,214		558,614		91,400	
Capital Projects		-		-		-	
Permanent		-		-		-	

2018 Budgeted vs	Actual Budgetary	Basis Disbursements
ZO TO Duugeteu V3.	Actual Dudgetary	Dasis Disbuiscincints

	Appropriation		В	udgetary						
Fund Type	Authority		Authority		Disbursement		Disbursements		١	/ariance
General	\$	174,869	\$	157,174	\$	17,695				
Special Revenue		685,190		493,034		192,156				
Capital Projects		224		-		224				
Permanent		105		-		105				

Note 4 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	2018
Demand deposits	\$ 7,205
US Treasury Notes	1,500
Money Market Savings	657,633
	\$ 664,838

Deposits

Deposits from the Middlefield bank are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation; or collateralized at 102 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. Deposits from Chemical bank are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

Investments

The Federal Reserve holds the Township's U.S. Treasury Notes in book-entry form by, in the name of the Township's financial institution. The financial institution maintains records identifying the Township as owner of these securities.

Note 5 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township. The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees. The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township is a member of the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (The Pool). The Pool assumes the risk of loss up to the limits of the Township's policy. The Pool covers the following risks:

- General liability and casualty
- Public official's liability
- Cyber
- Law enforcement liability
- Automobile liability
- Vehicles
- Property
- Equipment breakdown

The Pool reported the following summary of assets and actuarially-measured liabilities available to pay those liabilities as of December 31:

2018

Cash and investments	\$33,097,416
Actuarial liabilities	\$7,874,610

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2018.

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 0 percent during calendar year 2018. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2018.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	P	rincipal	Interest Rate		
Chemical Bank-Plow Truck Purchase	\$	49,515	2.99%		

The Chemical Bank loan was used for the purchase of a plow truck for the Street Department. The loan amount of \$80,175 will be repaid from the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair fund in monthly installments at an interest rate of 2.99% in five years.

Chemical bank refunded an additional principal payment of \$15,104 that was made in 2017. This refund increased the principal balance in 2018, but was properly not reflected on the financial statements.

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending	Chemical Bank		
December 31:	Plow Truck		
2019	\$	17,501	
2020		17,501	
2021		17,502	
Total	\$	52,504	

Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

The Township may be a defendant in lawsuits. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of any suit, management believes that the resolution of any matter will not materially adversely affect the Township's financial condition.

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (REGULATORY CASH BASIS) ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Governmental Fund Types				_				
	G	eneral		Special Revenue	Capital rojects	Per	manent	(Me	Totals morandum Only)
Cash Receipts									
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	55,918	\$	168,500	-		-	\$	224,418
Charges for Services		-		35,824	-		-		35,824
Licenses, Permits and Fees		32,335		7,235	-		-		39,570
Intergovernmental		48,222		132,843	-		-		181,065
Earnings on Investments		413		110	-		-		523
Miscellaneous		11,442		2,417	 -		-		13,859
Total Cash Receipts		148,330		346,929	 -		-		495,259
Cash Disbursements									
Current:									
General Government		133,160		-	-		-		133,160
Public Safety		-		89,603	-		-		89,603
Public Works		2,099		168,933	-		-		171,032
Health		8,199		6,251	-		-		14,450
Conservation-Recreation		959		-	-		-		959
Capital Outlay		-		80,175	-		-		80,175
Debt Service:									
Principal Retirement		-		30,208	-		-		30,208
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		1,798	 -		-		1,798
Total Cash Disbursements		144,417		376,968	 -		-		521,385
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		3,913		(30,039)	-		-		(26,126)
Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)									
Other Debt Proceeds		-		80,175	-		-		80,175
Transfers In		-		7,000	-		-		7,000
Transfers Out		(7,000)		-	 -		-		(7,000)
Total Other Financing Receipts (Disbursements)		(7,000)		87,175	 -		-		80,175
Net Change in Fund Cash Balances		(3,087)		57,136	-		-		54,049
Fund Cash Balances, January 1-Restated		76,249		319,841	\$ 224	\$	105		396,419
Fund Cash Balances, December 31									
Nonspendable		-		-	-		105		105
Restricted		-		376,977	224		-		377,201
Assigned		73,162		-	 		-		73,162
Fund Cash Balances, December 31	\$	73,162	\$	376,977	\$ 224	\$	105	\$	450,468

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1 – Reporting Entity

The constitution and laws of the State of Ohio establish the rights and privileges of Southington Township, Trumbull County, Ohio (the Township), as a body corporate and politic. A publicly elected three-member Board of Trustees directs the Township. The Township provides road and bridge maintenance, cemetery maintenance, fire protection, and emergency medical services.

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Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

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Gas Tax Fund The gas tax fund accounts for and reports that portion of the State gasoline tax restricted for maintenance and repair of roads within the Township.

Fire EMS (Paramedics) Fund This fund receives money collected from EMS runs for fire protection and emergency.

Capital Project Funds These funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Township's Fire Equipment-Capital Equipment fund is restricted to capital expenditures but there was no activity in 2017.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Accounting (continued)

Permanent Fund These funds account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Township's programs (for the benefit of the Township or its citizenry). The Township had the following significant Permanent Fund:

Cemetery Endowment Fund The cemetery endowment fund accounts for and reports interest earned on the nonexpendable corpus from a trust agreement restricted for the general maintenance and upkeep of the Township's cemetery.

Basis of Accounting

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These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, as the financial reporting provisions of Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (D) permit.

Budgetary Process

The Ohio Revised Code requires that each fund be budgeted annually.

Appropriations Budgetary disbursements (that is, disbursements and encumbrances) may not exceed appropriations at the object level of control and appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The Board of Trustees must annually approve appropriation measures and subsequent amendments. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Estimated Resources Estimated resources include estimates of cash to be received (budgeted receipts) plus unencumbered cash as of January 1. The County Budget Commission must approve estimated resources.

Encumbrances The Ohio Revised Code requires the Township to reserve (encumber) appropriations when individual commitments are made. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are carried over, and need not be reappropriated.

A summary of 2017 budgetary activity appears in Note 3.

Deposits and Investments

The Township's accounting basis includes investments as assets. This basis does not record disbursements for investment purchases or receipts for investment sales. This basis records gains or losses at the time of sale as receipts or disbursements, respectively.

Capital Assets

The Township records disbursements for acquisitions of property, plant, and equipment when paid. The accompanying financial statements do not report these items as assets.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accumulated Leave

In certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment, employees are entitled to cash payments for unused leave. The financial statements do not include a liability for unpaid leave.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township must observe constraints imposed upon the use of its governmental-fund resources. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The Township classifies assets as nonspendable when legally or contractually required to maintain the amounts intact.

Restricted Fund balance is restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The Trustees can commit amounts via formal action (resolution). The Township must adhere to these commitments unless the Trustees amend the resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed to satisfy contractual requirements.

Assigned Assigned fund balances are intended for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Governmental funds other than the general fund report all fund balances as assigned unless they are restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Township Trustees or a Township official delegated that authority by resolution, or by State Statute. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget in the General Fund.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes amounts not included in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The Township applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 3 – Budgetary Activity

Budgetary activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 follows:

2017 Budgeted vs. Actual Receipts							
	E	Budgeted		Actual			
Fund Type	F	Receipts		Receipts	Variance		
General	\$	104,841	\$	148,330	\$	43,489	
Special Revenue		299,739		434,104		134,365	
Capital Projects		-		-		-	
Permanent		-		-		-	

2017 Budgeted vs.	Actual Budgetary	/ Basis Disbursements
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	Appropriation Budge		udgetary			
Fund Type	A	uthority	Dist	oursements	\	/ariance
General	\$	184,263	\$	153,023	\$	31,240
Special Revenue		629,105		379,463		249,642
Capital Projects		224		-		224
Permanent		105		-		105

Note 4 – Deposits

The Township maintains a deposit pool all funds use. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes allowable deposits and investments. The carrying amount of deposits at December 31 was as follows:

	 2017		
Demand deposits	\$ 243,548		
US Treasury Notes	1,500		
Money Market Savings	4,809		
Certificate of deposits	 200,611		
	\$ 450,468		

Deposits

Deposits are insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or collateralized by securities specifically pledged by the financial institution to the Township.

Investments

The Federal Reserve holds the Township's U.S. Treasury Notes in book-entry form by, in the name of the Township's financial institution. The financial institution maintains records identifying the Township as owner of these securities.

Note 5 – Property Taxes

Real property taxes become a lien on January 1 preceding the October 1 date for which the Trustees adopted tax rates. The State Board of Tax Equalization adjusts these rates for inflation. Property taxes are also reduced for applicable non-business, owner occupancy, and homestead exemption credits and/or homestead and rollback deductions. The financial statements include these credits and/or deduction amounts the State pays as Intergovernmental Receipts. Payments are due to the County by December 31. If the property owner elects to pay semiannually, the first half is due December 31. The second half payment is due the following June 20.

Note 5 – Property Taxes (continued)

Public utilities are also taxed on personal and real property located within the Township.

The County is responsible for assessing property, and for billing, collecting, and distributing all property taxes on behalf of the Township.

Note 6 – Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of property and casualty losses, and injuries to employees. The Township insures against injuries to employees through the Ohio Bureau of Worker's Compensation.

The Township belongs to the Ohio Township Association Risk Management Authority (OTARMA), a risksharing pool available to Ohio townships. OTARMA provides property and casualty coverage for its members. York Risk Pooling Services, Inc. (formally known as American Risk Pooling Consultants, Inc.) (York), functions as the administrator of the Pool and provides underwriting claims, loss control, risk management, and reinsurance services for the Pool. Member governments pay annual contributions to fund OTARMA. OTARMA pays judgments, settlements and other expenses resulting from covered claims that exceed the members' deductibles.

Casualty and Property Coverage

The Pool is a member of American Public Entity Excess Pool (APEEP), which is also administered by York. APEEP provides the Pool with an excess risk-sharing program. Under this arrangement, OTARMA retains insured risks up to an amount specified in the contracts. At December 31, 2017, OTARMA retained \$350,000 for casualty claims and \$250,000 for property claims.

The aforementioned casualty and property reinsurance agreement does not discharge OTARMA's primary liability for claims payments on covered losses. Claims exceeding coverage limits are the obligation of the respective government.

Financial Position

OTARMA's financial statements (audited by other accountants) conform with generally accepted accounting principles, and reported the following assets, liabilities and retained earnings at December 31, 2017.

	2017
Assets	\$40,010,732
Liabilities	8,675,465
Net Position	\$31,335,267

At December 31, 2017, the liabilities above include approximately \$8.0 million of estimated incurred claims payable. The assets above also include approximately \$6.9 million of unpaid claims to be billed to approximately 1,016 member governments in the future, as of December 31, 2017. These amounts will be included in future contributions from members when the related claims are due for payment. As of December 31, 2017, the Township's share of these unpaid claims collectible in future years is approximately \$4,000.

Note 6 – Risk Management (continued)

Based on discussions with OTARMA, the expected rates OTARMA charges to compute member contributions, which are used to pay claims as they become due, are not expected to change significantly from those used to determine the historical contributions detailed below. By contract, the annual liability of each member is limited to the amount of financial contributions required to be made to OTARMA for each year of membership.

2017 Contributions to OTARMA	
\$ 9,503	

After one year of membership, a member may withdraw on the anniversary of the date of joining OTARMA, if the member notifies OTARMA in writing 60 days prior to the anniversary date. Upon withdrawal, members are eligible for a full or partial refund of their capital contributions, minus the subsequent year's contribution. Withdrawing members have no other future obligation to the pool. Also upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim occurred or was reported prior to the withdrawal.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

All Township employees belong to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer plan. The Ohio Revised Code prescribes this plan's benefits, which include postretirement healthcare and survivor and disability benefits.

The Ohio Revised Code also prescribes contribution rates. OPERS members contributed 10% of their gross salaries and the Township contributed an amount equaling 14% of participants' gross salaries. The Township has paid all contributions required through December 31, 2017.

Note 8 – Postemployment Benefits

OPERS offers cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment plans, which include multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage, deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement and Medicare Part B premium reimbursements, to qualifying benefit recipients. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the traditional pension plan and combined plan was 1 percent during calendar year 2017. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for OPERS members in the member-directed plan was 4.0 percent during calendar year 2017.

Note 9 – Debt

Debt outstanding at December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Pr	incipal	Interest Rate
Chemical Bank-Plow Truck Purchase	\$	49,967	2.99%

The Chemical Bank loan was used for the purchase of a plow truck for the Street Department. The loan amount of \$80,175 will be repaid from the Street Construction, Maintenance and Repair fund in monthly installments at an interest rate of 2.99% in five years.

Note 9 – Debt (continued)

Amortization

Amortization of the above debt, including interest, is scheduled as follows:

Year ending	Chemical Bank		
December 31:	Plow Truck		
2018	\$	1,498	
2019		17,501	
2020		17,501	
2021		17,502	
Total	\$	54,002	

Note 10 – Contingent Liabilities

The Township may be a defendant in lawsuits. Although management cannot presently determine the outcome of any suit, management believes that the resolution of any matter will not materially adversely affect the Township's financial condition.

Note 11 – Transfers

The General Fund made transfers to the Cemetery fund, a Special Revenue fund to subsidize the operation of ongoing projects at the cemetery. These transfers met all applicable requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

Note 12 – Prior Period Adjustment

During the Township's accounting system conversion from OTAS to UAN in 2017, management decided to move the cemetery endowment account activity to the permanent fund instead of its prior classification as a special revenue fund, which resulted in the following prior period adjustment:

		Special		Permanent	
	Revenue		Fund		
Fund Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	319,946		-	
Adjustments, Net		(105)	\$	105	
Restated Fund Balance, January 1, 2017	\$	319,841	\$	105	

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS <u>REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS</u>

Southington Township Trumbull County 3419 State Route 534 Southington, Ohio 44470

To the Board of Trustees:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the cash balances, receipts, and disbursements by fund type of Southington Township, Trumbull County, (the Township) as of and for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2019, wherein we noted the Township followed financial reporting provisions Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 and Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(D) permit.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the Township's financial statements. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Therefore, unidentified material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings that we consider material weaknesses. We consider findings 2018-001, 2018-002 and 2018-003 described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings to be material weaknesses.

Southington Township Trumbull County Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item 2018-004.

We also noted certain matters not requiring inclusion in this report that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated September 30, 2019.

Township's Responses to Findings

The Township's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. We did not subject the Township's responses to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles Having Association

Charles E. Harris & Associates, Inc. September 30, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS December 31, 2018 and 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number: 2018-001

Material Weakness: Bank Reconciliations

A necessary step in the internal control over financial reporting is to prove both the balance of the bank and the balance of cash in the accounting records. Bank reconciliation means accounting for the differences between the balance on the bank statements and the cash and investment balances according to the Township's records at a specific point in time.

In 2017 and 2018, the Township did not fully reconcile the balance of the bank and the balance of cash in the accounting records. The primary causes of the unreconciled difference were receipts booked twice or not recorded at all or payments not recorded in the books. There were also deposits that were not recorded for interest earnings and EFT deposits from the county. Certain deposits that did not clear the bank were not adjusted. The balances were subsequently reconciled and adjustments posted to the accounting records and accompanying financial statements.

Without complete and accurate monthly bank reconciliations, the Township's internal control is significantly weakened which could hinder the timely detection of errors or irregularities by the Township's management. In addition, the Township's management is not provided with timely fiscal information that is vital to the continued operation, budgeting and decision-making process of the Township.

The Township should prepare accurate monthly bank reconciliations in a timely manner. All unreconciled differences should be resolved and appropriately documented as quickly as possible so they are not carried forward from month to month.

Management Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

Finding Number: 2018-002

Material Weakness: Recording of Transactions and Audit Adjustments

During 2018 and 2017, the Township erroneously recorded numerous transactions. The more significant adjustments are as follows:

- Recorded various grants as miscellaneous receipts instead of intergovernmental receipts.
- Recorded franchise fees as miscellaneous revenues instead of fines, licenses and permit.
- Recorded proceeds of a loan as miscellaneous receipts instead of other debt proceed and the corresponding capital outlay as interest and fiscal charges instead of capital outlay.
- Recorded receipts for ambulance run as miscellaneous receipts instead of charges for services.
- Recorded debt payments as public works instead of principal and interest.
- Did not properly classify fund balances in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54.
- The Township budgetary footnotes were modified due to the client presenting information that was not final for the budgeted amounts in Note 3.
- Sales of various assets were recorded as miscellaneous receipt instead of sale of capital asset.
 - Recorded interbank transfers as receipts and disbursements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (CONTINUED) December 31, 2018 and 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (CONTINUED)

Finding Number: 2018-002 (continued)

Material Weakness: Recording of Transactions and Audit Adjustments (continued)

Various other immaterial posting errors were also noted and brought to the attention of management. The accompanying financial statements and the Township's records have been adjusted to properly reflect these transactions.

Failure to report transactions correctly results in the financial statements not being accurately presented. We recommend that the Fiscal Officer follow GASB 54 fund balance classifications and refer to the Ohio Township Handbook, the UAN manual and other Auditor of State guidance to properly classify its transactions. In addition, we recommend the Fiscal Officer review all financial reports compiled by UAN to ensure their accuracy, including the budgetary information.

Management Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

Finding Number: 2018-003

Material Weakness: Posting budgetary amounts

Appropriations and estimated resources amounts were posted to the Township's accounting system, however in some instances, amounts posted to the accounting system did not agree to final appropriations approved by the Board of Trustees or the final Amended Certificate of Estimated Resources from Trumbull County. The following variances were noted between appropriations approved by the Board and the Certificate of Estimated Resources compared to budgeted receipts and disbursements entered into the Township's accounting system:

- In 2017, total Special Revenue fund budgeted receipts were overstated in the system by \$96,075.
- In 2017, General Fund appropriations were understated in the system by \$4,328.
- In 2017, total Special Revenue fund appropriations were overstated in the system by \$77,353.
- In 2017, Miscellaneous Capital Project fund appropriation was understated in the system by \$224
- In 2017, Cemetery bequest fund appropriations were understated in the system by \$105.
- In 2018, General Fund budgeted receipts were overstated in the system by \$5,711.
- In 2018, total Special Revenue fund appropriations were overstated in the system by \$233,287.
- In 2018, General Fund appropriations were overstated in the system by \$1,000.
- In 2018, total Special Revenue Fund appropriations were overstated in the system by \$251,230.
- In 2018, Miscellaneous Capital Project fund appropriation was understated in the system by \$224.
- In 2018, Cemetery bequest fund appropriations were understated in the system by \$105.

In order to improve budgetary control and the accuracy of budget versus actual information generated by the Township's accounting system, the Township should accurately and timely record in the accounting system all budgeted receipts and appropriations as well as any subsequent amendments.

Management Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (CONTINUED) December 31, 2018 and 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (CONTINUED)

Finding Number: 2018-004

Noncompliance: Certification of Expenditures

Ohio Rev. Code Section 5705.41(D)(1) prohibits a subdivision or taxing entity from making a contract or ordering any expenditure of money unless a certificate signed by a fiscal officer is attached thereto. The fiscal officer must certify that the amount required to meet any such contract or expenditure has been lawfully appropriated and is in the treasury, or is in the process of collection to the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous encumbrance.

There are several exceptions to the standard requirement stated above that a fiscal officer's certificate must be obtained prior to a subdivision or taxing authority entering into a contract or order involving expenditure of money. The main exceptions are: "then and now" certificates, blanket certificates, and super blanket certificates, which are provided for in sections 5705.41(D)(1) and 5705.41(D)(3), respectively, of the Ohio Revised Code.

1. "Then and Now Certificates" – If the fiscal officer can certify that both at the time that contract or order was made ("then") and at the time that the fiscal officer was completing the certification ("now"), that sufficient funds were available or in the process of collection, to credit of a proper fund, properly appropriated and free from any previous encumbrance, the Township can authorize the drawing of a warrant for payment of the amount due. The Township has thirty days from the receipt of the "then and now" certificate to approve payment by resolution.

Amounts of less than \$3,000 may be paid by the fiscal officer without a resolution upon completion of the "then and now" certificate, provided that the expenditure is otherwise lawful. This does not eliminate any otherwise applicable requirement for approval of expenditures by the Township.

2. Blanket Certificates - Fiscal officers may prepare "blanket" certificates for a certain sum of money not in excess of an amount established by resolution adopted by a majority of members of the legislative authority against any specific line item amount over a period not running beyond the end of the current fiscal year. The blanket certificates may, but need not, be limited to a specific vendor. Only one blanket certificate may be outstanding at one particular time for any one particular line item appropriation.

3. Super Blanket Certificates – The Township may also make expenditures and contracts for any amount for a specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund upon certification of the fiscal officer for most profession services, fuel, oil, food items, and any other specific recurring and reasonably predictable operating expense. This certification is not to extend beyond the current year. More than one super blanket certificate may be outstanding at a particular time for any line item appropriation.

The Township did not make the proper certification of funds for 57% and 19% of the disbursements tested for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS (CONTINUED) December 31, 2018 and 2017

FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS (CONTINUED)

Finding Number: 2018-004 (continued)

Unless the exceptions noted above are used, prior certification is not only required by statute but is a key control in the disbursement process to assure that purchase commitments receive prior approval. To improve controls over disbursements and to help reduce the possibility of the Township's expenditures exceeding budgetary spending limitations, we recommend that the Township certify expenditures prior to incurring the liability. Also, we recommend the Township only use "then and now" certificates for items under \$3,000 and to have all certificates approved by Trustees. This will assist in keeping adequate controls over disbursements and encumbrances.

Management Response:

See Corrective Action Plan.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS December 31, 2018 and 2017 Prepared by Management

FINDING NUMBER	FUNDING SUMMARY	STATUS	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
2016-001	Material weakness – Bank Reconciliation: Township did not full reconcile the balance of the bank and the balance of cash in the accounting records.	Not Corrected	See Corrective Action Plan
2016-002	Material Weakness – Audit Adjustments and Reclassifications: Various errors were noted in financial statements that required audit adjustments and reclassifications.	Not Corrected	See Corrective Action Plan
2016-003	Non-Compliance – Contrary to Ohio Revised Code Section 5705.41(D), the Township incurred obligations prior to certification of funds.	Not Corrected	See Corrective Action Plan
2016-004	Non-Compliance – Budgetary: Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations.	Partially Corrected	Improvements have been made
2016-005	Non-Compliance – Budgetary: Appropriations Exceed Estimated Resources.	Partially Corrected	Improvements have been made

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 Prepared by Management

Finding Number	Planned Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Responsible Contact Person
2018-001	Will continue to work on completing bank reconciliations in a timely manner and recording receipts and payments to the proper classifications.	Immediately	Michelle Hall, Fiscal Officer
2018-002	Will continue to work on completing bank reconciliations in a timely manner and recording receipts and payments to the proper classifications.	Immediately	Michelle Hall, Fiscal Officer
2018-003	Will continue to work on more accurate and timely budget amounts and the timely record keeping of all receipts and appropriation as well as subsequent amendments.	Immediately	Michelle Hall, Fiscal Officer
2018-004	When making proper certification for funds, will be sure to verify funds availability and verify date of purchase order prior to invoice date.	Immediately	Michelle Hall, Fiscal Officer



SOUTHINGTON TOWNSHIP

TRUMBULL COUNTY

CLERK'S CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report which is required to be filed in the Office of the Auditor of State pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in Columbus, Ohio.

Susan Babbett

CLERK OF THE BUREAU

CERTIFIED NOVEMBER 21, 2019

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